

STATE OF FLORIDA AUDITOR GENERAL

Financial and Federal Single Audit

Report No. 2023-063
December 2022

**HAMILTON COUNTY
DISTRICT SCHOOL BOARD**

For the Fiscal Year Ended
June 30, 2022



Sherrill F. Norman, CPA
Auditor General

Board Members and Superintendent

During the 2021-22 fiscal year, Dorothy Lee Wetherington-Zamora served as Superintendent of the Hamilton County Schools and the following individuals served as School Board Members:

	<u>District No.</u>
Cheryl McCall	1
Gary Godwin	2
Saul Speights, Vice Chair	3
Johnny Bullard, Chair	4
Sammy McCoy	5

The Auditor General conducts audits of governmental entities to provide the Legislature, Florida's citizens, public entity management, and other stakeholders unbiased, timely, and relevant information for use in promoting government accountability and stewardship and improving government operations.

The team leader was Summer B. Elledge, CPA, and the audit was supervised by Glenda K. Hart, CPA.

Please address inquiries regarding this report to Edward A. Waller, CPA, Audit Manager, by e-mail at tedwaller@aud.state.fl.us or by telephone at (850) 412-2887.

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HAMILTON COUNTY DISTRICT SCHOOL BOARD

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SUMMARY

SUMMARY OF REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our audit disclosed that the basic financial statements of the Hamilton County District School Board (District) were presented fairly, in all material respects, in accordance with prescribed financial reporting standards.

SUMMARY OF REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE

Our audit did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses.

The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

SUMMARY OF REPORT ON FEDERAL AWARDS

We audited the District's compliance with applicable Federal awards requirements. The Title I program and Education Stabilization Fund were audited as major Federal programs. The results of our audit indicated that the District materially complied with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major Federal programs.

AUDIT OBJECTIVES AND SCOPE

Our audit objectives were to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements of the School Board as a whole were free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that included our opinions. Our audit objectives were also to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with applicable Federal awards requirements occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. In doing so, we:

- Exercised professional judgment and maintained professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identified and assessed the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and designed and performed audit procedures responsive to those risks.
- Obtained an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.
- Evaluated the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluated the overall presentation of the financial statements and accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.
- Concluded whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.
- Examined various transactions to determine whether they were executed, in both manner and substance, in accordance with governing provisions of laws, rules, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements.

AUDIT METHODOLOGY

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; applicable standards contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*.



Sherrill F. Norman, CPA
Auditor General

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The President of the Senate, the Speaker of the
House of Representatives, and the
Legislative Auditing Committee

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Hamilton County District School Board, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Hamilton County District School Board, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We did not audit the financial statements of the school internal funds, which represent 15 percent, 21 percent, 0 percent, 15 percent, 20 percent, and 20 percent, respectively, of the assets, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, net position and fund balance, additions and revenues, and deductions and expenditures of the aggregate remaining fund information. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the school internal funds, is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the ***Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements*** section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our

other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that **MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**, the **Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General and Major Special Revenue Funds**, **Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios**, **Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – Florida Retirement System Pension Plan**, **Schedule of District Contributions – Florida Retirement System Pension Plan**, **Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – Health Insurance Subsidy Pension Plan**, **Schedule of District Contributions – Health Insurance Subsidy Pension Plan**, and **Notes to Required Supplementary Information**, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying **SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS**, as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the accompanying **SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS** is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 8, 2022, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, rules, regulations, contracts, and grant

agreements and other matters included under the heading **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS**. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Respectfully submitted,



Sherrill F. Norman, CPA
Tallahassee, Florida
December 8, 2022

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The management of the Hamilton County District School Board has prepared the following discussion and analysis to provide an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The information contained in the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is intended to highlight significant transactions, events, and conditions and should be considered in conjunction with the District's financial statements and notes to financial statements found immediately following the MD&A.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for the 2021-22 fiscal year are as follows:

- As of June 30, 2022, the assets and deferred outflows of resources exceed the liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$36,620,820.
- In total, net position increased \$884,568, which represents a 2.5 percent increase over the 2020-21 fiscal year.
- General revenues total \$20,787,994, or 92.2 percent of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services, operating grants and contributions, and capital grants and contributions total \$1,762,356, or 7.8 percent of all revenues.
- Expenses total \$21,665,782. Only \$1,762,356 of these expenses was offset by program specific revenues, with the remainder paid from general revenues.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the fund balance of the General Fund totals \$3,476,674, which is \$893,313 more than the prior fiscal year balance. The General Fund assigned and unassigned fund balances total \$2,889,315, or 20.5 percent of total General Fund revenues.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial statements consist of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements; (2) fund financial statements; and (3) notes to financial statements. This report also includes supplementary information intended to furnish additional details to support the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements provide both short-term and long-term information about the District's overall financial condition in a manner similar to those of a private-sector business. The statements include a statement of net position and a statement of activities that are designed to provide consolidated financial information about the governmental activities of the District presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The statement of net position provides information about the District's financial position, its assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, using an economic resources measurement focus. Assets plus deferred outflows of resources, less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, equals net position, which is a measure of the District's financial health. The statement of activities presents information about the change in the District's net position, the results of operations, during the fiscal year. An increase or decrease in net position is an indication of whether the District's financial health is improving or deteriorating.

All of the District's activities and services are reported in the government-wide financial statements as governmental activities. The District's governmental activities include instruction, student support services, instructional support services, administrative support services, facility maintenance, transportation, and food services. Property taxes and State revenues finance most of these activities. Additionally, all capital and debt financing activities are reported as governmental activities.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements are one of the components of the basic financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements and prudent fiscal management. Certain funds are established by law while others are created by legal agreements, such as bond covenants. Fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's financial activities, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds rather than fund types. This is in contrast to the entitywide perspective contained in the government-wide statements. All of the District's funds may be classified within one of the broad categories discussed below.

Governmental Funds: Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in assessing a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The governmental funds balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide detailed information about the District's most significant funds. The District's major funds are the General Fund, Special Revenue – Other Fund, Special Revenue – Federal Education Stabilization Fund, and Capital Projects – Local Capital Improvement Fund. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General and major Special Revenue Funds to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

Fiduciary Funds: Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or fiduciary capacity for the benefit of external parties, such as student activity funds. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide statements because the resources are not available to support the District's own

programs. In its fiduciary capacity, the District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes.

The District uses custodial funds to account for resources held for student activities and groups.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential for a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents required supplementary information concerning the District’s total other postemployment benefits (OPEB) and net pension liabilities.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position over time may serve as a useful indicator of a government’s financial health. The following is a summary of the District’s net position as of June 30, 2022, compared to net position as of June 30, 2021:

Net Position, End of Year

	Governmental Activities	
	6-30-22	6-30-21
Current and Other Assets	\$ 6,867,871	\$ 5,651,366
Capital Assets	41,847,331	43,196,785
Total Assets	48,715,202	48,848,151
Deferred Outflows of Resources	3,850,666	4,381,239
Long-Term Liabilities	8,021,072	15,605,165
Other Liabilities	1,120,023	973,117
Total Liabilities	9,141,095	16,578,282
Deferred Inflows of Resources	6,803,953	914,856
Net Position:		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	40,730,502	41,850,069
Restricted	2,834,792	2,631,026
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(6,944,474)	(8,744,843)
Total Net Position	\$ 36,620,820	\$ 35,736,252

The largest portion of the District’s net position is investment in capital assets (e.g., land; buildings; furniture, fixtures, and equipment), less any related debt still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, the resources used to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The restricted portion of the District's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The deficit unrestricted net position was primarily the result of accruing \$5,329,924 in net pension liability.

The key elements of the changes in the District's net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022, and June 30, 2021, are as follows:

Operating Results for the Fiscal Year Ended

	Governmental Activities	
	6-30-22	6-30-21
Program Revenues:		
Charges for Services	\$ 110,640	\$ 56,231
Operating Grants and Contributions	1,547,921	1,534,475
Capital Grants and Contributions	103,795	94,636
General Revenues:		
Property Taxes, Levied for Operational Purposes	4,742,717	4,722,122
Property Taxes, Levied for Capital Projects	1,571,866	1,528,852
Grants and Contributions Not Restricted to Specific Programs	13,855,403	11,737,743
Unrestricted Investment Earnings	9,240	7,080
Miscellaneous	608,768	348,263
Total Revenues	22,550,350	20,029,402
Functions/Program Expenses:		
Instruction	8,541,402	9,208,946
Student Support Services	942,101	965,067
Instructional Media Services	180,373	196,853
Instruction and Curriculum Development Services	857,361	1,256,694
Instructional Staff Training Services	391,291	355,034
Instruction-Related Technology	125,849	107,378
Board	331,806	372,706
General Administration	524,221	501,605
School Administration	933,366	810,184
Facilities Acquisition and Construction	555,036	230,024
Fiscal Services	487,184	465,186
Food Services	1,571,002	1,588,800
Central Services	227,669	193,883
Student Transportation Services	1,295,310	1,409,517
Operation of Plant	1,904,069	1,882,018
Maintenance of Plant	260,596	269,170
Administrative Technology Services	301,069	290,443
Community Services	43,681	713
Unallocated Interest on Long-Term Debt	47,709	56,212
Unallocated Depreciation Expense	1,274,521	1,284,657
Loss on Disposal of Capital Assets	870,166	28,746
Total Functions/Program Expenses	21,665,782	21,473,836
Change in Net Position	884,568	(1,444,434)
Net Position - Beginning	35,736,252	37,180,489
Adjustment to Beginning Net Position (1)	-	197
Net Position - Beginning, as Restated	35,736,252	37,180,686
Net Position - Ending	\$ 36,620,820	\$ 35,736,252

(1) In the 2020-21 fiscal year, the adjustment to beginning net position was the result of the District recognizing its proportionate share of the FRS restatement of beginning net position of the FRS Pension Plan due to a correction to an interfund receivable amount.

The largest revenue source is the State of Florida (40.1 percent). Revenues from State sources for current operations are primarily received through the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) funding formula. The FEFP funding formula utilizes student enrollment data and is designed to maintain equity in funding across all Florida school districts, taking into consideration the District's funding ability based on the local property tax base.

Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs revenues increased by \$2,117,660, or 18 percent, primarily due to an increase in Federal Education Stabilization funds awarded in response to the COVID-19 pandemic.

Miscellaneous revenue increased by \$260,505, or 74.8 percent, primarily due to the sale of disposed capital assets, including proceeds received from the sale of the South Hamilton Elementary School and motor vehicles.

Instruction expenses represent 39.4 percent of total governmental expenses in the 2021-22 fiscal year. Instruction expenses decreased by \$667,544, or 7.2 percent, from the previous fiscal year due mainly to negative pension expense during the current year, which resulted from a significant increase in the FRS Pension Plan investment returns during the 2020-2021 fiscal year.

The District recognized a \$870,166 net loss on disposal of capital assets in the current fiscal year primarily due to the disposal of land, buildings, and improvements other than buildings, related to the sale of the South Hamilton Elementary School.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

Governmental Funds

The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. Specifically, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for discretionary use as it represents the portion of fund balance that has not been limited to a particular purpose by an external party, the District, or a group or individual delegated authority by the Board to assign resources for particular purposes.

