

Florida Retirement System Pension Plan And Other State Administered Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018



On the front cover is a photograph from Florida State University located in Tallahassee, Florida.

Florida Retirement System Pension Plan And
Other State Administered Systems
Comprehensive Annual Financial Report
Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018



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Rick Scott, Governor
Erin Rock, Secretary
Shirley Beauford, Acting State Retirement Director

This report has been prepared by the Department of Management Services Division of Retirement. The photographs used throughout this report highlight the twelve public universities within the State University System of Florida.



Florida Polytechnic University – Lakeland, Florida



University of West Florida – Pensacola, Florida

TABLE OF CONTENTS

INTRODUCTORY SECTION	7
Transmittal Letter	8
Management Staff	10
Administrative Organization Chart and List of Consulting Services.....	11
Terms and Abbreviations.....	12
Public Pension Standards Award for Funding and Administration 2018.....	14
FINANCIAL SECTION	15
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	17
Management's Discussion and Analysis	21
Financial Statements	
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	28
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	30
Governmental Fund Balance Sheet/Statement of Net Position	32
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Fund/Statement of Activities	33
Notes to the Financial Statements	
Notes to the Financial Statements Table of Contents	34
Note 1 – Plan Description.....	35
Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies	46
Note 3 – Plan Investments	51
Note 4 – Net Pension Liability	72
Note 5 – Interfund Balances and Transfers	79
Note 6 – Changes in Long-Term Liabilities.....	80
Note 7 – Related Parties	81
Note 8 – Other Postemployment Benefits	82
Required Supplementary Information	
Florida Retirement System Pension Plan.....	88
Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program	94
Florida National Guard Supplemental Retirement Benefit Plan.....	98
Other Postemployment Benefits Plan.....	101
Budgetary Reporting	102
Budgetary Comparison Schedules	103
Budget to GAAP Reconciliation.....	103
Other Supplementary Information	105
Schedule of Administrative Expenses	106
INVESTMENT SECTION	107
Statement from the State Board of Administration Executive Director	108
Overview and Investment Objective	109
Performance.....	109
FRS Pension Plan – External Investment Management Fees for Fiscal Year 2017-18.....	112
FRS Pension Plan – Net Brokerage Commissions for Fiscal Year 2017-18.....	112
Asset Allocation.....	113
Asset Classes.....	113
Rebalancing	113
Passive vs Active Investing	115
FRS Pension Plan – Returns by Asset Class for Periods Ending June 30, 2018	116
FRS Pension Plan – Change in Market Value for Fiscal Year 2017-18.....	117
FRS Pension Plan Net Securities Lending Revenue by Fiscal Year	118
FRS Pension Plan – Global Equity Change in Market Value for Fiscal Year 2017-18	119
FRS Pension Plan – Fixed Income Change in Market Value for Fiscal Year 2017-18	121

TABLE OF CONTENTS (continued)

FRS Pension Plan – Private Equity Change in Market Value for Fiscal Year 2017-18.....	122
FRS Pension Plan – Strategic Investments Change in Market Value for Fiscal Year 2017-18	126
FRS Pension Plan – Real Estate Change in Market Value for Fiscal Year 2017-18	129
FRS Pension Plan – Miscellaneous Portfolios Change in Market Value for Fiscal Year 2017-18	130
ACTUARIAL SECTION	131
Florida Retirement System Pension Plan Overview of GASB 67 and GASB 68	132
Actuary’s Statement Regarding FRS 2018 Actuarial Valuation	133
Actuary’s Certification Letter.....	139
History of the FRS Pension Plan Unfunded Actuarial Liability/Surplus with Total Liabilities and Total Assets	141
FRS Pension Plan Membership	142
FRS Pension Plan Payroll	143
FRS Pension Plan Cash Flows	143
Projected FRS Pension Plan Benefit Payments	144
FRS Pension Plan Trust Fund Assets	145
Statement of Fund Balance/Fiduciary Net Position	145
FRS Pension Plan Total Actuarial Assets Compared to Total Actuarial Liabilities	146
Total Composite Blended Rate.....	147
FRS Pension Plan Retirement Contributions.....	148
Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program Overview of GASB 67 and GASB 68.....	149
Actuary’s Statement Regarding HIS 2018 Valuation	151
Florida National Guard Supplemental Retirement Benefit Plan Overview of GASB 67 and GASB 68	154
Actuary’s Statement Regarding National Guard 2018 Valuation	156
STATISTICAL SECTION	159
Membership and Payroll.....	160
Annuitants and Benefit Payments for the FRS Pension Plan	160
Source of FRS Membership and Covered Payroll for Fiscal Year 2017-18.....	161
Ratio of FRS Active Members to Retirees	162
Active FRS Members by System/Class	163
Annual FRS Payroll by System/Class	163
Members’ Required Contributions by System/Class	163
Profile of Active FRS Members	164
Profile of Active FRS Investment Plan Members.....	165
Profile of Active FRS Pension Plan Members	166
Profile of Active FRS Pension Plan Members Initially Enrolled Before July 1, 2011.....	167
Profile of Active FRS Pension Plan Members Initially Enrolled on or After July 1, 2011	168
Active FRS Members 2014-2018	169
Growth of FRS Annuitants – All Systems 2014-2018	169
FRS Pension Plan Refund Payments by Type	170
FRS Pension Plan Total Refund Payments by Type	170
Active FRS Pension Plan DROP Participants by System/Class.....	171
Profile of Active FRS Pension Plan DROP Participants	171
FRS Pension Plan DROP Accrued Benefits and Interest by System/Class	173
Terminated FRS Pension Plan DROP Participants by System/Class	174
Profile of Terminated FRS Pension Plan DROP Participants	174
Total Annuitants by System/Class	176
Average Benefits by System/Class	176
Total Annual Benefits by System/Class.....	177
Total Disability Benefits by System/Class.....	177
Profile of Total Annuitants by System/Class.....	178

TABLE OF CONTENTS (continued)

Profile of FRS Annuitants	178
FRS Retirees and Beneficiaries by Age at Retirement.....	181
FRS Retirees and Beneficiaries by Years of Service at Retirement	181
Total FRS Annuitants by Type of Retirement	182
Total FRS Annual Benefits by Type of Retirement.....	182
Total FRS Annuitants Added During Fiscal Year by Type of Retirement	182
Total Annual Benefits of FRS Annuitants Added During Fiscal Year by Type of Retirement	182
Schedule of Average FRS Benefits	183
FRS Pension Benefits by Florida County	184
FRS Retirees by State.....	185
FRS Retirees Outside the United States	185
Reemployed Retirees Not Eligible for Renewed Membership by System/Class	186
Profile of Reemployed Retirees Not Eligible for Renewed Membership.....	186
SYSTEM SUMMARY SECTION	187
Chronological Highlights of State-Administered Retirement and Pension Systems Since 2000.....	188
FRS Participating Employers.....	190
Police and Firefighters' Premium Tax Trust Fund	198
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS	199

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Introductory Section



Florida International University – Miami, Florida



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Rick Scott, Governor

Erin Rock, Secretary

Letter of Transmittal

Dear Members:

We are pleased to present the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the state retirement systems administered by the Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement (Division). This annual report covers the period from July 1, 2017, through June 30, 2018. It includes the operations and financial status of the state retirement systems administered by the Division, a summary description of the retirement plans, investment objectives and policy, actuarial reports, and historical and statistical information on active members, annuitants and benefit payments. This transmittal letter is designed to complement the Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) in the Financial Section of this report and should be read in conjunction with it.

State-Administered Retirement Systems Profile

The state-administered retirement systems include three separate defined benefit pension plans: the Florida Retirement System (FRS) Pension Plan, the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program, and the Florida National Guard Supplemental Retirement Plan; two separate defined contribution retirement plans: one for state senior managers and one for specified staff of the State University System; general revenue funded pensions; and funding to certain local government plans. The FRS is the fourth largest state retirement system that provides retirement, disability or death benefits to 415,800 retirees or their designated beneficiaries and 33,432 Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) participants and offers a wide range of information services to 643,333 active non-retired members. The FRS offers members a choice between the Pension Plan (a defined benefit plan) and the Investment Plan (a defined contribution plan). FRS participation is required by all state, county, district school board, state college and state university employers with optional participation offered to cities, charter schools, metropolitan planning districts and special districts. As of June 30, 2018, the FRS had 1,002 participating employers enrolling new members and 42 participating employers closed to new FRS membership with grandfathered FRS members.

Participation in non-integrated defined contribution plan alternatives to the FRS are provided to specified State University System employees through the State University System Optional Retirement Program and state senior managers through the Senior Management Service Optional Annuity Program. General revenue funded pensions include a retirement benefit to retirees of the Florida National Guard. The Florida National Guard Supplemental Retirement Benefit Program is accounted for separately as a stand-alone pension plan. Oversight is provided to local government pension plans with premium tax collections distributed to eligible municipal police and firefighter plans.

Economic Condition

All FRS assets are invested under the authority and direction of the State Board of Administration (SBA). The primary investment objectives for the FRS Pension Plan are to provide investment returns sufficient to ensure timely payment of promised benefits and keep plan costs at a reasonable level. The portfolio consists of a highly diversified asset mix of investments, which includes government and corporate bonds, common stocks, income-producing real estate, alternative investments and short-term money market instruments.

As of June 30, 2018, the market value of assets for the FRS Pension Plan was approximately \$160.4 billion as detailed in the Investment Section. This reflects an 8.98 percent annualized investment return. The fiduciary net position as of June 30, 2018, was \$161.2 billion, a 5.0 percent increase over the previous year. The FRS Pension Plan is 84.3 percent funded on a Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 67 reporting basis.

Since the benefit payments are not all immediately payable, the SBA can maintain a long-term investment strategy. This approach, along with a well-diversified investment portfolio, helps weather periods of volatility in the investment markets.

Legislation

The Florida Legislature enacted the following substantive changes during the 2018 Legislative Session:

- Created an exception to reemployment restrictions to allow law enforcement officers who retired from the FRS or other state-administered retirement system to be reemployed as a school resource officer by an FRS participating employer during the seventh through twelfth calendar months after their retirement date or their DROP termination date without requiring them to suspend their retirement benefit.
- Requires specified K-12 instructional personnel participating in the DROP who are authorized to extend their DROP participation beyond the initial 60-calendar month period to have their DROP termination date be the end of the month of the last month of the school year. Administrative personnel in grades K-12 participating in DROP who have a DROP termination date on or after July 1, 2018, may be authorized to extend their DROP participation beyond the initial 60 calendar month period if their termination date is before the end of the school year.
- Specified the triggering events from which a posttraumatic stress disorder diagnosis can be considered work related and removed the requirement that a law enforcement officer, firefighter, emergency medical technician, or paramedic employed by a public agency who suffers a mental or nervous injury must also have an accompanying physical injury to be eligible for workers' compensation benefits.

Awards and Recognition

The FRS was awarded the Public Pension Coordinating Council's Public Pensions Standards Award for Funding and Administration in 2018. This award recognizes plans that meet professional standards for plan funding and administration in categories such as benefits, actuarial valuations, financial reporting and communications to members.

The Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement prepared this report. To the best of our knowledge, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and reported in a manner designed to fairly present the financial position and operations of the state-administered retirement systems. We created this report to provide complete and reliable information to members of these systems, the Governor, the Florida Legislature and the citizens of Florida. We continue to work to make the state-administered retirement systems cost effective and managed for the benefit of active and retired members.

Respectfully submitted,



Shirley Beauford
Acting State Retirement Director

MANAGEMENT STAFF

The Division of Retirement manages Florida's state-administered retirement systems. The Governor appoints the Secretary of the Department of Management Services who appoints the State Retirement Director. The following individuals are involved in managing the state-administered retirement systems:



Erin Rock
Secretary



Shirley Beauford
Acting State Retirement Director



Delanah Gebhart, Manager
Administrative Services



Garry Green, Manager
Research and Education



Todd McCullough, Manager
Contact Center



Kathy Gould, Chief
Bureau of Retirement
Calculations



Keith Brinkman, Chief
Bureau of Local Retirement
Systems



Joyce Morgan, Chief
Bureau of Enrollment and
Contributions

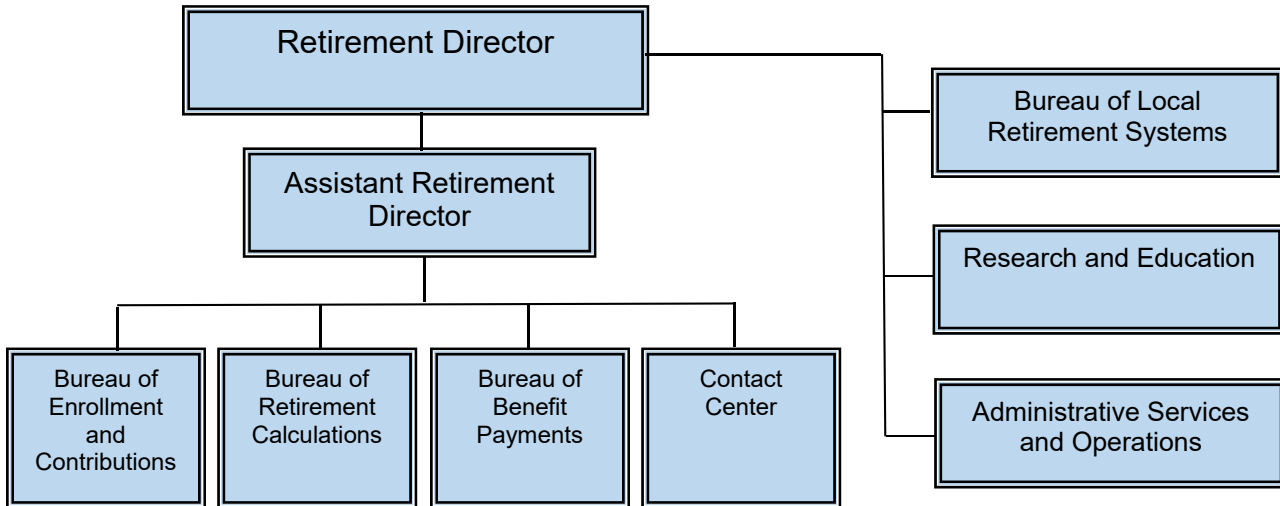


Kelly Recio, Chief
Bureau of Benefit Payments

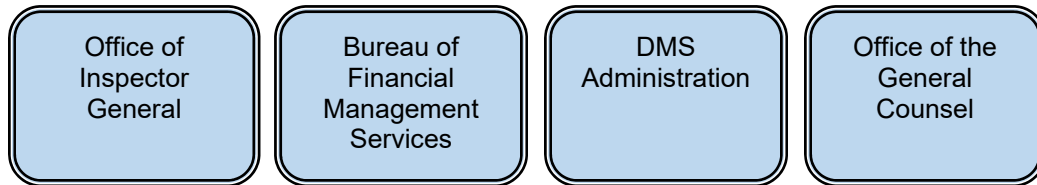
MAILING ADDRESS

Division of Retirement
P.O. Box 9000
Tallahassee, Florida 32315-9000

**ADMINISTRATIVE ORGANIZATION
as of June 30, 2018**



The following sections are managed at the department level:



CONSULTING SERVICES

Actuary

Milliman, Inc., Consultants and Actuaries
Portland, Oregon

Information Technology

Deloitte
Tallahassee, Florida

Investment

State Board of Administration
Tallahassee, Florida

TERMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

This annual report contains the following terms and abbreviations:

ABO – Accumulated Benefit Obligation.

Accumulated Contributions – The total amount of contributions posted to the accounts of active members over their employment career, including interest on the contributions for members of the Teachers' Retirement System.

Active Member – Any employee on the May or June payroll who had not retired or had not been refunded accumulated contributions as of June 30.

ADC – Actuarially Determined Contribution.

AFC – Average Final Compensation.

Annualized Benefits – The monthly benefit paid on June 30 multiplied by 12.

Annual Payroll – The total salaries paid during the fiscal year to the members indicated.

Annuitant – Retired person or the survivor of a retired person who is receiving monthly benefits.

AVA – Actuarial Value of Assets.

CAFR – Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

COLA – Cost-of-Living Adjustment.

Combined Systems – Teachers' Retirement System, State and County Officers and Employees' Retirement System, Highway Patrol Pension Trust Fund, Judicial Retirement System, and the Florida Retirement System since 1970.

Division – Division of Retirement, Department of Management Services.

DMS – Department of Management Services.

DROP – Deferred Retirement Option Program.

FRS – Florida Retirement System.

REGULAR – Regular Class.

SPECIAL RISK – Special Risk Class.

SPECIAL RISK ADM. SUP. – Special Risk Administrative Support Class.

EOC – Elected Officers' Class.

SMSC – Senior Management Service Class.

FRS DB Plan – Florida Retirement System Defined Benefit Plan, also known as the Florida Retirement System Pension Plan.

FRS DC Plan – Florida Retirement System Defined Contribution Plan, also known as the Florida Retirement System Investment Plan.

GAAP – Generally Accepted Accounting Principles.

GASB – Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

HIS – Health Insurance Subsidy.

HWY PATROL – Highway Patrol Pension Fund.

IFAS – Institute of Food and Agricultural Sciences.

JRS – Judicial Retirement System.

MVA – Market Value of Assets.

National Guard – Florida National Guard Supplemental Retirement Benefit Program.

NPL – Net Pension Liability – The difference between the total pension liability of the system and the assets.

TERMS AND ABBREVIATIONS (continued)

OPEB – Other Postemployment Benefits.

Retirees – Retired members (includes joint annuitants or survivors).

SBA – State Board of Administration.

SCOERS – State and County Officers and Employees' Retirement System.

SMSOAP – Senior Management Service Optional Annuity Program.

SUSORP – State University System Optional Retirement Program.

TRS – Teachers' Retirement System

TRS-SB – Teachers' Retirement System Survivor Benefits.

UAL – Unfunded Actuarial Liability – The difference between the plan's actuarial value of assets and the actuarial value of liabilities as of the measurement date.



Public Pension Coordinating Council

***Public Pension Standards Award
For Funding and Administration
2018***

Presented to

Florida Retirement System Pension Plan

In recognition of meeting professional standards for
plan funding and administration as
set forth in the Public Pension Standards.

Presented by the Public Pension Coordinating Council, a confederation of

National Association of State Retirement Administrators (NASRA)
National Conference on Public Employee Retirement Systems (NCPERS)
National Council on Teacher Retirement (NCTR)

Alan H. Winkle
Program Administrator

Financial Section



Florida Agricultural and Mechanical University – Tallahassee, Florida

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Sherrill F. Norman, CPA
Auditor General

AUDITOR GENERAL STATE OF FLORIDA

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The President of the Senate, the Speaker of the
House of Representatives, and the
Legislative Auditing Committee

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the fiduciary funds, governmental fund, and governmental activities of the Florida Retirement System Pension Plan and Other State-Administered Systems (System) administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the System's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the assets and investment income of the Florida Retirement System Defined Benefit Plan which represent 99.8 percent of the assets and 79.2 percent of the additions of the Florida Retirement System Defined Benefit Plan as reported on the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position, respectively. Those assets and additions were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Florida Retirement System Defined Benefit Plan, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the fiduciary funds, governmental fund, and governmental activities of the System, as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matters

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements present only the Florida Retirement System Pension Plan and Other State-Administered Systems and do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the State of Florida as of June 30, 2018, or the changes in its financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

As discussed in Management's Discussion and Analysis, the ability of the current statutory contribution rate to pay full Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program benefits is very sensitive to near-term demographic experience, particularly the volume and timing of retirements on the amount of payroll on which the statutory rate is charged. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

As discussed in Note 2.I., management adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, which is a change in accounting principle that addresses accounting and financial reporting for other postemployment benefits. This affects the comparability of amounts reported in the 2017-18 fiscal year with the amounts reported for the 2016-17 fiscal year. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 21 through 27, the Required Supplementary Schedules of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios, Schedule of Employer Contributions, Schedule of Money-Weighted Rate of Return, Schedule of Proportionate Share of

the State's Total OPEB Liability, and related Notes to Required Supplementary Information on pages 88 through 101, and required budgetary information on pages 102 through 103, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a required part of the basic financial statements, is required by the GASB who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the System's basic financial statements. The Introductory Section on pages 7 through 14, the Investment, Actuarial, Statistical, and System Summary Sections on pages 107 through 198, and the Schedule of Administrative Expenses on page 106, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements.

The Schedule of Administrative Expenses has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us. In our opinion, based on our audit and the procedures performed as described above, the Schedule of Administrative Expenses is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Introductory, Investment, Actuarial, Statistical, and System Summary Sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 19, 2018, on our consideration of the System's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, administrative rules, regulations, contracts, and other matters included under the heading **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS**. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of

the System's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the System's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Respectfully submitted,

A handwritten signature in blue ink that reads "Sherrill F. Norman". The signature is written in a cursive style with a large, sweeping initial "S".

Sherrill F. Norman, CPA
Tallahassee, Florida
December 19, 2018
Audit Report No. 2019-086

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Management's Discussion and Analysis provides an overview of the financial activities of the state-administered retirement systems and the fund for local government pension plans administered by the Florida Department of Management Services' Division of Retirement (division) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. This section should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and other information provided in this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR).

The Florida Retirement System (FRS) Pension Plan is the primary retirement plan administered by the division. It is a section 401(a), Internal Revenue Code, qualified cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan for participating public employers and their covered employees. In addition to the FRS Pension Plan, the division administers several smaller plans and other retirement activities, including the:

- Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program, a supplemental benefit provided to eligible FRS retirees that is treated as a defined benefit plan for reporting purposes;
- State University System Optional Retirement Program (SUSORP), a section 403(b), Internal Revenue Code, qualified defined contribution plan for faculty, members of the State University System Executive Service, and administrative and professional staff positions that are exempt from career service;
- Senior Management Service Optional Annuity Program (SMSOAP), a section 401(a), Internal Revenue Code, qualified defined contribution plan for state senior managers;
- Police and Firefighters' Premium Tax Trust Fund, a supplemental funding of defined benefit plans for municipal police officers and firefighters who are not in the FRS;
- Florida National Guard Supplemental Retirement (National Guard) Plan; and
- Various General Revenue funded pension programs.

The division's responsibilities include making benefit payments to retirees, collecting contributions to the plans and transmitting contributions to the State Board of Administration (SBA) and other third-party providers for investment, and directing actuarial studies. The SBA is responsible for, among other duties, investing defined benefit retirement fund assets consistent with statutory authority. The Florida Legislature is responsible for establishing plan structure, benefit levels and contribution rates, and providing statutory authority for the administration of the state-administered retirement systems.

Financial and Actuarial Highlights

Florida Retirement System (FRS) Pension Plan

The FRS Pension Plan represents over 99.7 percent of the financial activity of the state-administered retirement systems. The following financial highlights relate specifically to the FRS Pension Plan:

- The overall financial position of the FRS Pension Plan increased during the year ended June 30, 2018; the fiduciary net position of the FRS Pension Plan increased to \$161.2 billion, an increase of \$7.1 billion, or 5.0 percent above fiscal year 2017. The increase in value was due primarily to higher than anticipated investment returns across all asset classes. As detailed in the Investment Section, the market value of assets for the FRS Trust Fund was \$160.44 billion. The FRS earned an overall investment return of 8.98 percent for fiscal year 2018, compared with a return of 13.8 percent for fiscal year 2017.
- The FRS relies upon contributions from employees and employers, along with investment income, to meet the funding requirements of an actuarially-determined accrued liability. As of July 1, 2018, the date of the latest actuarial valuation, the FRS' funded ratio was 83.9 percent on the valuation funding basis, as compared to 84.3 percent as of July 1, 2017. The funded ratio on the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 67 basis was 84.3 percent as of July 1, 2018, as compared to 83.9 percent in the prior year.
- Administrative expense of the plan for fiscal year 2018 totaled \$20.2 million as compared to \$18.3 million for fiscal year 2017. Administrative expenses reported on the Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position for fiscal year 2018 include items such as personnel and professional service cost, communication cost, and other operating costs which include administrative overhead assessment charges and facilities rental expenses. For additional information on administrative expenses refer to the Schedule of Administrative Expenses located immediately following the Required Supplementary Information Section.

- Contribution revenue recognized from employees and employers during fiscal year 2018 totaled \$3.60 billion, an increase of 7.88 percent over the prior year. The employers continue to be required to pay the full unfunded actuarial liability (UAL) rates recommended by the plan's consulting actuary. Increased membership and a higher payroll base, primarily in local government employers, accounts for the majority of the increase over the prior year.
- Pension benefits paid to retirees and beneficiaries during fiscal year 2018 increased 4.8 percent or \$0.5 billion more than fiscal year 2017 benefit payments, for a total of \$9.8 billion. These benefits include payouts to terminating participants of the Deferred Retirement Option Program before being added to the monthly payroll for benefit payments. Legislative changes enacted in 2011 resulted in a large one-time increase in members entering DROP by June 2011. The last remaining members of this large group completed DROP and were added to the retired payroll for monthly benefits early in this fiscal year resulting in a decrease in total benefit payments compared to fiscal year 2017.
- Refunds of employee contributions increased by \$5.8 million in fiscal year 2018 to a total of \$19.3 million.

Actuarial Valuations

- The FRS actuarial valuation was prepared as of July 1, 2018.
- The HIS actuarial valuation was prepared as of July 1, 2018.
- The National Guard actuarial valuation was prepared as of July 1, 2018.
- Note 4, the Required Supplementary Information and the Actuarial Section of this report provide information on the net pension liability, key methods and assumptions used, and other required disclosures for each of the defined benefit plans.

Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program

The HIS Program provides a health insurance subsidy payment to most retired employees and beneficiaries. The Florida Legislature sets the contribution rate for this program, which operates using a pay-as-you-go funding structure. Accumulated HIS assets as of the measurement date of July 1, 2018, constituted approximately five months of projected benefit payments. The ability of the current statutory contribution rate to pay full HIS benefits is very sensitive to near-term demographic experience, particularly the volume and timing of retirements and the amount of payroll on which the statutory rate is charged.

Florida National Guard Supplemental Retirement Benefit (National Guard) Plan

The National Guard Plan is a single-employer, non-qualified defined benefit pension plan established under Section 250.22, Florida Statutes. The monthly benefit is equal to the difference between fifty percent of the federal military pay table rate for the highest rank held while in the Florida National Guard and the reservist pension benefit received from the federal government for military service. The plan is funded by an annual appropriation from the General Revenue Fund.

Change in Accounting Standards

The division implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (GASB 75)*. This statement establishes standards of accounting and financial reporting for defined benefit and defined contribution other postemployment benefits (OPEB) that are provided to employees of state and local governmental employers through OPEB plans.

The investment return assumption used in calculating the FRS Pension Plan's net pension liability for GASB 67 reporting purposes was 7.00 percent, while the investment return assumption selected by the FRS Actuarial Assumption Conference and used for the funding policy was 7.40 percent. The system's consulting actuary determined the investment return assumption of 7.00 percent for GASB 67 reporting purposes to be reasonable and appropriate per Actuarial Standards of Practice. The consulting actuary prepared a depletion date projection and determined that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to make projected benefit payments. A description of the change in the investment return assumption for GASB 67 reporting purposes is provided in Note 4 of the financial statements. The depletion date projection is available in the 2018 GASB 67 Supplement to the FRS Actuarial Valuation on the division's website at www.frs.myflorida.com.

Overview of the Financial Statements

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, the state administered retirement systems' financial statements consist of the following components: basic financial statements, notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

Basic Financial Statements

The systems' basic financial statements include the following elements as of and for fiscal year ended June 30, 2018:

- Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – The pension plans report operations and fiduciary net position on a full accrual basis of accounting and a focus on economic resources. The Statement of Fiduciary Net Position reports the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and resulting fiduciary net position, providing a measurement of the financial position of the funds as of the end of the fiscal year. The Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position presents the results of operating activities in the fiduciary funds during the fiscal year and reflects the changes in resources available to provide future retirement benefits.
- Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – The Police and Firefighters' Premium Tax Trust Fund is a special revenue fund, reported as a governmental fund type using a modified accrual basis of accounting with a focus on current financial resources. The Balance Sheet reports the assets, liabilities and resulting fund balance as of the end of the fiscal year. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance presents the results of operating activities during the fiscal year and reflects the changes in resources available to provide the services administered by the division.
- Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities – The Police and Firefighters' Premium Tax Trust Fund is converted to a government-wide perspective which reports on a full accrual basis of accounting and a focus on economic resources. The Statement of Net Position presents the assets, liabilities and resulting net position as of the end of the fiscal year. The Statement of Activities presents the results of operating activities during the fiscal year.
- Notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the financial statements. They are important to the reader's understanding of the statements and provide additional information on plan description, significant accounting policies, material account balances and activities, and related party transactions.

Required Supplementary Information

The following schedules and reconciliation are included to assist the reader by adding operational, economic, and historical context to the financial statements and notes to the financial statements.

- Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios
- Schedule of Employer Contributions
- Schedule of Money-Weighted Rate of Return
- Schedule of Proportionate Share of Total OPEB Liability
- Budgetary Comparison Schedule
- Budget to GAAP Reconciliation

Other Supplementary Information

The Schedule of Administrative Expenses provides additional information not included in the basic financial statements, notes, or required supplementary information.

Condensed Financial Statements and Overall Financial Analysis

Statements of Fiduciary Net Position/Net Position

These statements present the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position of the state-administered retirement funds as of the end of the fiscal year and are point-in-time financial statements. Table 1, below, presents the condensed Statements of Fiduciary Net Position/Net Position for the fiscal years ended June 30, summarizing the activities of the various retirement funds. The net position at the close of the fiscal year for all funds combined was \$161.6 billion, with the defined benefit plans comprising over 99.8 percent of the total. Net position increased 4.67 percent from the previous year's total net position of \$154.4 billion.

Table 1: Condensed Statements of Fiduciary Net Position/Net Position
As of June 30
(in thousands)

	Defined Benefit Plans		Defined Contribution Plans		Governmental Activities		TOTAL	
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017
Cash and investments	\$ 166,153,174	\$ 158,050,953	\$ 5,350	\$ 5,110	\$ 262,270	\$ 255,052	\$ 166,420,794	\$ 158,311,115
Other assets	8,909,015	6,828,310	11	28	7,671	282	8,916,697	6,828,620
Total assets	175,062,189	164,879,263	5,361	5,138	269,941	255,334	175,337,491	165,139,735
Total deferred outflows of resources	519	-	37	46	11	-	567	46
Total liabilities	13,631,516	10,647,689	236	154	72,293	68,263	13,704,045	10,716,106
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,847	-	83	114	101	-	2,031	114
Fiduciary net position/net position	\$ 161,429,345	\$ 154,231,574	\$ 5,079	\$ 4,916	\$ 197,558	\$ 187,071	\$ 161,631,982	\$ 154,423,561

Statements of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position/Activities

These statements detail the changes in fiduciary net position/net position that occurred during the fiscal year. Table 2, below, presents the Condensed Statements of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position/Activities for the fiscal years ended June 30. Over time, increases and decreases in the fiduciary net position/net position measure whether the financial position of the state-administered retirement funds is improving or deteriorating. The total net position for all funds increased by \$7.2 billion during the fiscal year. The FRS Pension Plan accounts for 99.1% of the increase.

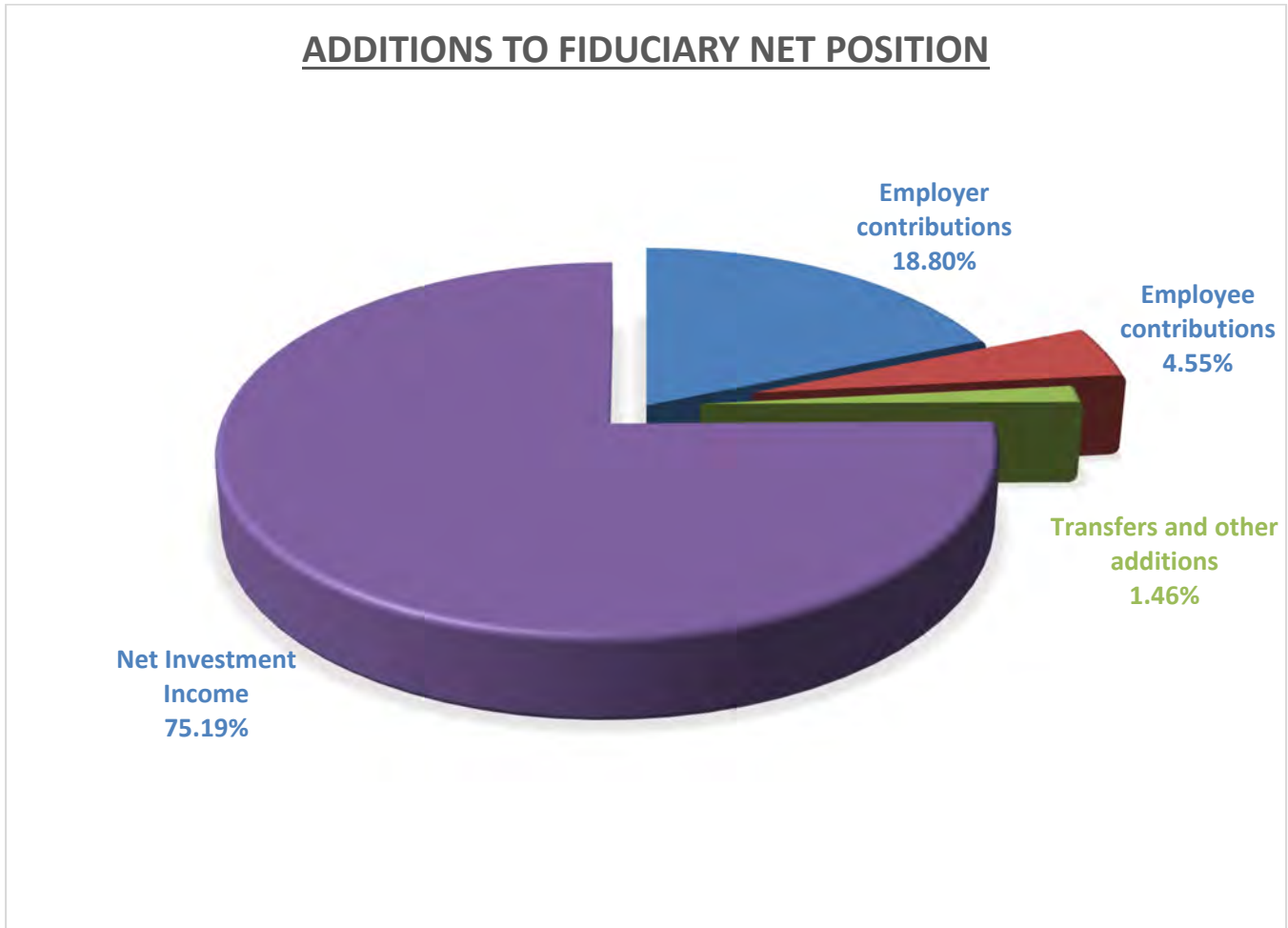
Table 2: Condensed Statements of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position/Activities
For the fiscal year ended June 30
(in thousands)

	Defined Benefit Plans		Defined Contribution Plans		Governmental Activities		TOTAL	
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017
Additions/Revenues								
Employer contributions	\$ 3,392,222	\$ 3,132,475	\$ 98,390	\$ 91,421	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,490,612	\$ 3,223,896
Employee contributions	746,607	744,839	97,024	92,962	-	-	843,631	837,801
Premium taxes	-	-	-	-	181,671	170,282	181,671	170,282
Transfers and other additions	89,091	89,630	190	176	-	-	89,281	89,806
Net investment income/(loss)	13,956,080	18,800,621	93	2	2,567	1,403	13,958,740	18,802,026
Total additions/revenues	18,184,000	22,767,565	195,697	184,561	184,238	171,685	18,563,935	23,123,811
Deductions/Expenses								
Benefit payments	10,339,388	9,829,816	-	-	-	-	10,339,388	9,829,816
Refunds of contributions	19,325	13,482	-	-	-	-	19,325	13,482
Payments to annuity companies	-	-	195,287	183,989	-	-	195,287	183,989
Distribution to cities	-	-	-	-	147,698	130,369	147,698	130,369
Administrative expenses	20,353	18,560	122	291	923	894	21,398	19,745
Transfers and other deductions	597,010	568,912	-	-	24,569	24,946	621,579	593,858
Total deductions/expenses	10,976,076	10,430,770	195,409	184,280	173,190	156,209	11,344,675	10,771,259
Change in net position	7,207,924	12,336,795	288	281	11,048	15,476	7,219,260	12,352,552
Fiduciary net position/net position - beginning	154,221,421	141,894,779	4,791	4,635	186,510	171,595	154,412,722	142,071,009
Fiduciary net position/net position ending	\$ 161,429,345	\$ 154,231,574	\$ 5,079	\$ 4,916	\$ 197,558	\$ 187,071	\$ 161,631,982	\$ 154,423,561

The following charts provide a visual representation of activity for all state-administered retirement funds for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018:

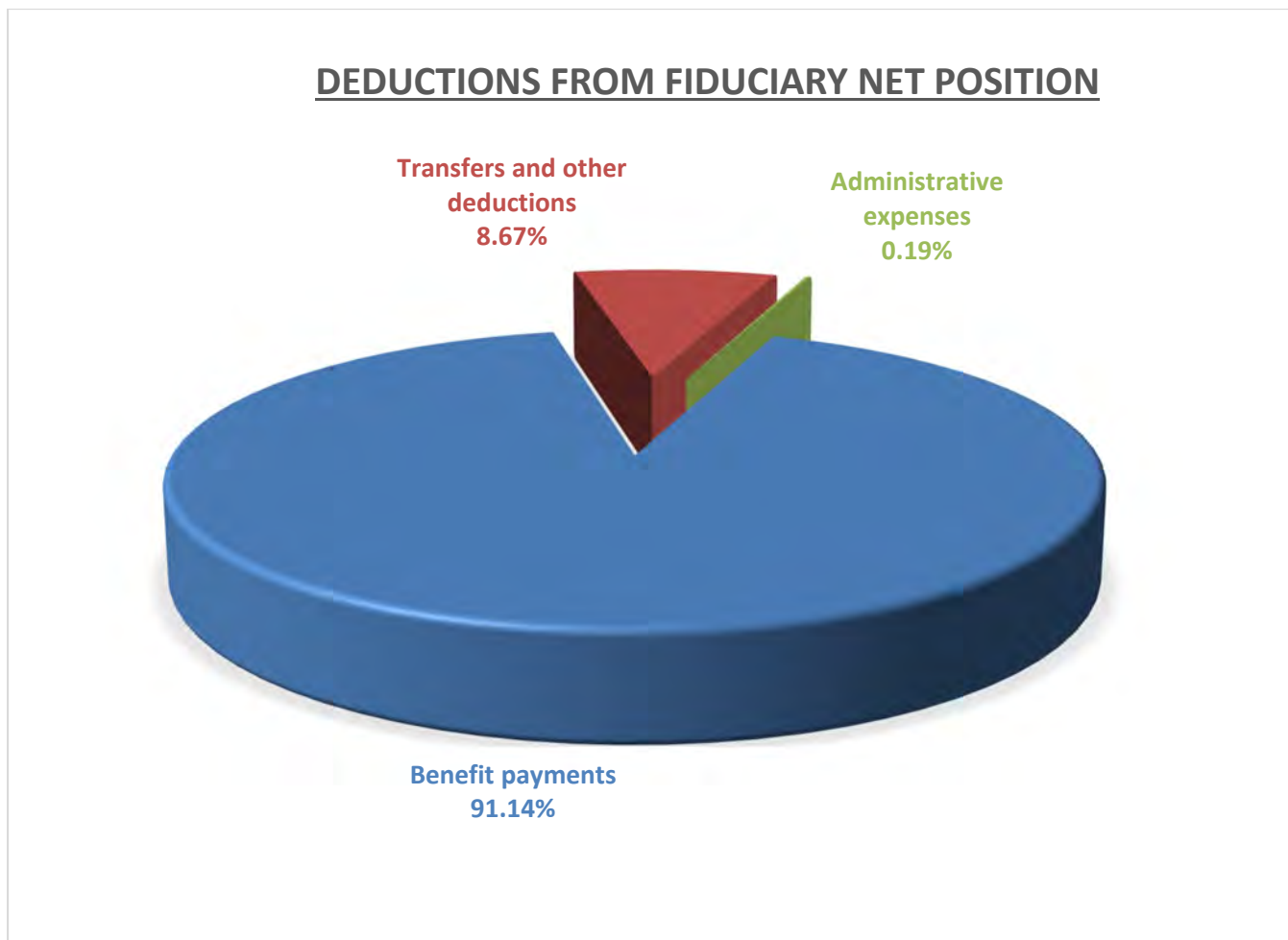
Additions to Fiduciary Net Position

Of the total additions of \$18.6 billion for all state-administered retirement funds during the fiscal year, 75.19 percent was attributable to net investment income of \$13.96 billion. Employer and employee contributions represent 18.80 percent and 4.55 percent, respectively, while the remaining 1.46 percent was allocated between transfers and other additions.



Deductions from Fiduciary Net Position

Of the total deductions of \$11.3 billion for all state-administered retirement funds during the fiscal year, benefit payments account for the majority of deductions from fiduciary net position, comprising 91.14 percent or \$10.34 billion. Transfers and other deductions made up 8.67 percent of total deductions. Administrative expense represents only 0.19 percent of total deductions.



Summary

The long-term financial health of all retirement plans is dependent upon several key items: future investment returns, contributions, and future benefit payments. In the defined contribution plans, the members bear the investment risk to insure adequate resources are available for retirement. For the FRS Pension Plan, a defined-benefit plan, the investment risk is held at the plan level. Annual valuations and experience studies performed every five years are utilized to measure the Pension Plan's actual economic and demographic experience compared to the plan's assumptions to determine the contribution level required to meet the long-term benefit obligations. The division's funding objective is to accumulate sufficient assets over time to meet its long-term benefit obligations as they become due. Accordingly, collecting employer and employee contributions as well as earning the assumed long-term rate of return on its investments are essential components of the division's funding plan to accumulate the assets needed to finance future retirement benefits.

The FRS Pension Plan's Fiduciary Net Position held in trust for pension benefits increased by 5.04 percent as of June 30, 2018, as compared to June 30, 2017. This increase primarily resulted from increased investment returns. The actual investment performance for the FRS Pension Plan for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 was 8.98 percent and 13.77 percent for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. The long-term average annual investment return assumption for the 2018 FRS Pension Plan valuation was 7.00 percent and 7.10 percent for the 2017 FRS Pension Plan valuation. The amount of assets available to meet future obligations will be based on actual future investment returns and actual contributions received rather than the assumed future investment returns and assumed contributions.

The division is required by state law to provide an actuarial valuation of the defined benefit pension plans to assist decision makers in assessing the funding strength and fiduciary net position of the defined benefit pension plans. The results of these actuarial valuation reports are included in Note 4, Net Pension Liability, and the Required Supplementary Information and Actuarial Sections.

The Florida Retirement System (FRS) Actuarial Assumption Conference is responsible for setting the assumptions used in the funding valuations of the defined benefit pension plans pursuant to section 216.136(10), Florida Statutes. The division determines the investment return assumptions for GASB 67 reporting purposes. See Note 4 and the Actuarial Section for further information.

Assumptions changes adopted for the 2018 FRS Pension Plan Valuation included:

- Decreasing the assumed investment rate of return from 7.10 percent to 7.00 percent for GASB 67 reporting purposes, and
- Decreasing the assumed investment rate of return from 7.50 percent to 7.40 percent for funding purposes.

Contacting the Division

This report is designed to provide an overview of the division's activities to citizens, taxpayers, retirement plan members, and other interested parties. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, Research and Education Section, P.O. Box 9000, Tallahassee, Florida, 32315-9000; phone 850-488-5706.

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
as of June 30, 2018

	Defined Benefit		
	Florida Retirement System	Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy	National Guard
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 114,331,484	\$ 100	\$ -
State treasury investment pool	63,345,811	30,239	3,131
Total cash and cash equivalents	<u>177,677,295</u>	<u>30,339</u>	<u>3,131</u>
Investments			
Certificates of deposit	200,076,800	-	-
U.S. government and federally guaranteed obligations	12,308,169,896	-	-
Federal agencies	9,641,445,668	-	-
Commercial paper	4,182,321,798	-	-
Other investments	545,621	-	-
Repurchase agreements	800,000,000	-	-
International bonds and notes	2,197,600,424	-	-
Bonds and notes	7,005,684,663	-	-
Real estate contracts	11,406,346,371	-	-
International equity commingled	8,569,818,429	-	-
Short term investment funds	35,980,595	181,604,634	-
Domestic equity/domestic equity commingled	47,062,304,076	-	-
Alternative investment	26,432,706,661	-	-
International equity	33,319,165,217	-	-
Total investments	<u>163,162,166,219</u>	<u>181,604,634</u>	<u>-</u>
Receivables			
Accounts receivable	9,340,533	48,648	-
Contributions receivable	226,542,399	39,676,370	-
Interest receivable	142,542,603	-	-
Dividends receivable	215,530,965	-	-
Pending investment sales	2,877,499,942	-	-
Pending spot fx trades receivable	1,492,030,411	-	-
Forward contracts receivable	3,799,471,850	-	-
Futures trade equity	59,121,186	-	-
Due from other funds	30,590,881	4,710,809	-
Due from other funds within division	-	6,397,617	-
Total receivables	<u>8,852,670,770</u>	<u>50,833,444</u>	<u>-</u>
Security lending collateral	2,631,692,319	-	-
Prepaid items	5,056,248	-	-
Furniture and equipment	1,106,943	-	-
Accumulated depreciation	(652,532)	-	-
Total assets	<u>174,829,717,262</u>	<u>232,468,417</u>	<u>3,131</u>
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred outflows related to pension	-	-	-
Deferred outflows related to other postemployment benefits	518,695	-	-
Total deferred outflows of resources	<u>518,695</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	132,503,913	116	3,131
Benefits payable	656,769	4,932	-
Accrued DROP liability	247,610,920	-	-
Due to other funds	11,306,467	-	-
Due to other funds within division	6,397,617	-	-
Due to other departments	6,081,369	-	-
Accrued interest payable	371,708	-	-
Obligations under security lending agreements	2,659,232,586	-	-
Pending investment purchases	5,000,809,838	-	-
Pending spot fx trades payable	1,489,219,197	-	-
Forward contracts payable	3,793,382,917	-	-
Broker rebate fees	4,159,067	-	-
Short sell obligations - fixed income	265,744,764	-	-
Compensated absences liability	962,206	-	-
Net pension liability	-	-	-
Other postemployment benefits liability	13,068,952	-	-
Total liabilities	<u>13,631,508,290</u>	<u>5,048</u>	<u>3,131</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred inflows related to pension	-	-	-
Deferred inflows related to other postemployment benefits	1,847,058	-	-
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>1,847,058</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
FIDUCIARY NET POSITION			
Restricted for pensions	<u>\$ 161,196,880,609</u>	<u>\$ 232,463,369</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Defined Contribution		
State University System Optional Retirement Program	Senior Management Service Optional Annuity Program	Total June 30, 2018
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 114,331,584
5,307,249	42,978	68,729,408
<u>5,307,249</u>	<u>42,978</u>	<u>183,060,992</u>
-	-	200,076,800
-	-	12,308,169,896
-	-	9,641,445,668
-	-	4,182,321,798
-	-	545,621
-	-	800,000,000
-	-	2,197,600,424
-	-	7,005,684,663
-	-	11,406,346,371
-	-	8,569,818,429
-	-	217,585,229
-	-	47,062,304,076
-	-	26,432,706,661
-	-	33,319,165,217
-	-	<u>163,343,770,853</u>
-	-	9,389,181
-	-	266,218,769
10,707	9	142,553,319
-	-	215,530,965
-	-	2,877,499,942
-	-	1,492,030,411
-	-	3,799,471,850
-	-	59,121,186
-	-	35,301,690
-	-	6,397,617
<u>10,707</u>	<u>9</u>	<u>8,903,514,930</u>
-	-	2,631,692,319
-	-	5,056,248
-	-	1,106,943
-	-	(652,532)
<u>5,317,956</u>	<u>42,987</u>	<u>175,067,549,753</u>
34,612	-	34,612
2,687	-	521,382
<u>37,299</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>555,994</u>
9,630	2	132,516,792
-	-	661,701
-	-	247,610,920
-	-	11,306,467
-	-	6,397,617
674	-	6,082,043
-	-	371,708
-	-	2,659,232,586
-	-	5,000,809,838
-	-	1,489,219,197
-	-	3,793,382,917
-	-	4,159,067
-	-	265,744,764
3,372	-	965,578
72,049	-	72,049
152,186	-	13,221,138
<u>237,911</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>13,631,754,382</u>
60,530	-	60,530
22,500	-	1,869,558
<u>83,030</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,930,088</u>
<u>\$ 5,034,314</u>	<u>\$ 42,985</u>	<u>\$ 161,434,421,277</u>

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018

	Defined Benefit		
	Florida Retirement System	Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy	National Guard
ADDITIONS			
<u>Contributions and other deposits</u>			
Pension contributions - employer	\$ 2,849,919,659	\$ 542,302,523	\$ -
Pension contributions - employee	740,723,687	236,854	-
Purchase of time by employees	5,646,724	-	-
General revenue	1,124,183	-	-
Other income	2,264,871	200,156	-
Total contributions and other deposits	<u>3,599,679,124</u>	<u>542,739,533</u>	<u>-</u>
<u>Transfers</u>			
Other funds - FRS investment plan	70,597,178	-	-
General revenue	-	-	14,904,972
Total transfers	<u>70,597,178</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>14,904,972</u>
Total contributions and transfers	<u>3,670,276,302</u>	<u>542,739,533</u>	<u>14,904,972</u>
<u>Investment income</u>			
Net appreciation in fair value	9,026,875,605	22,476	-
Interest income	767,603,995	3,047,826	-
Dividends	1,863,240,710	-	-
Real estate operating income, net	464,194,571	-	-
Other investment income	2,390,246,445	41,337	-
Total investment income (loss)	<u>14,512,161,326</u>	<u>3,111,639</u>	<u>-</u>
Investment activity expense	<u>(601,775,463)</u>	<u>(486)</u>	<u>-</u>
Net income (loss) from investing activity	<u>13,910,385,863</u>	<u>3,111,153</u>	<u>-</u>
<u>Security lending activity</u>			
Security lending income	71,625,252	-	-
Security lending expense	<u>(29,042,640)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Net income from security lending	<u>42,582,612</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total net investment income (loss)	<u>13,952,968,475</u>	<u>3,111,153</u>	<u>-</u>
Total additions	<u>17,623,244,777</u>	<u>545,850,686</u>	<u>14,904,972</u>
DEDUCTIONS			
Benefit payments	9,831,837,726	491,529,836	-
Benefit payments - general revenue funded	1,124,183	-	14,897,472
Refund of contributions	19,324,969	-	-
Transfers to FRS investment plan	597,009,913	-	-
Payments to annuity companies	-	-	-
Administrative expenses	20,177,535	168,322	7,500
Total deductions	<u>10,469,474,326</u>	<u>491,698,158</u>	<u>14,904,972</u>
Change in fiduciary net position	<u>7,153,770,451</u>	<u>54,152,528</u>	<u>-</u>
Fiduciary net position - beginning, restated (Note 2)	<u>154,043,110,158</u>	<u>178,310,841</u>	<u>-</u>
Fiduciary net position - ending	<u>\$ 161,196,880,609</u>	<u>\$ 232,463,369</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Defined Contribution		
State University System Optional Retirement Program	Senior Management Service Optional Annuity Program	Total June 30, 2018
\$ 98,286,799	\$ 103,144	\$ 3,490,612,125
96,939,790	84,168	837,984,499
-	-	5,646,724
-	-	1,124,183
188,977	-	2,654,004
<u>195,415,566</u>	<u>187,312</u>	<u>4,338,021,535</u>
-	-	70,597,178
-	-	14,904,972
-	-	85,502,150
<u>195,415,566</u>	<u>187,312</u>	<u>4,423,523,685</u>
-	-	9,026,898,081
-	-	770,651,821
-	-	1,863,240,710
-	-	464,194,571
101,768	195	2,390,389,745
<u>101,768</u>	<u>195</u>	<u>14,515,374,928</u>
(8,944)	(12)	(601,784,905)
<u>92,824</u>	<u>183</u>	<u>13,913,590,023</u>
-	-	71,625,252
-	-	(29,042,640)
-	-	42,582,612
92,824	183	13,956,172,635
<u>195,508,390</u>	<u>187,495</u>	<u>18,379,696,320</u>
-	-	10,323,367,562
-	-	16,021,655
-	-	19,324,969
-	-	597,009,913
195,099,530	187,802	195,287,332
122,041	-	20,475,398
<u>195,221,571</u>	<u>187,802</u>	<u>11,171,486,829</u>
286,819	(307)	7,208,209,491
4,747,495	43,292	154,226,211,786
<u>\$ 5,034,314</u>	<u>\$ 42,985</u>	<u>\$ 161,434,421,277</u>

**GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET/
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION**

as of June 30, 2018

	Police and Firefighters' Premium Tax Trust Fund		
	Special Revenue Fund	Reconciliation Adjustments (Note 2)	Statement of Net Position
ASSETS			
State treasury investment pool	\$ 36,616,114	\$ -	\$ 36,616,114
Investments	225,653,578	-	225,653,578
Due from other departments	7,671,209	-	7,671,209
Total assets	<u>269,940,901</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>269,940,901</u>
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred outflows related to other postemployment benefits	-	10,746	10,746
Total deferred outflows of resources	<u>-</u>	<u>10,746</u>	<u>10,746</u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE			
<u>Current liabilities</u>			
Accounts payable	86,888	-	86,888
Due to other departments	9,414,480	-	9,414,480
Due to other governmental units	50,953,461	-	50,953,461
Due to general revenue	11,034,595	-	11,034,595
Compensated absences liability	32,494	85,098	117,592
Other postemployment benefits liability	11,745	-	11,745
Total current liabilities	<u>71,533,663</u>	<u>85,098</u>	<u>71,618,761</u>
<u>Noncurrent liabilities</u>			
Other postemployment benefit liabilities	-	673,090	673,090
Total liabilities	<u>71,533,663</u>	<u>758,188</u>	<u>72,291,851</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred inflows related to other postemployment benefits	-	101,252	101,252
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>-</u>	<u>101,252</u>	<u>101,252</u>
Fund balance - committed	198,407,238	(198,407,238)	-
Total liabilities and fund balance	<u>\$ 269,940,901</u>		
Net position - restricted		<u>\$ 197,558,544</u>	<u>\$ 197,558,544</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -
GOVERNMENTAL FUND/STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES**

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018

	Police and Firefighters' Premium Tax Trust Fund		
	Special Revenue Fund	Reconciliation Adjustments (Note 2)	Statement of Activities
REVENUES			
Premium taxes	\$ 181,671,209	\$ -	\$ 181,671,209
Investment earnings	2,567,015	-	2,567,015
General Revenue	308	-	308
Total revenues	<u>184,238,532</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>184,238,532</u>
EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES			
Distribution to cities	147,697,955	-	147,697,955
Administrative expense	890,836	32,221	923,057
Total expenditures/expenses	<u>148,588,791</u>	<u>32,221</u>	<u>148,621,012</u>
Revenues over (under) expenditures	35,649,741		35,617,520
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Operating transfers out to other funds	<u>(24,569,074)</u>	-	(24,569,074)
Revenues and transfers in over expenditures and transfers out	11,080,667	(11,080,667)	-
Change in net position	-	11,048,446	11,048,446
Fund balance/net position - beginning, restated (Note 2)	187,326,571	(816,473)	186,510,098
Fund balance/net position - ending	<u>\$ 198,407,238</u>	<u>\$ (848,694)</u>	<u>\$ 197,558,544</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018**

TABLE OF CONTENTS

NOTE	PAGE
1 PLAN DESCRIPTION	35
2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES	46
3 PLAN INVESTMENTS	51
4 NET PENSION LIABILITY	72
5 INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS	79
6 CHANGES IN LONG-TERM LIABILITIES	80
7 RELATED PARTIES	81
8 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS	82

NOTE 1 – PLAN DESCRIPTION

A. Reporting Entity

The Florida Retirement System Pension Plan and Other State-Administered Systems (System) are administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement and are part of the primary government of the State of Florida. The division administers three defined benefit plans, two defined contribution plans, a supplemental funding of defined benefit plans for municipal police officers and firefighters, and various general revenue funded pension programs. These state-administered retirement systems are included in the department's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). The financial statements do not include the pension liabilities of the participating employers. The financial statements present only the Florida Retirement System Pension Plan and other State-Administered Systems and do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the State of Florida as of June 30, 2018, or the changes in its financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

B. Defined Benefit Plans

1. The Florida Retirement System Pension Plan

Organization:

The Florida Retirement System (FRS) Pension Plan was created in Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, effective Dec. 1, 1970, by consolidating and closing these existing plans to new members: the Teachers' Retirement System (Chapter 238, Florida Statutes), the State and County Officers and Employees' Retirement System (Chapter 122, Florida Statutes), and the Highway Patrol Pension Trust Fund (Chapter 321, Florida Statutes). In 1972, the Judicial Retirement System (Chapter 123, Florida Statutes) was closed and consolidated into the FRS. The FRS is a qualified retirement plan under section 401(a), Internal Revenue Code, created to provide a defined benefit pension plan for participating public employees. The FRS was amended in 1998 to add the Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) under the defined benefit plan and amended in 2000 to provide a defined contribution plan alternative to the defined benefit plan for FRS members effective July 1, 2002. This integrated defined contribution plan is the FRS Investment Plan, which is administered by the State Board of Administration. Effective July 1, 2007, the Institute of Food and Agricultural Sciences (IFAS) Supplemental Retirement Program, established under Section 121.40, Florida Statutes, was consolidated under the Florida Retirement System Pension Plan as a closed retirement plan. Participation in the IFAS Supplemental Retirement Program does not constitute membership in the FRS.

Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, also provides for nonintegrated, optional retirement programs in lieu of the FRS to certain members of the Senior Management Service Class (SMSC) employed by the state, state elected officials who chose SMSC membership in lieu of Elected Officers' Class membership, and faculty and specified employees in the State University System and Florida College System institutions. Provisions relating to the FRS are also contained in Chapter 112, Florida Statutes.

Covered Members and Classes:

FRS membership is compulsory for employees filling a regularly established position in a state agency, county agency, state university, state college, or district school board, unless restricted from FRS membership under Section 121.053 or Section 121.122, Florida Statutes, or allowed to participate in a non-integrated defined contribution plan in lieu of FRS membership. Participation by cities, municipalities, special districts, charter schools, and metropolitan planning organizations, although optional, is generally irrevocable after election to participate is made. Retirees initially reemployed in regularly established positions on or after July 1, 2010, through June 30, 2017, may not participate in the FRS. Effective July 1, 2017, retirees of specified defined contribution plans¹ employed in a regularly established position are eligible to be enrolled as renewed members of the defined contribution plan² covering the position held except the Senior Management Service Optional Annuity Program that is closed to new members. FRS Pension Plan retirees remain ineligible for renewed membership. Members hired into certain positions may be eligible to withdraw from the FRS altogether or elect to participate in the non-integrated optional retirement programs in lieu of the FRS except faculty of a medical college in a state university who must participate in the State University System Optional Retirement Program.

¹ Retirees of the following defined contribution plans are eligible to be enrolled as a renewed member if employed in a regularly established position on or after July 1, 2017: Senior Management Service Optional Annuity Program (SMSOAP), State University System Optional Retirement Program (SUSORP), the State Community College System Optional Retirement Program (SCCSORP), and the FRS Investment Plan.

² Defined contribution Plan retirees initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2017, may be enrolled in the SUSORP, SCCSORP, or the FRS Investment Plan depending upon the retirement plan covering the position held. The SMSOAP was closed to new members effective July 1, 2017. Participation in the Investment Plan includes membership in the Special Risk Class for these renewed members.

There are five classes of membership, as follows:

- *Regular Class* – Members of the FRS who do not qualify for membership in the other classes.
- *Senior Management Service Class (SMSC)* – Members in senior management level positions in state and local governments as well as assistant state attorneys, assistant statewide prosecutors, assistant public defenders, assistant attorneys general, deputy court administrators, assistant capital collateral representatives, and judges of compensation claims. Members of the Elected Officers' Class may elect to withdraw from the FRS or participate in the SMSC in lieu of the Elected Officers' Class.
- *Special Risk Class* – Members who are employed as law enforcement officers, firefighters, firefighter trainers, fire prevention officers, state fixed-wing pilots for aerial firefighting surveillance, correctional officers, emergency medical technicians, paramedics, community-based correctional probation officers, youth custody officers (from July 1, 2001, through June 30, 2014), certain health-care related positions within state forensic or correctional facilities, or specified forensic employees of a medical examiner's office or a law enforcement agency, and meet the criteria to qualify for this class.
- *Special Risk Administrative Support Class* – Former Special Risk Class members who are transferred or reassigned to nonspecial risk law enforcement, firefighting, emergency medical care, or correctional administrative support positions within an FRS special risk-employing agency.
- *Elected Officers' Class (EOC)* – Members who are elected state and county officers and the elected officers of cities and special districts that choose to place their elected officials in this class.

Beginning July 1, 2001, through June 30, 2011, the FRS Pension Plan provided for vesting of benefits after six years of creditable service for members working on or after July 1, 2001, and initially enrolled before July 1, 2011. Members not actively working in a position covered by the FRS on July 1, 2001, must return to covered employment for up to one work year to be eligible to vest with less service than was required under the law in effect before July 1, 2001. Members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, vest after eight years of creditable service. Members are eligible for normal retirement when they have met the requirements listed below. Early retirement may be taken any time after vesting within 20 years of normal retirement age; however, there is a 5 percent benefit reduction for each year prior to the normal retirement age.

- *Regular Class, Senior Management Service Class, and Elected Officers' Class Members* – For members initially enrolled in the FRS before July 1, 2011, six or more years of creditable service and age 62, or the age after completing six years of creditable service if after age 62. Thirty years of creditable service regardless of age before age 62.

For members initially enrolled in the FRS on or after July 1, 2011, eight or more years of creditable service and age 65, or the age after completing eight years of creditable service if after age 65. Thirty-three years of creditable service regardless of age before age 65.

- *Special Risk Class and Special Risk Administrative Support Class Members* – For members initially enrolled in the FRS before July 1, 2011, six or more years of Special Risk Class service and age 55, or the age after completing six years of Special Risk Class service if after age 55. Twenty-five years of special risk service regardless of age before age 55. A total of 25 years of service including special risk service and up to four years of active duty wartime service and age 52. Without six years of Special Risk Class service, members of the Special Risk Administrative Support Class must meet the requirements of the Regular Class.

