

**STATE OF FLORIDA AUDITOR GENERAL**

**Financial and Federal Single Audit**

Report No. 2021-123  
February 2021

**DESOTO COUNTY  
DISTRICT SCHOOL BOARD**

For the Fiscal Year Ended  
June 30, 2020



Sherrill F. Norman, CPA  
Auditor General

## **Board Members and Superintendent**

During the 2019-20 fiscal year, Adrian H. Cline served as Superintendent of the DeSoto County Schools and the following individuals served as School Board Members:

	<u>District No.</u>
Daniel B. Via, Vice Chair from 11-19-19	1
Karen K. Chancey, Chair from 11-19-19	2
Asena Mott	3
Judy M. Kirkpatrick, Vice Chair through 11-18-19	4
Ronny R. Allen, Chair through 11-18-19	5

The Auditor General conducts audits of governmental entities to provide the Legislature, Florida's citizens, public entity management, and other stakeholders unbiased, timely, and relevant information for use in promoting government accountability and stewardship and improving government operations.

The team leader was Douglas R. Conner, CPA, and the audit was supervised by Rachel P. Sellers, CPA.

Please address inquiries regarding this report to Edward A. Waller, CPA, Audit Manager, by e-mail at [tedwaller@aud.state.fl.us](mailto:tedwaller@aud.state.fl.us) or by telephone at (850) 412-2887.

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# SUMMARY

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## SUMMARY OF REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our audit disclosed that the basic financial statements of the DeSoto County District School Board (District) were presented fairly, in all material respects, in accordance with prescribed financial reporting standards.

## SUMMARY OF REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE

Our audit did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses.

The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

## SUMMARY OF REPORT ON FEDERAL AWARDS

We audited the District's compliance with applicable Federal awards requirements. The Migrant Education program, Special Education Cluster, and Disaster Grants program were audited as major Federal programs. The results of our audit indicated that the District materially complied with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major Federal programs.

## AUDIT OBJECTIVES AND SCOPE

Our audit objectives were to determine whether the School Board and its officers with administrative and stewardship responsibilities for District operations:

- Presented the District's basic financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
- Established and implemented internal control over financial reporting and compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements or on the District's major Federal programs; and
- Complied with the various provisions of laws, rules, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements that are material to the financial statements, and those applicable to the District's major Federal programs.

The scope of this audit included an examination of the District's basic financial statements and the accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. We obtained an understanding of the District's environment, including its internal control, and assessed the risk of material misstatement necessary to plan the audit of the basic financial statements and Federal awards. We also examined various transactions to determine whether they were executed, in both manner and substance, in accordance with governing provisions of laws, rules, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements.

## AUDIT METHODOLOGY

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; applicable standards contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*.



Sherrill F. Norman, CPA  
Auditor General

# AUDITOR GENERAL STATE OF FLORIDA

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The President of the Senate, the Speaker of the  
House of Representatives, and the  
Legislative Auditing Committee

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the DeSoto County District School Board, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### *Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements*

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### *Auditor's Responsibility*

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statement of the school internal funds, which represents 20.5 percent and 99.7 percent, respectively, of the assets and liabilities of the aggregate remaining fund information. That statement was audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the school internal funds, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### ***Opinions***

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the DeSoto County District School Board, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### ***Other Matters***

#### *Required Supplementary Information*

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that **MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**, the **Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General and Major Special Revenue Funds**, **Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios**, **Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – Florida Retirement System Pension Plan**, **Schedule of District Contributions – Florida Retirement System Pension Plan**, **Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – Health Insurance Subsidy Pension Plan**, **Schedule of District Contributions – Health Insurance Subsidy Pension Plan**, and **Notes to Required Supplementary Information**, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

*Supplementary Information*

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying **SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS**, as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying **SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS** is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying **SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS** is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

**Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards***

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 1, 2021, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, rules, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters included under the heading **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS**. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Respectfully submitted,



Sherrill F. Norman, CPA  
Tallahassee, Florida  
February 1, 2021

## **MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**

The management of the DeSoto County District School Board has prepared the following discussion and analysis to provide an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. The information contained in the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is intended to highlight significant transactions, events, and conditions and should be considered in conjunction with the District's financial statements and notes to financial statements found immediately following the MD&A.

### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

Key financial highlights for the 2019-20 fiscal year are as follows:

- As of June 30, 2020, the assets and deferred outflows of resources exceed the liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$22.3 million.
- In total, net position decreased \$2.5 million, which represents a 10.1 percent decrease from the 2018-19 fiscal year.
- General revenues total \$50.7 million, or 94.8 percent of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services, operating grants and contributions, and capital grants and contributions total \$2.8 million, or 5.2 percent of all revenues.
- Expenses total \$56.1 million. Only \$2.8 million of these expenses was offset by program specific revenues.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the fund balance of the General Fund totals \$10.1 million, which is \$1.3 million more than the prior fiscal year balance. The General Fund assigned and unassigned fund balances totaled \$8.2 million, or 19.9 percent of total General Fund revenues.

### **OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The basic financial statements consist of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements; (2) fund financial statements; and (3) notes to financial statements. This report also includes supplementary information intended to furnish additional details to support the basic financial statements.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements provide both short-term and long-term information about the District's overall financial condition in a manner similar to those of a private-sector business. The statements include a statement of net position and a statement of activities that are designed to provide consolidated financial information about the governmental activities of the District presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The statement of net position provides information about the District's financial position, its assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, using an economic resources measurement focus. Assets plus deferred outflows of resources, less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, equals net position, which is a measure of the District's financial health. The statement of activities presents information about the change in the District's net position, the results of operations, during the fiscal year. An increase or decrease in net position is an indication of whether the District's financial health is improving or deteriorating.

All of the District's activities and services are reported in the government-wide financial statements as governmental activities. The District's governmental activities include instruction, student support

services, instructional support services, administrative support services, facility maintenance, transportation, and food services. Property taxes and State revenues finance most of these activities. Additionally, all capital and debt financing activities are reported as governmental activities.

### **Fund Financial Statements**

Fund financial statements are one of the components of the basic financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements and prudent fiscal management. Certain funds are established by law while others are created by legal agreements, such as bond covenants. Fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's financial activities, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds rather than fund types. This is in contrast to the entity wide perspective contained in the government-wide statements. All of the District's funds may be classified within one of the broad categories discussed below.

**Governmental Funds:** Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in assessing a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The governmental funds balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide detailed information about the District's most significant funds. The District's major funds are the General Fund, Special Revenue – Other Federal Programs Fund, Debt Service – Other Debt Service Fund, and Capital Projects – Local Capital Improvement Fund. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General and major Special Revenue Funds to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

**Fiduciary Funds:** Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or fiduciary capacity for the benefit of external parties, such as student activity funds. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide statements because the resources are not available to support the District's own programs. In its fiduciary capacity, the District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes.

The District uses agency funds to account for resources held for student activities and groups.

**Notes to Financial Statements**

The notes provide additional information that is essential for a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

**Other Information**

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents required supplementary information concerning the District’s total other postemployment benefits (OPEB) and net pension liabilities.

<b>GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS</b>
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As noted earlier, net position over time may serve as a useful indicator of a government’s financial health. The following is a summary of the District’s net position as of June 30, 2020, compared to net position as of June 30, 2019:

	<b>Governmental Activities</b>	
	<b>6-30-20</b>	<b>6-30-19</b>
Current and Other Assets	\$ 20,236,481.26	\$ 19,585,108.86
Capital Assets	32,612,130.41	33,330,050.60
<b>Total Assets</b>	<b>52,848,611.67</b>	<b>52,915,159.46</b>
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>	<b>9,618,363.00</b>	<b>10,641,662.00</b>
Long-Term Liabilities	34,893,646.78	32,482,742.23
Other Liabilities	1,434,226.27	1,893,206.21
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	<b>36,327,873.05</b>	<b>34,375,948.44</b>
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>	<b>3,861,460.00</b>	<b>4,377,442.00</b>
Net Position:		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	29,657,141.41	30,276,424.60
Restricted	10,035,962.24	10,321,725.07
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(17,415,462.03)	(15,794,718.65)
<b>Total Net Position</b>	<b>\$ 22,277,641.62</b>	<b>\$ 24,803,431.02</b>

The largest portion of the District’s net position is investment in capital assets (e.g., land; buildings; furniture, fixtures, and equipment), less any related debt still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, the resources used to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The restricted portion of the District’s net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The deficit unrestricted net position was the result, in part, of

accruing \$1.8 million in compensated absences payable, \$2.7 million in other postemployment benefit obligations, and \$27.4 million in net pension liability.

The key elements of the changes in the District's net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020, and June 30, 2019, are as follows:

### Operating Results for the Fiscal Year Ended

	Governmental Activities	
	6-30-20	6-30-19
Program Revenues:		
Charges for Services	\$ 149,871.46	\$ 219,856.17
Operating Grants and Contributions	2,494,154.41	3,073,492.07
Capital Grants and Contributions	180,154.51	316,448.13
General Revenues:		
Property Taxes, Levied for Operational Purposes	8,904,690.18	8,801,727.48
Property Taxes, Levied for Capital Projects	2,935,809.28	2,775,168.29
Grants and Contributions Not Restricted to Specific Programs	37,185,134.01	36,056,248.94
Unrestricted Investment Earnings	172,178.86	123,793.18
Miscellaneous	1,535,059.54	1,600,341.72
<b>Total Revenues</b>	<b>53,557,052.25</b>	<b>52,967,075.98</b>
Functions/Program Expenses:		
Instruction	28,328,843.99	26,529,720.25
Student Support Services	2,814,891.47	2,479,716.42
Instructional Media Services	570,855.70	482,829.34
Instruction and Curriculum Development Services	2,042,751.36	1,675,369.38
Instructional Staff Training Services	812,874.23	892,580.75
Instruction-Related Technology	688,882.07	844,612.33
Board	405,098.09	381,320.69
General Administration	776,523.35	672,344.52
School Administration	3,070,385.76	2,516,811.27
Facilities Acquisition and Construction	478,714.12	316,706.45
Fiscal Services	686,034.53	597,123.27
Food Services	2,925,209.89	2,855,332.99
Central Services	869,069.46	980,660.33
Student Transportation Services	2,352,039.22	2,227,128.48
Operation of Plant	3,621,970.33	3,574,054.28
Maintenance of Plant	2,165,482.67	1,712,745.70
Administrative Technology Services	914,889.90	900,500.65
Community Services	10,755.87	8,030.30
Unallocated Interest on Long-Term Debt	11,518.46	10,803.58
Unallocated Depreciation Expense	2,535,299.10	2,518,346.96
Loss on Disposal of Capital Assets	752.08	-
<b>Total Functions/Program Expenses</b>	<b>56,082,841.65</b>	<b>52,176,737.94</b>
<b>Change in Net Position</b>	<b>(2,525,789.40)</b>	<b>790,338.04</b>
Net Position - Beginning	24,803,431.02	24,013,092.98
<b>Net Position - Ending</b>	<b>\$ 22,277,641.62</b>	<b>\$ 24,803,431.02</b>

The largest revenue source is the State of Florida (55.6 percent). Revenues from State sources for current operations are primarily received through the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) funding formula. The FEFP funding formula utilizes student enrollment data, and is designed to maintain equity in funding across all Florida school districts, taking into consideration the District's funding ability based on the local property tax base.

