

Report No. 2022-141
March 2022

STATE OF FLORIDA AUDITOR GENERAL

Financial Audit

PENSACOLA STATE COLLEGE

For the Fiscal Year Ended
June 30, 2021



Sherrill F. Norman, CPA
Auditor General

Board of Trustees and President

During the 2020-21 fiscal year, Dr. Charles E. Meadows served as President of Pensacola State College and the following individuals served as Members of the Board of Trustees:

	<u>County</u>
Marjorie T. Moore, Chair from 1-19-21 ^a , Vice Chair through 1-18-21	Escambia Escambia
Harold Edward Moore, Vice Chair from 1-19-21	Escambia
Herbert Woll, through 12-22-20, ^a Chair	Escambia
Carol H. Carlan	Escambia
Patrick R. Dawson	Santa Rosa
Kevin Robert Lacz	Santa Rosa
Julian MacQueen from 12-23-20 ^b	Santa Rosa
Dr. Troy Tippet from 12-23-20	Escambia

^a Chair position vacant from 12-23-20, through 1-18-21.

^b Trustee position vacant from 7-1-20, through 12-22-20.

Note: Two Trustee positions were vacant during the entire period.

The Auditor General conducts audits of governmental entities to provide the Legislature, Florida's citizens, public entity management, and other stakeholders unbiased, timely, and relevant information for use in promoting government accountability and stewardship and improving government operations.

The team leader was Debbie S. Jabaley, CPA, and the audit was supervised by Kenneth C. Danley, CPA.

Please address inquiries regarding this report to Jaime N. Hoelscher, CPA, Audit Manager, by e-mail at jaimehoelscher@aud.state.fl.us or by telephone at (850) 412-2868.

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PENSACOLA STATE COLLEGE
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SUMMARY

SUMMARY OF REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our audit disclosed that the basic financial statements of Pensacola State College (a component unit of the State of Florida) were presented fairly, in all material respects, in accordance with prescribed financial reporting standards.

SUMMARY OF REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE

Our audit did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses.

The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

AUDIT OBJECTIVES AND SCOPE

Our audit objectives were to determine whether Pensacola State College and its officers with administrative and stewardship responsibilities for College operations had:

- Presented the College's basic financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
- Established and implemented internal control over financial reporting and compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements; and
- Complied with the various provisions of laws, rules, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements that are material to the financial statements.

The scope of this audit included an examination of the College's basic financial statements as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. We obtained an understanding of the College's environment, including its internal control, and assessed the risk of material misstatement necessary to plan the audit of the basic financial statements. We also examined various transactions to determine whether they were executed, in both manner and substance, in accordance with governing provisions of laws, rules, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements.

An examination of Federal awards administered by the College is included within the scope of our Statewide audit of Federal awards administered by the State of Florida.

AUDIT METHODOLOGY

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and applicable standards contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.



Sherrill F. Norman, CPA
Auditor General

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The President of the Senate, the Speaker of the
House of Representatives, and the
Legislative Auditing Committee

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Pensacola State College, a component unit of the State of Florida, and its aggregate discretely presented component units as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the College's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the aggregate discretely presented component units, which represent 100 percent of the transactions and account balances of the aggregate discretely presented component units columns. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the aggregate discretely presented component units, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the

assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of Pensacola State College and of its aggregate discretely presented component units as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matter

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that **MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**, the **Schedule of Changes in the College's Total Other Postemployment Benefits Liability and Related Ratios**, **Schedule of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – Florida Retirement System Pension Plan**, **Schedule of College Contributions – Florida Retirement System Pension Plan**, **Schedule of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – Health Insurance Subsidy Pension Plan**, **Schedule of College Contributions – Health Insurance Subsidy Pension Plan**, and **Notes to Required Supplementary Information**, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 8, 2022, on our consideration of Pensacola State College's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, rules, regulations, contracts, and grant

agreements and other matters included under the heading **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS**. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Pensacola State College's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Respectfully submitted,



Sherrill F. Norman, CPA
Tallahassee, Florida
March 8, 2022

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

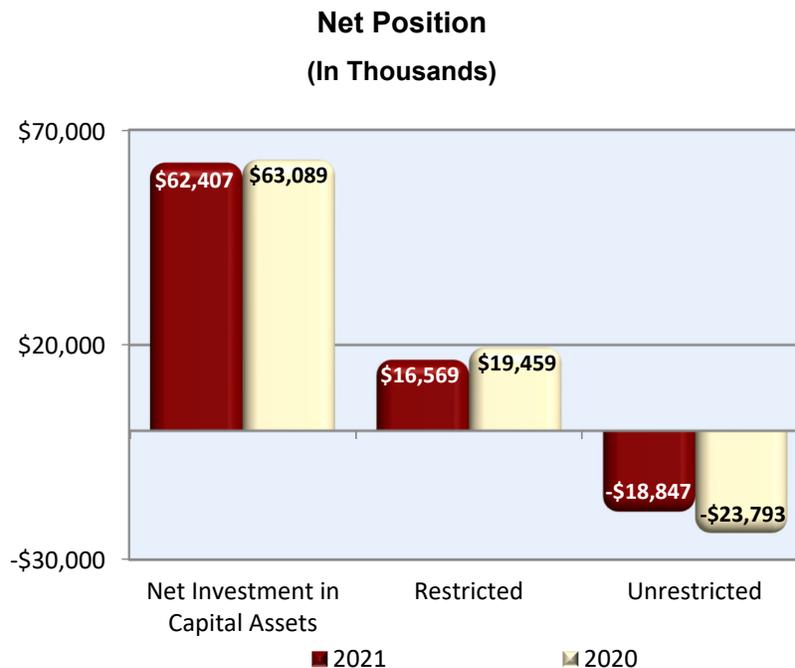
Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) provides an overview of the financial position and activities of the College for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, and should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes thereto. The MD&A, and financial statements and notes thereto, are the responsibility of College management. The MD&A contains financial activity of the College for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2021, and June 30, 2020, and its component units, the Pensacola State College Foundation, Inc. for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2020, and December 31, 2019, and the WSRE-TV Foundation, Inc. for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2021, and June 30, 2020.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The College's assets and deferred outflows of resources totaled \$118.9 million at June 30, 2021. This balance reflects a \$15.2 million, or 14.7 percent, increase as compared to the 2019-20 fiscal year. In addition to the assets and deferred outflows of resources increase, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources increased by \$13.7 million, or 30.4 percent, totaling \$58.7 million at June 30, 2021. As a result, the College's net position increased \$1.4 million, resulting in a fiscal year-end balance of \$60.1 million.

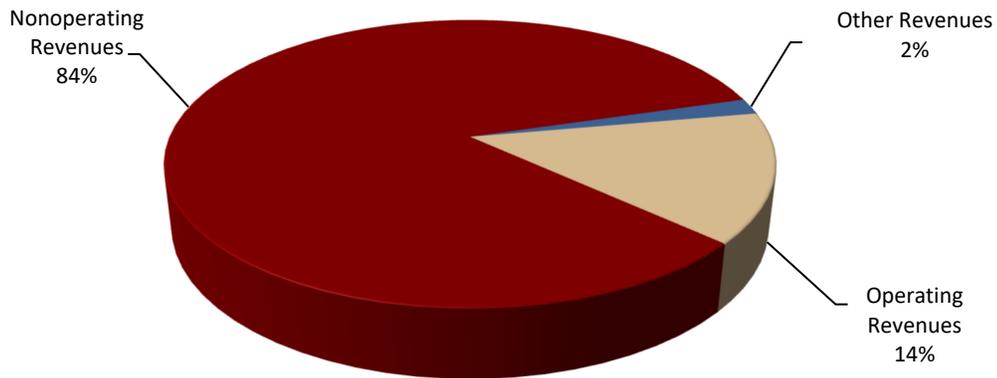
The College's operating revenues totaled \$13.4 million for the 2020-21 fiscal year, representing a 2.9 percent decrease compared to the 2019-20 fiscal year. Operating expenses totaled \$90.7 million for the 2020-21 fiscal year, representing a decrease of 0.3 percent as compared to the 2019-20 fiscal year.

Net position represents the residual interest in the College's assets and deferred outflows of resources after deducting liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The College's comparative total net position by category for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2021, and June 30, 2020, is shown in the following graph:



The following chart provides a graphical presentation of College revenues by category for the 2020-21 fiscal year:

Total Revenues 2020-21 Fiscal Year



OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Pursuant to Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 35, the College's financial report consists of three basic financial statements: the statement of net position; the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position; and the statement of cash flows. The financial statements, and notes thereto, encompass the College and its component units:

- Pensacola State College (Primary Institution) – Most of the programs and services generally associated with a college fall into this category, including instruction, public service, and support services.
- Pensacola State College Foundation, Inc. (Component Unit) – Although legally separate, this component unit is important because the College is financially accountable for it, as the College reports its financial activities to the State of Florida. This component unit provides funding and services to support and foster the pursuit of higher education at the College.
- WSRE-TV Foundation, Inc. (Component Unit) – Although legally separate, this component unit is important because the College is financially accountable for it, as the College reports its financial activities to the State of Florida. This component unit provides funding and services to support and foster the activities, operations, and capital needs of WSRE-TV, a public telecommunications station owned and operated by the College.

Based on the application of the criteria for determining component units, the Pensacola State College Foundation, Inc. and the WSRE-TV Foundation, Inc. are included within the College reporting entity as discretely presented component units.

Information regarding these component units, including summaries of the discretely presented component units' separately issued financial statements, is presented in the notes to financial statements.

The Statement of Net Position

The statement of net position reflects the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources of the College, using the accrual basis of accounting, and presents the financial position of the College at a specified time. Assets, plus deferred outflows of resources, less liabilities,

less deferred inflows of resources, equals net position, which is one indicator of the College's current financial condition. The changes in net position that occur over time indicate improvement or deterioration in the College's financial condition.

The following summarizes the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position of the College and its component units for the respective fiscal years ended:

Condensed Statement of Net Position at June 30

	(In Thousands)			
	College		Component Units (1)	
	6-30-21	6-30-20	2021	2020
Assets				
Current Assets	\$ 30,707	\$ 13,186	\$ 22,302	\$ 18,912
Capital Assets, Net	62,407	63,089	263	181
Other Noncurrent Assets	13,891	16,813	15,336	14,315
Total Assets	<u>107,005</u>	<u>93,088</u>	<u>37,901</u>	<u>33,408</u>
Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>11,853</u>	<u>10,622</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Liabilities				
Current Liabilities	16,106	6,228	404	243
Noncurrent Liabilities	40,898	35,220	-	131
Total Liabilities	<u>57,004</u>	<u>41,448</u>	<u>404</u>	<u>374</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>1,725</u>	<u>3,507</u>	<u>198</u>	<u>184</u>
Net Position				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	62,407	63,089	152	182
Restricted	16,569	19,459	33,683	29,639
Unrestricted	(18,847)	(23,793)	3,464	3,029
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 60,129</u>	<u>\$ 58,755</u>	<u>\$ 37,299</u>	<u>\$ 32,850</u>

(1) For the 2021 year, the amounts reported are for the WSRE-TV Foundation, Inc. fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, and for the Pensacola State College Foundation, Inc. fiscal year ended December 31, 2020. For the 2020 year, the amounts reported are for the WSRE-TV Foundation, Inc. fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, and for the Pensacola State College Foundation, Inc. fiscal year ended December 31, 2019.