For members initially enrolled in the FRS on or after July 1, 2011, eight or more years of Special Risk Class service and age 60, or the age after completing eight years of Special Risk Class service if after age 60. Thirty years of special risk service regardless of age before age 60. Without eight years of Special Risk Class service, members of the Special Risk Administrative Support Class must meet the requirements of the Regular Class.

Significant Plan Provisions:

The Florida Legislature establishes and amends the contribution requirements and benefit terms of the FRS Pension Plan. Benefits are computed based on age and/or years of service, average final compensation, and service credit. Credit for each year of service is expressed as a percentage of the average final compensation. For members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the five highest fiscal years' earnings; for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the eight highest fiscal years' earnings. The total percentage value of the benefit received is determined by calculating the total value of all service, which is based on the retirement plan and/or class to which the member belonged when the service credit was earned. The following chart shows the percentage value for each year of service credit earned:

Florida Retirement System

% Value
(per year of service)

Regular Class members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011

Retirement up to age 62 or up to 30 years of service	1.60%
Retirement at age 63 or with 31 years of service	1.63%
Retirement at age 64 or with 32 years of service	1.65%
Retirement at age 65 or with 33 or more years of service	1.68%

Regular Class members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011

Retirement up to age 65 or up to 33 years of service	1.60%
Retirement at age 66 or with 34 years of service	1.63%
Retirement at age 67 or with 35 years of service	1.65%
Retirement at age 68 or with 36 or more years of service	1.68%

Special Risk Class

Service from December 1, 1970 through September 30, 1974	2.00%
Service on and after October 1, 1974	3.00%

Special Risk Administrative Support Class members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011

(With six or more years of special risk service, the service in this class counts towards special risk normal retirement; otherwise, Regular Class requirements apply.)

Retirement up to age 55; or up to 25 total years special risk service; or at age 52 with 25 years (if total service includes wartime military service)	1.60%
Retirement at age 56; or with 26 total years special risk service; or at age 53 with 26 years (if total service includes wartime military service)	1.63%
Retirement at age 57; or with 27 total years special risk service; or at age 54 with 27 years (if total service includes wartime military service)	1.65%
Retirement at age 58; or with 28 total years special risk service; or at age 55 with 28 years (if total service includes wartime military service)	1.68%

Special Risk Administrative Support Class members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011

(With eight or more years of special risk service, the service in this class counts towards special risk normal retirement; otherwise, Regular Class requirements apply.)

Retirement up to age 60; or up to 30 total years special risk service	1.60%
Retirement at age 61; or with 31 total years special risk service	1.63%
Retirement at age 62; or with 32 total years special risk service	1.65%
Retirement at age 63; or with 33 total years special risk service	1.68%

Elected Officers' Class

Service as Supreme Court Justice, district court of appeal judge, circuit court judge, or county court judge	3.33%
Service as Governor, Lt. Governor, Cabinet Officer, Legislator, state attorney, public defender, elected county officer, or elected official of a city or special district that chose EOC membership for its elected officials	3.00%

Senior Management Service Class..... 2.00%

There are three steps in computing an annual retirement benefit:

- Step 1. Determine the member's retirement plan(s) and class(es) of membership, years of creditable service in each, and the total percentage value earned.
- Step 2. Calculate the average final compensation.
- Step 3. Multiply the figures obtained in Steps 1 and 2 to determine the annual normal retirement benefit. (If you elect to retire early, your benefit is reduced by 5 percent for each year remaining before you would reach your normal retirement age. Your benefit is reduced if you elect to provide a continuing benefit to an eligible surviving beneficiary.)

Members must select one of the four benefit options at retirement:

Option 1 — Member receives a benefit for life with no continuing survivor benefit at death.

Option 2 — Member receives a reduced benefit for life. If member dies anytime within ten years after retiring, the beneficiary will receive the benefit for the remainder of the ten-year period from the member's retirement date or DROP begin date. No survivor benefits are paid if the member dies ten or more years after the effective retirement date.

Option 3 — Member receives a reduced benefit for life. Upon the member's death, the joint annuitant, if living, will receive the same benefit for life. A joint annuitant who is under age 25 and is the member's child or other dependent for whom the member has guardianship will receive the member's Option 1 benefit, but only until age 25, or, if disabled, until no longer disabled.

Option 4 — Member receives a reduced benefit for life. Upon the death of either the member or the joint annuitant, the survivor will receive a lifetime benefit equal to two-thirds of the benefit the member was receiving when both were living. A joint annuitant who is under age 25 and is the member's child or other dependent for whom the member has guardianship will receive the member's Option 1 benefit, but only until age 25, or, if disabled, until no longer disabled.

Members must end all employment relationships with all FRS employers for the first six calendar months after their DROP termination date or their non-DROP effective retirement dates to complete their retirement process, in addition to meeting all other requirements to receive monthly benefits payable under the FRS Pension Plan. Florida Retirement System members employed by an agency that withdrew from the FRS effective January 1, 1996, for new employees must remain unemployed by that agency and all other FRS-covered employers for the first six calendar months.

The DROP is available under the FRS Pension Plan when the member first reaches eligibility for normal retirement. The DROP allows a member to retire while continuing employment for up to 60 months. While in the DROP, the member's retirement benefits accumulate in the FRS Trust Fund increased by a cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) each July and earn monthly interest equivalent to an annual rate of 1.30 percent on the preceding month's DROP accumulation until DROP participation ends. DROP participants with an effective DROP begin date before July 1, 2011, earn monthly interest equivalent to an annual rate of 6.50 percent. Elected officers whose DROP participation ends before their term of office ends can delay termination until the end of that term of office or any consecutively held term of office. No additional monthly retirement benefits accumulate after DROP participation ends. Elected officers whose DROP participation began before July 1, 2010, and who delay termination after their DROP participation ends earn monthly interest through the month of termination. As of June 30, 2018, the FRS Trust Fund held \$2,432,971,600 in accumulated benefits for 36,001¹ DROP participants. Of these 36,001 DROP participants, 34,173² were active in the DROP with balances totaling \$2,185,360,679. The remaining participants were no longer active in the DROP and had balances totaling \$247,610,920 to be processed after June 30, 2018.

The election to participate in the DROP must be made within 12 months of the member's normal retirement date, unless the member is eligible to defer the election. To participate for the maximum DROP period, the member must enter the DROP upon first reaching eligibility for normal retirement, or upon reaching an eligible deferral date as described below:

- A Special Risk Class member initially enrolled in the FRS before July 1, 2011, who reaches the normal retirement date based upon years of service before reaching age 52 may defer DROP entry up to age 52 and still participate for 60 months. Also, a member of the Special Risk Administrative Support Class who has at least the number of years of Special Risk Class service required to be vested and reaches the normal retirement date based upon years of service before reaching age 52 may defer DROP entry up to age 52 and still participate for 60 months.
- A Special Risk Class member initially enrolled in the FRS on or after July 1, 2011, who reaches the normal retirement date based upon years of service before reaching age 55 may defer DROP entry up to age 55 and still participate for 60 months. Also, a member of the Special Risk Administrative Support Class who has at least the number of years of Special Risk Class service required to be vested and reaches the normal retirement date based upon years of service before reaching age 55 may defer DROP entry up to age 55 and still participate for 60 months.
- A member of the Regular Class, EOC, or the SMSC initially enrolled in the FRS before July 1, 2011, who reaches the normal retirement date before reaching age 57 may defer DROP entry until age 57 and still participate for 60 months. A member of the Special Risk Administrative Support Class who does not have the number of years of Special Risk Class service required for vesting is subject to these deferral requirements.
- A member of the Regular Class, EOC, or the SMSC initially enrolled in the FRS on or after July 1, 2011, who reaches the normal retirement date before reaching age 60 may defer DROP entry until age 60 and still participate for 60 months. A member of the Special Risk Administrative Support Class who does not have the number of years of Special Risk Class service required for vesting is subject to these deferral requirements.

¹ Includes retirees with a DROP payment pending.

² Includes elected officials with a different DROP termination date that is after June 30, 2018.

- A member who reaches the normal retirement date during a term of office may defer the DROP election until the next succeeding term in that office and still participate for up to 60 months or until the end of that succeeding term, whichever is less.
- A member who is employed as K-12 instructional personnel as defined in Section 1012.01(2), Florida Statutes, may elect to participate in the DROP at any time after reaching the normal retirement date and still participate for 60 months.

Upon termination, the DROP account is paid out as a lump sum payment, a rollover, or a combination partial lump sum payment and rollover. Monthly benefits are paid to the member in the amount as calculated upon entry into the DROP, plus a COLA for intervening years.

In most cases, the DROP participant must cease employment after a maximum of 60 months in the DROP, must satisfy the termination requirements for retirement and must comply with applicable reemployment restrictions thereafter.

However, certain exceptions apply:

- Effective July 1, 2002, a DROP participant who holds an elective office may end DROP participation and postpone compliance with termination requirements and reemployment limitations until no longer holding the elective office (including consecutive terms in the same office). For the period between the end of DROP participation and termination, no retirement credit is earned and the member's DROP accumulation accrues no additional monthly benefits. If DROP participation began before July 1, 2010, the member's DROP accumulation continues to earn interest after participation ends and before termination. If DROP participation begins on or after July 1, 2010, the DROP accumulation does not earn interest during the period after DROP participation ends and termination.
- K-12 instructional personnel employed with a district school board, the Florida School for the Deaf and the Blind or a developmental research school of a state university may be allowed to extend their DROP participation for up to an additional 36 months beyond their initial 60-month DROP participation period. To qualify for the extension, the DROP participant must receive authorization from the employer and be approved by the division. If authorized to extend DROP participation, a participant must remain employed in an eligible position during the period of DROP extension.

There are two types of disability retirement available under the FRS: In-line-of-duty disability retirement and regular disability retirement. To qualify for either type of disability retirement, members must be totally and permanently disabled to the extent that they are unable to work in any job for any employer. In-line-of-duty disability benefits are available to members from their first day of employment. The minimum Option 1 benefit for in-line-of-duty disability retirement is 42 percent of their average final compensation for all members except those in the Special Risk Class, who receive a minimum Option 1 in-line-of-duty disability benefit of 65 percent of their average final compensation. To be eligible for regular disability retirement, members must complete eight years of creditable service. The minimum Option 1 benefit under regular disability retirement is 25 percent of their average final compensation. If a disabled member's service benefit would be higher than the minimum disability benefit, the member may elect to receive the higher benefit.

If an active member dies in the line of duty, the spouse will receive a lifetime monthly benefit equal to one-half of the member's monthly salary at death. If the spouse dies, the benefit will continue to be paid on behalf of the member's dependent children until the youngest child reaches age 18 or is married, if earlier. If an active member dies before becoming vested and the death was not suffered in the line of duty, the designated beneficiary will receive a refund of any member-paid retirement contributions. However, if the active member dies within one year of vesting, the member's joint annuitant may use the deceased member's accumulated leave on an hour-by-hour basis, or the member's eligible in-state or out-of-state service, to purchase enough service credit to vest the deceased member and receive monthly benefits.

If the member was vested at death, the beneficiary may receive a refund of any contributions that may have been paid by the member or, if the beneficiary qualifies as a joint annuitant, a lifetime monthly benefit calculated as though the member had retired on the month following the date of death and had chosen Option 3. If the joint annuitant is the member's child or other dependent for whom the member has guardianship who is under age 25, the joint annuitant will receive the member's maximum benefit until age 25, or, if disabled, until no longer disabled. A deceased member's joint annuitant may buy any service credit that could have been claimed by the member at the time of death if the member's termination of employment was due to death.

The benefits received by retirees and beneficiaries are increased by a COLA each July based on their June benefit amount (excluding the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy benefit). For retirees who have been retired for less than 12 months on July 1, the first COLA increase is prorated. The COLA applies to all continuing monthly retirement benefits paid under the FRS Pension Plan (i.e., normal and early service retirement benefits and benefits accruing in participant accounts under the DROP, disability retirement benefits, and survivor benefits). The COLA for retirements or DROP participation effective before August 1, 2011, is 3 percent per year. The COLA formula for retirees with an effective retirement date or DROP begin date on or after August 1, 2011, will be the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit divided by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by 3 percent. Each Pension Plan member with an effective retirement

date of August 1, 2011, or after will have an individual COLA factor for retirement. FRS Pension Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will not have a COLA after retirement.

After retirement or the DROP termination date, retired FRS members may be employed by any private employer or any public employer not participating in the FRS without affecting their FRS benefits. However, restrictions apply to reemployment with an FRS employer regardless of whether the employment is covered for retirement. Any retired FRS member who is reemployed by an FRS employer before meeting the definition of termination is not considered to have retired. Active membership will be reinstated and all benefits received must be repaid. If a member retires from an FRS employer that withdrew for new employees effective January 1, 1996, the member must remain unemployed by the withdrawn employer to meet the definition of termination in order to finalize the retirement.

Upon meeting termination requirements, FRS retirees who are reemployed by FRS employers may not receive both salary and retirement benefits for the rest of the first 12 calendar months after retirement or the DROP termination date. The retirement benefit must be suspended in any month employed in any capacity by an FRS employer. Effective March 9, 2018, there is one exception to the restrictions on reemployment limitations after retirement. Retired law enforcement officers may be reemployed as a school resource officer by an employer that participates in the FRS during the seventh through twelfth calendar months after their retirement date or after their termination date to finalize DROP and receive both their salary and retirement benefits.

Retirees of the FRS who are initially reemployed in regularly established positions no later than June 30, 2010, will have renewed membership in the Regular Class, the SMSC, or the EOC and earn credit toward a second-career benefit based on requirements for their class of membership. Having a break in service or not being employed on July 1, 2010, does not change a renewed member's status. Once retirees have established renewed membership in the system, they will have the same opportunities to elect to participate in alternative defined contribution retirement programs instead of the FRS as do similarly situated newly hired members of that membership class until they retire. Renewed members are subject to the same vesting requirements and other limitations as apply to other active members. However, renewed members are not eligible to participate in the Special Risk Class, retire and participate in DROP, or to retire under disability retirement provisions.

FRS Pension Plan retirees who are initially reemployed on or after July 1, 2010, are not eligible for renewed membership. Retirees of the FRS Investment Plan, the State University System Optional Retirement Program (SUSORP), the State Community College System Optional Retirement Program (SCCSORP), and the Senior Management Service Optional Retirement Program are not eligible for renewed membership from July 1, 2010, through June 30, 2017. Retirees of these defined contribution plans who are employed in a regularly established position on or after July 1, 2017, will be enrolled as renewed members of the FRS Investment Plan, the SUSORP or the SCCSORP depending upon the plan covering the position. Once enrolled in the FRS Investment Plan under this new tier of renewed membership, the renewed member remains in the Investment Plan unless employed in a State University System position with a college of medicine that requires mandatory SUSORP participation. Renewed members initially enrolled in the FRS Investment Plan are able to be Special Risk Class members if employed in positions covered by this class. The SMSOAP is closed to new membership effective July 1, 2017.

Whenever the division makes a decision that will reduce, suspend or terminate a member's retirement benefits, the member may petition the division for a hearing. Section 28-106.201, Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.), outlines the requirements for filing a petition. After the division reviews the petition, the state retirement director may ask a hearing officer from the Division of Administrative Hearings to conduct the hearing, or in some cases the Department of Management Services may conduct the hearing. If the outcome of the hearing is not in the member's favor, the member will be informed of the time period during which the member can appeal the decision to the District Court of Appeal.

If, before retirement, a member commits a felony specified by law and is found guilty of or enters a plea of no contest to such crime, or their employment was terminated due to admission of committing, aiding, or abetting a specified crime, the member's retirement rights and benefits are forfeited (except for a refund of personal retirement contributions, if any). The forfeiture of benefits provision applies in the case of any job-related felony offense as outlined below:

- Committing, aiding or abetting an embezzlement of public funds or any grand theft from the employer;
- Committing bribery in connection with employment;
- Committing any other felony specified in Chapter 838, Florida Statutes, (bribery and misuse of public office), except Sections 838.15 and 838.16, Florida Statutes, (commercial bribes);
- Committing any felony with intent to defraud the public or the employer of the right to receive the faithful performance of duty, or receiving or attempting to receive profit or advantage for the member or another person through the use of the member's position; or
- Committing an impeachable offense (applies to elected officials only); or
- Committing of certain felony offenses against a minor through the use or attempted use of rights, privileges, duties, or position of public employment or office.

In addition to the aforementioned crimes, if a court of competent jurisdiction finds the member guilty of violating any state law against strikes by public employees, the member's benefits are forfeited.

If the member's designated beneficiary is found guilty of intentionally killing or procuring the death of the member, the beneficiary forfeits all rights to retirement benefits. Any benefits payable would then be paid as if the beneficiary died before the member.

The Clerk of the Court, the Secretary of the Senate or the employer, as appropriate, must notify the Commission on Ethics if the member is found guilty, impeached, or terminated prior to retirement due to any of the above offenses. The Commission on Ethics will notify the division. The member's benefits will be suspended subject to a hearing held by a hearing officer of the Division of Administrative Hearings. The hearing officer's decision may be appealed to the District Court of Appeal. (See Section 112.3173, Florida Statutes, and Article II, Section 8, of the Florida Constitution for more information.)

Retirement benefits and accumulated contributions accrued under the FRS Pension Plan are not subject to assignment, execution, attachment or any other legal process with the exception of qualified domestic relations orders, certain income deduction orders; (see Section 61.1301, Florida Statutes), and federal income tax levies.

Plan Administration:

The FRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer public-employee retirement system with two primary plans and approximately 1,000 participating employers. The Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement administers the FRS Pension Plan. The State Board of Administration invests the assets of the Pension Plan held in the FRS Trust Fund. Costs of administering the FRS Pension Plan are funded through earnings on investments of the FRS Trust Fund. Reporting of the FRS is on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when the obligation is incurred.

Section 121.031(3), Florida Statutes, requires an annual actuarial valuation of the FRS Pension Plan, which is provided to the Legislature as guidance for funding decisions. Employer and employee contribution rates are established in Section 121.71, Florida Statutes. All participating employers must comply with statutory contribution requirements. Employer contribution rates under the uniform rate structure (a blending of both the FRS Pension Plan and Investment Plan rates) are recommended by the actuary but set by the Legislature. Statutes require that any unfunded actuarial liability (UAL) be amortized within 30 plan years. Pursuant to Section 121.031(3) (f), Florida Statutes, any surplus amounts available to offset total retirement system costs are to be amortized over a 10-year rolling period on a level-dollar basis. The balance of legally required reserves at June 30, 2018, was \$161,196,880,609. These funds were reserved to provide for total current and future benefits, refunds, and administration of the FRS Pension Plan.

FRS Retirement Contribution Rates:

Effective July 1, 2011, both employees and employers of the FRS are required to contribute to establish service credit for work performed in a regularly established position. Effective July 1, 2002, the Florida Legislature established a uniform contribution rate system for the FRS, covering both the Pension Plan and the Investment Plan. The uniform rates for Fiscal Year 2017-18 are as follows:

Class	Employee Contribution Rate	Employer Contribution Rate¹	Total Contribution Rate
Regular	3.00%	6.20%	9.20%
Special Risk	3.00%	21.55%	24.55%
Special Risk Administrative Support	3.00%	32.91%	35.91%
Elected Officers'			
Judges	3.00%	37.92%	40.92%
Governor, Lt. Governor, Cabinet, Legislators, State Attorneys, and Public Defenders	3.00%	49.14%	52.14%
Elected County, City, and Special District Officials	3.00%	43.78%	46.78%
Senior Management Service	3.00%	20.99%	23.99%
Deferred Retirement Option Program	N/A	11.60%	11.60%

¹ These rates include the normal cost and unfunded actuarial liability contributions but do not include the 1.66 percent contribution for the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy and the fee of 0.06 percent for administration of the FRS Investment Plan and provision of educational tools for both plans.

Any member who terminates employment with an FRS employer may receive a refund of any retirement contributions personally made to the system (and lose the associated retirement credit for both their FRS and Health Insurance Subsidy benefits), or may leave these personal contributions in the system and keep all creditable service earned through the date of termination.

FRS Membership:

Member Types	Regular Class	SMSC	Special Risk	Special Risk Admin Supp.	EOC	Total
Active ¹ :						
Non-vested	182,566	1,797	26,362	1	380	211,106
Vested	376,804	6,291	47,256	86	1,790	432,227
Current Retirees and Beneficiaries	369,682	4,759	38,341	172	2,529	415,483
DROP Participants ²	29,031	635	3,476	4	286	33,432
Vested Terminated ³	110,180	1,610	6,316	16	425	118,547
Total Members	1,068,263	15,092	121,751	279	5,410	1,210,795

¹ Member counts include 124,788 active FRS Investment Plan members.

² Member counts exclude 1,677 DROP participants with payouts pending after June 30, 2018, and meeting a qualifying event.

³ Member counts include 11,274 vested terminated FRS Investment Plan members.

The table below provides additional information for the FRS Pension Plan as of June 30 (in thousands where amounts are dollars):

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30		
	2018	2017	2016
Recipients	415,483	406,018	394,907
Contributions	\$3,596,290	\$3,348,086	\$3,149,376
Benefits paid ¹	\$9,851,163	\$9,361,452	\$10,070,169
Fiduciary net position	\$161,196,881	\$154,043,111 ²	\$141,780,921

¹ Includes refund of member contributions. Amount for 2016 has been revised to include refund of member contributions.

² Reflects restatement of beginning net position due to implementation of GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions*.

2. Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program

The Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program is a non-qualified, cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established under Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. The Florida Legislature establishes and amends the contribution requirements and benefit terms of the HIS Program. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist eligible retirees and surviving beneficiaries of state-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs. The Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement administers the HIS program. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment equal to the number of years of creditable service completed at the time of retirement multiplied by \$5. The payments are at least \$30 but not more than \$150 per month, pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive a HIS benefit, a retiree under a state-administered retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which can include Medicare.

The HIS Program is funded by required contributions from FRS participating employers as set by the Legislature. Employer contributions are a percentage of gross compensation for specified employees. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the contribution rate was 1.66 percent of payroll pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. HIS contributions are deposited in a separate trust fund from which HIS payments are authorized. HIS benefits are not guaranteed and are subject to annual legislative appropriation. In the event the legislative appropriation or available funds fail to provide full subsidy benefits to all participants, the legislation may reduce or cancel HIS Payments.

Note 4 and the Actuarial section of this report include actuarial and other information regarding the HIS Program. The table below provides additional information for the HIS as of June 30 (in thousands where amounts are dollars):

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30		
	2018	2017	2016
Recipients	376,031	366,285	349,865
Contributions	\$542,539	\$529,229	\$512,564
Benefits paid	\$491,530	\$465,980	\$449,857
Fiduciary net position	\$232,463	\$178,311	\$113,859

3. The Florida National Guard Supplemental Retirement Benefit Plan

The Florida National Guard Supplemental Retirement Benefit Plan is a single-employer, non-qualified defined benefit pension plan established under Section 250.22, Florida Statutes, and is administered by the Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement. The Florida Legislature establishes and amends the benefit terms of the plan, which provide a monthly benefit equal to the difference between 50 percent of the federal military pay table for the highest rank held while in the Florida National Guard and the reservist benefit received from the federal government for military service. The benefit amount is recalculated whenever the federal military pay table is increased or the federal benefit is increased by a cost of living adjustment. Florida National Guard retirees must have at least 30 years of Florida National Guard service. The benefit is payable for the lifetime of the retiree without a survivor benefit option. Normal retirement is at age 62 with early retirement available beginning at age 60. The Florida National Guard Supplemental Retirement Benefit Plan is funded by an annual appropriation from General Revenue by the Legislature. Any appropriated funds not obligated for benefit payments and expenses owed at June 30 each year revert to the General Revenue Fund.

Note 4 and the Actuarial section of this report include actuarial and other information regarding the Florida National Guard Supplemental Retirement Benefit Plan. Information about active and terminated vested Florida National Guard personnel, federal benefits including cost-of-living adjustments and pay tables, and forecasts of National Guard personnel is provided by the Florida Department of Military Affairs. The table below provides additional information for the plan as of June 30 (in thousands where amounts are dollars):

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30		
	2018	2017	2016
Active Members			
Vested ¹	428	248	474
Non-Vested	11,008	11,440	11,461
Total Active	11,436	11,688	11,935
Terminated Vested ¹	309	428	137
Retirees	768	775	784

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30		
	2018	2017	2016
Benefits paid	\$14,897	\$14,677	\$14,413
Fiduciary net position	\$0	\$0	\$0

¹ The change from active status to terminated vested status is a result of National Guard retention board conclusions on retaining personnel due to the reduction of deployments supporting overseas military operations.

C. Defined Contribution Programs (Optional Retirement Programs)

State University System Optional Retirement Program (SUSORP)

The SUSORP is established under section 121.35, Florida Statutes, for eligible State University System faculty, administrators, and administrative and professional staff. The Florida Legislature establishes and amends the contribution requirements and benefit terms of the Program. This program is designed to aid universities in recruiting employees who may not remain in the FRS long enough to vest. The SUSORP is a defined contribution plan qualified under section 403(b), Internal Revenue Code that upon signing an investment contract provides full and immediate vesting of all contributions paid on behalf of the members to the participating provider companies. The SUSORP member directs the investment of contributions to provide retirement and death benefits. Employees in eligible positions are compulsory SUSORP members unless they elect FRS membership. Faculty in a college of medicine with a faculty practice plan are mandatory SUSORP members and cannot elect FRS membership.

The employing universities were statutorily required to contribute 5.15 percent of the members' gross monthly compensation from July 2017 through June 2018. In accordance with Chapter 60U-2, F.A.C., 0.01 percent of the employer contribution rate was used for the administration of the SUSORP program and 5.14 percent was transferred to the provider companies designated by the member. SUSORP members are not eligible to receive (HIS) payments from the HIS Trust Fund. There is an HIS component included in the employer's contribution deposited to the members' accounts. Effective July 1, 2011, there is a mandatory employee contribution of 3 percent. A member may contribute by salary reduction an amount not to exceed the percentage contributed by the employer.

When applicable, the employer is also required to contribute the unfunded actuarial liability (UAL) contribution for the Regular Class on the salaries of SUSORP members which is transferred to the FRS Trust Fund to help amortize any UAL. The required UAL contribution rate for the fiscal year 2017-18 was 3.30 percent. Additional information pertaining to the SUSORP is as follows:

Members	20,780
Payroll	\$1,912,194,536
Contributions:	
Employee	\$96,939,790
Employer	\$98,286,799

Senior Management Service Optional Annuity Program (SMSOAP)

The SMSOAP is established under section 121.055, Florida Statutes, as offering an optional retirement program alternative for state members of the Senior Management Service Class (SMSC). Employees in eligible state positions may make an irrevocable election to participate in the SMSOAP while employed in a position eligible for SMSOAP in lieu of the SMSC. The Florida Legislature establishes and amends the contribution requirements and benefit terms of the Program. The SMSOAP is a defined contribution plan qualified under section 401(a), Internal Revenue Code that upon signing an investment contract, provides full and immediate vesting of all contributions paid on behalf of the members to the participating provider companies. SMSOAP members direct the investment of contributions to provide retirement and death benefits. Employers were required to contribute 6.27 percent of covered payroll from July 2017 through June 2018. The employers' contributions were transferred to the provider companies designated by the member. SMSOAP members are not eligible to receive HIS payments from the HIS Trust Fund. There is an HIS component included in the employer's contribution deposited to the members' accounts. Effective July 1, 2011, there is a mandatory employee contribution of 3 percent. A member may contribute by salary deduction an amount not to exceed the percentage contributed by the employer. Effective July 1, 2017, SMSOAP is closed to new members, however a non-retired member enrolled in SMSOAP prior to July 1, 2017, may retain their membership.

When applicable, the employer is also required to contribute the unfunded actuarial liability (UAL) contribution for the SMSC on the salaries of SMSOAP members which is transferred to the FRS Trust Fund to help amortize the UAL. The required UAL contribution rate for fiscal year 2017-18 was 16.70 percent. Additional information pertaining to the SMSOAP is as follows:

Members	11
Payroll	\$1,645,045
Contributions:	
Employee	\$84,168
Employer	\$103,144

D. Social Security Coverage

The Division of Retirement is responsible for administering the Social Security coverage for public employers in Florida. Public employees are provided Social Security coverage through a federal-state agreement with various modifications applicable to specific employers in political subdivisions. As of June 30, 2018, there were 687 modifications to the initial 1951 agreement. Existing modifications provide Social Security coverage for most state, county, and district school board employees and employees of a number of cities and special districts. Public employers must provide Social Security coverage for their employees who participate in the FRS Pension Plan and Investment Plan, SUSORP, SMSOAP, and the existing defined benefit plans grandfathered under the FRS except for members of the Teachers' Retirement System or the IFAS Supplemental Retirement Program.

For the 2018 calendar year, the combined Social Security contribution rate for employees and employers totaled 15.30 percent (12.40 percent for Old Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance and 2.90 percent for Medicare). The maximum taxable wage base on which Old Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance contributions increased to \$128,400. There is no limitation on Medicare wages.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by GASB. The fiduciary financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred. Member contributions are recognized in the period of time for which the contributions are assessed. Employer contributions are recognized when due in the period in which employee services are performed and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of each plan.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, while expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as they become susceptible to accrual, generally when they are both measurable and available. Revenues collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal year are considered available. Liabilities due within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal year are expected to be liquidated with expendable financial resources. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting.

B. Basis of Presentation

Defined Benefit and Defined Contribution Trust Funds – fiduciary funds used to report resources that are required to be held in trust for the members and beneficiaries of the state’s pension plan, retiree health insurance subsidy program, national guard supplemental retirement benefit plan (defined benefit plans) and optional retirement plans (defined contribution plans).

Police and Firefighters’ Premium Tax Trust Fund - a governmental special revenue fund that accounts for excise taxes assessed on insurance premiums. The premiums are used to supplement the funding of municipal police and firefighters’ pension plans and relief funds.

C. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and short-term investments with an original maturity date within ninety days of the acquisition date. State treasury cash management pools are included as cash equivalents. Details of deposits are included in Note 3. A.

Investments

Florida Statutes authorize the state to invest in various instruments. The state reports investments in accordance with GASB Codification Section I50, *Investments*.

Investments with the State Treasury are reported at fair value which is obtained from independent pricing service providers. Independent pricing service providers use quoted market prices when available and employ various, sometimes proprietary, multifactor models for determining a security’s fair value if it is not available from quoted market prices. Some securities, including U.S. government, municipal bonds, and mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities, are priced using evaluated bid prices. Evaluated bid prices are determined by taking bid prices and adjusting them by an evaluated adjustment factor derived from the independent pricing service’s multifactor model. If values are not available using the above methods, secondary methods such as non-evaluated mid-price and bid price are used. If no source of values is available, cost or last available price from any source is used or other pricing methodology as directed by the State Treasury.

The State Board of Administration (SBA) has statutory responsibility for custody and investment of pension plan assets. Section 215.47, Florida Statutes, gives the SBA the authority to invest in a range of instruments, including security lending agreements. Investments are reported in accordance with GASB reporting standards. Realized and unrealized gains and losses are reflected in the Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position as “Net appreciation in fair value.”

The fair values of the plans’ assets are obtained or estimated in accordance with the Global Pricing Guidelines established with the SBA’s custodian bank, BNY Mellon. BNY Mellon uses a variety of independent pricing sources and designates certain vendors as the primary source based on asset type, class or issue. BNY Mellon monitors pricing information supplied by these primary sources and may use a supplemental pricing source or change the primary pricing source if any of the following occurs:

- The price of a security is not received from the primary pricing source.
- The primary pricing source no longer provides prices for a particular asset type, class or issue.
- The SBA or its portfolio investment manager challenges a price and BNY Mellon reviews the price with the vendor, who agrees that the price provided by that vendor may not be appropriate.
- The price from the primary source exceeds price tolerance checkpoints and results in a vendor comparison review where another source is deemed to be more appropriate by BNY Mellon.

When a portfolio includes securities or instruments for which the custodian bank does not receive fair value information from its vendor pricing source, the custodian bank uses a “non-vendor pricing source”. Examples include, but are not limited to, limited partnerships or similar private investment vehicles that do not actively trade through established exchange mechanisms; other private placements where there is limited or no information in the market place; and unique fixed income and equity instruments. The SBA does not provide direction regarding the substitution of prices in instances where securities or instruments are in the portfolio of an investment manager appointed by the SBA. In cases where the SBA directed the purchase of securities or instruments, BNY Mellon may obtain the non-vendor prices by contacting the SBA only if it is not commercially reasonable to directly obtain the non-vendor price information from the broker of record, as identified by the SBA.

For private market investments, where no readily ascertainable market value exists (including limited partnerships, hedge funds, direct-owned real estate, and real estate pooled funds), fair values for the individual investments are based on the net asset value (NAV), which equates to the capital account balance at the closest available reporting period, as communicated by the general partner and/or investment manager, adjusted for subsequent contributions and distributions. The valuation techniques vary based upon investment type and involve a certain degree of judgment. The most significant input into the NAV of an entity is the value of its investment holdings. The NAV is provided by the general partner and/or investment manager and reviewed by SBA management.

Annually, the financial statements of all private market investments are audited by independent auditors. Private market investments, in which the SBA has a controlling interest or are reported at cost per GAAP, are also required to be valued, generally annually, by independent, licensed external appraisers selected by an appraisal management company retained by the SBA.

Money market funds and repurchase agreements are reported at amortized cost. Commingled fund are reported at the NAV of units held at the end of the period based upon the value of the underlying investments as reported by the external investment manager.

All derivative financial instruments are reported at fair value in the statements of net position. The instruments are adjusted to fair value at least monthly, with valuation changes recognized during the period as gains or losses in the statements of changes in net position and included in the “net appreciation in fair value”. The nature and use of derivative instruments is discussed in Note 3.

Because of the inherent uncertainty of the valuation using pricing methodologies other than the quoted market prices, the estimated fair values may differ from the values that would have been used had a ready market existed.

Investment detail is included in Note 3.

Capital Assets

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost at the time of acquisition. All property, furniture and equipment with an original acquisition cost of \$1,000 or more is capitalized, as well as other selected items regardless of cost, such as computer equipment. Depreciation is computed on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the asset.

Deferred Outflows of Resources

A consumption of net assets by the division that is applicable to a future reporting period is presented as a deferred outflow of resources. The State University System Optional Retirement Program (SUSORP) Trust Fund shares in reporting the FRS and HIS pension liabilities and related components with other funds within the state. Each fiscal year end, the SUSORP Trust Fund recognizes its allocated share of the state's deferred outflows of resources related to applicable pensions, as determined by the Florida Department of Financial Services, Statewide Financial Reporting Section.

The division shares the cost of Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) liability and other related components with other funds within the state. The state-administered retirement funds recognize their allocated share of the state's deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, as determined by the Florida Department of Financial Services, Statewide Financial Reporting Section.

Compensated Absences Liability

Employees earn the right to be compensated during absences for vacation and illness as well as for unused special compensatory leave earned for hours worked on legal holidays and other specifically authorized overtime. Compensated absences for annual leave are recorded as a liability when the benefits are earned. Compensated absences for sick leave are calculated based on the vesting method. Within the limits established by law or rule, the value of unused leave benefits will be paid to employees upon separation from state service. The amounts reported for compensated absences are based on current year-end salary rates and include employer Social Security and Medicare tax and pension contributions, as applicable, at current rates. Refer to Note 6 for details of the compensated absences liability.

Long-term Liabilities

The SUSORP Trust Fund shares the reported FRS and HIS pension liabilities and related components with other funds within the state. Each fiscal year end, the SUSORP Trust Fund recognizes its allocated share of the state's applicable pension liability, as determined by the Florida Department of Financial Services, Statewide Financial Reporting Section.

The division shares the cost of Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) with other funds within the state. The state-administered retirement funds recognize their proportionate share of the state's OPEB liability, as determined by the Florida Department of Financial Services, Statewide Financial Reporting Section.

Refer to Note 6 for changes in long-term liabilities.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

A deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of net assets by the division that is applicable to a future reporting period. The SUSORP Trust Fund shares the reported FRS and HIS pension liabilities and related components with other funds within the state. Each fiscal year end, the SUSORP Trust Fund recognizes its allocated share of the state's deferred inflows of resources related to applicable pensions, as determined by the Florida Department of Financial Services, Statewide Financial Reporting Section.

The division shares the cost of Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) liability and other related components with other funds within the state. The state-administered retirement funds recognize their allocated share of the state's deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, as determined by the Florida Department of Financial Services, Statewide Financial Reporting Section.

Components of Net Position

Net position is classified as (1) net investment in capital assets, (2) restricted, and (3) unrestricted.

Restricted net position is reported when constraints are placed on net position that are either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The net position of all the fiduciary funds reported are classified as restricted for pension.

Components of Fund Balance

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed or unassigned. Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the State's highest level of decision-making authority, the Legislature and the Governor, i.e., through legislation passed into law. Commitments may only be modified or rescinded by equivalent formal, highest-level action. The fund balance of the Police and Firefighters' Premium Tax Trust Fund reported in this CAFR is classified as committed.

D. Contributions

Contributions are recognized as revenues in the period for which the contributions are due pursuant to statutory requirements. Total employer contributions for the FRS are determined on a uniform basis (blended rate) as required by Part III of Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, and employers also pay a required assessment to cover financial planning education costs for all FRS members and administrative costs of the FRS Investment Plan (IP).

For purposes of financial statement presentation, the unfunded actuarial liability (UAL) portion of the employer's total contribution remitted on the salaries of members in the FRS IP, the SUSORP, the State Community College System Optional Retirement Program, and the Senior Management Service Optional Annuity Program (SMSOAP) is classified as contributions in the FRS Pension Plan financial statements. Delinquent fees are reported as other income. The administrative fee paid on the salaries of members in the SUSORP defined contribution plan is classified as other income.

Employee contributions required pursuant to Section 121.71(3), Florida Statutes, are accounted for by the FRS as employer-paid employee contributions and are treated as employer contributions under 26 U.S.C. s. 414(h)(2) allowing these contributions to be deducted on a pre-tax basis.

E. Adjustments Between Governmental Fund and Governmental Activities Financial Statement Amounts

The adjustments necessary to convert the Governmental Fund financial statements to the governmental activities financial statement presentation are: (1) Recognition of long-term liabilities which are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the Governmental Fund; (2) Recognition of expenses not recognized under governmental accounting; and (3) Reclassification of Fund Balance reported in the Governmental Fund into the Net Position categories reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.

F. Interfund Activity and Balances

In the fund financial statements, transfers represent flows of assets without equivalent flows of assets in return or a requirement for repayment. Transfers are recorded when a fund receiving revenue provides it to the fund which expends the resources. Transfers between funds are made to accomplish various provisions of law. Refer to Note 5.

G. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues (additions) and expenses (deductions) during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

H. Investment and Administrative Expenses

For investments in the State Treasury cash management pool, an administrative fee is charged on the average daily balance in the account. These fees are recorded as 'Investment activity expense' on the Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position.

For investments managed by the SBA, external investment managers are hired to invest a significant portion of the retirement system's assets. Investment management fees are typically paid based on individually-negotiated investment management agreements. The fees, usually paid quarterly, may be based on a sliding scale of the portfolio's net asset value at quarter-end, calculated by multiplying each level of net position by a specified basis point charge, or may be performance related, typically associated with exceeding a market benchmark or hurdle rate. Fees are paid from the appropriate manager's portfolio and are recognized as an expense over the time period for which the fees are applicable. These fees are recorded as 'Investment activity expense' on the Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. Certain investment management fees, usually in private equity portfolios, are paid at the beginning of the period. These fees are

recorded as 'Prepaid items' on the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and are expensed over their applicable time period.

Administrative expenses represent the cost of administering the various state-administered retirement systems, including such costs as salaries, rent, telephone, printing and the like. Administrative expenses also include transfers for administrative assessments, depreciation expense, and the allocated share of compensated absences expense, applicable OPEB-related expenses, and applicable pension-related expenses. A detailed Schedule of Administrative Expenses is located in the Other Supplementary Information section.

I. Accounting and Reporting Changes

In June 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions* (GASB 75). This statement replaces the requirements of Statement No. 45, *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, as amended, and No. 57, *OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans*. The scope of this statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for OPEB that is provided to the employees of state and local governmental employers. This statement establishes standards for recognizing and measuring liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expense/expenditures related to OPEB. Statement No. 75 is effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2017.

J. Restatement

Fund balance and net position at July 1, 2017, for the Police and Firefighters' Premium Tax Trust Fund's (Police and Fire) Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance, and Statement of Activities have been decreased by \$560,111 for the programs' share of the applicable beginning balances related to the OPEB liability, pursuant to implementation requirements of GASB 75.

Fiduciary net position at July 1, 2017, for the FRS' and the SUSORP's Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position have been decreased by \$10,152,810 and \$125,976 respectively for the programs' share of the applicable beginning balances related to the OPEB liability, pursuant to implementation requirements of GASB 75.

The Police and Fire, FRS and SUSORP plans recognize their allocated shares of the state's portion of total OPEB liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and related expenses as determined by the Florida Department of Financial Services, Statewide Financial Reporting Section.

NOTE 3 – PLAN INVESTMENTS

A. Deposits

As of June 30, 2018, the state-administered retirement fund deposits in financial institutions pending investment totaled \$114.3 million for fiduciary activities. There were no deposits in financial institutions for governmental activities.

1. Custodial Credit Risk

The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the state will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The state mitigates custodial credit risk by generally requiring public funds to be deposited in a bank or savings association that is designated by the Chief Financial Officer (CFO) as authorized to receive deposits in the state and meets the collateral requirements set forth in Chapter 280, Florida Statutes.

The CFO determines the collateral requirements and collateral pledging level for each Qualified Public Depository (QPD) following guidelines outlined in Section 280.04, Florida Statutes, and Department of Financial Services Rules, Chapter 69C-2, Florida Administrative Code. Collateral pledging levels include 25, 50, 110, and 150 percent of a QPD's average daily deposit balance, or, if needed, an amount as prescribed by the CFO. Section 280.13, Florida Statutes, outlines eligible types of collateral including direct obligations of the United States (U.S.) Government, federal agency obligations fully guaranteed by the U.S. Government, certain federal agency obligations, state and local government obligations, corporate bonds, and letters of credit issued by a Federal Home Loan Bank. Also, with the CFO's permission, eligible collateral includes collateralized mortgage obligations, real estate mortgage investment conduits and securities or other interests in any open-end management investment company registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940. However, the portfolio of the investment company must be limited to direct obligations of the U.S. Government and to repurchase agreements fully collateralized by such direct obligations of the U.S. Government, and the investment company must take delivery of such collateral either directly or through an authorized custodian.

In accordance with Section 280.08, Florida Statutes, if a QPD defaults, losses to public depositors are first satisfied with any applicable depository insurance, followed by demands of payment under any letters of credit or sale of the defaulting QPD's collateral. If necessary, any remaining losses are to be satisfied by assessments against the other participating QPDs according to a statutory based ratio.

All U.S. dollar deposits at the Florida Retirement System (FRS) Pension Trust Fund's custodian bank were covered by federal depository insurance (FDIC) as of June 30, 2018. The remaining uninsured and uncollateralized deposits, totaling \$100 million as of June 30, 2018, were held in foreign currencies in the SBA's custodian nominee name.

2. Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of a deposit or investment. Under Section 215.47, Florida Statutes, and subject to the limitations and conditions of the State Constitution or of the trust agreement relating to a trust fund, moneys available for investments by the State Board of Administration (SBA) may be invested in fixed income obligations or stocks denominated in foreign currency. The SBA has developed total fund investment policies for the investment of assets in the FRS Pension Trust Fund that set ranges on investments by asset class. All asset classes may hold non-U.S. securities, depending on portfolio guidelines. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, Florida law limits the exposure to foreign securities held outside of foreign group trusts and certain other foreign entities to 50 percent of the total fund. There is no requirement that this exposure to foreign currency risk be hedged through forward currency contracts, although some managers are authorized to use forward currency contracts. The investment policies may be modified in the future if the SBA adopts changes. This investment activity in foreign investments resulted in deposits in foreign currency as of June 30, 2018, as illustrated in the following schedule (in thousands):

Foreign Currency Deposits Held

As of June 30, 2018

Currency	Bank Statement Balance (in U.S. dollars)	
	FRS Pension Trust Fund	
Australian dollar	\$	6,004
Bangladesh taka		18
Brazilian real		269
British pound sterling		14,914
Canadian dollar		7,423
Chilean peso		421
Chinese yuan renminbi		685
Columbian peso		14
Czech koruna		2
Danish krone		502
Egyptian pound		27
Euro currency unit		8,817
Hong Kong dollar		7,353
Hungarian forint		38
Indian rupee		3,844
Indonesian rupiah		99
Israeli shekel		2,161
Japanese yen		24,999
Malaysian ringgit		454
Mexican peso		56
Moroccan dirham		8
New Zealand dollar		737
Nigerian naira		25
Norwegian krone		1,013
Pakistan rupee		92
Philippines peso		686
Polish zloty		401
Qatari riyal		36
Singapore dollar		3,279
South African rand		2,337
South Korean won		2,888
Swedish krona		559
Swiss franc		918
Taiwan new dollar		7,111
Thailand baht		91
Turkish lira		490
United Arab Emirates dirham		56
Vietnam dong		1,018
Other		1
Total deposits subject to foreign currency risk	\$	99,846

B. Investments

Surplus cash is maintained in the State Treasury's general pool of investments. The State CFO pools funds from all State agencies. Pooled investments with the State Treasury are not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Oversight of the pooled investments with the State Treasury is provided by the Treasury Investment Committee per Section 17.575, Florida Statutes. The authorized investment types are set forth in Section 17.57, Florida Statutes. Redemptions are on a dollar in/dollar out basis adjusted for distributed income. The fair value of the pooled investments with the State Treasury is determined at fiscal year-end for financial reporting purposes. Included in the pool are primarily time deposits, U.S. Government securities, federal agency securities, commercial paper, corporate bonds and notes, and repurchase agreements. The FRS Pension Trust Fund's, Health Insurance Subsidy Program's (HIS), National Guard Supplemental Benefit Plan (National Guard), State University System Optional Retirement Program's (SUSORP), Senior Management Service Optional Annuity Program's (SMSOAP), and Police and Firefighters' Premium Tax Trust Fund's (Police and Fire) shares of the investment pool at June 30, 2018, were \$63,345,811, \$30,239, \$3,131, \$5,307,249, \$42,978, and \$36,616,114, respectively. No allocation will be made as to the share of the types of investments or their risk categories for the FRS Pension Trust Fund, the HIS Program, the National Guard, the SUSORP, the SMSOAP, or Police and Fire. The share of the assets and liabilities for the FRS Pension Trust Fund, the HIS Program, the National Guard, the SUSORP, the SMSOAP and Police and Fire arising from the securities lending agreements administered by the State Treasury will likewise not be carried on the Statements of Net Position since the State Treasury operates on a pooled basis and to do so may give the misleading impression that the funds themselves have entered into such agreements. For further information, refer to the State of Florida's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report or publications of the State of Florida Department of Financial Services, Office of the Chief Financial Officer.

Pursuant to Section 215.44, Florida Statutes, the SBA has the authority and responsibility to manage and invest various funds of the state, including, but not limited to, the FRS Pension Trust Fund, the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Trust Fund, and the Police and Fire Trust Fund. Section 215.47, Florida Statutes, allows the SBA to invest funds in a range of instruments, including security lending agreements, reverse repurchase agreements and alternative investments (including limited partnerships and hedge funds).

The schedule below discloses investments at fair value and their total carrying value at June 30, 2018, as well as reconciliation to the basic financial statements (in thousands):

Schedule of Investments

As of June 30, 2018

Investment type	Fair value			Total
	FRS Pension Trust Fund	Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy	Police and Firefighters' Premium Tax Trust Fund	
Certificates of deposit	\$ 200,077	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 200,077
Commercial paper	4,182,322	-	-	4,182,322
Money market funds	35,981	181,605	225,654	443,240
Repurchase agreements	800,000	-	-	800,000
U.S. guaranteed obligations	12,308,170	-	-	12,308,170
Federal agencies	9,641,445	-	-	9,641,445
Domestic bonds and notes	7,005,685	-	-	7,005,685
International bonds and notes	2,197,600	-	-	2,197,600
Domestic stocks	47,062,304	-	-	47,062,304
International stocks	33,319,165	-	-	33,319,165
International equity commingled funds	8,569,819	-	-	8,569,819
Alternative investments	26,432,707	-	-	26,432,707
Real estate investments (directly owned)	8,948,949	-	-	8,948,949
Real estate commingled funds	2,457,397	-	-	2,457,397
Futures (debt)	2,691	-	-	2,691
Futures (equity)	(49,731)	-	-	(49,731)
Option contracts purchased	40,306	-	-	40,306
Swap contracts (debt)	7,280	-	-	7,280
Total investments excluding lending collateral	163,162,167	181,605	225,654	163,569,426
Securities lending collateral				
Money market funds	1,711,600	-	-	1,711,600
Repurchase agreements	863,630	-	-	863,630
Domestic bonds and notes	56,462	-	-	56,462
Total securities lending collateral	2,631,692	-	-	2,631,692
Total investments for all types - fair value	\$ 165,793,859	\$ 181,605	\$ 225,654	\$ 166,201,118
Total investments for all types - carrying value	\$ 165,793,859	\$ 181,605	\$ 225,654	\$ 166,201,118
Liabilities - investments sold short				
U.S. guaranteed obligations	(71,843)	-	-	(71,843)
Federal agencies	(177,174)	-	-	(177,174)
Options contracts	(16,728)	-	-	(16,728)
Total investments sold short¹	\$ (265,745)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (265,745)

¹ Investments sold short are included in Short sell obligations - fixed income on the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position.

Reconciliation of carrying value to the basic financial statements (in thousands):

	Governmental activities	Fiduciary funds	Total
Investments	\$ 225,654	\$ 163,343,772	\$ 163,569,426
Security lending collateral	-	2,631,692	2,631,692
Total Investments	<u>\$ 225,654</u>	<u>\$ 165,975,464</u>	<u>\$ 166,201,118</u>

Certain investments included in the above schedule were pledged as collateral with the SBA's futures and swaps clearing counterparties. Investments pledged as collateral as of June 30, 2018, are presented below (in thousands):

FRS Pension Trust Fund

Securities Pledged as Collateral for Futures and Swaps Contracts
As of June 30, 2018

Investment Type	Fair Value
U.S. guaranteed obligations	\$ 101,326
Federal agencies	1,606
Total pledged collateral	<u>\$ 102,932</u>

In addition, cash required to open futures and swap contracts (initial margins) may be pledged as collateral with the SBA's futures and swap counterparties. Such initial margin amounts are reflected as "Accounts receivable" on the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position. Pursuant to these types of contracts, and also pending foreign currency contracts, the Fund agrees to receive or pay to the broker an amount of cash equal to the daily fluctuation in the value of the contract. Such receivables and payables are known as variation margin, which are reflected as "Accounts receivable", "Accounts payable and accrued liabilities", and "Futures trade equity", on the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position. All initial and variation margin amounts receivable from or payable to the broker as of June 30, 2018, are presented below (in thousands):

FRS Pension Trust Fund

Cash and Foreign Currency Pledged as Collateral for Futures and Swaps Contracts
As of June 30, 2018

	Fair value (U.S. dollar)
Margin receivable from counterparty:	
Futures contracts	\$ 59,121
Swaps contracts	1,759
Total margin receivable from counterparty	<u>\$ 60,880</u>
Margin payable to counterparty:	
Futures contracts	\$ 6,401
Swaps contracts	8,265
Foreign currency contracts	5,170
Total margin payable to counterparty	<u>\$ 19,836</u>

1. Fair Value Hierarchy

The FRS Pension Plan Trust Fund's investments are measured and reported at fair value and classified according to the following hierarchy:

Level 1 – Investments reflect unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 – Investments reflect prices that are based on inputs that are either directly or indirectly observable for an asset or liability (including quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities), which may include inputs in markets that are not considered to be active.

Level 3 – Investments reflect prices based upon unobservable inputs for an asset or liability.

The categorization of investments within the hierarchy is based upon the pricing transparency of the instrument and should not be perceived as the particular investment's risk.

Fixed income and equity securities classified as Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using quoted prices at June 30 (or the most recent market close date if the markets are closed on June 30) in active markets from the custodian bank's external pricing vendors, which utilize primary exchanges.

Fixed income securities classified as Level 2 are valued using evaluated prices from the custodian bank's external pricing vendors. The pricing methodology involves the use of evaluation models such as matrix pricing, which is based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices. Other evaluation models use actual trade data, collateral attributes, broker bids, new issue pricings and other observable market information.

Equity securities classified as Level 2 are valued using evaluated prices from the custodial bank's external pricing vendors, or alternative pricing source, such as investment managers, if information is not available from the primary vendors.

Fixed income and equity securities classified as Level 3 are valued using prices from the custodian bank's external pricing vendors or an alternative pricing source, utilizing inputs such as stale prices, cash flow models, or broker bids.

Derivative instruments classified as Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using exchange-traded prices as provided by the custodian bank's external pricing vendors. Derivative instruments classified as Level 2 receive clearing house prices, which are based on models that reflect the contractual terms of the derivatives.

Private equity funds and real estate direct investments classified as Level 3 were valued using the methodology as described in the footnotes for the *Additional GASB 72 Required Disclosures* tables, footnotes 13 and 15, respectively. Other private equity funds are measured at net asset value (NAV).

Certain investments, such as money market funds and repurchase agreements, are carried at amortized cost, and not priced at fair value. Commingled investments are measured at the net asset value (NAV) per share (or its equivalent) as provided by the investment manager.

The FRS Pension Plan Trust Fund has the following fair value measurements as of June 30, 2018 (in thousands):

FRS Pension Trust Fund

As of June 30, 2018

Investments by fair value level	Total Fair Value	Fair Value Measurements Using		
		Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Fixed income				
Certificates of deposit	\$ 200,077	\$ -	\$ 200,077	\$ -
Commercial paper	4,182,322	-	4,182,322	-
U.S. guaranteed obligations	12,308,170	-	12,308,170	-
Federal agencies	9,641,445	-	9,641,445	-
Domestic bonds and notes	7,005,685	-	6,954,900	50,785
International bonds and notes	2,197,600	-	2,187,296	10,304
Total fixed income	<u>35,535,299</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>35,474,210</u>	<u>61,089</u>
Equity				
Domestic	47,062,304	47,062,088	7	209
International	33,319,165	33,271,646	-	47,519
Total equity	<u>80,381,469</u>	<u>80,333,734</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>47,728</u>
Alternative				
Private equity funds	363,717	-	-	363,717
Real Estate direct	8,948,949	-	-	8,948,949
Derivatives¹				
Futures (fixed income)	2,691	2,691	-	-
Futures (equity)	(49,731)	(49,731)	-	-
Options purchased	40,306	40,306	-	-
Swap contracts (fixed income)	7,280	-	7,280	-
Forward currency contracts, net ²	9,500	-	9,500	-
Total derivatives	<u>10,046</u>	<u>(6,734)</u>	<u>16,780</u>	<u>-</u>
Securities lending collateral				
Domestic corporate bonds and notes	56,462	-	47,096	9,366
Total investments by fair value level ²	<u>\$ 125,295,942</u>	<u>\$ 80,327,000</u>	<u>\$ 35,538,093</u>	<u>\$ 9,430,849</u>
Investments measured at the net asset value (NAV)				
Commingled international equity funds	8,569,819			
Commingled real estate investment funds	2,457,397			
Activist equity funds	897,773			
Insurance funds	118,209			
Hedge funds	4,373,986			
Private debt/credit opportunities funds	3,125,641			
Private equity funds	13,371,340			
Private real asset funds	4,182,041			
Total investments measured at the NAV	<u>\$ 37,096,206</u>			
Other investments carried at amortized cost				
Money market funds	35,981			
Money market funds - security lending collateral	1,711,600			
Repurchase agreements	800,000			
Repurchase agreements - security lending collateral	863,630			
Total investments carried at amortized cost	<u>\$ 3,411,211</u>			
Total Investments²	<u>\$ 165,803,359</u>			
Investments sold short				
U.S. guaranteed obligations	\$ (71,843)	\$ -	\$ (71,843)	\$ -
Federal agencies	(177,174)	-	(177,174)	-
Options sold	(16,728)	(16,728)	-	-
Total investments sold short	<u>\$ (265,745)</u>	<u>\$ (16,728)</u>	<u>\$ (249,017)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

¹ Spot contracts totaling approximately \$2.8 million are not considered derivative instruments and therefore, are not included in this table.

² Forward currency contracts are valued at their net unrealized appreciation/(depreciation) and are reported on the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position as Receivables and/or Liabilities.

The valuation method for investments measured at the net asset value (NAV) per share (or its equivalent) as of June 30, 2018, is presented in the footnotes to the table below (in thousands):

FRS Pension Trust Fund
Additional GASB 72 Required Disclosures

	Fair value 6/30/2018	Unfunded Commitments	Redemption Frequency (If Currently Eligible)	Redemption Notice Period
Investments Measured at the NAV				
Commingled international equity funds ¹	\$ 8,569,819		Daily, Monthly	2 - 120 days
Commingled real estate investment funds ²	2,457,397		Quarterly	15 - 90 days
Activist equity funds ³	897,773		Monthly, Annually	65 - 90 days
Insurance funds ⁴	118,209	\$ 184,865	Monthly, Biannually	30 - 90 days
Hedge funds				
Diversifying strategies (managed futures) ⁵	1,058,404		Daily, Monthly	10 - 35 days
Equity long / short ⁶	549,946		Monthly, Quarterly	30 - 125 days
Event driven ⁷	352,438		Quarterly, Annually, Biennially	45 - 90 days
Global macro ⁸	756,624		Monthly, Quarterly	15 - 60 days
Multi-strategy ⁹	795,875		Quarterly, Annually, Biennially	60 - 90 days
Opportunistic debt ¹⁰	525,827		Quarterly, Annually	60 - 90 days
Relative value ¹¹	334,872		Quarterly	45 - 90 days
Private debt/credit opportunity funds ¹²	3,125,641	\$ 2,470,351		
Private equity funds ¹³	13,371,340	\$ 7,878,568		
Private real asset funds ¹⁴	4,182,041	\$ 2,721,631		
Total Investments Measured at the NAV	\$ 37,096,206			
Investments at Level 3				
Private equity funds ¹³	\$ 363,717			
Real Estate Direct Investments ¹⁵	\$ 8,948,949	\$ 168,929		

¹ *Commingled International Equity Funds.* The six funds in this group are primarily invested in publicly traded international equity securities. Three of these funds focus on emerging markets. Each is valued at the NAV of units held at the end of the period based upon the fair value of the underlying investments. Four funds within this strategy are redeemable daily and two funds are redeemable monthly.

² *Commingled Real Estate Investment Funds.* The eight funds in this group consist primarily of real estate investments owned directly or through partnership interests located in the United States. The investments include multi-family, industrial, retail, office, apartments and mortgage loans on income producing property. Each is valued at the NAV of units held at the end of the period based upon the fair value of the underlying investments. All funds within this strategy are eligible for redemption quarterly.

³ *Activist Equity Funds.* The three funds in this group invest in public companies with the intent to effect positive change through influencing management. The funds may be structured with a focus on specific domestic or foreign geographic regions. These investments are valued at the NAV per share. One fund (approximately 39% of this strategy) is currently eligible for redemption monthly. Another fund (approximately 35 percent of this strategy) is eligible for redemption in six months due to annual lock-up restrictions. The remaining fund (approximately 26 percent of this strategy) is subject to contractual lock-up restrictions and is not currently eligible for redemption.

⁴ *Insurance Funds.* The two funds in this group invest primarily in reinsurance contracts and insurance-linked securities. These investments are valued at the NAV per share. One fund (approximately 43 percent) is eligible for redemption in six months, subject to exit restrictions. The other fund (approximately 57 percent) has varying restrictions due to underlying investment funds and is redeemable within one to six months.

⁵ *Diversifying Strategies (Managed Futures) Hedge Funds.* The three funds that make up this group primarily trade equity and commodity futures, but can also participate in indexes, rates and currencies across global markets. These funds use a systematic approach and focus on trends in price and other market signals. These investments are valued at the NAV per share. All funds within this strategy are redeemable within a month or less, as they are not subject to lock-up restrictions.

⁶ *Equity Long/Short Hedge Funds.* Consisting of five funds, this strategy invests both long and short, primarily in U.S. and global stocks that are mispriced by the markets. These managers vary in their use of short selling, leverage and definitions of growth or value. These funds are valued at the NAV per share. Two funds (approximately 29 percent of this strategy) are currently eligible for redemption monthly, while the remaining three funds (approximately 71 percent of this strategy) are redeemable in three months or less due to quarterly redemption restrictions.

⁷ *Event Driven Hedge Funds.* The four funds in this group seek to gain an advantage from pricing inefficiencies that may occur in the onset or aftermath of a corporate action or related event. These investments are valued at the NAV per share. Three funds in this strategy are no longer under contractual lockup, but due to exit restrictions, the redemption period ranges from three to eighteen months. The remaining fund has been fully redeemed with a portion of the capital balance retained for contingency reserves.

⁸ *Global Macro Hedge Funds.* Consisting of five funds, which base their holdings (such as long and short positions in various equity, fixed income, currency, and futures markets) primarily on overall economic and political views of various countries. These funds are valued at the NAV per share. All funds in this strategy are no longer subject to contractual lock-up, and are redeemable in three months or less due to monthly and quarterly redemption restrictions.

⁹ *Multi-Strategy Hedge Funds*. The three funds in this group aim to diversify risks and reduce volatility by combining other strategies. These strategies are usually a mix of Equity Long/Short, Event-Driven, Opportunistic Debt and Relative Value. These funds are valued at the NAV per share. One fund (approximately 40 percent of this strategy) is eligible for redemption in six months or less due to annual redemption restrictions. Another fund (approximately 38 percent of this strategy) is eligible for redemption biennially with the next redemption in six months. The remaining fund (approximately 22 percent of this strategy) is eligible for redemption quarterly with the next redemption in three months.

¹⁰ *Opportunistic Debt Hedge Funds*. Consisting of four funds that pursue various strategies and asset classes, with an emphasis on mispriced debt or equity of companies in distress. These managers vary in their focus on early versus late stage situations, senior versus subordinated levels on the capital structure and non-traditional areas including high yield bonds and Emerging Markets debt, and may also pursue relative value and arbitrage strategies with various debt instruments. These funds are valued at the NAV per share. One fund (approximately 24 percent of this strategy) is eligible for redemption in six months and annually thereafter. Two funds (approximately 45 percent of this strategy) are currently eligible for redemption in three months due to quarterly redemption restrictions. The remaining fund (approximately 31 percent) is currently in the redemption process and the final distribution is expected in four months.

¹¹ *Relative Value Hedge Funds*. Consisting of two funds, this strategy focuses on benefiting from valuation discrepancies that may be present in related financial instruments by simultaneously purchasing (long) or selling (short) these instruments. These investments are valued at the NAV per share. One fund (approximately 51 percent of this strategy) is eligible for redemption in three months, subject to exit restrictions. The other fund (approximately 49 percent of the value of this strategy) is eligible for redemption in three months and quarterly thereafter.