There were no significant changes in any revenue category from the prior year.

Instruction expenses represent 50.5 percent of total governmental expenses in the 2019-20 fiscal year. Instruction expenses increased by \$1.8 million, or 6.8 percent, from the previous fiscal year mainly due to an increase in pension expense.

## FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

### **Governmental Funds**

The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. Specifically, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for discretionary use as it represents the portion of fund balance that has not been limited to a particular purpose by an external party, the District, or a group or individual delegated authority by the Board to assign resources for particular purposes.

The total fund balances of governmental funds increased by \$1.1 million during the fiscal year to \$18.8 million at June 30, 2020. Approximately 34.7 percent of this amount is unassigned fund balance (\$6.5 million), which is available for spending at the District's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance is nonspendable, restricted, or assigned to indicate that it is (1) not in spendable form (\$0.1 million), (2) restricted for particular purposes (\$10 million), or (3) assigned for particular purposes (\$2.2 million).

### **Major Governmental Funds**

The General Fund is the District's chief operating fund. At the end of the current fiscal year, assigned fund balance is \$1.7 million and unassigned fund balance is \$6.5 million, while the total fund balance is \$10.1 million. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare the total assigned and unassigned fund balances to General Fund total revenues. The total assigned and unassigned fund balance of \$8.2 million is 19.9 percent of the total General Fund revenues, while total fund balance represents 24.5 percent of total General Fund revenues.

Total General Fund balance increased by \$1.3 million during the fiscal year. A key factor impacting the change in fund balance was an increase in the Federal through State revenues for reimbursement of Hurricane Irma expenditures incurred in previous years.

The Special Revenue – Other Federal Programs Fund has total revenues and expenditures of \$6.2 million each and the funding was mainly used for salaries and related benefits for instructional staff. Because grant revenues are not recognized until expenditures are incurred, this fund generally does not accumulate a fund balance.

Debt Service – Other Debt Service Fund has a total fund balance of \$2.2 million, which is restricted for future debt service payments to be applied to the District’s Qualified Zone Academy Bonds (QZAB) at maturity.

The Capital Projects – Local Capital Improvement (LCI) Fund has a total fund balance of \$4.3 million, which is restricted for educational capital outlay needs, including new construction, renovation and remodeling projects.

**GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

During the 2019-20 fiscal year, the District amended its General Fund budget several times, which resulted in an increase in total budgeted revenues of \$0.8 million, or 2 percent. At the same time, final appropriations decreased \$3.6 million, or 7.5 percent from the original budgeted amounts.

Actual revenues are in line with the final budgeted amounts while actual expenditures are \$3.3 million, or 7.5 percent, less than final budget amounts. The decrease in expenditures was primarily due to unrealized expectations of filling vacancies; unspent funds in maintenance of plant for repairs, paving, services, and supplies; and some cost containment measures implemented by the District. The actual ending fund balance exceeded the estimated fund balance contained in the final amended budget by \$3.3 million.

**CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM DEBT**

**Capital Assets**

The District’s investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2020, is \$32.6 million (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land; improvements other than buildings; buildings and fixed equipment; furniture, fixtures, and equipment; motor vehicles; and audio visual materials and computer software. The total decrease in capital assets for the current fiscal year was 2.2 percent.

Additional information on the District’s capital assets can be found in the Notes I.F.4. and II.C. to the financial statements.

**Long-Term Debt**

At June 30, 2020, the District has total long-term debt outstanding of \$2.9 million, composed of \$2.5 million of QZAB payable and \$0.4 million of revenue bonds payable. The revenue bonds are secured by sales tax proceeds; whereas, the District’s QZABs are not secured by specified revenue sources. During the current fiscal year, the District retired the remaining State School Bonds.

Additional information on the District’s long-term debt can be found in the Notes I.F.6. and II.H. to the financial statements.

**OTHER MATTERS OF SIGNIFICANCE**

Due to the current COVID-19 pandemic, the District expects expenditures to increase and expects to offset those with Federal grants.

Employer's Florida Retirement System contribution rates will increase for regular employees from 8.47 percent for the 2019-20 fiscal year to 10 percent for the 2020-21 fiscal year.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for all those with an interest in the District's finances. Questions concerning information provided in the MD&A or other required supplementary information, and financial statements and notes thereto, or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Superintendent of Schools, DeSoto County District School Board, 530 LaSolona Avenue, Arcadia, Florida 34266.

# **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

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**DeSoto County District School Board  
Statement of Net Position  
June 30, 2020**

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>
<b>ASSETS</b>	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 16,600,203.99
Due from Other Agencies	1,397,338.00
Inventories	69,183.55
Restricted Investments	2,169,755.72
Capital Assets:	
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	331,142.20
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	32,280,988.21
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<u>52,848,611.67</u>
<b>DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b>	
OPEB	108,349.00
Pensions	9,510,014.00
<b>TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b>	<u>9,618,363.00</u>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>	
Accrued Salaries and Benefits	1,991.63
Payroll Deductions and Withholdings	1,318,314.75
Accounts Payable	112,989.89
Due to Other Agencies	930.00
Long-Term Liabilities:	
Portion Due Within 1 Year	462,266.34
Portion Due After 1 Year	34,431,380.44
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>	<u>36,327,873.05</u>
<b>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b>	
OPEB	285,483.00
Pensions	3,575,977.00
<b>TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b>	<u>3,861,460.00</u>
<b>NET POSITION</b>	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	29,657,141.41
Restricted for:	
State Required Carryover Programs	1,164,324.25
Debt Service	2,169,755.72
Capital Projects	4,733,339.21
Food Service	1,291,588.27
Career and Adult Education	322,431.40
Other Purposes	354,523.39
Unrestricted	<u>(17,415,462.03)</u>
<b>TOTAL NET POSITION</b>	<u>\$ 22,277,641.62</u>

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**DeSoto County District School Board  
Statement of Activities  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020**

Functions/Programs	Expenses	Program Revenues	
		Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions
<b>Governmental Activities:</b>			
Instruction	\$ 28,328,843.99	\$ 86,078.76	\$ -
Student Support Services	2,814,891.47	-	-
Instructional Media Services	570,855.70	-	-
Instruction and Curriculum Development Services	2,042,751.36	-	-
Instructional Staff Training Services	812,874.23	-	-
Instruction-Related Technology	688,882.07	-	-
Board	405,098.09	-	-
General Administration	776,523.35	-	-
School Administration	3,070,385.76	-	-
Facilities Acquisition and Construction	478,714.12	-	-
Fiscal Services	686,034.53	-	-
Food Services	2,925,209.89	40,386.47	2,494,154.41
Central Services	869,069.46	-	-
Student Transportation Services	2,352,039.22	18,045.23	-
Operation of Plant	3,621,970.33	-	-
Maintenance of Plant	2,165,482.67	-	-
Administrative Technology Services	914,889.90	-	-
Community Services	10,755.87	5,361.00	-
Unallocated Interest on Long-Term Debt	11,518.46	-	-
Unallocated Depreciation Expense	2,535,299.10	-	-
Loss on Disposal of Capital Assets	752.08	-	-
<b>Total Governmental Activities</b>	<b>\$ 56,082,841.65</b>	<b>\$ 149,871.46</b>	<b>\$ 2,494,154.41</b>

General Revenues:

Taxes:

Property Taxes, Levied for Operational Purposes

Property Taxes, Levied for Capital Projects

Grants and Contributions Not Restricted to Specific Programs

Unrestricted Investment Earnings

Miscellaneous

**Total General Revenues**

**Change in Net Position**

Net Position - Beginning

**Net Position - Ending**

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

		<b>Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position</b>
<b>Capital Grants and Contributions</b>	<b>Governmental Activities</b>	
\$ -	\$ (28,242,765.23)	
-	(2,814,891.47)	
-	(570,855.70)	
-	(2,042,751.36)	
-	(812,874.23)	
-	(688,882.07)	
-	(405,098.09)	
-	(776,523.35)	
-	(3,070,385.76)	
165,029.11	(313,685.01)	
-	(686,034.53)	
-	(390,669.01)	
-	(869,069.46)	
-	(2,333,993.99)	
-	(3,621,970.33)	
-	(2,165,482.67)	
-	(914,889.90)	
-	(5,394.87)	
15,125.40	3,606.94	
-	(2,535,299.10)	
-	(752.08)	
<u>\$ 180,154.51</u>	<u>(53,258,661.27)</u>	

8,904,690.18
2,935,809.28
37,185,134.01
172,178.86
<u>1,535,059.54</u>
<u>50,732,871.87</u>
(2,525,789.40)
<u>24,803,431.02</u>
<u>\$ 22,277,641.62</u>

**DeSoto County District School Board  
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds  
June 30, 2020**

	<b>General Fund</b>	<b>Special Revenue - Other Federal Programs Fund</b>	<b>Debt Service - Other Debt Service Fund</b>
<b>ASSETS</b>			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 10,269,543.94	\$ -	\$ -
Due from Other Funds	1,083,305.23	-	-
Due from Other Agencies	96,180.76	1,137,743.48	-
Inventories	4,809.76		
Restricted Investments	-	-	2,169,755.72
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<b>\$ 11,453,839.69</b>	<b>\$ 1,137,743.48</b>	<b>\$ 2,169,755.72</b>
<b>LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES</b>			
Liabilities:			
Accrued Salaries and Benefits	\$ -	\$ 1,991.63	\$ -
Payroll Deductions and Withholdings	1,318,314.75	-	-
Accounts Payable	58,804.92	52,446.62	-
Due to Other Funds	-	1,083,305.23	-
Due to Other Agencies	930.00	-	-
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	<b>1,378,049.67</b>	<b>1,137,743.48</b>	<b>-</b>
Fund Balances:			
Nonspendable:			
Inventories	4,809.76	-	-
Restricted for:			
State Required Carryover Programs	1,164,324.25	-	-
Debt Service	-	-	2,169,755.72
Capital Projects	-	-	-
Food Service	-	-	-
Career and Adult Education	322,431.40	-	-
Other Purposes	354,523.39	-	-
Total Restricted Fund Balance	1,841,279.04	-	2,169,755.72
Assigned for:			
Debt Service	-	-	-
Purchases on Order	122,011.15	-	-
Other Purposes	1,591,103.94	-	-
Total Assigned Fund Balance	1,713,115.09	-	-
Unassigned Fund Balance	6,516,586.13	-	-
<b>Total Fund Balances</b>	<b>10,075,790.02</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>2,169,755.72</b>
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES</b>	<b>\$ 11,453,839.69</b>	<b>\$ 1,137,743.48</b>	<b>\$ 2,169,755.72</b>

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

<b>Capital Projects - Local Capital Improvement Fund</b>	<b>Other Governmental Funds</b>	<b>Total Governmental Funds</b>
\$ 4,334,648.08	\$ 1,996,011.97	\$ 16,600,203.99
-	-	1,083,305.23
-	163,413.76	1,397,338.00
-	64,373.79	69,183.55
-	-	2,169,755.72
<u>\$ 4,334,648.08</u>	<u>\$ 2,223,799.52</u>	<u>\$ 21,319,786.49</u>
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,991.63
-	-	1,318,314.75
-	1,738.35	112,989.89
-	-	1,083,305.23
-	-	930.00
<u>-</u>	<u>1,738.35</u>	<u>2,517,531.50</u>
-	64,373.79	69,183.55
-	-	1,164,324.25
-	-	2,169,755.72
4,334,648.08	398,691.13	4,733,339.21
-	1,227,214.48	1,227,214.48
-	-	322,431.40
-	-	354,523.39
<u>4,334,648.08</u>	<u>1,625,905.61</u>	<u>9,971,588.45</u>
-	531,781.77	531,781.77
-	-	122,011.15
-	-	1,591,103.94
<u>-</u>	<u>531,781.77</u>	<u>2,244,896.86</u>
<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>6,516,586.13</u>
<u>4,334,648.08</u>	<u>2,222,061.17</u>	<u>18,802,254.99</u>
<u>\$ 4,334,648.08</u>	<u>\$ 2,223,799.52</u>	<u>\$ 21,319,786.49</u>

**DeSoto County District School Board  
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet  
to the Statement of Net Position  
June 30, 2020**

**Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds** \$ 18,802,254.99

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in the governmental funds. 32,612,130.41

The deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.

