

STATE OF FLORIDA AUDITOR GENERAL

Financial Audit

Report No. 2023-175
March 2023

BROWARD COLLEGE

For the Fiscal Year Ended
June 30, 2022



Sherrill F. Norman, CPA
Auditor General

Board of Trustees and President

During the 2021-22 fiscal year, Gregory Adam Haile, Esq. served as President of Broward College and the following individuals served as Members of the Board of Trustees:

Gloria M. Fernandez, Chair
Zachariah "Reggie" P. Zachariah Jr., Vice Chair
from 8-11-21
Matthew Caldwell J.D., Vice Chair through 8-10-21
Akhil K. Agrawal

Note: One Trustee position was vacant the entire period.

The Auditor General conducts audits of governmental entities to provide the Legislature, Florida's citizens, public entity management, and other stakeholders unbiased, timely, and relevant information for use in promoting government accountability and stewardship and improving government operations.

The team leader was Zlatina Ruseva, and the audit was supervised by Yvonne McNaughton, CPA.

Please address inquiries regarding this report to Jaime N. Hoelscher, CPA, Audit Manager, by e-mail at jaimehoelscher@aud.state.fl.us or by telephone at (850) 412-2868.

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SUMMARY

SUMMARY OF REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our audit disclosed that the basic financial statements of Broward College (a component unit of the State of Florida) were presented fairly, in all material respects, in accordance with prescribed financial reporting standards.

SUMMARY OF REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE

Our audit did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses.

The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

AUDIT OBJECTIVES AND SCOPE

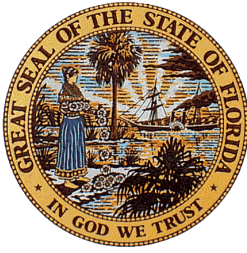
Our audit objectives were to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole were free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that included our opinion. In doing so we:

- Exercised professional judgment and maintained professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identified and assessed the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and designed and performed audit procedures responsive to those risks.
- Obtained an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control.
- Evaluated the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluated the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Concluded whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the College's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.
- Examined various transactions to determine whether they were executed, in both manner and substance, in accordance with governing provisions of laws, rules, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements.

An examination of Federal awards administered by the College is included within the scope of our Statewide audit of Federal awards administered by the State of Florida.

AUDIT METHODOLOGY

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and applicable standards contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.



Sherrill F. Norman, CPA
Auditor General

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The President of the Senate, the Speaker of the
House of Representatives, and the
Legislative Auditing Committee

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of Broward College, a component unit of the State of Florida, and its aggregate discretely presented component units as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the College's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of Broward College and of its aggregate discretely presented component units as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We did not audit the financial statements of the aggregate discretely presented component units, which represent 100 percent of the transactions and account balances of the aggregate discretely presented component units columns. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the aggregate discretely presented component units, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the **Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements** section of our report. We are required to be independent of the College and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 2. to the financial statements, the College adopted new accounting guidance Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 87, *Leases*, which is a change in accounting principle that addresses accounting and financial reporting for leases. This affects the comparability of amounts reported for the 2021-22 fiscal year with amounts reported for the 2020-21 fiscal year. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the College's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the College's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that **MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**, the **Schedule of Changes in the College's Total Other Postemployment Benefits Liability and Related Ratios**, **Schedule of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – Florida Retirement System Pension Plan**, **Schedule of College Contributions – Florida Retirement System Pension Plan**, **Schedule of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – Health Insurance Subsidy Pension Plan**, **Schedule of College Contributions – Health Insurance Subsidy Pension Plan**, and **Notes to Required Supplementary Information**, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 28, 2023, on our consideration of the Broward College's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, rules, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters included under the heading **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS**. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control over financial reporting

or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the College's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Respectfully submitted,



Sherrill F. Norman, CPA
Tallahassee, Florida
March 28, 2023

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

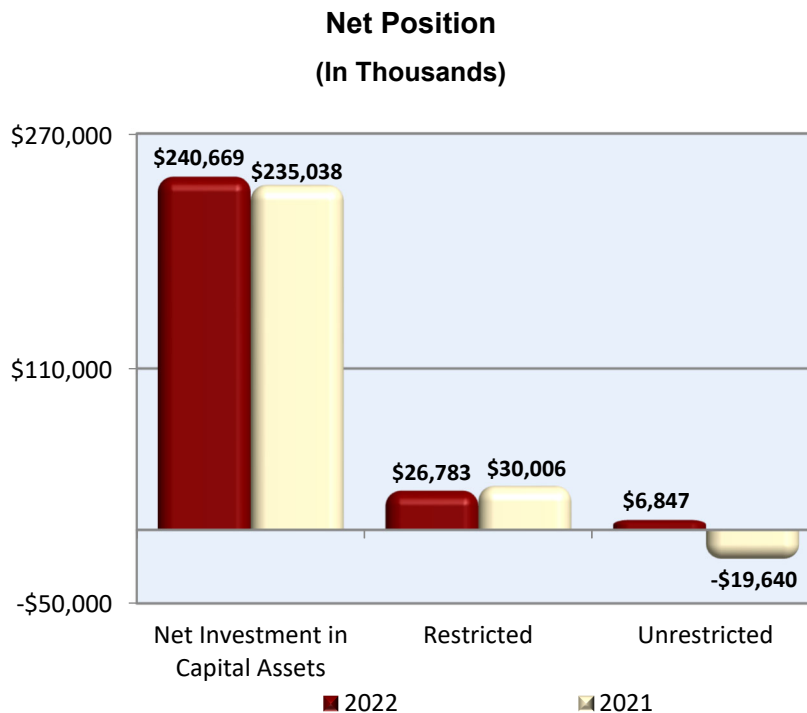
Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) provides an overview of the financial position and activities of the College for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, and should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes thereto. The MD&A, and financial statements and notes thereto, are the responsibility of College management. The MD&A contains financial activity of the College for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022, and June 30, 2021.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

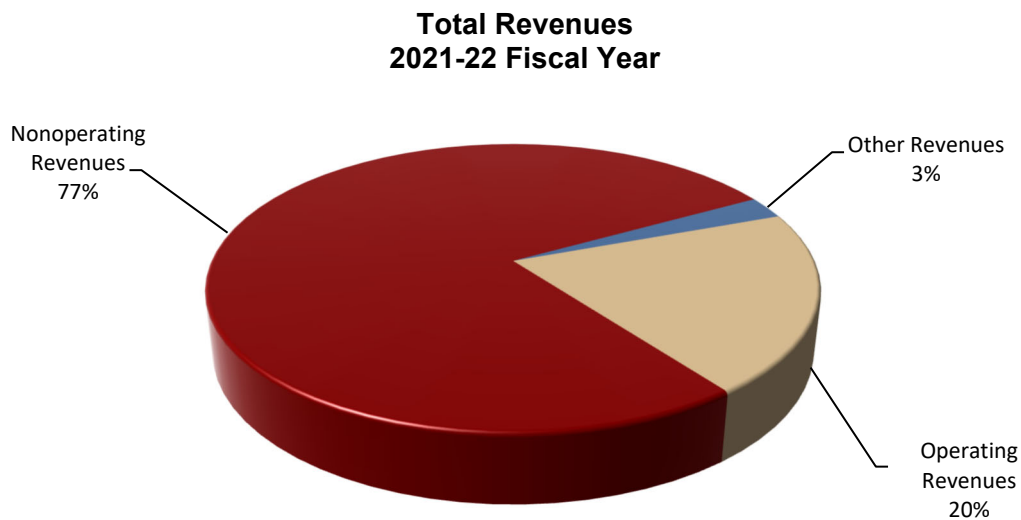
The College's assets and deferred outflows of resources totaled \$467.2 million at June 30, 2022. This balance reflects a \$53.6 million, or 13 percent, increase as compared to the 2020-21 fiscal year, resulting from increases in due from other governmental agencies and leases receivable. Liabilities decreased by \$39.6 million, or 25 percent, totaling \$118.5 million at June 30, 2022, resulting from decreases in net pension liability. As a result, the College's net position increased by \$28.9 million, resulting in a year-end balance of \$274.3 million.

The College's operating revenues totaled \$72.8 million for the 2021-22 fiscal year, representing a 0.1 percent decrease compared to the 2020-21 fiscal year. Operating expenses totaled \$330.2 million for the 2021-22 fiscal year, representing an increase of 10.7 percent as compared to the 2020-21 fiscal year.

Net position represents the residual interest in the College's assets and deferred outflows of resources after deducting liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The College's comparative total net position by category for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022, and June 30, 2021, is shown in the following graph:



The following chart provides a graphical presentation of College revenues by category for the 2021-22 fiscal year:



OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Pursuant to the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 35, the College's financial report consists of three basic financial statements: the statement of net position; the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position; and the statement of cash flows. The financial statements, and notes thereto, encompass the College and its component units. These component units include:

- Broward College Foundation, Inc. – Although legally separate, this component unit is important because the College is financially accountable for it, as the College reports its financial activities to the State of Florida.
- BCEduventures, Inc. – Began operations on July 1, 2017, to serve as a supporting organization to the College, a tax-exempt public charity under Title 26, Section 501(c)(3), United States Code. The organization was established to receive, hold, invest, and administer gifts and to make expenditures to, or for the benefit of the College.

Information regarding these component units is presented in the notes to financial statements. This MD&A focuses on the College, excluding the discretely presented component units.

The Statement of Net Position

The statement of net position reflects the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources of the College, using the accrual basis of accounting, and presents the financial position of the College at a specified time. Assets, plus deferred outflows of resources, less liabilities, less deferred inflows of resources, equals net position, which is one indicator of the College's current financial condition. The changes in net position that occur over time indicate improvement or deterioration in the College's financial condition.

The following summarizes the College's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position at June 30:

Condensed Statement of Net Position at June 30

(In Thousands)

	2022	2021
Assets		
Current Assets	\$ 69,374	\$ 42,461
Capital Assets, Net	265,321	244,981
Other Noncurrent Assets	97,551	86,828
Total Assets	432,246	374,270
Deferred Outflows of Resources	34,946	39,326
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities	27,475	21,650
Noncurrent Liabilities	91,030	136,408
Total Liabilities	118,505	158,058
Deferred Inflows of Resources	74,388	10,134
Net Position		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	240,669	235,038
Restricted	26,783	30,006
Unrestricted	6,847	(19,640)
Total Net Position	\$ 274,299	\$ 245,404

Significant changes were the result of the following factors:

- The increase in current assets of \$26.9 million is mainly due to increases in cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash and cash equivalents of \$8.5 million, accounts receivable of \$4.8 million, and due from other governmental agencies of \$13.6 million.
- The increase in other noncurrent assets of \$10.7 million is primarily due to increases in investments of \$2.2 million and lease receivable of \$15.7 million, offset by decreases of restricted cash and cash equivalents of \$1.1 million and loss of restricted investments of \$6.1 million.
- The increase in current liabilities of \$5.8 million is mainly due to increases in accounts payable of \$6.4 million, deposit held for others of \$1.7 million, and capital lease payable of \$1.4 million, offset by decreases in estimated insurance claims payable of \$1.4 million and notes and loans payable of \$2.1 million.
- The decrease in noncurrent liabilities of \$45.4 million is primarily due to decreases of \$65.9 million in the Florida Retirement System (FRS) and Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) net pension liabilities related to GASB Statement No. 68, \$1 million in bonds payable, offset by increases of \$16.4 million in capital leases payable related to GASB Statement No.87, *Leases*, and \$5.4 million in other postemployment benefits (OPEB) payable related to GASB Statement No. 75.
- The decrease in deferred outflows of resources of \$4.4 million is due to decreases of \$8.9 million associated with the FRS and HIS pension offset by an increase of \$4.5 million in OPEB.
- The increase in deferred inflows of resources of \$64.3 million is due to increases in the FRS pension of \$49.3 million and lease agreements of \$15.5 million, offset by a decrease in OPEB of \$0.5 million.