The total fund balances of governmental funds increased by \$1,027,550 during the fiscal year to \$5,705,798 at June 30, 2022. Of the total fund balance, \$1,740,464, or 30.5 percent, is unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the District's discretion; \$103,155 is nonspendable; \$2,713,328 is restricted; and \$1,148,851 is assigned.

Major Governmental Funds

The General Fund is the District's chief operating fund. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance is \$1,740,464, while the total fund balance is \$3,476,674. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare the total assigned and unassigned fund balances to General Fund total revenues. The total assigned and unassigned fund balance is 20.5 percent of the total General Fund revenues, while total fund balance represents 24.6 percent of total General Fund revenues. Total fund balance increased by \$893,313 during the fiscal year, primarily because of continued cost containment measures implemented by the District and the infusion of Federal funding in response to

COVID-19 pandemic, whereby expenditures previously paid for in the General Fund are funded in the 2021-22 fiscal year by the Special Revenue – Federal Education Stabilization Fund.

The Special Revenue – Other Fund has total revenues and expenditures of \$1,759,889 each and the funding was mainly used for instruction and instruction and curriculum development services. Because grant revenues are not recognized until expenditures are incurred, this fund generally does not accumulate a fund balance.

The Special Revenue – Federal Education Stabilization Fund has total revenues and expenditures of \$3,118,482 each and the funding was mainly used to mitigate the impact of COVID-19. Because grant revenues are not recognized until expenditures are incurred, this fund generally does not accumulate a fund balance.

The Capital Projects – Local Capital Improvement Fund has a total fund balance of \$1,348,024. These funds are restricted, in part, for the acquisition, construction, and maintenance of capital assets. Of the total fund balance, \$183,603 has been encumbered for various projects. The fund balance decreased by \$29,775 during the fiscal year.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the 2021-22 fiscal year, the District amended its General Fund budget several times, which resulted in an increase in total budgeted revenues of \$590,508, or 4.3 percent. At the same time, final appropriations are more than the original budgeted amounts by \$795,553, or 5.8 percent. Budget revisions occurred primarily from changes in estimated State funding levels and corresponding adjustments to planned expenditures to ensure maintenance of an adequate fund balance.

Actual revenues are in line with the final budgeted amounts while actual expenditures are \$1,192,000, or 8.2 percent, less than final budgeted amounts. The decrease in expenditures was primarily due to continued cost containment measures implemented by the District and the infusion of Federal funding in response to COVID-19 pandemic, whereby expenditures previously paid for in the General Fund are funded in the 2021-22 fiscal year by the Special Revenue – Federal Education Stabilization Fund. The actual ending fund balance exceeded the estimated fund balance contained in the final amended budget by \$1,152,013.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM DEBT

Capital Assets

The District's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2022, is \$41,847,332 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land; improvements other than buildings; buildings and fixed equipment; furniture, fixtures, and equipment; motor vehicles; and audio visual materials and computer software.

During the current fiscal year, capital outlay was used primarily for the construction of Districtwide fencing and a marquee sign and to acquire various equipment and required maintenance needed for District operations.

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Notes I.F.4. and II.C. to the financial statements.

Long-Term Debt

At June 30, 2022, the District had total long-term debt outstanding of \$1,092,036, composed of bonds payable used to complete the construction on, and acquire needed equipment for, the Hamilton County Elementary School, and an installment-purchase payable used to purchase seven of the District's eight new school buses. During the current fiscal year, retirement of debt was \$254,680.

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Notes II.H.1. through II.H.3. to the financial statements.

OTHER MATTERS OF SIGNIFICANCE

The District experienced steady student FTE numbers prior to the COVID pandemic. Following a return to in-person instruction, student FTE numbers stabilized in the 2021-22 fiscal year. The District continues to prepare for fluctuations in FTE and related funding as well as increases in FEFP scholarship share by building reserves in the General Fund and utilizing Federal Education Stabilization funds as allowed. Enrollment is steady as the new school year progresses and the District will continue to monitor student counts and consider cost saving measures where they are perceived necessary.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for all those with an interest in the District's finances. Questions concerning information provided in the MD&A or other required supplementary information, and financial statements and notes thereto, or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Director for Business Services, Hamilton County District School Board, 5683 US Highway 129 South, Suite 1, Jasper, Florida 32052.

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Hamilton County District School Board Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 5,740,515.10
Accounts Receivable	2,176.73
Due from Other Agencies	1,022,024.52
Inventories	103,154.33
Capital Assets:	
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	567,784.95
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	41,279,546.65
TOTAL ASSETS	48,715,202.28
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pensions	3,790,303.00
OPEB	60,363.00
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	3,850,666.00
LIABILITIES	
Accrued Salaries and Benefits	143,630.38
Payroll Deductions and Withholdings	480,520.97
Accounts Payable	358,407.99
Construction Contracts Payable	705.45
Construction Contracts Payable - Retained Percentage	24,088.78
Due to Other Agencies	19,339.86
Unearned Revenue	93,329.19
Long-Term Liabilities:	
Portion Due Within 1 Year	383,665.86
Portion Due After 1 Year	7,637,406.65
TOTAL LIABILITIES	9,141,095.13
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pensions	6,711,675.00
OPEB	92,278.00
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	6,803,953.00
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	40,730,501.86
Restricted for:	
State Required Carryover Programs	524,902.75
Capital Projects	1,863,809.35
Food Service	432,108.89
Other Purposes	13,971.53
Unrestricted	(6,944,474.23)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 36,620,820.15

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**Hamilton County District School Board
Statement of Activities
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022**

Functions/Programs	Expenses	Program Revenues	
		Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions
Governmental Activities:			
Instruction	\$ 8,541,401.61	\$ 495.00	\$ 47,579.04
Student Support Services	942,100.97	-	-
Instructional Media Services	180,373.44	-	-
Instruction and Curriculum Development Services	857,361.06	-	-
Instructional Staff Training Services	391,290.54	-	-
Instruction-Related Technology	125,848.91	-	-
Board	331,805.79	-	-
General Administration	524,220.61	-	-
School Administration	933,365.99	-	-
Facilities Acquisition and Construction	555,036.06	-	-
Fiscal Services	487,183.86	-	-
Food Services	1,571,001.79	96,957.90	1,500,342.20
Central Services	227,668.74	-	-
Student Transportation Services	1,295,309.85	13,186.94	-
Operation of Plant	1,904,069.43	-	-
Maintenance of Plant	260,596.20	-	-
Administrative Technology Services	301,068.58	-	-
Community Services	43,681.45	-	-
Unallocated Interest on Long-Term Debt	47,709.40	-	-
Unallocated Depreciation Expense*	1,274,521.34	-	-
Loss on Disposal of Capital Assets	870,166.17	-	-
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 21,665,781.79	\$ 110,639.84	\$ 1,547,921.24

General Revenues:

Taxes:

Property Taxes, Levied for Operational Purposes

Property Taxes, Levied for Capital Projects

Grants and Contributions Not Restricted to Specific Programs

Unrestricted Investment Earnings

Miscellaneous

Total General Revenues

Change in Net Position

Net Position - Beginning

Net Position - Ending

* This amount excludes the depreciation that is included in the direct expenses of the various functions.

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	
Capital Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities	
\$	-	\$	(8,493,327.57)
	-		(942,100.97)
	-		(180,373.44)
	-		(857,361.06)
	-		(391,290.54)
	-		(125,848.91)
	-		(331,805.79)
	-		(524,220.61)
	-		(933,365.99)
	103,794.79		(451,241.27)
	-		(487,183.86)
	-		26,298.31
	-		(227,668.74)
	-		(1,282,122.91)
	-		(1,904,069.43)
	-		(260,596.20)
	-		(301,068.58)
	-		(43,681.45)
	-		(47,709.40)
	-		(1,274,521.34)
	-		(870,166.17)
<u>\$</u>	<u>103,794.79</u>		<u>(19,903,425.92)</u>

4,742,716.94
1,571,866.08
13,855,402.98
9,240.42
608,767.85
<u>20,787,994.27</u>
884,568.35
35,736,251.80
<u>\$ 36,620,820.15</u>

**Hamilton County District School Board
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds
June 30, 2022**

	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>Special Revenue - Other Fund</u>	<u>Special Revenue - Federal Education Stabilization Fund</u>
ASSETS			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 3,552,231.44	\$ -	\$ -
Accounts Receivable	1,844.57	-	-
Due from Other Funds	487,453.13	-	-
Due from Other Agencies	19,532.03	423,020.22	341,602.59
Inventories	48,484.32	-	-
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 4,109,545.49	\$ 423,020.22	\$ 341,602.59
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES			
Liabilities:			
Accrued Salaries and Benefits	\$ 29,666.41	\$ 73,244.70	\$ 36,898.44
Payroll Deductions and Withholdings	480,520.97	-	-
Accounts Payable	104,856.32	117,740.95	47,773.52
Construction Contracts Payable	-	-	-
Construction Contracts Payable - Retained Percentage	-	-	-
Due to Other Funds	-	232,034.57	255,418.56
Due to Other Agencies	17,827.79	-	1,512.07
Unearned Revenue	-	-	-
Total Liabilities	632,871.49	423,020.22	341,602.59
Deferred Inflows of Resources:			
Unavailable Revenue - State Capital Outlay	-	-	-
Fund Balances:			
Nonspendable:			
Inventories	48,484.32	-	-
Restricted for:			
State Required Carryover Programs	524,902.75	-	-
Capital Projects	-	-	-
Food Service	-	-	-
Other Purposes	13,971.53	-	-
Total Restricted Fund Balance	538,874.28	-	-
Assigned for:			
Purchases on Order	25,882.78	-	-
Board Approved Budget Items	1,122,968.54	-	-
Total Assigned Fund Balance	1,148,851.32	-	-
Unassigned Fund Balance	1,740,464.08	-	-
Total Fund Balances	3,476,674.00	-	-
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 4,109,545.49	\$ 423,020.22	\$ 341,602.59

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Capital Projects - Local Capital Improvement Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 1,443,547.59	\$ 744,736.07	\$ 5,740,515.10
-	332.16	2,176.73
-	-	487,453.13
428.28	237,441.40	1,022,024.52
-	54,670.01	103,154.33
<u>\$ 1,443,975.87</u>	<u>\$ 1,037,179.64</u>	<u>\$ 7,355,323.81</u>
\$ -	\$ 3,820.83	\$ 143,630.38
-	-	480,520.97
71,157.84	16,879.36	358,407.99
705.45	-	705.45
24,088.78	-	24,088.78
-	-	487,453.13
-	-	19,339.86
-	93,329.19	93,329.19
<u>95,952.07</u>	<u>114,029.38</u>	<u>1,607,475.75</u>
-	42,050.05	42,050.05
-	54,670.01	103,154.33
-	-	524,902.75
1,348,023.80	448,991.32	1,797,015.12
-	377,438.88	377,438.88
-	-	13,971.53
<u>1,348,023.80</u>	<u>826,430.20</u>	<u>2,713,328.28</u>
-	-	25,882.78
-	-	1,122,968.54
-	-	1,148,851.32
-	-	1,740,464.08
<u>1,348,023.80</u>	<u>881,100.21</u>	<u>5,705,798.01</u>
<u>\$ 1,443,975.87</u>	<u>\$ 1,037,179.64</u>	<u>\$ 7,355,323.81</u>

**Hamilton County District School Board
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet
to the Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2022**

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds \$ 5,705,798.01

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in the governmental funds. 41,847,331.60

A portion of State capital outlay funding is not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, is reported as unavailable revenue on the governmental fund statements. 42,050.05

The deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.

Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions	\$ 3,790,303.00	
Deferred Outflows Related to OPEB	60,363.00	
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions	(6,711,675.00)	
Deferred Inflows Related to OPEB	<u>(92,278.00)</u>	(2,953,287.00)

Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the fiscal year and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds. Long-term liabilities at year end consist of:

Installment-Purchase Payable	\$ (572,035.51)	
Bonds Payable	(520,000.00)	
Compensated Absences Payable	(1,295,106.00)	
Net Pension Liability	(5,329,924.00)	
Total OPEB Liability	<u>(304,007.00)</u>	<u>(8,021,072.51)</u>

Net Position - Governmental Activities \$ 36,620,820.15

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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**Hamilton County District School Board
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in
Fund Balances – Governmental Funds
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022**

	General Fund	Special Revenue - Other Fund	Special Revenue - Federal Education Stabilization Fund
Revenues			
Intergovernmental:			
Federal Direct	\$ 47,579.04	\$ -	\$ -
Federal Through State and Local	26,485.82	1,759,889.36	3,118,482.13
State	8,951,530.01	-	-
Local:			
Property Taxes	4,742,716.94	-	-
Charges for Services	13,681.94	-	-
Miscellaneous	338,682.25	-	-
Total Local Revenues	<u>5,095,081.13</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Revenues	<u>14,120,676.00</u>	<u>1,759,889.36</u>	<u>3,118,482.13</u>
Expenditures			
Current - Education:			
Instruction	6,195,193.66	1,005,839.86	1,815,824.68
Student Support Services	725,802.84	84,428.61	180,470.54
Instructional Media Services	185,223.04	2,622.36	4,290.68
Instruction and Curriculum Development Services	325,136.89	369,311.70	214,461.50
Instructional Staff Training Services	56,769.89	193,230.74	158,674.16
Instruction-Related Technology	111,445.49	5,243.31	15,603.24
Board	348,852.83	-	582.84
General Administration	321,103.05	88,996.89	131,882.42
School Administration	839,015.78	7,003.23	144,052.57
Facilities Acquisition and Construction	-	-	-
Fiscal Services	508,869.11	-	7,343.80
Food Services	25,054.23	-	34,197.89
Central Services	183,141.01	194.39	53,386.68
Student Transportation Services	1,107,835.09	3,018.27	45,175.68
Operation of Plant	1,827,734.68	-	120,721.17
Maintenance of Plant	270,322.80	-	4,954.13
Administrative Technology Services	302,461.44	-	6,728.98
Community Services	3,710.16	-	41,384.61
Fixed Capital Outlay:			
Facilities Acquisition and Construction	-	-	-
Other Capital Outlay	25,876.20	-	138,746.56
Debt Service:			
Principal	-	-	-
Interest and Fiscal Charges	-	-	-
Total Expenditures	<u>13,363,548.19</u>	<u>1,759,889.36</u>	<u>3,118,482.13</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	<u>757,127.81</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Transfers In	236,272.79	-	-
Sale of Capital Assets	-	-	-
Loss Recoveries	-	-	-
Transfers Out	<u>(100,087.50)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>136,185.29</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances	893,313.10	-	-
Fund Balances, Beginning	<u>2,583,360.90</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund Balances, Ending	<u>\$ 3,476,674.00</u>	<u>\$ 0.00</u>	<u>\$ 0.00</u>

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Capital Projects - Local Capital Improvement Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 47,579.04
-	1,474,095.20	6,378,952.51
-	88,041.79	9,039,571.80
1,571,866.08	-	6,314,583.02
-	96,957.90	110,639.84
2,647.69	52,580.92	393,910.86
<u>1,574,513.77</u>	<u>149,538.82</u>	<u>6,819,133.72</u>
<u>1,574,513.77</u>	<u>1,711,675.81</u>	<u>22,285,237.07</u>
-	-	9,016,858.20
-	-	990,701.99
-	-	192,136.08
-	-	908,910.09
-	-	408,674.79
-	-	132,292.04
-	-	349,435.67
-	-	541,982.36
-	-	990,071.58
505,055.82	11,051.50	516,107.32
-	-	516,212.91
-	1,543,835.01	1,603,087.13
-	-	236,722.08
-	-	1,156,029.04
-	-	1,948,455.85
-	-	275,276.93
-	-	309,190.42
-	-	45,094.77
597,686.83	65,918.65	663,605.48
228,873.60	10,953.45	404,449.81
179,680.45	75,000.00	254,680.45
22,551.47	25,157.93	47,709.40
<u>1,533,848.17</u>	<u>1,731,916.54</u>	<u>21,507,684.39</u>
<u>40,665.60</u>	<u>(20,240.73)</u>	<u>777,552.68</u>
-	100,087.50	336,360.29
65,832.00	84,165.00	149,997.00
100,000.00	-	100,000.00
<u>(236,272.79)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(336,360.29)</u>
<u>(70,440.79)</u>	<u>184,252.50</u>	<u>249,997.00</u>
(29,775.19)	164,011.77	1,027,549.68
1,377,798.99	717,088.44	4,678,248.33
<u>\$ 1,348,023.80</u>	<u>\$ 881,100.21</u>	<u>\$ 5,705,798.01</u>

Hamilton County District School Board
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures,
and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds \$ 1,027,549.68

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Capital outlays are reported in the governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount of depreciation expense in excess of capital outlays in the current fiscal year. (452,353.68)

The loss on the disposal of capital assets during the current fiscal year is reported in the statement of activities. In the governmental funds, the cost of these assets was recognized as an expenditure in the fiscal year purchased. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the undepreciated cost of the disposed assets. (870,166.17)

The sale of a nondepreciable asset is reported in the governmental funds as revenue. However, in the statement of net position, the asset is reduced by the cost of the asset. This is the cost basis of the land sold. (26,933.98)

Repayment of long-term debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. This is the amount of repayments in the current fiscal year.

	\$	179,680.45	
Installment-Purchase Payable			
Bonds Payable		75,000.00	254,680.45

Certain funds due from other agencies were not available and, therefore, not recognized as revenue in the governmental fund statements. However, under the full accrual basis of accounting, this amount is accrued and reported as revenue on the statement of activities. 42,050.05

In the statement of activities, the cost of compensated absences is measured by the amounts earned during the year, while in the governmental funds, expenditures are recognized based on the amounts actually paid for compensated absences. This is the net amount of compensated absences earned in excess of the amount paid in the current fiscal year. (43,455.00)

Governmental funds report District OPEB contributions as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of OPEB benefits earned net of employee contributions, as determined through an actuarial valuation, is reported as an OPEB expense.

	\$	77,628.00	
Decrease in Total OPEB Liability			
Increase in Deferred Outflows of Resources - OPEB		11,528.00	
Increase in Deferred Inflows of Resources - OPEB		(71,910.00)	17,246.00

Governmental funds report District pension contributions as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as a pension expense.

	\$	967,214.00	
FRS Pension Contribution			
HIS Pension Contribution		171,258.00	
FRS Pension Expense		19,205.00	
HIS Pension Expense		(221,726.00)	935,951.00

Change in Net Position - Governmental Activities **\$ 884,568.35**

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**Hamilton County District School Board
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Funds
June 30, 2022**

	<u>Custodial Funds</u>
ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 182,217
Accounts Receivable	<u>500</u>
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>182,717</u>
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	<u>30,395</u>
NET POSITION	
Restricted for Student Groups	<u>\$ 152,322</u>

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Hamilton County District School Board
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Funds
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Custodial Funds
ADDITIONS	
Classes	\$ 42,973
Clubs	29,744
Departments	32,707
Funds	325,816
Total Additions	431,240
DEDUCTIONS	
Classes	37,487
Clubs	23,309
Departments	36,945
Funds	342,936
Total Deductions	440,677
Change in Net Position	(9,437)
Net Position - Beginning	161,759
Net Position - Ending	\$ 152,322

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Description of Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Hamilton County School District (District). All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are thereby clearly identifiable to a particular function. Depreciation expense associated with the District's transportation and food service departments are allocated to the student transportation services and food services functions, while remaining depreciation expense is not readily associated with a particular function and is reported as unallocated.

B. Reporting Entity

The Hamilton County District School Board (Board) has direct responsibility for operation, control, and supervision of District schools and is considered a primary government for financial reporting. The District is considered part of the Florida system of public education, operates under the general direction of the Florida Department of Education (FDOE), and is governed by State law and State Board of Education (SBE) rules. The governing body of the District is the Board, which is composed of five elected members. The elected Superintendent of Schools is the executive officer of the Board. Geographic boundaries of the District correspond with those of Hamilton County.

Criteria for determining if other entities are potential component units that should be reported within the District's basic financial statements are identified and described in the Governmental Accounting Standards Board's (GASB) *Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards*, Sections 2100 and 2600. The application of these criteria provides for identification of any legally separate entities for which the Board is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the Board are such that exclusion would cause the District's basic financial statements to be misleading. Based on these criteria, no component units are included within the District's reporting entity.

C. Basis of Presentation: Government-Wide Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

The effects of interfund activity have been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements except for interfund services provided and used.

D. Basis of Presentation: Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, including the fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

- General Fund – to account for all financial resources not required to be accounted for in another fund and for certain revenues from the State that are legally restricted to be expended for specific current operating purposes.
- Special Revenue – Other Fund – to account for certain Federal grant program resources.
- Special Revenue – Federal Education Stabilization Fund – to account for certain Federal grant program resources provided as emergency relief to address the impact of COVID-19 on elementary and secondary schools.
- Capital Projects – Local Capital Improvement Fund – to account for the financial resources generated by the local capital improvement tax levy to be used for educational capital outlay needs, including new construction, renovation and remodeling projects, new and replacement equipment, motor vehicle purchases, and debt service payments on school buses.

Additionally, the District reports the following fiduciary fund type:

- Custodial Funds – to account for resources of the school internal funds, which are used to administer moneys collected at several schools in connection with school, student athletic, class, and club activities.

During the course of operations, the District has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at fiscal year end are reported as due from/to other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements, these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in and out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements.

E. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized in the year for which they are levied. Revenues from grants, entitlements, and

donations are recognized as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, except for certain grant revenues, are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal year. When grant terms provide that the expenditure of resources is the prime factor for determining eligibility for Federal, State, and other grant resources, revenue is recognized at the time the expenditure is made. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year end). Property taxes and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are generally recognized when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, claims and judgments, pension benefits, other postemployment benefits, and compensated absences, are only recorded when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under leases are reported as other financing sources. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation, are not recognized in governmental funds.