College assets increased by \$13.9 million, or 14.9 percent, primarily due to the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act COVID-19 grant receivables and Hurricane Sally receivables. Likewise, the \$15.6 million increase in College liabilities is primarily attributed to payables related to Hurricane Sally recovery and pension liabilities.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

The statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position presents the College's revenue and expense activity, categorized as operating and nonoperating. Revenues and expenses are recognized when earned or incurred, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The following summarizes the activity of the College and its component units for the respective fiscal years:

**Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position
For the Fiscal Years**

(In Thousands)

	College		Component Units (1)	
	2020-21	2019-20	2021	2020
Operating Revenues	\$ 13,374	\$ 13,771	\$ 2,398	\$ 3,470
Less, Operating Expenses	90,735	90,992	2,942	3,534
Operating Loss	(77,361)	(77,221)	(544)	(64)
Net Nonoperating Revenues	77,098	67,831	4,473	5,179
Income (Loss) Before Other Revenues	(263)	(9,390)	3,929	5,115
Other Revenues	1,637	2,401	520	465
Net Increase (Decrease) In Net Position	1,374	(6,989)	4,449	5,580
Net Position, Beginning of Year	58,755	65,744	32,850	27,270
Net Position, End of Year	<u>\$ 60,129</u>	<u>\$ 58,755</u>	<u>\$ 37,299</u>	<u>\$ 32,850</u>

(1) For the 2021 year, the amounts reported are for the WSRE-TV Foundation, Inc. fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, and for the Pensacola State College Foundation, Inc. fiscal year ended December 31, 2020. For the 2020 year, the amounts reported are for the WSRE-TV Foundation, Inc. fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, and for the Pensacola State College Foundation, Inc. fiscal year ended December 31, 2019.

Operating Revenues

GASB Statement No. 35 categorizes revenues as either operating or nonoperating. Operating revenues generally result from exchange transactions where each of the parties to the transaction either gives or receives something of equal or similar value.

The following summarizes the operating revenues by source for the College and its component units that were used to fund operating activities for the respective fiscal years ended:

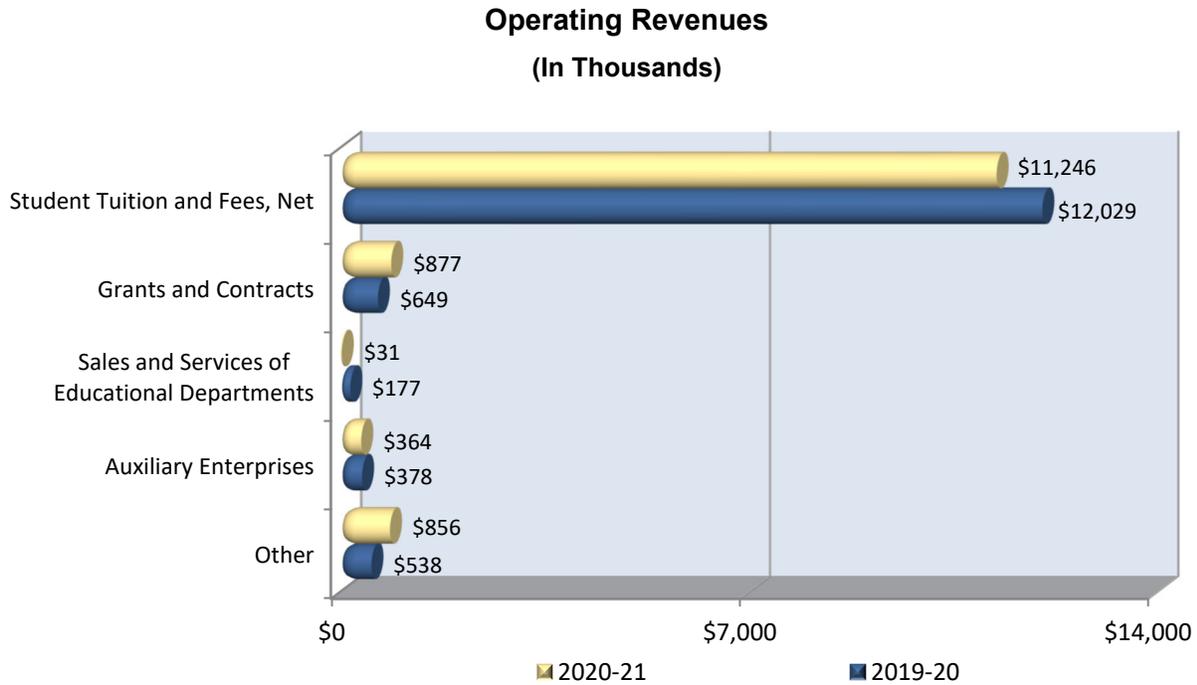
**Operating Revenues
For the Fiscal Years**

(In Thousands)

	College		Component Units (1)	
	2020-21	2019-20	2021	2020
Student Tuition and Fees, Net	\$ 11,246	\$ 12,029	\$ -	\$ -
Grants and Contracts	877	649	-	-
Sales and Services of Educational Departments	31	177	-	-
Auxiliary Enterprises	364	378	-	-
Other	856	538	2,398	3,470
Total Operating Revenues	<u>\$ 13,374</u>	<u>\$ 13,771</u>	<u>\$ 2,398</u>	<u>\$ 3,470</u>

(1) For the 2021 year, the amounts reported are for the WSRE-TV Foundation, Inc. fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, and for the Pensacola State College Foundation, Inc. fiscal year ended December 31, 2020. For the 2020 year, the amounts reported are for the WSRE-TV Foundation, Inc. fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, and for the Pensacola State College Foundation, Inc. fiscal year ended December 31, 2019.

The following chart presents the College's operating revenues for the 2020-21 and 2019-20 fiscal years:



College operating revenues did not change significantly from the prior fiscal year.

Operating Expenses

Expenses are categorized as operating or nonoperating. The majority of the College's expenses are operating expenses as defined by GASB Statement No. 35. GASB gives financial reporting entities the choice of reporting operating expenses in the functional or natural classifications. The College has chosen to report the expenses in their natural classification on the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position and has displayed the functional classification in the notes to financial statements.

The following summarizes operating expenses by natural classification for the College and its component units for the respective fiscal years:

Operating Expenses For the Fiscal Years

(In Thousands)

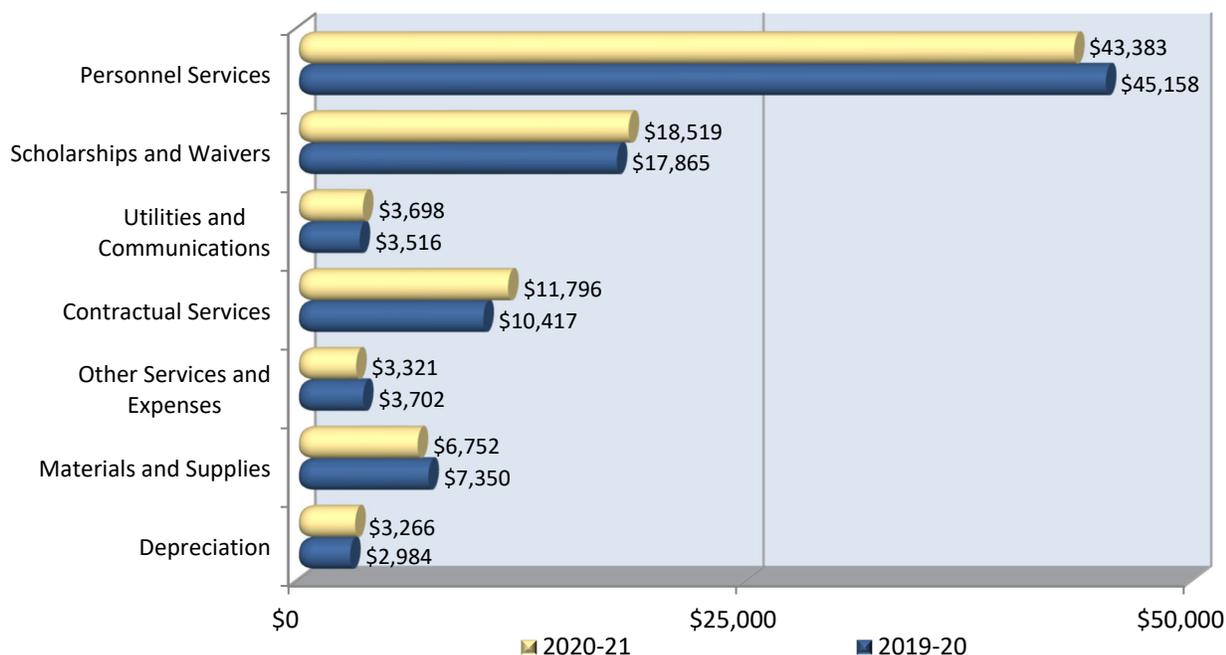
	College		Component Units (1)	
	2020-21	2019-20	2021	2020
Personnel Services	\$ 43,383	\$ 45,158	\$ -	\$ -
Scholarships and Waivers	18,519	17,865	686	508
Utilities and Communications	3,698	3,516	12	14
Contractual Services	11,796	10,417	710	797
Other Services and Expenses	3,321	3,702	1,268	1,861
Materials and Supplies	6,752	7,350	228	323
Depreciation	3,266	2,984	38	31
Total Operating Expenses	\$ 90,735	\$ 90,992	\$ 2,942	\$ 3,534

(1) For the 2021 year, the amounts reported are for the WSRE-TV Foundation, Inc. fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, and for the Pensacola State College Foundation, Inc. fiscal year ended December 31, 2020. For the 2020 year, the amounts reported are for the WSRE-TV Foundation, Inc. fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, and for the Pensacola State College Foundation, Inc. fiscal year ended December 31, 2019.

The following chart presents the College's operating expenses for the 2020-21 and 2019-20 fiscal years:

Operating Expenses

(In Thousands)



College operating expenses did not change significantly from the prior fiscal year.

Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses

Certain revenue sources that the College relies on to provide funding for operations, including State noncapital appropriations, Federal and State student financial aid, certain gifts and grants, and

investment income are defined by GASB as nonoperating. Nonoperating expenses include capital financing costs and other costs related to capital assets. The following summarizes the College's nonoperating revenues and expenses for the 2020-21 and 2019-20 fiscal years:

**Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)
For the Fiscal Years**

(In Thousands)

	2020-21	2019-20
State Noncapital Appropriations	\$ 37,451	\$ 37,001
Federal and State Student Financial Aid	23,419	23,591
Gifts and Grants	13,906	7,132
Investment Income	35	103
Other Nonoperating Revenues	2,290	7
Loss on Disposal of Capital Assets	(3)	(2)
Interest on Capital Asset-Related Debt	-	(1)
	\$ 77,098	\$ 67,831

Gifts and grants increased by \$6.8 million due, in part, to CARES grant funding in the 2020-21 fiscal year.

Other Revenues

This category is composed of State capital appropriations and capital grants, contracts, gifts, and fees. The following summarizes the College's other revenues for the 2020-21 and 2019-20 fiscal years:

**Other Revenues
For the Fiscal Years**

(In Thousands)

	2020-21	2019-20
State Capital Appropriations	\$ 209	\$ 453
Capital Grants, Contracts, Gifts, and Fees	1,428	1,948
Total	\$ 1,637	\$ 2,401

College other revenues did not change significantly from the prior fiscal year.

The Statement of Cash Flows

The statement of cash flows provides information about the College's financial results by reporting the major sources and uses of cash and cash equivalents. This statement will assist in evaluating the College's ability to generate net cash flows, its ability to meet its financial obligations as they come due, and its need for external financing. Cash flows from operating activities show the net cash used by the operating activities of the College. Cash flows from capital financing activities include all plant funds and related long-term debt activities. Cash flows from investing activities show the net source and use of cash related to purchasing or selling investments, and earning income on those investments. Cash flows from noncapital financing activities include those activities not covered in other sections.

The following summarizes the College's cash flows for the 2020-21 and 2019-20 fiscal years:

**Condensed Statement of Cash Flows
For the Fiscal Years
(In Thousands)**

	2020-21	2019-20
Cash Provided (Used) by:		
Operating Activities	\$ (70,879)	\$ (72,383)
Noncapital Financing Activities	69,600	67,721
Capital and Related Financing Activities	(958)	(1,879)
Investing Activities	35	103
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(2,202)	(6,438)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	25,355	31,793
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$ 23,153	\$ 25,355

Major sources of funds came from State noncapital appropriations (\$37.5 million), Federal and State student financial aid (\$20.9 million), and net student tuition and fees (\$11 million). Major uses of funds were for payments to employees and for employee benefits (\$40.4 million), payments to suppliers (\$22.3 million), and payments for scholarships (\$18.5 million).

**CAPITAL ASSETS, CAPITAL EXPENSES AND COMMITMENTS,
AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION**

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2021, the College had \$134.6 million in capital assets, less accumulated depreciation of \$72.2 million, for net capital assets of \$62.4 million. Depreciation charges for the current fiscal year totaled \$3.3 million. The following table summarizes the College's capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, at June 30:

**Capital Assets, Net at June 30
(In Thousands)**

	2021	2020
Land	\$ 12,795	\$ 12,795
Artwork/Artifacts	146	146
Construction in Progress	47	14,095
Buildings	44,506	30,894
Other Structures and Improvements	659	541
Furniture, Machinery, and Equipment	4,254	4,618
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 62,407	\$ 63,089

Additional information about the College's capital assets is presented in the notes to financial statements.

Capital Expenses and Commitments

The College is in the planning stages of building a new Truck Driving facility to support the Truck Driving Vocational Program. Though major capital expenses have not begun as of June 30, 2021, a small

amount of expense was incurred. The College is expected to engage in a contract for the construction of this building, in the 2021-22 fiscal year, with the estimated amount of \$5.4 million.

Debt Administration

The State Board of Education issues capital outlay bonds on behalf of the College. During the 2020-21 fiscal year, there were no bond sales and the College has no remaining debt repayments.

ECONOMIC FACTORS THAT WILL AFFECT THE FUTURE

The College’s economic condition is closely tied to that of the State of Florida. Because of limited economic growth linked to the COVID-19 pandemic and increased demand for State resources, increases in State funding are not anticipated in the 2022-23 fiscal year. The College’s 2021-22 fiscal year budget was prepared with a slight increase in State funding. Student enrollment is down slightly and the ensuing shortfall in revenues is being backfilled with Federal COVID relief funds, so the College’s overall financial position is stable. The College has adequate reserves coupled with budgetary reduction plans to help cover pandemic-related economic issues. Additionally, the College was awarded \$41.7 million in Federal CARES Act funds which will continue to assist students in the form of emergency grant aid and also assist in enhancing online learning initiatives, cover certain technology needs, and address safety issues resulting from the pandemic so that all campuses can be open safely for students and staff.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

Questions concerning information provided in the MD&A or other required supplementary information, and financial statements and notes thereto, or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Vice President for Business Affairs, Pensacola State College, 1000 College Boulevard, Pensacola, Florida 32504.

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

PENSACOLA STATE COLLEGE
A Component Unit of the State of Florida
Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2021

	College	Component Units
ASSETS		
Current Assets:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 9,553,871	\$ 2,029,272
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	730,162	-
Investments	-	20,042,801
Accounts Receivable, Net	10,380,916	138,840
Notes Receivable, Net	64,284	-
Due from Other Governmental Agencies	8,143,256	-
Due from Component Unit	67,328	-
Prepaid Expenses	1,766,982	66,471
Deposits	400	-
Other Current Assets	-	25,000
Total Current Assets	30,707,199	22,302,384
Noncurrent Assets:		
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	12,868,823	-
Investments	-	14,632,748
Prepaid Expenses	1,021,548	-
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	49,419,208	263,368
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	12,988,232	-
Other Noncurrent Assets	-	702,743
Total Noncurrent Assets	76,297,811	15,598,859
TOTAL ASSETS	107,005,010	37,901,243
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Other Postemployment Benefits	382,910	-
Pensions	11,469,962	-
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	11,852,872	-
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable	10,353,962	106,509
Salary and Payroll Taxes Payable	2,210,623	-
Unearned Revenue	2,455,455	153,064
Deposits Held for Others	397,626	-
Long-Term Liabilities - Current Portion:		
Compensated Absences Payable	579,479	-
Other Postemployment Benefits Payable	15,695	-
Net Pension Liability	92,882	-
Other Long-Term Liabilities	-	144,240
Total Current Liabilities	16,105,722	403,813

	<u>College</u>	<u>Component Units</u>
LIABILITIES (Continued)		
Noncurrent Liabilities:		
Compensated Absences Payable	4,366,847	-
Other Postemployment Benefits Payable	1,370,654	-
Net Pension Liability	35,160,410	-
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	<u>40,897,911</u>	<u>-</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES	<u>57,003,633</u>	<u>403,813</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Other Postemployment Benefits	43,459	-
Pensions	1,681,947	-
Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements	-	198,076
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	<u>1,725,406</u>	<u>198,076</u>
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	62,407,440	151,615
Restricted:		
Nonexpendable:		
Endowment	-	11,821,324
Expendable:		
Endowment	-	1,560,942
Grants and Loans	2,472,815	-
Scholarships	396,845	-
Capital Projects	13,698,993	-
Other	-	20,301,287
Unrestricted	<u>(18,847,250)</u>	<u>3,464,186</u>
TOTAL NET POSITION	<u>\$ 60,128,843</u>	<u>\$ 37,299,354</u>

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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PENSACOLA STATE COLLEGE
A Component Unit of the State of Florida
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	<u>College</u>	<u>Component Units</u>
REVENUES		
Operating Revenues:		
Student Tuition and Fees, Net of Scholarship Allowances of \$7,200,798	\$ 11,246,421	\$ -
Federal Grants and Contracts	876,613	-
Sales and Services of Educational Departments	31,518	-
Auxiliary Enterprises	363,556	-
Other Operating Revenues	855,944	2,398,076
Total Operating Revenues	<u>13,374,052</u>	<u>2,398,076</u>
EXPENSES		
Operating Expenses:		
Personnel Services	43,383,346	-
Scholarships and Waivers	18,518,933	685,863
Utilities and Communications	3,697,546	12,321
Contractual Services	11,796,266	709,595
Other Services and Expenses	3,320,749	1,268,066
Materials and Supplies	6,752,079	228,038
Depreciation	3,266,349	38,475
Total Operating Expenses	<u>90,735,268</u>	<u>2,942,358</u>
Operating Loss	<u>(77,361,216)</u>	<u>(544,282)</u>
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
State Noncapital Appropriations	37,450,965	-
Federal and State Student Financial Aid	23,419,089	-
Gifts and Grants Received for Other Than Capital or Endowment Purposes	13,905,964	-
Net Gain on Investment	-	3,887,518
Investment Income	34,862	585,999
Other Nonoperating Revenues	2,289,924	-
Loss on Disposal of Capital Assets	(2,677)	-
Net Nonoperating Revenues	<u>77,098,127</u>	<u>4,473,517</u>
Income (Loss) Before Other Revenues	<u>(263,089)</u>	<u>3,929,235</u>
State Capital Appropriations	208,800	-
Capital Grants, Contracts, Gifts, and Fees	1,428,035	-
Additions to Endowments	-	520,248
Total Other Revenues	<u>1,636,835</u>	<u>520,248</u>
Increase in Net Position	<u>1,373,746</u>	<u>4,449,483</u>
Net Position, Beginning of Year	58,755,097	32,849,871
Net Position, End of Year	<u>\$ 60,128,843</u>	<u>\$ 37,299,354</u>

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

PENSACOLA STATE COLLEGE
A Component Unit of the State of Florida
Statement of Cash Flows

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	College
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Student Tuition and Fees, Net	\$ 10,989,319
Grants and Contracts	1,595,277
Payments to Suppliers	(22,279,548)
Payments for Utilities and Communications	(3,697,546)
Payments to Employees	(30,267,426)
Payments for Employee Benefits	(10,151,785)
Payments for Scholarships	(18,511,832)
Loans Issued to Students	(1,117,898)
Collection on Loans to Students	1,131,334
Auxiliary Enterprises	367,833
Sales and Services of Educational Departments	31,518
Other Receipts	1,032,179
	(70,878,575)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
State Noncapital Appropriations	37,450,965
Federal and State Student Financial Aid	20,884,141
Federal Direct Loan Program Receipts	2,456,953
Federal Direct Loan Program Disbursements	(3,003,694)
Gifts and Grants Received for Other Than Capital or Endowment Purposes	9,521,539
Other Nonoperating Revenue	2,289,924
	69,599,828
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
State Capital Appropriations	1,308,415
Capital Grants and Gifts	1,422,585
Purchases of Capital Assets	(3,689,116)
	(958,116)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Investment Income	34,862
	(2,202,001)
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(2,202,001)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	25,354,857
	\$ 23,152,856