¹² *Private Debt/Credit Opportunity Funds*. There are 53 private debt/credit funds investing primarily in Distressed, Mezzanine and Loans with some exposure to Special Situations. The fair value of these funds has been determined using the NAV at June 30, 2018, or one quarter in arrears adjusted for current quarter cash flows. These funds are not eligible for redemption. Distributions are received as underlying investments within the funds are liquidated, which on average can occur over the span of five to ten years.

¹³ *Private Equity Funds*. There are 204 private equity funds investing primarily in Leveraged Buyouts funds, Venture Capital funds, Secondary funds and Growth funds with some exposure to Special Situations, Diversifying Strategies and GP Investments. The fair value of 202 funds has been determined using the NAV at June 30, 2018, or one quarter in arrears adjusted for current quarter cash flows. The fair value of the remaining two funds (approximately 3 percent of the value of these investments) was based on external appraisals at June 30, 2018, and classified as Level 3. These funds are not eligible for redemption. Distributions are received as underlying investments within the funds are liquidated, which on average can occur over the span of five to ten years.

¹⁴ *Private Real Asset Funds*. There are 66 real asset funds, 50 of which invest in real estate assets such as commercial office buildings, retail properties, multi-family residential properties, developments or hotels. In addition, the funds may be structured with a focus on specific geographic domestic or foreign regions. The remaining 16 funds invest in infrastructure, timberland, transportation and commodities. The fair value of these funds has been determined using the NAV at June 30, 2018, or one quarter in arrears adjusted for current quarter cash flows. These funds are not eligible for redemption. Distributions are received as underlying investments within the funds are liquidated, which on average can occur over the span of five to ten years.

¹⁵ *Direct Real Estate Investments*. There are 74 direct owned/joint venture real estate assets that are valued based on annual external and/or quarterly internal appraisals and are classified as Level 3.

The HIS and Police and Fire funds, at June 30, 2018, were fully invested in the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund (Florida PRIME), a qualified external investment pool that measures for financial reporting purposes all of its investments at amortized cost. Florida PRIME currently has no limitations or restrictions on withdrawals. Section 218.409(8)(a), Florida Statutes, provides that the SBA executive director may, in good faith, on the occurrence of an event that has a material impact on liquidity or operations of the external investment pool, for 48 hours limit contributions to or withdrawals from the external investment pool to ensure that the SBA can invest moneys entrusted to it in exercising its fiduciary responsibility. With regard to liquidity fees, Section 218.409(4), Florida Statutes, provides authority for the SBA to impose penalties for early withdrawal, subject to disclosure in the enrollment materials of the amount and purpose of such fees. At present, no such disclosure has been made.

Florida PRIME currently follows all requirements in Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 79, paragraph 4, which lays out the requirements for external investment pools to report their investments at amortized cost. Florida PRIME is not required to register (and has not registered) with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Sections 218.40 through 218.415, Florida Statutes, and State Board of Administration Rules 19-7.002 through 19-7.016, Florida Administrative Code, promulgated pursuant to Section 218.405(4), Florida Statutes, govern the operation of Florida PRIME. The amortized cost of the participant account balance is reported as the fair value of the HIS and Police and Fire funds' investment in Florida PRIME.

2. Investment Risk

The FRS Pension Trust Fund has a broad range of financial investments exposed to various risks, including overall market volatility. Due to the level of risk associated with certain financial investments, it is reasonably possible that changes in the values of financial investments will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures*, requires that certain risks be discussed in the financial statements. These risks include credit risk, custodial credit risk, concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk, and foreign currency risk. Each of these risks is discussed in more detail in this note.

3. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Credit quality ratings are used as an assessment of creditworthiness and are assigned by Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organizations (NRSROs). These ratings are disclosed in aggregate by investment type for the securities held as of the financial statement date

The State Treasury Investment Pool's current rating by Standard and Poor's was A+f as of June 30, 2018.

The SBA, in compliance with Section 215.47, Florida Statutes, has adopted certain investment policies with regard to credit risk of fixed income securities, which generally are managed through individual portfolios with various asset classes. Some of the individual portfolios have slightly different restrictions on credit quality.

For the Short-Term Portfolio, securities must be high quality at the time of purchase. For short-term investment ratings, this is defined as the highest applicable rating from one of the NRSROs. For long-term investment ratings, this is defined as a minimum mid-single A rating from one of the NRSROs. Securities of a single issuer are generally limited to 5 percent of the amortized cost of the portfolio (excluding U.S. Treasuries and Agencies).

Generally, securities in other major portfolios, such as the Mortgage Index Portfolio, Intermediate Aggregate Less MBS Index Portfolio and the Core Portfolio, should be rated investment grade by at least one of the NRSROs at the time of purchase [allowing a very small allocation to below investment grade (down to BB-/Ba3) for the Core Portfolio]. Securities for a single issuer are generally limited to 5 percent of fair value of the portfolio (excluding U.S. Treasuries and Agencies).

The Mortgage Index Portfolio limits securities generally to those issued by the Government National Mortgage Association (GNMA), Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA), and Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC). No specific credit rating criteria are listed.

The Intermediate Aggregate Less MBS Index Portfolio and the Core Portfolio allow U.S. Treasuries, U.S. Government Agencies, and corporates. The Core Portfolio allows mortgage and asset backed securities, foreign debt, and municipals as well.

For security lending portfolios, eligible cash collateral investments are the following:

- Tri-party qualified repurchase obligations are collateralized by U.S. Treasury bills, notes, bonds, and/or strips, U.S. Government Agency securities, U.S. Government Agency mortgage-backed securities, and U.S. equity securities. U.S. Treasury and Government Agencies must maintain a market value of at least 102 percent of the market value of the securities subject to being repurchased and U.S. equities must maintain a market value of at least 110 percent of the market value of the securities subject to being repurchased.
- Money market mutual funds regulated by SEC rule 2a-7 and rated the highest applicable rating by at least one of the NRSROs.
- U.S. Treasury bills, notes, and bonds.

Security lending investments that were purchased prior to the policy guidelines established in December 2008 are being held to maturity in existing lending portfolios.

The following table discloses credit quality ratings related to credit risk on investments held in the FRS Pension Trust Fund at June 30, 2018 (in thousands):

FRS Pension Trust Fund
Credit Quality Ratings
As of June 30, 2018

Credit Rating ¹		Total ²	Certificates of deposit	Commercial paper	Money market funds	Repurchase agreements	Federal agencies ⁴	Domestic bonds and notes	International bonds and notes
S&P	Moody's								
A-1/AAAm		\$ 5,929,903	\$ -	\$ 4,182,322	\$ 1,747,581	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
AAA		991,251	-	-	-	-	-	659,560	331,691
AA		1,121,050	-	-	-	68,732	507,801	345,177	199,340
A		2,089,634	-	-	-	-	-	1,459,874	629,760
BBB		3,498,207	-	-	-	-	-	2,842,235	655,972
BB		77,820	-	-	-	-	-	41,422	36,398
B		19,947	-	-	-	-	-	6,924	13,023
CCC		2,055	-	-	-	-	-	2,055	-
CC		15,954	-	-	-	-	-	15,954	-
D		1,864	-	-	-	-	-	1,864	-
	Aaa	635,968	-	-	-	-	-	586,026	49,942
	Aa	41,609	-	-	-	-	-	35,214	6,395
	A	209,059	-	-	-	-	-	165,538	43,521
	Baa	539,394	-	-	-	-	-	451,547	87,847
	Ba	191,593	-	-	-	-	-	144,477	47,116
	Caa	2,510	-	-	-	-	-	2,510	-
NR	NR	10,174,385	200,077	-	-	442,299	9,133,644	301,770	96,595
		<u>25,542,203</u>	<u>\$ 200,077</u>	<u>\$ 4,182,322</u>	<u>\$ 1,747,581</u>	<u>\$ 511,031</u>	<u>\$ 9,641,445</u>	<u>\$ 7,062,147</u>	<u>\$ 2,197,600</u>

Ratings not applicable:

Repurchase agreements ³	1,152,599
U.S. guaranteed obligations ³	12,308,170
Domestic equities	47,062,304
International equities	33,319,165
Commingled international equity funds	8,569,819
Alternative investments	26,432,707
Real estate investments	11,406,346
Futures	(47,040)
Options	40,306
Swaps	7,280
Total investments	<u>\$ 165,793,859</u>

¹ S&P ratings were primarily used. If S&P did not provide a rating or did not provide the rating with the greatest degree of risk, then Moody's ratings were used. If neither rating agency issued a rating, the security was listed as "NR" (not rated). Long-term ratings are presented except for "A-1" or "A-2", which is a top tier short-term rating for S&P, and "AAAm", the top money market fund rating for S&P.

² All investments are included in this table, including security lending collateral investments.

³ U.S. guaranteed obligations and collateral for repurchase agreements, which are explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. Government, do not require disclosure of credit quality.

⁴ Federal Agency TBAs and mortgage-backed securities are classified as "NR" because they do not have explicit credit ratings on individual securities.

All futures, options and swaps contracts held by the FRS Pension Trust Fund at June 30, 2018, were exchange-traded, therefore minimizing counterparty credit risk through the use of futures and swaps clearing merchants and clearing houses.

Counterparty credit ratings related to credit risk for spot and forward foreign currency exchange contracts held at June 30, 2018, are listed below (in thousands):

FRS Pension Trust Fund
Foreign Currency Exchange Contract Counterparty Credit Ratings
As of June 30, 2018

Counterparty Credit Rating (Long/Short) ¹		Receivables	Payables	Net Unrealized Gain/(Loss)
S&P	Moody's			
AA/A-1		\$ 207,605	\$ (203,162)	\$ 4,443
A/A-1		5,013,784	(5,006,163)	7,621
BBB/A-2		866	(866)	-
	A/P-1	262	(262)	-
	A/NR	26	(26)	-
	NR/P-1	41,337	(41,102)	235
NR	NR	25,863	(25,851)	12
		<u>\$ 5,289,743</u>	<u>\$ (5,277,432)</u>	<u>\$ 12,311</u>

¹ If no rating exists, "NR" is reported.

The Police and Firefighters' Premium Tax Trust Fund and the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Trust Fund had investments in money market funds totaling \$225,653,578 and \$181,604,634, respectively, which held an S&P rating of AAAM at June 30, 2018.

4. Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the state will not be able to recover the value of investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The SBA's custodial credit risk policy states that custodial credit risk will be minimized through the use of trust accounts maintained at top tier third-party custodian banks. To the extent possible, negotiated trust and custody contracts shall require that all deposits, investments, and collateral be held in accounts in the SBA's name, or in the case of certain foreign investments, in an omnibus client account, but separate and apart from the assets of the custodian banks.

This policy applies to investments evidenced by cash or securities, but does not apply to investments evidenced by contractual agreements such as alternatives, real estate, cleared derivative instruments (futures, options and swaps), external investment pools or open-ended mutual funds. These types of investments are not exposed to custodial credit risk because their existence is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

As required by negotiated trust and custody contracts, many of the state's investments were held in the SBA's name (or, in the case of certain foreign investments, in an omnibus client account) by the custodial financial institutions. Presented below are investments that were uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty, or by the counterparty's trust department but not in the SBA's name, as of June 30, 2018 (in thousands):

FRS Pension Trust Fund
Custodial Credit Risk
As of June 30, 2018

	Fair Value
Invested security lending collateral:	
Repurchase agreements	\$ 18,630
Domestic bonds and notes	56,462
Total	<u>\$ 75,092</u>

5. Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of an investment in a single issuer. The FRS Pension Trust Fund did not hold any investments with a single issuer representing 5 percent or more of the fund's fair value (amortized cost for short-term portfolios) at June 30, 2018.

Investment policy guidelines allow the security lending programs to hold up to 30 percent of the cash collateral reinvestment portfolio in U.S. Treasury bills, notes, and bonds.

6. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of fixed income instruments. The SBA, in compliance with Section 215.47, Florida Statutes, has adopted certain investment policies with regard to interest rate risk exposure for fixed income securities, which generally are managed through individual portfolios with various asset classes. The individual portfolios may have different policies regarding interest rate risk.

For the Short-term Portfolio, the weighted-average maturity to final maturity date (WAL) is limited to 120 days in the internally managed FRS Short-term Investment Pool (STIPFRS) portfolio and weighted-average time to coupon reset (WAM) is limited to 60 days. For securities without a fixed interest rate, the next coupon reset date is used as the maturity for the reset WAM calculation. In STIPFRS, no individual security shall have a final maturity date longer than 397 days except for U.S. Treasury and Agency securities, which shall not exceed five years.

The Mortgage Index Portfolio duration should be similar to the duration of the mortgage-related fixed income market and should remain within plus or minus 0.25 years of the Barclays Capital U.S. MBS Index duration. Swaps and/or Agency debentures may contribute no more than 25 percent of the portfolio's total duration.

The Intermediate Aggregate Less MBS Index Portfolio duration should remain within plus or minus 0.25 years of the Barclays Capital U.S. Intermediate Aggregate Bond Index duration less the MBS Index component. Interest rate swaps and interest rate futures, on a net basis, may contribute no more than 25 percent of the portfolio's total duration.

The Core Portfolio duration should remain within plus or minus 0.50 years of the Barclays Capital U.S. Intermediate Aggregate Bond Index duration. Interest rate swaps and interest rate futures may contribute no more than 25 percent of the portfolio's total duration.

The Core Portfolio contains certain investments known as collateralized mortgage obligations (CMOs). CMOs are often more sensitive to interest rate changes than other fixed income instruments. Examples of CMO securities that qualify as "highly interest rate sensitive" include interest-only (IOs), principal-only (POs), and inverse floaters (INVs). IO and PO securities are transactions that involve the separation of the interest and principal components of a security. They are highly sensitive to prepayments by mortgagors, which increase the value of a PO and decrease the value of an IO. Inverse floaters (INVs) have an inverse relationship to a benchmark rate, and the coupon payment is adjusted as the interest rate changes. If the benchmark interest rate decreases, the coupon rate increases and vice versa, which allows the bondholder to benefit from declining interest rates. Similar to an IO, an interest-only inverse floater's value increases as interest rates rise.

For security lending portfolios, policy guidelines allow investment in the following:

- Tri-party qualified repurchase obligations, with a term to repurchase not to exceed 45 calendar days, that are fully collateralized by U.S. Treasury bills, notes, bonds and/or strips, U.S. Government Agency securities, U.S. Government Agency mortgage-backed securities, and U.S. Equity securities.
- Money market mutual funds regulated by SEC rule 2a-7.
- U.S. Treasury bills, notes and bonds maturing within 92 days or less.

Security lending investments that were purchased prior to the investment policy guidelines established in December 2008 are still held in the lending programs, but are slowly paying down. For investments that had floating interest rates, interest rate reset dates were used to calculate WAM).

The interest rate risk table for the FRS Pension Trust Fund as of June 30, 2018, is presented below (in thousands). Investment types related to fixed income portfolios are presented using effective weighted duration. Investment types related to short-term and security lending collateral portfolios are presented using weighted-average maturity.

FRS Pension Trust Fund

Debt Investments

As of June 30, 2018

Investment type	Total (duration)	Effective weighted duration (in years)	Total (WAM)	Weighted average maturity (in days)
Certificates of deposit	\$ -	N/A	\$ 200,077	14
Commercial paper	-	N/A	4,182,322	12
Money market funds	-	N/A	1,747,581	2
Repurchase agreements	-	N/A	1,663,630	4
U.S. guaranteed obligations:				
Treasury bills	1,117,717	0.35	-	N/A
Treasury bonds and notes	8,397,611	3.69	-	N/A
Index linked government bonds	322,918	3.18	-	N/A
Bonds and notes	15,717	3.98	-	N/A
Asset-backed	337,180	5.18	-	N/A
GNMA mortgage-backed	1,566,906	4.34	-	N/A
GNMA commitments to purchase (TBAs)	311,382	4.34	-	N/A
Mortgage-backed CMOs and CMBs ¹	238,740	6.30	-	N/A
Federal agencies:				
Discount notes	1,307,593	0.03	-	N/A
Unsecured bonds and notes	507,801	3.18	-	N/A
Agency strips	141,742	2.59	-	N/A
Mortgage-backed	4,202,301	5.13	-	N/A
FNMA, FHLMC commitments to purchase (TBAs)	1,905,623	5.21	-	N/A
Mortgage-backed CMOs and CMBs ¹	1,576,385	4.59	-	N/A
Domestic:				
Corporate bonds and notes	5,145,926	4.44	-	N/A
Asset and mortgage backed	881,814	1.44	45,556	25
Mortgage-backed CMOs and CMBs ¹	970,987	4.29	1,540	25
Municipal/provincial	13,663	4.93	-	N/A
Real estate mortgage loans	2,661	1.47	-	N/A
International:				
Government and agency obligations	721,524	3.29	-	N/A
Corporate bonds and notes	1,410,541	3.95	-	N/A
Asset and mortgage-backed	28,218	0.65	-	N/A
Mortgage-backed CMOs and CMBs ¹	37,317	5.14	-	N/A
Futures - long ²	9,141	4.44	-	N/A
Futures - short ²	(6,450)	9.02	-	N/A
Credit default swaps ²	6,343	0.07	-	N/A
Interest rate swaps ²	937	(2.82)	-	N/A
Total fixed income investments	<u>\$ 31,172,238</u>		<u>\$ 7,840,706</u>	

¹ Includes investments in IOs, POs, and INVs totaling \$53 million at June 30, 2018.

² The futures and swaps contracts' effective weighted durations were calculated using notional values rather than fair values. For foreign futures, local notional value was converted to a U.S. dollar value based on foreign exchange rates at June 30, 2018.

The effective duration of the State Treasury Investment Pool at June 30, 2018, was approximately 3.00 years. Interest rate risk information for fixed income investments sold short is presented below (in thousands):

FRS Pension Trust Fund
Sold Short¹ Debt Investment Positions
As of June 30, 2018

Investment type	Fair value (duration)	Effective weighted duration (in years)
GNMA commitments to sell (TBAs)	\$ (71,843)	4.53
FNMA, FHLMC commitments to sell (TBAs)	(177,174)	4.70
Total fixed income investments sold short ¹	\$ (249,017)	

¹ Investments sold short are reported as liabilities on the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position.

The Police and Firefighters' Premium Tax Trust Fund and the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Trust Fund had investments in money market funds totaling \$225,653,578 and \$181,604,634, respectively, which had daily liquidity at June 30, 2018.

7. Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of a deposit or investment. Under Section 215.47, Florida Statutes, and subject to the limitations and conditions of the State Constitution or of the trust agreement relating to a trust fund, moneys available for investment by the FRS Pension Trust Fund may be invested in fixed income obligations or stocks denominated in foreign currency. The SBA has developed an Investment Policy Statement (IPS) that sets ranges on investments by asset class. All asset classes may hold non-U.S. securities, depending on portfolio guidelines. For fiscal year 2018, Florida law limits the exposure to foreign securities held outside of foreign group trusts and certain other foreign entities to 50 percent of the total FRS Pension Trust Fund. There is no requirement that this exposure to foreign currency risk be hedged through forward currency contracts, although some managers are authorized to use forward currency contracts.

Commingled international equity funds are collective investments where the FRS Pension Trust Fund owns a portion of the total units in commingled funds with other investors. Exchange-traded funds (ETFs) are investment funds that hold assets such as stocks or bonds and are traded on the stock exchanges. The FRS Pension Trust Fund owns a portion of the total shares in the ETFs. Participatory notes (P-notes) allow the FRS Pension Trust Fund to participate in certain foreign equity markets where direct participation is not possible due to local government regulations, tax policies, or for other reasons. The overall investments or notes themselves are denominated in U.S. dollars, but a portion of the underlying assets are exposed to foreign currency risk in various currencies.

Alternative investments are commingled investment funds (primarily limited partnerships) where the FRS Pension Trust Fund owns a portion of the overall investment in the funds. For those funds denominated in U.S. dollars, some of the underlying investments may be exposed to foreign currency risk in various currencies.

The FRS Pension Trust Fund also holds positions in futures, options, swaps, and foreign currency contracts (see section B.9 in Note 3 to the financial statements on Derivatives for additional details) that are subject to foreign currency risk.

Following are the FRS Pension Trust Fund's investments, by currency at fair value (in U.S. dollars), exposed to foreign currency risk as of June 30, 2018 (in thousands):

FRS Pension Trust Fund
Investments Exposed to Foreign Currency Risk (fair values in U.S. dollars, in thousands)
As of June 30, 2018

Currency	FRS Pension Trust Fund Investment Type					Total
	Equity	Alternative Investments	Fixed Income	Futures, Options and Swaps	Foreign Currency Contracts-Net	
Australian dollar	\$ 975,574	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (647)	\$ (121,659)	\$ 853,268
Bangladesh taka	17,719	-	-	-	-	17,719
Brazilian real	518,490	-	-	-	(802)	517,688
British pound sterling	3,881,481	63,391	871	1,070	(32,602)	3,914,211
Canadian dollar	1,451,843	-	-	14	(17,620)	1,434,237
Chilean peso	31,192	-	-	-	-	31,192
Chinese yuan renminbi	161,119	-	-	-	(13,000)	148,119
Columbian peso	9,260	-	-	-	5,654	14,914
Costa Rican colon	3,051	-	-	-	-	3,051
Czech koruna	1,141	-	-	-	5,764	6,905
Danish krone	479,363	-	-	-	(1,484)	477,879
Egyptian pound	31,250	-	-	-	-	31,250
Euro currency unit	7,227,076	921,077	-	367	(35,628)	8,112,892
Ghanaian cedi	3,957	-	-	-	-	3,957
Hong Kong dollar	2,722,247	-	-	-	(17,216)	2,705,031
Hungarian forint	42,288	-	-	-	11,258	53,546
Indian rupee	859,735	-	-	-	62,698	922,433
Indonesian rupiah	148,011	-	-	-	50,631	198,642
Israeli shekel	102,803	-	-	-	(14,341)	88,462
Japanese yen	4,477,044	-	-	(109)	35,159	4,512,094
Kenyan shilling	26,513	-	-	-	-	26,513
Kuwaiti dinar	16,367	-	-	-	-	16,367
Malaysian ringgit	133,503	-	-	-	1,588	135,091
Mauritius rupee	2,667	-	-	-	-	2,667
Mexican peso	209,721	-	-	-	7,020	216,741
Moroccan dirham	5,318	-	-	-	-	5,318
New Zealand dollar	56,063	-	-	-	(46,009)	10,054
Nigerian naira	37,401	-	-	-	-	37,401
Norwegian krone	316,265	-	-	-	(25,886)	290,379
Omani rial	1,430	-	-	-	-	1,430
Pakistani rupee	15,080	-	-	-	-	15,080
Peruvian sol	-	-	-	-	6,700	6,700
Philippines peso	75,773	-	-	-	(18,389)	57,384
Polish zloty	85,600	-	-	-	31,248	116,848
Qatari riyal	25,257	-	-	-	-	25,257
Romanian new leu	19,225	-	-	-	6,138	25,363
Russian ruble	785	-	-	-	43,325	44,110
Singapore dollar	346,406	-	-	-	(25,753)	320,653
South African rand	423,989	-	-	-	21,332	445,321
South Korean won	1,191,859	-	-	-	(39,626)	1,152,233
Sri Lankan rupee	16,352	-	-	-	-	16,352
Swedish krona	547,351	-	-	-	9,837	557,188
Swiss franc	1,347,407	-	-	3,170	99,354	1,449,931
Taiwan new dollar	819,799	-	-	-	(2,756)	817,043
Thailand baht	217,421	-	-	-	5,283	222,704
Turkish lira	134,326	-	-	-	14,255	148,581
United Arab Emirates dirham	48,697	-	-	-	-	48,697
Vietnam dong	39,134	-	-	-	-	39,134
Total foreign currency risk	29,304,353	984,468	871	3,865	4,473	30,298,030
Other investments with potential exposure to foreign currency risk:						
Alternative investments	-	25,448,239	-	-	-	25,448,239
P-notes and ETFs	297,377	-	-	-	-	297,377
Commingled international equity funds	8,569,819	-	-	-	-	8,569,819
Total investments subject to foreign currency risk	\$ 38,171,549	\$ 26,432,707	\$ 871	\$ 3,865	\$ 4,473	\$ 64,613,465

The tables below provide additional details on the futures contracts, option contracts and foreign currency contracts that are subject to foreign currency risk. The margin payments included in “Accounts receivable” and “Accounts payable and accrued liabilities” on the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position, may also be exposed to foreign currency risk.

Futures

The FRS Pension Trust Fund’s futures contract positions at June 30, 2018, that were exposed to foreign currency risk are presented below (in thousands):

FRS Pension Trust Fund
Futures Positions Exposed to Foreign Currency Risk
As of June 30, 2018

Stock Index Futures	Currency	Number of Contracts	In Local Currency			In U.S. dollars	
			Notional Traded Exposure	Notional Market Exposure	Unrealized Gain/(Loss)	Unrealized Gain/(Loss)	
GBP FTSE 100 Index	British pound sterling	53	4,034	4,029	(5)	\$ (7)	
Canada S&P/TSE 60 Index	Canadian dollar	21	4,028	4,046	18	14	
DJ Euro STOXX 50	Euro currency unit	279	9,622	9,460	(162)	(189)	
TOPIX Index Future	Japanese yen	35	617,722	605,675	(12,047)	(109)	
Mini MSCI EAFE ¹	U.S. dollar	3,894	393,866	380,717	(13,149)	(13,149)	
Total futures subject to foreign currency risk		4,282	1,029,272	1,003,927	(25,345)	\$ (13,440)	

¹ Futures denominated in U.S. dollar are based on an index that converts the foreign issues to dollar equivalents at currency market exchange rates.

Options

The FRS Pension Plan Trust Fund’s options contract positions that were exposed to foreign currency risk are presented below (in thousands):

FRS Pension Trust Fund
Options Contract Positions Exposed to Foreign Currency Risk
As of June 30, 2018

	In Local Currency		In U.S. Dollars	
	Notional Amount	Total Market Value	Total Market Value	
Options Purchased:				
Australian dollar	42,000	438	\$ 323	
British pound sterling	75,600	815	1,077	
Euro currency unit	151,200	667	779	
Swiss franc	381,546	3,334	3,358	
U.S. dollar ¹	3,371,099	34,769	34,769	
Options Sold:				
Australian dollar	(126,000)	(1,313)	(970)	
Euro currency unit	(126,000)	(191)	(223)	
Swiss franc	(107,289)	(186)	(188)	
U.S. dollar ¹	(1,725,356)	(15,347)	(15,347)	
Total subject to foreign currency risk	1,936,800	22,986	\$ 23,578	

¹ Currency options on a currency pair that are denominated in U.S. dollars are dependent on the exchange rate of the given foreign currency relative to the U.S. dollar.

Foreign Currency Contracts

Foreign currency contracts are agreements to exchange one currency for another currency at an agreed-upon price and settlement date. Currently, there are two types of foreign currency contracts being utilized by the FRS Pension Trust Fund. Spot currency contracts are valued at spot (traded) currency rates and are used primarily for trade settlement and currency repatriation. Forward currency contracts are valued at interpolated forward rates and may be used to mitigate currency risk for changes in value associated with foreign holdings, payables and/or receivables. In addition, such contracts may be used to seek additional value independent of underlying equity assets. A currency overlay program is used to seek additional value and is run independently of the underlying equity assets. These contracts are recorded as receivables and payables on the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position. A schedule of all foreign currency contracts outstanding at June 30, 2018, is presented below, by currency (in thousands):

FRS Pension Trust Fund
Forward and Spot Foreign Currency Exchange Contracts
As of June 30, 2018

Currency	Forward Currency Contracts				Spot Currency Contracts			
	Receivables Fair Value	Payables Fair Value	Net Receivables/ Payables	Unrealized Gain/ (Loss)	Receivables Fair Value	Payables Fair Value	Net Receivables/ Payables	Unrealized Gain/ (Loss)
Australian dollar	\$ 63,110	\$ (201,988)	\$ (138,878)	\$ 1,209	\$ 31,194	\$ (13,975)	\$ 17,219	\$ 52
Brazilian real	26,952	(29,783)	(2,831)	489	3,552	(1,523)	2,029	9
British pound sterling	91,600	(106,161)	(14,561)	254	38,940	(56,981)	(18,041)	(67)
Canadian dollar	30,197	(63,454)	(33,257)	48	17,391	(1,754)	15,637	103
Chilean peso	-	(13,000)	(13,000)	436	-	-	-	-
Chinese yuan renminbi	5,654	-	5,654	(120)	-	-	-	-
Columbian peso	5,764	-	5,764	(141)	-	-	-	-
Czech koruna	-	-	-	-	747	(2,231)	(1,484)	2
Danish krone	517,086	(501,520)	15,566	6,447	169,556	(220,750)	(51,194)	(980)
Euro currency unit	7,358	(19,532)	(12,174)	14	9,135	(14,177)	(5,042)	(1)
Hong Kong dollar	11,258	-	11,258	(508)	-	-	-	-
Hungarian forint	69,856	(7,158)	62,698	(1,004)	-	-	-	-
Indian rupee	50,631	-	50,631	(1,615)	-	-	-	-
Indonesian rupiah	-	(14,341)	(14,341)	257	-	-	-	-
Israeli shekel	390,172	(462,767)	(72,595)	6,260	213,131	(105,377)	107,754	(284)
Japanese yen	-	-	-	-	2,349	(761)	1,588	-
Malaysian ringgit	23,027	(16,424)	6,603	263	448	(31)	417	-
Mexican peso	20,594	(63,804)	(43,210)	1,611	42,699	(45,498)	(2,799)	303
New Zealand dollar	47,637	(75,272)	(27,635)	(634)	1,749	-	1,749	3
Norwegian krone	6,700	-	6,700	(3)	-	-	-	-
Philippines peso	5,642	(24,208)	(18,566)	33	177	-	177	-
Polish zloty	57,505	(26,247)	31,258	(2,291)	-	(10)	(10)	-
Romanian new leu	5,741	-	5,741	(64)	436	(39)	397	3
Russian ruble	43,325	-	43,325	(394)	-	-	-	-
Singapore dollar	63,725	(99,804)	(36,079)	1,139	12,050	(1,724)	10,326	(3)
South African rand	24,854	(3,240)	21,614	(2,082)	42	(324)	(282)	-
South Korean won	2,223	(44,359)	(42,136)	1,622	4,919	(2,409)	2,510	(2)
Swedish krona	62,420	(57,209)	5,211	(2,516)	5,360	(734)	4,626	25
Swiss franc	151,580	(189,154)	(37,574)	791	351,306	(214,378)	136,928	832
Taiwan new dollar	5,703	(7,942)	(2,239)	55	-	(517)	(517)	-
Thailand baht	5,596	-	5,596	(231)	-	(313)	(313)	-
Turkish lira	17,547	(3,289)	14,258	175	-	(3)	(3)	-
U.S. dollar	1,984,256	(1,757,557)	226,699	-	586,849	(805,710)	(218,861)	2,816
Total	\$ 3,797,713	\$ (3,788,213)	\$ 9,500	\$ 9,500	\$ 1,492,030	\$ (1,489,219)	\$ 2,811	\$ 2,811

8. Security Lending

During fiscal year 2018, the FRS Pension Trust Fund participated in security lending programs with two lending agents, including the custodian and one third-party agent. These security lending programs have indemnity clauses requiring the lending agent to assume the borrower's risk from default. There are no restrictions on the amount of securities that can be loaned at one time to one borrower.

In addition to the two agent lending programs, the FRS Pension Trust Fund participated in security lending through investments in four commingled funds that do not offer borrower indemnification. The fund receives a proportionate share of the security lending income generated from these activities.

Collateral requirements for securities on loan range from 100 percent to 105 percent, depending on the lending agent, the type of security lent, and the type of collateral received. As of June 30, 2018, the FRS Pension Trust Fund had received and invested approximately \$2.7 billion in cash collateral and received \$10.3 billion in securities as collateral for the lending programs. The collateral held for the security lending transactions exceeded the fair value of the securities on loan (including accrued interest). As a result, none of the lending programs were under-collateralized at the end of the fiscal year. The SBA does not have the ability to pledge or sell the non-cash collateral securities unless the borrower defaults, so the non-cash portion is not reported on the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position.

Maturities of investments made with cash collateral generally are not matched to maturities of the securities loaned, because security lending agreements generally are open-ended with no fixed expiration date. As such, investments made with cash collateral are limited to those with a final maturity up to 92 days. However, investments in one of the security lending programs included investments with final maturities of six months or more, representing approximately 28 percent of that lender's total collateral invested at June 30, 2018. This is due to the portfolio containing some legacy non-repurchase agreement securities that will remain until they are sold or mature.

The schedule below discloses the fair value and carrying value of investments on loan at June 30, 2018 (in thousands):

Schedule of Investments on Loan Under Security Lending Agreements

As of June 30, 2018

Securities on loan for cash collateral, by security type	Fair value of Securities on Loan ¹	
		FRS Pension Trust Fund
U.S. guaranteed obligations	\$	60,950
Federal agencies		33,496
Domestic corporate bonds and notes		39,945
International bonds and notes		81,584
Domestic equities		144,785
International equities		2,165,492
Total securities on loan for cash collateral	\$	2,526,252
Securities on loan for non-cash collateral, by security type		
U.S. guaranteed obligations	\$	2,533,830
Federal agencies		5,346
Domestic corporate bonds and notes		6,404
International bonds and notes		22,667
Domestic equities		6,972,054
International equities		544,372
Total securities on loan for non-cash collateral		10,084,673
Total securities on loan	\$	12,610,925

¹ Fair value includes accrued interest on debt securities.

9. Derivatives

The FRS Pension Trust Fund accounts for derivatives in accordance with GASB Statement No. 53, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments* (GASB 53). This statement defines a derivative instrument as a financial instrument or other contract that has all of the following characteristics:

- a. Settlement factors. It has (1) one or more reference rates and (2) one or more notional amounts or payment provisions or both. Those terms determine the amount of the settlement or settlements and, in some cases, whether or not a settlement is required.
- b. Leverage. It requires no initial net investment or an initial net investment that is smaller than would be required for other types of contracts that would be expected to have a similar response to changes in market factors.
- c. Net settlement. Its terms require or permit net settlement, it can readily be settled net by a means outside the contract, or it provides for delivery of an asset that puts the recipient in a position not substantially different from net settlement.

Derivative instruments in the FRS Pension Trust Fund as of June 30, 2018, consisted of futures, options, forward currency contracts, and swaps.

The SBA has established investment guidelines for each investment portfolio. Pursuant to these guidelines, derivative investment instruments are authorized to be used as tools for managing risk or executing investment strategies more efficiently than could otherwise be done in cash markets, and may only be used as part of a prudent investment process. Various derivative investment instruments are used as part of the investment strategy to hedge against interest rate risk, currency risk in foreign markets, default risk, and mortgaged-backed security prepayment risk, and to effectively manage exposure to domestic and international equities, bonds, and real estate markets.

A futures contract is an agreement between a buyer and a seller to exchange a particular good for a particular price at a particular date in the future, all of which are specified in a contract common to all members in a market on an organized futures exchange. Upon entering into a futures contract, collateral (cash and/or securities) is deposited with the counterparty, in SBA's name, in accordance with the initial margin requirements of the counterparty. Futures contracts are marked to market daily by the board of trade or exchange on which they are traded. The resulting gain/loss is received/paid the following day until the contract expires. The frequency of cash flows depends upon specified collateral and margin limits mutually agreed upon by the SBA and third-party counterparty. Futures contracts involve, to varying degrees, risk of loss in excess of the variation margin disclosed in the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position. Losses may arise from future changes in the value of the underlying instrument.

An option gives the buyer a stipulated privilege of buying or selling a stated property, security, or commodity at a given price (strike price) within a specified time (for an American-style option, at any time prior to or on the expiration date). A securities option is a negotiable contract in which the seller (writer), for a certain sum of money called the option premium, gives the buyer the right to demand within a specified time the purchase (call) from or sale (put) to the option seller of a specified number of bonds, currency units, index units, or shares of stock, at a fixed price or rate, called the strike price.

A forward contract is a contractual obligation, typically over-the-counter, traded between two parties to exchange a particular good or instrument at a set price on a future date. The buyer of the forward agrees to pay the price and take delivery of the good or instrument and is said to be "long" in the forward contract, while the seller of the forward, or "short", agrees to deliver the good or instrument at the agreed price on the agreed date.

A swap is a contractual agreement to exchange a stream of periodic payments utilizing a central clearing house whereby each party in the transaction enters into a contract with the central counterparty. These agreements may be over-the-counter or exchange-traded. Upon entering into a swap contract through a clearing house, collateral is deposited with the counterparty, in SBA's name, in accordance with the initial margin requirements of the counterparty. Swaps are available in and between all active financial markets. Examples include:

Interest rate swap - An agreement between two parties where one stream of future interest payments is exchanged for another based on a specified principal amount. Interest rate swaps often exchange a fixed payment for a floating payment that is linked to an interest rate.

Credit default swap - An agreement that allows one party to "buy" protection from another party for losses that might be incurred as a result of default by a specified reference credit (or credits). The "buyer" of protection pays a premium for the protection, and the "seller" of protection agrees to make a payment to compensate the buyer for losses incurred if a defined credit event occurs.

The fair value, changes in fair value, and notional amounts of the derivative investments are classified by type and presented in the table below (in thousands).

FRS Pension Trust Fund	Notional (in U.S. dollars)	Increase/(Decrease) in Fair Value		Fair Value at June 30, 2018	
		Classification	Amount (in U.S. dollars)	Classification	Amount (in U.S. dollars)
Investment derivatives:					
Futures¹					
Futures (fixed income)	\$ 1,570,100	Investment Income	\$ (42,343)	Investment	\$ 2,691
Futures (equity)	1,911,248	Investment Income	147,816	Investment	(49,731)
Total futures	<u>\$ 3,481,348</u>		<u>\$ 105,473</u>		<u>\$ (47,040)</u>
Forward currency contracts, net	<u>\$ 9,500</u>	Investment Income	<u>\$ (9,014)</u>	Receivable/ (Payable), net ²	<u>\$ 9,500</u>
Options					
Options purchased	\$ 4,062,730	Investment Income	\$ (97,127)	Investment	\$ 40,306
Options sold	(2,073,613)	Investment Income	48,966	Liability	(16,728)
Total options	<u>\$ 1,989,117</u>		<u>\$ (48,161)</u>		<u>\$ 23,578</u>
Swaps					
Interest rate swaps	\$ 30,260	Investment Income	\$ 9,354	Investment	\$ 937
Credit default swaps	496,000	Investment Income	(1,953)	Investment	6,343
Total swaps	<u>\$ 526,260</u>		<u>\$ 7,401</u>		<u>\$ 7,280</u>

¹ The total notional values of long and short fixed income futures positions were \$2,174,800,000 and \$(604,700,000), respectively. The total notional value of long equity futures positions was \$1,911,248,384.

² The total receivable and payable notional and fair values (in U.S. dollars) for forward currency contracts in the FRS Pension Trust Fund were \$3,797,712,678 and \$(3,788,213,197) as of June 30, 2018, and are presented on the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position in "Forward contracts receivable" and "Forward contracts payable".

10. Commitments

Each year the FRS Pension Trust Fund enters into a number of agreements that commit the Fund, upon request, to make additional investment purchases (i.e., capital commitments) up to predetermined amounts over certain investment time periods. The unfunded capital commitments for private equity, real estate and strategic investments not reported on the FRS Pension Trust Fund Statement of Fiduciary Net Position totaled \$13.4 billion as of June 30, 2018.

NOTE 4 - NET PENSION LIABILITY

The components of the net pension liability of the state-administered pension plans are presented below:

A. Florida Retirement System (FRS) Pension Plan

Net Pension Liability	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2018
Total pension liability	\$ 183,632,592,000	\$ 191,317,399,000
Fiduciary net position	154,053,262,968	161,196,880,609
Net pension liability	29,579,329,032	30,120,518,391
Fiduciary net position as a % of total pension liability	83.89%	84.26%
Covered payroll ¹	33,775,800,000	34,675,000,000
Net pension liability as a % of covered payroll	87.58%	86.87%

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of the valuation date, calculated based on the discount rate and actuarial assumptions below. The total pension liability is calculated using the Individual Entry Age Normal cost allocation method, which differs from the Ultimate Entry Age Normal cost allocation method used in the actuarial valuation for funding purposes for the System.

Discount Rate	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2018
Discount rate	7.10%	7.00%
Long-term expected rate of return, net of investment expense	7.10%	7.00%
Municipal bond rate	N/A	N/A

The plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees if future experience follows assumptions and the Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC) is contributed in full each year. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return. The 7.00 percent rate of return assumption used in the June 30, 2018, calculations was determined by the consulting actuary, Milliman, to be reasonable and appropriate per Actuarial Standard of Practice Number 27 (ASOP 27). For additional information regarding the depletion date projection, refer to the 2018 GASB 67 Supplement to the FRS Actuarial Valuation available from the Actuarial Valuations page under the Publications page of the Division of Retirement's website at www.frs.myflorida.com.

Other Key Actuarial Assumptions

The actuarial assumptions that determined the total pension liability as of June 30, 2018, were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2008 – June 30, 2013.

Valuation date	July 1, 2017	July 1, 2018
Measurement date	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2018
Inflation	2.60%	2.60%
Salary increases including inflation	3.25%	3.25%
Mortality	Generational RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB; details in valuation report	Generational RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB; details in valuation report
Actuarial cost method	Individual Entry Age	Individual Entry Age

¹ Covered payroll shown includes the payroll for Investment Plan members and payroll on which only UAL rates are charged.

Changes in Net Pension Liability	Total Pension Liability (a)	Increase (Decrease) Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)
Balances as of June 30, 2017	\$ 183,632,592,000	\$ 154,043,110,158 ¹	\$ 29,589,481,842
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	2,423,986,932		2,423,986,932
Interest on total pension liability	12,847,930,021		12,847,930,021
Effect of plan changes	-		-
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses	554,811,477		554,811,477
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs	2,235,654,000		2,235,654,000
Benefit payments ²	(10,377,575,430)	(10,377,575,430)	-
Employer contributions		2,849,919,659	(2,849,919,659)
Member contributions		746,370,411	(746,370,411)
Net investment income		13,955,233,346	(13,955,233,346)
Administrative expenses		(20,177,535)	20,177,535
Balances as of June 30, 2018	<u>\$ 191,317,399,000</u>	<u>\$ 161,196,880,609</u>	<u>\$ 30,120,518,391</u>

Sensitivity Analysis

The following presents the net pension liability of the pension plan, calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the pension plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease 6.00%	Current Discount Rate 7.00%	1% Increase 8.00%
Total pension liability	\$ 216,168,090,000	\$ 191,317,399,000	\$ 170,677,431,000
Fiduciary net position	161,196,880,609	161,196,880,609	161,196,880,609
Net pension liability	<u>\$ 54,971,209,391</u>	<u>\$ 30,120,518,391</u>	<u>\$ 9,480,550,391</u>

¹ Reflects restatement of beginning net position due to implementation of GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*.

² Benefit payments shown above include outbound transfers to the Investment Plan and returns of contributions, net of \$70,597,178 inbound transfers from the Investment Plan.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return assumption of 7.00 percent consists of two building block components: 1) a real (in excess of inflation) return of 4.40 percent, consistent with the currently articulated real return target in the current Florida State Board of Administration's investment policy, developed using capital market assumptions calculated by Aon Hewitt Investment Consulting; and 2) a long-term average annual inflation assumption of 2.60 percent as adopted in October 2018 by the FRS Actuarial Assumption Conference. In the opinion of the FRS consulting actuary, Milliman, both components and the overall 7.00 percent return assumption were determined to be reasonable and appropriate per Actuarial Standards of Practice. The 7.00 percent reported investment return assumption differs from the 7.40 percent investment return assumption chosen by the 2018 FRS Actuarial Assumption Conference for funding policy purposes, as allowable under governmental accounting and reporting standards.

For reference, the table below contains a summary of Milliman's assumptions for each of the asset classes in which the plan was invested at that time based on the long-term target asset allocation. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption. These assumptions are not based on historical returns, but instead are based on a forward-looking capital market economic model.

Asset Class	Target Allocation ¹	Annual Arithmetic Return	Compound Annual (Geometric) Return	Standard Deviation
Cash	1.0%	2.9%	2.9%	1.8%
Fixed income	18.0%	4.4%	4.3%	4.0%
Global equity	54.0%	7.6%	6.3%	17.0%
Real estate	11.0%	6.6%	6.0%	11.3%
Private equity	10.0%	10.7%	7.8%	26.5%
Strategic investments	6.0%	6.0%	5.7%	8.6%
Assumed Inflation – Mean			2.6%	1.9%

Calculation of Money-Weighted Rate of Return

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the annual money-weighted rate of return on FRS pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 9.28 percent². The money-weighted rate of return considers the changing amounts estimated as invested during a period and weights the amount of pension plan investments by the proportion of time they are available to earn a return during that period. Cash flows are estimated on a monthly basis and are assumed to occur at the beginning of each month. Cash inflows are netted with cash outflows, resulting in a net cash flow in each month. The money-weighted rate of return is calculated net of investment expenses.

¹As outlined in the FRS Pension Plan's investment policy available from Funds We Manage on the SBA's website at www.sbafla.com.

²The money-weighted plan rate of return is an estimate using estimated level monthly net external cash flows. It may differ from the more precise return calculated by the Florida State Board of Administration.

B. Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program

Actuarial valuations for the HIS Program are conducted biennially. The July 1, 2018, HIS valuation is the most recent actuarial valuation and was used to develop the liabilities for the June 30, 2018, financial reporting exhibits shown below. The discount rates used at the two liability measurement dates differ due to changes in the applicable municipal bond index between dates.

Net Pension Liability	June 30, 2017		June 30, 2018	
Total pension liability	\$	10,870,772,218	\$	10,816,575,623
Fiduciary net position		178,310,841		232,463,369
Net pension liability		10,692,461,377		10,584,112,254
Fiduciary net position as a % of total pension liability		1.64%		2.15%
Covered payroll		31,885,632,777		32,670,918,206
Net pension liability as a % of covered payroll		33.53%		32.40%

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of the valuation date, calculated based on the discount rate and actuarial assumptions below, and was then projected to the measurement date. Any significant changes during this period have been reflected as prescribed by GASB 67.

Discount Rate	June 30, 2017		June 30, 2018	
Discount rate		3.58%		3.87%
Long-term expected rate of return, net of investment expense		N/A		N/A
Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index		3.58%		3.87%

In general, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability under GASB 67 is equal to the single rate equivalent to discounting at the long-term expected rate of return for benefit payments prior to the projected depletion date. Because the HIS benefit is essentially funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, the depletion date is considered to be immediate. The single equivalent discount rate is equal to the municipal bond rate selected by the FRS Actuarial Assumption Conference. The discount rates used at the two dates differ due to changes in the applicable municipal bond index.

Other Key Actuarial Assumptions

The actuarial assumptions that determined the total pension liability as of June 30, 2018, were based on certain results of an actuarial experience study of the FRS for the period July 1, 2008 - June 30, 2013.

Valuation Date	July 1, 2016	July 1, 2018
Measurement date	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2018
Inflation	2.60%	2.60%
Salary increases including inflation	3.25%	3.25%
Mortality	Generational RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB; details in valuation report	Generational RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB; details in valuation report
Actuarial cost method	Individual Entry Age	Individual Entry Age

Changes in Net Pension Liability	Total Pension Liability (a)	Increase (Decrease) Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)
Balances as of June 30, 2017	\$ 10,870,772,218	\$ 178,310,841	\$ 10,692,461,377
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	258,450,454		258,450,454
Interest on total pension liability	389,705,154		389,705,154
Effect of plan changes	-		-
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses	188,173,242		188,173,242
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs	(398,995,609)		(398,995,609)
Benefit payments	(491,529,836)	(491,529,836)	-
Employer contributions		542,302,523	(542,302,523)
Member contributions		236,854	(236,854)
Net investment income		3,311,309	(3,311,309)
Administrative expenses		(168,322)	168,322
Balances as of June 30, 2018	<u>\$ 10,816,575,623</u>	<u>\$ 232,463,369</u>	<u>\$ 10,584,112,254</u>

Sensitivity Analysis

The following presents the net pension liability of the HIS, calculated using the discount rate of 3.87 percent, as well as what the HIS's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.87 percent) or one percentage point higher (4.87 percent) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease 2.87%	Current Discount Rate 3.87%	1% Increase 4.87%
Total pension liability	\$ 12,287,147,049	\$ 10,816,575,623	\$ 9,590,769,127
Fiduciary net position	232,463,369	232,463,369	232,463,369
Net pension liability	<u>\$ 12,054,683,680</u>	<u>\$ 10,584,112,254</u>	<u>\$ 9,358,305,758</u>

C. Florida National Guard Supplemental Retirement Benefit Plan

Actuarial valuations for the Florida National Guard Supplemental Retirement Benefit Plan are performed biennially. The July 1, 2018, National Guard valuation is the most recent actuarial valuation and was used to develop the liabilities for the June 30, 2018, financial reporting exhibits shown below. The discount rates used at the two liability measurement dates differ due to changes in the applicable municipal bond index between dates.

Net Pension Liability	June 30, 2017		June 30, 2018	
Total pension liability	\$	586,288,494	\$	732,441,066
Fiduciary net position		-		-
Net pension liability		586,288,494		732,441,066
Fiduciary net position as a % of total pension liability		0.00%		0.00%
Covered payroll ¹		487,100,000		485,666,000
Net pension liability as a % of covered payroll		120.36%		150.81%

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of the valuation date, calculated based on the discount rate and actuarial assumptions below, and was then projected forward to the measurement date. Any significant changes during this period have been reflected as prescribed by GASB 67.

Discount Rate	June 30, 2017		June 30, 2018	
Discount rate		3.58%		3.87%
Long-term expected rate of return, net of investment expense		N/A		N/A
Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index		3.58%		3.87%

In general, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability under GASB 67 is equal to the single rate equivalent to discounting at the long-term expected rate of return for benefit payments prior to the projected depletion date. Because the National Guard benefit is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, the depletion date is considered to be immediate. The single equivalent discount rate is equal to the municipal bond rate adopted by the FRS Actuarial Assumption Conference. The discount rates used at the two dates differ due to changes in the applicable bond index.

Other Key Actuarial Assumptions

The plan has not had a formal actuarial experience study performed.

Valuation Date	July 1, 2016	July 1, 2018
Measurement date	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2018
Inflation	2.60%	2.60%
Annual Increase – Federal Military Pay Tables	2.00%	2.00%
Individual Member Salary Increase	Varies by service; separate tables for officers and enlisted	Varies by service; separate tables for officers and enlisted
Annual Cost-of-Living-Adjustment	1.50%	2.60%
Mortality	General RP- 2000 with Projection Scale BB	General RP- 2000 with Projection Scale BB
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal

¹ Covered payroll is based on the total annual wages from the active duty military pay tables for the rank held by individuals in the Army and Air National Guard which is the basis of the benefit formula.

Changes in Net Pension Liability	Total Pension Liability (a)	Increase (Decrease) Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)
Balances as of June 30, 2017	\$ 586,288,494	\$ -	\$ 586,288,494
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	9,925,133		9,925,133
Interest on total pension liability	21,080,128		21,080,128
Effect of plan changes	-		-
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses	39,056,346		39,056,346
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs	90,988,437		90,988,437
Benefit payments	(14,897,472)	(14,897,472)	-
Employer contributions ¹		14,904,972	(14,904,972)
Member contributions		-	-
Net investment income		-	-
Administrative expenses		(7,500)	7,500
Balances as of June 30, 2018	<u>\$ 732,441,066</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 732,441,066</u>

Sensitivity Analysis

The following presents the net pension liability of the plan, calculated using the discount rate of 3.87 percent, as well as what the plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.87 percent) or one percentage point higher (4.87 percent) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease 2.87%	Current Discount Rate 3.87%	1% Increase 4.87%
Total pension liability	\$ 909,917,363	\$ 732,441,066	\$ 599,639,979
Fiduciary net position	-	-	-
Net pension liability	<u>\$ 909,917,363</u>	<u>\$ 732,441,066</u>	<u>\$ 599,639,979</u>

¹ Contributions are provided by annual legislative appropriations to cover expenses and benefit payments.

NOTE 5 – INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

At June 30, 2018, amounts to be received or paid with current available resources are reported as due from or due to other funds, whereas the noncurrent portion is reported as advances from other funds. Interfund balances at June 30, 2018, consist of the following:

	Due from Other Funds within Division
	Fiduciary Funds
Due to Other Funds within Division	Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy
Fiduciary Funds	
Florida Retirement System	\$ 6,397,617

There were no interfund transfers during the year.

NOTE 6 – CHANGES IN LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Changes in long-term liabilities for fiduciary and governmental activities during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, are as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2017	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2018	Due Within One Year (Current)
Fiduciary Activities					
Pension liability	\$ 106,617	\$ -	\$ 34,568	\$ 72,049	\$ -
Compensated absences	909,487	56,091	-	965,578	306,783
Other postemployment benefits	3,642,170	9,578,968	-	13,221,138	-
Total Fiduciary Activities	<u>\$ 4,658,274</u>	<u>\$9,635,059</u>	<u>\$ 34,568</u>	<u>\$ 14,258,765</u>	<u>\$ 306,783</u>
 Governmental Activities					
Compensated absences	\$ 106,181	\$ 11,411	\$ -	\$ 117,592	\$ 32,494
Other postemployment benefits	182,677	490,413	-	673,090	-
Total Governmental Activities	<u>\$ 288,858</u>	<u>\$ 501,824</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 790,682</u>	<u>\$ 32,494</u>

The long-term liability for fiduciary activities related to pension liability represents the State University System Optional Retirement Plan (SUSORP) Trust Fund's allocated share of the applicable state's pension liability. Changes to the trust fund's allocated share of the liability occur as a result of the state's allocation process and are non-liquidating by the trust fund itself. The liability related to compensated absences will be liquidated by the SUSORP Trust Fund. The allocated share of the state's Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) liability in the Florida Retirement System Trust Fund and the SUSORP Trust fund is also reported above. The state does not currently fund the OPEB liability; therefore, it is non-liquidating.

The long-term liabilities for governmental activities related to compensated absences will be liquidated by the Police and Firefighters' Premium Tax Trust Fund, a special revenue fund. The fund's allocated share of the state's Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) liability is also reported above. The state does not currently fund the OPEB liability; therefore, it is non-liquidating.

NOTE 7 – RELATED PARTIES

The State Board of Administration (SBA), the FRS Investment Plan Trust Fund, and the Department of Management Services (DMS) state-administered retirement systems are considered to be related parties for the purposes of the system's financial statements.

The defined benefit state-administered pension funds have a variety of transactions with the SBA and the FRS Investment Plan. The DMS administers the state-administered defined benefit pension plans, including collecting employer and employee contributions, remitting those contributions to SBA for investment, requesting withdrawals from SBA for benefit payments, and paying those benefit payments to members. The SBA administers the FRS Investment Plan Trust Fund, including working with DMS to collect employer and employee contributions and processing member-directed benefit amounts between the FRS Pension Plan Trust Fund and the FRS Investment Plan Trust Fund. The SBA provides investment services to the FRS Pension Plan and the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Pension Plan and charges an investment service charge on the net asset value at the end of each month.

In addition to the defined benefit pension plans, the DMS administers the Police and Firefighters' Premium Tax Trust Fund, a supplemental funding of defined benefit plans for municipal police officers and firefighters who are not in the FRS. The SBA provides investment services to the Police and Firefighters' Premium Tax Trust Fund.

Significant transactions between the SBA, the FRS Investment Plan Trust Fund and the DMS state-administered retirement systems for fiscal year 2018 are as follows (in thousands):

	Florida Retirement System Pension Plan	Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Trust Fund	Police and Firefighters' Premium Tax Trust Fund
Payables:			
Due to SBA for investment service charges	\$ 6,053	\$ -	\$ -
Additions:			
Funds received from SBA for distributions	\$ 9,801,432	\$ 477,660	\$ 168,668
Transfers from FRS Investment Plan Trust Fund	70,597	-	-
Total Additions	\$ 9,872,029	\$ 477,660	\$ 168,668
Deductions:			
Employer/employee contributions sent to SBA	\$ 3,552,506	\$ 523,773	\$ -
Member-directed benefits sent to FRS Investment Plan Trust Fund	597,010	-	-
Investment service charges to the SBA	36,069	-	-
Premium taxes sent to SBA	-	-	180,900
Total Deductions	\$ 4,185,585	\$ 523,773	\$ 180,900

Note 8 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement (division) is part of the primary government of the State of Florida. The division participates in the State Employees' Group Health Insurance Plan administered by the Department of Management Services, Division of State Group Insurance (DSGI). The plan covers retired employees and is considered an 'other postemployment benefits' plan.

Plan Description

The DSGI Other Postemployment Benefits Plan (OPEB Plan) is a multiple-employer defined benefit plan which provides healthcare benefits in accordance with Section 110.123, Florida Statutes, and the design documents located on DSGI's website at <https://www.mybenefits.myflorida.com/health/resources>. DSGI pays the medical costs incurred by participating retired employees, net of related premiums that are paid entirely by the retiree. Pursuant to provisions of Section 112.0801, Florida Statutes, the OPEB Plan allows all employees who retire and meet retirement eligibility requirements under one of the state's retirement plans to continue medical coverage as a participant in the state's group health insurance program. Retirees are required to enroll in the Federal Medicare (Medicare) program for their primary coverage as soon as they are eligible. There are six participating employers in the Plan, including the primary government of the state and 15 of its component units which are reported as one employer in the valuation, along with five other governmental entities. Although retirees pay 100 percent of the premium amount, the premium cost to the retiree is implicitly subsidized by commingling of the claims experience in a single risk pool with a single premium determination for active employees and retirees under age 65. These rates provide an implicit subsidy for retirees because retiree healthcare costs are generally greater than active employee healthcare costs. Retirees under age 65 pay the same premium amounts as applicable to active employees. Retirees over age 65 are included in the overall risk pool but pay a lesser premium amount than is applicable to active employees because the Plan is secondary payer to Medicare Parts A and B. Employees must make an election to participate in the Plan within 60 days of the effective date of retirement or the termination date to finalized Deferred Retirement Option Program participation to be eligible to continue in the Plan as a retiree. The Plan does not provide for a cost of living allowance increase.

There are no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75. The OPEB Plan operates on a pay-as-you-go basis based on the budget and supported by the General Appropriations Act enacted each year.

Total Plan Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At July 1, 2017, there were 190,666 employees covered by the OPEB Plan, as shown in the following table:

Active Members	137,962
No Coverage Active Members	15,658
Retired and Inactive Members	37,046
Total	<u>190,666</u>

There are currently no inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits because the Plan does not provide a vested termination benefit.

Benefits Provided

The OPEB Plan provides the same healthcare benefits to retirees as those provided to active employees. Spouses and dependents of eligible retirees are also eligible for medical coverage. All full-time equivalent employees of the state are eligible to receive postemployment health care benefits. Four types of health plans are offered to eligible participants:

- Standard statewide Preferred Provider Organization (PPO) Plan
- High Deductible PPO Plan
- Standard Health Maintenance Organization (HMO) Plan
- High Deductible HMO Plan

HMO coverage is available only to those retirees who live or work in the HMO's service area. The four PPO and HMO options are considered managed-care plans and have specific provider networks. Benefit provisions are described by Section 110.123, Florida Statutes, and the design documents located on DSGI's website. The Florida Legislature establishes and amends the contribution requirements, benefit terms and benefit payments of the OPEB Plan. There were no changes in benefit terms during the measurement period. During the reporting period, the division paid \$219,246 for OPEB as the benefits came due.

Contributions

Retirees participating in the group insurance plans offered by the State of Florida are required to contribute 100 percent of the premiums. The State of Florida implicitly subsidizes the healthcare premium rates paid by retirees by allowing them to participate in the same health plan offered to active employees. Retirees under age 65 pay the same premium amounts as applicable to the active employees. Retirees over age 65 are included in the overall risk pool but pay a lesser premium amount than is applicable to active employees because Medicare is the primary payer for those retirees.

Note that the projected post-65 employee contributions for the fully-insured HMO plan are assumed to cover the entire cost of the program.

OPEB Liability

Actuarial valuations for the OPEB Plan are conducted biennially. The July 1, 2017, OPEB valuation is the most recent actuarial valuation and was used to develop the liabilities for the June 30, 2018, financial reporting exhibits.

For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State of Florida's OPEB plan and additions to / deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, the Plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

The Florida Retirement System (FRS) Trust Fund, the State University System Optional Retirement Program (SUSORP) Trust Fund and the Police and Firefighters' Premium Tax (Police and Fire) Trust Fund are allocated a share of the state's OPEB liability, deferred outflows, deferred inflows and expense based on the number of full-time equivalent positions funded by each trust fund. The division's OPEB liability is shown below:

	FRS Trust Fund	SUSORP Trust Fund	Police and Fire Trust Fund	Total
State's share of OPEB liability	\$ 7,992,160,000	\$ 7,992,160,000	\$ 7,992,160,000	
Fund's proportion	0.1635221539%	0.0019041881%	0.0085688465%	
Fund's proportionate share	<u>\$ 13,068,952</u>	<u>\$ 152,186</u>	<u>\$ 684,836</u>	<u>\$ 13,905,974</u>

The funds' proportion of the total OPEB liability and the change in proportion from the prior measurement date are shown below:

	FRS Trust Fund	SUSORP Trust Fund	Police and Fire Trust Fund
Fund's proportion at prior measurement date, June 30, 2015	0.1594433338%	0.0019123638%	0.0086056372%
Fund's proportion at measurement date of June 30, 2017	0.1635221539%	0.0019041881%	0.0085688465%
Increase/(decrease) in proportion	0.0040788200%	-0.0000081760%	-0.0000367910%

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2017. The total OPEB liability was measured as of July 1, 2016, using a discount rate of 2.85 percent. The total OPEB liability was rolled back to July 1, 2016, from June 30, 2017, at 2.85 percent, thus producing no experience gain or loss for the period ending June 30, 2017. The service cost and interest cost components of the GASB 75 expense are based on the discount rate of 2.85 percent. The following actuarial assumptions were used:

Discount Rate

Discount rate	3.58%
Long-term expected rate of return, net of investment expense	N/A
Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index	3.58%

In general, the discount rate for calculating the total OPEB liability under GASB 75 is equal to the single rate equivalent to discounting at the long-term expected rate of return for benefit payments prior to the projected depletion date. Because the OPEB benefit is essentially funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, the depletion date is considered to be immediate. All future benefits were discounted using a high quality municipal bond rate of 3.58 percent. This rate was based on the week closest to but not later than the measurement date of the Bond Buyer 20-Bond Indexes published by the Federal Reserve. The 20-Bond Index consists of 20 general obligation bonds that mature in 20 years. The average rating of the 20 bonds is roughly equivalent to Moody's Investors Service's Aa2 rating and Standard & Poor's AA.