- The increase of unrestricted net position of \$26.5 million is primarily due to an increase in revenue over expenditures in the unrestricted fund as the College continued to perform well in its primary operations by closely monitoring expenses.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

The statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position presents the College's revenue and expense activity, categorized as operating and nonoperating. Revenues and expenses are recognized when earned or incurred, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The following summarizes the College's activity for the 2021-22 and 2020-21 fiscal years:

Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position For the Fiscal Years

(In Thousands)

	2021-22	2020-21
Operating Revenues	\$ 72,759	\$ 72,859
Less, Operating Expenses	330,188	298,157
Operating Loss	(257,429)	(225,298)
Net Nonoperating Revenues	277,345	224,662
Income (Loss) Before Other Revenues	19,916	(636)
Other Revenues	8,979	10,058
Net Increase In Net Position	28,895	9,422
Net Position, Beginning of Year	245,404	235,981
Adjustments to Beginning Net Position (1)	-	1
Net Position, Beginning of Year, as Restated	245,404	235,982
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 274,299	\$ 245,404

(1) For the 2020-21 fiscal year, the College's beginning net position was increased due to a decrease of GASB Statement No. 68 in Employer Proportionate Share of Net Position Liability at Measurement Date as of June 30, 2019.

Operating Revenues

GASB Statement No. 35 categorizes revenues as either operating or nonoperating. Operating revenues generally result from exchange transactions where each of the parties to the transaction either gives or receives something of equal or similar value.

The following summarizes the operating revenues by source that were used to fund operating activities for the 2021-22 and 2020-21 fiscal years:

Operating Revenues For the Fiscal Years

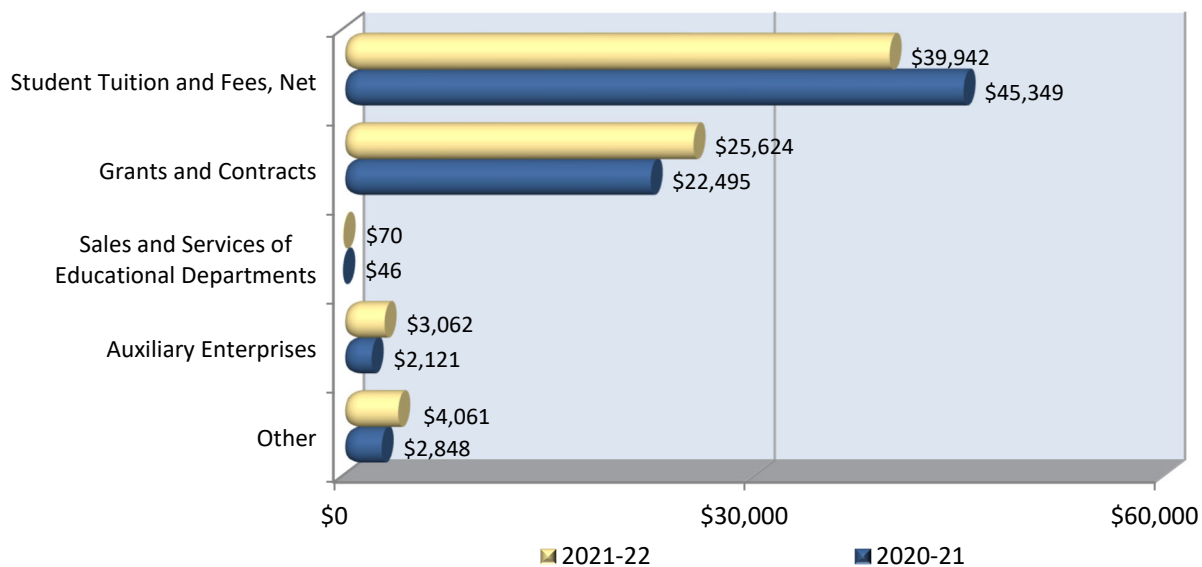
(In Thousands)

	2021-22	2020-21
Student Tuition and Fees, Net	\$ 39,942	\$ 45,349
Grants and Contracts	25,624	22,495
Sales and Services of Educational Departments	70	46
Auxiliary Enterprises	3,062	2,121
Other	4,061	2,848
Total Operating Revenues	\$ 72,759	\$ 72,859

The following chart presents the College's operating revenues for the 2021-22 and 2020-21 fiscal years:

Operating Revenues

(In Thousands)



College operating revenue changes were mainly the result of the following factors: a decrease of \$5.4 million in student tuition and fees, offset by increases of \$3.1 million in grants and contracts, \$1.2 million in other operating revenues, and \$0.9 million in net auxiliary enterprises.

Operating Expenses

Expenses are categorized as operating or nonoperating. The majority of the College's expenses are operating expenses as defined by GASB Statement No. 35. GASB gives financial reporting entities the choice of reporting operating expenses in the functional or natural classifications. The College has chosen to report the expenses in their natural classification on the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position and has displayed the functional classification in the notes to financial statements.

The following summarizes operating expenses by natural classification for the 2021-22 and 2020-21 fiscal years:

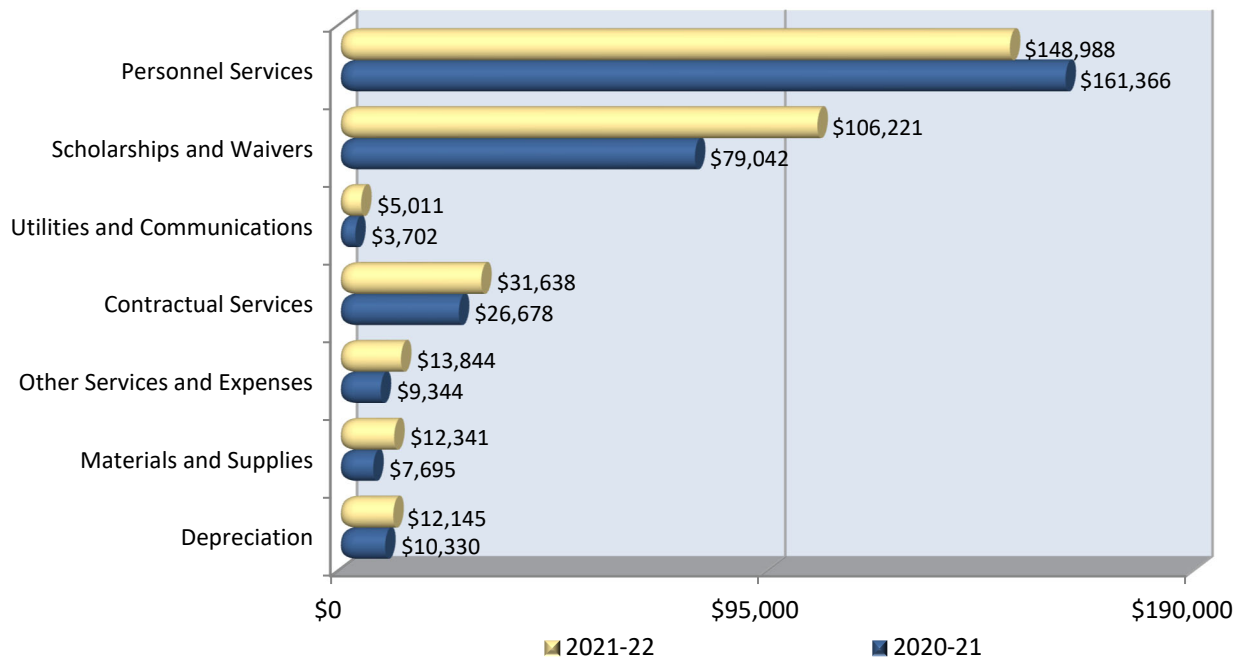
Operating Expenses For the Fiscal Years

(In Thousands)

	2021-22	2020-21
Personnel Services	\$ 148,988	\$ 161,366
Scholarships and Waivers	106,221	79,042
Utilities and Communications	5,011	3,702
Contractual Services	31,638	26,678
Other Services and Expenses	13,844	9,344
Materials and Supplies	12,341	7,695
Depreciation	12,145	10,330
Total Operating Expenses	\$ 330,188	\$ 298,157

The following chart presents the College’s operating expenses for the 2021-22 and 2020-21 fiscal years:

Operating Expenses (In Thousands)



College operating expense changes were the result of the following factors:

- Scholarships and waivers increased by \$27.2 million, or 34.4 percent, mainly due to an increase in funding of the American Rescue Plan (HEERF III) to support students.
- Contractual services increased by \$5 million, or 18.6 percent, mainly due to an increase from the Education Stabilization Fund to develop online courses for remote learning.
- Other services and expenses increased by \$4.5 million, or 48.2 percent, mainly due to an increase in the Education Stabilization Fund of \$4.3 million in support of student services relating to COVID-19.

- Materials and supplies increased by \$4.6 million, or 60.4 percent, mainly due to increase in spending level for purchasing and upgrading software and hardware equipment.
- Personnel services decreased by \$12.4 million primarily due to decreases in net pension expense of \$18.2 million and in compensated absences of \$2.6 million, offset by an increase in salaries and other benefits of \$4.6 million, OPEB expense of \$0.5 million, and health insurance contributions of \$3.3 million.

Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses

Certain revenue sources that the College relies on to provide funding for operations, including State noncapital appropriations, Federal and State student financial aid, certain gifts and grants, and investment income are defined by GASB as nonoperating. Nonoperating expenses include capital financing costs and other costs related to capital assets. The following summarizes the College's nonoperating revenues and expenses for the 2021-22 and 2020-21 fiscal years:

Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		
For the Fiscal Years		
(In Thousands)		
	2021-22	2020-21
State Noncapital Appropriations	\$ 96,209	\$ 92,457
Federal and State Student Financial Aid	131,289	101,688
Gifts and Grants	54,064	27,424
Investment Income	2,531	1,502
Net Gain (Loss) on Investments	(5,806)	2,069
Other Nonoperating Revenues	19	32
Interest on Capital Asset-Related Debt	(961)	(510)
Net Nonoperating Revenues	\$ 277,345	\$ 224,662

College net nonoperating revenues increased by \$52.7 million mainly due to increases in Federal and State student financial aid of \$29.6 million, gifts and grants of \$26.6 million, and State noncapital appropriations of \$3.8 million, offset by a loss on investments of \$7.9 million.

Other Revenues

This category is mainly composed of State capital appropriations and capital grants, contracts, gifts, and fees. The following summarizes the College's other revenues for the 2021-22 and 2020-21 fiscal years:

Other Revenues		
For the Fiscal Years		
(In Thousands)		
	2021-22	2020-21
State Capital Appropriations	\$ 773	\$ 926
Capital Grants, Contracts, Gifts, and Fees	8,177	9,110
Other Revenues	29	22
Total	\$ 8,979	\$ 10,058

The Statement of Cash Flows

The statement of cash flows provides information about the College's financial results by reporting the major sources and uses of cash and cash equivalents. This statement will assist in evaluating the College's ability to generate net cash flows, its ability to meet its financial obligations as they come due, and its need for external financing. Cash flows from operating activities show the net cash used by the operating activities of the College. Cash flows from capital financing activities include all plant funds and related long-term debt activities. Cash flows from investing activities show the net source and use of cash related to purchasing or selling investments, and earning income on those investments. Cash flows from noncapital financing activities include those activities not covered in other sections.