	<u>College</u>
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS	
TO NET CASH USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Operating Loss	\$ (77,361,216)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Used by Operating Activities:	
Depreciation Expense	3,266,349
Changes in Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources:	
Receivables, Net	(9,918,360)
Prepaid Expenses	(348,287)
Accounts Payable	9,581,501
Salaries and Payroll Taxes Payable	203,055
Unearned Revenue	758,699
Deposits Held for Others	176,235
Compensated Absences Payable	(332,792)
Other Postemployment Benefits Payable	224,264
Net Pension Liability	5,884,163
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Other Postemployment Benefits	(89,084)
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Other Postemployment Benefits	(8,570)
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions	(1,141,308)
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions	(1,773,224)
NET CASH USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	<u>\$ (70,878,575)</u>

SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF NONCASH CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES

Losses from the disposal of capital assets were recognized on the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position, but are not cash transactions for the statement of cash flows.	\$ (2,677)
Donation of capital assets were recognized on the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position, but are not cash transactions for the statement of cash flows.	\$ 5,450

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity. The governing body of Pensacola State College, a component unit of the State of Florida, is the College Board of Trustees. The Board of Trustees constitutes a corporation and is composed of nine members appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Senate. There were seven active Board members at the College as of June 30, 2021. The Board of Trustees is under the general direction and control of the Florida Department of Education, Division of Florida Colleges, and is governed by State law and State Board of Education (SBE) rules. However, the Board of Trustees is directly responsible for the day-to-day operations and control of the College within the framework of applicable State laws and SBE rules. The College serves Escambia and Santa Rosa Counties.

Criteria for defining the reporting entity are identified and described in the Governmental Accounting Standards Board's (GASB) *Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards*, Sections 2100 and 2600. These criteria were used to evaluate potential component units for which the Board of Trustees is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the Board of Trustees are such that exclusion would cause the College's financial statements to be misleading. Based on the application of these criteria, the College is a component unit of the State of Florida, and its financial balances and activities are reported in the State's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report by discrete presentation.

Discretely Presented Component Units. Based on the application of the criteria for determining component units, the following component units are included within the College's reporting entity:

- Pensacola State College Foundation, Inc.: This legally separate organization provides funding and services to support and foster the pursuit of higher education at the College and is governed by a separate board.
- WSRE-TV Foundation, Inc.: This legally separate organization provides funding and services to support and foster the activities, operations, and capital needs of WSRE-TV, a public telecommunications station operated by the College, and is governed by a separate board.

The College's component units, as described above, are also direct-support organizations, as defined in Section 1004.70, Florida Statutes, and although legally separate from the College, are financially accountable to the College. The component units are managed independently, outside the College's budgeting process, and their powers generally are vested in a governing board pursuant to various State statutes. The component units receive, hold, invest, and administer property, and make expenditures to or for the benefit of the College.

The College's component units are audited by other auditors pursuant to Section 1004.70(6), Florida Statutes. The audited financial statements of each component unit are available to the public and can be obtained from the Vice President for Business Affairs, Pensacola State College, 1000 College Boulevard, Pensacola, Florida 32504. The financial data reported on the accompanying financial statements for the Pensacola State College Foundation, Inc. was derived from audited financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020. The financial data reported on the accompanying financial statements for the WSRE-TV Foundation, Inc. was derived from audited financial

statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. Additional condensed financial statements for the College's component units are included in a subsequent note.

Basis of Presentation. The College's accounting policies conform with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to public colleges and universities as prescribed by GASB. The National Association of College and University Business Officers (NACUBO) also provides the College with recommendations prescribed in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles promulgated by GASB and the Financial Accounting Standards Board. GASB allows public colleges various reporting options. The College has elected to report as an entity engaged in only business-type activities. This election requires the adoption of the accrual basis of accounting and entitywide reporting including the following components:

- Management's Discussion and Analysis
- Basic Financial Statements:
 - Statement of Net Position
 - Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position
 - Statement of Cash Flows
 - Notes to Financial Statements
- Other Required Supplementary Information

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting. Basis of accounting refers to when revenues, expenses, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Specifically, it relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied. The College's financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources resulting from nonexchange activities are generally recognized when all applicable eligibility requirements, including time requirements, are met. The College follows GASB standards of accounting and financial reporting.

The College's component units use the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting whereby revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred and follow GASB standards of accounting and financial reporting.

Significant interdepartmental sales between auxiliary service departments and other institutional departments have been accounted for as reductions of expenses and not revenues of those departments.

The College's principal operating activity is instruction. Operating revenues and expenses generally include all fiscal transactions directly related to instruction as well as administration, academic support, student services, physical plant operations, and depreciation of capital assets. Nonoperating revenues include State noncapital appropriations, Federal and State student financial aid, gifts and grants, investment income, and other nonoperating revenues. Interest on capital asset-related debt is a nonoperating expense. Other revenues generally include revenues for capital construction projects.

The statement of net position is presented in a classified format to distinguish between current and noncurrent assets and liabilities. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available to fund certain programs, it is the College's policy to first apply the restricted resources to such programs followed by the use of the unrestricted resources.

The statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position is presented by major sources and is reported net of tuition scholarship allowances. Tuition scholarship allowances are the difference between the stated charge for goods and services provided by the College and the amount that is actually paid by the student or the third-party making payment on behalf of the student. To the extent that these resources are used to pay student charges, the College records a scholarship allowance against tuition and fees.

The statement of cash flows is presented using the direct method in compliance with GASB Statement No. 9, *Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Nonexpendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting*.

Cash and Cash Equivalents. The amount reported as cash and cash equivalents consists of cash on hand, cash in demand accounts, and cash invested with the State Board of Administration (SBA) Florida PRIME investment pool. For reporting cash flows, the College considers all highly liquid investments with original maturities of 3 months or less, that are not held solely for income or profit, to be cash equivalents. Under this definition, the College considers amounts invested in the SBA Florida PRIME investment pool to be cash equivalents.

College cash deposits are held in banks qualified as public depositories under Florida law. All such deposits are insured by Federal depository insurance, up to specified limits, or collateralized with securities held in Florida's multiple financial institution collateral pool required by Chapter 280, Florida Statutes. Cash and cash equivalents that are externally restricted to make debt service payments, maintain sinking or reserve funds, or to purchase or construct capital or other restricted assets are classified as restricted.

At June 30, 2021, the College reported as cash equivalents \$3,428,657 in the Florida PRIME investment pool administered by the SBA pursuant to Section 218.405, Florida Statutes. The College's investments in the Florida PRIME investment pool, which the SBA indicates is a Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 2a7-like external investment pool, are similar to money market funds in which shares are owned in the fund rather than the underlying investments. The Florida PRIME investment pool carried a credit rating of AAAM by Standard & Poor's and had a weighted-average days to maturity (WAM) of 50 days as of June 30, 2021. A portfolio's WAM reflects the average maturity in days based on final maturity or reset date, in the case of floating-rate instruments. WAM measures the sensitivity of the Florida PRIME investment pool to interest rate changes. The investments in the Florida PRIME investment pool are reported at amortized cost.

Section 218.409(8)(a), Florida Statutes, provides that "the principal, and any part thereof, of each account constituting the trust fund is subject to payment at any time from the moneys in the trust fund. However, the executive director may, in good faith, on the occurrence of an event that has a material impact on liquidity or operations of the trust fund, for 48 hours limit contributions to or withdrawals from the trust fund to ensure that the Board [State Board of Administration] can invest moneys entrusted to it in exercising its fiduciary responsibility. Such action must be immediately disclosed to all participants, the

trustees, the Joint Legislative Auditing Committee, and the Investment Advisory Council. The trustees shall convene an emergency meeting as soon as practicable from the time the executive director has instituted such measures and review the necessity of those measures. If the trustees are unable to convene an emergency meeting before the expiration of the 48-hour moratorium on contributions and withdrawals, the moratorium may be extended by the executive director until the trustees are able to meet to review the necessity for the moratorium. If the trustees agree with such measures, the trustees shall vote to continue the measures for up to an additional 15 days. The trustees must convene and vote to continue any such measures before the expiration of the time limit set, but in no case may the time limit set by the trustees exceed 15 days.” As of June 30, 2021, there were no redemption fees or maximum transaction amounts, or any other requirements that serve to limit a participant’s daily access to 100 percent of their account value.

Capital Assets. College capital assets consist of land, artwork/artifacts, construction in progress, buildings, other structures and improvements, and furniture, machinery, and equipment. These assets are capitalized and recorded at cost at the date of acquisition or at acquisition value at the date received in the case of gifts and purchases of State surplus property. Additions, improvements, and other outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. The College has a capitalization threshold of \$5,000 for tangible personal property, \$25,000 for buildings and other structures and improvements, and \$4,000,000 for intangible assets. Depreciation is computed on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

- Buildings – 40 years
- Other Structures and Improvements – 10 to 25 years
- Furniture, Machinery, and Equipment:
 - Computer Equipment – 3 years
 - Vehicles, Office Machines, and Educational Equipment – 5 years
 - Furniture, Mainframe Computer Equipment, and Television Equipment – 7 years

Noncurrent Liabilities. Noncurrent liabilities include compensated absences payable, other postemployment benefits payable, and net pension liabilities that are not scheduled to be paid within the next fiscal year.

Pensions. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net positions of the Florida Retirement System (FRS) defined benefit plan and the Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) defined benefit plan and additions to/deductions from the FRS and HIS fiduciary net positions have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the FRS and the HIS plans. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

2. Deficit Net Position in Individual Funds

The College reported an unrestricted net position which included a deficit in the current funds - unrestricted, as shown below. This deficit can be attributed to the full recognition of long-term

liabilities (i.e., compensated absences payable, other postemployment benefits (OPEB) payable, and net pension liability) in the current unrestricted funds.

<u>Fund</u>	<u>Net Position</u>
Current Funds - Unrestricted	\$ (19,509,116)
Auxiliary Funds	661,866
Total	\$ (18,847,250)

3. Investments

College Investments. The Board of Trustees had not adopted a written investment policy. Therefore, pursuant to Section 218.415(17), Florida Statutes, the College is authorized to invest in the Florida PRIME investment pool, administered by the SBA; Securities and Exchange Commission registered money market funds with the highest credit quality rating from a nationally recognized rating agency; interest-bearing time deposits and savings accounts in qualified public depositories, as defined by Section 280.02, Florida Statutes; and direct obligations of the United States Treasury.