The fiduciary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

F. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term liquid investments with original maturities of 3 months or less from the date of acquisition. Investments classified as cash equivalents include amounts placed with the State Board of Administration (SBA) in Florida PRIME.

Cash deposits are held by banks qualified as public depositories under Florida law. All deposits are insured by Federal depository insurance, up to specified limits, or collateralized with securities held in Florida's multiple financial institution collateral pool as required by Chapter 280, Florida Statutes.

2. Investments

Investments consist of amounts placed with the SBA for participation in the Florida PRIME investment pool created by Section 218.405, Florida Statutes. The investment pool operates under investment guidelines established by Section 215.47, Florida Statutes.

The District's investment in Florida PRIME, which the SBA indicates is a Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 2a7-like external investment pool, are similar to money market funds in which shares are owned in the fund rather than the underlying investments. This investment is reported at fair value, which is amortized cost.

Types and amounts of investments held at fiscal year end are described in a subsequent note.

3. Inventories

Inventories consist of expendable supplies held for consumption in the course of District operations. Inventories are stated at last invoice, which approximates the first-in, first-out basis, except that United States Department of Agriculture donated foods are stated at their fair value as determined at the time of donation to the District's food service program by the Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, Bureau of Food Distribution. The costs of inventories are recorded as expenditures when purchased during the year and are adjusted at year end to reflect year-end physical inventories.

4. Capital Assets

Expenditures for capital assets acquired or constructed for general District purposes are reported in the governmental fund that financed the acquisition or construction. The capital assets so acquired are reported at cost in the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the governmental fund financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as those costing more than \$1,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Estimated Useful Lives</u>
Improvements Other Than Buildings	40 years
Buildings and Fixed Equipment	50 years
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	3 - 15 years
Motor Vehicles	5 - 10 years
Audio Visual Materials and Computer Software	3 - 5 years

Current year information relative to changes in capital assets is described in a subsequent note.

5. Pensions

In the government-wide statement of net position, liabilities are recognized for the District's proportionate share of each pension plan's net pension liability. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Florida Retirement System (FRS) defined benefit plan and the Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) defined benefit plan and additions to/deductions from the FRS and the HIS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the FRS and the HIS plans. For this

purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

The District's retirement plans and related amounts are described in a subsequent note.

6. Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term obligations that will be financed from resources to be received in the future by governmental funds are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statement of net position.

In the governmental fund financial statements, bonds and other long-term obligations are not recognized as liabilities until due.

Changes in long-term liabilities for the current year are reported in a subsequent note.

7. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. The District has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB are discussed in subsequent notes.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and the governmental funds balance sheet report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. The first two items, deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB, are reported in the statement of net position and discussed in subsequent notes. The remaining item is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet as unavailable revenue related to State capital outlay funding and will be recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that it becomes available.

8. Net Position Flow Assumption

The District occasionally funds outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. To calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. Consequently, it is the District's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

9. Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

The District may fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). To calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in

which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

10. Fund Balance Policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The District itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the District's highest level of decision-making authority. The Board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the District that can, by adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the resolution remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another resolution) to remove or revise the limitation. The District reported no committed fund balances at June 30, 2022.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The Board has, by approval of the annual financial report, authorized the assignment of fund balance. The Board may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

G. Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

1. Program Revenues

Amounts reported as program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

2. State Revenue Sources

Significant revenues from State sources for current operations include the Florida Education Finance Program administered by the FDOE under the provisions of Section 1011.62, Florida Statutes. In accordance with this law, the District determines and reports the number of full-time

equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the FDOE. The FDOE performs certain edit checks on the reported number of FTE and related data and calculates the allocation of funds to the District. The District is permitted to amend its original reporting during specified time periods following the date of the original reporting. The FDOE may also adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations based upon an audit of the District's compliance in determining and reporting FTE and related data. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions or additions of revenue in the fiscal year when the adjustments are made.

The State provides financial assistance to administer certain educational programs. SBE rules require that revenue earmarked for certain programs be expended only for the program for which the money is provided, and require that the money not expended as of the close of the fiscal year be carried forward into the following fiscal year to be expended for the same educational programs. The FDOE generally requires that these educational program revenues be accounted for in the General Fund. A portion of the fund balance of the General Fund is restricted in the governmental fund financial statements for the balance of categorical and earmarked educational program resources.

The District received an allocation from the State under the Educational Facilities Security Grant program. The District is authorized to expend these funds only upon applying for and receiving an encumbrance authorization from the FDOE.

A schedule of revenue from State sources for the current year is presented in a subsequent note.

3. District Property Taxes

The Board is authorized by State law to levy property taxes for district school operations, capital improvements, and debt service.

Property taxes consist of ad valorem taxes on real and personal property within the District. Property values are determined by the Hamilton County Property Appraiser, and property taxes are collected by the Hamilton County Tax Collector.

The Board adopted the 2021 tax levy on September 7, 2021. Tax bills are mailed in October and taxes are payable between November 1 of the year assessed and March 31 of the following year at discounts of up to 4 percent for early payment.

Taxes become a lien on the property on January 1 and are delinquent on April 1 of the year following the year of assessment. State law provides for enforcement of collection of personal property taxes by seizure of the property to satisfy unpaid taxes and for enforcement of collection of real property taxes by the sale of interest-bearing tax certificates to satisfy unpaid taxes. The procedures result in the collection of essentially all taxes prior to June 30 of the year following the year of assessment.

Property tax revenues are recognized in the government-wide financial statements when the Board adopts the tax levy. Property tax revenues are recognized in the governmental fund financial statements when taxes are received by the District, except that revenue is accrued for taxes collected by the Hamilton County Tax Collector at fiscal year end but not yet remitted to the District.

Millages and taxes levied for the current year are presented in a subsequent note.

4. Voted Additional Millage

In April 2021, the voters of Hamilton County approved to continue the one-quarter mill ad valorem tax increase in the County for 4 years, effective July 1, 2021, to pay for essential operating expenses in accordance with Section 1011.71(9), Florida Statutes. Revenues will be used to offset operating budget shortfalls.

5. Federal Revenue Sources

The District receives Federal awards for the enhancement of various educational programs. Federal awards are generally received based on applications submitted to, and approved by, various granting agencies. For Federal awards in which a claim to these grant proceeds is based on incurring eligible expenditures, revenue is recognized to the extent that eligible expenditures have been incurred. The FDOE may require adjustments to subsequent fiscal period expenditures and related revenues based upon an audit of the District's compliance with applicable Federal awards requirements. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions of expenditures and related revenues in the fiscal year when the adjustments are made.

6. Compensated Absences

In the government-wide financial statements, compensated absences (i.e., paid absences for employee vacation leave and sick leave) are accrued as liabilities to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination payments. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental fund financial statements only if it has matured, such as for occurrences of employee resignations and retirements. The liability for compensated absences includes salary-related benefits, where applicable.

II. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS

A. Cash Deposits with Financial Institutions

Custodial Credit Risk. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the District will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk. All bank balances of the District are fully insured or collateralized as required by Chapter 280, Florida Statutes.

B. Investments

The District's investments at June 30, 2022, are reported as follows:

<u>Investments</u>	<u>Maturities</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>
SBA:		
Florida PRIME (1)	28 Days	<u>\$ 1,509,256.53</u>

(1) This investment is reported as a cash equivalent for financial statement reporting purposes.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses from increasing interest rates.

Florida PRIME uses a weighted average days to maturity (WAM). A portfolio's WAM reflects the average maturity in days based on final maturity or reset date, in the case of floating rate instruments. WAM measures the sensitivity of the portfolio to interest rate changes.

For Florida PRIME, with regard to redemption gates, Section 218.409(8)(a), Florida Statutes, states, "The principal, and any part thereof, of each account constituting the trust fund is subject to payment at any time from the moneys in the trust fund. However, the executive director may, in good faith, on the occurrence of an event that has a material impact on liquidity or operations of the trust fund, for 48 hours limit contributions to or withdrawals from the trust fund to ensure that the board [State Board of Administration] can invest moneys entrusted to it in exercising its fiduciary responsibility. Such action must be immediately disclosed to all participants, the trustees, the Joint Legislative Auditing Committee, and the Investment Advisory Council. The trustees shall convene an emergency meeting as soon as practicable from the time the executive director has instituted such measures and review the necessity of those measures. If the trustees are unable to convene an emergency meeting before the expiration of the 48-hour moratorium on contributions and withdrawals, the moratorium may be extended by the executive director until the trustees are able to meet to review the necessity for the moratorium. If the trustees agree with such measures, the trustees shall vote to continue the measures for up to an additional 15 days. The trustees must convene and vote to continue any such measures before the expiration of the time limit set, but in no case may the time limit set by the trustees exceed 15 days." As of June 30, 2022, there were no redemption fees, maximum transaction amounts, or any other requirements that serve to limit a participant's daily access to 100 percent of their account value.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Section 218.415(17), Florida Statutes, limits investments to the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund [Florida PRIME], or any intergovernmental investment pool authorized pursuant to the Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act as provided in Section 163.01, Florida Statutes; Securities and Exchange Commission registered money market funds with the highest credit quality rating from a nationally recognized rating agency; interest-bearing time deposits or savings accounts in qualified public depositories, as defined in Section 280.02, Florida Statutes; and direct obligations of the United States Treasury. The District does not have a formal investment policy that further limits its investment choices.

The District's investment in Florida PRIME is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

C. Changes in Capital Assets

Changes in capital assets are presented in the following table:

	<u>Beginning Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	<u>Ending Balance</u>
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES				
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 594,718.93	\$ -	\$ 26,933.98	\$ 567,784.95
Construction in Progress	38,928.74	-	38,928.74	-
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	<u>633,647.67</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>65,862.72</u>	<u>567,784.95</u>
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Improvements Other Than Buildings	2,292,594.81	634,604.87	165,766.41	2,761,433.27
Buildings and Fixed Equipment	52,038,327.42	29,000.61	1,686,485.10	50,380,842.93
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	1,944,694.39	244,384.40	38,761.46	2,150,317.33
Motor Vehicles	4,886,950.55	160,065.41	1,434,642.00	3,612,373.96
Audio Visual Materials and Computer Software	58,825.72	-	-	58,825.72
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	<u>61,221,392.89</u>	<u>1,068,055.29</u>	<u>3,325,654.97</u>	<u>58,963,793.21</u>
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Improvements Other Than Buildings	874,844.95	67,309.94	109,095.12	833,059.77
Buildings and Fixed Equipment	12,650,699.98	982,426.44	989,037.57	12,644,088.85
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	1,553,173.77	198,413.40	32,971.21	1,718,615.96
Motor Vehicles	3,523,394.71	231,914.92	1,324,384.90	2,430,924.73
Audio Visual Materials and Computer Software	56,141.72	1,415.53	-	57,557.25
Total Accumulated Depreciation	<u>18,658,255.13</u>	<u>1,481,480.23</u>	<u>2,455,488.80</u>	<u>17,684,246.56</u>
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	<u>42,563,137.76</u>	<u>(413,424.94)</u>	<u>870,166.17</u>	<u>41,279,546.65</u>
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$ 43,196,785.43</u>	<u>\$ (413,424.94)</u>	<u>\$ 936,028.89</u>	<u>\$ 41,847,331.60</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

<u>Function</u>	<u>Amount</u>
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	
Food Services	\$ 10,766.78
Student Transportation Services	196,192.11
Unallocated	<u>1,274,521.34</u>
Total Depreciation Expense – Governmental Activities	<u>\$ 1,481,480.23</u>

D. Retirement Plans

1. FRS – Defined Benefit Pension Plans

General Information about the FRS

The FRS was created in Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, to provide a defined benefit pension plan for participating public employees. The FRS was amended in 1998 to add the Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) under the defined benefit plan and amended in 2000 to provide a defined contribution plan alternative to the defined benefit plan for FRS members

effective July 1, 2002. This integrated defined contribution pension plan is the FRS Investment Plan. Chapter 112, Florida Statutes, established the Retiree HIS Program, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, to assist retired members of any State-administered retirement system in paying the costs of health insurance.