Deferred Outflows Related to OPEB	\$	108,349.00	
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions		9,510,014.00	
Deferred Inflows Related to OPEB		(285,483.00)	
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions		<u>(3,575,977.00)</u>	5,756,903.00

Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the fiscal year and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds. Long-term liabilities at year end consist of:

Qualified Zone Academy Bonds Payable	\$	(2,510,551.00)	
Bonds Payable		(444,438.00)	
Compensated Absences Payable		(1,837,879.78)	
Other Postemployment Benefits Payable		(2,743,633.00)	
Net Pension Liability		<u>(27,357,145.00)</u>	<u>(34,893,646.78)</u>

**Net Position - Governmental Activities** \$ 22,277,641.62

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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**DeSoto County District School Board**  
**Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in**  
**Fund Balances – Governmental Funds**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020**

	General Fund	Special Revenue - Other Federal Programs Fund	Debt Service - Other Debt Service Fund
<b>Revenues</b>			
Intergovernmental:			
Federal Direct	\$ 60,462.64	\$ -	\$ -
Federal Through State and Local	1,352,096.25	6,204,954.70	-
State	29,352,091.76	-	-
Local:			
Property Taxes	8,904,690.18	-	-
Charges for Services - Food Service	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	1,552,184.63	4,484.52	78,828.88
Total Local Revenues	<u>10,456,874.81</u>	<u>4,484.52</u>	<u>78,828.88</u>
<b>Total Revenues</b>	<u>41,221,525.46</u>	<u>6,209,439.22</u>	<u>78,828.88</u>
<b>Expenditures</b>			
Current - Education:			
Instruction	23,175,424.65	3,579,473.76	-
Student Support Services	2,252,055.75	351,511.18	-
Instructional Media Services	530,817.78	2,153.00	-
Instruction and Curriculum Development Services	748,218.96	1,111,603.26	-
Instructional Staff Training Services	124,816.25	675,167.82	-
Instruction-Related Technology	623,382.36	41,942.36	-
Board	348,165.60	-	-
General Administration	440,039.92	280,092.13	-
School Administration	2,843,977.86	-	-
Facilities Acquisition and Construction	26,173.00	-	-
Fiscal Services	627,640.97	-	-
Food Services	12,885.44	-	-
Central Services	728,489.13	82,253.83	-
Student Transportation Services	2,139,209.96	72,499.24	-
Operation of Plant	3,517,157.70	-	-
Maintenance of Plant	2,089,598.57	-	-
Administrative Technology Services	848,056.35	-	-
Community Services	10,402.95	-	-
Fixed Capital Outlay:			
Facilities Acquisition and Construction	115,029.47	-	-
Other Capital Outlay	13,473.83	12,742.64	-
Debt Service:			
Principal	-	-	-
Interest and Fiscal Charges	-	-	-
<b>Total Expenditures</b>	<u>41,215,016.50</u>	<u>6,209,439.22</u>	<u>-</u>
<b>Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures</b>	<u>6,508.96</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>78,828.88</u>
<b>Other Financing Sources (Uses)</b>			
Transfers In	1,211,791.09	-	132,287.00
Loss Recoveries	99,027.59	-	-
Transfers Out	-	-	-
<b>Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)</b>	<u>1,310,818.68</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>132,287.00</u>
<b>Net Change in Fund Balances</b>	1,317,327.64	-	211,115.88
Fund Balances, Beginning	8,763,391.44	-	1,958,639.84
Changes in Nonspendable Inventories	(4,929.06)	-	-
<b>Fund Balances, Ending</b>	<u>\$ 10,075,790.02</u>	<u>\$ 0.00</u>	<u>\$ 2,169,755.72</u>

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

<b>Capital Projects - Local Capital Improvement Fund</b>	<b>Other Governmental Funds</b>	<b>Total Governmental Funds</b>
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 60,462.64
-	2,458,560.41	10,015,611.36
-	431,277.17	29,783,368.93
2,935,809.28	-	11,840,499.46
-	40,386.47	40,386.47
59,111.00	18,243.77	1,712,852.80
<u>2,994,920.28</u>	<u>58,630.24</u>	<u>13,593,738.73</u>
<u>2,994,920.28</u>	<u>2,948,467.82</u>	<u>53,453,181.66</u>
-	-	26,754,898.41
-	-	2,603,566.93
-	-	532,970.78
-	-	1,859,822.22
-	-	799,984.07
-	-	665,324.72
-	-	348,165.60
-	-	720,132.05
-	-	2,843,977.86
421,554.86	-	447,727.86
-	-	627,640.97
-	2,842,419.57	2,855,305.01
-	-	810,742.96
-	-	2,211,709.20
-	-	3,517,157.70
-	-	2,089,598.57
-	-	848,056.35
-	-	10,402.95
717,615.69	281,945.53	1,114,590.69
454,763.45	217,717.38	698,697.30
-	97,701.00	97,701.00
-	12,454.46	12,454.46
<u>1,593,934.00</u>	<u>3,452,237.94</u>	<u>52,470,627.66</u>
<u>1,400,986.28</u>	<u>(503,770.12)</u>	<u>982,554.00</u>
-	-	1,344,078.09
-	-	99,027.59
<u>(1,344,078.09)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(1,344,078.09)</u>
<u>(1,344,078.09)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>99,027.59</u>
56,908.19	(503,770.12)	1,081,581.59
4,277,739.89	2,692,131.48	17,691,902.65
-	33,699.81	28,770.75
<u>\$ 4,334,648.08</u>	<u>\$ 2,222,061.17</u>	<u>\$ 18,802,254.99</u>

**DeSoto County District School Board**  
**Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures,**  
**and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020**

**Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds** \$ 1,081,581.59

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Capital outlays are reported in the governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount of depreciation expense in excess of capital outlays, donated assets, and other adjustments in the current fiscal year. (717,920.19)

Repayment of long-term debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Premiums are reported in the governmental funds in the year debt is issued, but are deferred and amortized over the life of the debt in the government-wide statements. This is the amount of repayments and the change in the amortization of premiums in the current fiscal year.

Debt Repayments	\$	97,701.00	
Prior Year Unamortized Premiums		1,472.00	
Current Year Unamortized Premiums		(536.00)	98,637.00

The purchases method is used to account for inventories, except for donated foods which are reported under the consumption method in the governmental funds, while in the government-wide statements, inventories are accounted for under the consumption method. 28,770.75

In the statement of activities, the cost of compensated absences is measured by the amounts earned during the year, while in the governmental funds, expenditures are recognized based on the amounts actually paid for compensated absences. This is the net amount of compensated absences earned in excess of the amount paid in the current fiscal year. (263,008.55)

Governmental funds report District OPEB contributions as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of OPEB benefits earned net of employee contributions, as determined through an actuarial valuation, is reported as an OPEB expense.

Decrease in OPEB Liability	\$	49,269.00	
Decrease in Deferred Outflows of Resources - OPEB		(48,113.00)	
Increase in Deferred Inflows of Resources - OPEB		(111,187.00)	(110,031.00)

Governmental funds report District pension contributions as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as a pension expense.

Increase in Pension Liability	\$	(2,295,802.00)	
Decrease in Deferred Outflows of Resources - Pensions		(975,186.00)	
Decrease in Deferred Inflows of Resources - Pensions		627,169.00	(2,643,819.00)

**Change in Net Position - Governmental Activities** \$ (2,525,789.40)

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**DeSoto County District School Board  
Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities – Fiduciary Funds  
June 30, 2020**

	<u>Agency Funds</u>
<b>ASSETS</b>	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ <u>573,399.00</u>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>	
Internal Accounts Payable	\$ <u>573,399.00</u>

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

# ***NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS***

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## **I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

### **A. Description of Government Wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the DeSoto County School District (District). All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are thereby clearly identifiable to a particular function. Depreciation expense is not readily associated with a particular function and is reported as unallocated.

### **B. Reporting Entity**

The DeSoto County District School Board (Board) has direct responsibility for operation, control, and supervision of District schools and is considered a primary government for financial reporting. The District is considered part of the Florida system of public education, operates under the general direction of the Florida Department of Education (FDOE), and is governed by State law and State Board of Education (SBE) rules. The governing body of the District is the Board, which is composed of five elected members. The elected Superintendent of Schools is the executive officer of the Board. Geographic boundaries of the District correspond with those of DeSoto County.

Criteria for determining if other entities are potential component units that should be reported within the District's basic financial statements are identified and described in the Governmental Accounting Standards Board's (GASB) Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, Sections 2100 and 2600. The application of these criteria provides for identification of any legally separate entities for which the Board is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the Board are such that exclusion would cause the District's basic financial statements to be misleading. Based on these criteria, no component units are included within the District's reporting entity.

### **C. Basis of Presentation: Government Wide Financial Statements**

While separate government wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government wide financial statements.

The effects of interfund activity have been eliminated from the government wide financial statements except for interfund services provided and used.

## **D. Basis of Presentation: Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, including the fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

- General Fund – to account for all financial resources not required to be accounted for in another fund and for certain revenues from the State that are legally restricted to be expended for specific current operating purposes.
- Special Revenue – Other Federal Programs Fund – to account for certain Federal grant program resources.
- Debt Service – Other Debt Service Fund – to account for the lease-purchase agreement, structured to qualify as Qualified Zone Academy Bonds (QZAB), which the District secured to finance certain equipment and improvements.
- Capital Projects – Local Capital Improvement Fund – to account for the financial resources generated by the local capital improvement tax levy to be used for educational capital outlay needs, including new construction, renovation and remodeling projects.

Additionally, the District reports the following fiduciary fund type:

- Agency Funds – to account for resources of the school internal funds, which are used to administer moneys collected at several schools in connection with school, student athletic, class, and club activities.

During the course of operations, the District has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at fiscal year end are reported as due from/to other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements, these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in and out. While reported in fund financial statements, transfers between funds are eliminated in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements.

## **E. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting**

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized in the year for which they are levied. Revenues from grants, entitlements, and donations are recognized as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, except for certain grant revenues, are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 30 days of the end of the current fiscal year. When grant terms provide that the expenditure of resources is the prime factor for determining eligibility for Federal, State, and other grant resources, revenue is recognized at the time the expenditure is made. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 30 days of year end). Expenditures are generally recognized when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, claims and judgments, pension benefits, other postemployment benefits, and compensated absences, are only recorded when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation, are not recognized in governmental funds.

The agency funds have no measurement focus but utilize the accrual basis of accounting for reporting assets and liabilities.