At June 30, 2021, the College reported no investments.

Component Units' Investments. The component units categorize fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

Investments held by the College's component units are reported at fair value as follows:

<u>Investment Type</u>	<u>Average Maturity</u>	<u>Credit Quality</u>	<u>Pensacola State College Foundation, Inc. 12-31-20</u>	<u>WSRE-TV Foundation, Inc. 6-30-21</u>	<u>Total (1)</u>
Federal Agency Obligations					
Government National Mortgage Association II Modified Pass Through Pool	(2)	(2)	\$ 202	\$ -	\$ 202
Fixed Income					
Vanguard Short-Term Investment-Grade Fund	2.9 Years	(3)	883,353	74,139	957,492
Vanguard Inflation-Protected Securities Fund	8.1 Years	(3)	2,981,870	-	2,981,870
Federated Ultrashort Bond Fund	1.1 Year	(3)	1,047,387	-	1,047,387
Federated Total Return Bond Fund	6.9 Years	(3)	3,125,502	-	3,125,502
Federated Hermes Total Return Bond Fund	6.7 Years	(3)	-	396,606	396,606
PIMCO Funds Low Duration Fund	1.7 Years	(3)	-	119,732	119,732
Dodge & Cox Income Fund	9.2 Years	(3)	2,981,878	-	2,981,878
Dodge & Cox Income Fund	9 Years	(3)	-	395,086	395,086
Equities					
Vanguard 500 Index Fund	(2)	(2)	11,397,609	662,112	12,059,721
Vanguard Small Cap Index Fund	(2)	(2)	3,050,527	-	3,050,527
Vanguard Developed Market Index Fund	(2)	(2)	2,232,601	129,930	2,362,531
Vanguard Mid Cap Index Fund	(2)	(2)	3,289,584	-	3,289,584
Invesco Oppenheimer Developing Markets Fund	(2)	(2)	-	66,149	66,149
Oppenheimer Developing Markets Fund	(2)	(2)	626,812	-	626,812
Alliance Bernstein Small Cap Growth Fund	(2)	(2)	-	83,064	83,064
American EuroPacific Growth Fund	(2)	(2)	-	127,816	127,816
Fidelity Small Cap Value Fund	(2)	(2)	-	83,831	83,831
Touchstone Large Cap Focused Fund	(2)	(2)	-	354,766	354,766
Janus Henderson Enterprise Fund	(2)	(2)	-	80,201	80,201
JP Morgan Mid Cap Value Fund	(2)	(2)	-	86,055	86,055
Other					
Real Estate	(2)	(2)	246,800	-	246,800
Federated Hermes Government Obligations	(2)	(2)	-	151,937	151,937
Total Component Units' Investments			\$ 31,864,125	\$ 2,811,424	\$ 34,675,549

(1) Federal Agency Obligations are reported at fair value using significant other observable inputs (Level 2 inputs). Real estate investments are reported at fair value using a property appraisal (Level 3 input). All other investments are reported at fair value using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs).

(2) Investment risk disclosures are not required for these investments.

(3) These funds are not rated by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization.

Interest Rate Risk: Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment.

The Pensacola State College Foundation, Inc.'s investment in the Vanguard Short-Term Investment-Grade Fund had an average effective duration of 2.6 years. The Vanguard Inflation-Protected Securities Fund had an average effective duration of 7.3 years. The Federated Total Return Bond Fund had an average effective duration of 5.6 years. The Federated Ultrashort Bond Fund had an average effective duration of 0.9 years. The Dodge & Cox Income Fund had an average effective duration of 4.9 years.

The WSRE-TV Foundation, Inc.'s investment in the Vanguard Short-Term Investment-Grade Fund had an average effective duration of 2.7 years. The Federated Hermes Total Return Bond Fund had an average effective duration of 5.6 years. The PIMCO Funds Low Duration had an average effective duration of 1.7 years. The Dodge & Cox Income Fund had an average effective duration of 5.2 years.

Credit Risk: Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligation, causing an investor to experience a loss of principal.

As a means of limiting its exposure to losses arising from credit risk, the Pensacola State College Foundation, Inc.'s investment policies limit the exposure of its various investment types. The Foundation's investment policy permits investment in equities listed on a national exchange and bonds issued in United States dollars. Uses of leverage in an account (margin or derivatives securities that increase risk) are prohibited as an investment. Cash should be transitional or held for the purpose of providing liquidity to meet the Foundation's cash flow requirements. This includes commercial paper with an A-1 or P-1 rating at the time of initial investment and money market funds.

The WSRE-TV Foundation, Inc. holds assets within two separate investment portfolios separated between operating funds and endowment funds. The Foundation's investment policy guidelines provide for allocations in which equity investments will not exceed 65 percent for the endowment portfolio and 20 percent for the operating account. There is a caveat included in the investment policy that allows for up to a 5 percent deviation from those percentages to allow for market adjustments. The endowment portfolio at June 30, 2021, meets the policy guidelines, with equities representing 66 percent, fixed income representing 29 percent, and cash equivalents representing 5 percent. The short-term investment portfolio meets these requirements at June 30, 2021, with 20 percent in equity investments, 74 percent in fixed income investments, and 6 percent in cash.

Custodial Credit Risk: Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the investor will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

At December 31, 2020, the Pensacola State College Foundation, Inc.'s cash equivalents consisted of \$304,087 held in the Federated Government Obligations money market mutual fund. The fund seeks to preserve the value of the investments at \$1 per share; however, it is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency.

The WSRE-TV Foundation, Inc. does not have a policy for custodial credit risk, however, the Foundation has not experienced any losses and believes it is not exposed to significant risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk: Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the investor's investment in a single issuer.

The Pensacola State College Foundation, Inc.'s funds are invested to produce maximum total return consistent with prudent risk limits. The allocation of the portfolio over the various asset classes is the single most important determinant of investment risk and return. The Foundation's investment policy uses target ranges of 45 to 75 percent in equity securities and 25 to 55 percent in fixed income securities. Ranges within equity securities are as follows: 20 percent or less in international and emerging market equities and 5 to 25 percent in small capitalization equities. Ranges within fixed income securities are 5 percent or less in a diversified portfolio of non-investment grade bonds. No more than 5 percent of Foundation assets may be invested in any one issuer, except the U.S. Government. The investments at December 31, 2020, meet the investment policy guidelines with equity securities representing 65 percent, and fixed income securities representing 35 percent, of the asset allocation.

The WSRE-TV Foundation, Inc. did not have any investments at June 30, 2021, in which over 5 percent of the total investment portfolio is derived from one issuer, excluding U.S. Government and

U.S. Government agency-backed securities, investments in mutual funds, and other pooled investment funds.

4. Accounts Receivable

The significant amount of the accounts receivable is attributable to \$9,798,076 due from insurance in relation to Hurricane Sally. In addition, accounts receivable of \$582,840 represents amounts for student fee deferrals, various student services provided by the College, uncollected commissions for food service and vending machine sales, unused credit memos, and contract and grant reimbursements due from third parties. The accounts receivable reported are net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$238,662.

5. Notes Receivable

Notes receivable of \$64,284 represent student loans under the short-term loan program and are reported net of a \$67,011 allowance for doubtful notes.

6. Due From Other Governmental Agencies

The amount due from other governmental agencies primarily consists of amounts due for reimbursement of grant and scholarship expenses.

7. Due From Component Unit

The \$67,328 reported as due from component unit primarily consists of amounts owed to the College by the Pensacola State College Foundation, Inc., (Foundation) for scholarships and student aid. The College's financial statements are reported for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. The Foundation's financial statements are reported for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020. Accordingly, amounts reported by the College as due from component unit on the statement of net position do not agree with amounts reported by the Foundation as due to the College.

8. Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, is shown in the following table:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Beginning Balance</u>	(1) <u>Adjustments</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Reductions</u>	<u>Ending Balance</u>
Nondepreciable Capital Assets:					
Land	\$ 12,794,717	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 12,794,717
Artwork/Artifacts	146,027	-	-	-	146,027
Construction in Progress	14,094,683	-	-	(14,047,195)	47,488
Total Nondepreciable Capital Assets	\$ 27,035,427	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (14,047,195)	\$ 12,988,232
Depreciable Capital Assets:					
Buildings	\$ 75,750,383	\$ -	\$ 15,214,809	\$ (18,848)	\$ 90,946,344
Other Structures and Improvements	11,587,103	-	282,250	-	11,869,353
Furniture, Machinery, and Equipment	18,324,409	-	1,187,129	(752,955)	18,758,583
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	105,661,895	-	16,684,188	(771,803)	121,574,280
Less, Accumulated Depreciation:					
Buildings	44,856,296	-	1,584,338	-	46,440,634
Other Structures and Improvements	11,045,978	24,912	138,922	-	11,209,812
Furniture, Machinery, and Equipment	13,705,633	-	1,543,089	(744,096)	14,504,626
Total Accumulated Depreciation	69,607,907	24,912	3,266,349	(744,096)	72,155,072
Total Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	\$ 36,053,988	\$ (24,912)	\$ 13,417,839	\$ (27,707)	\$ 49,419,208

(1) Adjustments were made to correct prior fiscal year accounting errors.

9. Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue includes contract revenue, restricted grants and contracts, and other unearned revenue. As of June 30, 2021, the College reported the following amounts as unearned revenue:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Restricted Grants and Contracts	\$ 2,454,731
Other Unearned Revenue	724
Total Unearned Revenue	\$ 2,455,455

10. Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liabilities activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, is shown in the following table:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Beginning Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Reductions</u>	<u>Ending Balance</u>	<u>Current Portion</u>
Compensated Absences Payable	\$ 5,279,118	\$ 391,156	\$ 723,948	\$ 4,946,326	\$ 579,479
Other Postemployment Benefits Payable	1,162,085	229,200	4,936	1,386,349	15,695
Net Pension Liability	29,369,129	17,751,898	11,867,735	35,253,292	92,882
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 35,810,332	\$ 18,372,254	\$ 12,596,619	\$ 41,585,967	\$ 688,056

Compensated Absences Payable. College employees may accrue annual and sick leave based on length of service, subject to certain limitations regarding the amount that will be paid upon termination. The College reports a liability for the accrued leave; however, State noncapital appropriations fund only the portion of accrued leave that is used or paid in the current fiscal year. Although the College expects the liability to be funded primarily from future appropriations, generally accepted accounting principles do not permit the recording of a receivable in anticipation of future appropriations. At June 30, 2021, the estimated liability for compensated absences, which includes the College’s share of the Florida Retirement System and FICA contributions, totaled \$4,946,326. The current portion of the compensated absences liability, \$579,479, is the amount expected to be paid in the coming fiscal year and represents a historical percentage of leave used applied to total accrued leave liability.