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The healthcare cost trend rates used are consistent with the Report on the Financial Outlook for the Fiscal Years Ending June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2023, as presented on August 3, 2017, by the Self-Insurance Estimating Conference conducted by the Office of Economic and Demographic Research. Previously, after the first five years, the pre-65 and post 65 trend rate assumptions differ because of the potential timing of when the excise tax may impact the plan. It is no longer anticipated that any such adjustment will be necessary due to the constant delays in the implementation of the excise tax provision. The trend rates are a key assumption used in determining the costs of the plan, and these rates have been developed in a manner consistent with actuarial industry standards. The August 2017 report is available online at <http://edr.state.fl.us/Content/conferences/healthinsurance/archives/index.cfm>.

Trend rate assumptions vary slightly by medical plan. For the HMO plans, the initial rate is 7.8 percent, reaching an ultimate rate of 3.8 percent for years after 2075. For the PPO plans, the initial rate is 5.2 percent, reaching an ultimate rate of 3.8 percent for years after 2075.

Post-retirement participation also varies slightly by medical plan. For the HMO and PPO plans, 50 percent participation is assumed, with an assumption of 25 percent electing spouse coverage in the HMO plan and 35 percent electing spouse coverage in the PPO plan. Members who elected no coverage as active members are assumed to elect coverage in the same proportion as active members with coverage.

Other Key Actuarial Assumptions

The demographic assumptions that determined the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2018, were based on certain results of an actuarial experience study of the FRS for the period July 1, 2008 - June 30, 2013.

Valuation date	July 1, 2017
Measurement date	June 30, 2017
Actuarial value of assets	N/A – no plan assets
Inflation	2.60%
Payroll growth	3.25%
Medical aging factors	4% per year prior to age 65; 3% per year between ages 65 and 75; 2% per year between ages 75 and 85; 0% per year thereafter.
Mortality	RP-2000 Generational, Scale BB for healthy members; RP-2000, no Projection Scale for disabled members; details in valuation report
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
Marital status	80% assumed married, with male spouses 3 years older than female spouses

Changes Since the Prior Valuation

The following changes have been made since the prior valuation:

- The census data reflects changes in status for the 24-month period since July 1, 2015.
- The annual per capita claims costs have been updated to reflect current age-adjusted premiums.
- The premium rates have been updated to use the rates effective for FY 2017.
- Health care inflation rates have been updated to reflect recent healthcare trend rate surveys, blended with the long-term rates from the Getzen model published by the Society of Actuaries. Additionally, the updated trend rates reflect the information from the Report on the Financial Outlook for the Fiscal Years Ending June 30, 2017, through June 30, 2023, as adopted August 3, 2017, by the Self-Insurance Estimating Conference.
- The active mortality rates have been updated to use rates mandated by Chapter 2015-157, Laws of Florida, for pension plans. This law mandates the use of the assumption used in either of the two most recent valuations of the Florida Retirement System. The rates are those outlined in Milliman's July 1, 2016, FRS valuation report.
- The discount rate as of the measurement date for GASB 75 purposes is 3.58 percent. The prior GASB 45 valuation used 4.00 percent. The GASB 75 discount rate is based on the 20-year municipal bond rate as of June 29, 2017.

Sensitivity Analysis

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate:

The following presents the division's allocated share of the state's OPEB liability in each of the affected funds, calculated using the discount rate of 3.58 percent, as well as what the funds' OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.58 percent) or one percentage point higher (4.58 percent) than the current rate.

FRS Trust Fund			SUSORP Trust Fund		
1% Decrease 2.58%	Current Discount Rate 3.58%	1% Increase 4.58%	1% Decrease 2.58%	Current Discount Rate 3.58%	1% Increase 4.58%
\$ 16,061,247	\$ 13,068,952	\$ 10,770,519	\$ 187,031	\$ 152,186	\$ 125,421

Police and Fire Trust Fund		
1% Decrease 2.58%	Current Discount Rate 3.58%	1% Increase 4.58%
\$ 841,637	\$ 684,836	\$ 564,394

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trends:

The following presents the division's allocated share of the state's OPEB liability in each of the affected funds, calculated using the current healthcare trend rate, as well as what the funds' OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rates.

FRS Trust Fund			SUSORP Trust Fund		
1% Decrease	Current Healthcare Trend Rate	1% Increase	1% Decrease	Current Healthcare Trend Rate	1% Increase
\$ 10,614,753	\$ 13,068,952	\$ 16,358,163	\$ 123,607	\$ 152,186	\$ 190,488

Police and Fire Trust Fund		
1% Decrease	Current Healthcare Trend Rate	1% Increase
\$ 556,232	\$ 684,836	\$ 857,196

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expenses, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

In accordance with GASB 75, paragraphs 157 and 158, changes in the total OPEB liability and costs incurred by the employer related to the administration of OPEB are recognized in expense in the current measurement period, except as indicated below. For each of the following, a portion is recognized in expense in the current measurement period, and the balance is amortized as deferred outflows or deferred inflows of resources using a systematic and rational method over a closed period, as defined below:

- Differences between expected and actual experience with regard to economic and demographic factors – amortized over the average expected remaining service life of all employees who are provided with benefits through the OPEB Plan (active and inactive employees).
- Changes of assumptions or other inputs – amortized over the average expected remaining service life of all employees who are provided with benefits through the OPEB Plan (active and inactive employees).

The average expected remaining service life of all employees provided with benefits through the OPEB Plan at June 30, 2017, was 8.0 years.

The division's proportionate share for all funds of the components of collective OPEB expense and deferred outflows and inflows of resources reported in the OPEB allocation schedules for the measurement date year ended June 30, 2017, are presented below:

State Employees Group Health Insurance OPEB Plan

	Recognized in Expense Reporting Period Ended June 30, 2018	Recognition Period	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Service cost	\$ 718,050	Current	\$ -	\$ -
Interest cost	450,454	Current	-	-
Effect of plan changes	-	Current	-	-
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses (difference between expected and actual experience)	-	8.0 years	-	-
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs	(280,764)	8.0 years	-	(1,965,356)
Changes in proportion and differences between benefit payments and proportionate share of benefit payments	39,402	8.0 years	281,271	(5,454)
Benefit payments subsequent to the measurement date	(244,381)	1 year	244,381	-
Administrative expenses subsequent to the measurement date	(6,475)	1 year	6,475	-
Administrative expenses	4,635	Current	-	-
Total	\$ 680,921		\$ 532,127	\$ (1,970,810)

Deferred outflows of resources related to benefit payments and administrative expense paid subsequent to the measurement date as shown in the table above will be recognized as a reduction of the OPEB liability in the reporting period ending June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB expense will be recognized as follows:

Reporting Period Ending June 30,	OPEB Expense
2019	\$ (241,362)
2020	(241,362)
2021	(241,362)
2022	(241,362)
2023	(241,362)
Thereafter	(482,729)
Total	\$ (1,689,539)

Additional Information

The actuarial report for the OPEB plan may be obtained by contacting the Division of State Group Insurance at:

Department of Management Services
Division of State Group Insurance
Chief of Financial and Fiscal Management
P. O. Box 5450
Tallahassee, FL 32314-5450
850-921-4600 or toll free at 800-226-3734

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

A. Florida Retirement System (FRS) Pension Plan

Required supplementary information for the FRS Pension Plan is presented below:

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios¹ For the period ended June 30 (in thousands)

Total Pension Liability	2014	2015	2016	2017
Service cost	\$ 2,256,738	\$ 2,114,047	\$ 2,132,906	\$ 2,073,754
Interest on total pension liability	11,489,921	11,721,563	12,109,114	12,484,167
Effect of plan changes	-	-	32,310	92,185
Effect of economic/demographic (gains) or losses	(448,818)	1,620,863	980,192	1,412,462
Effect of assumption changes or inputs	1,256,045	-	1,030,667	10,398,344
Benefit payments	<u>(8,714,251)</u>	<u>(10,201,501)</u>	<u>(10,624,925)</u>	<u>(9,859,319)</u>
Net change in total pension liability	5,839,635	5,254,972	5,660,264	16,601,593
Total pension liability, beginning	<u>150,276,128</u>	<u>156,115,763</u>	<u>161,370,735</u>	<u>167,030,999</u>
Total pension liability, ending (a)	<u><u>\$156,115,763</u></u>	<u><u>\$161,370,735</u></u>	<u><u>\$167,030,999</u></u>	<u><u>\$183,632,592</u></u>
Fiduciary net position				
Employer contributions	\$ 2,190,424	\$ 2,438,085	\$ 2,438,659	\$ 2,603,246
Member contributions	682,507	698,304	710,717	744,839
Investment income net of investment expenses	22,812,286	5,523,287	820,583	18,801,917
Benefit payments	(8,714,250)	(10,201,500)	(10,624,925)	(9,859,319)
Administrative expenses	<u>(18,352)</u>	<u>(18,074)</u>	<u>(18,507)</u>	<u>(18,340)</u>
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	16,952,615	(1,559,898)	(6,673,473)	12,272,343
Fiduciary net position, beginning	<u>133,061,677</u>	<u>150,014,292</u>	<u>148,454,394</u>	<u>141,780,921</u>
Fiduciary net position, ending (b)	<u><u>\$150,014,292</u></u>	<u><u>\$148,454,394</u></u>	<u><u>\$141,780,921</u></u>	<u><u>\$154,053,263</u></u> ²
Net pension liability, ending = (a) - (b)	\$ 6,101,471	\$ 12,916,341	\$ 25,250,078	\$ 29,579,329
Fiduciary net position as a % of total pension liability	96.09%	92.00%	84.88%	83.89%
Covered payroll ³	\$ 24,723,565	\$ 32,726,034	\$ 33,214,217	\$ 33,775,800
Net pension liability as a % of covered payroll	24.68%	39.47%	76.02%	87.58%

The notes to required supplementary information are an integral part of these schedules.

¹ This schedule will fill in to a ten-year schedule as results for new fiscal years are calculated.

² Reflects restatement of beginning net position at July 1, 2017, due to implementation of GASB 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*.

³ For June 30, 2015, and later, covered payroll shown includes the payroll for Investment Plan members and payroll on which only UAL rates are charged.

2018

\$ 2,423,987
12,847,930
-
554,811
2,235,654
(10,377,575)
7,684,807

183,632,592
\$191,317,399

\$ 2,849,920
746,370
13,955,233
(10,377,575)
(20,178)
7,153,770

154,043,111
\$161,196,881

\$ 30,120,518
84.26%

\$ 34,675,000
86.87%

Notes to the Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of the valuation date of July 1, 2018, calculated based on the discount rate and actuarial assumptions below:

Discount Rate	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2018
Discount rate	7.10%	7.00%
Long-term expected rate of return, net of investment expense	7.10%	7.00%
Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index	N/A	N/A

The plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees if future experience follows assumptions and the Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC) is contributed in full each year. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return. The 7.00 percent rate of return assumption used in the June 30, 2018, calculations was determined by the consulting actuary, Milliman, to be reasonable and appropriate per Actuarial Standard of Practice Number 27 (ASOP 27). For additional information regarding the depletion date projection, refer to the 2018 GASB 67 Supplement to the FRS Actuarial Valuation available from the Actuarial Valuations page under the Publications page of the Division of Retirement's website at www.frs.myflorida.com.

Other Key Actuarial Assumptions

The actuarial assumptions that determined the total pension liability as of June 30, 2017, were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2008 - June 30, 2013.

Valuation Date	July 1, 2017	July 1, 2018
Measurement Date	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2018
Asset Valuation Method	Fair Market Value	Fair Market Value
Inflation	2.60%	2.60%
Salary increases including inflation	3.25%	3.25%
Mortality	Generational RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB ¹	Generational RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB ²
Actuarial cost method	Individual Entry Age	Individual Entry Age

¹ See July 1, 2017, Actuarial Valuation Report for details.

² See July 1, 2018, Actuarial Valuation Report for details.

Schedule of Employer Contributions

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Actuarially Determined Contribution ¹	Actual Employer Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Payroll ²	Contribution as a % of Covered Payroll
2009	2,535,854,000	2,808,418,000	(272,564,000)	26,554,114,000	10.58%
2010	2,447,374,000	2,721,618,000	(274,244,000)	25,747,369,000	10.57%
2011	3,680,042,000	3,050,684,000	629,358,000	25,668,958,000	11.88%
2012	1,962,816,000	1,185,310,000	777,506,000	24,476,272,000	4.84%
2013	2,091,343,000	1,388,656,000	702,687,000	24,553,693,000	5.66%
2014	2,190,424,344	2,190,424,344	-	24,723,565,000	8.86%
2015	2,438,084,925	2,438,084,925	-	32,726,034,000	7.45%
2016	2,438,659,458	2,438,659,458	-	33,214,217,000	7.34%
2017	2,603,246,196	2,603,246,196	-	33,775,800,000	7.71%
2018	2,849,919,659	2,849,919,659	-	34,675,000,000	8.22%

Notes to the Schedule of Employer Contributions

The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used in the July 1, 2018, funding valuation. Refer to the valuation report dated December 1, 2018, for further details.

Valuation Timing	Actuarially determined contribution rates for a given plan year are calculated in the valuation conducted as of the beginning of the preceding plan year (e.g., rates for the 2019-2020 plan year are calculated in the July 1, 2018 actuarial valuation).
Actuarial Cost Method	Ultimate Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	
Level percent or level dollar	Level percent
Closed, open, or layered periods	Closed, layered
Amortization period at July 1, 2017	30 years
Payroll growth rate	3.25%
Asset Valuation Method	
Smoothing period	5 years
Recognition method	Asymptotic
Corridor	80% - 120% of fair market value
Inflation	2.60%
Salary Increases	Varies by membership class, length of service and gender; details in valuation report
Investment Rate of Return³	7.40%
Cost of Living Adjustments	3% for pre-July 2011 benefit service; 0% thereafter
Retirement Age	Varies by tier, membership class, age and gender; details in valuation report
Turnover	Varies by membership class, length of service, age and gender; details in valuation report
Mortality	Generational RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB, details in actuarial valuation report for plan funding purposes

¹ For fiscal years prior to 2013-14 the Annual Required Contribution under GASB Statement No. 27 is shown.

² For the fiscal years ended 2014 and before, covered payroll shown includes defined benefit plan actives and members in DROP, but excludes the payroll for Investment Plan members and payroll on which only UAL rates are charged. For the fiscal years 2015 and later, covered payroll shown includes the payroll for Investment Plan members and payroll on which only UAL rates are charged.

³ The 7.40 percent return was chosen by the 2018 FRS Actuarial Assumption Conference and differs from the 7.00 percent investment return assumption that is used as the discount rate for determining the net pension liability.

Money-Weighted Rate of Return

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Net Money-Weighted Rate of Return
2014	17.57%
2015	3.77%
2016	0.57%
2017	13.59%
2018	9.28%

The above schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for ten years and will fill in to a ten-year schedule as results for new fiscal years are calculated. For the calculation of the money-weighted rate of return, refer to the 2018 GASB 67 Supplement to the FRS Actuarial Valuation available from the Actuarial Valuations page under the Publications page of the Division of Retirement's website at www.frs.myflorida.com.

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B. Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program

Required supplementary information for the HIS Program is presented below:

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios¹ For the period ended June 30 (in thousands)

Total Pension Liability	2014	2015	2016	2017
Service cost	\$ 190,371	\$ 217,519	\$ 256,710	\$ 304,537
Interest on total pension liability	409,907	405,441	390,757	337,486
Effect of plan changes	-	-	-	-
Effect of economic/demographic (gains) or losses	-	-	(30,826)	-
Effect of assumption changes or inputs	386,383	607,698	1,352,459	(1,073,716)
Benefit payments	(407,276)	(425,086)	(449,857)	(465,980)
Net change in total pension liability	579,385	805,572	1,519,243	(897,673)
Total pension liability, beginning	8,864,244	9,443,629	10,249,201	11,768,445
Total pension liability, ending (a)	<u>\$ 9,443,629</u>	<u>\$ 10,249,201</u>	<u>\$ 11,768,445</u>	<u>\$ 10,870,772</u>
Fiduciary net position				
Employer contributions	\$ 342,566	\$ 382,454	\$ 512,564	\$ 529,229
Member contributions	-	-	-	-
Investment income net of investment expenses	219	208	565	1,380
Benefit payments	(407,275)	(425,085)	(449,857)	(465,980)
Administrative expenses	(54)	(188)	(188)	(177)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	(64,544)	(42,611)	63,084	64,452
Fiduciary net position, beginning	157,929	93,385	50,774	113,859
Fiduciary net position, ending (b)	<u>\$ 93,385</u>	<u>\$ 50,774</u>	<u>\$ 113,859</u>	<u>\$ 178,311</u>
Net pension liability, ending = (a) - (b)	\$ 9,350,244	\$ 10,198,427	\$ 11,654,586	\$ 10,692,461
Fiduciary net position as a % of total pension liability	0.99%	0.50%	0.97%	1.64%
Covered payroll	\$ 29,676,340	\$ 30,340,449	\$ 30,875,274	\$ 31,885,633
Net pension liability as a % of covered payroll	31.51%	33.61%	37.75%	33.53%

The notes to required supplementary information are an integral part of these schedules.

¹ This schedule will fill to a ten-year schedule as results for new fiscal years are calculated.

2018

\$ 258,450
389,705
-
188,173
(398,996)
(491,528)

(54,196)

10,870,772

\$ 10,816,576

\$ 542,303
237
3,311
(491,531)
(168)

54,152

178,311

\$ 232,463

\$ 10,584,113

2.15%

\$ 32,670,918

32.40%

Notes to Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of the valuation date of July 1, 2018, calculated based on the discount rate and actuarial assumptions below.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The same demographic and pay-related assumptions that were used in the Florida Retirement System Actuarial Valuation as of July 1, 2018, (“funding valuation”) were used for the HIS program, unless otherwise noted. In a given membership class and tier, the same assumptions for both Investment Plan (IP) members and for FRS Pension Plan members were used.

Discount Rate	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2018
Discount rate	3.58%	3.87%
Long-term expected rate of return, net of investment expense	N/A	N/A
Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index	3.58%	3.87%

In general, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability under GASB 67 is equal to the single rate equivalent to discounting at the long-term expected rate of return for benefit payments prior to the projected depletion date. Because the HIS benefit is essentially funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, the depletion date is considered to be immediate, and the single equivalent discount rate is equal to the municipal bond rate selected by the plan sponsor. The discount rate used in the 2018 valuation was updated from 3.58 percent to 3.87 percent, reflecting the change in the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20- Bond Municipal Bond Index as of June 30, 2018.

Other Key Actuarial Assumptions

The actuarial assumptions that determined the total pension liability as of June 30, 2018, were based on the results of an actuarial experience study of the FRS for the period July 1, 2008 - June 30, 2013.

Valuation Date	July 1, 2016	July 1, 2018
Measurement Date	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2018
Inflation	2.60%	2.60%
Salary increases including inflation	3.25%	3.25%
Mortality	Generational RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB ¹	Generational RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB ²
Actuarial cost method	Individual Entry Age	Individual Entry Age

Program Contribution Rates

The HIS essentially uses a “pay-as-you-go” funding structure. As of the June 30, 2018, accumulated HIS assets constituted approximately five months of projected benefit payments. The ability of the current statutory contribution rate to pay full HIS benefits is very sensitive to near-term demographic experience, particularly the volume and timing of retirements and the amount of payroll on which the statutory rate is charged.

¹ See July 1, 2017, Actuarial Valuation Report for details.

² See July 1, 2018, Actuarial Valuation Report for details.

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C. Florida National Guard Supplemental Retirement Benefit (National Guard) Plan

Required supplementary information for the National Guard Plan is presented below:

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios¹ For the period ended June 30 (in thousands)

Total Pension Liability	2014	2015	2016	2017
Service cost	\$ 5,979	\$ 7,161	\$ 9,044	\$ 12,904
Interest on total pension liability	18,852	19,164	19,259	19,100
Effect of plan changes	-	-	-	-
Effect of economic/demographic (gains) or losses	-	-	27,462	-
Effect of assumption changes or inputs	27,926	46,330	118,279	(95,585)
Benefit payments	(14,366)	(14,423)	(14,413)	(14,677)
Net change in total pension liability	38,391	58,232	159,631	(78,258)
Total pension liability, beginning	408,292	446,683	504,915	664,547
Total pension liability, ending (a)	<u>\$ 446,683</u>	<u>\$ 504,915</u>	<u>\$ 664,547</u>	<u>\$ 586,288</u>
Fiduciary net position				
Employer contributions	\$ 14,366	\$ 14,495	\$ 14,423	\$ 14,720
Member contributions	-	-	-	-
Investment income net of investment expenses	-	-	-	-
Benefit payments	(14,366)	(14,423)	(14,413)	(14,677)
Administrative expenses	-	(72)	(10)	(43)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	-	-	-	-
Fiduciary net position, beginning	-	-	-	-
Fiduciary net position, ending (b)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Net pension liability, ending = (a) - (b)	\$ 446,683	\$ 504,915	\$ 664,547	\$ 586,288
Fiduciary net position as a % of total pension liability	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Covered payroll	\$ 466,939	\$ 476,278	\$ 477,549	\$ 487,100
Net pension liability as a % of covered payroll	95.66%	106.01%	139.16%	120.36%

The notes to required supplementary information are an integral part of these schedules.

¹ This schedule will fill to a ten-year schedule as results for new fiscal years are calculated.

2018

\$	9,925
	21,080
	-
	39,056
	90,990
	(14,898)
	<hr/> 146,153
	586,288
\$	<hr/> <hr/> 732,441

\$	14,905
	-
	-
	(14,897)
	(8)
	<hr/> -
	-
\$	<hr/> <hr/> -

\$	732,441
	0.00%
\$	485,666
	150.81%

Notes to Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios:

The Florida National Guard Supplemental Retirement Benefit Plan is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis by an annual appropriation from General Revenue by the Legislature, rather than by employer contributions and investment earnings. Any appropriated funds not obligated for benefit payments and expenses owed at June 30 of each year revert to the General Revenue Fund.

Discount Rate	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2018
Discount rate	3.58%	3.87%
Long-term expected rate of return, net of investment expense	N/A	N/A
Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index	3.58%	3.87%

In general, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability under GASB 67 is equal to the single rate equivalent to discounting at the long-term expected rate of return for benefit payments prior to the projected depletion date. Because the National Guard benefit is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, the depletion date is considered to be immediate, and the single equivalent discount rate is equal to the municipal bond rate selected by the plan sponsor. The discount rate used was updated from 3.58 percent to 3.87 percent as of June 30, 2018, reflecting the change during the fiscal year in the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20- Bond Municipal Bond Index.

Other Key Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of the valuation date of July 1, 2018, calculated based on the discount rate and actuarial assumptions below.

Valuation Date	July 1, 2016	July 1, 2016
Measurement date	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2017
Inflation	2.60%	2.60%
Annual Increase – Federal Military Pay Tables	2.00%	2.00%
Individual Member Salary Increase	Varies by service; separate tables for officers and enlisted ¹	Varies by service; separate tables for officers and enlisted ²
Annual Cost-of-Living-Adjustment	1.50%	2.60%
Mortality	General RP-2000 With Projection Scale BB	General RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal

¹ See July 1, 2017, Actuarial Valuation Report for details.

² See July 1, 2018, Actuarial Valuation Report for details.

D. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Plan

Required supplementary information for the OPEB Plan is presented below:¹

Schedule of FRS Trust Fund's Proportionate Share of the State's Total OPEB Liability

		2017
Proportion of the State's OPEB liability		0.1635221539%
Proportionate share of the State's OPEB liability	\$	13,068,952
Covered-employee payroll	\$	9,417,561
Proportionate share of the State's OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		138.77%

Schedule of SUSORP Trust Fund's Proportionate Share of the State's Total OPEB Liability

		2017
Proportion of the State's OPEB liability		0.0019041881%
Proportionate share of the State's OPEB liability	\$	152,186
Covered-employee payroll	\$	151,057
Proportionate share of the State's OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		100.75%

Schedule of Police and Firefighters' Trust Fund's Proportionate Share of the State's Total OPEB Liability

		2017
Proportion of the State's OPEB liability		0.0085688465%
Proportionate share of the State's OPEB liability	\$	684,836
Covered-employee payroll	\$	672,525
Proportionate share of the State's OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		101.83%

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB 75 to pay related benefits. There were no changes to benefit terms during the measurement period. The number of total participants increased slightly since the July 1, 2015, valuation; however retiree contributions were not as high as expected. As such, the net implicit subsidy gap further widened, and costs increased. Amounts reported as changes of assumptions resulted primarily from decreasing the assumed discount rate from 4.00 percent (used in the prior GASB 45 valuation) to 3.58 percent.

¹ These schedules will fill into ten-year schedules as results for new fiscal years are calculated.

E. Budgetary Reporting

Budget Process

Each year, the head of the Department of Management Services submits a legislative budget request to the Governor and Legislature as required by Section 216.023(01), Florida Statutes. The Governor, as Chief Budget Officer, submits his recommended budget to each legislator at least 30 days before the annual legislative session.

Revenue estimates for trust funds not projected by the Revenue Estimating Conference, such as the Police and Firefighters' Premium Tax Trust Fund, are provided by the state agency. These estimates may be revised during the course of the Legislature's consideration and adoption of a final budget. These estimates, together with known available cash balances, are further considered by the Governor during the preparation of annual spending plans. Adjustments to the original budget's trust fund revenue estimates may be made to conform agency revenue estimates to actual and projected revenue streams.

The Legislature considers and amends the Governor's recommended budget and a final appropriations bill is then approved by the Legislature (subject to the line-item veto power of the Governor and override authority of the Legislature); this bill then becomes the General Appropriations Act. The Governor may, under certain conditions and subject to the review and objection procedures set forth in Section 216.177, Florida Statutes, establish appropriations and corresponding releases for amounts not appropriated by the Legislature to agencies. This includes appropriations for non-operating disbursements, such as the purchase of investments and the transfer of money between state funds.

The head of a department may transfer appropriations, but only to the extent of 5 percent of the original appropriation or \$250,000, whichever is greater, or within certain programs and between identical funding sources and specific appropriation categories. The Governor may approve changes of expenditure authority within any trust fund if the changes are less than \$1 million. The Legislative Budget Commission may approve trust fund changes in excess of \$1 million. At the end of the fiscal year, any balance of an operating appropriation which has not been disbursed but is expended (recorded as a payable) or contracted to be expended (recorded as a reserve for encumbrances), may be carried forward into the next fiscal year. Any appropriations not disbursed by September 30 will revert pursuant to Section 216.301(1), Florida Statutes.

The Chief Financial Officer approves disbursements in accordance with legislative authorizations. The budget is controlled at the account code level, which is defined as an appropriation category (e.g., salaries and benefits), and funded within a budget entity. The Governor and Chief Financial Officer are responsible for detecting conditions which could lead to a deficit in an agency's funds and reporting that fact to the Legislative Budget Commission. The Constitution of the State, Article VII, Section 1(d), states, "Provision shall be made by law for raising sufficient revenue to defray the expenses of the state for each fiscal period."

Budgetary Basis of Accounting

The budgetary basis of accounting required by state law differs materially from the basis used to report revenues and expenditures in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Appropriations are made from various funds that are prescribed by law, such as the Police and Firefighters' Premium Tax Trust Fund.

A budgetary comparison schedule for the Police and Firefighters' Premium Tax Trust Fund is presented as part of the other required supplementary information.

Budgetary basis revenues are essentially reported on a cash basis and include amounts classified by GAAP as other financing sources. Budgetary basis expenditures include disbursements, except for those for prior year carry/certified forwards, plus current year payables and encumbrances which are carried/certified forward into the next fiscal year. They also include amounts classified by GAAP as other financing uses. State law requires prior year payables and encumbrances not carried/certified forward to be paid from the current year budget.

Budget to GAAP Reconciliation

The budgetary comparison schedules for the Police and Firefighters' Premium Tax Trust Fund present comparisons of the original budget and final budget with actual revenues and expenditures on a budgetary basis. A budget to GAAP reconciliation is presented following the budgetary comparison schedules because accounting principles for budgetary basis differ significantly from those used to present financial statements in conformity with GAAP.

**BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES
MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018**

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Fund Balance, July 1, 2017	\$ 44,070,875	\$ 44,070,875	\$ 44,070,875	\$ -
Reversions	61,070	61,070	61,070	-
Fund Balance, July 1, 2017, restated	<u>44,131,945</u>	<u>44,131,945</u>	<u>44,131,945</u>	<u>-</u>
REVENUES				
Premium tax	187,100,000	174,000,000	174,281,579	281,579
Interest	613,905	2,500,000	2,567,015	67,015
Net Investment Activity	(14,799,015)	(14,799,015)	(14,799,015)	-
Transfers	309	308	308	-
Total Revenues	<u>172,915,199</u>	<u>161,701,293</u>	<u>162,049,887</u>	<u>348,594</u>
Total Available Resources	<u>217,047,144</u>	<u>205,833,238</u>	<u>206,181,832</u>	<u>348,594</u>
EXPENDITURES				
<u>Operating Expenditures:</u>				
Salaries and Benefits	813,350	829,986	676,349	153,637
Expenses	83,389	83,389	54,820	28,569
Special Categories	218,195	218,178	212,933	5,245
Total Operating Expenditures	<u>1,114,934</u>	<u>1,131,553</u>	<u>944,102</u>	<u>187,451</u>
<u>Nonoperating expenditures:</u>				
Transfers	22,600,000	22,600,000	11,613,582	10,986,418
Refunds	100,000	100,000	-	100,000
Distributions to Municipalities	153,000,000	153,000,000	143,573,566	9,426,434
Other	15,855,000	15,855,000	13,622,526	2,232,474
Total Nonoperating Expenditures	<u>191,555,000</u>	<u>191,555,000</u>	<u>168,809,674</u>	<u>22,745,326</u>
Total Expenditures	<u>192,669,934</u>	<u>192,686,553</u>	<u>169,753,776</u>	<u>22,932,777</u>
Fund Balance, June 30, 2018	<u>\$ 24,377,210</u>	<u>\$ 13,146,685</u>	<u>\$ 36,428,056</u>	<u>\$ 23,281,371</u>

**BUDGET TO GAAP RECONCILIATION
MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018**

	Police and Firefighters' Premium Tax Trust Fund
Budgetary basis fund balance	\$ 36,428,056
Items not included in budgetary basis fund balance:	
Non-State Treasury cash and investments	225,653,578
Other GAAP basis fund balances not included in budgetary basis fund balances	-
Adjusted budgetary basis fund balances	<u>262,081,634</u>
Adjustments (basis differences):	
Net receivables (payables) not carried forward	(63,827,151)
Encumbrances	152,755
GAAP basis fund balances	<u>\$ 198,407,238</u>

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Other Supplementary Information



Florida Atlantic University – Boca Raton, Florida

SCHEDULE OF ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

as of June 30, 2018

	Florida Retirement System	Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy	Florida National Guard Supplemental Retirement Benefit Plan	State University System Optional Retirement Program
Personnel services				
Salaries	\$ 7,499,510	\$ 134,492	\$ -	\$ 134,517
State retirement contributions	631,943	-	-	6,240
Insurance contributions	1,931,601	-	-	16,225
Social security	158,935	-	-	1,922
Workers' compensation	96,701	-	-	-
Other post employment benefits	641,421	-	-	6,938
Compensated absences	17,564	-	-	2
Pension expense ¹	-	-	-	(75,702)
Subtotal	10,977,675	134,492	-	90,142
Professional services				
Actuarial services	366,754	15,000	7,500	-
Contractual IT services and monitoring	3,707,253	-	-	-
Legal services	86,753	-	-	-
Other contractual services	279,788	-	-	5,438
Other contractual services - data processing	772,006	-	-	-
Subtotal	5,212,554	15,000	7,500	5,438
Communication				
Postage and freight	508,490	17,817	-	12,931
Printing and reproduction	113,016	-	-	5
Telephone	426,685	-	-	18
Travel	31,155	-	-	-
Subtotal	1,079,346	17,817	-	12,954
Other operating expenses				
Administrative overhead assessment	1,198,040	-	-	-
Data processing supplies	166,464	-	-	-
Depreciation	139,993	-	-	-
Dues and subscriptions	10,949	-	-	1,694
Equipment leasing	21,673	-	-	-
Furniture and equipment	117,515	-	-	-
Human resources overhead assessment	51,392	1,013	-	1,215
Insurance	9,834	-	-	-
Materials and supplies	6,060	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	50,654	-	-	-
Office rental	991,622	-	-	9,765
Office supplies	50,904	-	-	-
Repairs and maintenance	2,490	-	-	-
Utilities	90,370	-	-	833
Subtotal	2,907,960	1,013	-	13,507
Total Administrative Expenses	\$ 20,177,535	\$ 168,322	\$ 7,500	\$ 122,041

¹ This represents the SUSORP Trust Fund's allocated share of pension-related expense. Charges may be positive or negative.

Investment Section



New College of Florida – Sarasota, Florida



**STATE BOARD OF ADMINISTRATION
OF FLORIDA**

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GOVERNOR
CHAIR

JIMMY PATRONIS
CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

PAM BONDI
ATTORNEY GENERAL

ASH WILLIAMS
EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR & CIO

December 17, 2018

TO: Members of the Florida Legislature
Members of the Florida Retirement System

RE: Assets of the Florida Retirement System Pension Plan

The State Board of Administration of Florida (SBA) manages the assets of the Florida Retirement System (FRS). The Board consists of Governor Rick Scott, Chairman, Chief Financial Officer Jimmy Patronis, and Attorney General Pam Bondi. The primary investment objectives for the FRS Pension Plan are to provide investment returns sufficient to ensure timely payment of promised benefits and keep plan costs at a reasonable level. The portfolio consists of a highly diversified asset mix of investments, which includes government and corporate bonds, common stocks, income-producing real estate, alternative investments, and short-term money market instruments. The proportions of major asset classes in the FRS Pension Plan portfolio, by quarter, are shown below:

**FRS Pension Plan Market Value
Fiscal Year 2017-2018**

	<u>9/30/17</u>	<u>12/31/17</u>	<u>3/31/18</u>	<u>6/30/18</u>
Fund Market Value	\$157.56 billion	\$162.09 billion	\$160.53 billion	\$160.44 billion

**Actual Quarter-End Asset Allocation
Fiscal Year 2015-2016**

Asset Classes	<u>9/30/17</u>	<u>12/31/17</u>	<u>3/31/18</u>	<u>6/30/18</u>
Global Equity	57.5%	57.7%	56.6%	56.1%
Fixed Income	18.1%	17.6%	18.7%	18.7%
Real Estate	8.7%	8.6%	8.8%	8.9%
Private Equity	6.5%	6.5%	6.8%	7.1%
Strategic Investments	8.3%	8.2%	8.0%	8.1%
Cash Equivalents/Short Term	<u>0.8%</u>	<u>1.4%</u>	<u>1.1%</u>	<u>1.1%</u>
Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Columns may not total due to rounding.

**Annualized FRS Pension Plan Investment Performance
(By Fiscal Year Periods Ending June 30, 2018)**

	10 Years	5 Years	3 Years	1 Year
FRS Pension Plan Public and Private Markets	<u>2008-2018</u>	<u>2013-2018</u>	<u>2015-2018</u>	<u>2017-2018</u>
Total FRS Pension Plan	6.85%	8.69%	7.62%	8.98%

Investment performance of the FRS Pension Plan is reported in the SBA's 2017-18 Investment Report. The annual report is prepared before January 1, in compliance with Section 215.44(5), Florida Statutes, and includes detailed information on FRS Pension Plan investment assets, strategy, and performance. The SBA's performance consultant, Bank of New York Mellon, independently prepares reported performance data.

Respectfully submitted,

Ash Williams
Executive Director & Chief Investment Officer

Overview and Investment Objective

The State Board of Administration of Florida (SBA) is responsible for managing and investing the assets of the Florida Retirement System (FRS) Trust Fund in accordance with applicable law, policies, and fiduciary standards for the benefit of the members and surviving beneficiaries of the FRS Pension Plan. The Florida Retirement System (FRS) Pension Plan, a defined benefit plan, comprises over 80 percent of total assets under SBA management. The FRS Pension Plan serves a working and retired membership base of nearly one million public employees.

The Investment Section provides an overview of the investment activities of the FRS Trust Fund for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. This section should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and other information provided in this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). For more information see the State Board of Administration 2017-18 Annual Investment Report available from Annual Investment Reports on the Performance and Reports page of the SBA's website at www.sbafla.com.

The SBA follows statutory guidelines and a substantial body of internal policies and procedures in investing the FRS Pension Plan assets. It has a robust governance and control structure in place, utilizes a wide array of professional consultants and external analysts, and employs a highly qualified staff of investment professionals. In keeping with the SBA's commitment to disciplined investment management services, the Investment Advisory Council provides independent oversight of the FRS Pension Fund's general objectives, policies and strategies.

The Pension Plan's long-term financial health rests on three legs: solid long-term investment performance, receipt of actuarially required annual contributions, and a reasonable benefit package.

The SBA's commitment to obtaining solid long-term performance is vital to ensuring that the FRS Pension Plan continues to help participating retirees meet their financial goals and that fund assets are invested prudently. However, investment gains alone are not sufficient to maintain the fund's financial health. Approximately 60 percent+ paid to a retiree comes from investment gains, not from taxpayers or participants through contributions.

Annually determined actuarially sound rates of contribution into the fund are necessary to ensure that the investment base is large enough to meet future Pension Plan benefit obligations. Contribution rates are set by the state legislature, along with plan structure and benefit levels. The Division of Retirement in the Department of Management Services administers the Pension Plan, directs actuarial studies, and makes benefit payments.

Performance

The SBA's investment policy objective for the FRS Pension Plan portfolio is to provide investment returns sufficient for the plan to be maintained in a manner that ensures the timely payment of promised benefits to current and future participants and to keep costs at a reasonable level, given actuarially required contributions. The SBA's investment objective is to earn a compounded return of 5 percent plus the rate of inflation per annum over the long run.

The chart below compares the SBA’s actual return on Pension Plan assets to its investment objective of 5 percent real growth (inflation plus 5 percent) for the fund. This objective is derived from an asset/liability analysis of expected benefit growth, contribution levels, market performance, and a risk tolerance for the fund. Over the long-term, 20 years and greater, the SBA has met its long-term objective.



In addition to its investment objective for the Pension Plan, the SBA measures its investment performance relative to market-based benchmarks. The chart below compares actual returns to the total fund benchmark for various periods ending June 30, 2018:

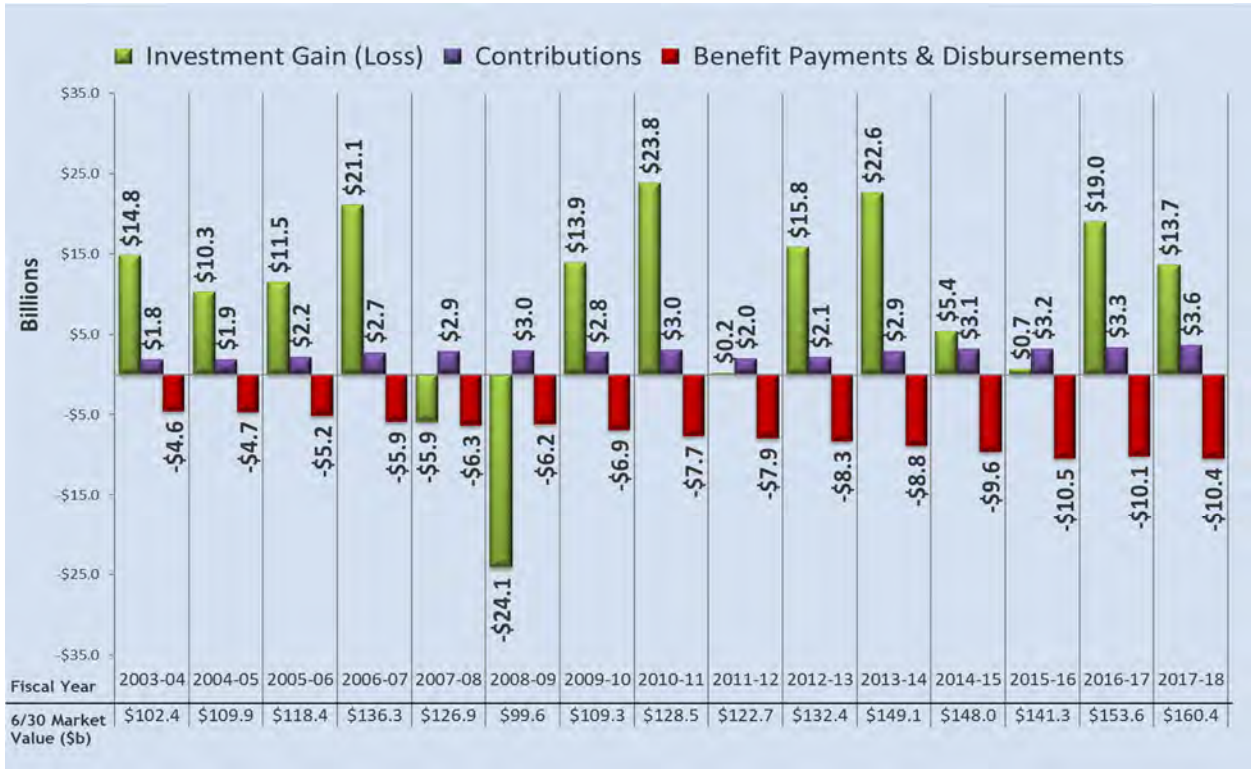
	SBA Managed Return	Benchmark Return	Managed Over (Under) Benchmark
One Year	8.98%	8.22%	0.76%
Three Years	7.62%	6.89%	0.74%
Five Years	8.69%	7.88%	0.82%
Ten Years	6.85%	6.13%	0.72%
Fifteen Years	7.86%	7.26%	0.60%

- All returns are annualized for periods indicated through June 30, 2018
- Benchmark is a weighted blend of individual asset class target indices as applicable; weights and benchmarks are established in the FRS Pension Plan Investment Policy Statement.

The chart below shows the historical one-year returns earned by the FRS Pension Plan.



The key drivers of growth in the FRS Pension Plan's asset base are represented in the chart below. Over the period shown, investment returns (green bars) have generally been positive, with two notable exceptions: the bursting of the tech bubble in the early part of this century and the mortgage crisis that began in 2008. Benefit payments (the red bars falling downward, representing outflows) have grown steadily over the period. This is typical of a mature plan. Contributions into the fund (purple bars) shrank during the early 2000's, reflecting the actuarial surplus that the FRS Pension Plan had at the time.



The tables below show the external investment management fees and net brokerage commission for Fiscal Year 2017-18.

**FRS PENSION PLAN – EXTERNAL INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT FEES
FOR FISCAL YEAR 2017-18**

Asset Class	Dollar Amount	Return Basis ¹
Global Equity	\$ 150,231,335	0.29%
Strategic Investments	165,934,500	1.33%
Fixed Income	7,262,443	0.07%
Real Estate	84,769,686	0.61%
Private Equity	142,068,666	1.38%
Total	\$ 550,266,630	0.56%

¹ Return basis expresses external management fees as a percent of the average of the beginning and ending net asset value of assets externally managed in each asset class. This measure is comparable to an annual expense ratio.

• Totals may not foot due to rounding.

**FRS PENSION PLAN – NET BROKERAGE COMMISSIONS
FOR FISCAL YEAR 2017-18**

Asset Class	Dollar Amount ¹
Global Equity ²	\$ 23,363,302
Fixed Income	279,808
Real Estate	1,576,851
Strategic Investments	29,300
Private Equity	1,932
Total	\$ 25,251,193

¹ Brokerage commission amounts for the entire fiscal year are presented in the appropriate year-end asset class.

² The amount reported for the Global Equity asset class does not include broker commission amounts paid in commingled funds.

• Totals may not foot due to rounding.

Asset Allocation

Returns attributed to asset allocation arise from differences between asset class actual and target allocations as percentages of the Total Fund. During the 12-month period ending June 30, 2018, returns to asset allocation surpassed the target return by 2 basis points.

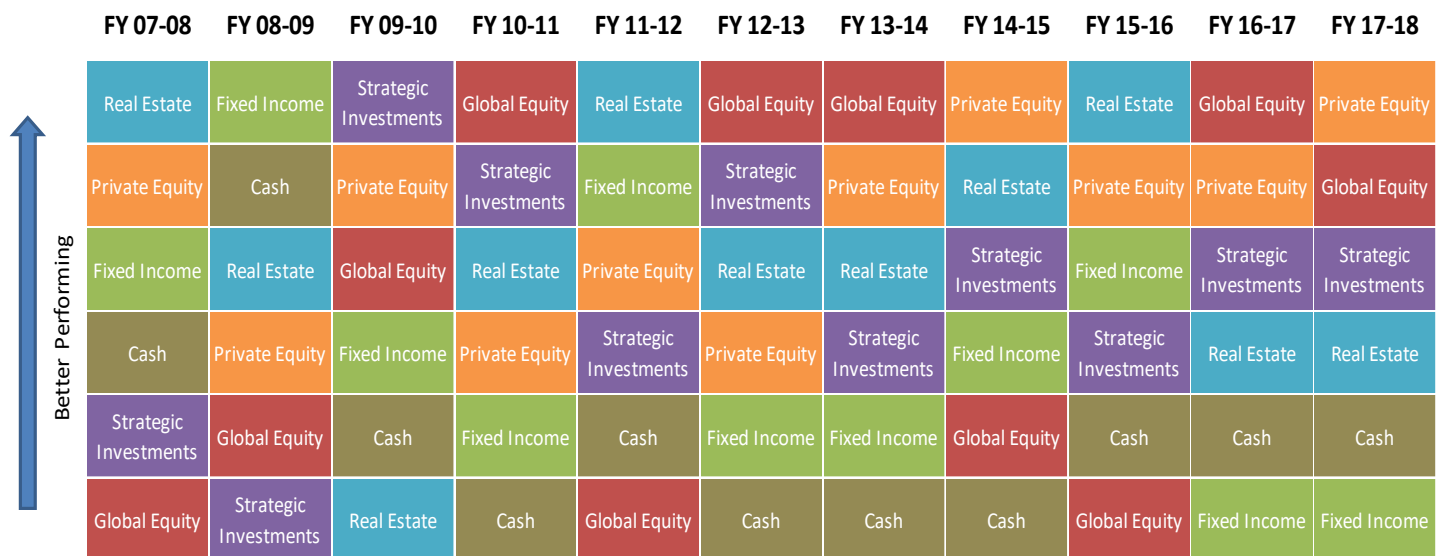
Asset Classes

The Pension Plan portfolio is currently divided into six asset classes: Global Equity, Fixed Income, Real Estate, Private Equity, Strategic Investments, and Cash Equivalents. Asset class performance is measured against a broad market index appropriate to the asset class.

Rebalancing

The investment strategy for the Pension Plan is to implement the policy allocation within relatively narrow bands around policy target weights. The SBA manages this strategy through asset allocation and risk-budgeting policies.

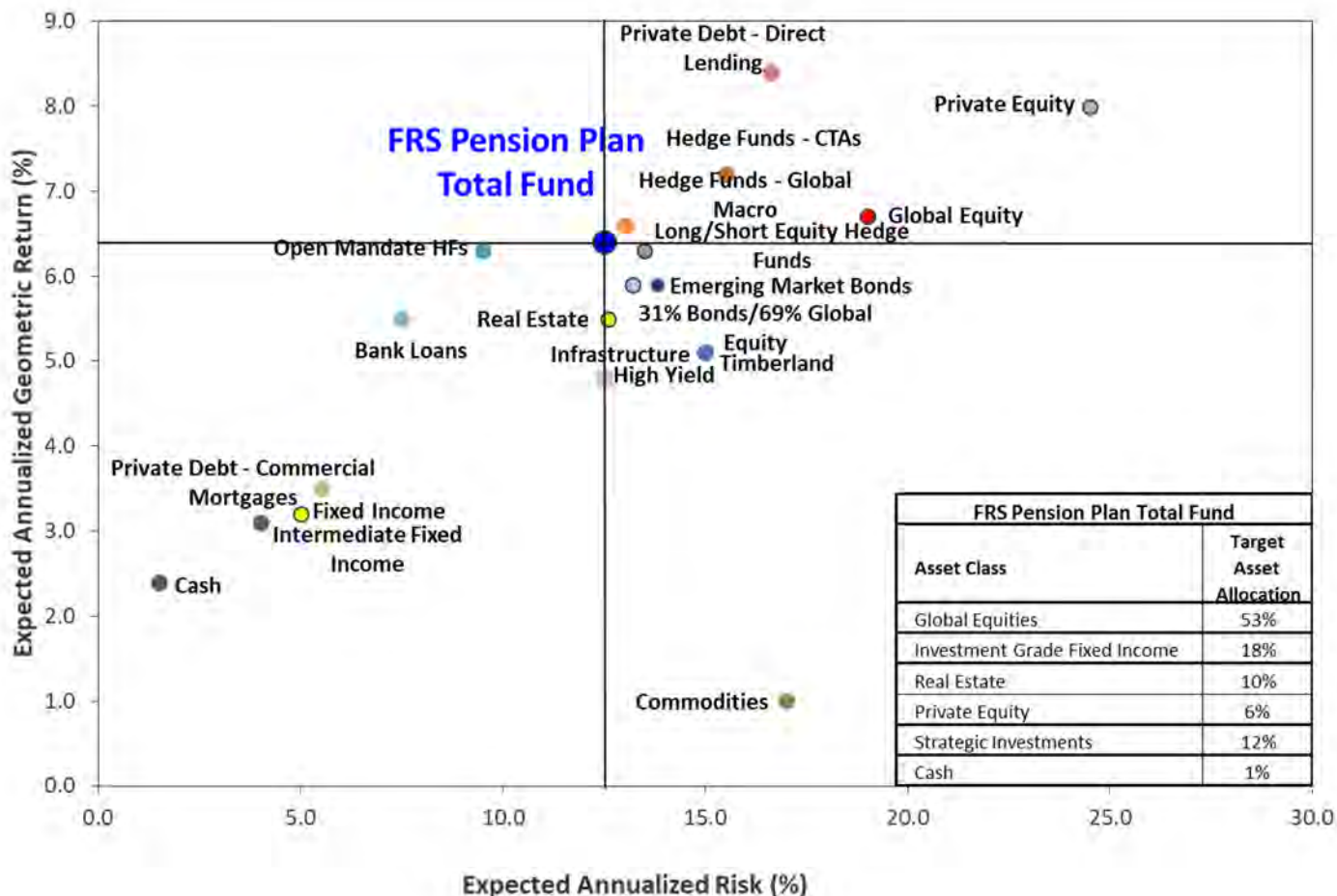
The following chart shows the related asset allocation performance of the FRS Pension Plan by fiscal year that demonstrates rebalancing to maximize investment objectives.



The SBA's exposure to various major asset types or classes is considered its asset allocation. Because over 90 percent of the return of a diversified investment portfolio is attributable to its asset allocation, determining the proper asset allocation (i.e., the desired relative exposure to each asset class) is the most fundamental way in which the SBA pursues its investment objective. Likewise, managing actual asset class exposure over time (i.e., managing asset allocation) is important if the SBA is to avoid unnecessary risk. For example, if 60 percent exposure to stocks is determined to be necessary to meet a long-term return objective, exposure below that, if persistent or poorly timed, will cause the actual return to fall short of the objective. Conversely, an exposure to stocks greater than necessary will subject the portfolio to higher levels of volatility than necessary, which can also result in disappointing returns, particularly when equity markets are stressed.

A thoughtfully constructed portfolio will provide diversification across a sufficiently broad range of investments so that the portfolio has a high probability of meeting the investment objective, notwithstanding the wide distribution of performance often associated with individual investments. In other words, some individual investments may be poor performers during a specific time frame but, in a highly diversified portfolio, their overall impact on the portfolio will often be offset by other investments that, at the time, are better performers.

The following chart presents examples of how various asset classes and investment strategies carry different risk/return tradeoffs. For example, investing in a mix of 31 percent Bonds and 69 percent Global Equity has slightly higher risk and a lower return than the target allocation for the overall FRS Pension Plan.



Passive vs Active Investing

Investment management can be divided into two broad categories of management style, each reflecting a fundamentally different view regarding how modern capital markets behave. These two schools of thought are generally referred to as passive and active management.

Passive managers attempt to construct their portfolios to closely approximate the performance of well-recognized market indices such as the Russell 1000 Index (large U.S. companies), Russell 3000 Index (large and small U.S. companies) or MSCI World ex-US Investable Market Index (international companies). Passive investing typically has the lowest management costs. Additional savings can be realized when these portfolios are managed internally.

Active managers build a stock portfolio utilizing a wide variety of strategies for identifying companies believed to offer above-average prospects, i.e., those that can “beat the market”. Regardless of the approach, all active managers share a common thread: they buy and sell securities selectively based on their evaluation of future events. Active investing, because of research and time requirements, tends to be more costly.

The SBA employs an active investment strategy where the probability of being paid for assuming the increased cost and risk of active investing is greatest. Conversely, where there is the least likelihood to outperform market indices, the SBA tends to passively invest and save management costs associated with active management. One of the SBA’s historical strengths has been operating at a very low cost. The SBA’s size and significant proportion of passive investments are contributors to the SBA’s cost advantage.

The table below shows internal versus external management and the passive versus active management of the funds’ resources as of June 30, 2018.

Asset Class	Internal	External	Passive	Active	% of Total
Cash ¹	100.0%	0.0%	10.2%	89.8%	1.1%
Fixed Income ²	66.7%	33.3%	46.0%	54.0%	18.7%
Global Equity ³	44.4%	55.6%	47.8%	52.2%	56.1%
Private Equity	0.7%	99.3%	0.0%	100.0%	7.1%
Real Estate	62.1%	37.9%	0.0%	100.0%	8.9%
Strategic Investments	0.6%	99.4%	0.0%	100.0%	8.1%
Total Fund	44.1%	55.9%	35.6%	64.4%	100.0%

Asset Class	Internal (\$m)	External (\$m)	Passive (\$m)	Active (\$m)	Total (\$m)
Cash ¹	\$ 1,697	\$ -	\$ 174	\$ 1,523	\$ 1,697
Fixed Income ²	20,062	10,008	13,837	16,233	30,070
Global Equity ³	39,982	50,001	43,030	46,953	89,983
Private Equity	80	11,350	-	11,430	11,430
Real Estate	8,899	5,442	-	14,341	14,341
Strategic Investments	74	12,843	-	12,918	12,918
Total Fund	\$ 70,794	\$ 89,645	\$ 57,041	\$ 103,398	\$ 160,438

¹ Includes Securities Lending Account, Total Fund STIPFRS NAV Adjustment Account and the collateral accounts.

² Includes STIPFRS Reserve Liquidation Account and Fixed Income Liquidity Portfolio.

³ Includes Global Equity Liquidity Portfolio and the Cash Equitization Portfolio.

• Numbers may not total due to rounding.

The SBA’s actual returns on Pension Plan assets have met or exceeded the long-term investment objective of the fund for the 20-, 25- and 30-year periods.

FRS Pension Plan – Returns by Asset Class For Periods Ending June 30, 2018

	SBA Managed Return	Benchmark Return	Managed Over (Under) Bmk.
Global Equity¹			
One Year	11.55%	11.11%	0.44%
Three Years	8.94%	8.36%	0.58%
Five Years	10.23%	9.63%	0.60%
Ten Years	7.23%	6.43%	0.81%
Fifteen Years	8.43%	7.91%	0.52%
Fixed Income			
One Year	-0.16%	-0.32%	0.16%
Three Years	1.50%	1.27%	0.23%
Five Years	2.02%	1.79%	0.23%
Ten Years	4.07%	3.47%	0.59%
Fifteen Years	4.02%	3.70%	0.32%
Real Estate			
One Year	7.21%	7.20%	0.01%
Three Years	9.51%	8.93%	0.58%
Five Years	11.05%	10.18%	0.87%
Ten Years	6.26%	4.89%	1.37%
Fifteen Years	9.56%	5.95%	3.61%
Private Equity²			
One Year	17.25%	14.18%	3.07%
Three Years	13.69%	11.36%	2.33%
Five Years	15.18%	13.10%	2.08%
Ten Years	10.06%	12.35%	-2.29%
Fifteen Years	10.38%	12.25%	-1.87%
Strategic Investments			
One Year	7.76%	6.58%	1.18%
Three Years	6.39%	4.73%	1.66%
Five Years	7.80%	5.66%	2.13%
Ten Years	5.83%	3.79%	2.04%
Cash Equivalents			
One Year	1.42%	1.29%	0.13%
Three Years	0.79%	0.66%	0.13%
Five Years	0.56%	0.41%	0.15%
Ten Years	0.01%	0.43%	-0.42%
Fifteen Years	0.93%	1.44%	-0.51%

¹ Global Equity became an asset class in July 2010. The historical return series prior to July 2010 was derived from the underlying Domestic, Foreign and Global Equities components.

² Per industry convention, Private Equity returns are presented on a dollar-weighted basis.

SBA contracts with private equity partnerships require the following disclosure:

Because of the long-term nature of investing in private equity, funds can produce low or negative returns in the early years of the partnership. In the first few years of the partnership, management fees are drawn from partner's capital, and portfolio companies are held at cost, leading to a potential understatement of ultimate value.

- Due to numerous factors, including limited valuation and reporting standards, the return information for private equity in this report may not reflect the expected return of the partnerships. The returns contained in this report are calculated by the SBA or its agent and have not been reviewed by the general partners.
- Interim returns may not be meaningful or indicative of ultimate performance during the early stages of the investment life cycle.

FRS PENSION PLAN – CHANGE IN MARKET VALUE FOR FISCAL YEAR 2017-18

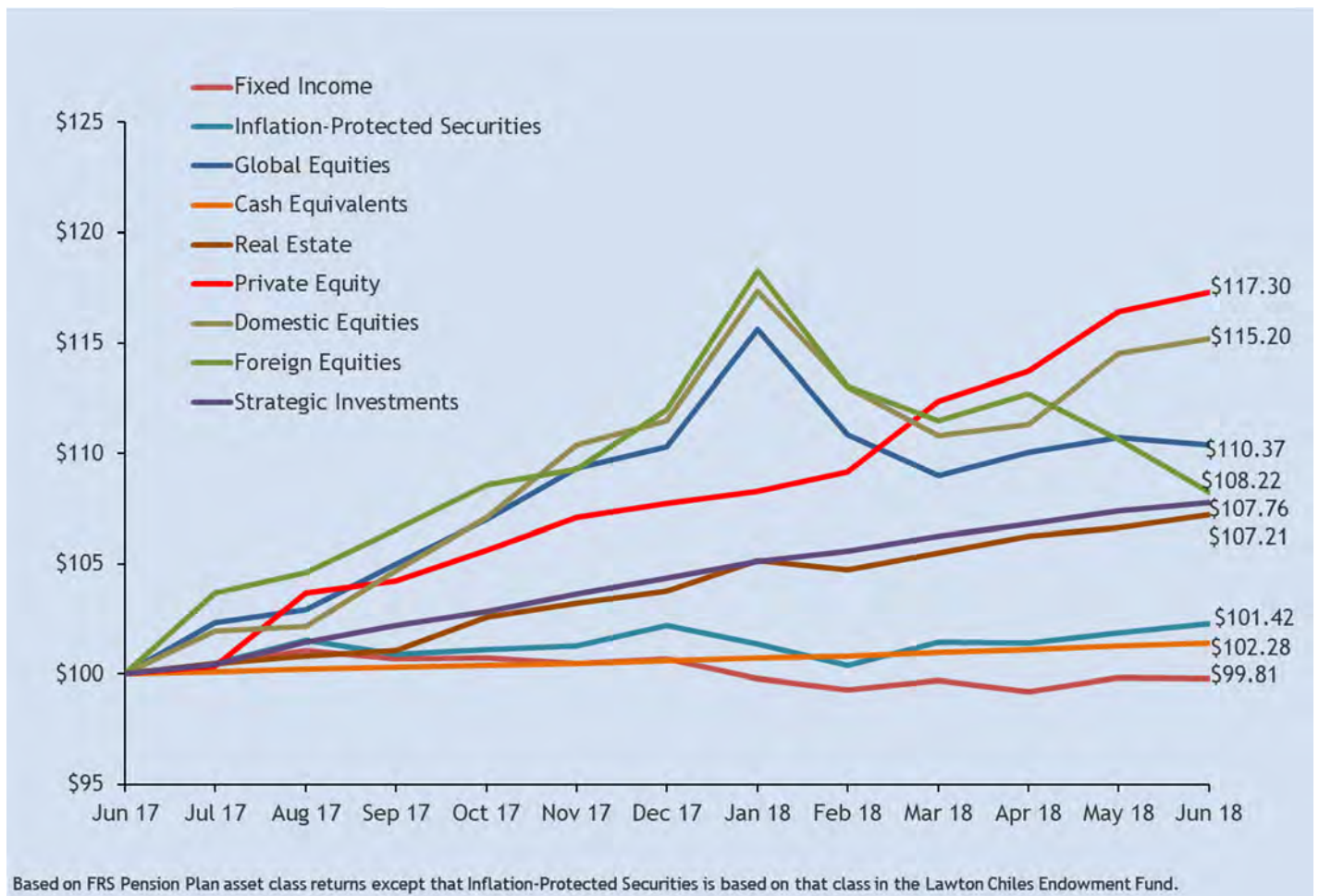
	Market Value 6/30/17	Net Contributions and Transfers	Investment Gain (Loss)	Market Value 6/30/18
Total Global Equity	\$ 88,706,033,220	\$ (8,812,799,205)	\$ 10,090,066,667	\$ 89,983,300,682
Fixed Income	27,551,168,751	2,580,405,714	(61,707,846)	30,069,866,619
Real Estate	13,674,719,791	(307,400,000)	973,584,676	14,340,904,468
Private Equity	9,803,121,404	(65,000,000)	1,691,598,769	11,429,720,173
Strategic Investments	12,654,071,257	(701,569,764)	965,033,842	12,917,535,335
Cash/Short-Term Securities ¹	1,184,186,508	514,635,002	(1,724,013)	1,697,097,498
Total FRS Pension Plan	\$ 153,573,300,933	\$ (6,791,728,253)	\$ 13,656,852,095	\$ 160,438,424,775

¹ The investment gain (loss) reported for the Cash/Short-Term Securities asset class includes \$35,954,625 in SBA investment service charges and other fees paid in several cash expense accounts on behalf of the entire FRS Pension Plan. Excluding these expenses, the reported gain (loss) would have been a positive \$34,230,612.

• Totals may not foot due to rounding.