The following summarizes the College's cash flows for the 2021-22 and 2020-21 fiscal years:

Condensed Statement of Cash Flows For the Fiscal Years (In Thousands)

	<u>2021-22</u>	<u>2020-21</u>
Cash Provided (Used) by:		
Operating Activities	\$ (263,168)	\$ (200,770)
Noncapital Financing Activities	280,009	222,569
Capital and Related Financing Activities	(10,038)	(6,172)
Investing Activities	620	13,002
	<u>7,423</u>	<u>28,629</u>
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	7,423	28,629
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	38,626	9,997
	<u>46,049</u>	<u>38,626</u>
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	<u>\$ 46,049</u>	<u>\$ 38,626</u>

Major sources of funds came from noncapital Federal and State student financial aid (\$131.2 million), State noncapital appropriations (\$96.2 million), gifts and grants (\$54.1 million), net student tuition and fees (\$39 million), grants and contracts (\$17.2 million), capital grants and gifts (\$8.2 million), other receipts (\$5.7 million), and auxiliary enterprises (\$3 million). Major uses of funds were for payments to employees and for employee benefits (\$163.4 million), payments for scholarships (\$106.2 million), to providers of goods and services (\$53.5 million), purchases of capital assets (\$12.7 million), and Federal Direct Loan Program disbursements (\$11.1 million).

The College's cash and cash equivalents increased by \$7.4 million, or 19.2 percent, as compared to the prior fiscal year. The increase of \$62.4 million in net cash used by operations was primarily due to increases in payments for scholarships of \$27.2 million, payments for employees and employee benefits of \$12.3 million, payments to suppliers of \$10.5 million, reductions in net tuition and fees of \$7.9 million and grants and contracts of \$7.9 million, offset by an increase in other receipts of \$4 million. The increase of \$57.4 million in net cash provided by noncapital financing activities was primarily due to increases in Federal and State student financial aid of \$29.4 million, gifts and grants received for other than capital or endowment purposes of \$26.6 million, and State noncapital appropriations of \$3.8 million, offset by decreases in other nonoperating receipts of \$2.4 million. The increase in net cash used by capital and related financing activities of \$3.9 million was primarily due to increases of principal paid on capital debt and leases of \$1.5 million, interest paid on capital debt and leases of \$0.5 million, and a reduction in

State capital appropriations of \$1.8 million. Cash provided by investing activities decreased by \$12.4 million due to a \$11.5 million decrease from sales of investments and a \$1.9 million increase in purchase of investments, offset by a \$1 million increase in investment income.

CAPITAL ASSETS, CAPITAL EXPENSES AND COMMITMENTS, AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION
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Capital Assets

At June 30, 2022, the College had \$506.5 million in capital assets, less accumulated depreciation of \$241.2 million, for net capital assets of \$265.3 million. Depreciation charges for the current fiscal year totaled \$12.1 million. The following table summarizes the College’s capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, at June 30:

Capital Assets, Net at June 30		
(In Thousands)		
	2022	2021
Land	\$ 12,551	\$ 12,551
Construction in Progress	24,261	15,543
Software in Progress	4,783	4,783
Buildings	189,476	195,308
Other Structures and Improvements	13,785	14,027
Furniture, Machinery, and Equipment	1,608	1,302
Leasehold Improvements	235	254
Lease Assets	17,813	-
Software	809	1,213
Capital Assets, Net	\$265,321	\$244,981

Additional information about the College’s capital assets is presented in the notes to financial statements.

Capital Expenses and Commitments

The College’s construction commitments at June 30, 2022, are as follows:

	Amount (In Thousands)
Total Committed	\$ 50,863
Completed to Date	24,261
Balance Committed	\$ 26,602

Additional information about the College’s construction commitments is presented in the notes to financial statements.

Debt Administration

As of June 30, 2022, the College had \$24.7 million in outstanding long-term debt, representing an increase of \$14.7 million, or 147.9 percent, from the prior fiscal year. The following table summarizes the outstanding long-term debt by type for the fiscal years ended June 30:

Long-Term Debt at June 30

(In Thousands)

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds	\$ 6,840	\$ 7,800
Notes Payable	-	2,143
Leases Payable	17,813	-
Total	<u>\$ 24,653</u>	<u>\$ 9,943</u>

The State Board of Education issues capital outlay bonds on behalf of the College. During the 2021-22 fiscal year, there were no bond sales, debt repayments totaled \$4.6 million, and the leases payable totaled \$17.8 million. Additional information about the College's long-term debt is presented in the notes to financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS THAT WILL AFFECT THE FUTURE

The College's economic condition is closely tied to that of the State of Florida. State noncapital appropriations increased from \$92.5 million in the 2020-21 fiscal year to \$96.2 million in the 2021-22 fiscal year. As usual and customary, the College exercised a conservative approach to budgeting and spending while providing optimal services to the students.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

Questions concerning information provided in the MD&A or other required supplementary information, and financial statements and notes thereto, or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Rabia Azhar, Vice President of Finance, Broward College, 6400 NW 6th Way, Fort Lauderdale, Florida 33309.

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

BROWARD COLLEGE A Component Unit of the State of Florida Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2022

	<u>College</u>	<u>Component Units</u>
ASSETS		
Current Assets:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 35,800,915	\$ 5,191,626
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	311,021	-
Accounts Receivable, Net	11,027,658	1,683,832
Notes Receivable, Net	403,043	-
Due from Other Governmental Agencies	20,697,630	-
Due from Component Units	17,196	-
Inventories	15,850	-
Prepaid Expenses	420,482	48,933
Deposits	680,376	-
Total Current Assets	<u>69,374,171</u>	<u>6,924,391</u>
Noncurrent Assets:		
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	9,937,387	-
Investments	54,778,828	134,640,737
Restricted Investments	11,918,121	-
Leases Receivable	20,916,089	-
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	223,726,142	-
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	41,595,284	-
Total Noncurrent Assets	<u>362,871,851</u>	<u>134,640,737</u>
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>432,246,022</u>	<u>141,565,128</u>
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Other Postemployment Benefits	6,138,709	-
Pensions	28,807,315	-
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	<u>34,946,024</u>	<u>-</u>
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable	12,363,693	315,696
Salary and Payroll Taxes Payable	1,932,946	-
Retainage Payable	556,764	-
Due to Other Governmental Agencies	15,128	-
Due to College	-	1,931,910
Unearned Revenue	1,714,025	288,064
Estimated Insurance Claims Payable	2,803,929	-
Deposits Held for Others	4,213,335	-
Long-Term Liabilities - Current Portion:		
Bonds Payable	1,005,000	-
Unearned Lease Revenue	66,667	-
Leases Payable	1,409,356	-
Compensated Absences Payable	958,668	-
Other Postemployment Benefits Payable	282,888	-
Net Pension Liability	153,097	-
Total Current Liabilities	<u>27,475,496</u>	<u>2,535,670</u>

	<u>College</u>	<u>Component Units</u>
LIABILITIES (Continued)		
Noncurrent Liabilities:		
Bonds Payable	5,835,000	-
Unearned Lease Revenue	1,338,888	-
Leases Payable	16,403,269	-
Compensated Absences Payable	12,204,445	-
Other Postemployment Benefits Payable	10,561,553	-
Net Pension Liability	44,687,161	-
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	<u>91,030,316</u>	<u>-</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES	<u>118,505,812</u>	<u>2,535,670</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Other Postemployment Benefits	3,451,324	-
Pensions	55,433,702	-
Lease Agreements	15,502,611	-
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	<u>74,387,637</u>	<u>-</u>
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	240,668,801	-
Restricted:		
Nonexpendable:		
Endowment	1,110,295	43,147,623
Expendable:		
Grants and Loans	2,605,553	-
Scholarships	405,906	45,278,732
Capital Projects	22,621,844	-
Debt Service	38,983	-
Unrestricted	6,847,215	50,603,103
TOTAL NET POSITION	<u>\$ 274,298,597</u>	<u>\$ 139,029,458</u>

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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BROWARD COLLEGE
A Component Unit of the State of Florida
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	<u>College</u>	<u>Component Units</u>
REVENUES		
Operating Revenues:		
Student Tuition and Fees, Net of Scholarship Allowances of \$ 35,510,500	\$ 39,941,854	\$ -
Federal Grants and Contracts	11,454,187	-
State and Local Grants and Contracts	4,120,751	-
Nongovernmental Grants and Contracts	10,049,440	-
Sales and Services of Educational Departments	69,863	-
Auxiliary Enterprises	3,061,472	-
Other Operating Revenues	4,061,366	37,895,755
Total Operating Revenues	72,758,933	37,895,755
EXPENSES		
Operating Expenses:		
Personnel Services	148,987,579	-
Scholarships and Waivers	106,220,728	-
Utilities and Communications	5,010,971	-
Contractual Services	31,637,971	10,790,108
Other Services and Expenses	13,844,323	-
Materials and Supplies	12,341,192	-
Depreciation	12,145,051	-
Total Operating Expenses	330,187,815	10,790,108
Operating Income (Loss)	(257,428,882)	27,105,647
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
State Noncapital Appropriations	96,208,882	-
Federal and State Student Financial Aid	131,289,090	-
Gifts and Grants	54,063,793	18,579,720
Investment Income	2,531,570	-
Net Loss on Investments	(5,806,159)	-
Other Nonoperating Revenues	18,749	-
Interest on Capital Asset-Related Debt	(960,767)	-
Net Nonoperating Revenues	277,345,158	18,579,720
Income Before Other Revenues and Expenses	19,916,276	45,685,367
State Capital Appropriations	772,800	-
Capital Grants, Contracts, Gifts, and Fees	8,176,322	-
Other Revenues	29,150	-
Other Expenses	-	(8,400)
Total Other Revenues and Expenses	8,978,272	(8,400)
Increase in Net Position	28,894,548	45,676,967
Net Position, Beginning of Year	245,404,049	93,352,491
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 274,298,597	\$ 139,029,458

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

BROWARD COLLEGE
A Component Unit of the State of Florida
Statement of Cash Flows

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	College
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Student Tuition and Fees, Net	\$ 39,036,718
Grants and Contracts	17,158,789
Payments to Suppliers	(53,543,526)
Payments for Utilities and Communications	(5,010,971)
Payments to Employees	(120,741,043)
Payments for Employee Benefits	(42,706,062)
Payments for Scholarships	(106,225,750)
Collection on Loans to Students	10,783,670
Loans Issued to Students	(10,691,637)
Auxiliary Enterprises	2,984,671
Sales and Services of Educational Departments	69,863
Other Receipts	5,716,833
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	(263,168,445)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
State Noncapital Appropriations	96,208,882
Federal and State Student Financial Aid	131,247,744
Federal Direct Loan Program Receipts	11,052,479
Federal Direct Loan Program Disbursements	(11,052,479)
Gifts and Grants Received for Other Than Capital or Endowment Purposes	54,063,793
Private Gifts for Endowment Purposes	29,150
Other Nonoperating Disbursements	(1,540,801)
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities	280,008,768
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
State Capital Appropriations	24,007
Capital Grants and Gifts	8,176,322
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	18,749
Purchases of Capital Assets	(12,739,687)
Principal Paid on Capital Debt and Leases	(4,556,312)
Interest Paid on Capital Debt and Leases	(960,767)
Net Cash Used by Capital and Related Financing Activities	(10,037,688)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Purchase of Investments	(1,911,151)
Investment Income	2,531,570
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	620,419
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	7,423,054
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	38,626,269
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$ 46,049,323

	<u>College</u>
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Operating Loss	\$ (257,428,882)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Used by Operating Activities:	
Depreciation Expense	12,145,051
Changes in Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources:	
Receivables, Net	(5,110,702)
Notes Receivable, Net (Loans to Students)	92,033
Due from Other Governmental Agencies	(11,224,529)
Due from Component Units	270,848
Inventories	(243)
Prepaid Expenses	(301,635)
Accounts Payable	6,023,970
Salaries and Payroll Taxes Payable	(51,951)
Unearned Revenue	751
Estimated Insurance Claims Payable	(1,356,856)
Deposits Held for Others	1,655,467
Compensated Absences Payable	(427,254)
Other Postemployment Benefits Payable	5,439,592
Net Pension Liability	(66,025,844)
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Other Postemployment Benefits	(4,542,353)
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Other Postemployment Benefits	(535,416)
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions	8,922,814
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions	49,286,694
NET CASH USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	<u>\$ (263,168,445)</u>
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF NONCASH INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Unrealized loss on investments were recognized on the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position, but are not cash transactions for the statement of cash flows.	\$ (5,806,159)

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity. The governing body of Broward College, a component unit of the State of Florida, is the College Board of Trustees. The Board of Trustees constitutes a corporation and is composed of five members appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Senate. The Board of Trustees is under the general direction and control of the Florida Department of Education, Division of Florida Colleges, and is governed by State law and State Board of Education (SBE) rules. However, the Board of Trustees is directly responsible for the day-to-day operations and control of the College within the framework of applicable State laws and SBE rules. The College serves Broward County.