Other Postemployment Benefits Payable. The College follows GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, for other postemployment benefits administered by the Florida College System Risk Management Consortium (Consortium).

General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan Description. The Other Postemployment Benefits Plan (OPEB Plan) is a single-employer defined benefit plan administered by the Consortium that provides OPEB for all employees who satisfy the College’s retirement eligibility provisions. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 112.0801, Florida Statutes, employees who retire from the College are eligible to participate in the College’s healthcare benefits including medical and prescription drug coverage. The College subsidizes the premium rates paid by retirees by allowing them to participate in the OPEB Plan at reduced or blended group (implicitly subsidized) premium rates for both active and retired employees. These rates provide an implicit subsidy for retirees because, on an actuarial basis, their current and future claims are expected to result in higher costs to the OPEB Plan on average than those of active employees. The College does not offer any explicit subsidies for retiree coverage. Retirees are required to enroll in the Federal Medicare (Medicare) program for their primary health coverage as soon as they are eligible. The OPEB Plan contribution requirements and benefit terms of the College and the OPEB Plan members are established and may be amended by action from the Board. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meet the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

Benefits Provided. The OPEB Plan provides healthcare benefits for retirees and their dependents. The OPEB Plan only provides an implicit subsidy as described above.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms. At June 30, 2019, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive Employees or Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits	52
Deferred Retirement Option Program Members	53
Active Employees	523
Total	<u>628</u>

Total OPEB Liability

The College's total OPEB liability of \$1,386,349 was measured as of June 30, 2020, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2019, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.40 percent
Real Wage Growth	0.85 percent
Wage Inflation	3.25 percent
Salary Increases, Including Inflation	
Regular Employees	3.40 percent – 7.80 percent
Senior Management	4.10 percent – 8.20 percent
Special Risk	4.80 percent – 7.40 percent
Municipal Bond Index Rate	
Prior Measurement Date	3.50 percent
Measurement Date	2.21 percent
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	
Pre Medicare	7.00 percent for 2019, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.60 percent by 2026
Medicare	5.00 percent for 2019 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.60 percent by 2021

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index.

Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 mortality tables, with adjustments for FRS experience and generational mortality improvements using Scale MP-2018.

The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidence, withdrawal, and salary increases used in the June 30, 2019, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013, through June 30, 2018, adopted by the FRS.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2019, valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2019, valuation.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Amount
Balance at June 30, 2020	<u>\$ 1,162,085</u>
Changes for the Year:	
Service Cost	52,720
Interest	42,432
Changes in Assumptions or Other Inputs	134,048
Benefit Payments	<u>(4,936)</u>
Net Changes	<u>224,264</u>
Balance at June 30, 2021	<u><u>\$ 1,386,349</u></u>

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.50 percent in 2019 to 2.21 percent in 2020.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following table presents the total OPEB liability of the College, as well as what the College's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (1.21 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (3.21 percent) than the current rate:

	<u>1% Decrease (1.21%)</u>	<u>Current Discount Rate (2.21%)</u>	<u>1% Increase (3.21%)</u>
Total OPEB liability	\$1,765,441	\$1,386,349	\$1,101,699

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates. The following table presents the total OPEB liability of the College, as well as what the College's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	<u>1% Decrease</u>	<u>Healthcare Cost Trend Rates</u>	<u>1% Increase</u>
Total OPEB liability	\$1,066,543	\$1,386,349	\$1,828,103

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the College recognized OPEB expense of \$142,304. At June 30, 2021, the College reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 17,388
Change of assumptions or other inputs	367,215	26,071
Transactions subsequent to the measurement date	15,695	-
Total	<u>\$ 382,910</u>	<u>\$ 43,459</u>

Of the total amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, \$15,695 resulting from transactions subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the fiscal year will be included as a reduction of the total OPEB liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

<u>Fiscal Year Ending June 30</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2022	\$ 47,152
2023	47,152
2024	47,152
2025	47,152
2026	50,053
Thereafter	85,095
Total	\$ 323,756

Net Pension Liability. As a participating employer in the Florida Retirement System (FRS), the College recognizes its proportionate share of the collective net pension liabilities of the FRS cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plans. As of June 30, 2021, the College's proportionate share of the net pension liabilities totaled \$35,253,292. Note 11. includes a complete discussion of defined benefit pension plans.

11. Retirement Plans – Defined Benefit Pension Plans

General Information about the Florida Retirement System (FRS)

The FRS was created in Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, to provide a defined benefit pension plan for participating public employees. The FRS was amended in 1998 to add the Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) under the defined benefit plan and amended in 2000 to provide a defined contribution plan alternative to the defined benefit plan for FRS members effective July 1, 2002. This integrated defined contribution pension plan is the FRS Investment Plan. Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, also provides for nonintegrated, optional retirement programs in lieu of the FRS to certain members of the Senior Management Service Class employed by the State and faculty and specified employees of State colleges. Chapter 112, Florida Statutes, established the HIS Program, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan to assist retired members of any State-administered retirement system in paying the costs of health insurance.

Essentially all regular employees of the College are eligible to enroll as members of the State-administered FRS. Provisions relating to the FRS are established by Chapters 121 and 122, Florida Statutes; Chapter 112, Part IV, Florida Statutes; Chapter 238, Florida Statutes; and FRS Rules, Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code; wherein eligibility, contributions, and benefits are defined and described in detail. Such provisions may be amended at any time by further action from the Florida Legislature. The FRS is a single retirement system administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, and consists of two cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plans and other nonintegrated programs. An annual comprehensive financial report of the FRS, which includes its financial statements, required supplementary information, actuarial report, and other relevant information, is available from the Florida Department of Management Services Web site (www.dms.myflorida.com).

The College's FRS and HIS pension expense totaled \$5,681,555 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

FRS Pension Plan

Plan Description. The FRS Pension Plan (Plan) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, with a DROP for eligible employees. The general classes of membership are as follows:

- *Regular Class* – Members of the FRS who do not qualify for membership in the other classes.
- *Senior Management Service Class* – Members in senior management level positions.
- *Special Risk Class* – Members who are employed as law enforcement officers and meet the criteria to qualify for this class.

Employees enrolled in the Plan prior to July 1, 2011, vest at 6 years of creditable service and employees enrolled in the Plan on or after July 1, 2011, vest at 8 years of creditable service. All vested members, enrolled prior to July 1, 2011, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 62 or at any age after 30 years of creditable service except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 55 or at any age after 25 years of creditable service. All members enrolled in the Plan on or after July 1, 2011, once vested, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 65 or any time after 33 years of creditable service, except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 60 or at any age after 30 years of creditable service. Employees enrolled in the Plan may include up to 4 years of credit for military service toward creditable service. The Plan also includes an early retirement provision; however, there is a benefit reduction for each year a member retires before his or her normal retirement date. The Plan provides retirement, disability, death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments to eligible participants.

The DROP, subject to provisions of Section 121.091, Florida Statutes, permits employees eligible for normal retirement under the Plan to defer receipt of monthly benefit payments while continuing employment with an FRS-participating employer. An employee may participate in DROP for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate. During the period of DROP participation, deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest. The net pension liability does not include amounts for DROP participants, as these members are considered retired and are not accruing additional pension benefits.

Benefits Provided. Benefits under the Plan are computed on the basis of age and/or years of service, average final compensation, and service credit. Credit for each year of service is expressed as a percentage of the average final compensation. For members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the 5 highest fiscal years' earnings; for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the 8 highest fiscal years' earnings. The total percentage value of the benefit received is determined by calculating the total value of all service, which is based on retirement plan and/or the class to which the member belonged when the service credit was earned. Members are eligible for in-line-of-duty or regular disability and survivors' benefits. The following table shows the percentage value for each year of service credit earned:

<u>Class, Initial Enrollment, and Retirement Age/Years of Service</u>	<u>% Value</u>
Regular Class members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011	
Retirement up to age 62 or up to 30 years of service	1.60
Retirement at age 63 or with 31 years of service	1.63
Retirement at age 64 or with 32 years of service	1.65
Retirement at age 65 or with 33 or more years of service	1.68
Regular Class members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011	
Retirement up to age 65 or up to 33 years of service	1.60
Retirement at age 66 or with 34 years of service	1.63
Retirement at age 67 or with 35 years of service	1.65
Retirement at age 68 or with 36 or more years of service	1.68
Senior Management Service Class	2.00
Special Risk Class	3.00

As provided in Section 121.101, Florida Statutes, if the member was initially enrolled in the Plan before July 1, 2011, and all service credit was accrued before July 1, 2011, the annual cost-of-living adjustment is 3 percent per year. If the member was initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, and has service credit on or after July 1, 2011, there is an individually calculated cost-of-living adjustment. The annual cost-of-living adjustment is a proportion of 3 percent determined by dividing the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by 3 percent. Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will not have a cost-of-living adjustment after retirement.

Contributions. The Florida Legislature establishes contribution rates for participating employers and employees. Contribution rates during the 2020-21 fiscal year were:

<u>Class</u>	<u>Percent of Gross Salary</u>	
	<u>Employee</u>	<u>Employer (1)</u>
FRS, Regular	3.00	10.00
FRS, Senior Management Service	3.00	27.29
FRS, Special Risk	3.00	24.45
Deferred Retirement Option Program (applicable to members from all of the above classes)	0.00	16.98
FRS, Reemployed Retiree	(2)	(2)

(1) Employer rates include 1.66 percent for the postemployment health insurance subsidy. Also, employer rates, other than for DROP participants, include 0.06 percent for administrative costs of the Investment Plan.

(2) Contribution rates are dependent upon retirement class in which reemployed.