The chart below illustrates how returns over the year performed for each class:

Asset Class Net Investment Gains Showing Growth of \$100 Invested During FY 2017-18



Securities lending is the short-term loan of securities for a fee. With its large portfolio of assets, the Pension Plan is well suited to such a program. Mutual funds and ETFs typically have lending programs for the same reasons. The demand to borrow shares usually comes from hedge funds or short-sellers. When securities are loaned, borrowers provide collateral, such as cash or government securities, of value equal to, or greater than, the loaned securities. As shown in the table below, the program has provided significant gains over the long-term. However, fallout from the mortgage crisis resulted in losses during Fiscal Year 2009-10. In response, the program was restructured to a more conservative set of re-investment guidelines.

**FRS PENSION PLAN NET SECURITIES LENDING
REVENUE BY FISCAL YEAR**

2001-02	\$	49,744,143
2002-03		34,628,432
2003-04		34,558,808
2004-05		38,447,917
2005-06		50,490,779
2006-07		54,097,509
2007-08		115,505,817
2008-09		96,168,151
2009-10 ¹		(134,528,845)
2010-11		43,594,622
2011-12		43,777,884
2012-13		48,168,513
2013-14		44,532,896
2014-15		38,044,668
2015-16		41,398,835
2016-17		49,210,608
2017-18		41,689,317
Total	\$	689,530,054

¹ The loss for 2009-10 resulted from a decline in value of various investments held in the securities lending portfolio. The recovery in value of these investments was not considered probable. Therefore, the underlying securities were written down resulting in a net realized loss. Net income without this loss was \$38,001,712.

This table is on an accrual basis, not a cash basis, meaning income is recorded when earned, not when received.

- Total may not foot due to rounding.

The following tables show the beginning and ending market values for each individual Pension Plan portfolio, together with net contributions and transfers, and investment gain or loss. The portfolios are grouped into separate tables by asset class.

FRS PENSION PLAN – GLOBAL EQUITY CHANGE IN MARKET VALUE FOR FISCAL YEAR 2017-18

Account Name	Market Value 6/30/17	Net Contributions and Transfers	Investment Gain (Loss)	Market Value 6/30/18
Domestic Equities				
<u>Active Large Cap:</u>				
- AJO, LP	\$ 1,174,697,859	\$ (144,096,384)	\$ 120,926,265	\$ 1,151,527,740
- BMO US Large Cap Growth	986,061,940	-	212,100,628	1,198,162,568
- Quantitative Management Associates	1,167,044,971	(169,260,383)	100,144,782	1,097,929,370
- Smith Asset Management Large Cap Enhanced	1,426,863,669	(423,625,605)	316,497,256	1,319,735,321
<u>Active Small Cap:</u>				
- AQR R2000 Equity	176,029,783	(12,833,996)	24,936,672	188,132,458
- BMO US Small Cap Value ¹	-	159,055,454	10,945,285	170,000,739
- Cortina Asset Management	166,093,670	(10,859,679)	44,943,957	200,177,948
- Delta	135,489,795	10,008,090	25,488,715	170,986,600
- Fisher Investments	229,167,922	(64,264,399)	27,800,086	192,703,609
- Los Angeles Capital ¹	-	175,561,773	14,648,420	190,210,193
- Mondrian US Small Cap Equity	142,799,542	-	25,473,153	168,272,695
- PanAgora Asset Management	181,886,311	(32,657,408)	42,071,535	191,300,439
- Stephens Investment Management Group	194,228,920	(17,937,214)	56,500,193	232,791,899
- Vaughan Nelson Investment Management	223,857,293	(54,357,384)	19,930,968	189,430,877
<u>Active Micro Cap:</u>				
- Acuitas	206,370,501	-	41,770,703	248,141,204
<u>Passive:</u>				
- Avatar R1000 Index Fund	12,934,692,583	(500,228,461)	1,847,350,514	14,281,814,636
- Nova Portfolio	5,950,981,787	(1,067,036,869)	838,012,877	5,721,957,796
- Phoenix Portfolio	15,048,640,237	(1,774,570,263)	2,165,568,620	15,439,638,593
- R2000 Exposure ³	211,094,404	(225,988,432)	14,894,028	-
- R2000 Growth Exposure ³	80,694,928	(86,646,579)	5,951,651	-
<u>Other:</u>				
- Domestic Equity Asset Class Transition	189	15,353,606	(15,232,640)	121,156
- Global Equity Suspended Asset Account	15	-	(14)	1
- Russell 1000 Growth Transition ³	1,275,427	(1,181,073)	(94,355)	-
Total Domestic Equities	40,637,971,745	(4,225,565,205)	5,940,629,299	42,353,035,840
Foreign Equities				
<u>Developed Markets:</u>				
- Acadian Asset Management	1,915,988,594	(531,983,322)	245,966,123	1,629,971,395
- Alliance Bernstein ¹	-	1,390,312,475	(100,640,566)	1,289,671,908
- AQR Capital Management Small Cap	556,059,204	(90,000,000)	56,204,961	522,264,165
- Artisan Partners	1,682,619,024	(300,986,834)	157,735,222	1,539,367,413
- Ballie Gifford Overseas Limited	1,642,245,633	(508,113,204)	419,152,435	1,553,284,865
- BlackRock Global Inv. Index Plus	3,656,521,903	-	277,984,931	3,934,506,834
- BlackRock Global Inv. Small Cap Strategy	858,123,493	386,794,678	149,687,007	1,394,605,178
- BlackRock Global Inv. World Ex-US	6,107,429,316	(2,474,044,285)	491,587,022	4,124,972,053
- BlackRock Global Inv. World Ex-US Alpha Tilts	1,748,953,916	(308,000,000)	152,269,855	1,593,223,770
- BlackRock Restructuring ⁴	0	-	-	0
- Dimensional Fund Advisors	458,802,588	-	24,661,588	483,464,176
- Epoch Investment Partners ²	192,457	(89,979)	(11,464)	91,014
- Fidelity ²	63,193	(85,424)	22,231	-
- Fidelity Institutional ³	464,562,970	(481,265,202)	17,123,344	421,112
- Foreign Equity Internal Active Tax Reclaim	1,194	-	28	1,222
- Franklin Templeton Small Cap ³	365,760,049	(395,348,984)	31,366,153	1,777,218
- GMO ¹	-	1,376,331,875	(88,047,877)	1,288,283,998
- Mondrian Investment Partners Small Cap	489,617,179	(20,000,000)	62,977,959	532,595,138
- Morgan Stanley Investment Management	1,800,788,442	(249,553,785)	162,254,266	1,713,488,924
- PineBridge Investments ²	3,905	-	(3,905)	-
- Principal Global Investors - FE	502,251,546	(55,000,000)	73,688,309	520,939,856
- Sprucegrove Investment Management	1,800,789,874	(401,174,597)	206,968,118	1,606,583,395
- Templeton Investment Counsel LLC	1,858,380,235	(351,297,447)	108,008,225	1,615,091,012
- Victory Capital Management ²	506	-	(506)	-
- Walter, Scott & Partners, Ltd.	1,768,278,751	(298,331,195)	187,652,586	1,657,600,141
- William Blair	477,419,025	(25,000,000)	56,624,398	509,043,422

Account Name - continued	Market Value 6/30/17	Net Contributions and Transfers	Investment Gain (Loss)	Market Value 6/30/18
Emerging Markets:				
- Aberdeen Asset Management	940,942,675	-	(45,221,040)	895,721,635
- Acadian Asset Management Inc.	1,008,751,809	(142,000,000)	72,755,348	939,507,157
- AQR Capital Mgt. Emerging Markets Small Cap	247,434,176	-	24,497,255	271,931,430
- BlackRock Emerging Markets Index Plus	492,289,307	(88,000,000)	49,334,991	453,624,298
- Dimensional Fund Advisors EM	427,479,952	-	24,853,550	452,333,502
- Genesis Emerging Markets	902,425,050	(65,000,000)	87,666,251	925,091,301
- M&G Investment Management	935,985,773	-	28,130,259	964,116,032
- Mondrian Investment Partners Ltd.	955,862,221	(25,000,000)	3,096,848	933,959,069
- Somerset Capital	921,994,942	-	19,419,141	941,414,082
- State Street Global Advisors	252,942,789	-	15,825,145	268,767,934
- Trilogy ²	1,606	(60,364)	58,758	-
- Wells Capital Management Emerging Markets	903,916,674	-	65,481,780	969,398,454
- William Blair & Company, LLC	809,736,785	(42,000,000)	92,567,662	860,304,448
- William Blair Emerging Markets Small Cap	253,763,099	-	15,529,359	269,292,458
Frontier Markets:				
- Aberdeen Frontier Markets	136,118,800	-	(11,772,048)	124,346,752
- First State Frontier Markets	109,555,135	-	11,374,919	120,930,054
- HSBC Global Frontier Markets	136,970,993	-	(3,196,944)	133,774,050
Total Foreign Equities	37,591,024,781	(3,698,895,595)	3,143,631,679	37,035,760,866
Dedicated Global Equities				
Active:				
- Acadian Asset Management ²	5,719	-	(5,719)	-
- Epoch Investment Partners Global	968,376,687	(94,971,310)	30,861,098	904,266,475
- Franklin Templeton ²	21,652	(617)	(21,036)	-
- Hexavest Inc.	958,700,794	(145,000,000)	48,629,424	862,330,218
- Intech Investment Management	1,699,462,804	(170,000,010)	222,882,903	1,752,345,697
- MFG Asset Management	844,102,403	-	119,758,296	963,860,699
- Schroders Investment Management	999,761,363	(175,000,000)	108,675,832	933,437,194
- Trilogy Global Advisors ³	827,188,755	(915,053,705)	89,187,705	1,322,754
- TS&W Florida Retirement System	400,176,489	-	57,762,986	457,939,475
Passive:				
- Atlas Portfolio	1,818,662,796	(13,537,127)	213,753,290	2,018,878,959
- Sinesis	588,484,391	247,122,600	69,169,780	904,776,771
Total Dedicated Global Equities	9,104,943,852	(1,266,440,168)	960,654,558	8,799,158,242
Currency Overlay				
- CIBC Global Managed	4,039,743	(2,948,466)	(6,080,704)	(4,989,428)
- Harmonic Managed ³	81,335	22,674,387	(22,755,721)	-
- P/E Global Managed	(145,575)	(4,304,007)	2,149,335	(2,300,247)
- Quaesta Managed	(17,811,273)	32,300,899	(6,577,587)	7,912,039
- Record Managed	2,262	8,568,640	(7,519,833)	1,051,070
Total Currency Overlay	(13,833,509)	56,291,453	(40,784,510)	1,673,434
Other				
- Cash Equitization Portfolio	62,325,927	(80,000,000)	46,587,930	28,913,857
- Citigroup Global Transition	683	400,736,784	(50,824,316)	349,913,151
- Global Equity Cash	1,077,139	(1,654,206)	1,229,982	652,915
- Global Equities Cash Expense	-	2,838,729	(2,838,170)	558
- Global Equity Liquidity Portfolio	1,321,933,264	-	92,117,010	1,414,050,274
- Global Equity Policy Transition Portfolio 1	-	(35,405)	35,405	-
- Global Equity Policy Transition Portfolio 2	524,850	(525,151)	340	39
- Global Equity Policy Transition Portfolio 3 ⁴	-	-	-	-
- Global Equity Transition Account 1	64,487	449,558	(372,539)	141,506
Total Other	1,385,926,350	321,810,309	85,935,640	1,793,672,300
Total Global Equity	\$ 88,706,033,220	\$ (8,812,799,205)	\$ 10,090,066,667	\$ 89,893,300,682

¹ Account opened during the fiscal year.

² Strategy terminated in a prior fiscal year. Residual activity occurred in the current fiscal year.

³ Strategy terminated during the fiscal year.

⁴ Account inactive during the fiscal year.

• Totals may not foot due to rounding.

**FRS PENSION PLAN – FIXED INCOME
CHANGE IN MARKET VALUE FOR FISCAL YEAR 2017-18**

Account Name	Market Value 6/30/17	Net Contributions and Transfers	Investment Gain (Loss)	Market Value 6/30/18
<u>Aggregate:</u>				
- Active Core	\$ 6,117,415,933	\$ -	\$ (12,660,847)	\$ 6,104,755,086
- Amundi Pioneer Investments ¹	2,404,233,513	500,000,000	4,464,499	2,908,698,012
- BlackRock Core Bond Enhanced Index	2,820,401,184	-	(5,523,729)	2,814,877,455
- Investment Grade AA Account	111,805,343	-	802,929	112,608,272
- Neuberger Berman Core	1,782,848,694	-	2,761,881	1,785,610,575
- Prudential Conservative Core	1,211,909,693	-	(3,773,906)	1,208,135,786
- Taplin, Canida & Habacht	1,164,915,025	125,000,000	803,012	1,290,718,038
<u>Government/Corporate:</u>				
- Fixed Income Gov't./Corp. Passive Account	7,116,366,870	1,294,300,000	(41,647,841)	8,369,019,030
<u>Mortgage:</u>				
- Fixed Income MBS Passive	3,546,935,913	666,400,000	(776,535)	4,212,559,378
<u>Other:</u>				
- Fixed Income Cash Expense Account	-	358,947	(358,947)	-
- Fixed Income Liquidity Portfolio	1,264,220,858	-	(9,170,541)	1,255,050,317
- Fixed Income Transition ²	-	-	-	-
- Fixed Income Policy Transition ²	-	-	-	-
- Fixed Income Transition II ²	-	-	-	-
- STIPFRS Reserve Liquidation Fund	10,115,725	(5,653,233)	3,372,178	7,834,670
Total Fixed Income	\$ 27,551,168,751	\$ 2,580,405,714	\$ (61,707,846)	\$ 30,069,866,619

¹ Name changed from Smith Breeden Associations to Amundi Pioneer Investments during the fiscal year.

² Account inactive during the fiscal year.

• Totals may not foot due to rounding.

**FRS PENSION PLAN – PRIVATE EQUITY
CHANGE IN MARKET VALUE FOR FISCAL YEAR 2017-18**

Account Name	Market Value 6/30/2017	Net Contributions and Transfers	Investment Gain (Loss)	Market Value 6/30/2018
<u>Partnerships:</u>				
- ABRY Partners VII, L.P.	\$ 47,181,199	\$ (19,333,911)	\$ 1,093,308	\$ 28,940,596
- ABRY Partners VIII, L.P.	60,049,991	(9,734,631)	8,405,077	58,720,438
- Accel-KKR Capital Partners V, L.P.	2,774,501	9,620,518	35,874	12,430,894
- Accel-KKR Growth Capital Partners II, L.P.	7,076,868	1,296,797	2,067,686	10,441,352
- Advent International GPE VI	36,713,093	(7,648,930)	(1,376,993)	27,687,170
- Advent International GPE VII, L.P.	95,240,651	(15,434,002)	17,341,934	97,148,584
- Advent International GPE VIII, L.P.	34,449,994	38,625,000	3,683,706	76,758,700
- American Industrial Partners Capital Fund VI, L.P.	19,154,618	10,565,754	110,743	29,831,115
- Apax VIII, L.P.	164,369,560	(13,599,321)	26,124,230	176,894,470
- Apollo Investment Fund VIII, L.P.	134,016,424	14,639,869	27,200,824	175,857,117
- Apollo Investment Fund IX, L.P. ¹	-	75,145	(75,145)	-
- Ardian LBO Fund VI, L.P.	19,238,111	28,708,608	1,457,661	49,404,380
- Ares Corporate Opportunities Fund III, L.P.	78,851,167	(23,189,310)	41,517,315	97,179,172
- Ares Corporate Opportunities Fund IV, L.P.	193,563,094	(31,998,046)	24,897,801	186,462,849
- Ares Corporate Opportunities Fund V, L.P.	8,659,573	55,946,122	(2,750,582)	61,855,113
- ASF VI, L.P.	95,231,233	(14,828,148)	13,176,140	93,579,225
- ASF VII, L.P.	19,930,028	26,980,066	5,224,009	52,134,103
- Asia Alternatives FL Investor, L.P.	94,574,780	54,653,721	19,895,374	169,123,875
- Asia Alternatives FL Investor II, LLC ¹	-	8,460,394	(1,748,438)	6,711,956
- Atlas Capital Resources II, L.P.	10,598,769	1,246,792	339,837	12,185,398
- AXA LBO Fund V, L.P.	66,378,637	(33,107,899)	21,625,282	54,896,020
- AXA Secondary Fund V, L.P.	47,606,093	(32,187,223)	4,322,865	19,741,735
- Berkshire Fund VIII, L.P.	55,477,619	(40,342,822)	15,731,468	30,866,265
- Berkshire Fund IX, L.P.	11,531,786	27,251,697	(1,366,372)	37,417,111
- Blackstone Capital Partners VI, L.P.	179,673,824	(17,863,406)	35,880,124	197,690,542
- Blackstone Capital Partners VII, L.P.	23,263,301	19,915,106	5,384,115	48,562,522
- Carlyle Asia Growth Partners IV, L.P.	48,217,721	(17,470,150)	(62,416)	30,685,155
- Carlyle Partners IV, L.P.	2,100,019	-	(156,386)	1,943,633
- Carlyle Partners VI, L.P.	130,636,202	24,106,667	30,311,766	185,054,635
- Carnelian Energy Capital II, L.P. ¹	-	6,616,051	726	6,616,777
- Charlesbank Equity Fund VII, L.P.	44,946,204	(16,579,373)	4,136,470	32,503,301
- Charlesbank Equity Fund VIII, L.P.	63,720,624	(241,966)	11,894,169	75,372,827
- Charlesbank Equity Fund IX, L.P. ¹	-	86,269	(343,472)	(257,203)
- Charlesbank Fund IX Overage Allocation Program ¹	-	6,629,834	-	6,629,834
- Cortec Group V, L.P.	200,098,005	5,148,084	(37,571,134)	167,674,955
- Cortec Group VI, L.P.	18,223,849	15,414,469	(297,169)	33,341,149
- Cressey & Company Fund IV, L.P.	34,024,177	(8,725,440)	11,050,136	36,348,873
- Cressey & Company Fund V, L.P.	38,443,065	27,000,000	11,115,268	76,558,333
- CVC Capital Partners VI, L.P.	51,873,932	16,534,087	5,809,655	74,217,675
- CVC Capital Partners VII, L.P. ¹	-	76,499	(1,030,548)	(954,050)
- CVC European Equity Partners V, L.P.	37,712,376	(21,609,428)	13,571,250	29,674,198
- DCPF VI Oil and Gas Coinvestment Fund, L.P.	58,395,183	(16,199,653)	(2,466,290)	39,729,240
- Denham Commodity Partners Fund VI, L.P.	72,625,897	(1,727,219)	2,116,002	73,014,681
- Denham Oil & Gas Investment Fund, L.P.	34,433,632	4,355,381	8,043,163	46,832,176
- EnCap Energy Capital Fund VIII, L.P.	33,569,930	(8,262,382)	(1,731,589)	23,575,960
- EnCap Energy Capital Fund IX, L.P.	52,836,707	2,175,243	(934,814)	54,077,136
- EnCap Energy Capital Fund X, L.P.	45,827,795	22,523,569	2,621,411	70,972,774
- EnCap Energy Capital Fund XI, L.P. ¹	-	8,368,525	(1,700,768)	6,667,757
- EnCap Flatrock Midstream Fund III, L.P.	20,293,287	(7,822,803)	6,799,449	19,269,934
- EnCap Flatrock Midstream Fund IV, L.P. ¹	-	2,917,899	(518,478)	2,399,421
- Energy Capital Partners II, L.P.	49,745,312	(15,620,865)	(3,788,772)	30,335,675
- Energy Capital Partners III, L.P.	82,062,484	50,753,322	14,193,485	147,009,291
- Energy & Minerals Group Fund III, L.P.	68,243,893	(1,409,329)	1,502,920	68,337,484

Account Name - continued	Market Value 6/30/2017	Net Contributions and Transfers	Investment Gain (Loss)	Market Value 6/30/2018
- EnerVest Energy Fund XII-A, L.P.	5,114,237	-	(4,912,625)	201,612
- EnerVest Energy Institutional Fund XIII-A, L.P.	10,632,572	-	(10,632,572)	-
- EnerVest Energy Institutional Fund XIV-A, L.P.	85,086,856	4,362,860	3,761,201	93,210,917
- Equistone Partners Europe Fund V, L.P.	52,695,803	13,895,805	7,675,215	74,266,823
- Equistone Partners Europe Fund VI, L.P. ¹	-	70,913	(216,857)	(145,944)
- European Private Equity Opportunities I, L.P.	1,104,688	7,243,150	877,305	9,225,143
- Fairview Special Opportunities Fund, L.P.	303,796,345	(36,559,293)	10,952,094	278,189,146
- Fairview Special Opportunities Fund II, L.P.	32,328,669	24,655,582	4,325,696	61,309,948
- Fairview Ventures Fund II, L.P.	27,784,021	(11,817,999)	2,814,366	18,780,388
- Fairview Ventures Fund III, L.P.	76,437,260	(15,594,746)	2,911,173	63,753,687
- First Reserve Fund XI, L.P.	8,343,424	(1,369,607)	(1,568,508)	5,405,309
- First Reserve Fund XII, L.P.	59,617,560	(11,350,351)	(3,707,764)	44,559,445
- Francisco Partners III, L.P.	77,526,220	(41,247,148)	20,349,634	56,628,706
- Francisco Partners IV, L.P.	51,392,506	27,150,000	19,048,886	97,591,392
- Francisco Partners V, L.P. ¹	-	10,562,278	(621,653)	9,940,625
- FS Equity Partners VI, L.P.	82,549,045	(78,446,660)	87,453,088	91,555,473
- FS Equity Partners VII, L.P.	49,927,182	14,710,066	4,756,397	69,393,645
- Grove Street Partners Buyouts LLC	64,923,019	(22,815,255)	10,250,534	52,358,298
- Grove Street Partners Buyouts II, LLC	142,387,089	1,930,442	27,954,949	172,272,480
- Grove Street Partners Ventures, LLC	112,104,762	(34,907,329)	8,346,652	85,544,085
- Grove Street Partners Ventures II, LLC	285,184,685	(44,708,540)	46,598,706	287,074,852
- GS Partners Ventures III, L.P.	135,896,516	15,052,263	39,552,438	190,501,217
- Hellman & Friedman Capital Partners V, L.P.	1,266,483	(289,422)	15,243	992,304
- Hellman & Friedman Capital Partners VII, L.P.	232,111,226	(94,769,388)	121,832,749	259,174,587
- Hellman & Friedman Capital Partners VIII, L.P.	11,337,699	114,721,402	16,918,433	142,977,534
- Inflexion Buyout Fund IV, L.P.	20,491,497	10,183,470	7,284,224	37,959,192
- Inflexion Enterprise Fund IV, L.P.	209,660	7,427,210	52,948	7,689,817
- Inflexion Partnership Capital Fund I, L.P.	9,094,811	5,849,755	2,748,487	17,693,053
- Insight Venture Partners VIII, L.P.	90,589,359	(9,054,214)	23,821,817	105,356,962
- Insight Venture Partners IX, L.P.	54,348,217	17,184,427	28,018,725	99,551,369
- Insight Venture Partners Growth-Buyout Coinvest Fund, L.P.	41,290,244	(2,181,214)	23,523,894	62,632,924
- Investindustrial VI, L.P.	7,115,175	12,485,902	(826,711)	18,774,366
- JH Whitney VII, L.P.	65,485,677	(23,216,861)	11,477,265	53,746,081
- KKR Asia Fund II, L.P.	108,015,573	(7,116,287)	10,617,878	111,517,164
- KKR Asia Fund III (EEA) SCSp ¹	-	10,502,249	(2,539,220)	7,963,029
- KPS Special Situations Fund III, L.P.	23,360,280	(11,650,594)	3,364,454	15,074,140
- KPS Special Situations Fund IV, L.P.	12,305,441	38,020,322	5,845,049	56,170,812
- LCP FSBA Co-Invest Account L.P.	12,049,254	29,142,853	10,110,054	51,302,161
- Lexington Capital Partners IV, L.P. ²	484,669	(567,395)	82,726	-
- Lexington Capital Partners V, L.P.	4,776,037	(1,864,788)	695,124	3,606,373
- Lexington Capital Partners VI-B, L.P.	21,510,427	(11,776,047)	2,615,551	12,349,931
- Lexington Capital Partners VII, L.P.	77,936,008	(21,328,904)	9,423,290	66,030,394
- Lexington Capital Partners VIII, L.P.	60,386,367	47,785,967	33,401,218	141,573,552
- Lexington Co-Investment Partners Pools III & IV, L.P.	51,252,109	(5,634,826)	(9,653,566)	35,963,717
- Lexington Co-Investment Partners 2005, L.P.	136,542,249	(22,226,486)	(5,557,988)	108,757,775
- Lexington Co-Investment Partners 2005 Pool III, L.P.	563,978,937	(200,826,880)	115,371,505	478,523,561
- Lexington Co-Investment Partners 2005 Pool IV, L.P.	1,042,323	168,179,110	20,080,821	189,302,254
- Lexington Middle Market Investors III, L.P.	40,102,824	4,441,109	16,711,505	61,255,438
- Liberty Partners VI	1,325,000	6,119	(1,056,119)	275,000
- Liberty Partners VII	8,999,264	255,174	(404,908)	8,849,530
- Liberty Partners Group II	(1,215)	1,431	(1,440)	(1,224)
- LightBay Capital Partners, L.P. ¹	-	110,466	(110,466)	-
- Montagu Private Equity Fund IV, L.P.	34,681,657	(15,358,642)	9,314,251	28,637,266
- Montagu V, L.P.	5,735,439	19,853,972	8,779,139	34,368,550
- New Mountain Partners II, L.P.	968,252	121,230	477,174	1,566,656
- New Mountain Partners III, L.P.	70,535,547	(19,275,371)	15,951,183	67,211,359
- New Mountain Partners IV, L.P.	84,724,459	(14,966,822)	19,359,491	89,117,128

Account Name - continued	Market Value 6/30/2017	Net Contributions and Transfers	Investment Gain (Loss)	Market Value 6/30/2018
- OpCapita Consumer Opportunities Fund II, L.P.	6,597,599	12,195,210	(1,494,486)	17,298,322
- OpenView Venture Partners IV, L.P.	12,331,719	8,412,500	1,768,365	22,512,583
- OpenView Venture Partners V, L.P. ¹	-	7,925,303	(350,533)	7,574,770
- Pantheon Global Secondary Fund IV, L.P.	31,224,351	(14,738,525)	4,803,913	21,289,738
- Pantheon Venture Partners II, L.P.	52,803,404	(21,100,028)	9,689,471	41,392,847
- Peak Rock Capital II, L.P.	-	3,210,252	146,300	3,356,552
- Peak Rock Capital Credit Fund II, L.P.	-	509,118	(72,009)	437,109
- Permira V, L.P.	91,620,101	(24,598,933)	19,983,319	87,004,488
- Platinum Equity Capital Partners II, L.P.	36,827,110	(6,187,132)	(22,541,615)	8,098,363
- Platinum Equity Capital Partners III, L.P.	142,307,837	(24,154,917)	24,396,685	142,549,605
- Pomona Capital VI, L.P.	11,839,007	(5,559,611)	432,200	6,711,596
- Pomona Capital VII, L.P.	6,488,516	(7,487,946)	1,189,967	190,537
- Post Oak Energy Partners II, L.P.	26,212,848	2,827,109	4,049,476	33,089,434
- Post Oak Energy Partners III, L.P.	11,375,346	25,062,976	7,367,664	43,805,986
- Post Oak Energy Partners IV, L.P. ¹	-	1,406,829	(609,685)	797,144
- Providence Equity Partners VII, L.P.	163,076,587	(6,824,478)	60,212,371	216,464,480
- RCP Advisors Fund IV, L.P.	19,894,076	(8,230,500)	4,864,269	16,527,844
- RCP Advisors Fund V, L.P.	33,786,864	(9,649,174)	4,365,810	28,503,500
- RCP Advisors Fund VI, L.P.	41,750,963	(20,536,271)	10,364,266	31,578,958
- RCP Advisors Fund VII, L.P.	54,746,202	(8,159,556)	6,250,549	52,837,195
- RCP Advisors Fund VIII, L.P.	34,885,116	(3,305,222)	11,368,184	42,948,077
- RCP Advisors Fund IX, L.P.	24,378,075	10,000,000	1,996,027	36,374,102
- RCP Advisors Fund X, L.P.	6,801,092	12,500,000	(297,440)	19,003,652
- Rise Fund, L.P. (The) ¹	-	4,487,084	(926,472)	3,560,612
- Riverside Capital Appreciation Fund VI, L.P.	62,645,806	(15,978,007)	15,541,076	62,208,875
- Rubicon Technology Partners, L.P.	40,731,427	3,478,857	2,276,702	46,486,986
- Rubicon Technology Partners II, L.P.	-	14,745,925	(1,622,630)	13,123,295
- Searchlight Capital II, L.P.	32,408,124	7,908,572	13,638,954	53,955,650
- Silver Lake Partners IV, L.P.	80,330,884	22,839,121	13,821,823	116,991,828
- Silver Lake Partners V, L.P. ¹	-	10,421,131	(422,748)	9,998,383
- Siris Partners III, L.P.	34,782,250	13,823,875	8,707,481	57,313,606
- Siris Partners IV, L.P. ¹	-	78,488	(78,488)	-
- SVB Capital Partners III, L.P.	15,941,007	3,577,500	1,199,691	20,718,198
- SVB Capital Partners IV, L.P.	-	5,299,365	292,600	5,591,965
- SVB Strategic Investors Fund V-A, L.P.	150,450,455	(14,687,543)	33,607,050	169,369,962
- SVB Strategic Investors Fund V-A Opportunity, L.P.	67,229,367	(10,925,000)	20,496,725	76,801,092
- SVB Strategic Investors VI-A, L.P.	122,005,028	(448,437)	22,551,516	144,108,107
- SVB Strategic Investors Fund VII-A, L.P.	62,668,215	35,875,000	6,929,341	105,472,556
- SVB Strategic Investors Fund VIII-A, L.P.	7,256,305	21,150,645	(1,156,447)	27,250,503
- SVB Strategic Investors Fund IX-A, L.P. ¹	-	9,176	(9,176)	-
- Thoma Bravo Discover Fund, L.P.	20,597,642	10,977,381	15,784,099	47,359,122
- Thoma Bravo Discover Fund II, L.P. ¹	-	68,425	(68,425)	-
- Thoma Bravo Fund IX, L.P.	5,206,310	(6,383,380)	2,316,116	1,139,046
- Thoma Bravo Fund X, L.P.	94,281,321	(42,443,392)	9,652,990	61,490,919
- Thoma Bravo Fund XI, L.P.	178,152,033	(61,553,952)	70,321,319	186,919,400
- Thoma Bravo Fund XII, L.P.	57,503,922	33,833,622	9,218,752	100,556,296
- Thoma Bravo Special Opportunities Fund I, L.P.	67,476,697	(32,553,513)	5,506,575	40,429,760
- Thoma Bravo Special Opportunities Fund II, L.P.	57,393,979	(12,857,213)	15,322,749	59,859,516
- Thoma Cressey Fund VIII, L.P.	1,088,583	5,626	1,279	1,095,488
- Tiger Iron Special Opportunities Fund, L.P.	9,020,955	22,238,270	(1,172,177)	30,087,048
- Top Tier Special Opportunities Fund, L.P.	2,529,090	(738,913)	512,507	2,302,684
- Top Tier Venture Capital II, L.P.	24,276,781	(6,659,765)	(2,618,267)	14,998,749
- Top Tier Venture Capital III, L.P.	36,858,625	(7,914,478)	(4,819,812)	24,124,334
- Top Tier Venture Capital IV, L.P.	104,822,669	(28,256,479)	14,127,214	90,693,405
- TowerBrook Investors II, L.P.	17,254,551	(10,076,964)	(1,357,683)	5,819,904
- TowerBrook Investors III, L.P.	42,726,423	(18,566,821)	268,602	24,428,204
- TowerBrook Investors IV, L.P.	54,096,894	47,511,757	11,990,024	113,598,675

Account Name - continued	Market Value 6/30/2017	Net Contributions and Transfers	Investment Gain (Loss)	Market Value 6/30/2018
- TPG Growth II, L.P.	167,164,228	(31,027,926)	(14,772,009)	121,364,293
- TPG Growth III, L.P.	45,240,015	21,635,492	13,920,722	80,796,229
- TPG Growth IV, L.P. ¹	-	28,242	(1,368,341)	(1,340,099)
- Trident V, L.P.	79,176,852	(28,478,388)	10,866,234	61,564,699
- Trident VI, L.P.	55,777,486	2,783,859	15,550,507	74,111,852
- Trident VII, L.P.	-	24,444,534	(1,177,106)	23,267,427
- TrueBridge Capital FSA, LLC	7,669,446	8,220,139	6,885,383	22,774,968
- TrueBridge Capital Partners V, L.P. ¹	-	2,247,552	(12,130)	2,235,422
- TrueBridge/FLSBA Special Purpose, LLC	62,901,321	(3,681,433)	14,555,714	73,775,602
- Truebridge/FLSBA Special Purpose II, LLC	18,310,398	1,817,855	4,330,471	24,458,724
- TrueBridge-Kauffman Fellows Endowment Fund II, L.P.	145,723,374	(6,414,618)	19,154,817	158,463,573
- TrueBridge-Kauffman Fellows Endowment Fund III, L.P.	109,568,973	16,250,000	16,213,389	142,032,362
- TrueBridge-Kauffman Fellows Endowment Fund IV, L.P.	27,544,868	33,750,000	2,641,491	63,936,359
- TSG Capital Fund III, L.P. ³	14,275	-	-	14,275
- Venture Overage Fund, L.P.	82,782,534	8,403,744	1,167,490	92,353,768
- W Capital Partners III, L.P.	46,402,844	12,711,960	6,916,307	66,031,111
- Warburg Pincus China, L.P.	8,889,394	30,396,000	3,369,414	42,654,808
- Warburg Pincus Private Equity IX, L.P.	9,650,643	(802,380)	(1,727,193)	7,121,070
- Warburg Pincus Private Equity X, L.P.	77,396,524	(17,788,996)	9,434,982	69,042,510
- Warburg Pincus Private Equity XI, L.P.	204,584,996	(53,774,696)	33,993,135	184,803,435
- Warburg Pincus Private Equity XII, L.P.	27,208,225	18,225,000	6,856,266	52,289,491
- Waterland Private Equity Fund VII, C.V. ¹	-	23,615	(23,615)	-
- Wellspring Capital Partners V, L.P.	67,486,076	(3,049,305)	1,082,929	65,519,699
- WPEF VI Feeder Fund, L.P.	22,032,076	12,325,193	2,329,976	36,687,246
- WPEF VI Overflow Feeder Fund, L.P.	3,408	5,363	(4,088)	4,683
<u>Other:</u>				
- Private Equity Cash	66,392,675	12,344,070	1,086,545	79,823,290
- Private Equity Cash Expense	-	1,862,469	(1,862,469)	-
- Private Equity Transition ⁴	-	-	-	-
Total Private Equity	\$ 9,803,214,404	\$ (65,000,000)	\$ 1,691,598,769	\$ 11,429,720,173

¹ Account opened during the fiscal year.

² Account assets sold or partnership interest sold during the fiscal year. Account will be closed unless residual activity occurs.

³ Account assets sold or partnership interest sold during the prior fiscal year. Balances and activity reflect residual activity.

⁴ Account was inactive during the fiscal year.

• Private Equity market values are estimates of value which may or may not represent what would be actually realized in arm's-length sales transactions. The market values are self-reported by the external managers of these accounts and incorporate their estimate of the value of illiquid publicly traded securities and private market holdings.

• Totals may not foot due to rounding.

FRS PENSION PLAN – STRATEGIC INVESTMENTS
CHANGE IN MARKET VALUE FOR FISCAL YEAR 2017-18

Account Name	Market Value 6/30/17	Net Contributions and Transfers	Investment Gain (Loss)	Market Value 06/30/18
<u>Strategic-Investments:</u>				
- ABRY Advanced Securities Fund, L.P.	\$ 2,307,383	\$ -	\$ (129,544)	\$ 2,177,839
- ABRY Advanced Securities Fund II, L.P.	56,237,817	(40,012,682)	5,673,353	21,898,487
- ABRY Advanced Securities Fund III, L.P.	74,259,225	11,373,129	8,272,066	93,904,420
- ABRY Senior Equity III, L.P.	3,966,968	(1,307,455)	604,764	3,264,278
- ABRY Senior Equity IV, L.P.	54,123,428	(16,149,597)	11,699,720	49,673,551
- ABRY Senior Equity V, L.P.	3,548,381	9,010,489	24,164	12,583,035
- Anchorage Capital Partners, L.P.	229,317,173	(73,547,107)	9,532,193	165,302,258
- Apollo Aviation Fund Management, LLC ¹	-	39,578,515	(2,648,293)	36,930,223
- Apollo Credit Liquidity Fund, L.P.	21,229,417	(16,978,797)	(3,756,624)	493,996
- AQR Managed Futures Fund II, L.P.	216,803,975	-	(1,978,231)	214,825,744
- AQR Style Premia Fund	155,198,852	-	2,723,671	157,922,523
- Atalaya Special Opportunities Fund VI, L.P.	70,096,138	6,117,695	6,675,742	82,889,574
- Audax Credit Opportunities, LLC	292,817,489	110,400	18,072,220	311,000,109
- Audax Mezzanine Fund IV-A, L.P.	13,781,686	13,129,330	2,798,646	29,709,662
- Bayview Opportunity Fund IV b, LLC	132,005,687	(68,313,189)	20,447,154	84,139,652
- Bayview Opportunity Master Fund II b, L.P.	4,912,043	(4,254,803)	(9,361)	647,879
- Bayview Opportunity Master Fund III b, L.P.	54,123,987	(41,647,677)	7,143,299	19,619,609
- Benefit Street Credit Alpha Partners, L.P.	152,165,156	-	12,175,375	164,340,531
- Benefit Street Debt Fund IV, L.P. ¹	-	67,470,145	1,365,182	68,835,327
- Benefit Street Partners CRE Conduit Co., L.P.	131,717,764	(141,809,563)	11,087,436	995,637
- BlackRock Carbon Capital V, Inc.	59,021,864	(16,291,120)	4,014,953	46,745,697
- BlackRock Carbon Capital VI, L.P.	40,637,338	14,286,167	3,565,274	58,488,778
- Blackstone Credit Liquidity Partners, L.P. ²	391,641	(388,817)	(2,824)	-
- Blackstone/GSO Capital Solutions Fund, L.P.	22,584,495	(10,902,107)	(1,660,339)	10,022,049
- Blackstone Tactical Opportunities Fund II, L.P.	75,606,342	34,710,731	12,980,959	123,298,032
- Blackstone Unit Trusts	5,885,011	-	213,541	6,098,552
- Boston Timber Opportunities LLC	265,662,729	33,359,403	6,321,548	305,343,680
- Bridgewater Pure Alpha Major Markets, LP PAMM ¹	-	34,357	(34,357)	-
- Caerus DT Fund, LLC	400,133,606	-	16,698,747	416,832,353
- Canyon Value Realization Fund, L.P.	115,009,049	-	9,038,106	124,047,155
- Capula Global Relative Value Fund Ltd, L.P.	163,708,231	-	5,948,965	169,657,196
- Carlyle Mezzanine Partners II, L.P.	16,505,619	(1,635,446)	(6,189,044)	8,681,129
- Castlake Aviation II, L.P.	16,858,189	(6,699,426)	1,887,929	12,046,692
- Castlake III Aviation Stable Yield, L.P.	-	20,027,741	17,745,210	37,772,951
- Castlake III, L.P.	92,829,181	(25,165,759)	4,864,270	72,527,692
- Castlake IV, L.P.	90,123,402	13,806,446	13,128,021	117,057,869
- Centerbridge Capital Partners III, L.P.	41,435,635	20,809,442	4,605,851	66,850,928
- Cerebus FSBA Levered Loan Opportunities Fund, L.P.	95,197,821	71,782,178	10,597,242	177,577,241
- Cerberus Institutional RE Partners III, L.P.	119,989,730	(34,612,958)	(1,072,009)	84,304,763
- Cerberus Institutional RE Partners IV, L.P.	13,291,480	49,921,366	(463,638)	62,749,208
- Cevian Capital II, L.P.	224,187,000	-	7,442,000	231,629,000
- Chambers Energy Capital III, L.P.	12,464,185	8,837,770	1,484,116	22,786,070
- Coastland Relative Value Fund, LLC ²	133,807,946	(119,623,074)	(14,184,872)	-
- Coastline Fund, L.P.	182,497,936	(4,594,863)	13,270,481	191,173,554
- Coastline Fund, L.P. Tranche II ¹	-	77,633,038	723,300	78,356,338
- Colony Distressed Credit & Special Sit Fund III, L.P.	113,371,566	(22,340,283)	10,441,418	101,472,701
- Colony Distressed Credit & Special Sit Fund IV, L.P.	78,996,499	8,065,328	7,889,576	94,951,403
- Colony Distressed Credit Fund II, L.P.	26,969,335	(5,400,916)	1,500,322	23,068,741
- Crescent Mezzanine Partners VI, L.P.	91,927,648	(24,547,500)	6,517,510	73,897,658
- Crescent Mezzanine Partners VII, L.P.	26,354,685	13,742,222	2,687,392	42,784,299

Account Name - continued	Market Value 6/30/17	Net Contributions and Transfers	Investment Gain (Loss)	Market Value 06/30/18
- CVI Credit Value Fund A, L.P.	41,609,827	(15,125,329)	1,605,276	28,089,774
- CVI Credit Value Fund II A, L.P.	170,460,452	(98,920,470)	21,255,016	92,794,998
- CVI Credit Value Fund III A, L.P.	150,864,016	50,000,000	20,157,111	221,021,127
- CVI Credit Value Fund IV A, L.P. ¹	-	15,068,334	285,993	15,354,326
- CVI Global Value Fund A, L.P.	48,189,504	(1,042,783)	(378,765)	46,767,956
- Davidson Kempner Institutional Partners, L.P. ²	121,834,813	(124,726,332)	2,891,519	-
- Deerfield Private Design Fund IV, L.P.	9,795,658	27,500,000	(255,364)	37,040,294
- Distressed Managers II FL, L.P.	15,587,151	(1,584,149)	(2,091,292)	11,911,710
- DoubleLine Opportunistic Income ¹	-	200,020,186	2,632,564	202,652,750
- Dymon Asia Macro (US) Fund	104,335,515	-	1,182,974	105,518,489
- EIG Energy Fund XVI, L.P.	58,899,685	6,804,924	7,880,564	73,585,174
- Elan Fund, L.P.	416,119,252	3,490	11,993,511	428,116,254
- Falcon Strategic Partners III, L.P.	36,070,835	(4,309,262)	(3,844,105)	27,917,468
- Falcon Strategic Partners IV, L.P.	97,662,981	(7,027,166)	3,414,844	94,050,659
- Florida Growth Fund, LLC	129,684,125	(28,116,633)	22,631,823	124,199,315
- Florida Growth Fund Credit Tranche, LLC	37,203,420	21,747,051	4,237,459	63,187,930
- Florida Growth Fund Tranche II, LLC	118,903,027	(7,572,401)	26,970,825	138,301,451
- Florida Growth Fund II, Tranche 1, LLC	83,795,152	36,001,133	13,225,621	133,021,906
- GI Partners Fund III, L.P.	43,848,601	(37,436,796)	8,385,390	14,797,195
- GI Partners Fund IV, L.P.	122,088,237	23,622,621	26,185,421	171,896,279
- Global Infrastructure Partners II, L.P.	142,962,655	(3,469,617)	23,559,985	163,053,024
- Global Infrastructure Partners III, L.P.	25,039,808	54,805,225	(2,909,366)	76,935,667
- GOF II Feeder B, L.P. ¹	-	18,138	(18,138)	-
- Graham Absolute Return Trading Ltd.	153,134,828	-	9,523,213	162,658,041
- Graticule Asia Macro Fund, L.P.	162,386,576	-	9,121,035	171,507,610
- Gruss Global Investors (Enhanced) II, L.P.	232,977,553	5,116	(6,734,890)	226,247,778
- GSO Capital Opportunities Fund, L.P.	6,257,618	(751,706)	(7,705)	5,498,207
- GSO Capital Opportunities Fund II, L.P.	93,906,101	(27,282,989)	8,320,625	74,943,737
- GSO Capital Opportunities Fund III, L.P.	34,240,896	12,018,873	5,585,265	51,845,034
- GSO Capital Solutions Fund II, L.P.	111,715,301	(48,447,283)	4,006,129	67,274,147
- GSO Capital Solutions Fund III, L.P. ¹	-	6,527,048	445,141	6,972,189
- GSO Energy Select Opportunities Fund, L.P.	29,024,513	20,308,071	5,236,356	54,568,940
- HBK Fund II, L.P.	171,407,236	-	5,400,340	176,807,576
- Healthcare Royalty Partners III, L.P.	25,054,998	3,798,109	286,727	29,139,834
- Highline Capital Partners, L.P.	228,830,621	-	(4,389,408)	224,441,213
- IFM Global Infrastructure (US), L.P.	374,100,754	424	68,252,806	442,353,985
- ITE Rail Fund, L.P. ¹	-	53,207	(53,207)	-
- Jackson Timberland Opportunities, LLC	193,311,096	(9,183,913)	5,968,300	190,095,483
- JHL Capital Group Fund, LLC	96,750,795	(48,150,905)	(2,491,473)	46,108,417
- King Street Capital Fund, L.P.	259,594,945	(228,851,565)	348,869	31,092,249
- KV Partners, LLC	94,839,393	(146,499,062)	52,417,203	757,534
- Lake Jackson, L.P.	-	11,624	(11,624)	-
- LCM Credit Opportunities Fund III(a), L.P.	23,395,394	53,371,471	4,831,260	81,598,125
- Levine Leichtman Capital Partners IV, L.P.	27,047,575	5,217,111	6,068,085	38,332,771
- Levine Leichtman Capital Partners V, L.P.	167,044,275	(4,235,543)	24,890,621	187,699,353
- Levine Leichtman Capital Partners VI, L.P. ¹	-	37,941,941	603,482	38,545,424
- Lexington GP Holdings, L.P.	137,177,750	(17,952,232)	24,353,606	143,579,124
- Litespeed Partners, L.P.	89,669,594	(92,837,650)	13,482,014	10,313,958
- Luxor Capital Partners, L.P.	89,961,250	-	21,424,795	111,386,045
- Marathon European Credit Opp Fund II, L.P.	81,752,382	(25,134,227)	13,326,399	69,944,554
- Mason Capital Fund, L.P. ³	930,614	-	-	930,614
- MCP Private Capital Fund, III ¹	-	18,955,085	(1,846,671)	17,108,414
- MKP Opportunity Partners, L.P.	157,612,009	-	873,783	158,485,792
- MW Eureka (US) ¹	-	50,038,374	4,907,724	54,946,099
- Oaktree Opportunities Fund VIII, L.P.	24,474,354	(18,131,209)	4,222,539	10,565,684
- Oaktree Opportunities Fund VIIIb, L.P.	31,171,748	(10,029,145)	5,345,756	26,488,360
- Oaktree Opportunities Fund IX, L.P.	88,690,797	(17,927,774)	6,631,912	77,394,935
- Oaktree Opportunities Fund Xb, L.P. ¹	-	5,000,000	-	5,000,000

Account Name - continued	Market Value 6/30/17	Net Contributions and Transfers	Investment Gain (Loss)	Market Value 06/30/18
- OCM Opportunities Fund VIII, L.P.	3,614,272	(1,016,662)	372,971	2,970,581
- Orion Mine Finance Co-Investment Fund II, L.P. ¹	-	2,566,489	-	2,566,489
- Orion Mine Finance Fund I, L.P.	110,388,774	(30,327,940)	2,720,974	82,781,808
- Orion Mine Finance Fund II, L.P. ¹	-	54,152,858	(2,783,084)	51,369,775
- OZ Domestic Partners II, L.P.	288,082,730	-	29,286,033	317,368,763
- P2 Capital Fund, L.P.	264,488,500	-	47,519,961	312,008,461
- PCG Special Situation Partners, L.P.	22,971,600	(3,487,363)	160,060	19,644,297
- Primary Wave Music IP Fund 1, L.P.	9,541,308	3,266,567	(239,295)	12,568,580
- Principal RE Debt (SBAF Mortgage Fund), LLC	188,339,029	(34,578,240)	13,190,719	166,951,509
- Providence Debt Fund III, L.P.	153,308,220	(14,358,268)	7,958,988	146,908,940
- Providence Equity Global Group, LLC	162,602,924	(10,504,833)	(9,631,818)	142,466,273
- Providence TMT Debt Opportunity Fund II, L.P.	22,841,031	(15,342,500)	1,332,121	8,830,652
- Providence TMT Special Situation Fund, L.P.	5,245,905	(2,916,454)	(310,170)	2,019,281
- Rubik Holdings LTD ¹	-	50,026,702	878,905	50,905,607
- SASOF III, L.P.	52,480,879	(20,705,757)	3,083,354	34,858,476
- Scopia PX, LLC	116,616,198	-	5,591,746	122,207,944
- Special Situation Partners II, L.P.	48,431,706	(8,349,914)	671,530	40,753,322
- Sprott Private Resource Lending (US), L.P.	4,243,951	42,527,650	1,406,207	48,177,807
- Square Mile Partners III, L.P.	16,125,606	(11,207,451)	(1,507,303)	3,410,852
- Starboard Value and Opportunity Fund, LLC	303,983,410	-	43,949,676	347,933,086
- Taconic Opportunity Fund, L.P.	277,965,140	-	14,897,885	292,863,025
- TCW Crescent Mezzanine Partners V, L.P.	18,356,925	(10,138,227)	1,712,119	9,930,817
- Three Bridges Europe Fund, L.P.	95,020,138	-	7,223,407	102,243,545
- Tintoretto Partners, L.P. ¹	-	65,199,842	1,417,416	66,617,258
- Tricon Housing Partners I US, L.P.	34,122,257	(3,907,364)	2,789,576	33,004,469
- Tricon Housing Partners II US, L.P.	88,269,740	(8,641,841)	(3,763,558)	75,864,340
- Trigate Property Partners II, L.P.	30,205,363	(3,042,270)	3,127,866	30,290,959
- Trigate Property Partners III, L.P.	15,936,429	197,697	2,404,300	18,538,427
- TSSP Adjacent Opportunities Partners, L.P.	99,570,254	21,090,936	10,639,293	131,300,483
- Varde Fund X, L.P.	72,228,549	(37,402,836)	3,498,753	38,324,467
- Varde Fund XI, L.P.	260,846,316	(64,039,859)	18,387,154	215,193,611
- Varde Fund XII (c), L.P.	100,709,226	110,000,000	11,543,862	222,253,088
- Vine Media Opportunities Fund III, L.P.	90,824,030	(5,103,368)	(210,691)	85,509,971
- Vine Media Opportunities Fund IV, L.P. ¹	-	4,983,101	2,311,378	7,294,479
- VSS Structured Capital II, L.P.	18,318,875	(5,566,457)	5,436,161	18,188,579
- Wayzata Opportunities Fund II, L.P.	7,963,817	(6,112,038)	1,098,076	2,949,855
- Wayzata Opportunities Fund III, L.P.	43,584,892	(7,174,272)	(389,212)	36,021,408
- York Capital Management, L.P. ²	199,022,552	(210,755,798)	11,733,247	-
Other:				
- Strategic Investments Cash	69,709,447	(3,192,050)	917,561	67,434,958
- Strategic Investment Cash Expense	-	2,185,755	(2,185,755)	-
- Strategic Investments Transition	2,634,852	(1,569,764)	(277,027)	788,061
Total Strategic Investments	\$ 12,654,071,257	\$ (701,569,764)	\$ 965,033,842	\$ 12,917,535,335

¹ Account opened during the fiscal year.

² Account assets sold or partnership interest sold during the fiscal year. Balances and activity reflect residual activity.

³ Account assets sold or partnership interest sold during the prior fiscal year. Balances and activity reflect residual activity.

- For certain strategic investments accounts, market values are estimates of value which may or may not represent what would be actually realized in arm's length sales transactions. In such cases the market values are self-reported by the external managers of these accounts and incorporate their estimate of the value of illiquid publicly traded securities and private market holdings.
- Totals may not foot due to rounding.

FRS PENSION PLAN – REAL ESTATE CHANGE IN MARKET VALUE FOR FISCAL YEAR 2017-18

Account Name	Market Value 6/30/17	Net Contributions and Transfers	Investment Gain (Loss)	Market Value 06/30/18
Joint Ventures:				
- Ramco ²	\$ 422,702	\$ -	\$ 7,578	430,280
Pooled Funds:				
- AEW Senior Housing Investors III, L.P.	15,094,993	8,421,297	1,949,024	25,465,314
- AEW Value Investors Asia III ¹	-	21,105,472	(938,099)	20,167,372
- Beacon Capital Strategic Partners Fund V, L.P.	774,756	(688,170)	(4,711)	81,875
- BlackRock Diamond Property Fund, Inc.	434,774	(658,935)	332,546	108,385
- BlackRock Europe Property Fund IV	4,849,756	7,149,917	142,156	12,141,829
- Blackstone Real Estate Partners Asia, L.P.	108,342,014	31,353,075	19,021,189	158,716,278
- Blackstone Real Estate Partners Europe V, L.P.	8,442,159	32,105,883	7,166,773	47,714,815
- Blackstone Real Estate Partners VI, L.P.	37,107,157	(21,733,921)	9,238,633	24,611,869
- Blackstone Real Estate Partners VII, L.P.	258,003,846	(60,075,289)	42,516,995	240,445,552
- Blackstone Real Estate Partners VIII, L.P.	45,042,209	6,763,640	7,254,768	59,060,617
- Brookfield-Fairfield US Multifamily Fund I, L.P.	17,697,683	(18,282,538)	1,281,549	696,694
- Brookfield-Fairfield US Multifamily Fund II, L.P.	70,520,183	(17,942,510)	18,710,649	71,288,322
- CapMan Nordic Real Estate Fund	41,452,462	(6,256,659)	4,447,533	39,643,336
- CapMan Nordic Real Estate II ¹	-	8,865,579	285,197	9,150,776
- Carlyle Property Investors, L.P. ¹	-	98,963,613	399,120	99,362,732
- Carlyle Realty Partners VI, L.P.	30,186,981	(15,808,639)	578,289	14,956,631
- Carlyle Realty Partners VII, L.P.	33,693,431	(5,299,696)	4,795,870	33,189,605
- Carlyle Realty Partners VIII, L.P.	-	827,385	(1,059,541)	(232,156)
- CIM Fund VIII, L.P.	37,285,126	2,990,116	2,034,342	42,309,584
- EMI Pooled Fund Expenses Account ³	-	-	-	-
- Europa Fund IV, L.P.	61,248,902	(19,921,883)	6,081,022	47,408,041
- Heitman Value Partners III, L.P.	34,296,195	(7,186,387)	4,977,211	32,087,019
- Heitman Value Partners IV, L.P. ¹	-	52,952	(598,692)	(545,740)
- Hines Value Added Fund II, L.P.	3,924,874	-	(650,908)	3,273,966
- JP Morgan EOP Fund III	17,675,059	15,353,782	6,690,654	39,719,496
- JP Morgan Special Situation Property Fund	179,096,776	(4,763,243)	17,402,242	191,735,775
- JP Morgan Strategic Property Fund	395,017,518	(61,538,888)	23,465,237	356,943,867
- Landmark Real Estate Fund VIII, L.P. ¹	-	5,134,488	3,018,503	8,152,991
- Prime Property Fund, LLC	376,460,478	(15,113,773)	31,134,926	392,481,631
- Principal US Property Fund	363,084,118	-	30,666,177	393,750,294
- Prologis USFL, L.P.	115,288,626	46,054,701	30,643,113	191,986,440
- Prudential PRISA	332,804,745	(12,340,707)	25,238,718	345,702,756
- Prudential PRISA Fund III	241,669,588	(14,277,122)	22,428,805	249,821,271
- Rockpoint Real Estate Fund III, L.P.	10,372,294	(2,483,200)	106,099	7,995,193
- Rockpoint Real Estate Fund IV, L.P.	54,134,182	(14,910,444)	3,009,340	42,233,078
- Rockpoint Real Estate Fund V, L.P.	32,726,718	20,525,856	4,925,602	58,178,176
- RREEF America REIT II Pooled Fund	306,310,936	(10,015,706)	23,373,787	319,669,017
- Starwood Distressed Opp. Fund IX Global, L.P.	66,547,379	(19,292,109)	4,959,740	52,215,010
- Starwood Opportunity Fund X Global, L.P.	103,251,332	(41,668,396)	13,113,469	74,696,405
- Starwood Global Opportunity Fund XI, L.P.	-	-	417,360	417,360
- Tristan EPISO 3, L.P.	46,944,406	(5,168,146)	7,121,196	48,897,456
- Tristan EPISO 4, L.P.	13,832,601	13,621,537	2,167,331	29,621,469
- UBS Pooled Fund, L.P.	291,229,461	(107,278,902)	12,556,249	196,506,807
Principal Investments	8,523,072,649	(141,853,267)	488,672,854	8,869,892,235
Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITs):				
- AEW Global REIT	363,050,626	-	25,493,621	388,544,247
- CohenSteers Global REIT	295,287,047	-	18,756,714	314,043,761
- Invesco Global REIT	349,936,010	-	23,758,252	373,694,261
- RREEF Global REIT	357,353,455	-	26,344,735	383,698,190
Other:				
- Real Estate Cash Account	30,753,583	(2,693,402)	714,102	28,774,283
- Real Estate Cash Expense Account	-	562,641	(562,641)	-
- Real Estate Transition Account ³	-	-	-	-
Total Real Estate Investments	\$ 13,674,719,791	\$ (307,400,000)	\$ 973,584,676	\$ 14,340,904,468

¹ Account opened during the fiscal year.

² Strategy terminated or account closed during a prior fiscal year. Balances and activity reflect residual activity.

³ Account inactive during the fiscal year.

• For certain strategic investments accounts, market values are estimates of value which may or may not represent what would be actually realized in arm's-length sales transactions. In such cases the market values are self-reported by the external managers of these accounts and incorporate their estimate of value of illiquid publicly traded securities and private market holdings.

• Totals may not foot due to rounding.

**FRS PENSION PLAN – MISCELLANEOUS PORTFOLIOS
CHANGE IN MARKET VALUE FOR FISCAL YEAR 2017-18**

Account Name	Market Value 6/30/17	Net Contributions and Transfers	Investment Gain (Loss)	Market Value 6/30/18
Cash Expense Account ¹	\$ -	\$ 99,724	\$ (99,724)	-
Cash Securities Lending Account ²	(39,864,142)	-	6,210,804	(33,653,338)
Central Cash/Short-Term	1,062,348,472	468,680,377	26,268,552	1,557,297,401
Centralized Cleared IM Collateral Account	124,795,587	-	1,517,423	126,313,010
Centralized MSFTA Collateral Account	10,068,329	10,000,000	216,226	20,284,556
Centralized Non-Cleared Cash Collateral	26,672,840	-	397,824	27,070,664
TF STIPFRS NAV Adjustment Account ³	165,422	-	(380,217)	(214,795)
Total Fund Cash Expense Account ¹	-	35,854,901	(35,854,901)	-
Total Cash Asset Class	\$ 1,184,186,508	\$ 514,635,002	\$ (1,724,013)	\$ 1,697,097,498

¹ The Cash Expense Account and the Total Fund Cash Expense Account are both used to pay various expenses (including SBA investment service charges and bank fees) on behalf of the entire FRS Pension Plan. Excluding these expenses, the reported investment gain (loss) would have been \$0 for both accounts.

² The SBA includes the net unrealized gain (loss) on invested cash collateral in the securities lending program in the total market value of the Cash Securities Lending Account. In fiscal year 2018, the net unrealized loss decreased, resulting in an unrealized gain of \$5,759,358 that is included in the Investment Gain (Loss) column.

³ The TF STIPFRS NAV Adjustment Account is used to record the difference between the net market value of the Short-Term Investment Pool (STIPFRS) that SBA utilizes to invest cash balances in the FRS Pension Plan and the total participant balances (carried at amortized cost) of all the individual portfolios that are invested in the pool.

• Totals may not foot due to rounding.

Actuarial Section



University of Central Florida – Orlando, Florida

Florida Retirement System Pension Plan

Overview of GASB 67 and GASB 68

In 2012, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) released GASB Statements No. 67 and 68 for public pension plans and participating employers. GASB Statements No. 67 and 68 substantially revised the accounting requirements previously mandated under GASB Statements No. 25 and 27. The most notable change is the distinct separation of funding from financial reporting. The Annual Required Contribution (ARC) has been eliminated under GASB 67 and 68 and is no longer relevant for financial reporting purposes.

GASB 67 applies to financial reporting for public pension plans. Under GASB 67, enhancements to the financial statement disclosures are required, along with certain required supplementary information.

GASB 68 governs the specifics of accounting for public pension plan obligations for participating employers. GASB 68 requires a liability for pension obligations, known as the Net Pension Liability, to be recognized on the balance sheets of participating employers. Changes in the Net Pension Liability will be immediately recognized as Pension Expense on the income statement or reported as deferred inflows/outflows of resources depending on the nature of the change.

Relationship Between Valuation Date and Measurement Date

The Valuation Date is July 1, 2018. This is the date as of which the actuarial valuation is performed. The Measurement Date is June 30, 2018.

Depletion Date Projection

In order to determine if the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to make projected benefit payments, we have prepared a depletion date projection using the following techniques and assumptions:

- Current active members contribute the required employee contribution amounts.
- The employer contributes the actuarially determined contribution amounts based on the 7.40% investment rate of return assumption selected by the 2018 FRS Actuarial Assumption Conference.
- Benefit payments are projected based on the actuarial assumptions and the current plan provisions.
- Members are assumed to receive pay increases, terminate, retire, become disabled, die, and so forth according to the actuarial assumptions used for the July 1, 2018 valuation.
- Terminating and retiring members are replaced in a manner such that the proportions of Pension Plan and Investment Plan payroll modify gradually to 50% and 50% over a thirty-year timeframe.
- All cash flows are assumed to occur on average halfway through the year.
- In the depletion date test's projections, the actual return achieved each year on invested assets is 7.00%.
- The funding policy used to determine actuarially determined contributions does not change.
- The actuarial assumptions do not change.