Criteria for defining the reporting entity are identified and described in the Governmental Accounting Standards Board's (GASB) *Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards*, Sections 2100 and 2600. These criteria were used to evaluate potential component units for which the Board of Trustees is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the Board of Trustees are such that exclusion would cause the College's financial statements to be misleading. Based on the application of these criteria, the College is a component unit of the State of Florida, and its financial balances and activities are reported in the State's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report by discrete presentation.

Discretely Presented Component Units. Based on the application of the criteria for determining component units, the following component units are included within the College's reporting entity:

- Broward College Foundation, Inc. (Foundation): Although legally separate, this component unit is important because the College is financially accountable for it, as the College reports its financial activities to the State of Florida.
- BCEduventures, Inc. (BCEduventures): Began operations on July 1, 2017, to serve as a supporting organization to the College, a tax-exempt public charity under Title 26, Section 501(c)(3), United States Code. The organization was established to receive, hold, invest, and administer gifts and to make expenditures to, or for the benefit of, the College.

The College's component units as described above are also direct-support organizations as defined in Section 1004.70, Florida Statutes, and although legally separate from the College, are financially accountable to the College. The component units are managed independently, outside the College's budgeting process, and their powers are generally vested in a governing board pursuant to various State statutes. The component units receive, hold, invest, and administer property, and make expenditures to or for the benefit of the College.

The College's component units are audited by other auditors pursuant to Section 1004.70(6), Florida Statutes. The audited financial statements of each component unit are available to the public and can be obtained from the Vice President of Finance, Broward College, 6400 NW 6th Way, Fort Lauderdale, Florida 33309. The financial data reported on the accompanying financial statements was derived from the Foundation and BCEduventures' audited financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021.

Basis of Presentation. The College's accounting policies conform with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to public colleges and universities as prescribed by GASB. The National Association of College and University Business Officers (NACUBO) also provides the College with recommendations prescribed in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles promulgated by GASB and the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB). GASB allows public colleges various reporting options. The College has elected to report as an entity engaged in only business-type activities. This election requires the adoption of the accrual basis of accounting and entitywide reporting including the following components:

- Management's Discussion and Analysis
- Basic Financial Statements:
 - Statement of Net Position
 - Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position
 - Statement of Cash Flows
 - Notes to Financial Statements
- Other Required Supplementary Information

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting. Basis of accounting refers to when revenues, expenses, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Specifically, it relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied. The College's financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources resulting from nonexchange activities are generally recognized when all applicable eligibility requirements, including time requirements, are met. The College follows GASB standards of accounting and financial reporting.

The College's component units use the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting and follow FASB standards of accounting and financial reporting for not-for-profit organizations.

Significant interdepartmental sales between auxiliary service departments and other institutional departments have been accounted for as reductions of expenses and not revenues of those departments.

The College's principal operating activity is instruction. Operating revenues and expenses generally include all fiscal transactions directly related to instruction as well as administration, academic support, student services, physical plant operations, and depreciation of capital assets. Nonoperating revenues include State noncapital appropriations, Federal and State student financial aid, and investment income. Interest on capital asset-related debt is a nonoperating expense. Other revenues generally include revenues for capital construction projects.

The statement of net position is presented in a classified format to distinguish between current and noncurrent assets and liabilities. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available to fund

certain programs, it is the College's policy to first apply the restricted resources to such programs followed by the use of the unrestricted resources.

The statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position is presented by major sources and is reported net of tuition scholarship allowances. Tuition scholarship allowances are the difference between the stated charge for goods and services provided by the College and the amount that is actually paid by the student or the third party making payment on behalf of the student. The College calculated its tuition scholarship allowance by determining the amount of "coverage" applied from financial aid and other funds determined to be subject to tuition scholarship allowance as prescribed in NACUBO Advisory Report 2000-05. Under this method, the College determined amounts by identifying those student transactions where the student's classes or bookstore charges were paid by an applicable financial aid source. The College maintains a detailed record of this activity in the Credit and Collection activity file at the financial aid and student level.

The statement of cash flows is presented using the direct method in compliance with GASB Statement No. 9, *Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Nonexpendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting*.

Cash and Cash Equivalents. The amount reported as cash and cash equivalents consists of cash on hand, cash in demand accounts, and cash with the State Board of Administration (SBA) Florida PRIME investment pool. For reporting cash flows, the College considers all highly liquid investments with original maturities of 3 months or less, that are not held solely for income or profit, to be cash equivalents. Under this definition, the College considers amounts invested in the SBA Florida PRIME investment pool to be cash equivalents.

College cash deposits are held in banks qualified as public depositories under Florida law. All such deposits are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, up to specified limits, or collateralized with securities held in Florida's multiple financial institution collateral pool required by Chapter 280, Florida Statutes. Cash and cash equivalents that are externally restricted to make debt service payments, maintain sinking or reserve funds, or to purchase or construct capital or other restricted assets are classified as restricted.

At June 30, 2022, the College reported as cash equivalents \$99,842 in the Florida PRIME investment pool administered by the SBA pursuant to Section 218.405, Florida Statutes. The College's investments in the Florida PRIME investment pool, which the SBA indicates is a Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 2a7-like external investment pool, are similar to money market funds in which shares are owned in the fund rather than the underlying investments. The Florida PRIME investment pool carried a credit rating of AAAM by Standard & Poor's and had a weighted-average days to maturity (WAM) of 28 days as of June 30, 2022. A portfolio's WAM reflects the average maturity in days based on final maturity or reset date, in the case of floating-rate instruments. WAM measures the sensitivity of the Florida PRIME investment pool to interest rate changes. The investments in the Florida PRIME investment pool are reported at amortized cost.

Section 218.409(8)(a), Florida Statutes, provides that "the principal, and any part thereof, of each account constituting the trust fund is subject to payment at any time from the moneys in the trust fund. However, the executive director may, in good faith, on the occurrence of an event that has a material impact on

liquidity or operations of the trust fund, for 48 hours limit contributions to or withdrawals from the trust fund to ensure that the Board [State Board of Administration] can invest moneys entrusted to it in exercising its fiduciary responsibility. Such action must be immediately disclosed to all participants, the trustees, the Joint Legislative Auditing Committee, and the Investment Advisory Council. The trustees shall convene an emergency meeting as soon as practicable from the time the executive director has instituted such measures and review the necessity of those measures. If the trustees are unable to convene an emergency meeting before the expiration of the 48-hour moratorium on contributions and withdrawals, the moratorium may be extended by the executive director until the trustees are able to meet to review the necessity for the moratorium. If the trustees agree with such measures, the trustees shall vote to continue the measures for up to an additional 15 days. The trustees must convene and vote to continue any such measures before the expiration of the time limit set, but in no case may the time limit set by the trustees exceed 15 days.” As of June 30, 2022, there were no redemption fees or maximum transaction amounts, or any other requirements that serve to limit a participant’s daily access to 100 percent of their account value.

Capital Assets. College capital assets consist of land, construction in progress, software in progress, buildings, other structures and improvements, furniture, machinery, and equipment, leasehold improvements, lease assets, and software. These assets are capitalized and recorded at cost at the date of acquisition or at acquisition value at the date received in the case of gifts and purchases of State surplus property. Additions, improvements, and other outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. The College has a capitalization threshold of \$5,000 for tangible personal property and \$25,000 for buildings and other structures and improvements. Depreciation is computed on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

- Buildings – 40 years
- Leasehold Improvements – 20 years
- Leased Assets – 5 to 20 years
- Other Structures and Improvements – 10 years
- Software – 10 years
- Furniture, Machinery, and Equipment:
 - Computer Equipment – 3 years
 - Vehicles, Office Machines, and Educational Equipment – 5 years
 - Furniture – 7 years

Noncurrent Liabilities. Noncurrent liabilities include bonds payable, notes payable, unearned lease revenue, leases payable, compensated absences payable, other postemployment benefits payable, and net pension liabilities that are not scheduled to be paid within the next fiscal year, as well as unearned lease revenue which will be amortized over 30 years.

Pensions. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net positions of the Florida Retirement System (FRS) defined benefit plan and the Health Insurance

Subsidy (HIS) defined benefit plan and additions to/deductions from the FRS and HIS fiduciary net positions have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the FRS and the HIS plans. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

2. Reporting Change

The College implemented GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, which addresses accounting and financial reporting for leases by Colleges. This statement requires the College to recognize certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. Under this statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right to use the leased asset and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about the College's leasing activities.

3. Investments

The Board of Trustees has adopted a written investment policy providing that surplus funds of the College shall be invested in those institutions and instruments permitted under the provisions of Florida Statutes. Section 218.415(16), Florida Statutes, authorizes the College to invest in the Florida PRIME investment pool administered by the SBA; Securities and Exchange Commission registered money market funds with the highest credit quality rating from a nationally recognized rating agency; interest-bearing time deposits and savings accounts in qualified public depositories, as defined by Section 280.02, Florida Statutes; direct obligations of the United States Treasury; obligations of Federal agencies and instrumentalities; securities of, or interests in, certain open-end or closed-end management type investment companies; and other investments approved by the Board of Trustees as authorized by law. SBE Rule 6A-14.0765(3), Florida Administrative Code, provides that College loan, endowment, annuity, and life income funds may also be invested pursuant to Section 215.47, Florida Statutes. Investments authorized by Section 215.47, Florida Statutes, include bonds, notes, commercial paper, and various other types of investments.

Investments set aside to make debt service payments, maintain sinking or reserve funds, or to purchase or construct capital assets are classified as restricted.

Fair Value Measurement. The College categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets, Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs, and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

All of the College's recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2022, are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs).

The College's investments at June 30, 2022, are reported as follows:

Investments by fair value level	Fair Value Measurements Using Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)
Mutual Funds	
Equities	\$ 9,357,192
Bonds	57,339,757
Total investments by fair value level	\$ 66,696,949

Mutual Funds. The College's investments in mutual funds totaled \$66,696,949 at June 30, 2022.

The College's Investment Policy Statement provides for a short-term investment pool, an intermediate-term investment pool, and a long-term investment pool. The primary objective of the short-term investment pool (funds needed for expenditures in one year or less) is to provide for preservation of capital and liquidity. The primary objectives for the intermediate-term investment pool are the preservation of capital and maximization of income without undue risk within the specific parameters specified in the investment policy. The primary objectives of the long-term investment pool (funds not expected to be needed as working capital and are not intermediate term) are to provide for long-term growth of principal and income without undue exposure to risk.

The following risks apply to these investments:

Interest Rate Risk: Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The College's investments in mutual funds have portfolios with average durations ranging from 0.84 years to 6.23 years.

Credit Risk: Credit risk is the risk that an issue or other counterparty will not fulfill its obligations. The College's investments in mutual funds at June 30, 2022, had portfolios having an average credit quality of between AAA and AA-.

Custodial Credit Risk: Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the College will not be able to recover that value of investments of collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. The College's investment policy provides that securities will be designated as an asset of the College and held in safekeeping by a third-party custodial bank, or other third-party custodial institution. The College's \$66,696,949 investments in mutual funds are held by the safekeeping agent in the name of the College.