Essentially all regular employees of the District are eligible to enroll as members of the State-administered FRS. Provisions relating to the FRS are established by Chapters 121 and 122, Florida Statutes; Chapter 112, Part IV, Florida Statutes; Chapter 238, Florida Statutes; and FRS Rules, Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code; wherein eligibility, contributions, and benefits are defined and described in detail. Such provisions may be amended at any time by further action from the Florida Legislature. The FRS is a single retirement system administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, and consists of the two cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plans and other nonintegrated programs. An annual comprehensive financial report of the FRS, which includes its financial statements, required supplementary information, actuarial report, and other relevant information, is available from the Florida Department of Management Services Web site (www.dms.myflorida.com).

The District's FRS and HIS pension expense totaled \$202,521 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

FRS Pension Plan

Plan Description. The FRS Pension Plan (Plan) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, with a DROP for eligible employees. The general classes of membership are:

- *Regular* – Members of the FRS who do not qualify for membership in the other classes.
- *Elected County Officers* – Members who hold specified elective offices in local government.

Employees enrolled in the Plan prior to July 1, 2011, vest at 6 years of creditable service and employees enrolled in the Plan on or after July 1, 2011, vest at 8 years of creditable service. All vested members, enrolled prior to July 1, 2011, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 62 or at any age after 30 years of service. All members enrolled in the Plan on or after July 1, 2011, once vested, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 65 or any time after 33 years of creditable service. Employees enrolled in the Plan may include up to 4 years of credit for military service toward creditable service. The Plan also includes an early retirement provision; however, there is a benefit reduction for each year a member retires before his or her normal retirement date. The Plan provides retirement, disability, death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments to eligible participants.

The DROP, subject to provisions of Section 121.091, Florida Statutes, permits employees eligible for normal retirement under the Plan to defer receipt of monthly benefit payments while continuing employment with an FRS participating employer. An employee may participate in DROP for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate, except that certain instructional personnel may participate for up to 96 months. During the period of DROP participation, deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest. The net pension liability

does not include amounts for DROP participants, as these members are considered retired and are not accruing additional pension benefits.

Benefits Provided. Benefits under the Plan are computed on the basis of age and/or years of service, average final compensation, and service credit. Credit for each year of service is expressed as a percentage of the average final compensation. For members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the 5 highest fiscal years' earnings; for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the 8 highest fiscal years' earnings. The total percentage value of the benefit received is determined by calculating the total value of all service, which is based on the retirement class to which the member belonged when the service credit was earned. Members are eligible for in-line-of-duty or regular disability and survivors' benefits. The following table shows the percentage value for each year of service credit earned:

<u>Class, Initial Enrollment, and Retirement Age/Years of Service</u>	<u>Percent Value</u>
Regular Members Initially Enrolled Before July 1, 2011	
Retirement up to age 62 or up to 30 years of service	1.60
Retirement at age 63 or with 31 years of service	1.63
Retirement at age 64 or with 32 years of service	1.65
Retirement at age 65 or with 33 or more years of service	1.68
Regular Members Initially Enrolled On or After July 1, 2011	
Retirement up to age 65 or up to 33 years of service	1.60
Retirement at age 66 or with 34 years of service	1.63
Retirement at age 67 or with 35 years of service	1.65
Retirement at age 68 or with 36 or more years of service	1.68
Elected County Officers	3.00

As provided in Section 121.101, Florida Statutes, if the member was initially enrolled in the Plan before July 1, 2011, and all service credit was accrued before July 1, 2011, the annual cost-of-living adjustment is 3 percent per year. If the member was initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, and has service credit on or after July 1, 2011, there is an individually calculated cost-of-living adjustment. The annual cost-of-living adjustment is a proportion of 3 percent determined by dividing the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by 3 percent. Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will not have a cost-of-living adjustment after retirement.

Contributions. The Florida Legislature establishes contribution rates for participating employers and employees. Contribution rates during the 2021-22 fiscal year were as follows:

<u>Class</u>	<u>Percent of Gross Salary</u>	
	<u>Employee</u>	<u>Employer (1)</u>
FRS, Regular	3.00	10.82
FRS, Elected County Officers	3.00	51.42
DROP – Applicable to Members from All of the Above Classes	0.00	18.34
FRS, Reemployed Retiree	(2)	(2)

(1) Employer rates include 1.66 percent for the postemployment health insurance subsidy. Also, employer rates, other than for DROP participants, include 0.06 percent for administrative costs of the Investment Plan.

(2) Contribution rates are dependent upon retirement class in which reemployed.

The District's contributions to the Plan totaled \$967,214 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$1,749,040 for its proportionate share of the Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021. The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the District's 2020-21 fiscal year contributions relative to the total 2020-21 fiscal year contributions of all participating members. At June 30, 2021, the District's proportionate share was 0.023154243 percent, which was an increase of 0.001960434 from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2020.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized a negative Plan pension expense of \$19,205. In addition, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$ 299,788	\$ -
Change of Assumptions	1,196,780	-
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on FRS Pension Plan Investments	-	6,101,961
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between District FRS Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions	546,825	215,832
District FRS Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date	967,214	-
Total	\$ 3,010,607	\$ 6,317,793

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions to the Plan subsequent to the measurement date, totaling \$967,214, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

<u>Fiscal Year Ending June 30</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2023	\$ (806,566)
2024	(903,962)
2025	(1,160,089)
2026	(1,488,976)
2027	85,193
Total	<u><u>\$ (4,274,400)</u></u>

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the July 1, 2021, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.40 percent
Salary Increases	3.25 percent, average, including inflation
Investment Rate of Return	6.80 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 base table, projected generationally with Scale MP-2018.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2021, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013, through June 30, 2018.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was not based on historical returns, but instead is based on a forward-looking capital market economic model. The allocation policy's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic and geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Target Allocation (1)</u>	<u>Annual Arithmetic Return</u>	<u>Compound Annual (Geometric) Return</u>	<u>Standard Deviation</u>
Cash	1.0%	2.1%	2.1%	1.1%
Fixed Income	20.0%	3.8%	3.7%	3.3%
Global Equity	54.2%	8.2%	6.7%	17.8%
Real Estate (Property)	10.3%	7.1%	6.2%	13.8%
Private Equity	10.8%	11.7%	8.5%	26.4%
Strategic Investments	3.7%	5.7%	5.4%	8.4%
Total	<u><u>100%</u></u>			
Assumed inflation - Mean			2.4%	1.2%

(1) As outlined in the Plan's investment policy.

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.8 percent. The Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit

payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.8 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (5.8 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (7.8 percent) than the current rate:

	<u>1% Decrease (5.8%)</u>	<u>Current Discount Rate (6.8%)</u>	<u>1% Increase (7.8%)</u>
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 7,821,824	\$ 1,749,040	\$ (3,327,126)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State Administered Systems Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

Payables to the Pension Plan. At June 30, 2022, the District reported a payable of \$115,199.06 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the Plan required for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

HIS Pension Plan

Plan Description. The HIS Pension Plan (HIS Plan) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established under Section 112.363, Florida Statutes, and may be amended by the Florida Legislature at any time. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of State-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs and is administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement.

Benefits Provided. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment of \$5 for each year of creditable service completed at the time of retirement, with a minimum HIS payment of \$30 and a maximum HIS payment of \$150 per month, pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive a HIS Plan benefit, a retiree under a State-administered retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which may include Federal Medicare.

Contributions. The HIS Plan is funded by required contributions from FRS participating employers as set by the Florida Legislature. Employer contributions are a percentage of gross compensation for all active FRS members. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the contribution rate was 1.66 percent of payroll pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. The District contributed 100 percent of its statutorily required contributions for the current and preceding 3 years. HIS Plan contributions are deposited in a separate trust fund from which payments are authorized. HIS Plan benefits are not guaranteed and are subject to annual legislative appropriation. In the event the legislative appropriation or available funds fail to provide full subsidy benefits to all participants, benefits may be reduced or canceled.

The District's contributions to the HIS Plan totaled \$171,258 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. At June 30, 2022, the District reported a net pension liability of \$3,580,884 for its proportionate share of the HIS Plan's net pension liability. The current portion of the net pension liability is the District's proportionate share of benefit payments expected to be paid within 1 year, net of the District's proportionate share of the HIS Plan's fiduciary net position available to pay that amount. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020, and update procedures were used to determine the net pension liability as of June 30, 2021. The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the District's 2020-21 fiscal year contributions relative to the total 2020-21 fiscal year contributions of all participating members. At June 30, 2021, the District's proportionate share was 0.029192374 percent, which was an increase of 0.001022839 from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2020.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized the HIS Plan pension expense of \$221,726. In addition, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$ 119,825	\$ 1,500
Change of Assumptions	281,377	147,542
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on HIS Pension Plan Investments	3,733	-
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between District HIS Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions	203,503	244,840
District HIS Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date	171,258	-
Total	<u>\$ 779,696</u>	<u>\$ 393,882</u>

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions to the HIS Plan subsequent to the measurement date, totaling \$171,258, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

<u>Fiscal Year Ending June 30</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2023	\$ 35,340
2024	(24,459)
2025	19,426
2026	86,084
2027	79,018
Thereafter	19,147
Total	\$ 214,556

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the July 1, 2020, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.40 percent
Salary Increases	3.25 percent, average, including inflation
Municipal Bond Rate	2.16 percent

Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 base table, projected generationally with Scale MP-2018.

While an experience study had not been completed for the HIS Plan, the actuarial assumptions that determined the total pension liability for the HIS Plan were based on certain results of the most recent experience study for the FRS Plan.