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December 3, 2018

Members of the Florida Legislature and of the Florida Retirement System

Re: Actuary's Statement Regarding FRS 2018 Pension Plan Actuarial Valuation

Dear Florida Legislators and FRS Members:

Milliman has conducted an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018 for the Florida Retirement System (FRS) Pension Plan. Current Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) financial reporting standards require two distinct sets of actuarial valuation calculations to fulfill two separate requirements:

- System funding calculations as of July 1, 2018, which assess system funded status and determine actuarially calculated contribution rates for the July 1, 2019 – June 30, 2020 plan year. The methods and assumptions for these calculations include a decrease in the investment return assumption from 7.50% to 7.40%. Preliminary 2018 valuation results reflecting this assumption update were presented to the 2018 FRS Actuarial Assumption Conference. The investment return assumption, which was set by the 2018 FRS Actuarial Assumption Conference, is a *prescribed assumption* as defined by Actuarial Standard of Practice No. 27 (ASOP 27). The prescribed assumption conflicts with my professional judgment regarding what would constitute a reasonable assumption for the purpose of the measurement as discussed in ASOP 27.
- System GASB 67 financial reporting calculations as of June 30, 2018, which satisfy relevant accounting standards for annual financial reporting to interested parties. These calculations use demographic assumptions identical to those used in system funding calculations. The long-term expected rate of return assumption of 7.00% used in GASB discount rate calculations differs from the 7.40% investment rate of return assumption used in the funding calculations. The 7.00% assumption consists of two building block components: 1) a real (in excess of inflation) return of 4.40%, which is consistent with one capital market outlook model developed during 2018 by the outside investment consultant to the Florida State Board of Administration; 2) a long-term average annual inflation assumption of 2.60% as most recently adopted in October 2018 by the FRS Actuarial Assumption Conference. In my opinion, both components and the overall 7.00% return assumption are reasonable and appropriate per Actuarial Standards of Practice. In addition to the difference in the investment rate of return assumption, as discussed later in this letter, some actuarial methods used to determine assets and actuarial liabilities differ from the system funding calculations in order to comply with GASB mandates which are designed to allow financial statement comparability between governmental pension systems.

The two sets of calculations were issued as distinct valuation reports under separate cover due to the differing methodologies as noted above and as discussed later in this letter.

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System Funding Calculations

On the smoothed Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA) basis used to determine actuarially calculated contribution rates, FRS Pension Plan funded status decreased from 84.3% to 83.9%. On a Market Value of Assets (MVA) basis, FRS Pension Plan funded status increased from 86.3% to 86.7% due to an actual plan year investment return of approximately +9.3% compared to the assumed average annual return from the previous system funding valuation of 7.50%.

Due to market value investment performance above the long-term average assumed return over the past year, as of July 1, 2018 the MVA is more than the AVA, which is used for contribution rate calculations, by \$5.09 billion. That \$5.09 billion not yet recognized market investment gain will be systematically recognized as a sequence of actuarial investment gains in the Unfunded Actuarial Liability (UAL) over the next several years if market value investment experience during that period meets or exceeds the 7.40% investment return assumption. If actual market value investment experience during that period fails to meet or exceed the 7.40% assumption used in the funding valuation, the not yet recognized investment gain will serve as a buffer, either mitigating or eliminating increases in actuarially calculated employer contribution rates.

The composite FRS Pension Plan-only actuarially calculated employer contribution rate in the funding valuation (prior to blending with FRS Investment Plan contribution rates to create blended proposed statutory rates) for the 2019-2020 plan year increased by 0.54% of payroll when compared to the 2018-2019 rate calculated in the prior valuation. The most significant rate increase sources were, in decreasing order of significance:

- a) The decrease in the investment return assumption
- b) Actual retirement and DROP entry behavior of eligible members during 2017-2018 plan year compared to the long-term assumption
- c) Other actual member demographic experience during the year, which includes the effects of actual salary increase and mortality experience compared to long-term assumptions

The actuarially calculated contribution rates in the valuation are determined in a manner such that they would remain level as a percentage of projected payroll in future years if experience follows the valuation's assumptions until system funded status nears 100%, with the exception of rate changes due to the effects of the not yet recognized market investment gain noted above.

This valuation used a long-term average annual future investment return assumption of 7.40%, as approved for use by the 2018 FRS Actuarial Assumption Conference. The assumption is materially above the 50th percentile average returns in the proprietary capital market outlook models developed by both Milliman and the Florida State Board of Administration's investment consultant (Aon Hewitt Investment Consulting). The models developed by Milliman and Aon

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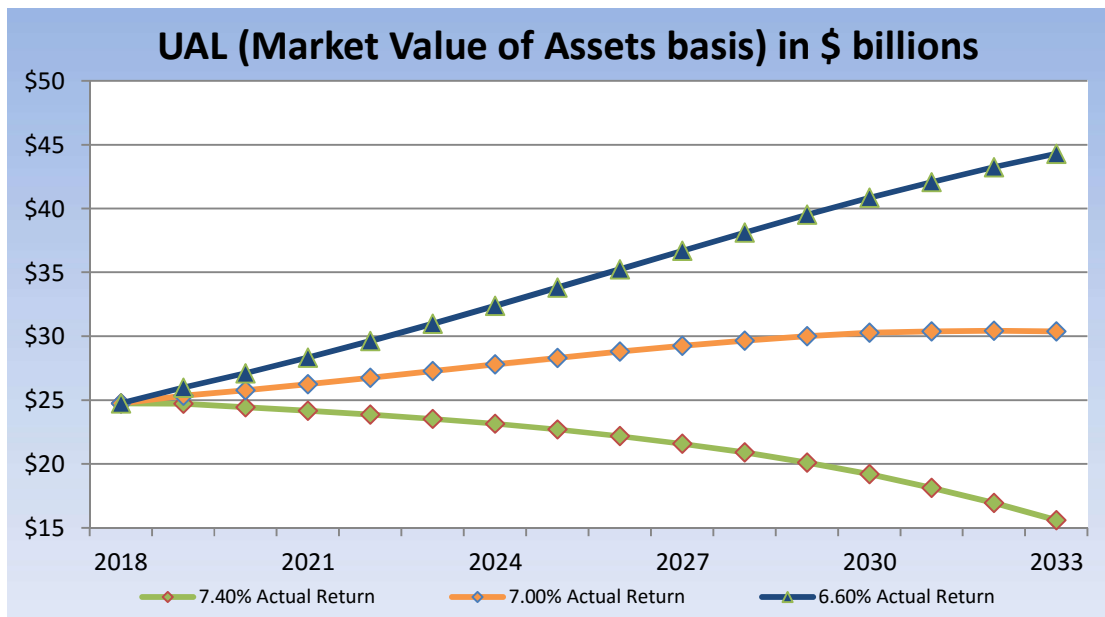
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Hewitt each had 50th percentile average annual long-term future returns in the 6.4%-6.7% range, and all models developed in 2018 indicated a likelihood of 35% or less of actual long-term future average returns meeting or exceeding 7.40%.

All else being equal, the lower the selected investment return assumption, the higher the likelihood the FRS Pension Plan will meet or exceed its assumed investment return in future years. A lower assumption would result in higher short-term actuarially calculated contribution rates for employers, but would also serve to lessen the magnitude of actuarially calculated contribution rate increases in the event that actual future investment performance fails to meet or exceed the assumption.

Actual future investment return experience for the FRS Pension Plan is not affected by the assumption used in the actuarial valuation. Applying the 7.40% valuation assumption, the following graph illustrates the UAL on a Market Value of Assets basis under three scenarios for steady actual future investment returns:

- 7.40%, which is the assumption selected for the funding valuation by the 2018 FRS Actuarial Assumption Conference
- 7.00%, which is the assumption used for GASB 67 financial reporting valuation calculations as of a June 30, 2018 Measurement Date
- 6.60%, which is near the 50th percentile assumption for a model developed by Aon Hewitt Investment Consulting in consultation with the 2018 FRS Actuarial Assumption Conference



As illustrated in the graph, if actual future investment returns match the 7.40% assumption the UAL would decrease by approximately one-third by the end of the illustrated 15-year period. Currently, there are market investment gains that are not yet recognized in the smoothed Actuarial Value of Assets as of the valuation date. When that is the case, the pattern shown

over the first 15 years in the 7.40% actual return scenario is typical of the method of closed 30-year amortization periods used to calculate contribution rates in the valuation. (The UAL still remaining after 15 years is amortized over the latter 15 years of the amortization schedule if actual investment performance continues to match the assumption.) If actual returns underperform the 7.40% assumption by 0.40%, the UAL would increase by approximately \$6 billion over the illustrated 15-year projection period. If actual investment returns equal the 50th percentile return from the Aon Hewitt Investment Consulting 2018 Q3 model of 6.6%, the UAL would increase by nearly 80% over the modeled 15-year period even if actuarially calculated contributions are made and all other experience follows the assumptions used in this valuation.

System GASB Financial Reporting Calculations

GASB Statement No. 67 is the governing standard for financial reporting of governmental pension systems. GASB 67 calculation methodology differs in three significant ways from the methodology of system funding calculations. First, GASB 67 mandates use of fair market asset values for the calculation of unfunded liability. Second, GASB 67 mandates a specific actuarial cost method (Individual Entry Age Normal) for financial reporting calculations. That actuarial cost method differs from the one used in system funding calculations (Ultimate Entry Age Normal). An *actuarial cost method* allocates the net present value of all projected future retirement benefits across a member's projected working career, thus establishing values for actuarial liability (allocation to past service) and normal cost (allocation to current year service). Third, the long-term expected rate of investment return assumption used in GASB discount rate calculations is 7.00% for financial reporting of governmental pension plans systems (compared to 7.40% used for system funding calculations.) The 7.00% return consists of two building block components: 1) a real (in excess of inflation) return of 4.40%, which is consistent with one capital market outlook model developed during 2018 by the outside investment consultant to the Florida State Board of Administration, 2) a long-term average annual inflation assumption of 2.60% as most recently adopted in October 2018 by the FRS Actuarial Assumption Conference.

As of the date of this valuation, the combined effect of the differences in methodology noted above cause the calculated unfunded liability for financial reporting calculations to be higher than the unfunded liability determined for system funding calculations. For FRS Pension Plan GASB 67 financial reporting calculations, the unfunded liability (Net Pension Liability) as of June 30, 2018 is \$30.1 billion, whereas the system funding calculations have an unfunded liability (UAL on smoothed Actuarial Value of Assets basis) of \$29.85 billion as of July 1, 2018.

Other Comments

Actuarial assumptions are needed to estimate the future economic and demographic experience of the system. Any deviations between actual and expected future experience will result in corresponding changes in the ongoing costs of the system. The economic assumptions were developed from both external economic forecasts and information and forecasts furnished by the Florida State Board of Administration. The demographic actuarial assumptions were developed both from recent experience of the System and from standard actuarial sources. The actuarial assumptions used in performing the July 1, 2018 system funding valuation were approved by the 2018 FRS Actuarial Assumption Conference. Details on the development of assumptions can be found in our 2018 FRS Actuarial Assumption Conference presentation

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materials, and also in the 2014 FRS Experience Study (published September 2014), which reviewed FRS Pension Plan experience for the five-year period ending June 30, 2013.

The methodology differences between the funding and GASB financial reporting calculations are identified above. The assumptions and methods used in performing the GASB calculations meet the parameters set by GASB Statement No. 67, *Financial Reporting for Pension Plans*.

The results of the reports are dependent upon future experience conforming to these assumptions. Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in the reports due to many factors, including: plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period) and changes in plan provisions or applicable law. Due to the limited scope of our assignment, we did not perform an analysis of the potential range of future measurements.

In performing the valuation, we relied without audit upon the financial statements, membership data, and other cost and benefits provision information furnished by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement. Although membership data was subjected to standard editing procedures and the other information was reviewed for reasonableness, Milliman does not assume responsibility for either its accuracy or its completeness.

In preparing our reports we relied, without audit, on information (some oral and some written) supplied by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement. This information includes, but is not limited to, statutory provisions, employee census, and financial information. In our examination of this data, we have found it to be reasonably consistent and comparable with data used for other purposes. Since valuation results are dependent on the integrity of the data supplied, results can be expected to differ if the underlying data is incomplete or missing. It should be noted that if any data or other information is inaccurate or incomplete, our calculations may need to be revised.

The reports have been prepared exclusively for the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement for specific and limited purposes. Milliman does not intend to benefit and assumes no duty or liability to other parties who receive this work. The valuations are complex, technical analyses that assume a high level of knowledge concerning the Florida Retirement System's operations, and uses data provided by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, which Milliman has not audited.

Milliman does not intend to benefit or create a legal duty to any third party recipient of the reports. No third party recipient of Milliman's work product should rely upon the reports. Such recipients should engage qualified professionals for advice appropriate to their own specific needs.

The consultants who worked on this assignment are pension actuaries. Milliman's advice is not intended to be a substitute for qualified legal or accounting counsel.

The signing actuary is independent of the plan sponsors. I am not aware of any relationship that would impair the objectivity of Milliman's work.

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These actuarial valuations were prepared and completed by me and those under my direct supervision, and I acknowledge responsibility for the results. I hereby certify that the valuation reports are complete and accurate to the best of my knowledge. With the exception of the one assumption noted above, in my opinion the techniques and assumptions used are reasonable. In my opinion these valuations meet the requirements and intent of Part VII, Chapter 112, Florida Statutes, and Section 14, Article X of the Florida State Constitution. Regarding the one noted exception, Section 216.136(10) of Florida Statutes indicates that the 2018 FRS Actuarial Assumption Conference holds the statutory authority to determine the investment return assumption for the system funding valuation. There is no benefit provision or related expense to be provided by the plan and/or paid from the plan's assets for which liabilities or current costs have not been established or otherwise taken into account in the valuations.

To the best of my knowledge, there were no known events that were not taken into account in the valuations. On the basis of the foregoing, I hereby certify that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, the reports are complete and accurate and have been prepared in accordance with generally recognized and accepted actuarial principles and practices which are consistent with Actuarial Standards of Practice, the Code of Professional Conduct and Qualification Standards for Public Statements of Actuarial Opinion of the American Academy of Actuaries. I am a member of the American Academy of Actuaries and meet the Qualification Standards to render the actuarial opinion contained herein.

Respectfully submitted,



Matt Larrabee, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal & Consulting Actuary

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Certification

Actuarial computations presented in this report under Statement No. 67 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board are for purposes of assisting the Florida Department of Management Services in fulfilling its financial accounting requirements. No attempt is being made to offer any accounting opinion or advice. This report is for fiscal year July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2018. The reporting date for determining plan assets and obligations is June 30, 2018. The calculations enclosed in this report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the plan provisions. Determinations for purposes other than meeting financial reporting requirements may be significantly different than the results contained in this report. Accordingly, additional determinations may be needed for other purposes, such as judging benefit security or meeting employer funding requirements.

In preparing this report, we relied, without audit, on information as of June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2018 furnished by the Florida Department of Management Services. This information includes, but is not limited to, statutory provisions, member census data, and financial information. Please note that this report is based on the June 30, 2018 assets for the program as reported to us by the Florida State Board of Administration. Please see Milliman's funding valuation report to be published in December 2018 for more information on the plan's participant group as of July 1, 2018 as well as a summary of the plan provisions and a summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used for funding purposes.

We performed a limited review of the census and financial information used directly in our analysis and have found them to be reasonably consistent and comparable with information used for other purposes. The valuation results depend on the integrity of this information. If any of this information is inaccurate or incomplete our results may be different and our calculations may need to be revised.

We hereby certify that, to the best of our knowledge, this report, including all costs and liabilities based on actuarial assumptions and methods, is complete and accurate and determined in conformance with generally recognized and accepted actuarial principles and practices, which are consistent with the Actuarial Standards of Practice promulgated by the Actuarial Standards Board and the applicable Code of Professional Conduct and supporting Recommendations of the American Academy of Actuaries.

This valuation report is only an estimate of the Plan's financial condition as of a single date. It can neither predict the Plan's future condition nor guarantee future financial soundness. Actuarial valuations do not affect the ultimate cost of Plan benefits, only the timing of Plan contributions. While the valuation is based on an array of individually reasonable assumptions, other assumption sets may also be reasonable and valuation results based on those assumptions would be different. No one set of assumptions is uniquely correct. Determining results using alternative assumptions is outside the scope of our engagement.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to factors such as, but not limited to, the following: plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the plan's funded status); and changes in plan provisions or applicable law. Due to the limited scope of the actuarial assignment, we did not perform an analysis of the potential range of such future measurements.

Milliman's work is prepared solely for the internal use and benefit of the Florida Department of Management Services. To the extent that Milliman's work is not subject to disclosure under applicable public records laws, Milliman's work may not be provided to third parties without Milliman's prior written consent. Milliman does not intend to benefit or create a legal duty to any third party recipient of its work product. Milliman's consent to release its work product to any third party may be conditioned on the third party signing a Release, subject to the following exceptions: (a) the Plan Sponsor may provide a copy of Milliman's work, in its entirety, to the Plan Sponsor's professional service advisors who are subject to a duty of confidentiality and who agree to not use Milliman's work for any purpose other than to benefit the Plan; and (b) the Plan Sponsor may provide a copy of Milliman's work, in its entirety, to other governmental entities, as required by law.

No third party recipient of Milliman's work product should rely upon Milliman's work product. Such recipients should engage qualified professionals for advice appropriate to their specific needs.

The consultants who worked on this assignment are pension actuaries. Milliman's advice is not intended to be a substitute for qualified legal or accounting counsel.

The signing actuaries are independent of the plan sponsor. We are not aware of any relationship that would impair the objectivity of our work.

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On the basis of the foregoing, we hereby certify that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this report is complete and has been prepared in accordance with generally recognized accepted actuarial principles and practices. We are members of the American Academy of Actuaries and meet the Qualification Standards to render the actuarial opinion contained herein.



Matt R. Larrabee, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary



Kathryn M. Hunter, FSA, EA, MAAA
Consulting Actuary

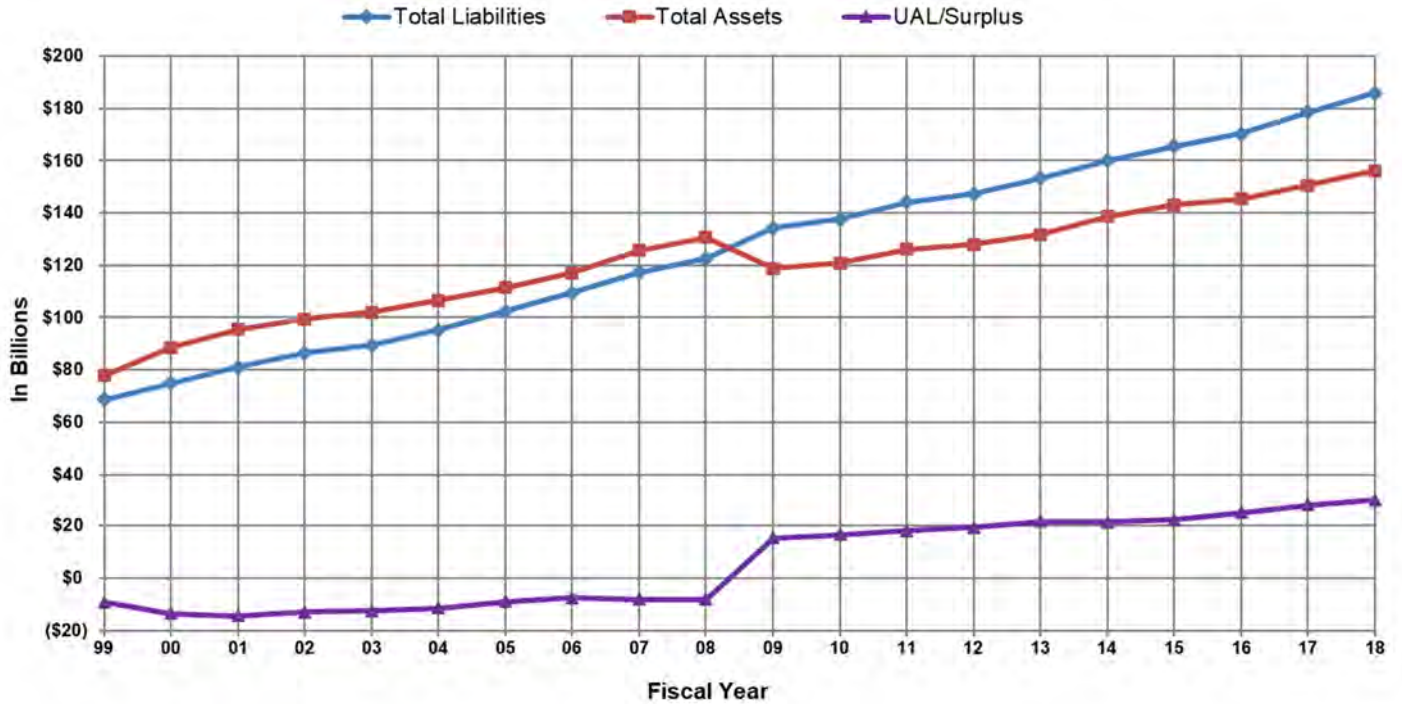


Daniel R. Wade, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary

Milliman

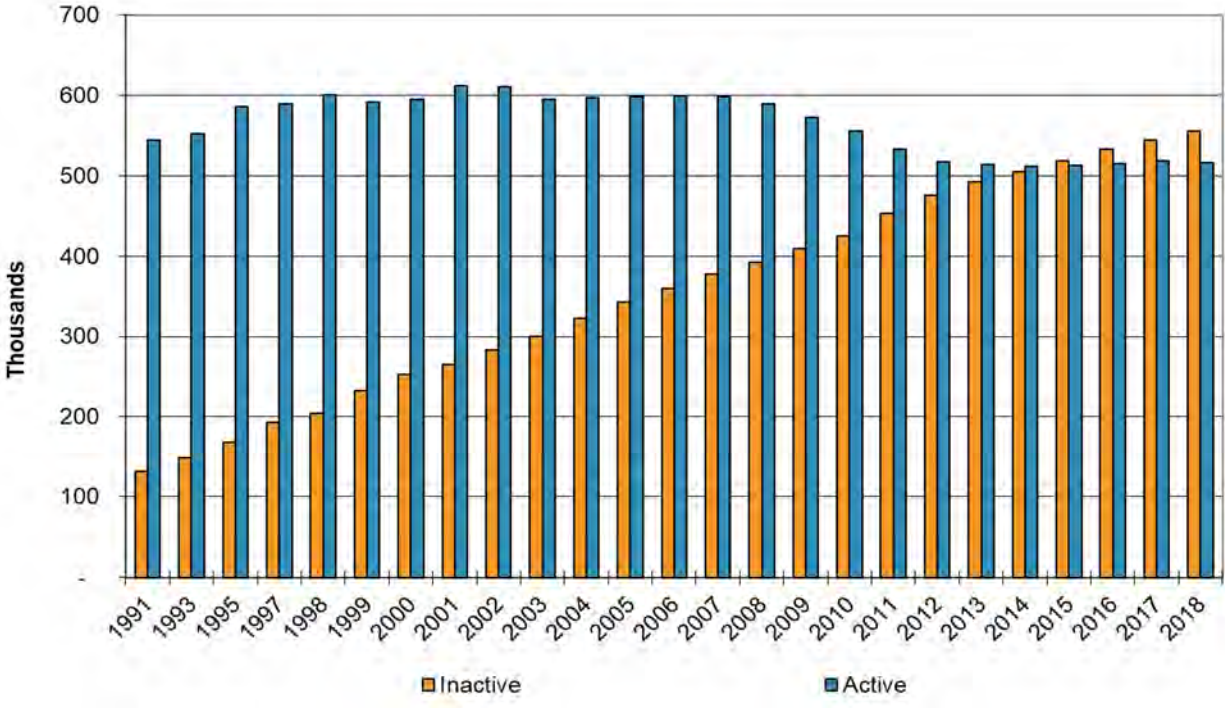
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HISTORY OF THE FRS PENSION PLAN UNFUNDED ACTUARIAL LIABILITY/SURPLUS WITH TOTAL LIABILITIES AND TOTAL ASSETS FROM 1999 THROUGH 2018



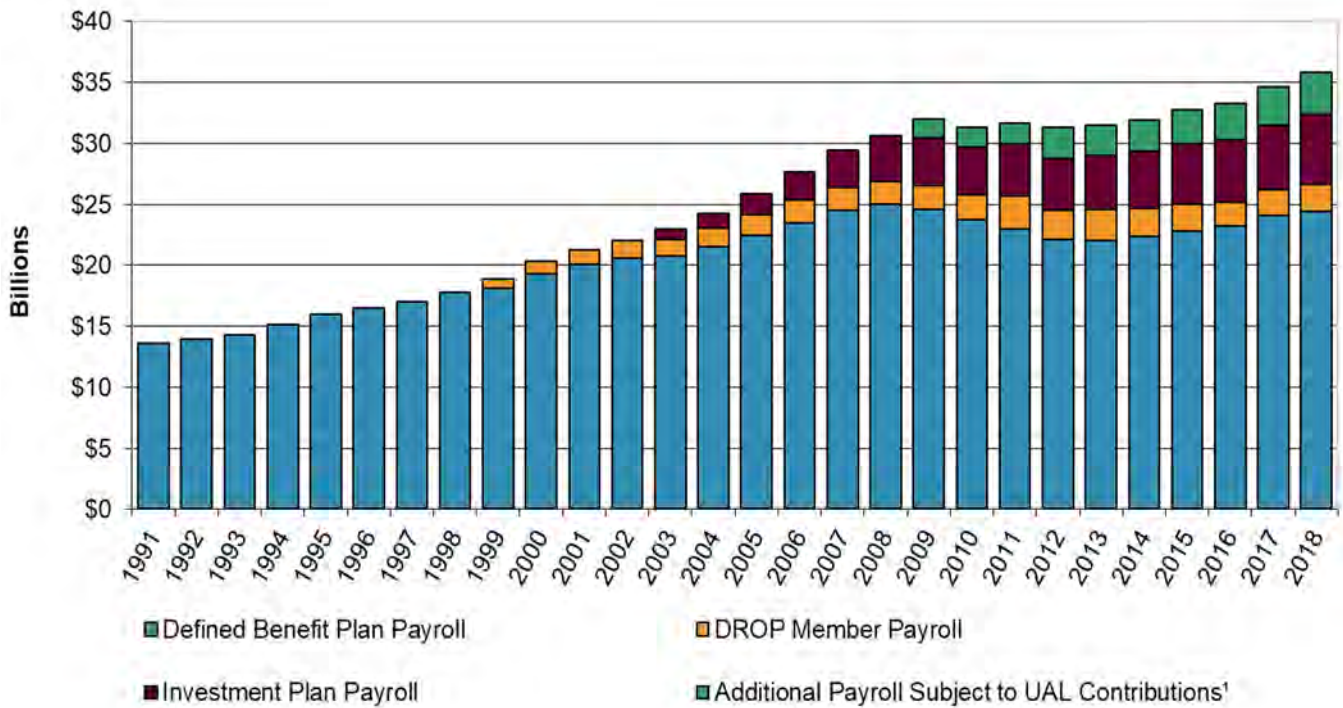
FISCAL YEAR	TOTAL LIABILITIES (IN BILLIONS)	TOTAL ASSETS (IN BILLIONS)	UAL/(SURPLUS) (IN BILLIONS)
1999	\$68.6	\$77.8	(\$9.2)
2000	\$74.9	\$88.5	(\$13.6)
2001	\$81.0	\$95.5	(\$14.5)
2002	\$86.5	\$99.4	(\$12.9)
2003	\$89.3	\$101.9	(\$12.6)
2004	\$95.2	\$106.7	(\$11.5)
2005	\$102.5	\$111.5	(\$9.0)
2006	\$109.5	\$117.1	(\$7.6)
2007	\$117.4	\$125.6	(\$8.2)
2008	\$122.5	\$130.7	(\$8.2)
2009	\$134.2	\$118.8	\$15.4
2010	\$137.6	\$120.9	\$16.7
2011	\$144.1	\$126.1	\$18.0
2012	\$147.2	\$127.9	\$19.3
2013	\$153.3	\$131.7	\$21.6
2014	\$160.1	\$138.6	\$21.5
2015	\$165.5	\$143.2	\$22.3
2016	\$170.4	\$145.5	\$24.9
2017	\$178.6	\$150.6	\$28.0
2018	\$186.0	\$156.1	\$29.9

FRS PENSION PLAN MEMBERSHIP

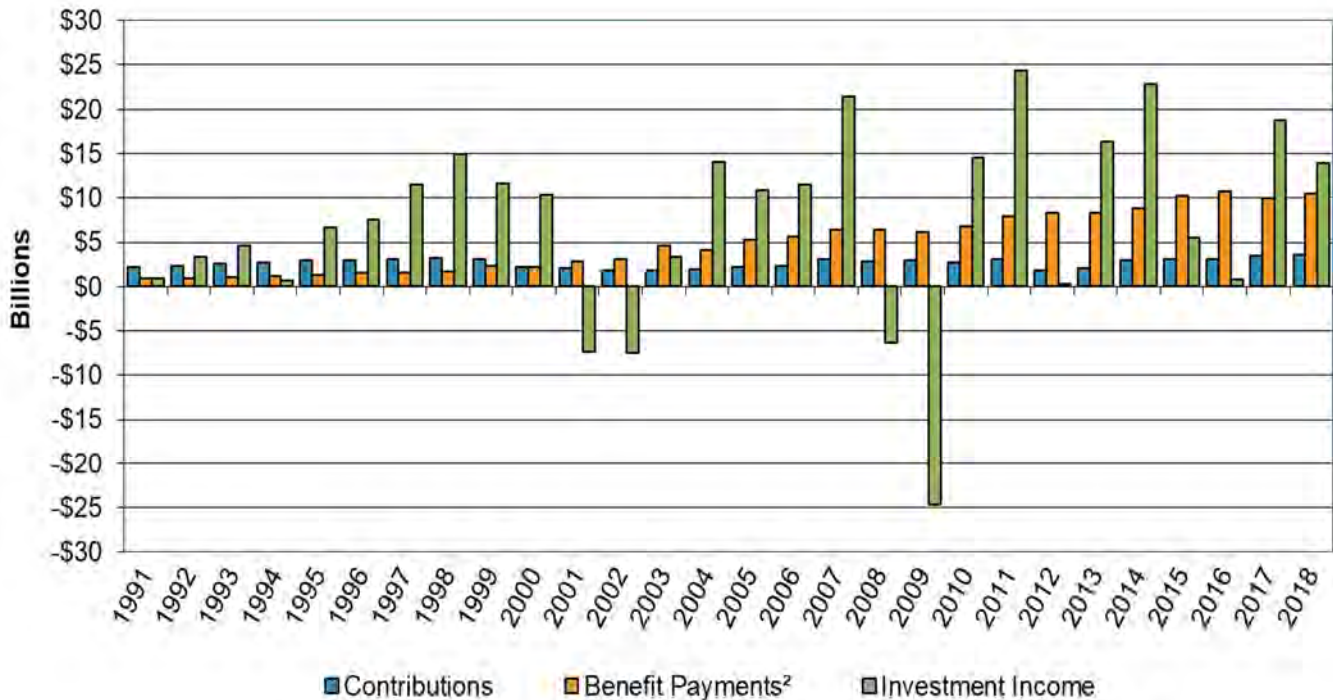


Inactive members include retirees, DROP participants and vested terminated pension plan members. Active members include only pension plan members.

FRS PENSION PLAN PAYROLL



FRS PENSION PLAN CASH FLOWS

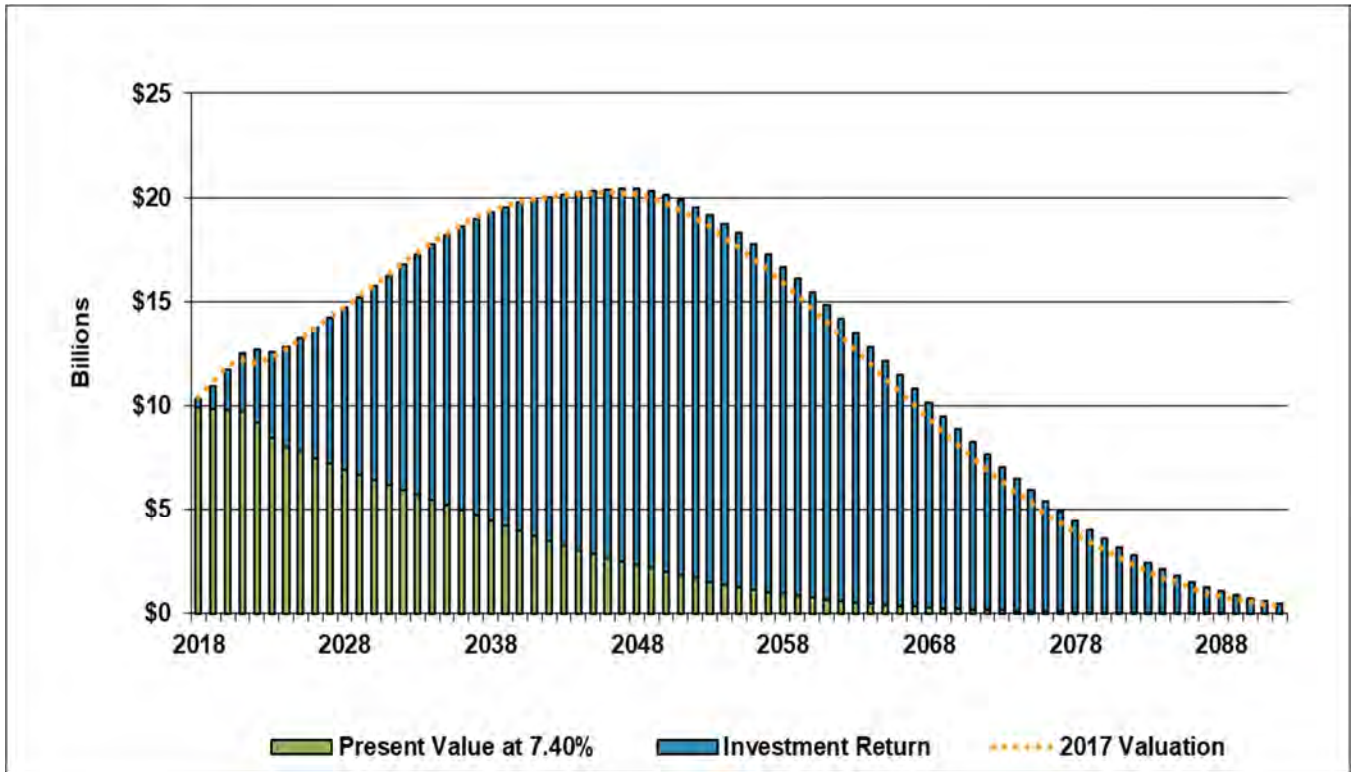


¹ Includes payroll for participants in certain non-FRS defined contribution plans upon which UAL rate contributions to the FRS Pension Plan are made.

² Includes transfers to IP; Initial transfers in 2003 were \$353 Million.

PROJECTED FRS PENSION PLAN BENEFIT PAYMENTS

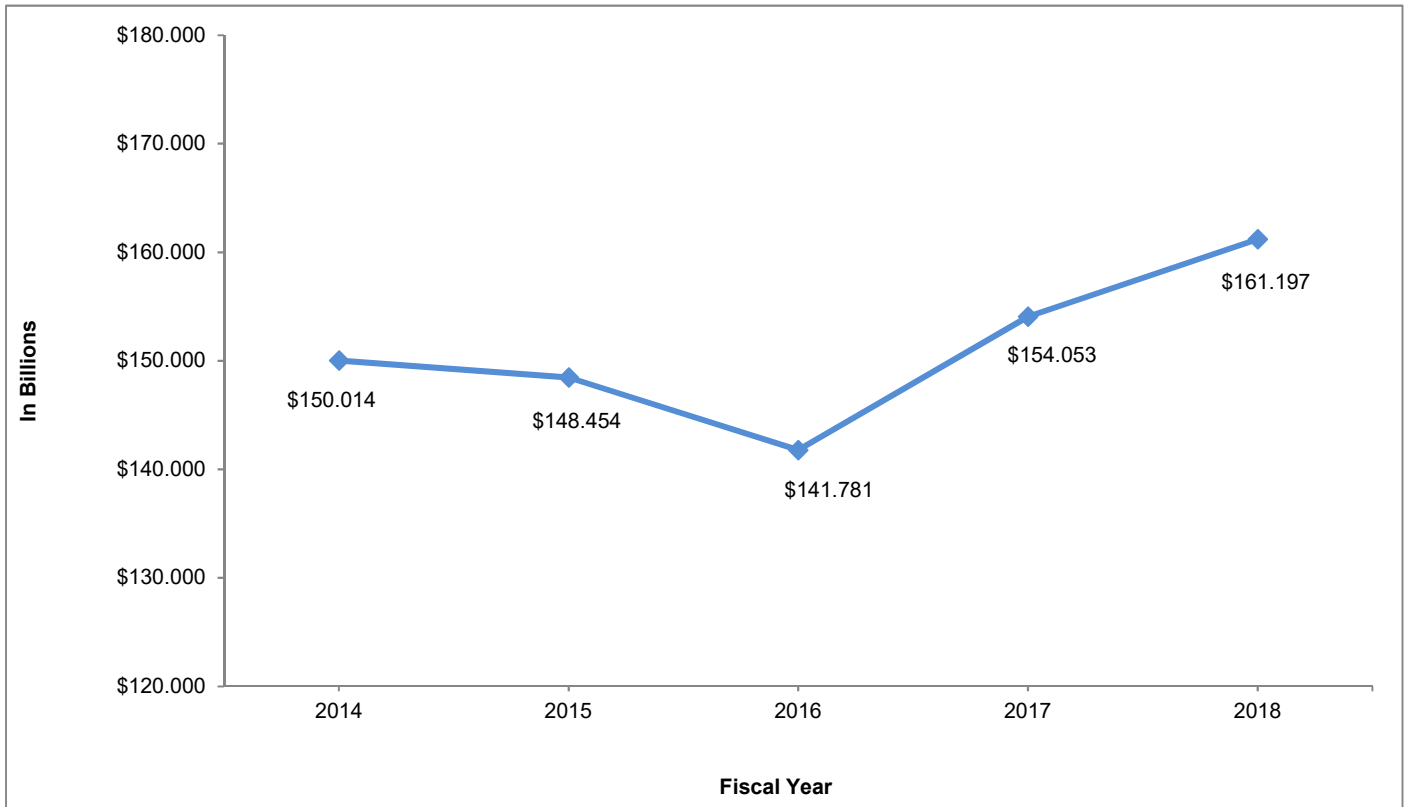
(Dates are as of July 1)



The chart represents the effect of the time-value of money on promised benefit payments to current and former members (no future hires). In each year, the total bar is equal to expected benefit payments (exclusive of transfers to the Investment Plan). The green portion represents each year's benefit payments, discounted at 7.40% to July 1, 2018 (ie., the value of benefit payments in "today's dollars"). The blue portion of each bar represents the difference in dollars between the total value to be paid that year less the value in today's dollars.

FRS PENSION PLAN TRUST FUND ASSETS

as of June 30



STATEMENT OF FUND BALANCE/FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

as of June 30

	2017	2018
Florida Retirement System Trust Fund	\$ 154,053,262,968	\$ 161,196,880,609
Health Insurance Subsidy Trust Fund	178,310,841	232,463,369
State University System Optional Retirement Program Trust Fund ¹	4,873,471	5,034,314
Senior Management Service Optional Annuity Program Trust Fund ¹	43,292	42,985
National Guard	-	-
Police Officers and Firefighters' Premium Tax Trust Fund	187,070,198	197,558,544
Total Fund Balance/Fiduciary Net Position	\$ 154,423,560,770	\$ 161,631,979,821

¹ Fund Balance represents residual funds pending transfer to individual member accounts with program provider companies.

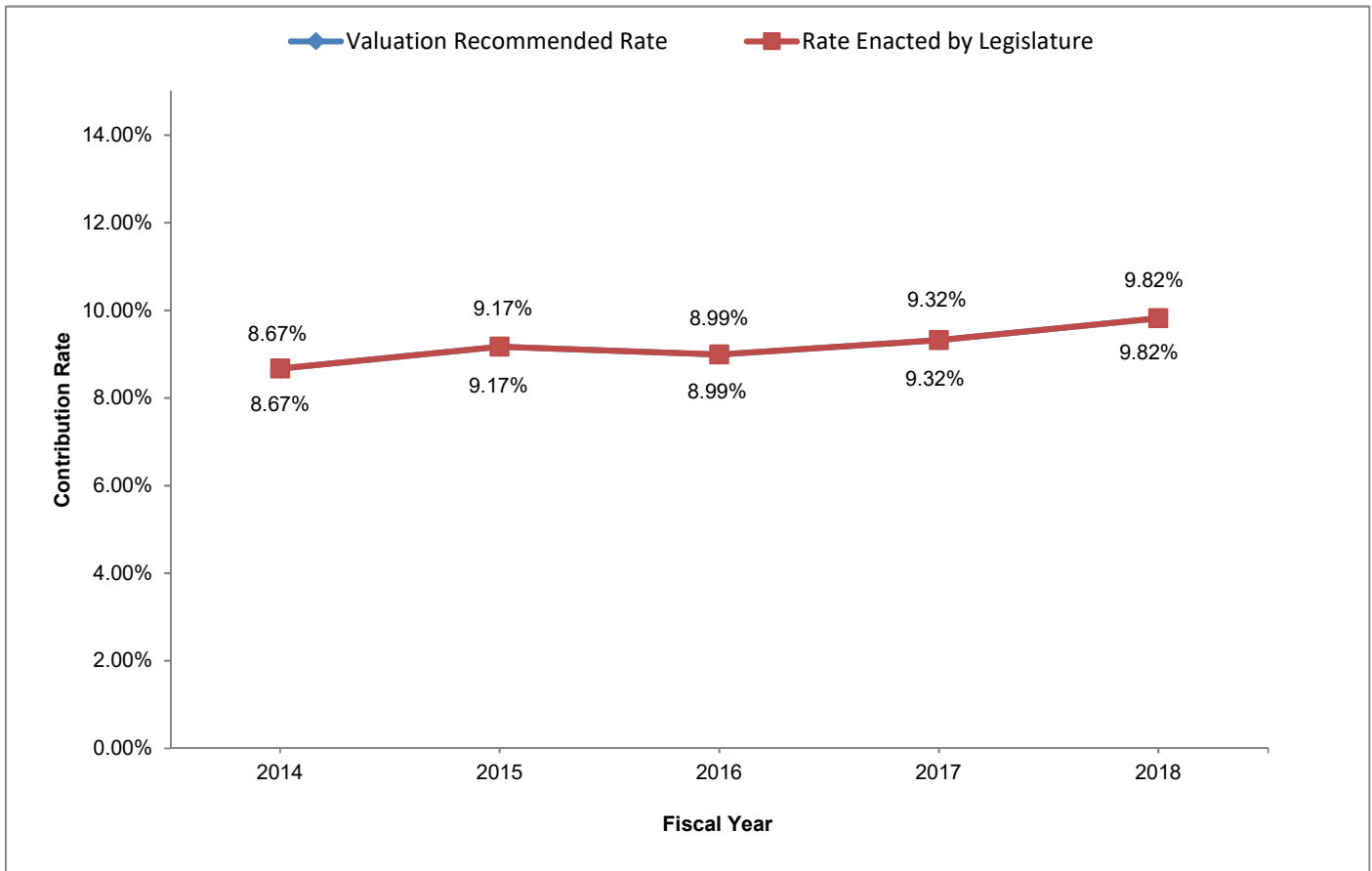
FRS PENSION PLAN TOTAL ACTUARIAL ASSETS COMPARED TO TOTAL ACTUARIAL LIABILITIES

This chart illustrates the overall financial health of the FRS defined benefit plan. Annual benefit payments are identified as part of the total liabilities.



TOTAL COMPOSITE BLENDED RATE

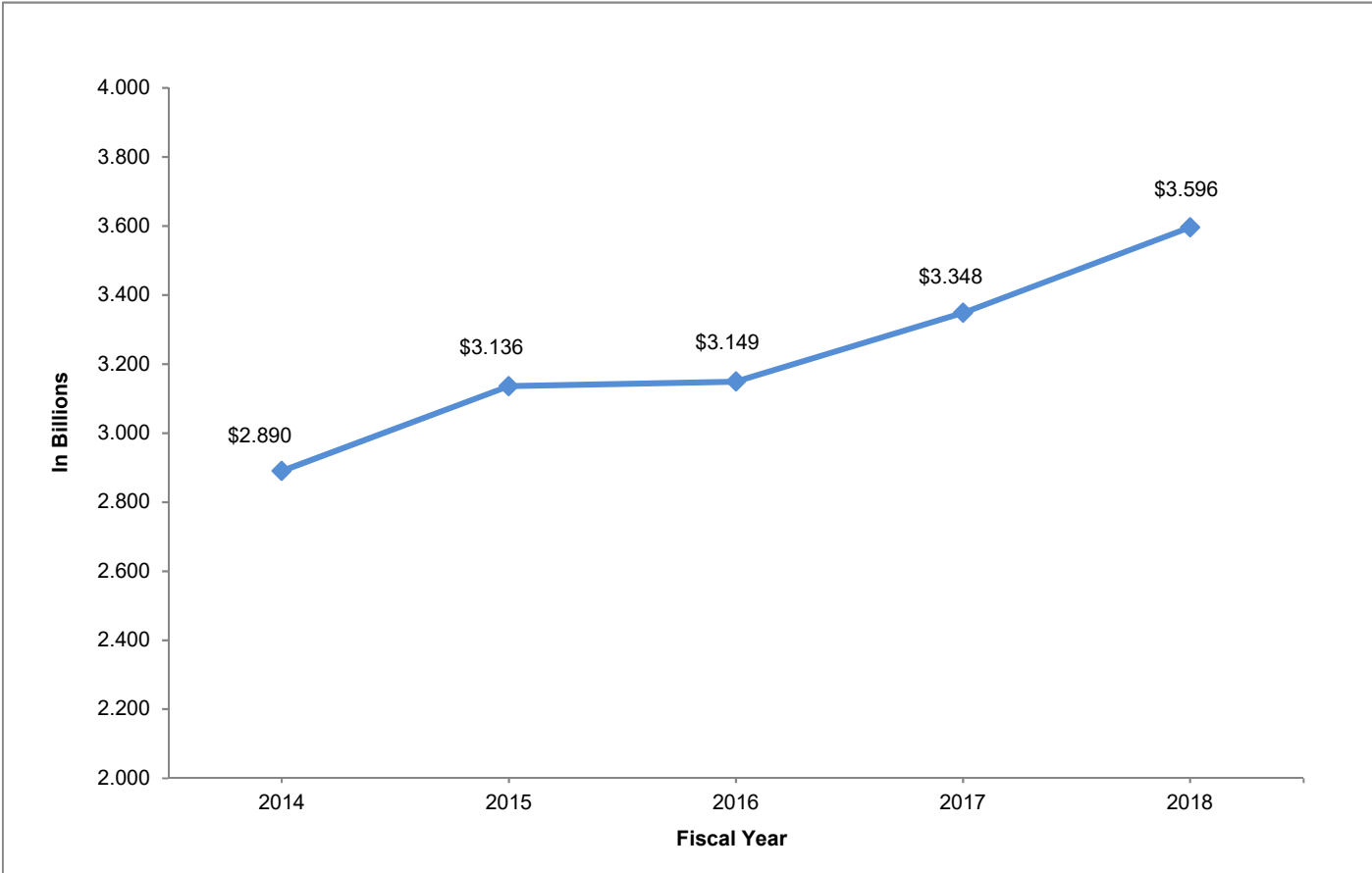
as of June 30



For 2014-2018, the valuation recommended rate and the rate enacted by the Legislature are the same.

FRS PENSION PLAN RETIREMENT CONTRIBUTIONS

as of June 30



All other disclosures and information not separately contained in this section may be found in the RSI, the Note disclosures, and the 2018 FRS Valuation dated December 3, 2018.

RETIREE HEALTH INSURANCE SUBSIDY (HIS) PROGRAM

Overview of GASB 67 and GASB 68

In 2012, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) released GASB Statements Nos. 67 and 68 for public pension plans and participating employers. GASB Statements Nos. 67 and 68 substantially revised the accounting requirements previously mandated under GASB Statements Nos. 25 and 27. The Annual Required Contribution (ARC) has been eliminated under GASB 67 and 68 and is no longer relevant for financial reporting purposes.

GASB 67 applies to financial reporting for public pension plans. Based on discussions with the Division of Retirement, it is our understanding that this is the applicable accounting standard for the HIS program. Note that a plan's fiscal year might not be the same as the employer's fiscal year. Even if the plan does not issue stand-alone financial statements, but rather is considered a pension trust fund of a government, it is subject to GASB 67. Under GASB 67, enhancements to the financial statement disclosures are required, along with certain required supplementary information.

GASB 68 governs the specifics of accounting for public pension plan obligations for participating employers. GASB 68 requires a liability for pension obligations, known as the Net Pension Liability, to be recognized on the balance sheets of participating employers. Changes in the Net Pension Liability are immediately recognized as Pension Expense on the income statement or reported as deferred inflows/outflows of resources depending on the nature of the change.

Demographic Data

We received demographic census data from the Division of Retirement as of June 30, 2018. The following table summarizes the demographic census data we used in our valuation.

	Total
Active Members ¹	642,079
Retirees and Dependents ²	376,031
Terminated Vested Members ^{1,3}	137,547
Members in DROP ¹	35,033
Total	<u>1,190,690</u>

¹ Used to project future Health Insurance Subsidy benefit recipients.

² HIS benefit recipients identified by the Division; includes FRS Defined Benefit Program and Investment Plan retirees.

³ Includes 15,962 terminated vested Investment Plan members eligible for the HIS benefit, initially identified to us for this valuation.

Benefits

The benefits are described in §112.363 of the Florida Statutes. In general, an eligible retiree is entitled to a benefit of \$5 per month per year of service, with a minimum benefit of \$30 per month and a maximum benefit of \$150 per month. The retiree must apply for and provide certification of health insurance coverage to be eligible for the subsidy. The benefit is a cash payment without direct relationship to the member's health insurance cost or type of health coverage.

The projected year-by-year HIS benefit payments for the next forty years are shown on the table below. The table is based on this valuation's demographic data and actuarial assumptions. It does not reflect the effects of projected benefits for individuals who join the FRS Pension Plan or the FRS Investment Plan subsequent to the actuarial valuation date.

Projected Annual Benefit Payments			
Fiscal Year	(\$millions)	Fiscal Year	(\$millions)
2018-2019	\$509	2038-2039	\$689
2019-2020	516	2039-2040	688
2020-2021	525	2040-2041	686
2021-2022	541	2041-2042	681
2022-2023	562	2042-2043	675
2023-2024	575	2043-2044	668
2024-2025	586	2044-2045	660
2025-2026	596	2045-2046	650
2026-2027	607	2046-2047	639
2027-2028	618	2047-2048	628
2028-2029	629	2048-2049	617
2029-2030	639	2049-2050	605
2030-2031	648	2050-2051	593
2031-2032	656	2051-2052	579
2032-2033	664	2052-2053	564
2033-2034	672	2053-2054	549
2034-2035	678	2054-2055	532
2035-2036	682	2055-2056	514
2036-2037	686	2056-2057	495
2037-2038	688	2057-2058	476

All other disclosures and information not separately contained in this section may be found in the RSI, the Note disclosures, and the 2018 HIS Valuation dated November 21, 2018.



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November 21, 2018

Members of the Florida Legislature and of the Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program

Re: Actuary's Statement Regarding HIS Program 2018 Actuarial Valuation

Dear Florida Legislators and HIS Program Members:

Milliman has conducted an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018 for the Florida Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) program to assess program assets and liabilities as of that date. Full actuarial valuations for the HIS program are conducted every other year. In intervening years actuarial valuation results are estimated based on results of the previous year's valuation, with adjustment to reflect the passage of time and pertinent market conditions that affect valuation calculations. Actuarial valuations of the HIS program serve two primary purposes:

- Estimation of the employer program contribution rate necessary to provide complete funding of projected statutory benefits over the next five years on a pay-as-you-go basis if actual future program experience follows the demographic assumptions used in the valuation. These calculations are conducted every other year in the full actuarial valuation.
- Compliance with standards mandated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) for program and participating employer financial reporting. These calculations are conducted annually in both the full and intervening year roll-forward valuations.

The current statutory program contribution rate is 1.66% of employer payroll and the program is effectively funded on a pay-as-you-go basis. This year's full valuation estimated that if actual future experience matches the valuation's assumptions, including 3.25% annual growth in employer payroll, the current statutory rate will be sufficient to provide complete pay-as-you-go funding of program benefits over the next five years. Alternatively, if zero employer payroll growth occurred over the next five years the valuation estimated that a 1.8% of payroll employer contribution rate would be necessary for complete pay-as-you-go program funding in the 2023-2024 plan year.

For GASB compliance, the relevant GASB standards are Statement No. 67 (for program financial reporting) and Statement No. 68 (for the financial reporting of participating employers). Under GASB 67 the unfunded liability of the program, which is referred to as the Net Pension Liability (NPL), was approximately \$10.6 billion as of June 30, 2018.

The Net Pension Liability decreased by approximately \$0.1 billion compared to the prior measurement as of June 30, 2017. (As noted above, the measured liability as of June 30, 2017 was estimated and based on the results of the valuation conducted as of June 30, 2016.) This year-over-year decrease was caused primarily by a modest increase in the discount rate used to calculate the present value of projected future program benefit payments since the prior

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measurement, rather than by a significant change in the level of projected future benefits. The GASB standards mandate use of a market discount rate that reflects yields as of the measurement date on long-duration tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds. The bond index used to set the discount rate increased from 3.58% to 3.87% between measurement dates. All else being equal, the higher the discount rate used in a measurement, the lower the calculated program liability. The decrease in liability due to the discount rate change was partially offset due to interest-based increases in the liability and the liability effects of additional service performed by active program members.

Actuarial assumptions are needed to estimate the future economic and demographic experience of the program. Any deviations between actual and assumed future experience will result in corresponding changes in the ongoing costs of the program. The demographic actuarial assumptions were developed both from recent experience of the FRS Pension Plan and from standard actuarial sources. The actuarial assumptions used in performing the July 1, 2018 valuation were approved by the 2018 FRS Actuarial Assumption Conference. Details on the development of assumptions can be found in our 2018 FRS Actuarial Assumption Conference presentation materials and also in the 2014 FRS Experience Study, which was published in September 2014 and reviewed FRS Pension Plan experience for the five-year observation period ending June 30, 2013.

A single set of assumptions was used in the valuation's calculations, except that the five-year employer contribution rate calculations were developed under three different system payroll growth assumptions to illustrate the sensitivity of the contribution rate to actual future experience. We believe the assumptions used in the valuation report are reasonable, and that the assumptions and methods used in performing the GASB calculations meet the parameters set by GASB Statement No. 67, *Financial Reporting for Pension Plans*.

The results of the valuation report are dependent upon future experience conforming to the valuation's assumptions. Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in the valuation report due to many factors, including: plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period) and changes in program provisions or applicable law. Due to the limited scope of our assignment, we did not perform an analysis of the potential range of future measurements.

In performing the actuarial valuation, we relied without audit upon the financial statements, membership data, and other cost and benefit provisions information furnished by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement. Although membership data was subjected to standard editing procedures and the other information was reviewed for reasonableness, Milliman does not assume responsibility for either its accuracy or its completeness.

In preparing our report we relied, without audit, on information (some oral and some written) supplied by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement. This information includes, but is not limited to, statutory provisions, employee census, and financial

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information. In our examination of this data, we have found it to be reasonably consistent and comparable with data used for other purposes. Since valuation results are dependent on the integrity of the data supplied, results can be expected to differ if the underlying data is incomplete or missing. It should be noted that if any data or other information is inaccurate or incomplete, our calculations may need to be revised.

The valuation report was prepared exclusively for the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement for a specific and limited purpose. Milliman does not intend to benefit and assumes no duty or liability to other parties who receive this work. It is a complex, technical analysis that assumes a high level of knowledge concerning the program's operations, and uses data provided by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, which Milliman has not audited.

Milliman does not intend to benefit or create a legal duty to any third party recipient of the valuation report. No third party recipient of Milliman's work product should rely upon the valuation report. Such recipients should engage qualified professionals for advice appropriate to their own specific needs.

The consultants who worked on this assignment are pension actuaries. Milliman's advice is not intended to be a substitute for qualified legal or accounting counsel. The signing actuary is independent of the plan sponsors. I am not aware of any relationship that would impair the objectivity of Milliman's work.

The actuarial valuation report was prepared and completed by me and those under my direct supervision, and I acknowledge responsibility for the results. I hereby certify that the valuation report is complete and accurate to the best of my knowledge. In my opinion the techniques and assumptions used are reasonable. There is no benefit provision or related expense to be provided by the program and/or paid from the program's assets for which liabilities or current costs have not been established or otherwise taken into account in the valuation report.

To the best of my knowledge, there were no known events that were not taken into account in the valuation report. On the basis of the foregoing, I hereby certify that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, the valuation report is complete and accurate and has been prepared in accordance with generally recognized and accepted actuarial principles and practices which are consistent with Actuarial Standards of Practice, the Code of Professional Conduct and Qualification Standards for Public Statements of Actuarial Opinion of the American Academy of Actuaries. I am a member of the American Academy of Actuaries and meet the Qualification Standards to render the actuarial opinion contained herein.

Respectfully submitted,



Matt Larrabee, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal & Consulting Actuary

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FLORIDA NATIONAL GUARD SUPPLEMENTAL RETIREMENT BENEFIT PLAN

Overview of GASB 67 and GASB 68

In 2012, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) released GASB Statements Nos. 67 and 68 for public pension plans and participating employers.

GASB 67 applies to financial reporting for public pension plans. Note that a plan's fiscal year might not be the same as the employer's fiscal year. Even if the plan does not issue stand-alone financial statements, but rather is considered a pension trust fund of a government, it is subject to GASB 67. Under GASB 67, enhancements to the financial statement disclosures are required, along with certain required supplementary information.

GASB 68 governs the specifics of accounting for public pension plan obligations for a sponsoring employer. GASB 68 requires a liability for pension obligations, known as the Net Pension Liability, to be recognized on the balance sheets of participating employers. Changes in the Net Pension Liability will be immediately recognized as Pension Expense on the income statement or reported as deferred inflows/outflows of resources depending on the nature of the change.

Demographic Data

We received demographic census data from the Division of Retirement as of June 30, 2018. The following table summarizes the demographic census data we used in our valuation.

	Total
Active Members ¹	11,436
Retirees	768
Terminated Vested Members ²	309
Total	<u>12,513</u>

¹ Used to project future National Guard Benefit recipients.

² Retirees who have met the service requirement for the benefit, but are not yet receiving benefits (most have not met the age requirements to commence receipt.)

Benefits

The benefits are described in §250.22 of the Florida Statutes. In general, an eligible retiree is entitled to a benefit equal to 50% of the base military salary for the highest rank attained, less any federal retirement benefit derived from military service. Eligibility for the benefit is met when service members have completed at least 30 years of service in the Florida National Guard. Benefits may start as early as age 60¹.

In 2018, the federal military retirement benefit was changed by the implementation of the Uniform Services Blended Retirement System (BRS). The BRS applies to all new entrants after January 1, 2018 and eligible existing service members who opt-in to the new system. The BRS combines a defined contribution component with a defined benefit annuity component based on a lower multiplier than the legacy federal military retirement benefit. Since the Florida National Guard benefit is offset by the defined benefit component of the federal military retirement benefit, a reduction in the offset will result in an increase to the Florida National Guard benefit, absent statutory changes.

The impact of the change in federal military retirement benefit is not modeled in this valuation due to several factors. It is unknown what portion of the Florida National Guard members valued herein will be affected by the BRS. The only existing service members eligible to opt-in to the BRS are those hired between January 1, 2006 and January 1, 2018. The optional election window closes December 31, 2018, so the information on optional elections will not be available until the next Florida National Guard valuation. Due to the expected decrements prior to retirement and benefit eligibility, active members with less than twelve years of service comprise a small portion of the Total Pension Liability. Members affected by this change will not commence receiving benefits for 18 or more years into the future, which means, absent a statutory change to the Florida National Guard benefit, the impact of this change on projected benefit payments will emerge gradually over time.

The projected year-by-year National Guard benefit payments for the next 40 years are shown on the table below. The table is based on this valuation's demographic data and actuarial assumptions. It does not reflect the effects of projected benefits for individuals who join the Florida National Guard subsequent to the actuarial valuation date. As noted above, it does not reflect potential changes resulting from the implementation of the BRS.

Projected Annual Benefit Payments			
Fiscal Year	(\$millions)	Fiscal Year	(\$millions)
2018-2019	\$16.0	2038-2039	\$41.1
2019-2020	16.4	2039-2040	42.7
2020-2021	16.8	2040-2041	44.2
2021-2022	17.3	2041-2042	45.5
2022-2023	18.2	2042-2043	47.6
2023-2024	18.9	2043-2044	49.6
2024-2025	19.7	2044-2045	51.4
2025-2026	21.2	2045-2046	53.0
2026-2027	22.6	2046-2047	54.6
2027-2028	24.1	2047-2048	55.7
2028-2029	25.9	2048-2049	56.7
2029-2030	27.4	2049-2050	57.8
2030-2031	29.2	2050-2051	58.9
2031-2032	30.8	2051-2052	59.6
2032-2033	32.8	2052-2053	60.2
2033-2034	34.6	2053-2054	60.4
2034-2035	36.0	2054-2055	60.5
2035-2036	37.3	2055-2056	60.4
2036-2037	38.6	2056-2057	60.0
2037-2038	39.8	2057-2058	59.3

¹ The benefit is unreduced at age 62; an Early Retirement Factor applies to benefits paid as early as age 60.



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December 3, 2018

Members of the Florida Legislature and of the Florida National Guard

Re: Actuary's Statement Regarding Florida National Guard Supplemental Retirement Benefit 2018 Actuarial Valuation

Dear Florida Legislators and Florida National Guard Members:

Milliman has conducted an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018 for the Florida National Guard Supplemental Retirement Benefit program. The first full actuarial valuation for the program was conducted as of June 30, 2014, and full valuations for the program are conducted every other year. In intervening years actuarial valuation results are estimated based on results for the previous year's valuation, with adjustment to reflect pertinent market conditions that affect valuation calculations. The valuation as of June 30, 2018 was a full valuation.

The program is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, so rather than program funding, the sole purpose of the actuarial valuation is for compliance with standards mandated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) for program financial reporting. For GASB compliance, the relevant GASB standards are Statement No. 67 (for program financial reporting) and Statement No. 68 (for financial reporting by the sponsoring employer). Under GASB 67 the unfunded liability of the program, which is referred to as the Net Pension Liability (NPL), was approximately \$732 million as of June 30, 2018.

The Net Pension Liability increased by approximately \$146 million compared to the prior measurement as of June 30, 2017. (As noted above, the measured liability as of June 30, 2017 was estimated and based on the results of the valuation conducted as of June 30, 2016.) This year-over-year increase was caused primarily by updates to valuation assumptions and secondarily by demographic experience, including the liability effects of participants with military records that were first reported to us in this valuation. The most significant assumption change was an increase in the assumed average annual future cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) from 1.50% to 2.60%. This valuation includes records not previously reported to us for over 2,400 active members, and approximately 75 inactive members who have either commenced receiving benefits or have a vested right to commence benefits at a later date. Those increase sources were partially offset by an increase in the discount rate used to calculate the present value of projected future program benefit payments from 3.58% to 3.87%. The GASB standards mandate use of a market discount rate that reflects yields as of the measurement date on long-duration tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds. All else being equal, the higher the discount rate used in a measurement, the lower the calculated program liability.