Component Unit Investments. Investments held by the Foundation at December 31, 2021, are reported at fair value as follows:

<u>Investment Type</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Marketable Securities Equities:	
Foreign	\$ 37,413,368
Domestic	34,926,758
Other:	
Alternative Investments	42,809,464
Fixed Income	19,444,587
Money Market Funds	46,560
Total Component Unit Investments	\$ 134,640,737

4. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable represent amounts for student fee deferments, various student services provided by the College, uncollected commissions for food service and vending machine sales, unused credit memos, contract and grant reimbursements due from third parties, and leases receivable. The accounts receivable are reported net of a \$1,440,163 allowance for doubtful accounts.

5. Notes Receivable

Notes receivable represent student loans made through a third party under the short-term loan program, financial aid overpayments, and fee deficiencies. Notes receivable are reported net of a \$2,502,626 allowance for doubtful notes.

6. Leases Receivable

The College leases space to external parties for various terms under long-term, non-cancelable lease agreements. The leases expire on various dates ranging from 7 to 95 years. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, lease revenue totaling \$2,160,420, and interest revenue of \$641,415 were recognized in accordance with GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. Total future minimum lease payments to be received under lessor agreements are as follows:

<u>Fiscal Year Ending June 30</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2023	\$ 1,846,814	\$ 692,349	\$ 2,539,163
2024	986,861	525,991	1,512,852
2025	939,148	573,704	1,512,852
2026	893,742	619,110	1,512,852
2027	850,531	662,321	1,512,852
2028-2117	17,245,807	181,524,415	198,770,222
Total	\$ 22,762,903	\$ 184,597,890	\$ 207,360,793

7. Due From Other Governmental Agencies

The amount due from other governmental agencies consists of \$20,697,630 due from Federal and State funding sources, primarily \$17,651,183 due from other agencies, including \$2,708,716 due from the Federal Government for Pell grant and other Federal financial aid programs.

8. Due From and To Component Units/College

The amount due from component units consists of amounts owed to the College by the Foundation for scholarships and student aid and by BCEduventures for its accounts payable and accrued expenses. The College's financial statements are reported for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The Foundation and BCEduventures' financial statements are reported for the calendar year ended December 31, 2021. Accordingly, amounts reported by the College as due from and to component units on the statement of net position do not agree with amounts reported by the component units as due from and to the College.

9. Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, is shown in the following table:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Beginning Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Reductions</u>	<u>Ending Balance</u>
Nondepreciable Capital Assets:				
Land	\$ 12,551,113	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 12,551,113
Software in Progress	4,782,821	-	-	4,782,821
Construction in Progress	15,542,526	11,954,037	3,235,213	24,261,350
Total Nondepreciable Capital Assets	\$ 32,876,460	\$ 11,954,037	\$ 3,235,213	\$ 41,595,284
Depreciable Capital Assets:				
Buildings	\$ 354,692,286	\$ 1,323,179	\$ -	\$ 356,015,465
Other Structures and Improvements	34,119,525	1,912,034	-	36,031,559
Furniture, Machinery, and Equipment	39,850,120	1,265,769	1,031,389	40,084,500
Leasehold Improvements	380,595	-	-	380,595
Lease Assets (1)	-	28,321,518	-	28,321,518
Software	4,044,366	-	-	4,044,366
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	433,086,892	32,822,500	1,031,389	464,878,003
Less, Accumulated Depreciation:				
Buildings	159,384,106	7,154,417	-	166,538,523
Other Structures and Improvements	20,092,802	2,153,196	-	22,245,998
Furniture, Machinery, and Equipment	38,547,930	960,518	1,031,389	38,477,059
Leasehold Improvements	126,866	19,030	-	145,896
Lease Assets (1)	-	10,508,893	-	10,508,893
Software	2,831,056	404,436	-	3,235,492
Total Accumulated Depreciation	220,982,760	21,200,490	1,031,389	241,151,861
Total Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	\$ 212,104,132	\$ 11,622,010	\$ -	\$ 223,726,142

(1) Lease assets were added due to implementation of GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, as discussed in Note 2. Beginning balance was not restated.

10. Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue at June 30, 2022, primarily includes student tuition and fees received prior to fiscal year end related to subsequent accounting periods and grant revenues received in advance. As of June 30, 2022, the College reported the following amounts as unearned revenue:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Grant Revenues	\$ 1,112,687
Student Tuition and Fees	600,716
Other	622
Total Unearned Revenue	\$ 1,714,025

11. Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liabilities activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, is shown in the following table:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Beginning Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Reductions</u>	<u>Ending Balance</u>	<u>Current Portion</u>
Bonds Payable	\$ 7,800,000	\$ -	\$ 960,000	\$ 6,840,000	\$ 1,005,000
Notes Payable	2,142,858	-	2,142,858	-	-
Unearned Lease Revenue	1,472,222	-	66,667	1,405,555	66,667
Leases Payable (1)	-	19,266,079	1,453,454	17,812,625	1,409,356
Compensated Absences Payable	13,590,367	2,361,437	2,788,691	13,163,113	958,668
Other Postemployment Benefits Payable	-	-	-	-	-
Net Pension Liability	5,404,849	5,699,232	259,640	10,844,441	282,888
	110,866,102	27,137,987	93,163,831	44,840,258	153,097
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 141,276,398	\$ 54,464,735	\$ 100,835,141	\$ 94,905,992	\$ 3,875,676

(1) Due to implementation of GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, operating lease commitments were reclassified as leases payable. Beginning balance was not restated.

Bonds Payable. Bonds were issued to finance capital outlay projects of the College. The following is a description of the bonded debt issue:

- **Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2018A.** These bonds are authorized by Article VII, Section 11(d) of the Florida Constitution; Sections 215.57 through 215.83 and 1009.23, Florida Statutes; and other applicable provisions of law. Principal and interest on these bonds were issued to refund the Series 2008A bonds and are secured by and payable solely from a first lien pledge of the capital improvement fees collected pursuant to Section 1009.23(11), Florida Statutes, by the Series 2018A participating colleges on a parity with any additional bonds issued subsequent to the issuance of the Series 2018A bonds. The Series 2018A bonds will share the lien of such additional bonds on the Series 2018A pledged revenues and on the revenues pledged by the colleges participating in such additional bonds. The bonds were issued for the construction of a multi-level parking garage at the College's Central Campus.

The College had the following bonds payable at June 30, 2022:

<u>Bond Type</u>	<u>Amount Outstanding</u>	<u>Interest Rate (Percent)</u>	<u>Annual Maturity To</u>
Florida Department of Education Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds: Series 2018A	\$ 6,840,000	5.0	2028
Total	<u>\$ 6,840,000</u>		

Annual requirements to amortize all bonded debt outstanding as of June 30, 2022, are as follows:

<u>Fiscal Year Ending June 30</u>	<u>Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds</u>		
	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2023	\$ 1,005,000	\$ 342,000	\$ 1,347,000
2024	1,060,000	291,750	1,351,750
2025	1,110,000	238,750	1,348,750
2026	1,160,000	183,250	1,343,250
2027	1,220,000	125,250	1,345,250
2028	1,285,000	64,250	1,349,250
Total	<u>\$ 6,840,000</u>	<u>\$ 1,245,250</u>	<u>\$ 8,085,250</u>

Leases Payable. The College follows GASB Statement No.87, *Leases*. Space and vehicles are leased from external parties for various terms under long-term, non-cancelable agreements. These leases expire on various dates ranging from 1 to 15 years. Vehicles, a facility for a learning center (Miramar West Center), and a building (Aviation Annex) in the amount of \$28,321,518 were acquired under the lease agreements. The imputed interest rate is 5 percent. Future minimum payments under the lease agreements and the present value of the minimum payments as of June 30, 2022, are as follows:

<u>Fiscal Year Ending June 30</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2023	\$ 1,409,356	\$ 632,996	\$ 2,042,352
2024	1,376,171	723,969	2,100,140
2025	1,613,157	996,439	2,609,596
2026	1,557,727	1,112,799	2,670,526
2027	1,485,770	1,214,139	2,699,909
2028-2032	7,069,617	7,867,294	14,936,911
2033-2037	3,300,827	5,032,366	8,333,193
Total	<u>\$ 17,812,625</u>	<u>\$ 17,580,002</u>	<u>\$ 35,392,627</u>

Unearned Lease Revenue. The College leased land in Miramar, Florida, to a third party pursuant to a ground lease agreement dated August 9, 2013, with terms extending 30 years. The lease was prepaid in August 2013 by the third party to the College for the sum of \$2,000,000, which is being amortized over the life of the agreement. The unearned lease revenue amount held by the College totaled \$1,405,555 at June 30, 2022, of which \$66,667 was reported as current.

Compensated Absences Payable. College employees may accrue annual and sick leave based on length of service, subject to certain limitations regarding the amount that will be paid upon termination. The College reports a liability for the accrued leave; however, State noncapital appropriations fund only the portion of accrued leave that is used or paid in the current fiscal year. Although the College expects the liability to be funded primarily from future appropriations, generally accepted accounting principles do not permit the recording of a receivable in anticipation of future appropriations. At June 30, 2022, the estimated liability for compensated absences, which includes the College’s share of the Florida Retirement System and FICA contributions, totaled \$13,163,113. The current portion of the compensated absences liability, \$958,668, is the amount expected to be paid in the coming fiscal year and represents a historical percentage of leave used applied to total accrued leave liability.

Other Postemployment Benefits Payable. The College follows GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, for other postemployment benefits administered by the College.

General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan Description. The Other Postemployment Benefits Plan (OPEB Plan) is a single-employer defined benefit plan administered by the College. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 112.0801, Florida Statutes, former employees who retire from the College are eligible to participate in the College’s health and hospitalization plan for medical and prescription drug insurance coverage. The College subsidizes the premium rates paid by retirees by allowing them to participate in the OPEB Plan at reduced or blended group (implicitly subsidized) premium rates for both active and retired employees. These rates provide an implicit subsidy for retirees because, on an actuarial basis, their current and future claims are expected to result in higher costs to the OPEB Plan on average than those of active employees. The College does not offer any explicit subsidies for retiree coverage. Retirees are required to enroll in the Federal Medicare (Medicare) program for their primary coverage as soon as they are eligible. The OPEB Plan contribution requirements and benefit terms of the College and the OPEB Plan members are established and may be amended by action from the Board. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meet the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

Benefits Provided. The OPEB Plan provides healthcare benefits for retirees and their dependents. The OPEB Plan only provides an implicit subsidy as described above.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms. At June 30, 2021, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive Employees or Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits	33
Inactive Employees Entitled to But Not Yet Receiving Benefits	55
Active Employees	1,290
Total	<u>1,378</u>

Total OPEB Liability

The College’s total OPEB liability of \$10,844,441 was measured as of June 30, 2021, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2021, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.40 percent
Real wage growth	0.85 percent
Wage inflation	3.25 percent
Salary increases	
Regular Employees	3.4 to 7.8 percent
Senior Employees	4.1 to 8.2 percent
Discount rate	2.16 percent
Healthcare cost trend rates	
Pre-Medicare	7.00 percent for 2021, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.40 percent by 2032
Medicare	5.125 percent for 2021, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.40 percent by 2025

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index.

Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 mortality tables, with adjustments for FRS experience and generational mortality improvements using Scale MP-2018.