The College's contributions to the Plan totaled \$2,300,542 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. At June 30, 2021, the College reported a liability of \$26,343,740 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020. The College's proportionate share of the net pension liability

was based on the College's 2019-20 fiscal year contributions relative to the total 2019-20 fiscal year contributions of all participating members. At June 30, 2020, the College's proportionate share was 0.060781828 percent, which was a decrease of 0.000657769 from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2019.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the College recognized pension expense of \$5,197,250. In addition, the College reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 1,008,229	\$ -
Change of assumptions	4,769,054	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on FRS Plan investments	1,568,532	-
Changes in proportion and differences between College FRS contributions and proportionate share of contributions	90,776	619,838
College FRS contributions subsequent to the measurement date	2,300,542	-
Total	<u>\$ 9,737,133</u>	<u>\$ 619,838</u>

The deferred outflows of resources totaling \$2,300,542, resulting from College contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

<u>Fiscal Year Ending June 30</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2022	\$ 1,374,622
2023	2,301,555
2024	2,094,765
2025	1,067,208
2026	12,935
Thereafter	(34,332)
Total	<u>\$ 6,816,753</u>

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the July 1, 2020, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.40 percent
Salary increases	3.25 percent, average, including inflation
Investment rate of return	6.80 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 base table, projected generationally with Scale MP-2018.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2020, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013, through June 30, 2018.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was not based on historical returns, but instead is based on a forward-looking capital market economic model. The allocation policy's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic and geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Target Allocation (1)</u>	<u>Annual Arithmetic Return</u>	<u>Compound Annual (Geometric) Return</u>	<u>Standard Deviation</u>
Cash	1.0%	2.2%	2.2%	1.2%
Fixed Income	19.0%	3.0%	2.9%	3.5%
Global Equity	54.2%	8.0%	6.7%	17.1%
Real Estate (Property)	10.3%	6.4%	5.8%	11.7%
Private Equity	11.1%	10.8%	8.1%	25.7%
Strategic Investments	4.4%	5.5%	5.3%	6.9%
Total	<u>100.0%</u>			
Assumed Inflation - Mean			2.4%	1.7%

(1) As outlined in the Plan's investment policy.

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.80 percent. The Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return. The discount rate used in the 2020 valuation was updated from 6.90 percent to 6.80 percent.

Sensitivity of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the College's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.80 percent, as well as what the College's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (5.80 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (7.80 percent) than the current rate:

	<u>1% Decrease (5.80%)</u>	<u>Current Discount Rate (6.80%)</u>	<u>1% Increase (7.80%)</u>
College's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$42,066,526	\$26,343,740	\$13,212,001

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State Administered Systems Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

Payables to the Pension Plan. At June 30, 2021, the College reported a payable of \$126,085 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the Plan required for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

HIS Pension Plan

Plan Description. The HIS Pension Plan (HIS Plan) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established under Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of State-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs and is administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement.

Benefits Provided. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment of \$5 for each year of creditable service completed at the time of retirement with a minimum HIS payment of \$30 and a maximum HIS payment of \$150 per month, pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive a HIS benefit, a retiree under a State-administered retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which can include Medicare.

Contributions. The HIS Plan is funded by required contributions from FRS participating employers as set by the Florida Legislature. Employer contributions are a percentage of gross compensation for all active FRS members. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the contribution rate was 1.66 percent of payroll pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. The College contributed 100 percent of its statutorily required contributions for the current and preceding 3 years. HIS Plan contributions are deposited in a separate trust fund from which HIS payments are authorized. HIS Plan benefits are not guaranteed and are subject to annual legislative appropriation. In the event the legislative appropriation or available funds fail to provide full subsidy benefits to all participants, benefits may be reduced or canceled.

The College's contributions to the HIS Plan totaled \$403,230 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. At June 30, 2021, the College reported a net pension liability of \$8,909,552 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The current portion of the net pension liability is the College's proportionate share of benefit payments expected to be paid within 1 year, net of the College's proportionate share of the HIS Plan's fiduciary net position available to pay that amount. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020. The College's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the College's 2019-20 fiscal year contributions relative to the total 2019-20 fiscal year contributions of all participating members. At June 30, 2020, the College's proportionate share was 0.072970274 percent, which was a decrease of 0.000407043 from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2019.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the College recognized pension expense of \$484,305. In addition, the College reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 364,455	\$ 6,873
Change of assumptions	958,031	518,056
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on HIS Plan investments	7,113	-
Changes in proportion and differences between College HIS contributions and proportionate share of HIS contributions	-	537,180
College contributions subsequent to the measurement date	403,230	-
Total	<u>\$ 1,732,829</u>	<u>\$ 1,062,109</u>

The deferred outflows of resources totaling \$403,230 resulting from College contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

<u>Fiscal Year Ending June 30</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2022	\$ 185,269
2023	141,660
2024	(60,024)
2025	(24,643)
2026	(13,287)
Thereafter	38,515
Total	<u>\$ 267,490</u>

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability at July 1, 2020, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.40 percent
Salary increases	3.25 percent, average, including inflation
Municipal bond rate	2.21 percent

Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 base table, projected generationally with Scale MP-2018. This is a change from the prior year mortality assumption which was based on the Generational RP 2000 with Projection Scale BB tables.

While an experience study had not been completed for the HIS Plan, the actuarial assumptions that determined the total pension liability for the HIS Plan were based on certain results of the most recent experience study for the FRS Plan.

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 2.21 percent. In general, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the single rate equivalent to discounting at the long-term expected rate of return for benefit payments prior to the projected depletion

date. Because the HIS benefit is essentially funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, the depletion date is considered to be immediate, and the single equivalent discount rate is equal to the municipal bond rate selected by the plan sponsor. The Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index was adopted as the applicable municipal bond index. The discount rate used in the 2020 valuation was updated from 3.50 percent to 2.21 percent.

Sensitivity of the College’s Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the College’s proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 2.21 percent, as well as what the College’s proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (1.21 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (3.21 percent) than the current rate:

	<u>1% Decrease (1.21%)</u>	<u>Current Discount Rate (2.21%)</u>	<u>1% Increase (3.21%)</u>
College’s proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$10,299,044	\$8,909,552	\$7,772,256

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the HIS Plan’s fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State Administered Systems Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

Payables to the Pension Plan. At June 30, 2021, the College reported a payable of \$29,634 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the HIS Plan required for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

12. Retirement Plans – Defined Contribution Pension Plans

FRS Investment Plan. The SBA administers the defined contribution plan officially titled the FRS Investment Plan (Investment Plan). The Investment Plan is reported in the SBA’s annual financial statements and in the State’s Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

As provided in Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of the FRS defined benefit plan. College employees already participating in the State College System Optional Retirement Program or DROP are not eligible to participate in the Investment Plan. Employer and employee contributions are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. Service retirement benefits are based upon the value of the member’s account upon retirement. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Investment Plan is funded with the same employer and employee contributions rates, that are based on salary and membership class (Regular Class, Senior Management Service Class, etc.), as the FRS defined benefit plan. Contributions are directed to individual member accounts and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. Costs of administering the Investment Plan, including the FRS Financial Guidance Program, are funded through an employer contribution of 0.06 percent of payroll and by forfeited benefits of Investment Plan members. Allocations to the Investment Plan member accounts during the 2020-21 fiscal year were as follows:

<u>Class</u>	<u>Percent of Gross Compensation</u>
FRS, Regular	6.30
FRS, Senior Management Service	7.67
FRS, Special Risk Regular	14.00

For all membership classes, employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and are vested after 1 year of service for employer contributions and investment earnings regardless of membership class. If an accumulated benefit obligation for service credit originally earned under the FRS Pension Plan is transferred to the Investment Plan, the member must have the years of service required for FRS Pension Plan vesting (including the service credit represented by the transferred funds) to be vested for these funds and the earnings on the funds. Nonvested employer contributions are placed in a suspense account for up to 5 years. If the employee returns to FRS-covered employment within the 5-year period, the employee will regain control over their account. If the employee does not return within the 5-year period, the employee will forfeit the accumulated account balance. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the information for the amount of forfeitures was unavailable from the SBA; however, management believes that these amounts, if any, would be immaterial to the College.

After termination and applying to receive benefits, the member may roll over vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the Investment Plan, receive a lump-sum distribution, leave the funds invested for future distribution, or any combination of these options. Disability coverage is provided in which the member may either transfer the account balance to the FRS Pension Plan when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the FRS Pension Plan, or remain in the Investment Plan and rely upon that account balance for retirement income.

The College's Investment Plan pension expense totaled \$662,993 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

State College System Optional Retirement Program. Section 1012.875, Florida Statutes, provides for an Optional Retirement Program (Program) for eligible college instructors and administrators. The Program is designed to aid colleges in recruiting employees by offering more portability to employees not expected to remain in the FRS for 8 or more years.

The Program is a defined contribution plan, which provides full and immediate vesting of all contributions submitted to the participating companies on behalf of the participant. Employees in eligible positions can make an irrevocable election to participate in the Program, rather than the FRS, and purchase retirement and death benefits through contracts provided by certain insurance carriers. The employing college contributes 5.15 percent of the participant's salary to the participant's account and 3.44 percent to cover the unfunded actuarial liability of the FRS pension plan, for a total of 8.59 percent, and employees contribute 3 percent of the employee's salary. Additionally, the employee may contribute, by payroll deduction, an amount not to exceed the percentage contributed by the college to the participant's annuity account. The contributions are invested in the company or companies selected by the participant to create a fund for the purchase of annuities at retirement.

The College's contributions to the Program totaled \$208,917, and employee contributions totaled \$73,701 for the 2020-21 fiscal year.

13. Risk Management Programs

The College is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The College provided coverage for these risks primarily through the Florida College System Risk Management Consortium (Consortium), which was created under authority of Section 1001.64(27), Florida Statutes, by the boards of trustees of the Florida public colleges for the purpose of joining a cooperative effort to develop, implement, and participate in a coordinated Statewide college risk management program. The Consortium is self-sustaining through member assessments (premiums) and purchases excess insurance through commercial companies for claims in excess of specified amounts. Excess insurance from commercial companies provided coverage of up to \$110 million to February 28, 2021, and up to \$100 million from March 1, 2021, for property insurance. Insurance coverage obtained through the Consortium included fire and extended property, general and automobile liability, workers' compensation, health, life, and other liability coverage. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past 3 fiscal years.

14. Litigation

The College is involved in several pending and threatened legal actions. The range of potential loss from all such claims and actions, as estimated by the College's legal counsel and management, should not materially affect the College's financial position.