## **F. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance**

### **1. Cash and Cash Equivalents**

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term liquid investments with original maturities of 3 months or less from the date of acquisition.

Cash deposits are held by banks qualified as public depositories under Florida law. All deposits are insured by Federal depository insurance, up to specified limits, or collateralized with securities held in Florida's multiple financial institution collateral pool as required by Chapter 280, Florida Statutes.

### **2. Investments**

Investments consist of a Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC) discount note, held by a trustee in connection with a QZAB financing arrangement, is reported at fair value, and is described in a subsequent note.

### **3. Inventories**

Inventories consist of expendable supplies held for consumption in the course of District operations. Inventories are stated at cost on the first-in, first-out basis, except that United States Department of Agriculture donated foods are stated at their fair value as determined at the time of donation to the District's food service program by the Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, Bureau of Food Distribution. The costs of inventories are recorded as

expenditures when purchased, except that United States Department of Agriculture donated foods are reported as expenditures at the time the individual items are requisitioned for consumption.

#### **4. Capital Assets**

Expenditures for capital assets acquired or constructed for general District purposes are reported in the governmental fund that financed the acquisition or construction. The capital assets so acquired are reported at cost in the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the governmental fund financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as those costing more than \$1,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Estimated Useful Lives</u>
Improvements Other Than Buildings	5 - 35 years
Buildings and Fixed Equipment	10 - 50 years
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	3 - 15 years
Motor Vehicles	5 - 10 years
Audio Visual Materials and Computer Software	3 - 5 years

Current year information relative to changes in capital assets is described in a subsequent note.

#### **5. Pensions**

In the governmentwide statement of net position, liabilities are recognized for the District's proportionate share of each pension plan's net pension liability. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Florida Retirement System (FRS) defined benefit plan and the Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) defined benefit plan and additions to/deductions from the FRS and the HIS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the FRS and the HIS plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

The District's retirement plans and related amounts are described in a subsequent note.

#### **6. Long Term Liabilities**

Long term obligations that will be financed from resources to be received in the future by governmental funds are reported as liabilities in the government wide statement of net position. Debt premiums are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable premiums.

In the governmental fund financial statements, bonds and other long-term obligations are not recognized as liabilities until due.

Changes in long-term liabilities for the current year are reported in a subsequent note.

## **7. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources**

In addition to assets, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. The District has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) are discussed in subsequent notes.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. The deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB are discussed in subsequent notes.

## **8. Net Position Flow Assumption**

The District occasionally funds outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. To calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. Consequently, it is the District's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

## **9. Fund Balance Flow Assumptions**

The District may fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). To calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

## **10. Fund Balance Policies**

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The District itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the District's highest level of decision-making authority. The Board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the District that can, by adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the resolution remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another resolution) to remove or revise the limitation. The District reported no committed fund balances at June 30, 2020.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. As authorized in Board Policy 6235, the Superintendent has the authority to assign fund balance. The Board may assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

## **G. Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses**

### **1. Program Revenues**

Amounts reported as program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

### **2. State Revenue Sources**

Significant revenues from State sources for current operations include the Florida Education Finance Program administered by the FDOE under the provisions of Section 1011.62, Florida Statutes. In accordance with this law, the District determines and reports the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the FDOE. The FDOE performs certain edit checks on the reported number of FTE and related data and calculates the allocation of funds to the District. The District is permitted to amend its original reporting during specified time periods following the date of the original reporting. The FDOE may also adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations based upon an audit of the District's compliance in determining and reporting FTE and related data. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions or additions of revenue in the fiscal year when the adjustments are made.

The State provides financial assistance to administer certain educational programs. SBE rules require that revenue earmarked for certain programs be expended only for the program for which the money is provided, and require that the money not expended as of the close of the fiscal year

be carried forward into the following fiscal year to be expended for the same educational programs. The FDOE generally requires that these educational program revenues be accounted for in the General Fund. A portion of the fund balance of the General Fund is restricted in the governmental fund financial statements for the balance of categorical and earmarked educational program resources.

The District received an allocation from the State under the Education Facilities Security Grant Program. The District is authorized to expend these funds only upon applying for and receiving an encumbrance authorization from the FDOE.

A schedule of revenue from State sources for the current year is presented in a subsequent note.

### **3. District Property Taxes**

The Board is authorized by State law to levy property taxes for district school operations, capital improvements, and debt service.

Property taxes consist of ad valorem taxes on real and personal property within the District. Property values are determined by the DeSoto County Property Appraiser, and property taxes are collected by the DeSoto County Tax Collector.

The Board adopted the 2019 tax levy on September 10, 2019. Tax bills are mailed in October and taxes are payable between November 1 of the year assessed and March 31 of the following year at discounts of up to 4 percent for early payment.

Taxes become a lien on the property on January 1, and are delinquent on April 1, of the year following the year of assessment. State law provides for enforcement of collection of personal property taxes by seizure of the property to satisfy unpaid taxes, and for enforcement of collection of real property taxes by the sale of interest-bearing tax certificates to satisfy unpaid taxes. The procedures result in the collection of essentially all taxes prior to June 30 of the year following the year of assessment.

Property tax revenues are recognized in the government-wide financial statements when the Board adopts the tax levy. Property tax revenues are recognized in the governmental fund financial statements when taxes are received by the District, except that revenue is accrued for taxes collected by the DeSoto County Tax Collector at fiscal year end but not yet remitted to the District.

Millages and taxes levied for the current year are presented in a subsequent note.

### **4. Federal Revenue Sources**

The District receives Federal awards for the enhancement of various educational programs. Federal awards are generally received based on applications submitted to, and approved by, various granting agencies. For Federal awards in which a claim to these grant proceeds is based on incurring eligible expenditures, revenue is recognized to the extent that eligible expenditures have been incurred. The FDOE may require adjustments to subsequent fiscal period expenditures and related revenues based upon an audit of the District's compliance with

applicable federal awards requirements. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions of expenditures and related revenues in the fiscal year when the adjustments are made.

## **5. Compensated Absences**

In the government-wide financial statements, compensated absences (i.e., paid absences for employee vacation leave and sick leave) are accrued as liabilities to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination payments. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental fund financial statements only if it has matured, such as for occurrences of employee resignations and retirements. The liability for compensated absences includes salary-related benefits, where applicable.

## **II. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS**

### **A. Cash Deposits with Financial Institutions**

**Custodial Credit Risk.** In the case of deposits, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the District will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk. All bank balances of the District are fully insured or collateralized as required by Chapter 280, Florida Statutes.

### **B. Investments**

#### **Fair Value Measurement**

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets. The District's investment in Obligations of United States Government Instrumentalities: FHLMC discount note, totaling \$2,169,755.72, is valued using Level 1 fair value measurement.

#### **Interest Rate Risk**

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The District's investment policy requires investment maturities longer than 3 years must be disclosed to the Board. The FHLMC discount note matures on September 28, 2021.

#### **Credit Risk**

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The District's investment in the FHLMC discount note is authorized under a forward delivery agreement with the QZAB paying agent. The agreement authorizes the investment of available fund amounts in certain eligible securities, including, without limitation, the Federal Mortgage Corporation, Federal National Mortgage Association, and FHLMC. This investment is rated A-1+ by Standard & Poor's.

### **Custodial Credit Risk**

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the District will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Section 218.415(18), Florida Statutes, requires the District to earmark all investments and (1) if registered with the issuer or its agents, the investment must be immediately placed for safekeeping in a location that protects the governing body's interest in the security; (2) if in book entry form, the investment must be held for the credit of the governing body by a depository chartered by the Federal Government, the State, or any other state or territory of the United States which has a branch or principal place of business in this State, or by a national association organized and existing under the laws of the United States which is authorized to accept and execute trusts and which is doing business in this State, and must be kept by the depository in an account separate and apart from the assets of the financial institution; or (3) if physically issued to the holder but not registered with the issuer or its agents, the investment must be immediately placed for safekeeping in a secured vault. The District's investment policy addresses custodial credit risk in that all securities would be held with a third-party custodian as evidenced by safekeeping receipts, and all securities purchased by, and all collateral obtained by, the District should be properly designated as an asset of the District.

The District's investments in the FHLMC discount note is held by the trustee in the name of the District.

### **Concentration of Credit Risk**

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the District's investment in a single issuer. The risk and diversification characteristics of the investments in the Board's managed investment portfolio shall be structured so as to provide sufficient liquidity to meet obligations of the Board in a timely manner, meet the investment objectives, and meet the standards of care. Portfolio diversification requires approval of the Superintendent and Board.

The FHLMC discount note comprises 100 percent of the District's total investments and 100 percent of the investments in the Debt Service – Other Debt Service Fund.

## C. Changes in Capital Assets

Changes in capital assets are presented in the following table:

	<u>Beginning Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	<u>Ending Balance</u>
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES				
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 331,142.20	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 331,142.20
Construction in Progress	-	718,705.00	718,705.00	-
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	<u>331,142.20</u>	<u>718,705.00</u>	<u>718,705.00</u>	<u>331,142.20</u>
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Improvements Other Than Buildings	2,820,506.94	70,339.95	-	2,890,846.89
Buildings and Fixed Equipment	62,739,136.51	1,044,250.74	-	63,783,387.25
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	4,616,797.23	313,618.30	138,879.75	4,791,535.78
Motor Vehicles	4,187,190.41	389,922.00	76,981.00	4,500,131.41
Audio Visual Materials and Computer Software	1,483,823.41	-	-	1,483,823.41
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	<u>75,847,454.50</u>	<u>1,818,130.99</u>	<u>215,860.75</u>	<u>77,449,724.74</u>
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Improvements Other Than Buildings	1,791,031.96	119,692.51	-	1,910,724.47
Buildings and Fixed Equipment	33,440,972.83	1,731,431.28	-	35,172,404.11
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	3,479,726.79	338,398.07	138,127.67	3,679,997.19
Motor Vehicles	2,777,061.83	313,558.41	76,981.00	3,013,639.24
Audio Visual Materials and Computer Software	1,359,752.69	32,218.83	-	1,391,971.52
Total Accumulated Depreciation	<u>42,848,546.10</u>	<u>2,535,299.10</u>	<u>215,108.67</u>	<u>45,168,736.53</u>
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	<u>32,998,908.40</u>	<u>(717,168.11)</u>	<u>752.08</u>	<u>32,280,988.21</u>
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$ 33,330,050.60</u>	<u>\$ 1,536.89</u>	<u>\$ 719,457.08</u>	<u>\$ 32,612,130.41</u>

The District's capital assets serve multiple functions; however, depreciation expense is not allocated to the various functions on the statement of activities but is shown as unallocated depreciation expense.

## D. Retirement Plans

### 1. FRS – Defined Benefit Pension Plans

#### General Information about the FRS

The FRS was created in Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, to provide a defined benefit pension plan for participating public employees. The FRS was amended in 1998 to add the Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) under the defined benefit plan and amended in 2000 to provide a defined contribution plan alternative to the defined benefit plan for FRS members effective July 1, 2002. This integrated defined contribution pension plan is the FRS Investment Plan. Chapter 112, Florida Statutes, established the Retiree HIS Program, a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, to assist retired members of any State-administered retirement system in paying the costs of health insurance.