The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidence, withdrawal, and salary increases used in the June 30, 2021, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013, through June 30, 2018, adopted by the FRS.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2021, valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2021, valuation.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Amount
Balance at 6/30/21	\$ 5,404,849
Changes for the year:	
Service Cost	437,084
Interest	126,253
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	4,080,784
Changes in Assumptions or Other Inputs	1,055,111
Benefit Payments	(259,640)
Net Changes	5,439,592
Balance at 6/30/22	\$ 10,844,441

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 2.21 percent in 2020 to 2.16 percent in 2021.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following table presents the total OPEB liability of the College, as well as what the College's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (1.16 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (3.16 percent) than the current rate:

	<u>1% Decrease (1.16%)</u>	<u>Current Discount Rate (2.16%)</u>	<u>1% Increase (3.16%)</u>
Total OPEB liability	\$13,216,488	\$10,844,441	\$9,005,050

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates. The following table presents the total OPEB liability of the College, as well as what the College's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	<u>1% Decrease</u>	<u>Healthcare Cost Trend Rates</u>	<u>1% Increase</u>
Total OPEB liability	\$8,593,249	\$10,844,441	\$13,940,749

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the College recognized OPEB expense of \$655,404. At June 30, 2022, the College reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 4,478,750	\$ 45,546
Change of assumptions or other inputs	1,377,071	3,405,778
Transactions subsequent to the measurement date	282,888	-
Total	<u>\$ 6,138,709</u>	<u>\$ 3,451,324</u>

Of the total amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, \$282,888 resulting from benefits paid subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the fiscal year will be included as a reduction of the total OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

<u>Fiscal Year Ending June 30</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2023	\$ 81,374
2024	81,374
2025	81,374
2026	81,374
2027	90,696
Thereafter	<u>1,988,305</u>
Total	<u>\$ 2,404,497</u>

Net Pension Liability. As a participating employer in the Florida Retirement System (FRS), the College recognizes its proportionate share of the collective net pension liabilities of the FRS cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plans. As of June 30, 2022, the College's proportionate share of the net pension liabilities totaled \$44,840,258. Note 12. includes a complete discussion of defined benefit pension plans.

12. Retirement Plans – Defined Benefit Pension Plans

General Information about the Florida Retirement System (FRS)

The FRS was created in Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, to provide a defined benefit pension plan for participating public employees. The FRS was amended in 1998 to add the Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) under the defined benefit plan and amended in 2000 to provide a defined contribution plan alternative to the defined benefit plan for FRS members effective July 1, 2002. This integrated defined contribution pension plan is the FRS Investment Plan. Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, also provides for nonintegrated, optional retirement programs in lieu of the FRS to certain members of the Senior Management Service Class employed by the State and faculty and specified employees of State colleges. Chapter 112, Florida Statutes, established the HIS Program, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan to assist retired members of any State-administered retirement system in paying the costs of health insurance.

Essentially all regular employees of the College are eligible to enroll as members of the State-administered FRS. Provisions relating to the FRS are established by Chapters 121 and 122, Florida Statutes; Chapter 112, Part IV, Florida Statutes; Chapter 238, Florida Statutes; and FRS Rules, Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code; wherein eligibility, contributions, and benefits are defined and described in detail. Such provisions may be amended at any time by further action from the Florida Legislature. The FRS is a single retirement system administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, and consists of two cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plans and other nonintegrated programs. An annual comprehensive financial report of the FRS, which includes its financial statements, required supplementary information, actuarial report, and other relevant information, is available from the Florida Department of Management Services Web site (www.dms.myflorida.com).

The College's FRS and HIS pension expense totaled \$1,810,053 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

FRS Pension Plan

Plan Description. The FRS Pension Plan (Plan) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, with a DROP for eligible employees. The general classes of membership are as follows:

- *Regular Class* – Members of the FRS who do not qualify for membership in the other classes.
- *Senior Management Service Class* – Members in senior management level positions.

Employees enrolled in the Plan prior to July 1, 2011, vest at 6 years of creditable service and employees enrolled in the Plan on or after July 1, 2011, vest at 8 years of creditable service. All vested members, enrolled prior to July 1, 2011, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 62 or at any age after 30 years of creditable service. All members enrolled in the Plan on or after July 1, 2011, once vested, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 65 or any time after 33 years of creditable service. Employees enrolled in the Plan may include up to 4 years of credit for military service toward creditable service. The Plan also includes an early retirement provision; however, there is a benefit reduction for each year a member retires before his or her normal retirement date. The Plan provides retirement, disability, death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments to eligible participants.

The DROP, subject to provisions of Section 121.091, Florida Statutes, permits employees eligible for normal retirement under the Plan to defer receipt of monthly benefit payments while continuing employment with an FRS-participating employer. An employee may participate in DROP for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate. During the period of DROP participation, deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest. The net pension liability does not include amounts for DROP participants, as these members are considered retired and are not accruing additional pension benefits.

Benefits Provided. Benefits under the Plan are computed on the basis of age and/or years of service, average final compensation, and service credit. Credit for each year of service is expressed as a percentage of the average final compensation. For members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the 5 highest fiscal years' earnings; for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the 8 highest fiscal years' earnings. The total percentage value of the benefit received is determined by calculating the total value of all service, which is based on retirement plan and/or the class to which the member belonged when the service credit was earned. Members are eligible for in-line-of-duty or regular disability and survivors' benefits. The following table shows the percentage value for each year of service credit earned:

<u>Class, Initial Enrollment, and Retirement Age/Years of Service</u>	<u>% Value</u>
Regular Class members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011	
Retirement up to age 62 or up to 30 years of service	1.60
Retirement at age 63 or with 31 years of service	1.63
Retirement at age 64 or with 32 years of service	1.65
Retirement at age 65 or with 33 or more years of service	1.68
Regular Class members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011	
Retirement up to age 65 or up to 33 years of service	1.60
Retirement at age 66 or with 34 years of service	1.63
Retirement at age 67 or with 35 years of service	1.65
Retirement at age 68 or with 36 or more years of service	1.68
Senior Management Service Class	2.00

As provided in Section 121.101, Florida Statutes, if the member was initially enrolled in the Plan before July 1, 2011, and all service credit was accrued before July 1, 2011, the annual cost-of-living adjustment is 3 percent per year. If the member was initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, and has service credit on or after July 1, 2011, there is an individually calculated cost-of-living adjustment. The annual cost-of-living adjustment is a proportion of 3 percent determined by dividing the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by 3 percent. Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will not have a cost-of-living adjustment after retirement.

Contributions. The Florida Legislature establishes contribution rates for participating employers and employees. Contribution rates during the 2021-22 fiscal year were:

<u>Class</u>	<u>Percent of Gross Salary</u>	
	<u>Employee</u>	<u>Employer (1)</u>
FRS, Regular	3.00	10.82
FRS, Senior Management Service	3.00	29.01
Deferred Retirement Option Program (applicable to members from all of the above classes)	0.00	18.34
FRS, Reemployed Retiree	(2)	(2)

(1) Employer rates include 1.66 percent for the postemployment health insurance subsidy. Also, employer rates, other than for DROP participants, include 0.06 percent for administrative costs of the Investment Plan.

(2) Contribution rates are dependent upon retirement class in which reemployed.

The College's contributions to the Plan totaled \$8,134,384 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. At June 30, 2022, the College reported a liability of \$14,424,515 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021. The College's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the College's 2020-21 fiscal year contributions relative to the total 2020-21 fiscal year contributions of all participating members. At June 30, 2021, the College's proportionate share was

0.190955476 percent, which was an increase of 0.007600365 from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2020.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the College recognized a negative pension expense of \$306,914. In addition, the College reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 2,472,385	\$ -
Change of assumptions	9,869,969	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on FRS Plan investments	-	50,323,510
Changes in proportion and differences between College FRS contributions and proportionate share of contributions	2,661,717	2,037,114
College FRS contributions subsequent to the measurement date	8,134,384	-
Total	\$ 23,138,455	\$ 52,360,624

The deferred outflows of resources totaling \$8,134,384, resulting from College contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

<u>Fiscal Year Ending June 30</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2023	(6,755,669)
2024	(7,661,132)
2025	(10,170,416)
2026	(13,143,098)
2027	373,762
Total	\$ (37,356,553)

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the July 1, 2021, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.40 percent
Salary increases	3.25 percent, average, including inflation
Investment rate of return	6.80 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 base table, projected generationally with Scale MP-2018.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2021, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013, through June 30, 2018.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was not based on historical returns, but instead is based on a forward-looking capital market economic model. The allocation policy's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic and geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Target Allocation (1)</u>	<u>Annual Arithmetic Return</u>	<u>Compound Annual (Geometric) Return</u>	<u>Standard Deviation</u>
Cash	1.0%	2.1%	2.1%	1.1%
Fixed Income	20.0%	3.8%	3.7%	3.3%
Global Equity	54.2%	8.2%	6.7%	17.8%
Real Estate (Property)	10.3%	7.1%	6.2%	13.8%
Private Equity	10.8%	11.7%	8.5%	26.4%
Strategic Investments	3.7%	5.7%	5.4%	8.4%
Total	<u>100.0%</u>			
Assumed inflation - Mean			2.4%	1.2%

(1) As outlined in the Plan's investment policy.

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.80 percent. The Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return. The discount rate used in the 2021 valuation was unchanged from the previous valuation.

Sensitivity of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the College's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.80 percent, as well as what the College's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (5.80 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (7.80 percent) than the current rate:

	<u>1% Decrease (5.80%)</u>	<u>Current Discount Rate (6.80%)</u>	<u>1% Increase (7.80%)</u>
College's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$64,507,402	\$14,424,515	\$(27,439,161)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State Administered Systems Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

Payables to the Pension Plan. At June 30, 2022, the College reported a payable of \$1,056,407 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the Plan required for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

HIS Pension Plan

Plan Description. The HIS Pension Plan (HIS Plan) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established under Section 112.363, Florida Statutes, and may be amended by the Florida Legislature at any time. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of State-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs and is administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement.

Benefits Provided. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment of \$5 for each year of creditable service completed at the time of retirement with a minimum HIS payment of \$30 and a maximum HIS payment of \$150 per month, pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive a HIS benefit, a retiree under a State-administered retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which can include Medicare.

Contributions. The HIS Plan is funded by required contributions from FRS participating employers as set by the Florida Legislature. Employer contributions are a percentage of gross compensation for all active FRS members. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the contribution rate was 1.66 percent of payroll pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. The College contributed 100 percent of its statutorily required contributions for the current and preceding 3 years. HIS Plan contributions are deposited in a separate trust fund from which HIS payments are authorized. HIS Plan benefits are not guaranteed and are subject to annual legislative appropriation. In the event the legislative appropriation or available funds fail to provide full subsidy benefits to all participants, benefits may be reduced or canceled.

The College's contributions to the HIS Plan totaled \$1,492,006 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. At June 30, 2022, the College reported a net pension liability of \$30,415,743 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The current portion of the net pension liability is the College's proportionate share of benefit payments expected to be paid within 1 year, net of the College's proportionate share of the HIS Plan's fiduciary net position available to pay that amount. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020, and update procedures were used to determine the net pension liability as of June 30, 2021. The College's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the College's 2020-21 fiscal year contributions relative to the total 2020-21 fiscal year contributions of all participating members. At June 30, 2021, the College's proportionate share was 0.247957723 percent, which was a decrease of 0.009189812 from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2020.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the College recognized pension expense of \$2,116,967. In addition, the College reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 1,017,788	\$ 12,739
Change of assumptions	2,389,994	1,253,206
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on HIS Plan investments	31,708	-
Changes in proportion and differences between College HIS contributions and proportionate share of HIS contributions	737,364	1,807,133
College contributions subsequent to the measurement date	1,492,006	-
Total	\$ 5,668,860	\$ 3,073,078

The deferred outflows of resources totaling \$1,492,006, resulting from College contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

<u>Fiscal Year Ending June 30</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2023	\$ 339,281
2024	15,846
2025	245,488
2026	385,715
2027	130,125
Thereafter	(12,679)
Total	\$ 1,103,776

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the July 1, 2020, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.40 percent
Salary increases	3.25 percent, average, including inflation
Municipal bond rate	2.16 percent

Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 base table, projected generationally with Scale MP-2018.

While an experience study had not been completed for the HIS Plan, the actuarial assumptions that determined the total pension liability for the HIS Plan were based on certain results of the most recent experience study for the FRS Plan.