15. Functional Distribution of Operating Expenses

The functional classification of an operating expense (instruction, academic support, etc.) is assigned to a department based on the nature of the activity, which represents the material portion of the activity attributable to the department. For example, activities of an academic department for which the primary departmental function is instruction may include some activities other than direct instruction such as public service. However, when the primary mission of the department consists of instructional program elements, all expenses of the department are reported under the instruction classification. The operating expenses on the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position are presented by natural classifications. The following are those same expenses presented in functional classifications as recommended by NACUBO:

<u>Functional Classification</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Instruction	\$ 20,815,997
Public Services	3,224,065
Academic Support	8,913,519
Student Services	7,636,232
Institutional Support	14,700,016
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	13,659,023
Scholarships and Waivers	18,518,933
Depreciation	3,266,349
Auxiliary Enterprises	1,134
Total Operating Expenses	\$ 90,735,268

16. Discretely Presented Component Units

The College has two discretely presented component units as discussed in Note 1. These component units represent 100 percent of the transactions and account balances of the aggregate discretely presented component units columns of the financial statements. The following financial information is from the most recently available audited financial statements for the component units:

Condensed Statement of Net Position

	<u>Direct-Support Organizations</u>		
	<u>Pensacola State College Foundation, Inc.</u>	<u>WSRE-TV Foundation, Inc.</u>	<u>Total</u>
Assets:			
Current Assets	\$ 21,270,268	\$ 1,032,116	\$ 22,302,384
Capital Assets, Net	111,753	151,615	263,368
Other Noncurrent Assets	12,483,049	2,852,442	15,335,491
Total Assets	33,865,070	4,036,173	37,901,243
Liabilities:			
Current Liabilities	272,506	131,307	403,813
Deferred Inflows of Resources:			
Split-Interest Agreements	198,076	-	198,076
Net Position:			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	-	151,615	151,615
Restricted Nonexpendable	11,821,324	-	11,821,324
Restricted Expendable	20,301,287	1,560,942	21,862,229
Unrestricted	1,271,877	2,192,309	3,464,186
Total Net Position	\$ 33,394,488	\$ 3,904,866	\$ 37,299,354

Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

	<u>Direct-Support Organizations</u>		<u>Total</u>
	<u>Pensacola State College Foundation, Inc.</u>	<u>WSRE-TV Foundation, Inc.</u>	
Operating Revenues	\$ 1,574,884	\$ 823,192	\$ 2,398,076
Operating Expenses	(2,085,470)	(856,888)	(2,942,358)
Operating Loss	<u>(510,586)</u>	<u>(33,696)</u>	<u>(544,282)</u>
Net Nonoperating Revenues	3,920,059	553,458	4,473,517
Other Revenues	520,248	-	520,248
Increase in Net Position	<u>3,929,721</u>	<u>519,762</u>	<u>4,449,483</u>
Net Position, Beginning of Year	<u>29,464,767</u>	<u>3,385,104</u>	<u>32,849,871</u>
Net Position, End of Year	<u>\$ 33,394,488</u>	<u>\$ 3,904,866</u>	<u>\$ 37,299,354</u>

17. Related Party Transactions

The College leases a portion of a College-owned building complex known as the College Centre, together with adjacent parking areas, to the Pensacola State College Foundation, Inc. (Foundation). The leased property is used by the Foundation as apartments for students on athletic scholarships and for coaches or counselors assigned by the College to supervise and counsel the student athletes. The lease requires the Foundation to make monthly payments of \$3,838 to the College through July 31, 2021, the end of the lease term.

The College also leases College-owned land and buildings located on Metzger Drive, Pensacola, Escambia County, Florida to the Foundation. The leased property is used by the Foundation as residential apartments for the general public. The lease requires the Foundation make annual payments of \$1 to the College through June 30, 2023, the end of the lease term. At the option of the Foundation, the lease is renewable for a 1-year term through June 30, 2024.

OTHER REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Schedule of Changes in the College's Total Other Postemployment Benefits Liability and Related Ratios

	2020	2019	2018	2017
Total OPEB Liability				
Service cost	\$ 52,720	\$ 35,534	\$ 35,850	\$ 37,379
Interest	42,432	31,552	29,059	24,615
Difference between expected and actual experience	-	(23,116)	-	-
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	134,048	329,751	(15,946)	(31,011)
Benefit payments	(4,936)	(53,340)	(46,612)	(18,699)
Net change in total OPEB liability	224,264	320,381	2,351	12,284
Total OPEB Liability - beginning	1,162,085	841,704	839,353	827,069
Total OPEB Liability - ending	\$ 1,386,349	\$ 1,162,085	\$ 841,704	\$ 839,353
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 24,769,059	\$ 24,769,059	\$ 24,110,994	\$ 24,110,994
Total OPEB Liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	5.60%	4.69%	3.49%	3.48%

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**Schedule of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability –
Florida Retirement System Pension Plan**

	<u>2020 (1)</u>	<u>2019 (1)</u>	<u>2018 (1)</u>	<u>2017 (1)</u>
College's proportion of the FRS net pension liability	0.060781828%	0.061439597%	0.061844555%	0.060886262%
College's proportionate share of the FRS net pension liability	\$ 26,343,740	\$ 21,158,942	\$ 18,627,900	\$ 18,009,748
College's covered payroll (2)	\$ 28,263,829	\$ 27,793,874	\$ 26,795,476	\$ 26,297,216
College's proportionate share of the FRS net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	93.21%	76.13%	69.52%	68.49%
FRS Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the FRS total pension liability	78.85%	82.61%	84.26%	83.89%

(1) The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

(2) Covered payroll includes defined benefit plan actives, investment plan members, State college system optional retirement plan members, and members in DROP because total employer contributions are determined on a uniform basis (blended rate) as required by Part III of Chapter 121, Florida Statutes.

Schedule of College Contributions – Florida Retirement System Pension Plan

	<u>2021 (1)</u>	<u>2020 (1)</u>	<u>2019 (1)</u>	<u>2018 (1)</u>
Contractually required FRS contribution	\$ 2,300,542	\$ 2,011,501	\$ 1,912,048	\$ 1,769,533
FRS contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	<u>(2,300,542)</u>	<u>(2,011,501)</u>	<u>(1,912,048)</u>	<u>(1,769,533)</u>
FRS contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
College's covered payroll (2)	\$ 26,763,541	\$ 28,263,829	\$ 27,793,874	\$ 26,795,476
FRS contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	8.60%	7.12%	6.88%	6.60%

(1) The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

(2) Covered payroll includes defined benefit plan actives, investment plan members, State college system optional retirement plan members, and members in DROP because total employer contributions are determined on a uniform basis (blended rate) as required by Part III of Chapter 121, Florida Statutes.

<u>2016 (1)</u>	<u>2015 (1)</u>	<u>2014 (1)</u>	<u>2013 (1)</u>
0.063136719%	0.071557043%	0.076178452%	0.072086431%
\$ 15,942,071	\$ 9,242,554	\$ 4,648,006	\$ 12,409,283
\$ 26,311,174	\$ 24,893,556	\$ 26,059,165	\$ 26,292,027
60.59%	37.13%	17.84%	47.20%
84.88%	92.00%	96.09%	88.54%

<u>2017 (1)</u>	<u>2016 (1)</u>	<u>2015 (1)</u>	<u>2014 (1)</u>
\$ 1,585,019	\$ 1,547,605	\$ 1,744,621	\$ 1,668,631
<u>(1,585,019)</u>	<u>(1,547,605)</u>	<u>(1,744,621)</u>	<u>(1,668,631)</u>
<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
\$ 26,297,216	\$ 26,311,174	\$ 24,893,556	\$ 26,059,165
6.03%	5.88%	7.01%	6.40%

**Schedule of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability –
Health Insurance Subsidy Pension Plan**

	<u>2020 (1)</u>	<u>2019 (1)</u>	<u>2018 (1)</u>	<u>2017 (1)</u>
College's proportion of the HIS net pension liability	0.072970274%	0.073377317%	0.073691345%	0.075470928%
College's proportionate share of the HIS net pension liability	\$ 8,909,552	\$ 8,210,187	\$ 7,799,575	\$ 8,069,700
College's covered payroll (2)	\$ 25,357,099	\$ 24,785,296	\$ 24,270,611	\$ 24,142,865
College's proportionate share of the HIS net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	35.14%	33.13%	32.14%	33.42%
HIS Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the HIS total pension liability	3.00%	2.63%	2.15%	1.64%

(1) The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

(2) Covered payroll includes defined benefit plan actives, investment plan members, and members in DROP.

Schedule of College Contributions – Health Insurance Subsidy Pension Plan

	<u>2021 (1)</u>	<u>2020 (1)</u>	<u>2019 (1)</u>	<u>2018 (1)</u>
Contractually required HIS contribution	\$ 403,230	\$ 420,928	\$ 411,436	\$ 400,867
HIS contributions in relation to the contractually required HIS contribution	<u>(403,230)</u>	<u>(420,928)</u>	<u>(411,436)</u>	<u>(400,867)</u>
HIS contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
College's covered payroll (2)	\$ 24,290,982	\$ 25,357,099	\$ 24,785,296	\$ 24,270,611
HIS contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	1.66%	1.66%	1.66%	1.65%

(1) The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

(2) Covered payroll includes defined benefit plan actives, investment plan members, and members in DROP.

<u>2016 (1)</u>	<u>2015 (1)</u>	<u>2014 (1)</u>	<u>2013 (1)</u>
0.078429231%	0.083866520%	0.089074080%	0.092115890%
\$ 9,140,602	\$ 8,553,066	\$ 8,328,644	\$ 8,019,899
\$ 26,311,174	\$ 24,893,556	\$ 26,059,165	\$ 26,292,027
34.74%	34.36%	31.96%	30.50%
0.97%	0.50%	0.99%	1.78%

<u>2017 (1)</u>	<u>2016 (1)</u>	<u>2015 (1)</u>	<u>2014 (1)</u>
\$ 399,414	\$ 402,224	\$ 320,590	\$ 305,138
<u>(399,414)</u>	<u>(402,224)</u>	<u>(320,590)</u>	<u>(305,138)</u>
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
\$ 24,142,865	\$ 26,311,174	\$ 24,893,556	\$ 26,059,165
1.65%	1.53%	1.29%	1.17%

1. Schedule of Changes in the College's Total Other Postemployment Benefits Liability and Related Ratios

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meet the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75 to pay related benefits.

Changes of Assumptions. Since the prior measurement date, the discount rate decreased from 3.50 percent to 2.21 percent due to a change in the Municipal Bond Index Rate.

2. Schedule of Net Pension Liability and Schedule of Contributions – Florida Retirement System Pension Plan

Changes of Assumptions. The long-term expected rate of return decreased from 6.90 percent to 6.80 percent.

3. Schedule of Net Pension Liability and Schedule of Contributions – Health Insurance Subsidy Pension Plan

Changes of Assumptions. The municipal rate used to determine total pension liability decreased from 3.50 percent to 2.21 percent, and the active member mortality assumption was updated.



Sherrill F. Norman, CPA
Auditor General

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The President of the Senate, the Speaker of the
House of Representatives, and the
Legislative Auditing Committee

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Pensacola State College, a component unit of the State of Florida, and its aggregate discretely presented component units as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the College's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 8, 2022, included under the heading **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the aggregate discretely presented component units, as described in our report on the College's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the College's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the College's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a

timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the College's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, rules, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the College's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,



Sherrill F. Norman, CPA
Tallahassee, Florida
March 8, 2022