Actuarial assumptions are needed to estimate the future economic and demographic experience of the program. Any deviations between actual and expected future experience will result in corresponding changes in the ongoing costs of the program. The demographic actuarial

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assumptions were developed from recent turnover, retirement and promotion experience for National Guard personnel, from mortality experience for FRS Pension Plan members, and from standard actuarial sources.

We believe the assumptions used are reasonable, and that the assumptions and methods used in performing the GASB calculations meet the parameters set by GASB Statement No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans.

The results of the valuation report are dependent upon future experience conforming to these assumptions. Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in the valuation report due to many factors, including: program experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period) and changes in program provisions or applicable law. Due to the limited scope of our assignment, we did not perform an analysis of the potential range of future measurements.

In performing the valuation, we relied without audit upon the financial statements, membership data, and other cost and benefits provision information furnished by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement. Although membership data, some of which was provided to the Division of Retirement by the Florida Department of Military Affairs, was subjected to standard editing procedures and was reviewed for reasonableness, Milliman does not assume responsibility for either its accuracy or its completeness.

In preparing our report we relied, without audit, on information (some oral and some written) supplied by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement. This information includes, but is not limited to, statutory provisions, program membership census, and financial information. In our examination of this data, we have found it to be reasonably consistent and comparable with data used for other purposes. Since valuation results are dependent on the integrity of the data supplied, results can be expected to differ if the underlying data is incomplete or missing. It should be noted that if any data or other information is inaccurate or incomplete, our calculations may need to be revised.

The valuation report was prepared exclusively for the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement for a specific and limited purpose. Milliman does not intend to benefit and assumes no duty or liability to other parties who receive this work. It is a complex, technical analysis that assumes a high level of knowledge concerning the program's operations, and uses data provided by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, which Milliman has not audited.

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The consultants who worked on this assignment are pension actuaries. Milliman's advice is not intended to be a substitute for qualified legal or accounting counsel.

The signing actuary is independent of the plan sponsors. I am not aware of any relationship that would impair the objectivity of Milliman's work.

The actuarial valuation was prepared and completed by me and those under my direct supervision, and I acknowledge responsibility for the results. I hereby certify that the valuation report is complete and accurate to the best of my knowledge. In my opinion the techniques and assumptions used are reasonable. There is no benefit provision or related expense to be provided by the program and/or paid from the program's assets for which liabilities or current costs have not been established or otherwise taken into account in the valuation.

To the best of my knowledge, there were no known events that were not taken into account in the valuation. On the basis of the foregoing, I hereby certify that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, this report is complete and accurate and has been prepared in accordance with generally recognized and accepted actuarial principles and practices which are consistent with Actuarial Standards of Practice, the Code of Professional Conduct and Qualification Standards for Public Statements of Actuarial Opinion of the American Academy of Actuaries. I am a member of the American Academy of Actuaries and meet the Qualification Standards to render the actuarial opinion contained herein.

Respectfully submitted,

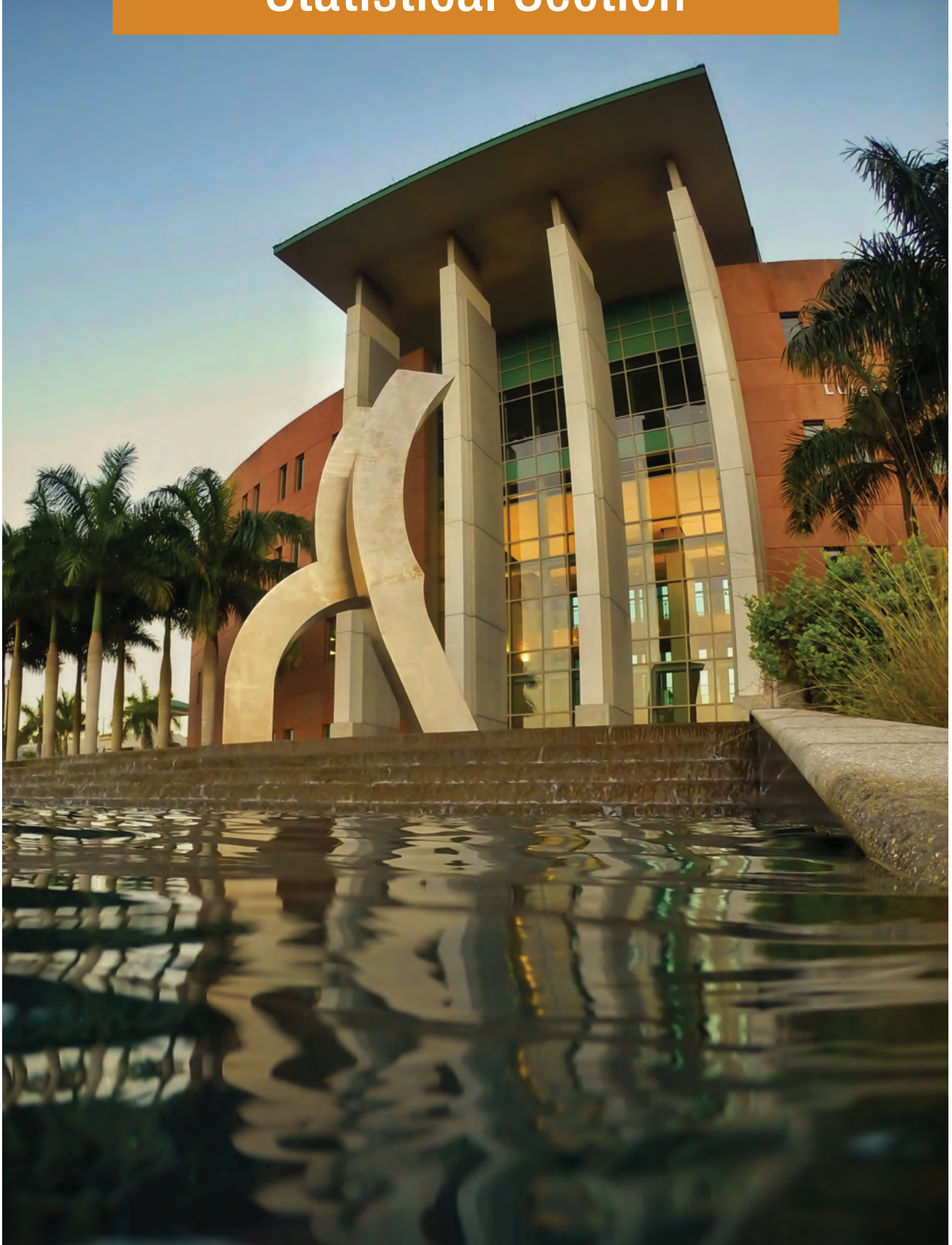


Matt Larrabee, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal & Consulting Actuary

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Statistical Section



Florida Gulf Coast University – Fort Myers, Florida

MEMBERSHIP AND PAYROLL

as of June 30

TOTAL FRS MEMBERSHIP

	2017 ¹	2018 ¹	% Change
Members	637,643	643,333	0.89
Annual Payroll ²	\$33,775,800,033	\$34,675,018,443	2.66
Average Annual Salary	\$45,287	\$46,164	1.94

FRS INVESTMENT PLAN MEMBERSHIP

	2017 ¹	2018 ¹	% Change
Members	117,629	124,788	6.09
Annual Payroll ²	\$5,393,067,626	\$7,866,892,851	45.87
Average Annual Salary	\$45,216	\$45,970	1.67

FRS PENSION PLAN MEMBERSHIP

	2017 ¹	2018 ¹	% Change
Members	520,014	518,545	-0.28
Annual Payroll ²	\$28,382,732,407	\$26,808,125,592	-5.55
Average Annual Salary	\$45,304	\$46,211	2.00

ANNUITANTS AND BENEFIT PAYMENTS FOR THE FRS PENSION PLAN

as of June 30

The increase in benefit payments is the result of several factors: (1) an increase in the number of new retirees; (2) higher salaries; and (3) cost-of-living adjustments to retirees. The figures below include disability payments, IFAS, General Revenue, and TRS-SB, but do not include refunds of member contributions.

	2017 ¹	2018 ¹	% Change
Annuitants	406,374	415,800	2.32
Benefit Payments (Annualized)	\$8,873,267,992	\$9,323,302,285	5.07
Average Benefits (Annualized)	\$21,835	\$22,423	2.69

DISABILITIES

	2017 ¹	2018 ¹	% Change
Disabled Retirees	16,150	16,032	-0.73
Benefit Payments (Annualized)	\$248,205,491	\$253,846,409	2.27
Average Benefits (Annualized)	\$15,369	\$15,834	3.03

DROP PARTICIPANTS

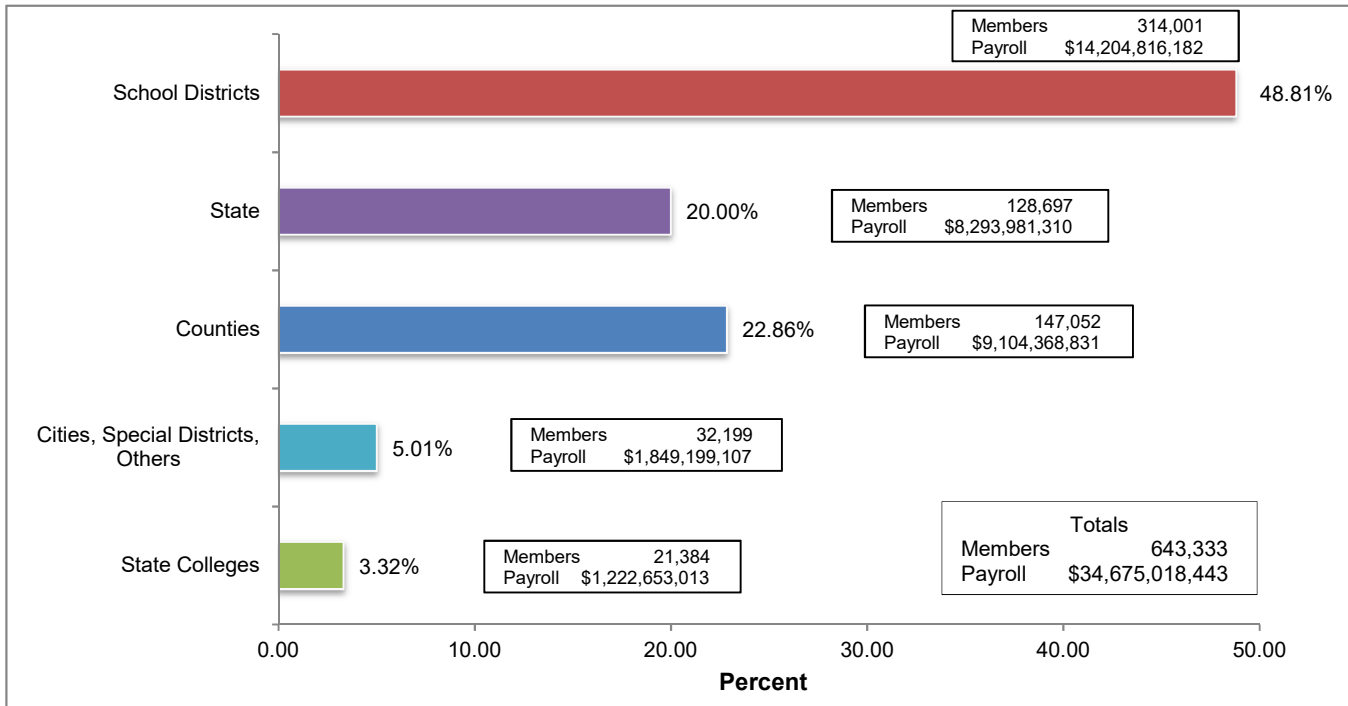
	2017	2018	% Change
DROP Participants	32,233	33,432	3.72
Annual Payroll	\$1,850,192,982	\$1,962,818,178	6.09
DROP Accrued Liability	\$2,042,737,512	\$2,232,705,214	9.30

¹ Excludes DROP participants.

² Totals include non-member funding payroll.

SOURCE OF FRS MEMBERSHIP¹ AND COVERED PAYROLL² FOR FISCAL YEAR 2017-18¹

% = Percent of Total Active Members

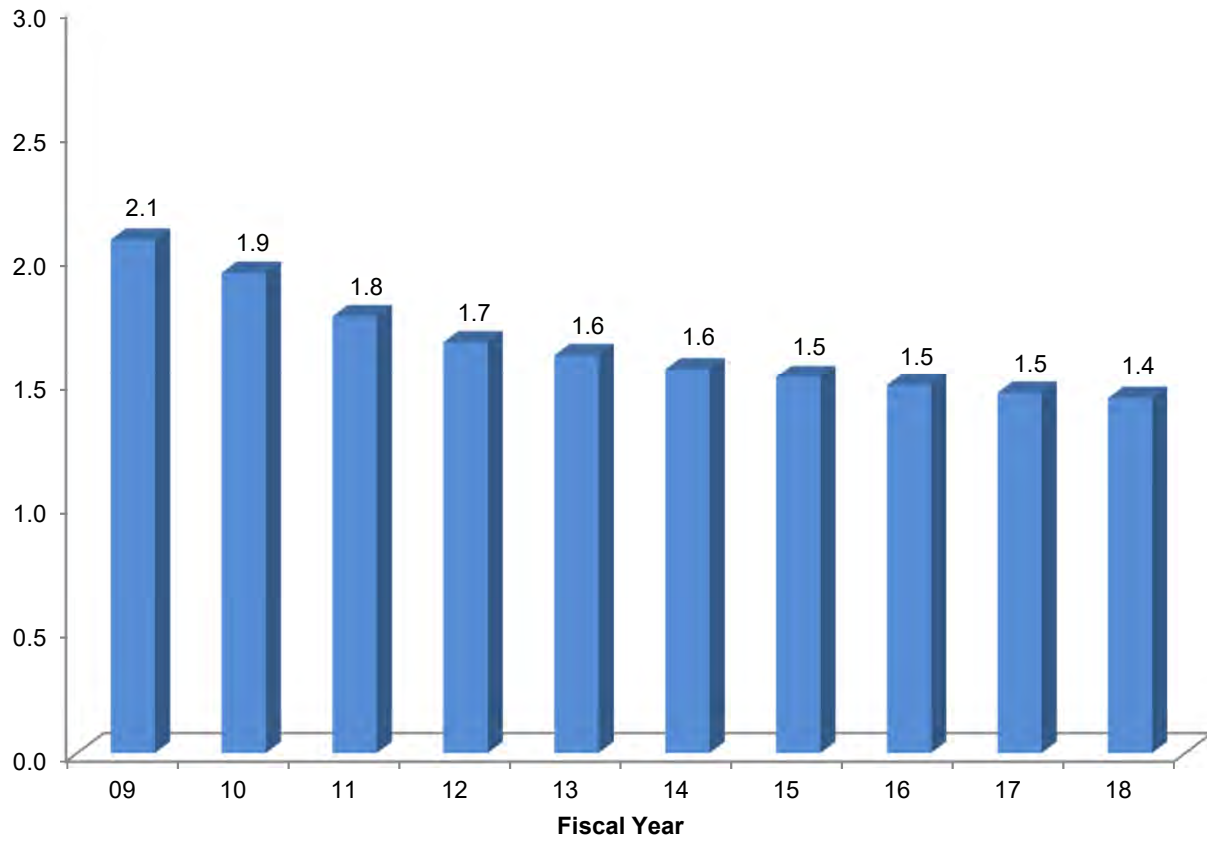


¹ Includes both FRS Pension Plan and Investment Plan members and excludes DROP participants.

² Includes non-member funding payroll.

RATIO OF FRS ACTIVE MEMBERS TO RETIREES¹

2009-2018



¹ Includes DROP participants.

ACTIVE FRS MEMBERS BY SYSTEM/CLASS¹
as of June 30

System/Class	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
FRS - Regular Class	537,993	541,748	545,680	552,600	551,997
- Senior Management Service Class	7,607	7,755	7,876	7,912	7,881
- Special Risk Class	68,593	70,102	70,695	71,612	72,642
- Special Risk Adm. Sup. Class	84	82	76	93	87
- Elected Officers' Class	2,040	2,058	2,026	2,082	2,050
- Renewed Membership					
- Regular Class	5,402	4,513	3,709	3,116	7,349
- Senior Management Service Class	184	161	143	116	207
- Special Risk Class	0	0	0	0	976
- Elected Officers' Class	147	125	115	85	120
Subtotal	622,050	626,544	630,320	637,616	643,309
TRS	18	15	16	13	10
IFAS	21	19	14	14	14
Subtotal	39	34	30	27	24
Grand Total	622,089	626,578	630,350	637,643	643,333

ANNUAL FRS PAYROLL BY SYSTEM/CLASS¹
as of June 30

System/Class	2014	2015	2016	2017²	2018²
FRS - Regular Class	\$21,303,491,499	\$21,796,619,128	\$22,286,589,644	\$28,213,175,622	\$28,654,842,863
- Senior Management Service Class	610,837,202	635,791,343	656,889,624	724,042,608	727,024,148
- Special Risk Class	3,798,699,726	3,905,940,436	4,009,149,560	4,445,360,974	4,644,123,864
- Special Risk Adm. Sup. Class	3,988,509	3,713,180	3,422,596	4,256,448	4,220,102
- Elected Officers' Class	166,763,650	164,614,742	166,561,581	195,062,418	204,507,925
- Renewed Membership					
- Regular Class	227,312,942	196,937,996	168,086,043	169,355,890	360,201,411
- Senior Management Service Class	18,391,604	16,476,384	15,100,252	15,259,022	21,929,214
- Special Risk Class	0	0	0	0	47,504,228
- Elected Officers' Class	9,115,108	7,623,323	7,046,177	6,180,829	7,714,721
Subtotal	26,138,600,240	26,727,716,532	27,312,845,477	33,772,693,811	34,672,068,476
TRS	1,773,199	1,714,122	1,708,917	1,549,210	1,361,491
IFAS	2,042,745	1,899,979	1,525,392	1,557,012	1,588,476
Subtotal	3,815,944	3,614,101	3,234,309	3,106,222	2,949,967
Grand Total	\$26,142,416,184	\$26,731,330,633	\$27,316,079,786	\$33,775,800,033	\$34,675,018,443
Average	\$42,712	\$43,452	\$44,142	\$45,287	\$46,164

MEMBERS' REQUIRED CONTRIBUTIONS BY SYSTEM/CLASS¹
as of June 30

System/Class	2014	2015	2016	2017²	2018²
FRS - Regular Class	\$638,688,181	\$653,400,529	\$668,056,712	\$767,563,396	\$782,036,035
- Senior Management Service Class	18,267,632	19,005,924	19,655,065	21,124,323	21,373,486
- Special Risk Class	113,870,339	117,089,825	120,172,399	131,524,310	138,589,989
- Special Risk Adm. Sup. Class	119,656	111,395	102,678	127,695	126,644
- Elected Officers' Class	4,979,301	4,928,694	4,989,534	5,229,484	5,610,995
- Renewed Membership					
- Regular Class	6,884,363	5,946,155	5,084,232	5,019,630	10,721,070
- Senior Management Service Class	578,917	510,079	475,604	448,676	648,943
- Special Risk Class	0	0	0	0	1,424,825
- Elected Officers' Class	284,737	236,981	215,359	185,426	231,442
Subtotal	783,673,126	801,229,582	818,751,583	931,222,940	960,763,429
TRS	106,393	102,848	102,536	92,286	80,508
IFAS	0	0	0	0	0
Subtotal	106,393	102,848	102,536	92,286	80,508
Grand Total	\$783,779,519	\$801,332,430	\$818,854,119	\$931,315,226	\$960,843,937

¹ Includes both FRS Pension Plan and Investment Plan members and excludes DROP participants.

² 2017 and 2018 totals include non-member funding payroll.

PROFILE OF ACTIVE FRS MEMBERS

as of June 30, 2018

Years of Service	Total Membership			State Membership			Non-State Membership ¹		
	Females	Males	Total	Females	Males	Total	Females	Males	Total
Less Than 1 Year	25,881	18,471	44,352	7,749	5,344	13,093	18,132	13,127	31,259
1 - 5	125,245	75,816	201,061	25,313	17,873	43,186	99,932	57,943	157,875
6 - 9	50,548	30,127	80,675	10,143	6,964	17,107	40,405	23,163	63,568
10 - 19	131,981	73,764	205,745	20,002	13,740	33,742	111,979	60,024	172,003
20 - 29	62,183	33,438	95,621	10,824	7,230	18,054	51,359	26,208	77,567
30 or More Years	9,882	5,997	15,879	2,011	1,504	3,515	7,871	4,493	12,364
Total	405,720	237,613	643,333	76,042	52,655	128,697	329,678	184,958	514,636

Age Range	Females	Males	Total	Females	Males	Total	Females	Males	Total
Less Than 30	51,632	33,753	85,385	12,609	9,398	22,007	39,023	24,355	63,378
30 - 39	88,781	53,546	142,327	18,292	12,950	31,242	70,489	40,596	111,085
40 - 49	109,221	60,117	169,338	18,126	12,036	30,162	91,095	48,081	139,176
50 - 59	113,273	60,783	174,056	19,521	12,198	31,719	93,752	48,585	142,337
60 - 69	38,663	24,876	63,539	6,880	5,266	12,146	31,783	19,610	51,393
70 and Over	4,150	4,538	8,688	614	807	1,421	3,536	3,731	7,267
Total	405,720	237,613	643,333	76,042	52,655	128,697	329,678	184,958	514,636

Average Age	44.79	44.65	44.74	43.43	43.27	43.37	45.11	45.04	45.08
Average Years of Service	11.17	10.73	11.01	10.26	10.22	10.24	11.38	10.88	11.20
Average Annual Salary	\$42,304	\$52,756	\$46,164	\$42,391	\$49,157	\$45,159	\$42,283	\$53,781	\$46,415
Percentage Entitled to a Benefit if Terminated June 30, 2018	68.4%	65.2%	67.2%	63.9%	62.9%	63.5%	69.4%	65.8%	68.1%

¹ Non-State Membership: School Boards, Counties, Community Colleges, Cities and Special Districts.

PROFILE OF ACTIVE FRS INVESTMENT PLAN MEMBERS

as of June 30, 2018

Years of Service	Total Membership			State Membership			Non-State Membership ¹		
	Females	Males	Total	Females	Males	Total	Females	Males	Total
Less Than 1 Year	4,198	2,634	6,832	1,490	920	2,410	2,708	1,714	4,422
1 - 5	32,290	17,301	49,591	7,081	4,636	11,717	25,209	12,665	37,874
6 - 9	11,975	6,643	18,618	2,785	1,812	4,597	9,190	4,831	14,021
10 - 19	24,319	14,081	38,400	4,458	3,329	7,787	19,861	10,752	30,613
20 - 29	4,906	3,733	8,639	1,080	961	2,041	3,826	2,772	6,598
30 or More Years	1,408	1,300	2,708	239	290	529	1,169	1,010	2,179
Total	79,096	45,692	124,788	17,133	11,948	29,081	61,963	33,744	95,707

Age Range	Females	Males	Total	Females	Males	Total	Females	Males	Total
Less Than 30	10,575	5,128	15,703	2,917	1,761	4,678	7,658	3,367	11,025
30 - 39	18,988	10,119	29,107	4,812	3,329	8,141	14,176	6,790	20,966
40 - 49	20,175	10,857	31,032	4,004	2,846	6,850	16,171	8,011	24,182
50 - 59	18,259	10,585	28,844	3,385	2,369	5,754	14,874	8,216	23,090
60 - 69	9,438	7,056	16,494	1,801	1,382	3,183	7,637	5,674	13,311
70 and Over	1,661	1,947	3,608	214	261	475	1,447	1,686	3,133
Total	79,096	45,692	124,788	17,133	11,948	29,081	61,963	33,744	95,707

Average Age	44.82	46.78	45.54	42.79	43.81	43.21	45.38	47.84	46.24
Average Years of Service	8.70	9.50	8.99	8.12	9.09	8.52	8.86	9.65	9.14
Average Annual Salary	\$42,292	\$52,336	\$45,970	\$43,700	\$50,524	\$46,504	\$41,903	\$52,977	\$45,807
Percentage Entitled to a Benefit if Terminated June 30, 2018	94.7%	94.2%	94.5%	91.3%	92.3%	91.7%	95.6%	94.9%	95.4%

¹ Non-State Membership: School Boards, Counties, Community Colleges, Cities and Special Districts.

PROFILE OF ACTIVE FRS PENSION PLAN MEMBERS

as of June 30, 2018

Years of Service	Total Membership			State Membership			Non-State Membership ¹		
	Females	Males	Total	Females	Males	Total	Females	Males	Total
Less Than 1 Year	21,683	15,837	37,520	6,259	4,424	10,683	15,424	11,413	26,837
1 - 5	92,955	58,515	151,470	18,232	13,237	31,469	74,723	45,278	120,001
6 - 9	38,573	23,484	62,057	7,358	5,152	12,510	31,215	18,332	49,547
10 - 19	107,662	59,683	167,345	15,544	10,411	25,955	92,118	49,272	141,390
20 - 29	57,277	29,705	86,982	9,744	6,269	16,013	47,533	23,436	70,969
30 or More Years	8,474	4,697	13,171	1,772	1,214	2,986	6,702	3,483	10,185
Total	326,624	191,921	518,545	58,909	40,707	99,616	267,715	151,214	418,929

Age Range	Females	Males	Total	Females	Males	Total	Females	Males	Total
Less Than 30	41,057	28,625	69,682	9,692	7,637	17,329	31,365	20,988	52,353
30 - 39	69,793	43,427	113,220	13,480	9,621	23,101	56,313	33,806	90,119
40 - 49	89,046	49,260	138,306	14,122	9,190	23,312	74,924	40,070	114,994
50 - 59	95,014	50,198	145,212	16,136	9,829	25,965	78,878	40,369	119,247
60 - 69	29,225	17,820	47,045	5,079	3,884	8,963	24,146	13,936	38,082
70 and Over	2,489	2,591	5,080	400	546	946	2,089	2,045	4,134
Total	326,624	191,921	518,545	58,909	40,707	99,616	267,715	151,214	418,929

Average Age	44.79	44.14	44.55	43.62	43.11	43.41	45.05	44.42	44.82
Average Years of Service	11.77	11.02	11.50	10.88	10.55	10.75	11.97	11.15	11.67
Average Annual Salary	\$42,306	\$52,856	\$46,211	\$42,011	\$48,756	\$44,767	\$42,372	\$53,960	\$46,554
Percentage Entitled to a Benefit if Terminated June 30, 2018	62.0%	58.3%	60.6%	55.9%	54.3%	55.3%	63.3%	59.3%	61.9%

¹ Non-State Membership: School Boards, Counties, Community Colleges, Cities and Special Districts.

**PROFILE OF ACTIVE FRS PENSION PLAN MEMBERS
INITIALLY ENROLLED BEFORE JULY 1, 2011**

as of June 30, 2018

Years of Service	Total Membership			State Membership			Non-State Membership*		
	Females	Males	Total	Females	Males	Total	Females	Males	Total
Less Than 1 Year	239	189	428	77	44	121	162	145	307
1 - 5	9,386	4,360	13,746	1,927	1,035	2,962	7,459	3,325	10,784
6 - 9	29,008	17,742	46,750	5,894	4,205	10,099	23,114	13,537	36,651
10 - 19	107,658	59,651	167,309	15,543	10,408	25,951	92,115	49,243	141,358
20 - 29	57,277	29,705	86,982	9,744	6,269	16,013	47,533	23,436	70,969
30 or More Years	8,474	4,697	13,171	1,772	1,214	2,986	6,702	3,483	10,185
Total	212,042	116,344	328,386	34,957	23,175	58,132	177,085	93,169	270,254

Age Range	Females	Males	Total	Females	Males	Total	Females	Males	Total
Less Than 30	1,619	1,480	3,099	312	394	706	1,307	1,086	2,393
30 - 39	36,234	21,850	58,084	6,077	4,299	10,376	30,157	17,551	47,708
40 - 49	66,814	36,766	103,580	10,303	6,707	17,010	56,511	30,059	86,570
50 - 59	79,603	39,727	119,330	13,397	7,911	21,308	66,206	31,816	98,022
60 - 69	25,612	14,446	40,058	4,488	3,357	7,845	21,124	11,089	32,213
70 and Over	2,160	2,075	4,235	380	507	887	1,780	1,568	3,348
Total	212,042	116,344	328,386	34,957	23,175	58,132	177,085	93,169	270,254

Average Age	49.12	48.84	49.02	49.31	49.31	49.31	49.09	48.72	48.96
Average Years of Service	16.62	16.38	16.54	16.61	16.58	16.59	16.62	16.34	16.52
Average Annual Salary	\$47,830	\$61,654	\$52,727	\$46,603	\$55,655	\$50,212	\$48,072	\$63,146	\$53,268
Percentage Entitled to a Benefit if Terminated June 30, 2018	95.5%	96.1%	95.7%	94.3%	95.3%	94.7%	95.7%	96.3%	95.9%

¹ Non-State Membership: School Boards, Counties, Community Colleges, Cities and Special Districts.

**PROFILE OF ACTIVE FRS PENSION PLAN MEMBERS
INITIALLY ENROLLED ON OR AFTER JULY 1, 2011**

as of June 30, 2018

Years of Service	Total Membership			State Membership			Non-State Membership*		
	Females	Males	Total	Females	Males	Total	Females	Males	Total
Less Than 1 Year	21,444	15,648	37,092	6,182	4,380	10,562	15,262	11,268	26,530
1 - 3	60,034	38,509	98,543	12,143	8,832	20,975	47,891	29,677	77,568
4 - 7	33,092	21,373	54,465	5,626	4,315	9,941	27,466	17,058	44,524
8 - 19	12	47	59	1	5	6	11	42	53
20 - 32	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
33 or More Years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	114,582	75,577	190,159	23,952	17,532	41,484	90,630	58,045	148,675

Age Range	Females	Males	Total	Females	Males	Total	Females	Males	Total
Less Than 30	39,438	27,145	66,583	9,380	7,243	16,623	30,058	19,902	49,960
30 - 39	33,559	21,577	55,136	7,403	5,322	12,725	26,156	16,255	42,411
40 - 49	22,232	12,494	34,726	3,819	2,483	6,302	18,413	10,011	28,424
50 - 59	15,411	10,471	25,882	2,739	1,918	4,657	12,672	8,553	21,225
60 - 69	3,613	3,374	6,987	591	527	1,118	3,022	2,847	5,869
70 and Over	329	516	845	20	39	59	309	477	786
Total	114,582	75,577	190,159	23,952	17,532	41,484	90,630	58,045	148,675

Average Age	36.77	36.91	36.82	35.31	34.92	35.14	37.15	37.51	37.29
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Average Years of Service	2.80	2.78	2.79	2.53	2.58	2.55	2.87	2.84	2.86
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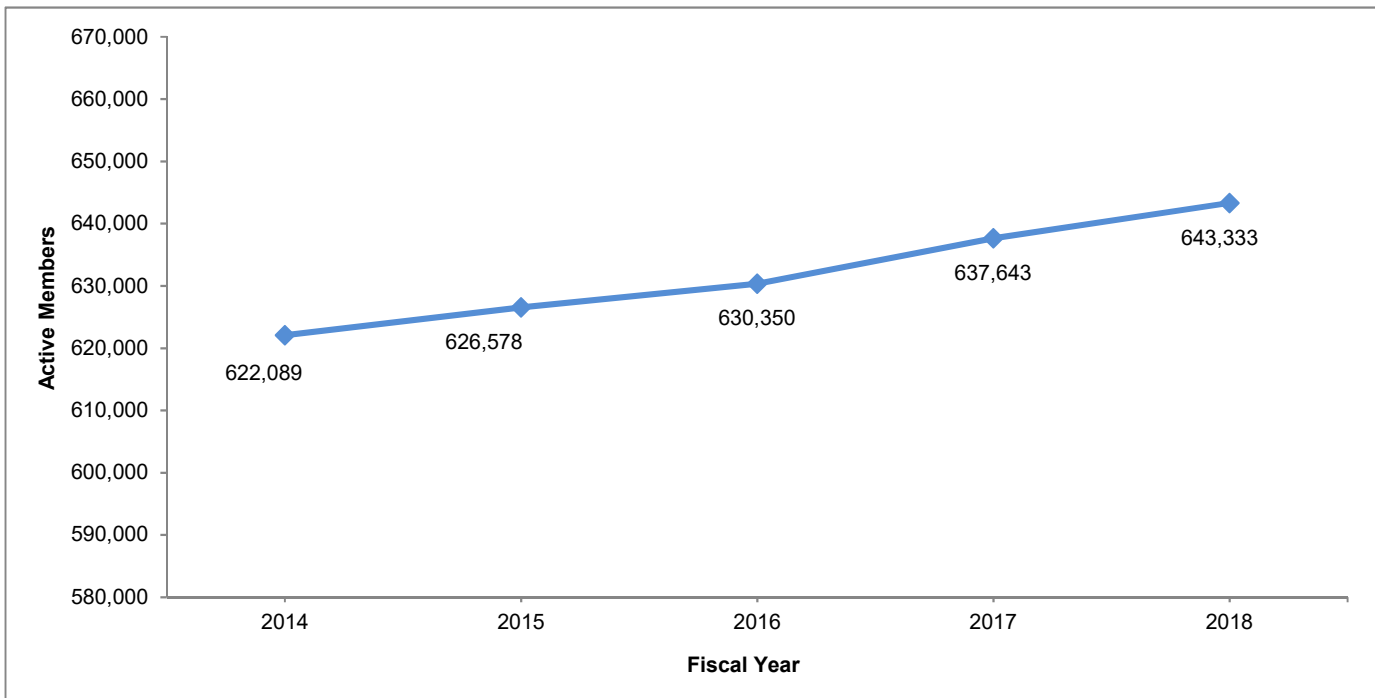
Average Annual Salary	\$32,086	\$39,313	\$34,958	\$35,308	\$39,635	\$37,137	\$31,234	\$39,215	\$34,350
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Percentage Entitled to a Benefit if Terminated June 30, 2018	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%
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¹ Non-State Membership: School Boards, Counties, Community Colleges, Cities and Special Districts.

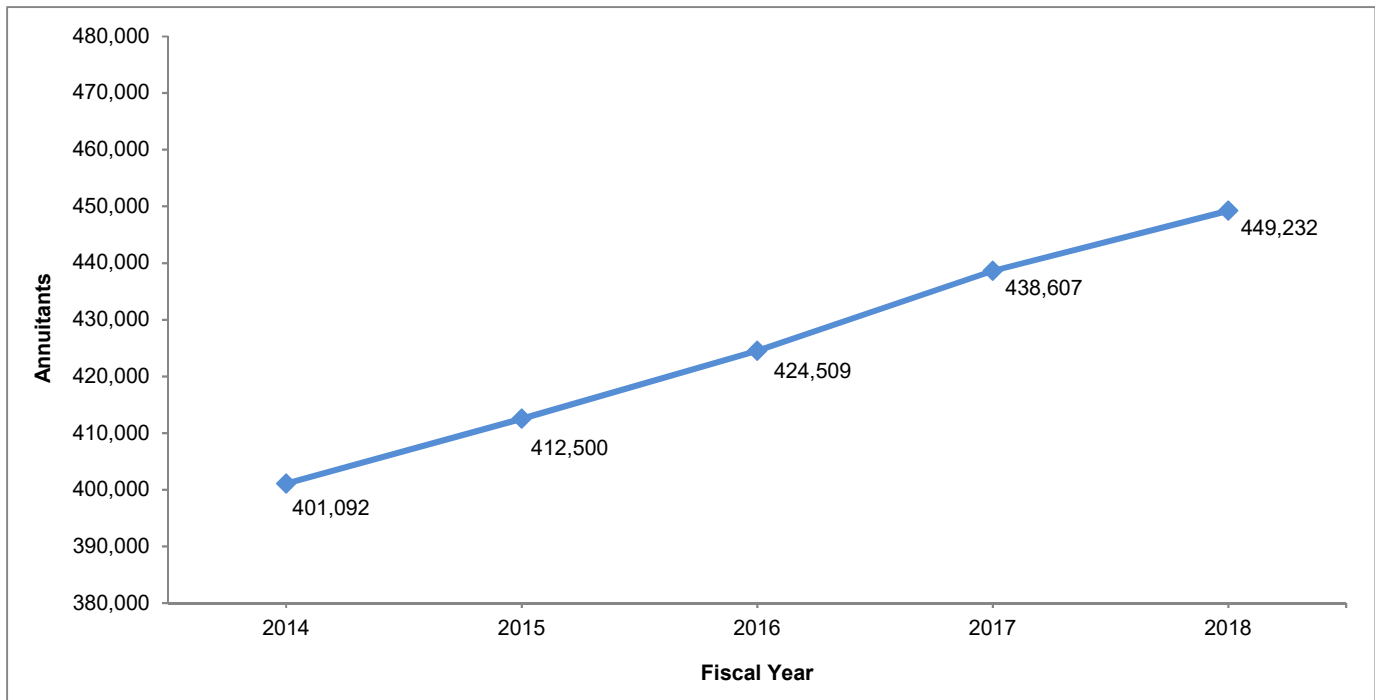
ACTIVE FRS MEMBERS 2014-2018¹

as of June 30



GROWTH OF FRS ANNUITANTS - ALL SYSTEMS 2014-2018²

as of June 30



¹ Includes both FRS Pension Plan and Investment Plan members and excludes DROP participants.

² Includes DROP participants.

FRS PENSION PLAN REFUND PAYMENTS BY TYPE

as of June 30

Type of Refund	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Separated Members	3,410	3,249	3,609	4,810	5,674
Surviving Beneficiaries	268	256	198	201	275
Other	62	79	87	128	64
Total	3,740	3,584	3,894	5,139	6,013

FRS PENSION PLAN TOTAL REFUND PAYMENTS BY TYPE

as of June 30

Type of Refund	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Separated Members	\$4,905,850	\$6,488,033	\$8,129,165	\$13,607,174	\$17,948,761
Surviving Beneficiaries	376,678	1,870,433	493,023	894,693	1,092,468
Other	350,958	212,534	213,271	360,974	257,842
Total	\$5,633,486	\$8,571,000	\$8,835,459	\$14,862,841	\$19,299,071

ACTIVE FRS PENSION PLAN DROP PARTICIPANTS BY SYSTEM/CLASS

as of June 30, 2018

System/Class	Count	Average Service	Average AFC	Average Annual Initial Benefit	Average Annual Current Benefit
FRS - Regular	29,030	25.58	\$55,354	\$22,710	\$25,416
FRS - SMSC	635	27.92	109,156	50,970	57,040
FRS - Special Risk	3,476	24.91	86,197	59,929	66,858
FRS - Special Risk Adm. Sup.	4	23.36	44,008	25,915	28,916
FRS - EOC	286	26.02	128,146	81,280	91,133
TRS	1	44.00	66,545	58,559	67,230
Total/Average	33,432	25.56	\$60,204	\$27,619	\$30,890

PROFILE OF ACTIVE FRS PENSION PLAN DROP PARTICIPANTS

as of June 30, 2018

By Monthly Benefit Range	Count	Average Service	Average AFC	Average Annual Initial Benefit	Average Annual Current Benefit
Less Than \$50	0	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
\$50 - \$99	11	7.31	8,638	862	915
\$100 - \$149	44	7.79	13,388	1,457	1,539
\$150 - \$199	107	8.62	16,614	1,984	2,110
\$200 - \$249	130	9.68	19,290	2,576	2,758
\$250 - \$299	178	10.38	21,551	3,087	3,312
\$300 - \$349	209	11.55	22,291	3,618	3,901
\$350 - \$399	265	12.19	24,305	4,139	4,481
\$400 - \$449	274	13.14	25,923	4,724	5,131
\$450 - \$499	305	14.01	27,044	5,240	5,706
\$500 - \$999	3,852	17.66	33,599	8,356	9,185
\$1,000 - \$1,999	9,874	24.52	44,839	16,095	17,916
\$2,000 - \$2,999	7,956	28.55	60,561	26,667	29,854
\$3,000 - \$3,999	5,140	30.07	75,613	36,676	41,215
\$4,000 - \$4,999	2,122	29.79	89,875	47,342	53,128
\$5,000 or More	2,965	27.48	116,065	75,949	84,963
Total/Average	33,432	25.56	\$60,204	\$27,619	\$30,890

By Option Selection¹

Lifetime Benefit (1)	18,175	25.33	\$58,215	\$27,454	\$30,731
Benefit with a Guarantee (2)	4,805	25.48	55,926	25,861	28,885
Member with a Joint Annuitant (3)	9,636	25.96	64,655	27,960	31,242
Reduced Benefit on 1st Death (4)	816	26.39	77,137	37,615	42,076
Total/Average	33,432	25.56	\$60,204	\$27,619	\$30,890

By Employer Group

State	5,747	26.24	\$53,915	\$25,385	\$28,357
State University System	1,252	25.57	57,435	23,869	26,668
Counties	7,984	25.20	73,770	39,078	43,598
School Boards	16,109	25.55	54,594	22,728	25,500
State Colleges	931	24.02	63,603	24,691	27,548
Cities and Special Districts	1,409	25.84	73,338	32,982	36,798
Total/Average	33,432	25.56	\$60,204	\$27,619	\$30,890

¹ Option selections for existing systems have been included in the FRS options outlined even though they are different.

PROFILE OF ACTIVE FRS PENSION PLAN DROP PARTICIPANTS

as of June 30, 2018

Years of Service	Total Membership			State Membership			Non-State Membership ¹		
	Females	Males	Total	Females	Males	Total	Females	Males	Total
6 - 9	466	305	771	114	57	171	352	248	600
10 - 14	1,630	892	2,522	290	155	445	1,340	737	2,077
15 - 19	2,675	1,276	3,951	436	248	684	2,239	1,028	3,267
20 - 24	3,006	1,533	4,539	555	347	902	2,451	1,186	3,637
25 - 29	3,583	3,332	6,915	655	644	1,299	2,928	2,688	5,616
30 - 34	9,406	4,531	13,937	2,215	1,153	3,368	7,191	3,378	10,569
35 or More Years	557	240	797	98	28	126	459	212	671
Total	21,323	12,109	33,432	4,363	2,632	6,995	16,960	9,477	26,437

Age Range	Females	Males	Total	Females	Males	Total	Females	Males	Total
Less Than 50	83	368	451	20	56	76	63	312	375
50 - 54	1,239	1,560	2,799	335	243	578	904	1,317	2,221
55 - 59	4,959	3,285	8,244	1,261	739	2,000	3,698	2,546	6,244
60 - 64	10,871	4,967	15,838	2,054	1,152	3,206	8,817	3,815	12,632
65 - 69	4,061	1,860	5,921	687	424	1,111	3,374	1,436	4,810
70 - 74	101	65	166	6	18	24	95	47	142
75 - 79	8	4	12	0	0	0	8	4	12
80 and Over	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1
Total	21,323	12,109	33,432	4,363	2,632	6,995	16,960	9,477	26,437

Average Age	61.33	59.82	60.78	60.65	60.34	60.53	61.50	59.68	60.85
Average Years of Service	25.66	25.38	25.56	26.21	25.99	26.13	25.52	25.20	25.41
Average Annual Salary	\$53,255	\$68,319	\$58,711	\$47,536	\$61,364	\$52,739	\$54,726	\$70,250	\$60,291
Average Annual Current Benefit	\$26,478	\$38,659	\$30,890	\$24,603	\$33,784	\$28,058	\$26,960	\$40,013	\$31,639

¹ Non-State Membership: School Boards, Counties, Community Colleges, Cities and Special Districts.

**FRS PENSION PLAN DROP ACCRUED BENEFITS AND INTEREST
BY SYSTEM/CLASS**

as of June 30, 2018

System/Class	Total Membership		
	Females	Males	Total
FRS - Regular	\$1,049,060,659	\$508,012,929	\$1,557,073,588
FRS - SMSC	34,723,463	45,157,793	79,881,256
FRS - Special Risk	91,403,749	414,786,155	506,189,904
FRS - Special Risk Adm. Sup.	42,416	189,143	231,559
FRS - EOC	32,813,496	56,264,977	89,078,473
TRS	250,434	0	250,434
Total	\$1,208,294,217	\$1,024,410,997	\$2,232,705,214

System/Class	State Membership		
	Females	Males	Total
FRS - Regular	\$178,815,124	\$101,018,893	\$279,834,017
FRS - SMSC	13,558,030	19,823,959	33,381,989
FRS - Special Risk	20,195,968	43,654,883	63,850,851
FRS - Special Risk Adm. Sup.	42,416	189,143	231,559
FRS - EOC	24,418,714	48,454,173	72,872,887
TRS	0	0	0
Total	\$237,030,252	\$213,141,051	\$450,171,303

System/Class	Non-State Membership ¹		
	Females	Males	Total
FRS - Regular	\$870,245,535	\$406,994,036	\$1,277,239,571
FRS - SMSC	21,165,433	25,333,835	46,499,268
FRS - Special Risk	71,207,781	371,131,272	442,339,053
FRS - Special Risk Adm. Sup.	0	0	0
FRS - EOC	8,394,781	7,810,804	16,205,585
TRS	250,434	0	250,434
Total	\$971,263,964	\$811,269,947	\$1,782,533,911

¹ Non-State Membership: School Boards, Counties, Community Colleges, Cities and Special Districts.

TERMINATED FRS PENSION PLAN DROP PARTICIPANTS BY SYSTEM/CLASS¹

from July 1, 2017 - June 30, 2018

System/Class	Count	Average Service	Average AFC	Average Annual Initial Benefit	Average Annual Current Benefit
FRS - Regular Class	7,406	24.11	\$53,512	\$20,653	\$22,627
FRS - Senior Management Service Class	155	26.86	109,379	48,738	53,204
FRS - Special Risk Class	984	24.63	81,893	56,446	62,129
FRS - Elected Officers' Class	14	25.04	133,243	86,572	94,259
Total/Average	8,559	24.22	\$57,917	\$25,384	\$27,840

PROFILE OF TERMINATED FRS PENSION PLAN DROP PARTICIPANTS¹

from July 1, 2017 - June 30, 2018

By Monthly Benefit Range	Count	Average Service	Average AFC	Average Annual Initial Benefit	Average Annual Current Benefit
Less than \$50	0	0.00	\$0	\$0	\$0
\$50 - \$99	8	6.29	11,250	1,026	1,095
\$100 - \$149	11	8.92	11,146	1,416	1,542
\$150 - \$199	27	7.67	17,552	2,025	2,158
\$200 - \$249	55	8.93	20,683	2,536	2,719
\$250 - \$299	77	10.28	21,499	3,084	3,298
\$300 - \$349	81	11.32	23,503	3,641	3,930
\$350 - \$399	83	12.26	25,331	4,150	4,496
\$400 - \$449	119	12.76	27,391	4,752	5,103
\$450 - \$499	90	13.46	28,779	5,303	5,709
\$500 - \$999	1,236	17.65	34,067	8,421	9,093
\$1,000 - \$1,999	2,640	24.02	46,763	16,416	17,825
\$2,000 - \$2,999	2,055	27.81	62,752	27,220	29,757
\$3,000 - \$3,999	1,020	29.20	77,687	36,968	40,798
\$4,000 - \$4,999	425	28.25	89,415	48,499	53,573
\$5,000 or more	632	26.69	111,731	74,560	82,517
Total/Average	8,559	24.22	\$57,917	\$25,384	\$27,840

By Option Selection²

Lifetime Benefit (1)	4,892	24.01	\$56,380	\$25,409	\$27,909
Benefit with a Guarantee (2)	1,287	24.06	54,504	24,208	26,516
Member with a Joint Annuitant (3)	2,172	24.72	62,065	25,434	27,849
Reduced Benefit on 1st Death (4)	208	25.02	71,869	31,560	34,303
Total/Average	8,559	24.22	\$57,917	\$25,384	\$27,840

By Employer Group

State	1,357	24.48	\$49,262	\$21,756	\$23,785
State University System	341	25.14	60,413	24,269	26,711
Counties	2,038	23.94	71,114	36,825	40,409
School Boards	4,181	24.32	52,743	20,719	22,746
State Colleges	269	21.75	58,996	20,888	23,015
Cities and Special Districts	373	24.76	72,224	32,632	35,522
Total/Average	8,559	24.22	\$57,917	\$25,384	\$27,840

¹ Terminated DROP participants are also included with the statistics of all annuitants on pages 176-183.

² Option selections for existing systems have been included in the FRS options outlined even though they are different.

PROFILE OF TERMINATED FRS PENSION PLAN DROP PARTICIPANTS¹

from July 1, 2017 - June 30, 2018

By Years of Service	Count	Average Service	Average AFC	Average Annual Initial Benefit	Average Annual Current Benefit
6 - 9	326	7.94	\$37,332	\$4,800	\$5,132
10 - 14	760	12.79	43,549	8,988	9,730
15 - 19	1,152	17.62	47,224	13,568	14,788
20 - 24	1,370	22.55	55,088	20,682	22,545
25 - 29	2,025	26.71	67,386	37,152	40,712
30 - 34	2,845	30.50	62,896	30,467	33,569
35 or More Years	81	36.78	63,866	36,938	41,272
Total/Average	8,559	24.22	\$57,917	\$25,384	\$27,840

By Age Range	Count	Average Service	Average AFC	Average Annual Initial Benefit	Average Annual Current Benefit
Less than 50	66	25.79	\$81,371	\$59,067	\$61,533
50 - 54	465	27.04	79,012	53,718	58,586
55 - 59	1,205	28.53	69,257	39,192	42,982
60 - 64	2,761	26.61	58,918	25,808	28,059
65 - 69	3,981	21.10	51,050	17,297	19,228
70 - 74	72	14.63	53,561	13,022	14,507
75 - 79	8	17.95	45,788	13,150	14,721
80 and Over	1	6.67	18,438	2,067	2,194
Total/Average	8,559	24.22	\$57,917	\$25,384	\$27,840

By Gender	Count	Average Service	Average AFC	Average Annual Initial Benefit	Average Annual Current Benefit
Female	5,466	24.33	\$52,300	\$21,516	\$23,575
Male	3,093	24.05	67,843	32,220	35,377
Total/Average	8,559	24.22	\$57,917	\$25,384	\$27,840

By Cause of Termination	Count	Average Service	Average AFC	Average Annual Initial Benefit	Average Annual Current Benefit
Deceased	65	24.29	\$50,797	\$21,515	\$22,516
Termination	8,494	24.22	57,971	25,414	27,880
Total/Average	8,559	24.22	\$57,917	\$25,384	\$27,840

Average length of participation - 2.99 years

¹ Terminated DROP participants are also included with the statistics of all annuitants on pages 176-183.

TOTAL ANNUITANTS BY SYSTEM/CLASS¹
as of June 30

System/Class	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
FRS Pension Plan					
- Regular Class	319,663	332,410	347,541	357,487	365,219
- Senior Management Service Class	3,531	3,866	4,218	4,487	4,759
- Special Risk Class	31,314	33,076	35,160	36,582	38,320
- Special Risk Adm. Sup. Class	171	173	176	175	172
- Elected Officers' Class	2,310	2,397	2,400	2,524	2,515
Subtotal	356,989	371,922	389,495	401,255	410,985
TRS	4,084	3,873	3,638	3,438	3,233
TRS-SB	441	413	380	356	317
SCOERS	496	440	381	325	296
Highway Patrol	34	31	28	25	21
JRS	3	3	3	3	3
IFAS	169	170	171	167	165
Subtotal	5,227	4,930	4,601	4,314	4,035
Total	362,216	376,852	394,096	405,569	415,020
General Revenue					
Noncontributory (s. 112.05, F.S.)	22	18	17	9	8
National Guard	787	792	784	784	761
Judicial Retirement	8	9	10	12	11
Teachers (s. 238.171, F.S.)	1	0	0	0	0
Total	818	819	811	805	780
Grand Total	363,034	377,671	394,907	406,374	415,800

AVERAGE BENEFITS BY SYSTEM/CLASS
as of June 30

System/Class	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
FRS Pension Plan					
- Regular Class	\$17,394	\$17,951	\$18,565	\$19,010	\$19,466
- Senior Management Service Class	46,518	47,373	48,821	49,772	50,627
- Special Risk Class	37,207	38,962	40,879	42,364	43,518
- Special Risk Adm. Sup. Class	36,338	37,499	38,484	39,465	40,324
- Elected Officers' Class	47,966	49,875	51,429	53,223	54,862
TRS	35,348	36,818	38,527	40,455	42,355
TRS-SB	1,887	1,885	1,885	1,883	1,882
SCOERS	11,209	12,152	13,000	13,990	14,582
Highway Patrol	18,576	19,373	19,610	17,063	16,198
JRS	13,607	14,016	14,436	14,869	15,315
IFAS	11,680	12,005	12,455	12,810	13,153
Average	\$19,789	\$20,476	\$21,249	\$21,839	\$22,426
General Revenue					
Noncontributory (s. 112.05, F.S.)	\$16,245	\$16,528	\$17,123	\$16,711	\$17,118
National Guard	18,306	18,178	18,428	18,988	19,533
Judicial Retirement	82,758	86,688	90,153	87,223	92,143
Teachers (s. 238.171, F.S.)	2,369	0	0	0	0
Average	\$18,861	\$18,895	\$19,285	\$19,980	\$20,532
Average All Annuitants	\$19,765	\$20,472	\$21,245	\$21,835	\$22,423

¹ Total annuitants include General Revenue and TRS-SB annuitants and exclude DROP participants.

TOTAL ANNUAL BENEFITS BY SYSTEM/CLASS

as of June 30

System/Class	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
FRS Pension Plan					
- Regular Class	\$5,560,290,675	\$5,967,096,004	\$6,452,033,264	\$6,795,935,448	\$7,109,410,224
- Senior Management Service Class	164,256,203	183,145,731	205,924,965	223,327,748	240,932,313
- Special Risk Class	1,165,109,331	1,288,693,588	1,437,318,491	1,549,767,553	1,667,627,626
- Special Risk Adm. Sup. Class	6,213,772	6,487,328	6,773,176	6,906,440	6,935,702
- Elected Officers' Class	110,800,310	119,550,041	123,429,109	134,335,905	137,978,766
Subtotal	7,006,670,291	7,564,972,692	8,225,479,005	8,710,273,094	9,162,884,631
TRS	144,359,396	142,594,320	140,162,000	139,083,477	136,933,678
TRS-SB	831,962	778,682	716,462	670,262	596,462
SCOERS	5,559,757	5,347,069	4,952,939	4,546,864	4,316,278
Highway Patrol	631,575	600,551	549,087	426,574	340,168
JRS	40,822	42,047	43,308	44,608	45,946
IFAS	1,973,905	2,040,823	2,129,879	2,139,309	2,170,259
Subtotal	153,397,417	151,403,492	148,553,675	146,911,094	144,402,791
Total	\$7,160,067,708	\$7,716,376,184	\$8,374,032,680	\$8,857,184,188	\$9,307,287,422
General Revenue					
Noncontributory (s. 112.05, F.S.)	\$357,397	\$297,496	\$291,092	\$150,398	\$136,940
National Guard	14,406,750	14,397,257	14,447,626	14,886,728	14,864,354
Judicial Retirement	662,067	780,195	901,531	1,046,677	1,013,569
Teachers (s. 238.171, F.S.)	2,369	0	0	0	0
Total	15,428,583	15,474,948	15,640,249	16,083,803	16,014,863
Grand Total	\$7,175,496,291	\$7,731,851,132	\$8,389,672,929	\$8,873,267,991	\$9,323,302,285
Average All Annuitants	\$19,230	\$20,472	\$21,245	\$21,835	\$22,423

TOTAL DISABILITY BENEFITS BY SYSTEM/CLASS

as of June 30

System/Class	Number of Retirees		Total Annual Benefits		Average Annual Benefits	
	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018
FRS Pension Plan						
- Regular Class	13,943	13,776	\$187,138,800	\$189,894,159	\$13,422	\$13,784
- Senior Management Service Class	44	45	1,404,934	1,440,099	31,930	32,002
- Special Risk Class	1,573	1,598	46,452,771	48,606,099	29,531	30,417
- Special Risk Adm. Sup. Class	3	3	79,646	82,035	26,549	27,345
- Elected Officers' Class	7	8	304,347	376,406	43,478	47,051
FRS Investment Plan						
- Regular Class	363	388	5,411,428	5,793,727	14,908	14,932
- Senior Management Service Class	2	2	52,993	54,170	26,496	27,085
- Special Risk Class	118	124	4,931,565	5,280,788	41,793	42,587
- Special Risk Adm. Sup. Class	1	1	49,527	51,012	49,527	51,012
TRS	67	60	1,115,774	1,042,330	16,653	17,372
SCOERS	16	16	205,840	212,015	12,865	13,251
Highway Patrol	1	0	11,190	0	11,190	0
General Revenue	12	11	1,046,677	1,013,569	87,223	92,143
Total / Average	16,150	16,032	\$248,205,492	\$253,846,409	\$15,369	\$15,834

PROFILE OF TOTAL ANNUITANTS BY SYSTEM/CLASS¹

as of June 30, 2018

By System/Class	Count	Average Service	Average AFC	Average Annual Initial Benefit	Average Annual Current Benefit
FRS Investment Plan (IP) Regular Class ²	392	16.39	\$42,200	\$12,933	\$14,926
FRS IP Senior Management Service Class ²	2	14.12	93,247	25,176	27,085
FRS IP Special Risk Adm. Sup. Class ²	1	32.91	49,487	39,288	51,012
FRS IP Special Risk Class ²	138	17.52	59,510	37,917	43,245
FRS IP Elected Officers' Class ²	1	17.75	143,640	48,645	55,469
FRS Pension Plan (PP) Regular Class	364,827	20.98	39,738	13,728	19,471
FRS PP Senior Management Service Class	4,757	24.30	97,005	38,490	50,637
FRS PP Special Risk Class	38,182	20.95	55,161	32,061	43,519
FRS PP Special Risk Adm. Sup. Class	171	25.22	48,745	24,753	40,261
FRS PP Elected Officers' Class	2,514	20.28	71,962	38,937	54,862
TRS	3,233	29.80	39,415	23,932	42,355
TRS-SB	317	0.00	0	2,329	1,882
Judicial Retirement System	3	11.71	20,160	11,089	15,315
Highway Patrol	21	24.07	14,642	11,797	16,198
SCOERS	296	24.20	14,877	7,400	14,582
IFAS	165	0.07	97	9,649	13,153
General Revenue	780	32.81	1,847	13,073	20,532
Total/Average	415,800	21.07	\$41,879	\$15,922	\$22,423

PROFILE OF FRS ANNUITANTS³

as of June 30, 2018

By Years of Service	Count	Average Service	Average AFC	Average Annual Initial Benefit	Average Annual Current Benefit
40 or More Years	1,876	42.38	\$56,975	\$40,144	\$58,959
35 - 39	9,069	36.75	51,109	31,920	49,761
30 - 34	98,257	30.90	52,753	26,487	38,415
25 - 29	53,459	26.93	52,669	26,730	36,202
20 - 24	58,716	22.31	42,938	15,029	20,640
15 - 19	67,323	17.35	36,897	9,860	13,573
10 - 14	88,587	12.19	30,320	5,778	8,002
5 - 9	36,917	7.83	30,995	4,072	5,206
Less Than 5 Years	499	2.08	14,228	9,903	16,277
Total/Average	414,703	21.07	\$41,986	\$15,938	\$22,442

By Age Range	Count	Average Service	Average AFC	Average Annual Initial Benefit	Average Annual Current Benefit
Under 40	1,306	17.74	\$40,588	\$8,048	\$9,574
40 - 44	639	16.58	40,124	11,103	12,349
45 - 49	1,939	17.66	47,760	19,542	20,127
50 - 54	7,279	19.96	52,574	25,235	27,576
55 - 59	24,094	21.03	48,814	21,342	24,716
60 - 64	58,868	21.85	47,428	18,981	23,144
65 - 69	100,711	21.46	46,293	17,234	22,594
70 - 74	92,070	20.92	42,887	15,454	22,586
75 - 79	58,814	20.42	37,289	13,281	21,387
80 - 84	36,290	20.55	32,813	12,138	21,358
85 and Older	32,688	21.31	27,372	10,970	21,432
Option 2 Payees - Member Deceased	5	23.03	61,364	10,417	12,433
Total/Average	414,703	21.07	\$41,986	\$15,938	\$22,442

¹ Total annuitants include General Revenue and TRS-SB annuitants and exclude DROP participants.

² IP disability retirees.

³ FRS annuitants exclude General Revenue and TRS-SB annuitants and exclude DROP participants.

PROFILE OF FRS ANNUITANTS¹
as of June 30, 2018

By Option Selection²	Count	Average Service	Average AFC	Average Annual Initial Benefit	Average Annual Current Benefit
Lifetime Benefit (1)	241,695	20.40	\$39,869	\$15,162	\$21,382
Benefit with a Guarantee (2)	66,944	21.93	41,632	16,532	24,008
Member with a Joint Annuitant (3)	90,613	21.95	46,502	16,750	23,307
Reduced Benefit on First Death (4)	15,451	22.67	50,158	20,737	27,164
Total/Average	414,703	21.07	\$41,986	\$15,938	\$22,442

By Monthly Benefit Amount					
Less Than \$50	539	9.67	\$12,207	\$475	\$430
\$50 - \$99	2,878	9.27	11,369	905	957
\$100 - \$149	5,601	9.73	13,382	1,318	1,522
\$150 - \$199	7,669	10.42	15,938	1,824	2,115
\$200 - \$249	9,422	10.79	18,434	2,295	2,709
\$250 - \$299	10,638	11.24	20,301	2,742	3,300
\$300 - \$349	11,151	11.65	21,242	3,115	3,904
\$350 - \$399	11,318	12.26	22,853	3,495	4,499
\$400 - \$449	10,930	12.82	24,448	4,024	5,096
\$450 - \$499	10,535	13.39	26,049	4,450	5,699
\$500 - \$999	84,809	15.86	31,166	6,695	8,770
\$1000 - \$1999	99,963	21.78	40,462	12,873	17,405
\$2000 - \$2999	64,966	27.15	50,740	21,360	29,840
\$3000 - \$3999	42,349	29.61	58,443	28,256	41,231
\$4000 - \$4999	19,933	30.31	67,936	35,713	53,235
\$5000 or more	22,002	29.82	87,951	55,385	80,842
Total/Average	414,703	21.07	\$41,986	\$15,938	\$22,442

By Benefit Recipient					
Member Deceased	29,707	20.13	\$38,035	\$13,770	\$17,792
Member Living	384,996	21.14	42,291	16,105	22,801
Total/Average	414,703	21.07	\$41,986	\$15,938	\$22,442

By Retirement Date					
Before 12/1970	43	20.24	\$6,765	\$3,184	\$7,488
12/1970 - 6/2000	93,470	22.93	33,288	13,824	25,669
7/2000 - 6/2005	82,573	21.68	40,332	15,752	24,390
7/2005 - 6/2010	97,181	21.16	45,823	17,579	23,386
7/2010 - 6/2015	101,956	19.95	47,016	17,134	20,026
7/2015 - 6/2016	14,316	18.24	43,548	14,205	14,918
7/2016 - 6/2017	13,895	17.93	43,217	14,047	14,398
7/2017 - 6/2018	11,269	18.02	44,297	14,448	14,645
Total/Average	414,703	21.07	\$41,986	\$15,938	\$22,442

By Employer					
State	82,589	20.88	\$38,915	\$14,703	\$20,796
State University System	19,470	22.07	46,723	17,303	24,506
Counties	92,678	19.66	47,752	19,431	26,191
School Boards	193,021	21.85	39,334	14,553	21,083
State Colleges	13,424	20.80	46,025	16,242	23,431
Cities and Special Districts	13,521	19.52	48,262	17,041	22,245
Total/Average	414,703	21.07	\$41,986	\$15,938	\$22,442

¹ FRS annuitants exclude General Revenue and TRS-SB annuitants and exclude DROP participants.