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 2.16 percent. In general, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the single rate equivalent to discounting at the long-term expected rate of return for benefit payments prior to the projected depletion date. Because the HIS benefit is essentially funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, the depletion date is considered to be immediate, and the single equivalent discount rate is equal to the municipal bond rate selected by the plan sponsor. The Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index was

adopted as the applicable municipal bond index. The discount rate used in the 2021 valuation was updated from 2.21 percent to 2.16 percent.

Sensitivity of the College’s Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the College’s proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 2.16 percent, as well as what the College’s proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (1.16 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (3.16 percent) than the current rate:

	<u>1% Decrease (1.16%)</u>	<u>Current Discount Rate (2.16%)</u>	<u>1% Increase (3.16%)</u>
College’s proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$35,163,545	\$30,415,743	\$26,525,981

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the HIS Plan’s fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State Administered Systems Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

Payables to the Pension Plan. At June 30, 2022, the College reported a payable of \$22,315 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the HIS Plan required for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

13. Retirement Plans – Defined Contribution Pension Plans

FRS Investment Plan. The SBA administers the defined contribution plan officially titled the FRS Investment Plan (Investment Plan). The Investment Plan is reported in the SBA’s annual financial statements and in the State’s Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

As provided in Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of the FRS defined benefit plan. College employees already participating in the State College System Optional Retirement Program or DROP are not eligible to participate in the Investment Plan. Employer and employee contributions are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. Service retirement benefits are based upon the value of the member’s account upon retirement. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Investment Plan is funded with the same employer and employee contributions rates, that are based on salary and membership class (Regular Class, Senior Management Service Class, etc.), as the FRS defined benefit plan. Contributions are directed to individual member accounts and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. Costs of administering the Investment Plan, including the FRS Financial Guidance Program, are funded through an employer contribution of 0.06 percent of payroll and by forfeited benefits of Investment Plan members. Allocations to the Investment Plan member accounts during the 2021-22 fiscal year were as follows:

<u>Class</u>	<u>Percent of Gross Compensation</u>
FRS, Regular	6.30
FRS, Senior Management Service	7.67

For all membership classes, employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and are vested after 1 year of service for employer contributions and investment earnings regardless of membership class. If an accumulated benefit obligation for service credit originally earned under the FRS Pension Plan is transferred to the Investment Plan, the member must have the years of service required for FRS Pension Plan vesting (including the service credit represented by the transferred funds) to be vested for these funds and the earnings on the funds. Nonvested employer contributions are placed in a suspense account for up to 5 years. If the employee returns to FRS-covered employment within the 5-year period, the employee will regain control over their account. If the employee does not return within the 5-year period, the employee will forfeit the accumulated account balance. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the information for the amount of forfeitures was unavailable from the SBA; however, management believes that these amounts, if any, would be immaterial to the College.

After termination and applying to receive benefits, the member may roll over vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the Investment Plan, receive a lump-sum distribution, leave the funds invested for future distribution, or any combination of these options. Disability coverage is provided in which the member may either transfer the account balance to the FRS Pension Plan when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the FRS Pension Plan, or remain in the Investment Plan and rely upon that account balance for retirement income.

The College's Investment Plan pension expense totaled \$2,933,571 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

State College System Optional Retirement Program. Section 1012.875, Florida Statutes, provides for an Optional Retirement Program (Program) for eligible college instructors and administrators. The Program is designed to aid colleges in recruiting employees by offering more portability to employees not expected to remain in the FRS for 8 or more years.

The Program is a defined contribution plan, which provides full and immediate vesting of all contributions submitted to the participating companies on behalf of the participant. Employees in eligible positions can make an irrevocable election to participate in the Program, rather than the FRS, and purchase retirement and death benefits through contracts provided by certain insurance carriers. The employing college contributes 5.14 percent of the participant's salary to the participant's account, 4.19 percent to cover the unfunded actuarial liability of the FRS pension plan, and 0.01 percent to cover the administrative costs, for a total of 9.34 percent, and employees contribute 3 percent of the employee's salary. Additionally, the employee may contribute, by payroll deduction, an amount not to exceed the percentage contributed by the college to the participant's annuity account. The contributions are invested in the company or companies selected by the participant to create a fund for the purchase of annuities at retirement.

The College's contributions to the Program totaled \$806,849 and employee contributions totaled \$259,159 for the 2021-22 fiscal year.

14. Construction Commitments

The College's construction commitments at June 30, 2022, were as follows:

<u>Project Description</u>	<u>Total Commitment</u>	<u>Completed to Date</u>	<u>Balance Committed</u>
<u>Central Campus:</u>			
Building 19 Remodel Student Services Phase 1, Phase 2, Phase 3, and Remodel Smoothie King Build Out	\$ 6,374,448	\$ 6,205,649	\$ 168,799
Building 8 Renovate Restrooms 1st and 2nd Floor and Replace Second Floor Windows	1,850,000	919,740	930,260
Building 9 Elevator Upgrade and Communication ESL Lobby Renovation Project	359,804	241,619	118,185
IPS Canopies, Remodel Building 20 for Public Safety and Relocate IPS Driving Range	4,862,311	153,339	4,708,972
Building 17 Remodel Fourth Floor Offices, Exterior Waterproofing, and Painting Phase I and Phase II	5,360,809	3,819,538	1,541,271
Building 4 Bailey Hall Freight Elevator Upgrade, B1008 Elevator Upgrade, and Stage Chair Lift	1,268,812	998,846	269,966
Building 10 Second Floor Remodel and Remodel BioTech Lab as Classroom	2,300,000	971,336	1,328,664
Building 27 Remodel for Student Life and Building 23 Remediate Roof Soffit	382,000	347,385	34,615
YMCA and Tigertail Ropes Course	871,771	294,001	577,770
Pool Demolition, Relocate Primary Utility Location, Drainage Master Plan Study, and Campus Backflows	5,396,796	883,236	4,513,560
Parking Garage Concrete Repairs and Circulation Improvements and College Academy Offices	1,750,000	51,105	1,698,895
Network Access, Network Environmental, and Network Security	5,130,000	2,449,267	2,680,733
<u>North Campus:</u>			
Building 46 Remodel Student Services and Turnaround/Drop Off Storm Water Master Plan and Landscape Improvements	2,913,959	1,949,134	964,825
Building 41, Room 149A Renovation, Chiller Upgrade, and Cooling Tower Replacement	333,000	290,057	42,943
Building 41, Room 149A Renovation, Chiller Upgrade, and Cooling Tower Replacement	2,986,000	125,391	2,860,609
<u>South Campus:</u>			
Demo of Modular Buildings and Storm Water Management and Stormwater Management DRA4	1,936,908	1,885,181	51,727
Building 68 PCAT Addition and Renovate Second Floor Offices	2,217,741	2,141,479	76,262
Building 70 Second Floor Fire Sprinkler System	210,250	1,265	208,985
Aviation Hangar Addition	4,358,885	533,782	3,825,103
Total	\$ 50,863,494	\$ 24,261,350	\$ 26,602,144

15. Risk Management Programs

The College is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The College provided coverage for these risks primarily through the Florida College System Risk Management Consortium (Consortium), which was created under authority of Section 1001.64(27), Florida Statutes, by the boards of trustees of the Florida public colleges for the purpose of joining a cooperative effort to develop,

implement, and participate in a coordinated Statewide college risk management program. The Consortium is self-sustaining through member assessments (premiums) and purchases excess insurance through commercial companies for claims in excess of specified amounts. Excess insurance from commercial companies provided coverage of up to \$100 million for property insurance. Insurance coverage obtained through the Consortium included fire and extended property, general and automobile liability, workers' compensation, and other liability coverage. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past 3 fiscal years.

Life, dental, and long-term disability coverage are provided through purchased commercial insurance.

Self-Insured Program. The Board has established an individual self-insured program to provide group health insurance for its employees, retirees, former employees, and their dependents. The College's liability was limited by excess reinsurance to \$340,000 per insured person for the 2021-22 fiscal year. The plan is provided by an insurance company licensed by the Florida Office of Insurance Regulation. The College contributes employee premiums as a fringe benefit. Employee dependent coverage is by payroll deduction and coverage for retirees, former employees, and their dependents is by prepaid premium.

The College reports a liability when it is probable that a loss has occurred, and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. The liability includes an amount for claims that have been incurred, but not reported, and an amount for claims administration expense. Because the actual claims liability depends on such complex factors as inflation, change in legal doctrines, and damage awards, the process used in computing the claims liability does not necessarily result in an exact amount. The College reevaluates the claims liability periodically and the claims liability totaled \$2,803,929 as of June 30, 2022. Amounts held by the College in excess of the estimated insurance claims liability at June 30, 2022, totaled \$29,730 and are classified as insurance claim deposits. The College will use these amounts to pay claims incurred in future fiscal years.

The following schedule represents the changes in claims liability for the current and prior years for the College's self-insured program:

Fiscal Year	Beginning of Fiscal Year	Claims and Changes in Estimates	Claims Payments	End of Fiscal Year
2020-21	\$ 4,497,349	\$16,596,823	\$16,933,387	\$ 4,160,785
2021-22	4,160,785	20,088,315	21,445,171	2,803,929

16. Functional Distribution of Operating Expenses

The functional classification of an operating expense (instruction, academic support, etc.) is assigned to a department based on the nature of the activity, which represents the material portion of the activity attributable to the department. For example, activities of an academic department for which the primary departmental function is instruction may include some activities other than direct instruction such as public service. However, when the primary mission of the department consists of instructional program elements, all expenses of the department are reported under the instruction classification. The operating expenses on the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position are presented by natural

classifications. The following are those same expenses presented in functional classifications as recommended by NACUBO:

<u>Functional Classification</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Instruction	\$ 97,751,025
Public Services	87,273
Academic Support	19,919,984
Student Services	29,270,201
Institutional Support	40,360,141
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	19,744,414
Scholarships and Waivers	106,220,728
Depreciation	12,145,051
Auxiliary Enterprises	4,688,998
Total Operating Expenses	\$ 330,187,815

17. Current Unrestricted Funds

The Southern Association of Colleges and Schools, Commission on Colleges, which establishes the accreditation requirements for institutions of higher education, requires a disclosure of the financial position of unrestricted net position, exclusive of plant assets and plant-related debt, which represents the change in unrestricted net position. To meet this requirement, statements of net position and revenues, expenses, and changes in net position for the current unrestricted funds are presented as follows:

Statement of Current Unrestricted Funds Net Position

ASSETS

Current Assets:

Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 35,800,915
Accounts Receivable, Net	1,151,012
Notes Receivable, Net	844
Due from Other Governmental Agencies	2,003,983
Due from Component Units	15,167
Due From Other Funds	14,825,279
Inventories	15,850
Prepaid Expenses	420,482
Deposits	680,376

Total Current Assets	54,913,908
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Noncurrent Assets:

Investments	54,778,828
Lease Receivable Noncurrent	20,916,089

Total Noncurrent Assets	75,694,917
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TOTAL ASSETS

	130,608,825
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DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Other Postemployment Benefits	6,138,709
Pensions	28,807,315

TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	34,946,024
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LIABILITIES

Current Liabilities:

Accounts Payable	7,280,725
Salary and Payroll Taxes Payable	1,977,648
Retainage Payable	10,802
Unearned Revenue	1,891,494
Estimated Insurance Claims Payable	2,803,929
Deposits Held for Others	1,507,587

Long-Term Liabilities - Current Portion:

Compensated Absences Payable	958,668
Other Postemployment Benefits Payable	282,888
Net Pension Liability	153,097

Total Current Liabilities	16,866,838
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Noncurrent Liabilities:

Compensated Absences Payable	12,204,445
Other Postemployment Benefits Payable	10,561,553
Net Pension Liability	44,687,161

Total Noncurrent Liabilities	67,453,159
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TOTAL LIABILITIES