Essentially all regular employees of the District are eligible to enroll as members of the State-administered FRS. Provisions relating to the FRS are established by Chapters 121 and 122, Florida Statutes; Chapter 112, Part IV, Florida Statutes; Chapter 238, Florida Statutes; and FRS Rules, Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code; wherein eligibility, contributions, and benefits are defined and described in detail. Such provisions may be amended at any time by further action from the Florida Legislature. The FRS is a single retirement system administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, and consists of the two cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plans and other nonintegrated programs. A comprehensive annual financial report of the FRS, which includes its financial statements, required supplementary information, actuarial report, and other relevant information, is available from the Florida Department of Management Services Web site ([www.dms.myflorida.com](http://www.dms.myflorida.com)).

The District's FRS and HIS pension expense totaled \$4,937,639 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

### **FRS Pension Plan**

Plan Description. The FRS Pension Plan (Plan) is a cost sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan, with a DROP for eligible employees. The general classes of membership are:

- *Regular* – Members of the FRS who do not qualify for membership in the other classes.
- *Elected County Officers* – Members who hold specified elective offices in local government.
- *Senior Management Service* – Members in senior management level positions.

Employees enrolled in the Plan prior to July 1, 2011, vest at 6 years of creditable service and employees enrolled in the Plan on or after July 1, 2011, vest at 8 years of creditable service. All vested members, enrolled prior to July 1, 2011, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 62 or at any age after 30 years of service. All members enrolled in the Plan on or after July 1, 2011, once vested, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 65 or any time after 33 years of creditable service. Employees enrolled in the Plan may include up to 4 years of credit for military service toward creditable service. The Plan also includes an early retirement provision; however, there is a benefit reduction for each year a member retires before his or her normal retirement date. The Plan provides retirement, disability, death benefits, and annual cost of living adjustments to eligible participants.

The DROP, subject to provisions of Section 121.091, Florida Statutes, permits employees eligible for normal retirement under the Plan to defer receipt of monthly benefit payments while continuing employment with an FRS participating employer. An employee may participate in DROP for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate, except that certain instructional personnel may participate for up to 96 months. During the period of DROP participation, deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest. The net pension liability does not include amounts for DROP participants, as these members are considered retired and are not accruing additional pension benefits.

Benefits Provided. Benefits under the Plan are computed on the basis of age and/or years of service, average final compensation, and service credit. Credit for each year of service is expressed as a percentage of the average final compensation. For members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the 5 highest fiscal years' earnings; for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the 8 highest fiscal years' earnings. The total percentage value of the benefit received is determined by calculating the total value of all service, which is based on the retirement class to which the member belonged when the service credit was earned. Members are eligible for in line of duty or regular disability and survivors' benefits. The following table shows the percentage value for each year of service credit earned:

<b><u>Class, Initial Enrollment, and Retirement Age/Years of Service</u></b>	<b><u>Percent Value</u></b>
<b>Regular members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011</b>	
Retirement up to age 62 or up to 30 years of service	1.60
Retirement at age 63 or with 31 years of service	1.63
Retirement at age 64 or with 32 years of service	1.65
Retirement at age 65 or with 33 or more years of service	1.68
<b>Regular members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011</b>	
Retirement up to age 65 or up to 33 years of service	1.60
Retirement at age 66 or with 34 years of service	1.63
Retirement at age 67 or with 35 years of service	1.65
Retirement at age 68 or with 36 or more years of service	1.68
<b>Elected County Officers</b>	3.00
<b>Senior Management Service</b>	2.00

As provided in Section 121.101, Florida Statutes, if the member is initially enrolled in the Plan before July 1, 2011, and all service credit was accrued before July 1, 2011, the annual cost-of-living adjustment is 3 percent per year. If the member is initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, and has service credit on or after July 1, 2011, there is an individually calculated cost-of-living adjustment. The annual cost-of-living adjustment is a proportion of 3 percent determined by dividing the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by 3 percent. Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will not have a cost-of-living adjustment after retirement.

Contributions. The Florida Legislature establishes contribution rates for participating employers and employees. Contribution rates during the 2019-20 fiscal year were as follows:

<u>Class</u>	<u>Percent of Gross Salary</u>	
	<u>Employee</u>	<u>Employer (1)</u>
FRS, Regular	3.00	8.47
FRS, Elected County Officers	3.00	48.82
FRS, Senior Management Service	3.00	25.41
DROP – Applicable to Members from All of the Above Classes	0.00	14.60
FRS, Reemployed Retiree	(2)	(2)

(1) Employer rates include 1.66 percent for the postemployment health insurance subsidy. Also, employer rates, other than for DROP participants, include 0.06 percent for administrative costs of the Investment Plan.

(2) Contribution rates are dependent upon retirement class in which reemployed.

The District's contributions to the Plan totaled \$1,847,682 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. At June 30, 2020, the District reported a liability of \$18,831,730 for its proportionate share of the Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019. The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the District's 2018-19 fiscal year contributions relative to the total 2018-19 fiscal year contributions of all participating members. At June 30, 2019, the District's proportionate share was 0.054682031 percent, which was a decrease of 0.001530518 from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2018.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized the Plan pension expense of \$4,395,801. In addition, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$ 1,116,966	\$ 11,687
Change of Assumptions	4,836,799	-
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on FRS Pension Plan Investments	-	1,041,870
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between District FRS Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions	101,503	1,192,771
District FRS Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date	1,847,682	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 7,902,950</b>	<b>\$ 2,246,328</b>

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions to the Plan subsequent to the measurement date, totaling \$1,847,682, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

<u>Fiscal Year Ending June 30</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2021	\$ 1,489,107
2022	178,929
2023	1,030,945
2024	866,276
2025	200,304
Thereafter	<u>43,379</u>
<b>Total</b>	<b><u>\$ 3,808,940</u></b>

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the July 1, 2019, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.60 percent
Salary increases	3.25 percent, average, including inflation
Investment rate of return	6.90 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 base table, projected generationally with Scale MP-2018. This is a change from the prior year mortality assumption which was based on the Generational RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB tables.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2019, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013, through June 30, 2018.

The long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was not based on historical returns, but instead is based on a forward-looking capital market economic model. The allocation policy's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic and geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Target Allocation (1)</u>	<u>Annual Arithmetic Return</u>	<u>Compound Annual (Geometric) Return</u>	<u>Standard Deviation</u>
Cash	1%	3.3%	3.3%	1.2%
Fixed Income	18%	4.1%	4.1%	3.5%
Global Equity	54%	8.0%	6.8%	16.5%
Real Estate (Property)	10%	6.7%	6.1%	11.7%
Private Equity	11%	11.2%	8.4%	25.8%
Strategic Investments	6%	5.9%	5.7%	6.7%
<b>Total</b>	<u>100%</u>			
Assumed inflation - Mean			2.6%	1.7%

Note: (1) As outlined in the Plan's investment policy.

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.9 percent. The Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the long term expected rate of return. The discount rate used in the 2019 valuation was updated from 7 percent to 6.9 percent.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.9 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (5.9 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (7.9 percent) than the current rate:

	<u>1% Decrease (5.9%)</u>	<u>Current Discount Rate (6.9%)</u>	<u>1% Increase (7.9%)</u>
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 32,553,791	\$ 18,831,730	\$ 7,371,489

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State Administered Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

### **HIS Pension Plan**

Plan Description. The HIS Pension Plan (HIS Plan) is a cost sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan established under Section 112.363, Florida Statutes, and may be amended by the Florida Legislature at any time. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of State-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs and is administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement.

Benefits Provided. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment of \$5 for each year of creditable service completed at the time of retirement, with a minimum HIS payment of \$30 and a maximum HIS payment of \$150 per

month, pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive a HIS Plan benefit, a retiree under a State-administered retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which may include Federal Medicare.

Contributions. The HIS Plan is funded by required contributions from FRS participating employers as set by the Florida Legislature. Employer contributions are a percentage of gross compensation for all active FRS members. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the contribution rate was 1.66 percent of payroll pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. The District contributed 100 percent of its statutorily required contributions for the current and preceding 3 years. HIS Plan contributions are deposited in a separate trust fund from which payments are authorized. HIS Plan benefits are not guaranteed and are subject to annual legislative appropriation. In the event the legislative appropriation or available funds fail to provide full subsidy benefits to all participants, benefits may be reduced or canceled.

The District's contributions to the HIS Plan totaled \$446,137 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. At June 30, 2020, the District reported a net pension liability of \$8,525,415 for its proportionate share of the HIS Plan's net pension liability. The current portion of the net pension liability is the District's proportionate share of benefit payments expected to be paid within 1 year, net of the District's proportionate share of the HIS Plan's fiduciary net position available to pay that amount. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018, and update procedures were used to determine the net pension liability as of June 30, 2019. The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the District's 2018-19 fiscal year contributions relative to the total 2018-19 fiscal year contributions of all participating members. At June 30, 2019, the District's proportionate share was 0.076194612 percent, which was a decrease of 0.000617043 from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2018.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized the HIS Plan pension expense of \$541,838. In addition, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$ 103,550	\$ 10,439
Change of Assumptions	987,162	696,798
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on HIS Pension Plan Investments	5,501	-
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between District HIS Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions	64,714	622,412
District HIS Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date	446,137	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 1,607,064</b>	<b>\$ 1,329,649</b>

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions to the HIS Plan subsequent to the measurement date, totaling \$446,137, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

<u>Fiscal Year Ending June 30</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2021	\$ 53,733
2022	(410)
2023	(77,771)
2024	(166,988)
2025	(25,839)
Thereafter	48,553
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ (168,722)</b>

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the July 1, 2018, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.60 percent
Salary Increases	3.25 percent, average, including inflation
Municipal Bond Rate	3.50 percent

Mortality rates were based on the Generational RP-2000 with Projected Scale BB.

While an experience study had not been completed for the HIS Plan, the actuarial assumptions that determined the total pension liability for the HIS Plan were based on certain results of the most recent experience study for the FRS Plan.

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 3.5 percent. In general, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the single rate equivalent to discounting at the long-term expected rate of return for benefit payments prior to the projected depletion date. Because the HIS benefit is essentially funded on a pay-as-you-go basis,

the depletion date is considered to be immediate, and the single equivalent discount rate is equal to the municipal bond rate selected by the HIS Plan sponsor. The Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index was adopted as the applicable municipal bond index. The discount rate changed from 3.87 percent to 3.5 percent.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.5 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.5 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (4.5 percent) than the current rate:

	<b>1% Decrease (2.5%)</b>	<b>Current Discount Rate (3.5%)</b>	<b>1% Increase (4.5%)</b>
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 9,732,198	\$ 8,525,415	\$ 7,520,301

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the HIS Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State Administered Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

## **2. FRS – Defined Contribution Pension Plan**

The SBA administers the defined contribution plan officially titled the FRS Investment Plan (Investment Plan). The Investment Plan is reported in the SBA's annual financial statements and in the State's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

As provided in Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of the FRS defined benefit plan. District employees participating in DROP are not eligible to participate in the Investment Plan. Employer and employee contributions, including amounts contributed to individual member's accounts, are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. Retirement benefits are based upon the value of the member's account upon retirement. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Investment Plan are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Investment Plan is funded with the same employer and employee contribution rates that are based on salary and membership class (Regular, Elected County Officers, etc.), as the FRS defined benefit plan. Contributions are directed to individual member accounts, and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. Costs of administering the Investment Plan, including the FRS Financial Guidance Program, are funded through an employer contribution of 0.06 percent of payroll and by forfeited benefits of Investment Plan members. Allocations to the Investment Plan member accounts during the 2019-20 fiscal year were as follows:

<u>Class</u>	<u>Percent of Gross Compensation</u>
FRS, Regular	6.30
FRS, Elected County Officers	11.34
FRS, Senior Management Service	7.67

For all membership classes, employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and are vested after 1 year of service for employer contributions and investment earnings, regardless of membership class. If an accumulated benefit obligation for service credit originally earned under the FRS Pension Plan is transferred to the Investment Plan, the member must have the years of service required for FRS Pension Plan vesting (including the service credit represented by the transferred funds) to be vested for these funds and the earnings on the funds. Nonvested employer contributions are placed in a suspense account for up to 5 years. If the employee returns to FRS covered employment within the 5-year period, the employee will regain control over their account. If the employee does not return within the 5-year period, the employee will forfeit the accumulated account balance. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the information for the amount of forfeitures was unavailable from the SBA; however, management believes that these amounts, if any, would be immaterial to the District.