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 2.16 percent. In general, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the single rate equivalent to discounting at the long-term expected rate of return for benefit payments prior to the projected depletion date. Because the HIS benefit is essentially funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, the depletion date is considered to be immediate, and the single equivalent discount rate is equal to the municipal bond rate selected by the HIS Plan sponsor. The Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index was adopted as the applicable municipal bond index. The discount rate changed from 2.21 percent to 2.16 percent.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 2.16 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (1.16 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (3.16 percent) than the current rate:

	<u>1% Decrease (1.16%)</u>	<u>Current Discount Rate (2.16%)</u>	<u>1% Increase (3.16%)</u>
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 4,139,848	\$ 3,580,884	\$ 3,122,937

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the HIS Plan’s fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State Administered Systems Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

Payables to the Pension Plan. At June 30, 2022, the District reported a payable of \$19,160.06 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the HIS Plan required for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

2. FRS – Defined Contribution Pension Plan

The SBA administers the defined contribution plan officially titled the FRS Investment Plan (Investment Plan). The Investment Plan is reported in the SBA’s annual financial statements and in the State’s Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

As provided in Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of the FRS defined benefit plan. District employees participating in DROP are not eligible to participate in the Investment Plan. Employer and employee contributions, including amounts contributed to individual member’s accounts, are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. Retirement benefits are based upon the value of the member’s account upon retirement. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Investment Plan are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Investment Plan is funded with the same employer and employee contribution rates that are based on salary and membership class (Regular, Elected County Officers, etc.), as the FRS defined benefit plan. Contributions are directed to individual member accounts and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. Costs of administering the Investment Plan, including the FRS Financial Guidance Program, are funded through an employer contribution of 0.06 percent of payroll and by forfeited benefits of Investment Plan members. Allocations to the Investment Plan member accounts during the 2021-22 fiscal year were as follows:

<u>Class</u>	<u>Percent of Gross Compensation</u>
FRS, Regular	6.30
FRS, Elected County Officers	11.34

For all membership classes, employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and are vested after 1 year of service for employer contributions and investment earnings, regardless of membership class. If an accumulated benefit obligation for service credit originally earned under the FRS Pension Plan is transferred to the Investment Plan, the member must have the years of service required for FRS Pension Plan vesting (including the service credit represented by the transferred funds) to be vested for these funds and the earnings on the funds. Nonvested employer contributions are placed in a suspense account for up to 5 years. If the employee returns to FRS-covered employment within the 5-year period, the employee will regain control over their account. If the employee does not return within the 5-year period, the employee will forfeit the accumulated account balance. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the information

for the amount of forfeitures was unavailable from the SBA; however, management believes that these amounts, if any, would be immaterial to the District.

After termination and applying to receive benefits, the member may rollover vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the Investment Plan, receive a lump-sum distribution, leave the funds invested for future distribution, or any combination of these options. Disability coverage is provided in which the member may either transfer the account balance to the FRS Pension Plan when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the FRS Pension Plan or remain in the Investment Plan and rely upon that account balance for retirement income.

The District's Investment Plan pension expense totaled \$243,749.97 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

Payables to the Investment Plan. At June 30, 2022, the District reported a payable of \$31,815.95 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the Investment Plan required for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

E. Other Postemployment Benefit Obligations

Plan Description. The Other Postemployment Benefits Plan (OPEB Plan) is a single-employer defined benefit plan administered by the District that provides OPEB for all employees who satisfy the District's retirement eligibility provisions. Pursuant to Section 112.0801, Florida Statutes, former employees who retire from the District are eligible to participate in the District's health and hospitalization plan for medical and prescription drug coverage. Retirees and their eligible dependents shall be offered the same health and hospitalization insurance coverage as is offered to active employees at a premium cost of no more than the premium cost applicable to active employees. The District subsidizes the premium rates paid by retirees by allowing them to participate in the OPEB Plan at reduced or blended group (implicitly subsidized) premium rates for both active and retired employees. These rates provide an implicit subsidy for retirees because retiree healthcare costs are generally greater than active employee healthcare costs. The OPEB Plan contribution requirements and benefit terms of the District and the OPEB Plan members are established and may be amended through recommendations of the Insurance Committee and action from the Board. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meet the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

Benefits Provided. The OPEB Plan provides healthcare insurance benefits for retirees and their dependents. In addition to the implicit subsidy described above, certain retirees receive insurance coverage at a lower (explicit subsidy) premium rate than active employees pursuant to Board approval each year. The benefit terms provide for payment of \$50 per month toward health insurance premiums for non-Medicare-eligible retirees until the retiree reaches the age of 65. Retirees are assumed to enroll in the Federal Medicare program for their primary coverage as soon as they are eligible.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms. At June 30, 2021, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive Employees or Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits	10
Active Employees	172
Total	<u>182</u>

Total OPEB Liability. The District's total OPEB liability of \$304,007 was measured as of June 30, 2021, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs. The total OPEB liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.25 percent
Salary Increases	3.4 – 7.8 percent, including inflation
Discount Rate	1.92 percent
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	Based on the Getzen Model, with trend rates starting at 6.25 percent for October 2021 then gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 3.75 percent
Aging Factors	Based on the 2013 SOA Study "Health Care Costs – From Birth to Death."
Expenses	Administrative expenses are included in the per capita health costs.

For plans that do not have formal assets, the discount rate should equal the tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date. For the purpose of this actuarial valuation, the municipal bond rate is 1.92 percent based on the weekly rate of Fidelity's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" closest to but not later than the measurement date.

Demographic assumptions employed in the actuarial valuation were the same as those employed in the July 1, 2020, actuarial valuation of the FRS Defined Benefit Pension Plan. These demographic assumptions were developed by FRS from an actuarial experience study, and therefore are appropriate for use in the OPEB Plan actuarial valuation. These include assumed rates of future termination, mortality, disability, and retirement. In addition, salary increase assumptions (for development of the pattern of the normal cost increases) were the same as those used in the July 1, 2020, actuarial valuation of the FRS Defined Benefit Pension Plan. Assumptions used in valuation of benefits for participants of the FRS Investment Plan are the same as for similarly situated participants of the FRS Defined Benefit Pension Plan.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability.

	<u>Amount</u>
Balance at June 30, 2021	\$ 381,635
Changes for the year:	
Service Cost	16,108
Interest	9,310
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	(82,143)
Changes of Assumptions or Other Inputs	14,581
Benefit Payments	<u>(35,484)</u>
Net Changes	<u>(77,628)</u>
Balance at June 30, 2022	<u>\$ 304,007</u>

The changes of assumptions or other inputs was based on the following:

- The discount rate was changed from 2.45 percent as of the beginning of the measurement period to 1.92 percent as of June 30, 2021 (based on the Long-Term Municipal Bond rate).
- The medical claims costs and premiums were updated based on actual premium information provided for this valuation.
- The medical coverage acceptance assumption for pre-65 retirees lowered from 25 percent to 20 percent.
- The long-term healthcare cost trend assumption was lowered from 3.99 percent in the prior valuation to 3.75 percent this year.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following table presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (0.92 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (2.92 percent) than the current rate:

	<u>1% Decrease (0.92%)</u>	<u>Current Discount Rate (1.92%)</u>	<u>1% Increase (2.92%)</u>
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 312,965	\$ 304,007	\$ 293,418

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates. The following table presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (5.25 percent decreasing to 2.75 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (7.25 percent decreasing to 4.75 percent) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	<u>1% Decrease</u>	<u>Healthcare Cost Trend Rates</u>	<u>1% Increase</u>
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 277,862	\$ 304,007	\$ 333,776

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$18,014.

At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$ 4,554	\$ 74,607
Changes of Assumptions or Other Inputs	20,549	17,671
Benefits Paid Subsequent to the Measurement Date	35,260	-
Total	<u>\$ 60,363</u>	<u>\$ 92,278</u>

The deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from benefits paid subsequent to the measurement date, totaling \$35,260, will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

<u>Fiscal Year Ending June 30</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2023	\$ (7,404)
2024	(7,404)
2025	(7,404)
2026	(7,404)
2027	(7,404)
Thereafter	(30,155)
Total	<u>\$ (67,175)</u>

F. Other Significant Commitments

Encumbrances. Appropriations in governmental funds are encumbered upon issuance of purchase orders for goods and services. Even though appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year, unfilled purchase orders of the current year are carried forward and the next fiscal year's appropriations are likewise encumbered.

The following is a schedule of encumbrances at June 30, 2022:

<u>Major Funds</u>					
<u>General</u>	<u>Special Revenue - Other</u>	<u>Special Revenue - Federal Education Stabilization</u>	<u>Capital Projects - Local Capital Improvement</u>	<u>Nonmajor Governmental Funds</u>	<u>Total Governmental Funds</u>
\$ 25,882.78	\$ 176,607.84	\$ 131,399.19	\$ 183,603.16	\$ 163,789.52	\$ 681,282.49

G. Risk Management Programs

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District is a member of the North East Florida Educational Risk Management Consortium (Consortium) under which

several district school boards have established a combined limited self-insurance program for property protection, general liability, automobile liability, workers' compensation, money and securities, employee fidelity and faithful performance, boiler and machinery, and other coverage deemed necessary by the members of the Consortium. Section 1001.42(12)(k), Florida Statutes, provides the authority for the District to enter into such a risk management program. The Consortium is self-sustaining through member assessments (premiums), and purchases coverage through commercial companies for claims in excess of specified amounts. The Board of Directors for the Consortium is composed of superintendents of all participating districts. The Putnam County District School Board serves as fiscal agent for the Consortium.

Employee health and hospitalization coverage are being provided through purchased commercial insurance with minimum deductibles for each line of coverage.

Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past 3 fiscal years.

H. Long-Term Liabilities

1. Bonds Payable

Bonds payable at June 30, 2022, are as follows:

Bond Type	Amount Outstanding	Interest Rate (Percent)	Annual Maturity To
District Revenue Bonds:			
Series 2017, Capital Improvement	\$ <u>520,000</u>	4.5	2028

District Revenue Bonds

These bonds were issued by the District in order to finance the completion of the construction, furnishing, and equipping of Hamilton County Elementary School and are authorized by Chapter 31459, Laws of Florida, (1956), and a resolution adopted by the Hamilton District School Board on October 19, 2017. These bonds are secured by pari-mutuel replacement (sales tax) revenues distributed annually to Hamilton County from the State pursuant to Section 212.20(6)(d)6.a., Florida Statutes, as a replacement for moneys distributed under Section 550.135, Florida Statutes, prior to July 1, 2000. As required by the bond resolution, the District has established the sinking fund and reserve account and has accumulated and maintained adequate resources in the sinking fund and reserve account.

The District has pledged a total of \$592,675 of sales tax revenues in connection with the District Revenue Bonds of 2017, described above. During the 2021-22 fiscal year, the District recognized sales tax revenues totaling \$223,250 and expended \$100,087.50 (45 percent) of these revenues for debt service directly collateralized by these revenues. The pledged sales tax revenues are committed until final maturity of the debt on November 1, 2027. Approximately 33 percent of this revenue stream has been pledged in connection with debt service on the revenue bonds.