² Option selections for existing systems have been included in the FRS options outlined even though they are different.

PROFILE OF FRS ANNUITANTS¹

as of June 30, 2018

By Gender	Count	Average Service	Average AFC	Average Annual Initial Benefit	Average Annual Current Benefit
Female	265,970	21.12	\$38,367	\$14,176	\$19,661
Male	148,733	20.97	48,458	19,089	27,415
Total/Average	414,703	21.07	\$41,986	\$15,938	\$22,442

By Type of Retirement	Count	Average Service	Average AFC	Average Annual Initial Benefit	Average Annual Current Benefit
Line of Duty Death	539	12.04	\$40,280	\$19,111	\$31,891
Not Line of Duty Death	9,182	17.65	36,444	7,498	11,640
Line of Duty Disability	3,443	14.78	31,644	15,022	22,288
Not Line of Duty Disability	12,579	17.54	33,310	10,171	14,004
Early	103,916	16.83	35,358	9,358	13,017
Normal	285,044	22.97	45,092	18,868	26,582
Total/Average	414,703	21.07	\$41,986	\$15,938	\$22,442

By Duration of Benefit Payments to Date	Count	Average Service	Average AFC	Average Annual Initial Benefit	Average Annual Current Benefit
Less Than 5 Years	72,262	18.26	\$43,861	\$14,450	\$15,357
5 - 10	114,566	20.91	48,253	18,453	22,663
10 - 15	86,855	21.31	42,974	16,384	23,350
15 - 20	82,335	22.66	39,401	16,136	26,801
20 - 25	33,169	22.26	33,151	13,120	24,337
25 - 30	15,864	22.47	28,313	11,634	23,672
30 - 35	6,777	22.20	21,521	9,124	20,537
35 - 40	2,265	21.56	16,135	7,040	16,519
40 or More Years	610	18.16	10,566	3,547	10,735
Total/Average	414,703	21.07	\$41,986	\$15,938	\$22,442

Average duration of benefit payments in years - 11.78 years

By Duration of Benefit Payments - Deaths in Current Year	Count	Average Service	Average AFC	Average Annual Initial Benefit	Average Annual Current Benefit
Less Than 1 Year	243	19.30	\$48,191	\$14,472	\$14,444
1 - 2	154	19.23	43,832	13,622	13,565
2 - 3	129	17.63	41,205	12,376	12,632
3 - 4	115	18.56	44,545	13,034	13,656
4 - 5	123	18.78	37,469	11,764	12,499
5 - 10	788	20.14	44,296	16,113	17,955
10 - 15	383	21.00	45,881	17,943	20,747
15 - 20	619	22.50	42,987	21,158	26,480
20 - 25	385	23.12	38,159	19,577	24,955
25 - 30	197	24.86	36,421	21,479	28,896
30 - 35	83	23.42	24,076	14,295	20,926
35 - 40	25	28.97	22,167	17,020	23,189
40 or More Years	7	20.19	12,674	5,956	7,984
Total/Average	3,251	21.17	\$42,172	\$17,301	\$20,454

Average duration of benefit payments in years - 12.27 years

¹ FRS annuitants exclude General Revenue and TRS-SB annuitants and exclude DROP participants.

FRS RETIREES AND BENEFICIARIES¹
BY AGE AT RETIREMENT

as of June 30, 2018

By Retirement Age	Retirees	Retirees' Total Annual Benefits	Beneficiaries	Beneficiaries' Total Annual Benefits
Under 40	904	\$13,039,860	287	\$5,235,420
40 - 44	2,856	55,966,351	745	8,714,663
45 - 49	16,678	538,444,607	2,291	30,875,341
50 - 54	66,083	2,089,083,977	5,085	96,049,229
55 - 59	97,180	2,491,609,288	6,926	135,521,177
60 - 64	155,929	2,913,871,872	9,375	170,779,273
65 - 69	34,187	532,924,255	3,413	59,874,993
70 - 74	8,050	110,851,490	1,071	16,306,726
75 - 79	2,389	25,820,002	363	3,861,379
80 - 84	613	5,654,919	116	890,227
85 and Older	127	879,289	35	436,621
Total	384,996	\$8,778,145,910	29,707	\$528,545,049

FRS RETIREES AND BENEFICIARIES¹
BY YEARS OF SERVICE AT RETIREMENT

as of June 30, 2018

By Years of Service	Retirees	Retirees' Total Annual Benefits	Beneficiaries	Beneficiaries' Total Annual Benefits
Less Than 5 Years	339	\$4,964,529	160	\$3,157,844
5 - 9	34,505	178,970,418	2,412	13,216,033
10 - 14	81,125	656,113,339	7,462	52,776,235
15 - 19	61,671	847,338,454	5,652	66,465,269
20 - 24	53,808	1,123,666,060	4,908	88,210,957
25 - 29	49,807	1,831,434,944	3,652	103,900,051
30 - 34	94,164	3,635,085,568	4,093	139,501,989
35 - 39	8,012	405,599,754	1,057	45,683,082
40 or More Years	1,565	94,972,844	311	15,633,589
Total	384,996	\$8,778,145,910	29,707	\$528,545,049

¹ FRS retirees and beneficiaries exclude General Revenue and TRS-SB retirees and beneficiaries and exclude DROP participants.

TOTAL FRS ANNUITANTS BY TYPE OF RETIREMENT¹

as of June 30

Type of Retirement	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Line of Duty Death	372	368	367	379	539
Not Line of Duty Death	9,019	9,081	9,087	9,201	9,182
Line of Duty Disability	3,506	3,493	3,492	3,495	3,443
Not Line of Duty Disability	12,625	12,684	12,747	12,644	12,579
Early	95,385	97,694	100,062	102,482	103,916
Normal	240,868	253,119	267,961	277,012	285,044
Total	361,775	376,439	393,716	405,213	414,703

TOTAL FRS ANNUAL BENEFITS BY TYPE OF RETIREMENT

as of June 30

Type of Retirement	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Line of Duty Death	\$9,760,000	\$9,976,101	\$10,559,988	\$15,461,802	\$17,189,084
Not Line of Duty Death	95,860,703	98,471,096	100,587,725	104,560,416	106,882,817
Line of Duty Disability	67,518,857	69,904,011	72,456,581	75,038,769	76,737,141
Not Line of Duty Disability	156,608,204	162,375,701	168,152,778	172,174,076	176,151,167
Early	1,097,584,190	1,165,451,287	1,232,717,230	1,294,646,937	1,352,625,844
Normal	5,731,903,792	6,209,419,306	6,788,841,916	7,194,631,927	7,577,104,906
Total	\$7,159,235,746	\$7,715,597,502	\$8,373,316,218	\$8,856,513,927	\$9,306,690,959

TOTAL FRS ANNUITANTS ADDED DURING FISCAL YEAR BY TYPE OF RETIREMENT¹

as of June 30

Type of Retirement	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Line of Duty Death	2	3	5	14	22
Not Line of Duty Death	276	237	197	232	319
Line of Duty Disability	55	57	57	57	73
Not Line of Duty Disability	576	545	524	445	545
Early	4,924	3,751	3,899	4,299	4,514
Normal	7,142	6,876	7,176	7,194	8,422
Total	12,975	11,469	11,858	12,241	13,895

TOTAL ANNUAL BENEFITS OF FRS ANNUITANTS ADDED DURING FISCAL YEAR BY TYPE OF RETIREMENT

as of June 30

Type of Retirement	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Line of Duty Death	\$46,977	\$79,302	\$232,897	\$807,536	\$900,675
Not Line of Duty Death	2,625,299	2,189,212	2,000,493	3,020,398	3,855,692
Line of Duty Disability	1,272,266	1,730,607	1,340,454	1,561,553	1,984,029
Not Line of Duty Disability	6,931,219	7,051,061	7,003,925	6,596,093	7,847,917
Early	44,563,965	36,803,052	36,772,765	40,252,170	44,541,748
Normal	93,486,455	100,518,086	105,985,962	111,542,570	140,931,143
Total	\$148,926,181	\$148,371,320	\$153,336,496	\$163,780,320	\$200,061,204

¹ Total annuitants exclude General Revenue and TRS-SB annuitants and exclude DROP participants.

SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE FRS BENEFITS
as of June 30







Fiscal Year	Years of Creditable Service									
	Less Than 5 ¹	5 - 9	10 - 14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25 - 29	30 - 34	35 - 39	40 or More	
2018	Average Annual Benefit	\$16,277	\$5,206	\$8,002	\$13,573	\$20,640	\$36,202	\$38,415	\$49,761	\$58,959
	Average AFC	\$14,228	\$30,995	\$30,320	\$36,897	\$42,938	\$52,669	\$52,753	\$51,109	\$56,975
	Count	499	36,917	88,587	67,323	58,716	53,459	98,257	9,069	1,876
2017	Average Annual Benefit	\$16,128	\$5,083	\$7,783	\$13,222	\$20,079	\$35,082	\$37,495	\$48,661	\$57,845
	Average AFC	\$13,165	\$30,632	\$29,749	\$36,235	\$42,148	\$51,621	\$52,163	\$50,409	\$54,884
	Count	490	35,728	87,232	65,683	57,418	51,412	96,115	9,234	1,901
2016	Average Annual Benefit	\$14,774	\$4,945	\$7,564	\$12,863	\$19,434	\$33,969	\$36,542	\$47,369	\$56,026
	Average AFC	\$12,727	\$30,220	\$29,154	\$35,581	\$41,247	\$50,472	\$51,474	\$49,560	\$52,909
	Count	502	33,930	85,384	64,010	55,737	49,272	93,540	9,407	1,934
2015	Average Annual Benefit	\$14,218	\$4,823	\$7,343	\$12,488	\$18,811	\$32,547	\$35,681	\$46,398	\$54,628
	Average AFC	\$12,578	\$29,757	\$28,543	\$34,845	\$40,311	\$48,944	\$50,424	\$48,289	\$51,246
	Count	503	31,954	83,281	62,096	53,896	46,449	87,114	9,173	1,973
2014	Average Annual Benefit	\$13,921	\$4,686	\$7,118	\$12,113	\$18,198	\$31,189	\$34,775	\$45,352	\$53,674
	Average AFC	\$12,645	\$29,192	\$27,891	\$34,071	\$39,326	\$47,453	\$49,466	\$46,921	\$50,414
	Count	506	29,973	81,618	60,299	51,985	43,894	82,454	9,005	2,041
2013	Average Annual Benefit	\$13,402	\$4,600	\$6,924	\$11,790	\$17,599	\$30,006	\$33,868	\$44,232	\$51,876
	Average AFC	\$12,425	\$28,675	\$27,276	\$33,339	\$38,294	\$46,118	\$48,651	\$45,976	\$48,789
	Count	511	27,340	78,982	58,106	50,062	41,793	78,779	9,002	2,103
2012	Average Annual Benefit	\$12,998	\$4,484	\$6,721	\$11,407	\$16,977	\$28,760	\$32,921	\$43,008	\$50,466
	Average AFC	\$12,311	\$28,079	\$26,638	\$32,516	\$37,234	\$44,734	\$47,754	\$44,983	\$47,727
	Count	512	25,160	74,934	56,235	48,273	39,924	75,046	9,114	2,166
2011	Average Annual Benefit	\$12,594	\$4,404	\$6,522	\$11,041	\$16,410	\$27,628	\$32,059	\$41,729	\$49,194
	Average AFC	\$12,359	\$27,501	\$25,958	\$31,662	\$36,138	\$43,343	\$46,872	\$43,950	\$46,796
	Count	513	22,631	74,657	54,238	46,143	37,948	70,869	9,122	2,220
2010	Average Annual Benefit	\$12,191	\$4,317	\$6,323	\$10,672	\$15,802	\$26,491	\$31,141	\$40,464	\$47,675
	Average AFC	\$12,510	\$26,863	\$25,275	\$30,788	\$34,899	\$41,993	\$45,838	\$42,853	\$45,393
	Count	513	20,238	72,375	52,211	43,835	36,084	66,346	9,136	2,240
2009	Average Annual Benefit	\$11,815	\$4,252	\$6,127	\$10,317	\$15,198	\$25,386	\$30,288	\$39,161	\$46,227
	Average AFC	\$12,648	\$26,357	\$24,625	\$29,901	\$33,740	\$40,710	\$44,747	\$41,882	\$44,407
	Count	504	17,814	70,404	50,295	42,171	34,511	61,037	9,168	2,312

¹ Represents in-line-of-duty disability and death benefits with guaranteed minimum benefit levels.

FRS PENSION BENEFITS BY FLORIDA COUNTY

as of June 30, 2018

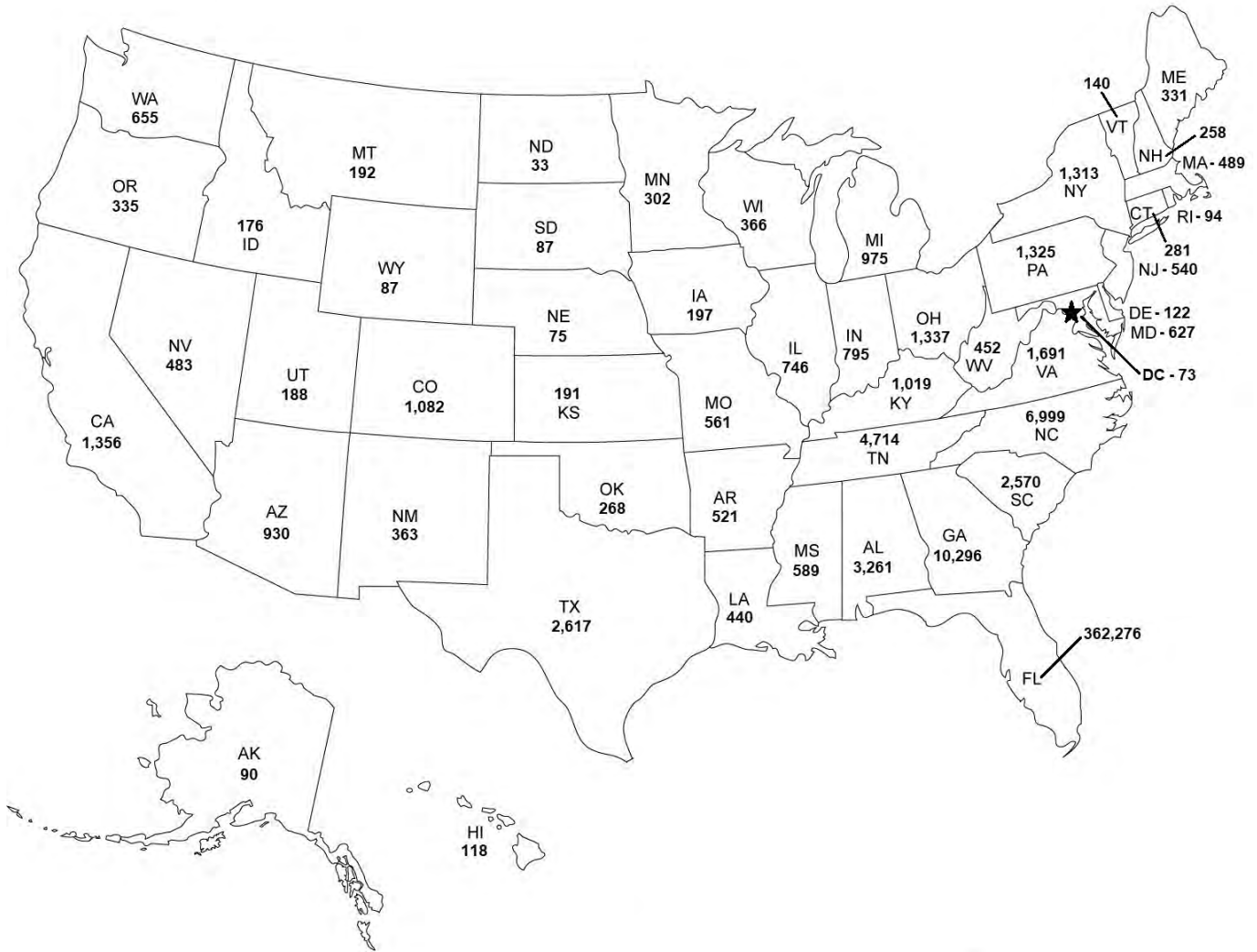


Color Key	
\$0 - \$15 million	
\$15 - \$25 million	
\$25 - \$50 million	
\$50 - \$100 million	
\$100 - \$200 million	
\$200 million +	

Of the 414,703 retirees in the FRS, 362,276 or 87.4 percent, remain Florida residents as of June 30, 2018. During the Fiscal Year 2017-18, pension benefit payments of \$7.89 billion were distributed to retirees and their beneficiaries throughout the 67 counties of Florida as shown on the map above.

FRS RETIREES BY STATE

as of June 30, 2018



FRS RETIREES OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES

as of June 30, 2018

Argentina (4)	Colombia (16)	Hungary (4)	Peru (6)	United Kingdom (47)
Armed Forces (41)	Costa Rica (10)	India (2)	Philippines (15)	Uruguay (2)
Australia (19)	Croatia (1)	Israel (12)	Poland (3)	Venezuela (1)
Austria (1)	Czech Republic (1)	Italy (6)	Portugal (3)	Virgin Islands (22)
Bahamas (1)	Dominican Republic (2)	Jamaica (11)	Puerto Rico (218)	West Indies (23)
Barbados (2)	Ecuador (7)	Japan (5)	Romania (2)	Other (21)
Belize (1)	Egypt (2)	Lebanon (1)	Russia (1)	
Bosnia-Herzegovina (1)	Finland (3)	Mexico (9)	South Africa (1)	
Brazil (3)	France (10)	Micronesia (2)	Spain (25)	
Bulgaria (2)	Germany (25)	Netherlands (3)	Sweden (1)	
Canada (111)	Ghana (1)	New Zealand (10)	Switzerland (5)	
Cayman Islands (2)	Greece (4)	Nicaragua (4)	Taiwan (1)	
Chile (3)	Guam (2)	Palau (1)	Thailand (20)	
China (1)	Honduras (2)	Panama (5)	Trinidad & Tobago (4)	

**REEMPLOYED RETIREES NOT ELIGIBLE
FOR RENEWED MEMBERSHIP BY SYSTEM/CLASS**

as of June 30

By System/Class	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
FRS - Regular Class	5,562	6,709	8,070	9,607	5,329
- Senior Management Service Class	113	150	170	209	122
- Special Risk Class	817	1,062	1,229	1,388	441
- Elected Officers' Class	82	102	99	142	108
Total	6,574	8,023	9,568	11,346	6,000

**PROFILE OF REEMPLOYED RETIREES NOT ELIGIBLE
FOR RENEWED MEMBERSHIP**

as of June 30, 2018

By Employer Group	Count	Average Length of Employment	Average Salary
State	1,142	2.76	\$41,661
State University System	213	3.05	56,584
School Boards	2,988	2.80	28,784
Counties	1,166	2.69	36,056
State Colleges	242	3.09	36,035
Cities and Special Districts	249	3.01	35,223
Total/Average	6,000	2.80	\$34,195

By Age Range	Count	Average Length of Employment	Average Salary
Less than 30	0	0.00	\$0
30 - 39	0	0.00	0
40 - 49	27	1.61	29,110
50 - 59	1,177	1.99	35,209
60 - 69	3,532	2.82	36,116
70 and Over	1,264	3.52	27,991
Total/Average	6,000	2.80	\$34,195

By Gender	Count	Average Length of Employment	Average Salary
Female	3,594	2.77	\$30,419
Male	2,406	2.85	39,835
Total/Average	6,000	2.80	\$34,195

System Summary Section



University of North Florida – Jacksonville, Florida

CHRONOLOGICAL HIGHLIGHTS OF STATE-ADMINISTERED RETIREMENT AND PENSION SYSTEMS SINCE 2000

- 2000** — The Public Employee Optional Retirement Program (also referred to as the Investment Plan) was established to be implemented in 2002.
- Special risk annual retirement credit was upgraded to 3 percent for all years between October 1, 1978, and January 1, 1993, for members retiring on and after July 1, 2000.
- Minimum special risk in-line-of-duty disability benefits were increased from 42 percent to 65 percent, effective July 1, 2000.
- The vesting requirement was reduced to six years for all FRS membership classes, beginning July 1, 2001.
- The vesting requirement for regular disability retirement was reduced to eight years, beginning July 1, 2001.
- 2001** — A one-time special 12 percent benefit increase was provided, effective January 1, 2002, for FRS retirees with special risk service between October 1, 1978, and December 31, 1992, for members retiring before July 1, 2000.
- Cities and special districts already participating in the FRS for their elected officials were given a second opportunity to designate their elected officials for membership in the Elected Officers' Class.
- 2002** — A uniform employer contribution rate structure was created effective July 1, 2002, for members of the Pension Plan and members of the Investment Plan.
- A 90-day window was provided to allow members to convert their Senior Management Service Optional Annuity Program service to creditable service under the Pension Plan.
- 2003** — Participants of the State Community College Optional Retirement Program were provided a one-time opportunity to transfer to the FRS.
- 2005** — Local government service managers who withdrew from the FRS were given a one-time opportunity to transfer to the FRS between January 1, 2006, and June 30, 2006.
- 2007** — Participants of the State University System Optional Retirement Program were provided a one-time opportunity to transfer to the FRS between January 1, 2008, and December 31, 2008.
- The Institute of Food and Agricultural Sciences Supplemental Retirement Program was consolidated as a closed-retirement system under the Regular Class of the FRS, effective July 1, 2007.
- 2009** — The definition of termination was changed from one calendar month to six calendar months for Pension Plan members whose DROP termination dates or non-DROP retirements are effective on or after July 1, 2010.
- For Pension Plan members whose DROP termination dates or non-DROP retirements are effective on or after July 1, 2010, the reemployment limitation period was changed to six calendar months after meeting the definition of termination.
- All exceptions to employment with FRS-covered employers during the reemployment limitation period were closed to Pension Plan members whose DROP termination dates are on or after July 1, 2010, or whose non-DROP retirements are effective July 1, 2010. Investment Plan members and participants in the State University System Optional Retirement Program, Senior Management Service Optional Annuity Program, State Community College Optional Retirement Program, and withdrawn local senior managers who received a distribution in June 2010 or after no longer have exceptions to employment with FRS-covered employers during the reemployment limitation period.
- Renewed membership was closed to retirees of a state-administered retirement system initially reemployed by an FRS participating employer on or after July 1, 2010.
- 2010** — Continued Special Risk Class participation for employment in a non-special risk position is provided for members suffering specified in-line-of-duty injuries and who reach maximum medical improvement on or after August 1, 2008, for as long as employed by the same employer at the time of injury.

- 2011** — Required 3 percent pre-tax employee contributions on compensation reported on or after July 1, 2011, for all members except those participating in the DROP or reemployed retirees who are not eligible for renewed membership.
- Changed the cost-of-living adjustment formula for FRS Pension Plan retirements effective on or after August 1, 2011, to be a proportional amount of 3 percent excluding service credit earned on or after July 1, 2011.
- Created different benefit structure for FRS Pension Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, in addition to required employee contributions that require:
- Eight-year vesting,
 - Highest eight fiscal years of salary used in the calculation of average final compensation,
 - Normal retirement for Special Risk Class members at age 60 and vested or a total of 30 years of service; and age 65 and vested or a total of 33 years of service for all other classes,
 - Elimination of cost-of-living adjustments after retirement.
- 2016** — Created enhanced survivor benefits for Special Risk Class members who are killed in the line of duty on or after July 1, 2013, for benefit payments on or after July 1, 2016, with the following stipulations:
- The benefit payable to the surviving spouse or on behalf of an eligible dependent child or children of a Pension Plan Special Risk Class member is increased from 50 percent to 100 percent of the member's base monthly salary at the time of death.
 - A new benefit for the surviving spouse or on behalf of an eligible dependent child or children of an Investment Plan Special Risk Class member is created, with the benefit payable equal to 100 percent of the member's base monthly salary at the time of death. The member's Investment Plan account balance must be transferred to the Survivor Benefit Account of the FRS Trust Fund if the in-line-of-duty death benefit is approved.
 - If there is no surviving spouse, the eligible child or children will receive benefits until the youngest unmarried child reaches age 18. The benefits may be extended up to age 25 if the eligible surviving child is unmarried and enrolled as a full time student.
- 2017** — Created defined contribution plan renewed membership for state administered defined contribution plan retirees initially reemployed in a regularly established position on or after July 1, 2010, but initially enrolled in the FRS Investment Plan, the State University System Optional Retirement Program, or the State Community College System Optional Retirement Program on or after July 1, 2017. Membership in the FRS is available in all classes including the Special Risk Class for this tier of renewed membership. Pension Plan retirees remain ineligible for renewed membership.
- Created in-line-of-duty (ILOD) death benefits for members of the Investment Plan in all classes except the Special Risk Class with eligibility retroactive to July 1, 2002, for benefit payments on or after July 1, 2017.
- Extended retroactive eligibility for the existing in-line-of-duty death benefits for Special Risk Class members from July 1, 2013, to July 1, 2002, for eligible survivors of Pension Plan or Investment Plan members.
- Changed the default membership for FRS members initially enrolled on or after January 1, 2018, from the Pension Plan to the Investment Plan for all members except those in a Special Risk Class position at the time of default and extended the initial membership election period from five calendar months to eight calendar months after the month of hire effective January 1, 2018.
- Closed the Senior Management Service Optional Annuity Program to new members effective July 1, 2017. Existing members can continue to participate.
- 2018** — Created an exception to reemployment restrictions to allow law enforcement officers who retired from the FRS or other state-administered retirement system to be reemployed as a school resource officer by an FRS participating employer FRS during the seventh through twelfth calendar months after their retirement date or their DROP termination date without requiring them to suspend their retirement benefit.
- Requires specified K-12 instructional personnel participating in the DROP who are authorized to extend their DROP participation beyond the initial 60-calendar month period to have their DROP termination date be the end of the month of the last month of the school year. Administrative personnel in grades K-12 participating in DROP who have a DROP termination date on or after July 1, 2018, may be authorized to extend their DROP participation beyond the initial 60 calendar month period if their termination date is before the end of the school year.
- Removed the requirement that a law enforcement officer, firefighter, emergency medical technician, or paramedic employed by a public agency who suffers a mental or nervous injury must also have an accompanying physical injury to be eligible for workers' compensation benefits.

STATE AGENCIES –

EXECUTIVE BRANCH

Agency for Health Care Administration
Agency for Persons with Disabilities
Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services
Department of Business and Professional Regulation
Department of Children and Families
Department of Citrus
Department of Community Affairs
Department of Corrections
Department of Economic Opportunity
Department of Education
Department of Elder Affairs
Department of Environmental Protection
Department of Financial Services
Department of Health
Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles
Department of Juvenile Justice
Department of Law Enforcement
Department of Legal Affairs
Department of Lottery
Department of Management Services
Department of Military Affairs
Department of Revenue
Department of State
Department of Transportation
Department of Veterans' Affairs
Executive Office of the Governor
Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission
Florida Clerks of Court Operations Corporation
Justice Administrative Commission
Parole and Probation Commission
State Board of Administration
Vending Facilities Operators

LEGISLATIVE BRANCH

Auditor General
Commission on Ethics
The Legislature
Public Service Commission

JUDICIAL BRANCH

Capital Collateral Regional Counsels
Florida Board of Bar Examiners
Guardian Ad Litem
Public Defenders
State Attorneys
State Courts - Circuit Courts
State Courts - County Courts
State Courts - District Courts of Appeal
State Courts - Supreme Court

STATE UNIVERSITY SYSTEM

Florida A&M University
Florida Atlantic University
Florida Gulf Coast University
Florida International University
Florida Polytechnic University
Florida State University
New College
University of Central Florida
University of Florida
University of North Florida
University of South Florida
University of West Florida

LOCAL AGENCIES –

ALACHUA COUNTY

Alachua County Library District
Alachua MYcroSchool of Integrated Academics and Technologies
Board of County Commissioners
Caring and Sharing Learning School
City of Alachua ^{1,4}
City of Archer ⁴
City of Gainesville ³
City of High Springs ^{1,2,4}
City of Newberry ^{2,4}
Clerk of Circuit Court
Genesis Preparatory School of Gainesville, Inc.
Micanopy Middle School, Inc.
Property Appraiser
Santa Fe College
School Board
Sheriff
SIATech Gainesville
Supervisor of Elections
Tax Collector

BAKER COUNTY

Board of County Commissioners
City of MacClenny ^{2,3,4}
Clerk of Circuit Court
New River Solid Waste Association
Property Appraiser
School Board
Sheriff
Supervisor of Elections
Tax Collector
Town of Glen St Mary ^{3,4}

BAY COUNTY

Bay Haven Charter Academy
Elementary School
Bay Haven Charter Academy Middle School
Bay Haven Charter Academy, Inc.
Beach Mosquito Control District
Board of County Commissioners
Central High School
Chautauqua Learn and Serve Charter School
City of Callaway ^{2,3,4}
City of Mexico Beach ^{1,2,4}
City of Parker
City of Springfield
Clerk of Circuit Court
Gulf Coast State College

North Bay Haven Charter Career School
North Bay Haven Charter Elementary School
North Bay Haven Charter Middle School
Palm Bay Elementary School
Palm Bay Preparatory Academy
Panama City Port Authority
Property Appraiser
Rising Leader Academy, Inc.
School Board
Sheriff
Supervisor of Elections
Tax Collector
University Academy, Inc.

BRADFORD COUNTY

Board of County Commissioners
Clerk of Circuit Court
Property Appraiser
School Board
Sheriff
Supervisor of Elections
Tax Collector

BREVARD COUNTY

Board of County Commissioners
Eastern Florida State College
City of Cocoa ⁴
City of Indian Harbour Beach ⁴
City of Melbourne ^{1,3,4}
City of Palm Bay ³
City of West Melbourne ⁴
Clerk of Circuit Court
Indian River Lagoon Council
Merritt Island Public Library Tax District
Property Appraiser
School Board
Sebastian Inlet District
Sheriff
Space Coast Transportation Planning Organization
Supervisor of Elections
Tax Collector
Town of Malabar
Town of Melbourne Beach ⁴

BROWARD COUNTY

Board of County Commissioners
Broward College
Broward Community Charter Middle School
Broward Community Charter School
Broward Community Charter School West
Broward County Housing Authority
Broward Metropolitan Planning Organization
Central Broward Water Control District
Central Charter School
Charter School of Excellence Davie 1 Campus
Charter School of Excellence Davie 2 Campus
Charter School of Excellence Fort Lauderdale 1 Campus
Charter School of Excellence Fort Lauderdale 2 Campus
Charter School of Excellence Riverland 1 Campus

¹ This agency participates in the FRS for its police employees.

² This agency participates in the FRS for its fire employees.

³ This agency participates in the FRS for its elected officials.

⁴ This agency participates in the FRS for its general employees.

Charter School of Excellence Riverland 2
Campus
Charter School of Excellence Tamarac 1
Campus
Charter School of Excellence Tamarac 2
Campus
Children's Services Council of Broward
City of Coconut Creek
City of Cooper City ⁴
City of Dania Beach ^{3,4}
City of Deerfield Beach ³
City of Hollywood ³
City of Margate
City of Miramar ³
City of North Lauderdale ²
City of Oakland Park ⁴
City of Pembroke Pines Charter Elementary
School
City of Pembroke Pines Charter High School
City of Pembroke Pines Charter Middle
School
City of Pembroke Pines FSU Charter School
City of Pompano Beach ³
City of Weston ³
City of West Park ^{3,4}
City of Wilton Manors ^{1,3,4}
Clerk of Circuit and County Courts
Dayspring Elementary Charter School
Discovery Middle Charter School
Hillsborough Inlet Improvement and
Maintenance
North Springs Improvement District
Old Plantation Water Control District
Paragon Elementary Charter School
Plantation Acres Improvement District
Property Appraiser
School Board
Sheriff
Smart School, Inc.
South Broward Drainage District
South Florida Regional Planning Council
Sunrise Community Charter School
Sunshine Elementary Charter School
Supervisor of Elections
Tax Collector
Town of Hillsboro Beach ^{1,4}
Town of Lauderdale-by-the-Sea ^{3,4}
Town of Pembroke Park ⁴
Tri-County Commuter Rail

CALHOUN COUNTY

Apalachee Regional Planning Council
Board of County Commissioners
City of Blountstown ^{1,2,4}
Clerk of Circuit Court
Property Appraiser
School Board
Sheriff
Supervisor of Elections
Tax Collector
Town of Altha ^{1,4}

CHARLOTTE COUNTY

Board of County Commissioners
Charlotte County Airport Authority
Clerk of Circuit Court
Property Appraiser
School Board

Sheriff
Supervisor of Elections
Tax Collector

CITRUS COUNTY

Board of County Commissioners
Citrus County Mosquito Control District
Citrus MYcroSchool of Integrated
Academics and Technologies, Inc.
City of Crystal River
City of Inverness ^{2,3,4}
Clerk of Circuit Court
Homosassa Special Water District
Property Appraiser
School Board
Sheriff
Supervisor of Elections
Tax Collector

CLAY COUNTY

Board of County Commissioners
City of Green Cove Springs ^{3,4}
Clerk of Circuit Court
First Coast Workforce Consortium
Property Appraiser
School Board
Sheriff
Supervisor of Elections
Tax Collector

COLLIER COUNTY

Board of County Commissioners
Clerk of Circuit Court
Collier County Soil and Water
Conservation District
Collier Mosquito Control District
Immokalee Fire Control District
Marco Island Academy
Marco Island Charter Middle School
North Collier Fire Rescue District
Property Appraiser
School Board
Sheriff
Supervisor of Elections
Tax Collector

COLUMBIA COUNTY

Board of County Commissioners
City of Lake City ^{3,4}
Clerk of Circuit Court
Florida Gateway College
Lake Shore Hospital Authority
Property Appraiser
School Board
Sheriff
Supervisor of Elections
Tax Collector

DADE COUNTY

See Miami-Dade County

DE SOTO COUNTY

Board of County Commissioners
Clerk of Circuit Court
Property Appraiser
School Board
Sheriff
Supervisor of Elections
Tax Collector

DIXIE COUNTY

Board of County Commissioners
Clerk of Circuit Court
Kinder Cub School, Inc.
Property Appraiser
School Board
Sheriff
Supervisor of Elections
Suwannee Water and Sewer District
Tax Collector
Three Rivers Regional Library System
Town of Cross City

DUVAL COUNTY

Biscayne High School
Duval MYcroSchool of Integrated
Academics and Technologies
Florida State College at Jacksonville
Jacksonville Aviation Authority
Jacksonville Seaport Authority
Jacksonville Transportation Authority
Lone Star High School
Northeast Florida Regional Planning
Council
North Florida Transportation Planning
Organization
River City Science Academy
River City Science Academy Elementary
River City Science Academy Innovation
River City Science Academy at Mandarin
School Board
SIATech Jacksonville

ESCAMBIA COUNTY

Board of County Commissioners
Byrnesville Elementary School, Inc.
Clerk of Circuit and County Courts
City of Pensacola ^{1,3,4}
Emerald Coast Utility Authority
Pensacola Beach Elementary School
Pensacola State College
Property Appraiser
School Board
Sheriff
Supervisor of Elections
Tax Collector
West Florida Regional Planning Council

FLAGLER COUNTY

Board of County Commissioners
City of Bunnell
Clerk of Circuit Court
East Flagler Mosquito Control District
Flagler County Housing Authority
Property Appraiser
School Board
Sheriff
Supervisor of Elections
Tax Collector

FRANKLIN COUNTY

Apalachicola Housing Authority
Board of County Commissioners
City of Apalachicola ^{1,4}
City of Carrabelle ^{1,3,4}
Clerk of Circuit Court
Eastpoint Water and Sewer District
Property Appraiser

¹ This agency participates in the FRS for its police employees.

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School Board
Sheriff
Supervisor of Elections
Tax Collector

GADSDEN COUNTY

Board of County Commissioners
City of Chattahoochee ^{1,3,4}
City of Gretna
City of Midway ^{1,3,4}
Clerk of Circuit Court
Northwest Florida Water Management
District
Property Appraiser
School Board
Sheriff
Supervisor of Elections
Tax Collector
Town of Greensboro ^{1,4}
Town of Havana ^{1,4}

GILCHRIST COUNTY

Board of County Commissioners
City of Trenton ^{1,3,4}
Clerk of Circuit Court
Property Appraiser
School Board
Sheriff
Supervisor of Elections
Tax Collector

GLADES COUNTY

Board of County Commissioners
City of Moore Haven ⁴
Clerk of Circuit Court
Moore Haven Mosquito Control District
Pemayetv Emahakv, Inc.
Property Appraiser
School Board
Sheriff
Supervisor of Elections
Tax Collector

GULF COUNTY

Board of County Commissioners
City of Port Saint Joe
Clerk of Circuit Court
Port Saint Joe Port Authority
Property Appraiser
School Board
Sheriff
Supervisor of Elections
Tax Collector

HAMILTON COUNTY

Board of County Commissioners
City of Jasper
Clerk of Circuit Court
Property Appraiser
School Board
Sheriff
Supervisor of Elections
Tax Collector

HARDEE COUNTY

Board of County Commissioners
Clerk of Circuit Court
Property Appraiser
School Board

Sheriff
Supervisor of Elections
Tax Collector

HENDRY COUNTY

Barron Water Control District
Board of County Commissioners
Central County Water Control District
City of Clewiston ¹
City of La Belle ^{3,4}
Clerk of Circuit Court
Hendry Soil and Water Conservation
District
Port La Belle Community Development
District
Property Appraiser
School Board
Sheriff
Supervisor of Elections
Tax Collector

HERNANDO COUNTY

Board of County Commissioners
City of Brooksville ^{3,4}
Clerk of Circuit Court
Hernando County Housing Authority
Property Appraiser
School Board
Sheriff
Southwest Florida Water Management
District
Spring Hill Fire Rescue District and
Emergency Medical Services
Supervisor of Elections
Tax Collector

HIGHLANDS COUNTY

Board of County Commissioners
City of Avon Park ^{3,4}
City of Sebring ^{1,2,4}
Clerk of Circuit Court
Highlands Soil and Water Conservation
District
Property Appraiser
School Board
Sebring Airport Authority
Sheriff
South Florida State College
Supervisor of Elections
Tax Collector
Town of Lake Placid ^{1,3,4}

HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY

Board of County Commissioners
Children's Board of Hillsborough County
Clerk of Circuit Court
Hillsborough Area Regional Transit
Hillsborough Community College
Hillsborough County Aviation Authority
Hillsborough County Civil Service Board
Hillsborough County Public
Transportation Commission
Property Appraiser
School Board
Sheriff
Supervisor of Elections
Tampa Bay Estuary Program

Tampa-Hillsborough County Expressway
Authority
Tampa Port Authority
Tampa Sports Authority
Tax Collector

HOLMES COUNTY

Board of County Commissioners
Clerk of Circuit Court
Holmes County Housing Authority
Property Appraiser
School Board
Sheriff
Supervisor of Elections
Tax Collector

INDIAN RIVER COUNTY

Board of County Commissioners
Clerk of Circuit Court
Fellsmere Water Control District
Indian River Farms Water Control District
Indian River Mosquito Control District
Property Appraiser
Saint Johns Water Control District
School Board
Sheriff
Supervisor of Elections
Tax Collector

JACKSON COUNTY

Board of County Commissioners
Challenge for Success Charter School
Chipola College
City of Graceville ^{1,4}
City of Marianna ⁴
Clerk of Circuit Court
Northwest Florida Regional Housing
Authority
Property Appraiser
School Board
Sheriff
Supervisor of Elections
Tax Collector
Town of Alford ⁴
Town of Grand Ridge ⁴
Town of Sneads ^{1,4}

JEFFERSON COUNTY

Board of County Commissioners
City of Monticello ⁴
Clerk of Circuit Court
Property Appraiser
School Board
Sheriff
Supervisor of Elections
Tax Collector

LAFAYETTE COUNTY

Board of County Commissioners
Clerk of Circuit Court
Property Appraiser
School Board
Sheriff
Supervisor of Elections
Tax Collector
Town of Mayo ^{3,4}

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LAKE COUNTY

Board of County Commissioners
 City of Fruitland Park ^{1,4}
 City of Minneola ^{2,4}
 City of Tavares ⁴
 City of Umatilla ⁴
 Clerk of Circuit Court
 Lake-Sumter State College
 Oklawaha Basin Recreation and Water
 Conservation District
 Property Appraiser
 School Board
 Sheriff
 Supervisor of Elections
 Tax Collector
 Town of Astatula
 Town of Montverde ⁴

LEE COUNTY

Alva Fire and Rescue Service District
 Bayshore Fire Protection and Rescue
 Service District
 Board of County Commissioners
 Bonita Springs Fire and Rescue
 Cape Coral Charter School
 Captiva Erosion Prevention District
 Captiva Fire Control District
 City of Bonita Springs
 Clerk of Circuit Court
 Florida SouthWestern State College
 Fort Myers Beach Fire Control District
 Fort Myers Beach Library District
 Fort Myers Beach Mosquito Control
 Fort Myers Shores Fire Department
 Goodwill Academies of Southwest Florida,
 Inc.
 Hyacinth Control District
 Iona McGregor Fire Protection and Rescue
 Service
 Lee County Metropolitan Planning
 Organization
 Lee County Mosquito Control District
 Lee Soil and Water Conservation District
 Lehigh Acres Fire Control and Rescue
 District
 Lehigh Acres Municipal Services
 Improvement District
 Matlacha-Pine Fire District
 North Fort Myers Fire Control District
 Property Appraiser
 Public Risk Management of Florida
 San Carlos Fire Protection and Rescue
 District
 Sanibel Fire Control District
 School Board
 Sheriff
 South Trail Protection and Rescue Service
 District
 Southwest Florida Expressway Authority
 Southwest Florida Regional Planning
 Council
 Supervisor of Elections
 Tax Collector
 Tice Fire and Rescue District

LEON COUNTY

Board of County Commissioners
 CK Steele-Leroy Collins Community
 Charter Middle School
 Clerk of Circuit Court
 Florida Clerk of Court Operations
 Corporation
 Florida Commission on Community
 Service
 Property Appraiser
 The School of Arts and Sciences
 Foundation, Inc.
 School Board
 Sheriff
 Stars Middle School
 Supervisor of Elections
 Tallahassee Community College
 Tallahassee Housing Authority
 Tallahassee-Leon County Civic Center
 Tax Collector

LEVY COUNTY

Board of County Commissioners
 City of Cedar Key ¹
 City of Chiefland
 City of Fanning Springs
 City of Williston ²
 Clerk of Circuit Court
 Levy County Housing Authority
 Property Appraiser
 School Board
 Sheriff
 Supervisor of Elections
 Tax Collector
 Town of Inglis ^{1,4}
 Town of Yankeetown ⁴
 Whispering Winds Charter School

LIBERTY COUNTY

Board of County Commissioners
 City of Bristol ⁴
 Clerk of Circuit Court
 Property Appraiser
 School Board
 Sheriff
 Supervisor of Elections
 Tax Collector

MADISON COUNTY

Aucilla Area Solid Waste Administration
 Board of County Commissioners
 Clerk of Circuit Court
 James Madison Preparatory High
 School
 Madison Creative Arts Academy, Inc.
 North Florida Community College
 Property Appraiser
 School Board
 Sheriff
 Supervisor of Elections
 Tax Collector
 Town of Greenville ⁴

MANATEE COUNTY

Board of County Commissioners
 Braden River Fire Control and Rescue
 Bradenton Downtown Development
 Cedar Hammock Fire Control District

Central Community Redevelopment
 Agency
 City of Anna Maria
 City of Bradenton ^{3,4}
 City of Holmes Beach ⁴
 Clerk of Circuit Court
 Lincoln Memorial Academy
 Manatee County Housing Authority
 Manatee County Mosquito Control District
 Myakka City Fire Department
 Palmetto Charter School, Inc.
 Parrish Fire Control District
 Peace River/Manasota Regional Water
 Supply Authority
 Property Appraiser
 School Board
 Sheriff
 State College of Florida, Manatee-
 Sarasota
 Supervisor of Elections
 Tax Collector
 Town of Longboat Key ²
 William Monroe Rowlett Academy for the
 Arts and Communication

MARION COUNTY

Board of County Commissioners
 College of Central Florida
 Clerk of Circuit Court
 Francis Marion Military Academy
 Marion Charter School
 Property Appraiser
 Rainbow Lakes Municipal Service
 School Board
 Sheriff
 Supervisor of Elections
 Tax Collector

MARTIN COUNTY

Board of County Commissioners
 City of Stuart
 Clerk of Circuit Court
 Property Appraiser
 School Board
 Sheriff
 Supervisor of Elections
 Tax Collector

MIAMI - DADE COUNTY

Bal Harbour Village ¹
 The Children's Trust
 City of Coral Gables ³
 City of Doral ¹
 City of Florida City ^{1,4}
 City of Miami Gardens ^{1,3,4}
 City of North Bay Village ^{1,4}
 City of North Miami ^{1,3,4}
 City of North Miami Beach ³
 City of Opa-Locka ^{1,4}
 City of Sunny Isles Beach
 City of West Miami ^{1,4}
 Clerk of Circuit Court
 Coral Reef Montessori Charter School
 Dade County Industrial Development
 Authority
 Miami Beach Housing Authority
 Miami-Dade College
 Miami-Dade County

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Miami-Dade County Expressway Authority
Miami-Dade Police Department
Property Appraiser
School Board
SIATech Miami-Dade
Supervisor of Elections
Tax Collector
Town of Cutler Bay
Town of Miami Lakes ^{1,3,4}
Village of Biscayne Park ^{1,4}
Village of El Portal ^{1,4}
Village of Pinecrest ¹

MONROE COUNTY

Board of County Commissioners
City of Key Colony Beach ^{1,4}
City of Marathon ³
Clerk of Circuit Court
Florida Keys Aqueduct Authority
Florida Keys Community College
Florida Keys Mosquito Control District
Islamorada, Village of Islands
Property Appraiser
School Board
Sheriff
Supervisor of Elections
Tax Collector

NASSAU COUNTY

Amelia Island Mosquito Control
Board of County Commissioners
City of Fernandina Beach ³
Clerk of Circuit Court
Property Appraiser
School Board
Sheriff
Supervisor of Elections
Tax Collector
Town of Callahan ^{3,4}
Town of Hilliard ^{3,4}

OKALOOSA COUNTY

Board of County Commissioners
City of Niceville ^{1,2,4}
Clerk of Circuit Court
Liza Jackson Preparatory School
Northwest Florida State College
Property Appraiser
School Board
Sheriff
Supervisor of Elections
Tax Collector

OKEECHOBEE COUNTY

Board of County Commissioners
Clerk of Circuit Court
Okeechobee Soil and Water Conservation District
Property Appraiser
School Board
Sheriff
Supervisor of Elections
Tax Collector

ORANGE COUNTY

Board of County Commissioners
Central Florida Expressway Authority
City of Edgewood

Clerk of Circuit Court
Florida Virtual High School
Greater Orlando Aviation Authority ²
Lake Apopka Natural Gas District
Nap Ford Community School
Office of the Comptroller
Orlando Science Elementary School
Orlando Science Middle/High School
Property Appraiser
Reedy Creek Improvement District
Rio Grand Charter School of Excellence
School Board
Sheriff
Supervisor of Elections
Tax Collector
Valencia College

OSCEOLA COUNTY

Board of County Commissioners
Clerk of Circuit Court
Harmony Neighborhood School, Inc.
New Dimensions High School
Property Appraiser
School Board
Sheriff
Supervisor of Elections
Tax Collector

PALM BEACH COUNTY

Board of County Commissioners
City of Atlantis ^{1,4}
City of Boca Raton ³
City of Boynton Beach ³
City of Palm Beach Gardens ^{3,4}
City of Riviera Beach ^{2,3,4}
City of South Bay ³
Clerk of Circuit Court
Day Star Academy of Excellence
Florida Inland Navigation District
Good Schools for All Leadership Academy
G-STAR School of the Arts for Motion Pictures and Television
Gulf Stream Goodwill Academies, Inc.
Indian Trail Improvement District
Inlet Grove Community High School, Inc.
Lake Worth Drainage District
Loxahatchee Groves Water Control District
Palm Beach State College
Palm Beach County Solid Waste Authority
Palm Beach Soil and Water Conservation
Palm Beach Workforce Development Consortium
Port of Palm Beach
Property Appraiser
Riviera Beach Maritime Academy
School Board
Shawano Drainage District
Sheriff
South Florida Conservancy
South Florida Water Management District
South Tech Charter Academy, Inc.
Supervisor of Elections

Survivors Charter School
Tax Collector
Town of Haverhill ⁴
Town of Highland Beach ^{1,3,4}
Town of Juno Beach ^{1,4}
Town of Jupiter ^{3,4}
Town of Mangonia Park ⁴
Town of Ocean Ridge ^{1,3,4}
Town of Palm Beach Shores ^{1,2,4}
Town of South Palm Beach ^{1,4}
Village of Palm Springs ^{1,3,4}
Village of Royal Palm Beach ^{3,4}
Village of Wellington ^{3,4}
Western Academy Charter School

PASCO COUNTY

Board of County Commissioners
City of New Port Richey ⁴
City of Port Richey
City of San Antonio ⁴
City of Zephyrhills ^{1,2,4}
Clerk of Circuit Court
Learning Lodge Academy, Inc.
Pasco County Mosquito Control District
Pasco-Hernando State College
Pasco MYcroSchool of Integrated Academies and Tech
Property Appraiser
School Board
Sheriff
Supervisor of Elections
Tax Collector

PINELLAS COUNTY

Board of County Commissioners
City of Madeira Beach ^{2,4}
City of Oldsmar ²
City of Seminole ^{3,4}
City of South Pasadena ⁴
City of Treasure Island ^{1,2}
Clerk of Court
Juvenile Welfare Board
Lealman Special Fire Control District
Palm Harbor Special Fire Control District
Pinellas County Planning Council
Pinellas Housing Authority
Pinellas MYcroSchool of Integrated Academics and Technologies
Pinellas Park Water Management District
Pinellas Suncoast Fire and Rescue District
Pinellas-Suncoast Transit Authority
Property Appraiser
Saint Petersburg College
School Board
Sheriff
Supervisor of Elections
Tampa Bay Regional Planning Council
Tampa Bay Water
Tax Collector
Town of Indian Shores ³
Town of Kenneth City ¹
Town of North Redington Beach ⁴
Town of Redington Shores ^{3,4}

POLK COUNTY

Berkley Accelerated Middle School
Berkley Charter School
Board of County Commissioners

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Clerk of Circuit Court
 Compass Charter Middle School
 Dale R. Fair Babson Park Elementary School
 Discovery Academy of Lake Alfred
 Edward W. Bok Academy, Inc.
 Hillcrest Elementary School
 Janie Howard Wilson Elementary School
 Lakeland Area Mass Transit District
 Lake Wales Charter School, Inc.
 Lake Wales Senior High School
 New Beginnings High School, Inc.
 Oaks Middle Academy
 Our Children's Academy
 Our Children's Middle Academy
 Polk Avenue Elementary School
 Polk State College
 Property Appraiser
 Ridgeview Global Studies Academy
 School Board
 Sheriff
 Supervisor of Elections
 Tax Collector
 The Schools of McKeel Academy
 Town of Polk City ⁴
 Village of Highland Park ⁴

PUTNAM COUNTY

Board of County Commissioners
 Clerk of Circuit Court
 Property Appraiser
 Putnam Academy of Arts and Sciences
 Putnam Edge High School
 Saint Johns River State College
 Saint Johns River Water Management District
 School Board
 Sheriff
 Supervisor of Elections
 Tax Collector

SAINT JOHNS COUNTY

Able School, Inc.
 Anastasia Mosquito Control District
 Board of County Commissioners
 City of Saint Augustine Beach
 Clerk of Circuit Court
 Property Appraiser
 Saint Augustine-Saint Johns County Airport Authority
 School Board
 Sheriff
 Supervisor of Elections
 Tax Collector
 Town of Hastings ⁴

SAINT LUCIE COUNTY

Board of County Commissioners
 Children's Service Council of Saint Lucie
 City of Port Saint Lucie ³
 Clerk of Circuit Court
 Indian River State College
 Property Appraiser
 School Board
 Sheriff
 Supervisor of Elections
 Tax Collector

SANTA ROSA COUNTY

Avalon Fire Rescue District
 Board of County Commissioners
 Clerk of Circuit Court
 Property Appraiser
 School Board
 Sheriff
 Supervisor of Elections
 Tax Collector
 Town of Jay ^{3,4}

SARASOTA COUNTY

Board of County Commissioners
 City of North Port ^{3,4}
 City of Venice
 Clerk of Circuit Court
 Englewood Area Fire Control District
 Englewood Water District
 Goodwill Manasota Academy, Inc.
 Property Appraiser
 Sarasota Bay Estuary Program
 Sarasota-Manatee Metropolitan Planning Organization
 Sarasota Military Academy
 Sarasota Military Academy Prep
 School Board
 Sheriff
 Student Leadership Academy of Venice, Inc.
 Supervisor of Elections
 Tax Collector
 West Coast Inland Navigation District

SEMINOLE COUNTY

Board of County Commissioners
 City of Sanford
 Clerk of Circuit Court
 Property Appraiser
 School Board
 Seminole Science Charter School
 Seminole State College of Florida
 Sheriff
 Supervisor of Elections
 Tax Collector

SUMTER COUNTY

Board of County Commissioners
 City of Center Hill ^{1,4}
 City of Coleman ^{1,3,4}
 City of Webster ^{1,3,4}
 City of Wildwood
 Clerk of Circuit Court
 Property Appraiser
 School Board
 Sheriff
 Supervisor of Elections
 Tax Collector

SUWANNEE COUNTY

Board of County Commissioners
 City of Live Oak
 Clerk of Circuit Court
 Property Appraiser
 School Board
 Sheriff
 Supervisor of Elections
 Suwannee River Water Management District
 Suwannee Valley Transit Authority

Tax Collector

TAYLOR COUNTY

Big Bend Water Authority
 Board of County Commissioners
 City of Perry ^{3,4}
 Clerk of Circuit Court
 Property Appraiser
 School Board
 Sheriff
 Supervisor of Elections
 Tax Collector
 Taylor Coastal Water and Sewer District
 Taylor County Development Authority

UNION COUNTY

Board of County Commissioners
 City of Lake Butler ^{3,4}
 Clerk of Circuit Court
 New River Library Cooperative
 PAL Public Library Cooperative
 Property Appraiser
 School Board
 Sheriff
 Supervisor of Elections
 Tax Collector
 Union County Housing Authority

VOLUSIA COUNTY

Board of County Commissioners
 City of Daytona Beach ^{3,4}
 City of Daytona Beach Shores ¹
 City of Deltona ⁴
 City of Holly Hill ⁴
 City of Lake Helen
 City of New Smyrna Beach ³
 City of Oak Hill ^{1,4}
 City of Orange City
 City of South Daytona ^{1,2,4}
 Clerk of Circuit Court
 Daytona State College
 Property Appraiser
 River to Sea Transportation Planning Organization
 School Board
 Sheriff
 Southeast Volusia Hospital District
 Supervisor of Elections
 Tax Collector
 Town of Pierson ⁴
 Town of Ponce Inlet ^{1,2,4}
 Volusia County Law Library
 Volusia Soil and Water Conservation District

WAKULLA COUNTY

Board of County Commissioners
 City of Sopchoppy ⁴
 Clerk of Circuit Court
 Property Appraiser
 School Board
 Sheriff
 Supervisor of Elections
 Tax Collector
 Wilderness Coast Libraries

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WALTON COUNTY

Board of County Commissioners
City of DeFuniak Springs
City of Freeport ^{2,3,4}
Clerk of Circuit Court
Property Appraiser
School Board
Seaside Neighborhood Charter School
Sheriff
South Walton Mosquito Control District
Supervisor of Elections
Tax Collector
Walton Academy

WASHINGTON COUNTY

Board of County Commissioners
City of Chipley
City of Vernon ^{3,4}
Clerk of Circuit Court
Property Appraiser
School Board
Sheriff
Supervisor of Elections
Tax Collector
Town of Wausau ^{3,4}

SUMMARY

State	57
County Agencies	396
School Boards	67
State Colleges	28
Cities	173
Independent Hospitals	2
Special Districts	267
Other	<u>12</u>
Total	1,002

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Non-Participating Employers

The following list of 42 employers report existing FRS members only; new employees are not eligible to participate in the FRS.

Bay County – City of Panama City
Brevard County – Canaveral Port Authority
Broward County – City of Lauderdale Lakes
Broward County – Fort Lauderdale Downtown Development Authority
Broward County – *North Broward Hospital District*
Clay County – *Clay County Utility Authority*
Collier County – City of Marco Island
Collier County – Greater Naples Fire Rescue District
Collier County – Marco Island Fire Control District
DeSoto County – Joshua Water Control District
Hendry County – Hendry County Hospital Authority
Hillsborough County – City of Temple Terrace
Jackson County – Jackson Hospital
Lake County – City of Eustis
Leon County – City of Tallahassee
Manatee County – *West Manatee Fire and Rescue District*
Marion County – City of Dunnellon
Miami-Dade County – Public Health Trust Jackson Memorial
Okaloosa County – City of Valparaiso
Okaloosa County – Okaloosa County Gas District
Okaloosa County – Town of Shalimar
Orange County – City of Maitland
Orange County – Orange-Seminole-Osceola Transit Authority
Palm Beach County – Acme Improvement District
Palm Beach County – City of Greenacres
Palm Beach County – City of Pahokee
Palm Beach County – South Indian River Water Control District
Palm Beach County – Village of Tequesta
Pasco County – City of Dade City
Pinellas County – City of Belleair Beach
Pinellas County – City of Dunedin
Pinellas County – City of Indian Rocks Beach
Pinellas County – City of Safety Harbor
Pinellas County – Town of Redington Beach
Saint Lucie County – North Saint Lucie River Water Management District
Santa Rosa County – City of Gulf Breeze
Seminole County – City of Altamonte Springs
Seminole County – City of Casselberry
Seminole County – City of Longwood
Seminole County – South Seminole-North Orange Wastewater Authority
Sumter County – City of Bushnell
Volusia County – New Smyrna Beach Utilities Commission

Note: Italicized agencies report FRS employees due to a merger, transfer, or consolidation of governmental services.

POLICE AND FIREFIGHTERS' PREMIUM TAX TRUST FUND

The Division of Retirement's Municipal Police Officers' and Firefighters' Retirement Trust Funds' Office is responsible for the administrative oversight and monitoring of local police and fire pension funds in the State of Florida that participate under Chapters 175 and 185, Florida Statutes. Chapter 175 refers to the firefighters' plans and Chapter 185 refers to the police officers' plans.

For participating plans, the statutes require defined benefit plans for police officers and firefighters and establish the minimum benefits and standards that must be provided. Two types of plans operate under these statutes:

- **Chapter Plans** – plans that incorporate by reference the provisions of the chapter to meet the minimum benefits and standards of the Florida Statutes.
- **Local Law Plans** – plans that are created by a special act, local ordinance, or fire district resolution to set forth all the plan provisions. Local Law plans must meet all chapter minimums but may adopt benefits in excess of the chapter provisions.

For both types of plans, the respective boards of trustees created at the local level are responsible for the day-to-day operational control of the individual trust funds and subject to regulatory oversight by the Division of Retirement.

Participating cities and special fire control districts are eligible to receive annual distributions of state premium tax collections on property and casualty insurance policies written within the city limits or special fire district boundaries of the participating plan. The amount of premium taxes collected under Chapter 175 is equal to 1.85 percent of all property insurance written within the city limits or special fire district boundaries of the participating plan. Chapter 185 collects a 0.85 percent tax on all casualty insurance premiums written within the city limits of the participating plan. The Department of Revenue collects these amounts from the state's property and casualty insurers as reported on the DR-908 tax form and transfers them to the Police and Firefighters' Premium Tax Trust Fund. These funds are then available for distribution to the participating pension plans on an annual basis, once the plan has demonstrated compliance with all applicable statutory requirements.

Additional sources of funding for these plans are provided by employee contributions, employer contributions, investment returns and other revenue sources. The city or special fire district sponsoring the pension plan is required to meet any contribution funding deficiency shown by the plan's actuarial valuation.

The Division of Retirement also monitors all local government sponsored pension plans for compliance with Part VII of Chapter 112, Florida Statutes. This Part ensures that all locally sponsored defined benefit pension plans are being funded on an actuarially sound basis and receive timely actuarial services which meet specified standards in their preparation. This review function covers general employee and other employee group plans, in addition to the police and fire plans monitored under Chapters 175 and 185, Florida Statutes. The Division also provides a local government annual report each year to the Legislature which details the activities, findings and recommendations concerning all local government sponsored retirement systems.#



Sherrill F. Norman, CPA
Auditor General

AUDITOR GENERAL STATE OF FLORIDA

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Fax: (850) 488-6975

The President of the Senate, the Speaker of the
House of Representatives, and the
Legislative Auditing Committee

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the fiduciary funds, governmental fund, and governmental activities of the Florida Retirement System Pension Plan and Other State-Administered Systems (System) administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the System's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 19, 2018, included under the heading **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the investment assets and investment income of the Florida Retirement System Defined Benefit Plan. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the System's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the System's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the System's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal

control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the System's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, administrative rules, regulations, and contracts, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of the **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS** is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the System's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the System's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,



Sherrill F. Norman, CPA
Tallahassee, Florida
December 19, 2018
Audit Report No. 2019-086

On the back cover is a photograph from the University of Florida located in Gainesville, Florida.