After termination and applying to receive benefits, the member may rollover vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the Investment Plan, receive a lump sum distribution, leave the funds invested for future distribution, or any combination of these options. Disability coverage is provided in which the member may either transfer the account balance to the FRS Pension Plan when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the FRS Pension Plan or remain in the Investment Plan and rely upon that account balance for retirement income.

The District's Investment Plan pension expense totaled \$462,285 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

## **E. Other Postemployment Benefit Obligations**

Plan Description. The Other Postemployment Benefits Plan (OPEB Plan) is a single employer defined benefit plan administered by the District that provides OPEB for all employees who satisfy the District's retirement eligibility provisions. Pursuant to Section 112.0801, Florida Statutes, former employees who retire from the District are eligible to participate in the District's health and hospitalization plan for medical and prescription drug coverage. The District subsidizes the premium rates paid by retirees by allowing them to participate in the OPEB Plan at reduced or blended group (implicitly subsidized) premium rates for both active and retired employees. These rates provide an implicit subsidy for retirees because retiree healthcare costs are generally greater than active employee healthcare costs. The OPEB Plan contribution requirements and benefit terms of the District and the OPEB Plan members are established and may be amended through action from the Board and the Insurance Committee. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meet the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

*Benefits Provided.* The OPEB Plan provides healthcare and prescription drug benefits for retirees and their dependents. In addition to the implicit subsidy above, for retirees who accrue 20 years with no break in service with the District, the District pays the first year of premiums for the full amount of single coverage or 50 percent of the family coverage in the plan option selected. Retirees are not required to enroll in the Federal Medicare program in order to remain covered under the program; however, since the membership in Medicare Part A is automatic, the OPEB Plan pays as secondary for all eligible retirees, including eligible retirees that enroll in Medicare Part B. Retirees who change coverage to a Group Medicare option offered by the District (or other Medicare Advantage plan) upon first becoming eligible for the Medicare benefits may be eligible for a reimbursement of the Medicare Part B premium for that year.

*Employees Covered by Benefit Terms.* At June 30, 2019, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive Employees or Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits	14
Active Employees	<u>563</u>
Total	<u><u>577</u></u>

*Total OPEB Liability.* The District’s total OPEB liability of \$2,743,633 was measured as of June 30, 2019, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019.

*Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs.* The total OPEB liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.25 percent
Salary Increases	3.6 percent to 8 percent, including inflation
Discount Rate	3.13 percent
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	Based on the Getzen Model, with trend starting at 10.66 percent (to reflect actual premium increase for 10/1/2019 over 10/1/2018), followed by 6.5 percent and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 3.99 percent plus 0.59 percent for excise tax.
Aging Factors	Based on the 2013 SOA Study “Health Care Costs – From Birth to Death.”
Expenses	Administrative expenses are included in the per capita health costs.

For plans that do not have formal assets, the discount rate should equal the tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA rating as of the measurement date. For the purpose of the OPEB Plan actuarial valuation, the municipal bond rate of 3.13 percent was based on the daily rate of Fidelity’s “20-Year Municipal GO AA Index” closest to but not later than the measurement date.

Demographic assumptions employed in the actuarial valuation were the same as those employed in the July 1, 2019, actuarial valuation of the FRS Defined Benefit Pension Plan. These demographic assumptions were developed by FRS from an actuarial experience study, and therefore are appropriate for use in the OPEB Plan actuarial valuation. These include assumed rates of future

termination, mortality, disability, and retirement. In addition, salary increase assumptions (for development of the pattern of the normal cost increases) were the same as those used in the July 1, 2019, actuarial valuation of the FRS Defined Benefit Pension Plan. Assumptions used in valuation of benefits for participants of the FRS Investment Plan are the same as for similarly situated participants of the FRS Defined Benefit Pension Plan.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability.

	<u>Amount</u>
Balance at June 30, 2019	\$ 2,792,902
Changes for the year:	
Service Cost	146,572
Interest	103,577
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	(39,561)
Changes of Assumptions or Other Inputs	(103,395)
Benefit Payments	(156,462)
Net Changes	(49,269)
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$ 2,743,633

The changes of assumptions or other inputs was based on the following:

- The discount rate decreased from 3.62 percent, as of the beginning of the measurement period, to 3.13 percent as of June 30, 2019.
- The medical claims costs and premiums were updated to reflect scheduled premium information provided for this valuation.
- The retiree medical coverage acceptance assumption was lowered from 25 percent (20 percent for single enrollment and 5 percent for dual enrollment) to 20 percent (15 percent for single enrollment and 5 percent for dual enrollment) to reflect recent plan experience.
- The post-65 retiree medical coverage lapsing assumption was raised from 90 percent to 95 percent to reflect recent plan experience.
- The healthcare cost trend assumption was revised to reflect a lower long-term inflation assumption changed from 2.5 percent to 2.25 percent.
- The excise tax decreased from 0.71 percent beginning in 2022 to 0.59 percent beginning in 2023.
- Changes to demographic assumptions, such as rates of mortality, retirements, termination, disability, and salary increases, to match assumptions developed by the FRS and adopted for its July 1, 2019, valuation.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following table presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.13 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (4.13 percent) than the current rate:

	<u>1% Decrease (2.13%)</u>	<u>Current Discount Rate (3.13%)</u>	<u>1% Increase (4.13%)</u>
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 2,948,431	\$ 2,743,633	\$ 2,542,901

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates. The following table presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (9.66 percent decreasing to 3.58 percent) 1 percentage point higher (11.66 percent decreasing to 5.58 percent) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	<u>1% Decrease (9.66% decreasing to 3.58%)</u>	<u>Healthcare Cost Trend Rate Assumption (10.66% decreasing to 4.58%)</u>	<u>1% Increase (11.66% decreasing to 5.58%)</u>
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 2,376,643	\$ 2,743,633	\$ 3,187,793

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$218,380. At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$ -	\$ 35,965
Changes of Assumptions or Other Inputs	-	249,518
Benefits Paid Subsequent to the Measurement Date	108,349	-
<b>Total</b>	<u>\$ 108,349</u>	<u>\$ 285,483</u>

The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, totaling \$108,349, resulting from benefits paid subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the fiscal year will be included as a reduction of the total OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

<u>Fiscal Year Ending June 30</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2021	\$ (31,769)
2022	(31,769)
2023	(31,769)
2024	(31,769)
2025	(31,769)
Thereafter	(126,638)
<b>Total</b>	<u>\$ (285,483)</u>

## F. Other Significant Commitments

**Encumbrances.** Appropriations in governmental funds are encumbered upon issuance of purchase orders for goods and services. Even though appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year, unfilled purchase orders of the current year are carried forward and the next fiscal year's appropriations are likewise encumbered.

The following is a schedule of encumbrances at June 30, 2020:

<b>Major Funds</b>				
<b>General</b>	<b>Special Revenue - Other Federal Programs</b>	<b>Capital Projects - Local Capital Improvement</b>	<b>Nonmajor Governmental Funds</b>	<b>Total Governmental Funds</b>
\$ 123,580.42	\$ 15,114.81	\$ 31,883.41	\$ 6,966.71	\$ 177,545.35

## G. Risk Management Programs

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District is a member of the Preferred Governmental Insurance Trust (Trust) under which local governmental entities have established a combined limited self-insurance program for property protection, general liability, automobile liability, workers' compensation, money and securities, employee fidelity and faithful performance, and other coverage deemed necessary by the participating members of the Trust. Section 1001.42(12)(k), Florida Statutes, provides the authority for the District to enter into such a risk management program. The Board of Trustees for the Trust is composed of elected or appointed officials from the participating members. The Trust is administered by Public Risk Underwriters.

The District makes premium contributions to the Trust to pay for its coverage. The inter-local agreement which establishes the Trust is not intended to create a partnership or other legal entity whereby one member assumes the obligations of another member or the obligations of the Trust in general, except for payment of premiums. Should a deficit develop in the Trust, after excess reinsurance recoveries, whereby claims or other expenses cannot be paid, each individual member shall assume liability for the costs of claims brought against that member as if such member were individually self-insured. Each member shall thereafter be responsible for its individual costs, including, but not limited to, claims administration without an obligation to, or right of contribution from, other members.

Health and hospitalization coverage is being provided through purchased commercial insurance with minimum deductibles for each line of coverage.

Settled claims resulting from the risks described above have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past 3 fiscal years.

## H. Long Term Liabilities

### 1. Qualified Zone Academy Bonds Payable

The District entered into a financing agreement on September 28, 2006, under the Qualified Zone Academy Bonds (QZAB) Program. The QZAB Program provides no interest cost financing to purchase certain goods and services for schools located in eligible District areas (zones). The District received financing of \$2,510,551 from a local bank on September 28, 2006 (direct borrowing). Interest on the debt is “paid” by the United States Government through the issuance of Federal Income tax credits to the holder of the QZAB debt (the bank). The rate of return to the bank was established by the United States Government at the time of the sale. Repayment of the original \$2,510,551 financing proceeds is due in full on September 28, 2021. In connection with the financing, the District entered into a forward delivery agreement requiring annual deposits to a sinking fund of \$132,287 for 15 consecutive years beginning September 28, 2007. The forward delivery agreement provides a guaranteed investment return whereby the required deposits, along with the accrued interest, will be sufficient to repay the debt at maturity. The invested assets accumulated pursuant to the forward delivery agreement are held under a custodial agreement until the debt matures. The financing proceeds were designated for capital outlay maintenance and renovations projects at 4 qualifying schools (DeSoto Middle School, Nocatee Elementary School, West Elementary School, and Memorial Elementary School). The financing agreement contains a provision that in the event of default, outstanding amounts become immediately due if the District is unable to make payment.

### 2. Bonds Payable

Bonds payable at June 30, 2020, are as follows:

<u>Bond Type</u>	<u>Amount Outstanding</u>	<u>Interest Rate (Percent)</u>	<u>Annual Maturity To</u>
District Revenue Bonds:			
Series 2012, Refunding	\$ 443,902	2.36	2025
Add: Unamortized Premium on Debt	536		
<b>Total Bonds Payable</b>	<u>\$ 444,438</u>		

The bonds were issued to finance capital outlay projects of the District. The following is a description of the bonded debt issue:

#### **District Revenue Bonds**

These bonds are authorized by Chapter 78-947, Laws of Florida, Section 212.20, Florida Statutes, and a resolution adopted by the Board on July 10, 2012. These bonds are secured by pari-mutuel replacement (sales tax) revenues distributed annually to DeSoto County from the State pursuant to Section 212.20(6)(d)6.a., Florida Statutes, as a replacement for moneys distributed under Section 550.135, Florida Statutes, prior to July 1, 2000.