Annual requirements to amortize all bonded debt outstanding as of June 30, 2022, are as follows:

<u>Fiscal Year Ending June 30</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>
District Revenue Bonds:			
2023	\$ 101,600.00	\$ 80,000.00	\$21,600.00
2024	98,000.00	80,000.00	18,000.00
2025	99,287.50	85,000.00	14,287.50
2026	100,350.00	90,000.00	10,350.00
2027	96,300.00	90,000.00	6,300.00
2028	97,137.50	95,000.00	2,137.50
Total District Revenue Bonds	<u>\$ 592,675.00</u>	<u>\$ 520,000.00</u>	<u>\$72,675.00</u>

2. Installment-Purchase Payable

Seven school buses with a total cost of \$926,163 are being acquired under an installment-purchase agreement at a stated interest rate of 3 percent. Future minimum installment-purchase payments as of June 30 are as follows:

<u>Fiscal Year Ending June 30</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>
2023	\$ 202,231.92	\$ 185,070.86	\$ 17,161.06
2024	202,231.92	190,622.98	11,608.94
2025	202,231.92	196,341.67	5,890.25
Total Minimum Installment-Purchase Payments	<u>\$ 606,695.76</u>	<u>\$ 572,035.51</u>	<u>\$ 34,660.25</u>

3. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Beginning Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deductions</u>	<u>Ending Balance</u>	<u>Due In One Year</u>
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES					
Installment-Purchase Payable	\$ 751,715.96	\$ -	\$ 179,680.45	\$ 572,035.51	\$ 185,070.86
Bonds Payable	595,000.00	-	75,000.00	520,000.00	80,000.00
Compensated Absences Payable	1,251,651.00	66,605.00	23,150.00	1,295,106.00	65,311.00
Net Pension Liability	12,625,163.00	3,563,977.00	10,859,216.00	5,329,924.00	18,024.00
Total OPEB Liability	381,635.00	39,999.00	117,627.00	304,007.00	35,260.00
Total Governmental Activities	<u>\$ 15,605,164.96</u>	<u>\$ 3,670,581.00</u>	<u>\$ 11,254,673.45</u>	<u>\$ 8,021,072.51</u>	<u>\$ 383,665.86</u>

For the governmental activities, compensated absences, pensions, and other postemployment benefits are generally liquidated with resources of the General Fund.

I. Fund Balance Reporting

In addition to committed and assigned fund balance categories discussed in Note I.F.10., fund balances may be classified as follows:

- **Nonspendable Fund Balance.** Nonspendable fund balance is the net current financial resources that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Generally, not in spendable form means that an item is not expected to be converted to cash.
- **Restricted Fund Balance.** Restricted fund balance is the portion of fund balance on which constraints have been placed by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other

governments, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation. Restricted fund balance places the most binding level of constraint on the use of fund balance.

- **Unassigned Fund Balance.** The unassigned fund balance is the portion of fund balance that is the residual classification for the General Fund. This balance represents amounts that have not been assigned to other funds and that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned for specific purposes.

J. Interfund Receivables and Payables

The following is a summary of interfund receivables and payables reported in the fund financial statements:

<u>Funds</u>	<u>Interfund</u>	
	<u>Receivables</u>	<u>Payables</u>
Major:		
General	\$ 487,453.13	\$ -
Special Revenue:		
Other	-	232,034.57
Federal Education Stabilization	-	255,418.56
Total	\$ 487,453.13	\$ 487,453.13

The interfund receivables and payables represent temporary loans between funds to cover expenditures incurred prior to reimbursement from outside parties. All balances are expected to be repaid within 1 year.

K. Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

1. Schedule of State Revenue Sources

The following is a schedule of the District's State revenue sources for the 2021-22 fiscal year:

<u>Source</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Florida Education Finance Program	\$ 7,059,760.00
Categorical Educational Program - Class Size Reduction	1,426,206.00
Voluntary Prekindergarten Program	107,598.27
Workforce Development Program	73,672.00
Motor Vehicle License Tax (Capital Outlay and Debt Service)	62,729.08
Miscellaneous	309,606.45
Total	\$ 9,039,571.80

Accounting policies relating to certain State revenue sources are described in Note I.G.2.

2. Property Taxes

The following is a summary of millages and taxes levied on the 2021 tax roll for the 2021-22 fiscal year:

General Fund	Millages	Taxes Levied
Nonvoted School Tax:		
Required Local Effort	3.523	\$ 3,763,134.93
Basic Discretionary Local Effort	0.748	798,985.22
Voted School Tax:		
Additional Operating	0.250	267,040.51
Capital Projects - Local Capital Improvement Fund		
Nonvoted Tax:		
Local Capital Improvements	1.500	1,602,243.09
Total	6.021	\$ 6,431,403.75

L. Interfund Transfers

The following is a summary of interfund transfers reported in the fund financial statements:

Funds	Interfund	
	Transfers In	Transfers Out
Major:		
General	\$ 236,272.79	\$ 100,087.50
Capital Projects:		
Local Capital Improvement	-	236,272.79
Nonmajor Governmental	100,087.50	-
Total	\$ 336,360.29	\$ 336,360.29

Interfund transfers were to move restricted capital outlay revenues to offset eligible property insurance premium expenditures and maintenance salaries in the General Fund and to move funds obligated for debt service to the nonmajor Debt Service – District Revenue Bond Fund.

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OTHER REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General and Major Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	General Fund			Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	
Revenues				
Intergovernmental:				
Federal Direct	\$ 71,000.00	\$ 47,579.04	\$ 47,579.04	\$ -
Federal Through State and Local	66,506.07	71,174.75	26,485.82	(44,688.93)
State	8,545,377.00	8,961,634.45	8,951,530.01	(10,104.44)
Local:				
Property Taxes	4,635,457.00	4,748,980.00	4,742,716.94	(6,263.06)
Charges for Services	-	-	13,681.94	13,681.94
Miscellaneous	257,750.00	337,229.78	338,682.25	1,452.47
Total Local Revenues	<u>4,893,207.00</u>	<u>5,086,209.78</u>	<u>5,095,081.13</u>	<u>8,871.35</u>
Total Revenues	<u>13,576,090.07</u>	<u>14,166,598.02</u>	<u>14,120,676.00</u>	<u>(45,922.02)</u>
Expenditures				
Current - Education:				
Instruction	7,462,700.78	6,778,814.53	6,195,193.66	583,620.87
Student Support Services	594,824.30	795,899.19	725,802.84	70,096.35
Instructional Media Services	190,335.63	196,998.08	185,223.04	11,775.04
Instruction and Curriculum Development Services	271,716.88	333,771.75	325,136.89	8,634.86
Instructional Staff Training Services	50,821.25	68,247.25	56,769.89	11,477.36
Instruction-Related Technology	106,955.96	126,591.37	111,445.49	15,145.88
Board	349,987.56	368,535.61	348,852.83	19,682.78
General Administration	214,391.64	342,744.81	321,103.05	21,641.76
School Administration	848,132.12	857,206.54	839,015.78	18,190.76
Facilities Acquisition and Construction	6,641.53	5,693.56	-	5,693.56
Fiscal Services	630,828.08	624,219.02	508,869.11	115,349.91
Food Services	-	28,245.73	25,054.23	3,191.50
Central Services	184,982.90	202,322.26	183,141.01	19,181.25
Student Transportation Services	566,158.41	1,181,900.88	1,107,835.09	74,065.79
Operation of Plant	1,684,465.72	1,974,000.36	1,827,734.68	146,265.68
Maintenance of Plant	274,938.77	290,494.05	270,322.80	20,171.25
Administrative Technology Services	321,373.49	349,765.91	302,461.44	47,304.47
Community Services	740.22	4,221.58	3,710.16	511.42
Fixed Capital Outlay:				
Other Capital Outlay	-	25,876.20	25,876.20	-
Total Expenditures	<u>13,759,995.24</u>	<u>14,555,548.68</u>	<u>13,363,548.19</u>	<u>1,192,000.49</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	<u>(183,905.17)</u>	<u>(388,950.66)</u>	<u>757,127.81</u>	<u>1,146,078.47</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers In	200,000.00	230,338.59	236,272.79	5,934.20
Transfers Out	(100,087.50)	(100,087.50)	(100,087.50)	-
Total Other Financing Sources	<u>99,912.50</u>	<u>130,251.09</u>	<u>136,185.29</u>	<u>5,934.20</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances	<u>(83,992.67)</u>	<u>(258,699.57)</u>	<u>893,313.10</u>	<u>1,152,012.67</u>
Fund Balances, Beginning	2,553,391.68	2,583,360.90	2,583,360.90	-
Fund Balances, Ending	<u>\$ 2,469,399.01</u>	<u>\$ 2,324,661.33</u>	<u>\$ 3,476,674.00</u>	<u>\$ 1,152,012.67</u>

Special Revenue - Other Fund				Special Revenue - Federal Education Stabilization Fund			
Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
3,916,412.61	1,759,889.36	1,759,889.36	-	2,668,157.43	3,118,482.13	3,118,482.13	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3,916,412.61	1,759,889.36	1,759,889.36	-	2,668,157.43	3,118,482.13	3,118,482.13	-
2,373,527.52	1,005,839.86	1,005,839.86	-	1,473,477.96	1,815,824.68	1,815,824.68	-
248,015.03	84,428.61	84,428.61	-	345,930.04	180,470.54	180,470.54	-
-	2,622.36	2,622.36	-	1,283.39	4,290.68	4,290.68	-
694,892.54	369,311.70	369,311.70	-	226,367.77	214,461.50	214,461.50	-
319,620.74	193,230.74	193,230.74	-	175,731.37	158,674.16	158,674.16	-
-	5,243.31	5,243.31	-	33,204.00	15,603.24	15,603.24	-
-	-	-	-	-	582.84	582.84	-
188,081.24	88,996.89	88,996.89	-	18,802.25	131,882.42	131,882.42	-
5,824.00	7,003.23	7,003.23	-	62,808.95	144,052.57	144,052.57	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	7,343.80	7,343.80	-
-	-	-	-	10,123.84	34,197.89	34,197.89	-
12,904.00	194.39	194.39	-	5,921.70	53,386.68	53,386.68	-
69,547.54	3,018.27	3,018.27	-	11,130.89	45,175.68	45,175.68	-
4,000.00	-	-	-	141,926.27	120,721.17	120,721.17	-
-	-	-	-	-	4,954.13	4,954.13	-
-	-	-	-	-	6,728.98	6,728.98	-
-	-	-	-	161,449.00	41,384.61	41,384.61	-
-	-	-	-	-	138,746.56	138,746.56	-
3,916,412.61	1,759,889.36	1,759,889.36	-	2,668,157.43	3,118,482.13	3,118,482.13	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00

**Schedule of Changes in the District's
Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios**

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Total OPEB Liability					
Service Cost	\$ 16,108	\$ 14,325	\$ 15,561	\$ 15,702	\$ 16,475
Interest	9,310	11,899	14,860	15,699	14,060
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	(82,143)	-	6,480	-	-
Changes of Assumptions or Other Inputs	14,581	9,004	(18,034)	(869)	(8,597)
Benefit Payments	<u>(35,484)</u>	<u>(38,853)</u>	<u>(57,080)</u>	<u>(64,684)</u>	<u>(58,717)</u>
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	<u>(77,628)</u>	<u>(3,625)</u>	<u>(38,213)</u>	<u>(34,152)</u>	<u>(36,779)</u>
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	<u>381,635</u>	<u>385,260</u>	<u>423,473</u>	<u>457,625</u>	<u>494,404</u>
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	<u>\$ 304,007</u>	<u>\$ 381,635</u>	<u>\$ 385,260</u>	<u>\$ 423,473</u>	<u>\$ 457,625</u>
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 5,194,903	\$ 5,445,259	\$ 9,500,252	\$ 9,125,841	\$ 5,431,366
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	5.85%	7.01%	4.06%	4.64%	8.43%

**Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share
of the Net Pension Liability –
Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (1)**

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	District's Proportion of the FRS Net Pension Liability	District's Proportionate Share of the FRS Net Pension Liability	District's Covered Payroll	District's Proportionate Share of the FRS Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	FRS Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
2013	0.027240606%	\$ 4,689,321	\$ 10,110,731	46.38%	88.54%
2014	0.026515981%	1,617,865	9,212,710	17.56%	96.09%
2015	0.026365933%	3,405,514	9,772,145	34.85%	92.00%
2016	0.024693425%	6,235,109	10,202,640	61.11%	84.88%
2017	0.023137764%	6,843,995	9,899,674	69.13%	83.89%
2018	0.020993687%	6,323,407	8,794,621	71.90%	84.26%
2019	0.020946939%	7,213,637	9,119,539	79.10%	82.61%
2020	0.021193809%	9,185,709	9,786,266	93.86%	78.85%
2021	0.023154243%	1,749,040	10,340,321	16.91%	96.40%

(1) The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

**Schedule of District Contributions –
Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (1)**

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Contractually Required FRS Contribution	Contractually Required Contribution	FRS Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	District's Covered Payroll	FRS Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2014	\$ 580,812	\$ (580,812)	\$ -	\$ 9,212,710	6.30%
2015	642,824	(642,824)	-	9,772,145	6.58%
2016	602,189	(602,189)	-	10,202,640	5.90%
2017	602,333	(602,333)	-	9,899,674	6.08%
2018	598,303	(598,303)	-	8,794,621	6.80%
2019	649,506	(649,506)	-	9,119,539	7.12%
2020	704,176	(704,176)	-	9,786,266	7.20%
2021	882,077	(882,077)	-	10,340,321	8.53%
2022	967,214	(967,214)	-	10,325,410	9.37%

(1) The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

**Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share
of the Net Pension Liability –
Health Insurance Subsidy Pension Plan (1)**

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	District's Proportion of the HIS Net Pension Liability	District's Proportionate Share of the HIS Net Pension Liability	District's Covered Payroll	Proportionate Share of the HIS Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	HIS Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
2013	0.034803415%	\$ 3,030,095	\$ 10,110,731	29.97%	1.78%
2014	0.031100751%	2,899,278	9,212,710	31.47%	0.99%
2015	0.032194770%	3,283,360	9,772,145	33.60%	0.50%
2016	0.033038073%	3,850,451	10,202,640	37.74%	0.97%
2017	0.031007919%	3,315,510	9,899,674	33.49%	1.64%
2018	0.026926515%	2,849,932	8,794,621	32.41%	2.15%
2019	0.027190965%	3,042,397	9,119,539	33.36%	2.63%
2020	0.028169535%	3,439,454	9,786,266	35.15%	3.00%
2021	0.029192374%	3,580,884	10,340,321	34.63%	3.56%

(1) The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

**Schedule of District Contributions –
Health Insurance Subsidy Pension Plan (1)**

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Contractually Required HIS Contribution	HIS Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	HIS Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	District's Covered Payroll	HIS Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2014	\$ 106,221	\$ (106,221)	\$ -	\$ 9,212,710	1.15%
2015	123,068	(123,068)	-	9,772,145	1.26%
2016	169,341	(169,341)	-	10,202,640	1.66%
2017	164,103	(164,103)	-	9,899,674	1.66%
2018	146,023	(146,023)	-	8,794,621	1.66%
2019	150,989	(150,989)	-	9,119,539	1.66%
2020	162,328	(162,328)	-	9,786,266	1.66%
2021	171,593	(171,593)	-	10,340,321	1.66%
2022	171,258	(171,258)	-	10,325,410	1.66%

(1) The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

1. Budgetary Basis of Accounting

The Board follows procedures established by State law and State Board of Education (SBE) rules in establishing budget balances for governmental funds, as described below:

- Budgets are prepared, public hearings are held, and original budgets are adopted annually for all governmental fund types in accordance with procedures and time intervals prescribed by State law and SBE rules.
- Appropriations are controlled at the object level (e.g., salaries, purchased services, and capital outlay) within each activity (e.g., instruction, student transportation services, and school administration) and may be amended by resolution at any Board meeting prior to the due date for the annual financial report.
- Budgets are prepared using the same modified accrual basis as is used to account for governmental funds.
- Budgetary information is integrated into the accounting system and, to facilitate budget control, budget balances are encumbered when purchase orders are issued. Appropriations lapse at fiscal year end and encumbrances outstanding are honored from the subsequent year's appropriations.

2. Schedule of Changes in the District's Total Other Postemployment Benefits Liability and Related Ratios

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meet the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75 to pay related benefits. The June 30, 2022, total OPEB liability decreased from the prior fiscal year as a result of changes to assumptions as discussed below:

- The discount rate was changed from 2.45 percent as of the beginning of the measurement period to 1.92 percent as of June 30, 2021, (based on the Long-Term Municipal Bond rate).
- The medical claims cost and premiums were updated based on actual premium information provided for the valuation.
- The medical coverage acceptance assumption for pre-65 retirees lowered from 25 percent to 20 percent.
- The long-term healthcare cost trend assumption was lowered from 3.99 percent in the prior valuation to 3.75 percent this year.

3. Schedule of Net Pension Liability and Schedule of Contributions – Florida Retirement System Pension Plan

Changes of Assumptions. In 2021, the maximum amortization period was decreased to 20 years for all current and future amortization bases.

4. Schedule of Net Pension Liability and Schedule of Contributions – Health Insurance Subsidy Pension Plan

Changes of Assumptions. In 2021, the municipal bond rate used to determine total pension liability was decreased from 2.21 percent to 2.16 percent.

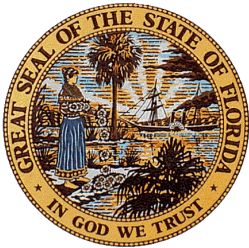
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Hamilton County District School Board Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass - Through Entity Identifying Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Total Expenditures
Clustered				
Child Nutrition Cluster				
United States Department of Agriculture:				
Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services:				
National School Lunch Program	10.555	22001, 22003	\$ -	\$ 111,656.11
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	21006, 21007, 22006, 22007	-	1,359,286.29
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			-	1,470,942.40
Special Education Cluster				
United States Department of Education:				
Florida Department of Education:				
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	262, 263	2,508.35	391,624.66
COVID-19 Special Education - Grants to States	COVID-19, 84.027	262, 263	-	6,680.29
Total Special Education - Grants to States	84.027		2,508.35	398,304.95
Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	267	-	38,930.60
COVID-19 Special Education - Preschool Grants	COVID-19, 84.173	267	-	3,303.34
Total Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173		-	42,233.94
Total Special Education Cluster			2,508.35	440,538.89
Forest Service Schools and Road Cluster				
United States Department of Agriculture:				
Florida Department of Financial Services:				
Schools and Roads - Grants to States	10.665	None	-	472.16
Child Care and Development Fund Cluster				
United States Department of Health and Human Services:				
Early Learning Coalition of Florida's Gateway, Inc:				
Child Care and Development Block Grant	COVID-19, 93.575	None	-	28,087.93
Not Clustered				
United States Department of Agriculture				
Florida Department of Health:				
Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558	A-4931	-	2,221.62
COVID-19 Child and Adult Care Food Program	COVID-19, 10.558	A-4931	-	931.18
Total Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558		-	3,152.80
United States Department of Defense				
Army Junior Reserve Officers Training Corps	12.UNK	N/A	-	47,579.04
United States Department of Education				
Florida Department of Education:				
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	212, 223	-	994,222.23
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	161	-	70,441.80
Education for Homeless Children and Youth	84.196	127	-	31,433.82
Rural Education	84.358	110	-	28,792.76
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365	102	-	25,520.03
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	224	-	92,581.42
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	241	-	76,358.41
Education Stabilization Fund:	84.425			
Governor's Emergency Education Relief Fund	COVID-19, 84.425C	123	-	66,943.50
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	COVID-19, 84.425D	124	-	2,125,009.58
American Rescue Plan - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	COVID-19, 84.425U	121	-	898,441.12
Total Education Stabilization Fund	84.425		-	3,090,394.20
Total United States Department of Education			-	4,409,744.67
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 2,508.35	\$ 6,400,517.89

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this Schedule.

- Notes: (1) Basis of Presentation. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Schedule) includes the Federal award activity of the Hamilton County District School Board under programs of the Federal Government for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of the District.
- (2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies. Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
- (3) Indirect Cost Rate. The District has not elected to use the 10 percent de minimis cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.
- (4) Noncash Assistance – National School Lunch Program. Includes \$108,072.29 of donated food received during the fiscal year. Donated foods are valued at fair value as determined at the time of donation.
- (5) COVID-19 Child and Adult Care Food Program. The District incurred \$931.18 in expenditures for the Child and Adult Care Food Program grant in the 2019-20 fiscal year.



Sherrill F. Norman, CPA
Auditor General

AUDITOR GENERAL STATE OF FLORIDA

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The President of the Senate, the Speaker of the
House of Representatives, and the
Legislative Auditing Committee

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Hamilton County District School Board as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 8, 2022, included under the heading **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the school internal funds, as described in our report on the District's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a

timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, rules, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

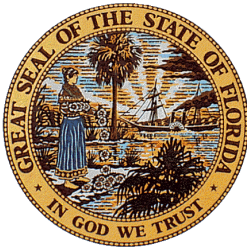
Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,



Sherrill F. Norman, CPA
Tallahassee, Florida
December 8, 2022



Sherrill F. Norman, CPA
Auditor General

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The President of the Senate, the Speaker of the
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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Hamilton County District School Board's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major Federal programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The District's major Federal programs are identified in **SECTION I – SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS** of the accompanying **SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS**.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major Federal programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance* section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each

major Federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's Federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major Federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a

Federal program on a timely basis. *A material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the ***Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance*** section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,



Sherrill F. Norman, CPA
Tallahassee, Florida
December 8, 2022

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

SECTION I – SUMMARY OF AUDITOR’S RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of auditor’s report issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with GAAP:	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	None reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	No

Federal Awards

Internal control over major Federal programs:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	None reported
Type of auditor’s report issued on compliance for major Federal programs:	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	No
Identification of major Federal programs:	
Assistance Listing Numbers:	Name of Federal Program or Cluster:
84.010	Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies
84.425	Education Stabilization Fund
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	\$750,000
Auditee qualified as low risk auditee?	Yes

SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

No matters are reported.

SECTION III – FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No matters are reported.

PRIOR AUDIT FOLLOW-UP

There were no prior financial statement or Federal award findings requiring follow-up.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

The District did not have prior audit findings required to be reported under 2 CFR 200.511.