The District has pledged a total of \$473,218 of sales tax revenues in connection with the District Revenue Bonds of 2012, described above. During the 2019-20 fiscal year, the District recognized sales tax revenues totaling \$132,166.66 and expended \$94,643.76 of these revenues for debt service directly collateralized by these revenues. The pledged sales tax revenues are committed until final maturity of the debt or on June 1, 2025. Approximately 72 percent of this revenue stream has been pledged in connection with debt service on the revenue bonds. The financing agreement contains a provision that in the event of default, outstanding amounts become immediately due if the District is unable to make a payment.

Annual requirements to amortize all bonded debt outstanding as of June 30, 2020, are as follows:

<u>Fiscal Year Ending June 30</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>
District Revenue Bonds:			
2021	\$ 94,643	\$ 84,664	\$ 9,979
2022	94,644	86,674	7,970
2023	94,644	88,732	5,912
2024	94,644	90,838	3,806
2025	94,643	92,994	1,649
Total District Revenue Bonds	<u>473,218</u>	<u>443,902</u>	<u>29,316</u>
Unamortized Premiums	<u>536</u>	<u>536</u>	<u>-</u>
<b>Total</b>	<b><u>\$ 473,754</u></b>	<b><u>\$ 444,438</u></b>	<b><u>\$ 29,316</u></b>

### 3. Changes in Long Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long term liabilities:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Beginning Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deductions</u>	<u>Ending Balance</u>	<u>Due In One Year</u>
<b>GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES</b>					
Qualified Zone Academy Bonds Payable	\$ 2,510,551.00	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,510,551.00	\$ -
Bonds Payable	543,075.00	-	98,637.00	444,438.00	84,664.00
Compensated Absences Payable	1,574,871.23	369,778.90	106,770.35	1,837,879.78	124,601.34
Other Postemployment Benefits Payable	2,792,902.00	250,149.00	299,418.00	2,743,633.00	108,349.00
Net Pension Liability	<u>25,061,343.00</u>	<u>15,990,675.00</u>	<u>13,694,873.00</u>	<u>27,357,145.00</u>	<u>144,652.00</u>
<b>Total Governmental Activities</b>	<b><u>\$32,482,742.23</u></b>	<b><u>\$16,610,602.90</u></b>	<b><u>\$14,199,698.35</u></b>	<b><u>\$34,893,646.78</u></b>	<b><u>\$462,266.34</u></b>

For the governmental activities, compensated absences, pensions, and other postemployment benefits are generally liquidated with resources of the General Fund.

#### I. Fund Balance Reporting

In addition to committed and assigned fund balance categories discussed in Note 1.F.10., fund balances may be classified as follows:

- **Nonspendable Fund Balance.** Nonspendable fund balance is the net current financial resources that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Generally, not in spendable form means that an item is not expected to be converted to cash.

- **Restricted Fund Balance.** Restricted fund balance is the portion of fund balance on which constraints have been placed by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation. Restricted fund balance places the most binding level of constraint on the use of fund balance.
- **Unassigned Fund Balance.** The unassigned fund balance is the portion of fund balance that is the residual classification for the General Fund. This balance represents amounts that have not been assigned to other funds and that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned for specific purposes.

## J. Interfund Receivables and Payables

The following is a summary of interfund receivables and payables reported in the fund financial statements:

<u>Funds</u>	<u>Interfund</u>	
	<u>Receivables</u>	<u>Payables</u>
Major:		
General	\$ 1,083,305.23	\$ -
Special Revenue:		
Other Federal Programs	-	1,083,305.23
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 1,083,305.23</b>	<b>\$ 1,083,305.23</b>

Interfund amounts represent temporary loans from one fund to another fund incurring expenditures and the subsequent reimbursement by the other fund and are expected to be repaid within 13 months.

## K. Revenues

### 1. Schedule of State Revenue Sources

The following is a schedule of the District's State revenue sources for the 2019-20 fiscal year:

<u>Source</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Florida Education Finance Program	\$ 23,124,263.00
Categorical Educational Program - Class Size Reduction	5,204,624.00
Workforce Development Program	619,940.00
Voluntary Prekindergarten Program	250,246.05
Motor Vehicle License Tax (Capital Outlay and Debt Service)	180,154.51
Miscellaneous	404,141.37
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 29,783,368.93</b>

Accounting policies relating to certain State revenue sources are described in Note 1.G.2.

## 2. Property Taxes

The following is a summary of millages and taxes levied on the 2019 tax roll for the 2019-20 fiscal year:

	<u>Millages</u>	<u>Taxes Levied</u>
<b><u>General Fund</u></b>		
Nonvoted School Tax:		
Required Local Effort	3.798	\$ 7,692,048
Basic Discretionary Local Effort	0.748	1,514,916
<b><u>Capital Projects - Local Capital Improvement Fund</u></b>		
Nonvoted Tax:		
Local Capital Improvements	1.500	3,037,934
<b>Total</b>	<u>6.046</u>	<u>\$ 12,244,898</u>

## L. Interfund Transfers

The following is a summary of interfund transfers reported in the fund financial statements:

<u>Funds</u>	<u>Interfund</u>	
	<u>Transfers In</u>	<u>Transfers Out</u>
Major:		
General	\$ 1,211,791.09	\$ -
Debt Service:		
Other Debt Service	132,287.00	-
Capital Projects:		
Local Capital Improvement	-	1,344,078.09
<b>Total</b>	<u>\$ 1,344,078.09</u>	<u>\$ 1,344,078.09</u>

In general, interfund transfers were made for the debt service repayments, allocations of maintenance and repair costs, and payment of property casualty insurance premiums.

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## OTHER REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

### Budgetary Comparison Schedule General and Major Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	General Fund			Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	
<b>Revenues</b>				
Intergovernmental:				
Federal Direct	\$ 62,267.00	\$ 60,462.64	\$ 60,462.64	\$ -
Federal Through State and Local	547,436.36	1,352,096.25	1,352,096.25	-
State	30,319,325.00	29,352,091.76	29,352,091.76	-
Local:				
Property Taxes	8,510,034.00	8,904,690.18	8,904,690.18	-
Miscellaneous	961,840.56	1,552,184.63	1,552,184.63	-
Total Local Revenues	9,471,874.56	10,456,874.81	10,456,874.81	-
<b>Total Revenues</b>	40,400,902.92	41,221,525.46	41,221,525.46	-
<b>Expenditures</b>				
Current - Education:				
Instruction	27,988,760.07	24,293,332.63	23,175,424.65	1,117,907.98
Student Support Services	2,661,442.05	2,364,574.76	2,252,055.75	112,519.01
Instructional Media Services	504,910.98	533,493.35	530,817.78	2,675.57
Instruction and Curriculum Development Services	731,348.10	1,014,739.28	748,218.96	266,520.32
Instructional Staff Training Services	361,499.23	209,260.68	124,816.25	84,444.43
Instruction-Related Technology	937,010.38	936,919.72	623,382.36	313,537.36
Board	418,913.00	348,165.60	348,165.60	-
General Administration	778,952.13	461,322.32	440,039.92	21,282.40
School Administration	2,735,854.29	2,859,975.40	2,843,977.86	15,997.54
Facilities Acquisition and Construction	137,845.00	31,146.81	26,173.00	4,973.81
Fiscal Services	624,104.64	638,440.97	627,640.97	10,800.00
Food Services	203.98	12,885.44	12,885.44	-
Central Services	1,125,204.76	915,091.99	728,489.13	186,602.86
Student Transportation Services	2,180,649.91	2,143,289.26	2,139,209.96	4,079.30
Operation of Plant	4,094,685.68	3,752,087.35	3,517,157.70	234,929.65
Maintenance of Plant	1,960,785.75	3,023,942.02	2,089,598.57	934,343.45
Administrative Technology Services	934,334.14	849,181.58	848,056.35	1,125.23
Community Services	9,142.94	10,402.95	10,402.95	-
Fixed Capital Outlay:				
Facilities Acquisition and Construction	-	141,073.47	115,029.47	26,044.00
Other Capital Outlay	-	13,473.83	13,473.83	-
<b>Total Expenditures</b>	48,185,647.03	44,552,799.41	41,215,016.50	3,337,782.91
<b>Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures</b>	(7,784,744.11)	(3,331,273.95)	6,508.96	3,337,782.91
<b>Other Financing Sources</b>				
Transfers In	900,000.00	1,211,791.09	1,211,791.09	-
Loss Recoveries	-	99,027.59	99,027.59	-
<b>Total Other Financing Sources</b>	900,000.00	1,310,818.68	1,310,818.68	-
<b>Net Change in Fund Balances</b>	(6,884,744.11)	(2,020,455.27)	1,317,327.64	3,337,782.91
Fund Balances, Beginning	8,763,391.44	8,763,391.44	8,763,391.44	-
Changes in Nonspendable Inventories	-	-	(4,929.06)	(4,929.06)
<b>Fund Balances, Ending</b>	\$ 1,878,647.33	\$ 6,742,936.17	\$ 10,075,790.02	\$ 3,332,853.85

**Special Revenue - Other Federal Programs Fund**

<b>Original Budget</b>	<b>Final Budget</b>	<b>Actual</b>	<b>Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)</b>
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
5,977,310.05	7,758,534.54	6,204,954.70	(1,553,579.84)
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
-	4,484.52	4,484.52	-
-	4,484.52	4,484.52	-
<u>5,977,310.05</u>	<u>7,763,019.06</u>	<u>6,209,439.22</u>	<u>(1,553,579.84)</u>
3,300,086.59	4,434,226.68	3,579,473.76	854,752.92
488,498.40	591,185.51	351,511.18	239,674.33
-	2,153.00	2,153.00	-
1,132,712.68	1,202,750.95	1,111,603.26	91,147.69
675,424.59	863,441.98	675,167.82	188,274.16
32,984.98	58,342.27	41,942.36	16,399.91
-	-	-	-
193,321.84	347,788.82	280,092.13	67,696.69
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
83,874.90	142,542.01	82,253.83	60,288.18
68,358.83	107,845.20	72,499.24	35,345.96
47.24	-	-	-
2,000.00	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
-	12,742.64	12,742.64	-
<u>5,977,310.05</u>	<u>7,763,019.06</u>	<u>6,209,439.22</u>	<u>1,553,579.84</u>
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
<u>\$ 0.00</u>	<u>\$ 0.00</u>	<u>\$ 0.00</u>	<u>\$ 0.00</u>

**Schedule of Changes in the District's  
Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios**

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
<b>Total OPEB Liability</b>			
Service Cost	\$ 146,572	\$ 164,569	\$ 177,540
Interest	103,577	115,634	99,254
Changes of Benefit Terms	-	(459,942)	-
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	(39,561)	-	-
Changes of Assumptions or Other Inputs	(103,395)	(17,836)	(192,413)
Benefit Payments	<u>(156,462)</u>	<u>(186,197)</u>	<u>(258,585)</u>
<b>Net Change in Total OPEB Liability</b>	<u>(49,269)</u>	<u>(383,772)</u>	<u>(174,204)</u>
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	<u>2,792,902</u>	<u>3,176,674</u>	<u>3,350,878</u>
<b>Total OPEB Liability - Ending</b>	<u>\$ 2,743,633</u>	<u>\$ 2,792,902</u>	<u>\$ 3,176,674</u>
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 20,883,615	\$ 21,986,884	\$ 21,346,489
<b>Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll</b>	13.14%	12.70%	14.88%

**Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share  
of the Net Pension Liability –  
Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (1)**

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
District's Proportion of the FRS Net Pension Liability	0.054682031%	0.056212549%	0.056527164%	0.062089697%	0.070345059%	0.068168861%	0.064332539%
District's Proportionate Share of the FRS Net Pension Liability	\$ 18,831,730	\$ 16,931,511	\$ 16,720,356	\$ 15,677,697	\$ 9,086,008	\$ 4,159,303	\$ 11,074,493
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 25,486,761	\$ 25,110,558	\$ 24,709,326	\$ 25,906,517	\$ 26,594,697	\$ 25,647,878	\$ 24,471,803
District's Proportionate Share of the FRS Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Its Covered Payroll	73.89%	67.43%	67.67%	60.52%	34.16%	16.22%	45.25%
FRS Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	82.61%	84.26%	83.89%	84.88%	92.00%	96.09%	88.54%

(1) The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

**Schedule of District Contributions –  
Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (1)**

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Contractually Required FRS Contribution	\$ 1,847,682	\$ 1,695,538	\$ 1,545,118	\$ 1,471,541	\$ 1,514,156	\$ 1,715,072	\$ 1,493,187
FRS Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	<u>(1,847,682)</u>	<u>(1,695,538)</u>	<u>(1,545,118)</u>	<u>(1,471,541)</u>	<u>(1,514,156)</u>	<u>(1,715,072)</u>	<u>(1,493,187)</u>
FRS Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 26,875,862	\$ 25,486,761	\$ 25,110,588	\$ 24,709,326	\$ 25,906,517	\$ 26,594,697	\$ 25,647,878
FRS Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	6.87%	6.65%	6.15%	5.96%	5.84%	6.45%	5.82%

(1) The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

**Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share  
of the Net Pension Liability –  
Health Insurance Subsidy Pension Plan (1)**

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
District's Proportion of the HIS Net Pension Liability	0.076194612%	0.076811655%	0.077470118%	0.083781222%	0.087533775%	0.086330210%	0.084154714%
District's Proportionate Share of the HIS Net Pension Liability	\$ 8,525,415	\$ 8,129,832	\$ 8,283,464	\$ 9,764,354	\$ 8,927,068	\$ 8,072,085	\$ 7,326,774
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 25,486,761	\$ 25,110,558	\$ 24,709,326	\$ 25,906,517	\$ 26,594,697	\$ 25,647,878	\$ 24,471,803
District's Proportionate Share of the HIS Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	33.45%	32.38%	33.52%	37.69%	33.57%	31.47%	29.94%
HIS Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	2.63%	2.15%	1.64%	0.97%	0.50%	0.99%	1.78%

(1) The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

**Schedule of District Contributions –  
Health Insurance Subsidy Pension Plan (1)**

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Contractually Required HIS Contribution	\$ 446,137	\$ 423,101	\$ 430,493	\$ 409,994	\$ 429,432	\$ 334,609	\$ 295,738
HIS Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(446,137)	(423,101)	(430,493)	(409,994)	(429,432)	(334,609)	(295,738)
HIS Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's Covered Payroll	\$26,875,862	\$25,486,761	\$25,110,588	\$24,709,326	\$25,906,517	\$26,594,697	\$25,647,878
HIS Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	1.66%	1.66%	1.71%	1.66%	1.66%	1.26%	1.15%

(1) The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

**NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

**1. Budgetary Basis of Accounting**

The Board follows procedures established by State law and State Board of Education (SBE) rules in establishing budget balances for governmental funds, as described below:

- Budgets are prepared, public hearings are held, and original budgets are adopted annually for all governmental fund types in accordance with procedures and time intervals prescribed by law and SBE rules.
- Appropriations are controlled at the object level (e.g., salaries, purchased services, and capital outlay) within each activity (e.g., instruction, student transportation services, and school administration) and may be amended by resolution at any Board meeting prior to the due date for the annual financial report.
- Budgets are prepared using the same modified accrual basis as is used to account for governmental funds.
- Budgetary information is integrated into the accounting system and, to facilitate budget control, budget balances are encumbered when purchase orders are issued. Appropriations lapse at fiscal year end and encumbrances outstanding are honored from the subsequent year's appropriations.

## **2. Schedule of Changes in the District's Total Other Postemployment Benefits Liability and Related Ratios**

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meet the criteria in paragraph 4 of Governmental Accounting Standard Board Statement No. 75 to pay related benefits. The June 30, 2020, total OPEB liability decreased from the prior fiscal year as a result of changes in assumptions as discussed below:

- The discount rate decreased from 3.62 percent, as of the beginning of the measurement period, to 3.13 percent as of June 30, 2019.
- The medical claims costs and premiums were updated to reflect scheduled premium information provided for this valuation.
- The retiree medical coverage acceptance assumption was lowered from 25 percent (20 percent for single enrollment and 5 percent for dual enrollment) to 20 percent (15 percent for single enrollment and 5 percent for dual enrollment) to reflect recent plan experience.
- The post-65 retiree medical coverage lapsing assumption was raised from 90 percent to 95 percent to reflect recent plan experience.
- The healthcare cost trend assumption was revised to reflect a lower long-term inflation assumption change from 2.5 percent to 2.25 percent.
- The excise tax decreased from 0.71 percent beginning in 2022 to 0.59 percent beginning in 2023.
- Changes to demographic assumptions, such as rates of mortality, retirements, termination, disability, and salary increases, to match assumptions developed by the FRS and adopted for its July 1, 2019, valuation.

## **3. Schedule of Net Pension Liability and Schedule of Contributions – Florida Retirement System Pension Plan**

*Changes of Assumptions.* In 2019, the long-term expected rate of return was decreased from 7 percent to 6.9 percent, and the mortality assumption was changed from the Generational RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB tables to the PUB-2010 base table, projected generationally with Scale MP-2018.

## **4. Schedule of Net Pension Liability and Schedule of Contributions – Health Insurance Subsidy Pension Plan**

*Changes of Assumptions.* In 2019, the municipal bond rate used to determine total pension liability was decreased from 3.87 percent to 3.5 percent.

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# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

## DeSoto County District School Board Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster	Federal CFDA Number	Pass - Through Entity Identifying Number	Total Expenditures
<b>Clustered</b>			
<b>Child Nutrition Cluster</b>			
United States Department of Agriculture:			
Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services:			
School Breakfast Program	10.553	20002	\$ 342,962.52
National School Lunch Program	10.555	20001, 20003	1,737,830.50
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	19006, 19007, 20006, 20007	266,202.30
<b>Total Child Nutrition Cluster</b>			<b>2,346,995.32</b>
<b>Special Education Cluster</b>			
United States Department of Education:			
Special Education - Grants to States:			
Florida Department of Education	84.027	263	1,460,262.63
Highlands County District School Board		None	92,227.46
University of South Florida		None	21,175.00
Total Special Education - Grants to States	84.027		1,573,665.09
Special Education - Preschool Grants:			
Florida Department of Education	84.173	267	43,956.12
<b>Total Special Education Cluster</b>			<b>1,617,621.21</b>
<b>Not Clustered</b>			
<b>United States Department of Agriculture</b>			
Florida Department of Health:			
Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558	A5585	63,805.60
Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services:			
Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program	10.582	20004	47,423.86
<b>Total United States Department of Agriculture</b>			<b>111,229.46</b>
<b>United States Department of Defense</b>			
Army Junior Reserve Officers Training Corps	12.UNK	N/A	60,462.64
<b>United States Department of Justice</b>			
Public Safety Partnership and Community Policing Grants	16.710	N/A	115,029.47
<b>United States Department of Education</b>			
Florida Department of Education:			
Adult Education - Basic Grants to States	84.002	191, 193	200,384.00
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	212, 223	2,893,132.95
Migrant Education - State Grant Program	84.011	217	445,627.65
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	161	115,576.45
Education for Homeless Children and Youth	84.196	127	29,112.84
Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers	84.287	244	390,473.28
Rural Education	84.358	110	88,946.13
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365	102	85,723.27
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	224	265,793.04
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	241	185,966.34
Hurricane Education Recovery	84.938	105	26,044.00
Florida Gulf Coast University:			
Special Education - State Personnel Development	84.323	170	19,037.91
<b>Total United States Department of Education</b>			<b>4,745,817.86</b>
<b>United States Department of Homeland Security:</b>			
Florida Division of Emergency Management:			
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)	97.036	Z1127	837,243.60
<b>Total Expenditures of Federal Awards</b>			<b>\$ 9,834,399.56</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this Schedule.

- Notes: (1) Basis of Presentation. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Schedule) includes the Federal award activity of the DeSoto County District School Board under programs of the Federal Government for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of the District.
- (2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies. Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
- (3) Indirect Cost Rate. The District has not elected to use the 10 percent de minimis cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.
- (4) Noncash Assistance – National School Lunch Program. Includes \$64,481.67 of donated food used during the fiscal year. Donated foods are valued at fair value as determined at the time of donation.
- (5) Disaster Grants – Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disaster). The District incurred \$837,243.60 in expenditures for the Disaster Grants – Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disaster) grant in the 2017-18 and 2018-19 fiscal years.



Sherrill F. Norman, CPA  
Auditor General

# AUDITOR GENERAL STATE OF FLORIDA

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The President of the Senate, the Speaker of the  
House of Representatives, and the  
Legislative Auditing Committee

## **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS**

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the DeSoto County District School Board as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 1, 2021, included under the heading **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statement of the school internal funds, as described in our report on the District's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a

timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, rules, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,



Sherrill F. Norman, CPA  
Tallahassee, Florida  
February 1, 2021



Sherrill F. Norman, CPA  
Auditor General

# AUDITOR GENERAL STATE OF FLORIDA

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The President of the Senate, the Speaker of the  
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Legislative Auditing Committee

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the DeSoto County District School Board's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major Federal programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. The District's major Federal programs are identified in **SECTION I – SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS** of the accompanying **SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS**.

### *Management's Responsibility*

Management is responsible for compliance with Federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its Federal awards applicable to its Federal programs.

### *Auditor's Responsibility*

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major Federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major Federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major Federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

### ***Opinion on Each Major Federal Program***

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major Federal programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

District management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major Federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major Federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

*A deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program on a timely basis. *A material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,



Sherrill F. Norman, CPA  
Tallahassee, Florida  
February 1, 2021

# **SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS**

## **SECTION I – SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS**

### **Financial Statements**

Type of auditor's report issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with GAAP:	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	None reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	No

### **Federal Awards**

Internal control over major Federal programs:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	None reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major Federal programs:	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	No
Identification of major Federal programs:	
CFDA Numbers:	Name of Federal Program or Cluster:
84.011	Migrant Education State Grant Program
84.027 and 84.173	Special Education Cluster
97.036	Disaster Grants – Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	\$750,000
Auditee qualified as low risk auditee?	Yes

## **SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS**

No matters are reported.

## **SECTION III – FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS**

No matters are reported.

## ***PRIOR AUDIT FOLLOW-UP***

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There were no prior financial statement or Federal award findings requiring follow-up.

## ***SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS***

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The District did not have prior audit findings required to be reported under 2 CFR 200.511.