	84,319,997
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DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Other Postemployment Benefits	3,451,324
Pensions	55,433,702
Lease Agreements	15,502,611

TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	74,387,637
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TOTAL NET POSITION

	\$ 6,847,215
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**Statement of Current Unrestricted Funds Revenues,
Expenses, and Changes in Net Position**

REVENUES

Operating Revenues:	
Student Tuition and Fees	\$ 32,389,506
Federal Grants and Contracts	83,590
State and Local Grants and Contracts	1,305,013
Nongovernmental Grants and Contracts	1,227,408
Sales and Services of Educational Departments	69,863
Auxiliary Enterprises	3,061,472
Other Operating Revenues	3,987,020
	<hr/>
Total Operating Revenues	42,123,872

EXPENSES

Operating Expenses:	
Personnel Services	129,263,647
Scholarships and Waivers	1,546,607
Utilities and Communications	4,545,714
Contractual Services	18,696,335
Other Services and Expenses	8,619,780
Materials and Supplies	6,005,418
	<hr/>
Total Operating Expenses	168,677,501
	<hr/>
Operating Loss	(126,553,629)

NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)

State Noncapital Appropriations	96,208,175
Gifts and Grants Received for Other Than Capital or Endowment Purposes	27,083,723
Investment Income	1,889,510
Net Loss on Investment	(5,806,159)
Other Nonoperating Revenues	18,749
Interest on Capital Asset-Related Debt	(545,895)
	<hr/>
Net Nonoperating Revenues	118,848,103
	<hr/>
Loss Before Other Revenues	(7,705,526)
	<hr/>
State Capital Appropriation	11,592
Transfers to/from Other Funds	34,181,350
	<hr/>
Total Other Revenues	34,192,942
	<hr/>
Increase in Net Position	26,487,416
	<hr/>
Net Position, Beginning of Year	(19,640,201)
	<hr/>
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 6,847,215

18. Fiscal Agent for the Higher Education Technology Group

Effective July 2, 2002, the College was elected fiscal agent for the Higher Education Technology Group (HETGroup). As fiscal agent, the College is responsible for receiving, disbursing, and administering all moneys due or payable from the HETGroup and for certain personnel functions. For the 2021-22 fiscal year, HETGroup revenues and expenses totaled \$1,707,486 and \$1,748,244, respectively, on the

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position. At June 30, 2022, net assets of HETGroup totaling \$660,855 were held in the College's Current Restricted Fund.

19. Related Party Transactions

The Foundation utilized certain facilities and professional services provided by the College. The estimated fair value of donated services and other general administrative costs amounted to \$1,210,278 and \$103,808, respectively, for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021, and are included in the accompanying Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position of the component unit as both revenue and expense.

BCEduventures, Inc. recorded \$11,000 related to the use of donated facilities for the 6-month period ended December 31, 2021. This amount is reflected in the accompanying Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position of the component unit as both revenue and expense.

20. Discretely Presented Component Units

The College has two discretely presented component units as discussed in Note 1. These component units represent 100 percent of the transactions and account balances of the aggregate discretely presented component units columns of the financial statements. The following financial information is from the most recently available audited financial statements for the component units:

Condensed Statement of Net Position

	Direct-Support Organizations		Total
	Foundation	BCEduventures	
Assets:			
Current Assets	\$ 5,052,253	\$ 1,872,138	\$ 6,924,391
Other Noncurrent Assets	134,640,737	-	134,640,737
Total Assets	139,692,990	1,872,138	141,565,128
Liabilities:			
Current Liabilities	2,023,844	511,826	2,535,670
Total Liabilities	2,023,844	511,826	2,535,670
Net Position:			
Restricted Nonexpendable	43,147,623	-	43,147,623
Restricted Expendable	44,810,463	468,269	45,278,732
Unrestricted	49,711,060	892,043	50,603,103
Total Net Position	\$ 137,669,146	\$ 1,360,312	\$ 139,029,458

Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

	Direct-Support Organizations		Total
	Foundation	BC Eduventures	
Operating Revenues	\$ 36,697,727	\$ 1,198,028	\$ 37,895,755
Operating Expenses	(10,016,046)	(774,062)	(10,790,108)
Operating Income	26,681,681	423,966	27,105,647
Net Nonoperating Revenues:			
Nonoperating Revenues	18,579,720	-	18,579,720
Net Nonoperating Revenues	18,579,720	-	18,579,720
Other Revenues	(8,400)	-	(8,400)
Increase in Net Position	45,253,001	423,966	45,676,967
Net Position, Beginning of Year	92,416,145	936,346	93,352,491
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 137,669,146	\$ 1,360,312	\$ 139,029,458

OTHER REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Schedule of Changes in the College's Total Other Postemployment Benefits Liability and Related Ratios

	2021 (1)	2020 (1)	2019 (2)	2018 (2)	2017 (2)
Total OPEB Liability					
Service cost	\$ 437,084	\$ 337,555	\$ 583,192	\$ 611,938	\$ 685,702
Interest	126,253	160,817	301,543	270,273	229,131
Difference between expected and actual experience	4,080,784	370,430	(65,262)	343,892	510,219
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	1,055,111	505,119	(3,827,231)	(495,148)	(906,097)
Benefit Payments	(259,640)	(448,754)	(603,021)	(460,823)	(617,331)
Net change in total OPEB liability	5,439,592	925,167	(3,610,779)	270,132	(98,376)
Total OPEB Liability - beginning	5,404,849	4,479,682	8,090,461	7,820,329	7,918,705
Total OPEB Liability - ending	\$ 10,844,441	\$ 5,404,849	\$ 4,479,682	\$ 8,090,461	\$ 7,820,329
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 78,929,334	\$ 81,429,290	\$ 79,361,097	\$ 80,551,706	\$ 78,929,032
Total OPEB Liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	13.74%	6.64%	5.64%	10.04%	9.91%

(1) The interest on the service cost is included with the interest on the Total OPEB Liability.

(2) The service cost included interest for the year.

**Schedule of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability –
Florida Retirement System Pension Plan**

	<u>2021 (1)</u>	<u>2020 (1)</u>	<u>2019 (1)</u>	<u>2018 (1)</u>
College's proportion of the FRS net pension liability	0.190955476%	0.183355111%	0.193698729%	0.187131207%
College's proportionate share of the FRS net pension liability	\$ 14,424,515	\$ 79,468,807	\$ 66,705,324	\$ 56,364,890
College's covered payroll (2)	\$ 97,371,981	\$ 99,158,036	\$ 99,498,447	\$ 95,137,973
College's proportionate share of the FRS net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	14.80%	80.14%	67.04%	59.25%
FRS Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the FRS total pension liability	96.40%	78.85%	82.61%	84.26%

- (1) The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.
- (2) Covered payroll includes defined benefit plan actives, investment plan members, State college system optional retirement plan members, and members in DROP because total employer contributions are determined on a uniform basis (blended rate) as required by Part III of Chapter 121, Florida Statutes.

Schedule of College Contributions – Florida Retirement System Pension Plan

	<u>2022 (1)</u>	<u>2021 (1)</u>	<u>2020 (1)</u>	<u>2019 (1)</u>
Contractually required FRS contribution	\$ 8,134,384	\$ 7,274,579	\$ 6,092,078	\$ 6,006,058
FRS contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	<u>(8,134,384)</u>	<u>(7,274,579)</u>	<u>(6,092,078)</u>	<u>(6,006,058)</u>
FRS contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
College's covered payroll (2)	\$ 99,204,896	\$ 97,371,981	\$ 99,158,036	\$ 99,498,447
FRS contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	8.20%	7.47%	6.14%	6.04%

- (1) The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.
- (2) Covered payroll includes defined benefit plan actives, investment plan members, State college system optional retirement plan members, and members in DROP because total employer contributions are determined on a uniform basis (blended rate) as required by Part III of Chapter 121, Florida Statutes.

<u>2017 (1)</u>	<u>2016 (1)</u>	<u>2015 (1)</u>	<u>2014 (1)</u>	<u>2013 (1)</u>
0.188443140%	0.188540696%	0.211733462%	0.202277239%	0.181763688%
\$ 55,740,216	\$ 47,606,674	\$ 27,348,216	\$ 12,341,886	\$ 31,289,620
\$ 94,963,577	\$ 92,271,473	\$ 94,997,752	\$ 86,663,465	\$ 81,539,356
58.70%	51.59%	28.79%	14.25%	38.37%
83.89%	84.88%	92.00%	96.09%	88.54%

<u>2018 (1)</u>	<u>2017 (1)</u>	<u>2016 (1)</u>	<u>2015 (1)</u>	<u>2014 (1)</u>
\$ 5,336,729	\$ 4,905,639	\$ 4,597,866	\$ 5,162,242	\$ 4,430,730
<u>(5,336,729)</u>	<u>(4,905,639)</u>	<u>(4,597,866)</u>	<u>(5,162,242)</u>	<u>(4,430,730)</u>
\$ _____ -	\$ _____ -	\$ _____ -	\$ _____ -	\$ _____ -
\$ 95,137,973	\$ 94,963,577	\$ 92,271,473	\$ 94,997,752	\$ 86,633,465
5.61%	5.17%	4.98%	5.43%	5.11%

**Schedule of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability –
Health Insurance Subsidy Pension Plan**

	<u>2021 (1)</u>	<u>2020 (1)</u>	<u>2019 (1)</u>	<u>2018 (1)</u>
College's proportion of the HIS net pension liability	0.247957723%	0.257147535%	0.266103367%	0.255070966%
College's proportionate share of the HIS net pension liability	\$ 30,415,743	\$ 31,397,295	\$ 29,774,303	\$ 26,996,997
College's covered payroll (2)	\$ 88,209,230	\$ 89,542,727	\$ 88,831,855	\$ 83,469,166
College's proportionate share of the HIS net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	34.48%	35.06%	33.52%	32.34%
HIS Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the HIS total pension liability	3.56%	3.00%	2.63%	2.15%

(1) The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

(2) Covered payroll includes defined benefit plan actives, investment plan members, and members in DROP.

Schedule of College Contributions – Health Insurance Subsidy Pension Plan

	<u>2022 (1)</u>	<u>2021 (1)</u>	<u>2020 (1)</u>	<u>2019 (1)</u>
Contractually required HIS contribution	\$ 1,492,006	\$ 1,457,498	\$ 1,481,821	\$ 1,477,646
HIS contributions in relation to the contractually required HIS contribution	<u>(1,492,006)</u>	<u>(1,457,498)</u>	<u>(1,481,821)</u>	<u>(1,477,646)</u>
HIS contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
College's covered payroll (2)	\$ 90,556,004	\$ 88,209,230	\$ 89,542,727	\$ 88,831,855
HIS contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	1.65%	1.65%	1.65%	1.66%

(1) The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

(2) Covered payroll includes defined benefit plan actives, investment plan members, and members in DROP.

<u>2017 (1)</u>	<u>2016 (1)</u>	<u>2015 (1)</u>	<u>2014 (1)</u>	<u>2013 (1)</u>
0.256237917%	0.255605104%	0.268554023%	0.248345447%	0.242062413%
\$ 27,398,141	\$ 29,789,717	\$ 27,388,286	\$ 23,220,905	\$ 21,074,716
\$ 82,039,790	\$ 79,338,446	\$ 81,255,185	\$ 73,259,441	\$ 68,797,117
33.40%	37.55%	33.72%	31.70%	30.63%
1.64%	0.97%	0.50%	0.99%	1.78%

<u>2018 (1)</u>	<u>2017 (1)</u>	<u>2016 (1)</u>	<u>2015 (1)</u>	<u>2014 (1)</u>
\$ 1,385,590	\$ 1,356,085	\$ 1,310,139	\$ 1,026,581	\$ 850,748
<u>(1,385,590)</u>	<u>(1,356,085)</u>	<u>(1,310,139)</u>	<u>(1,026,581)</u>	<u>(850,748)</u>
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
\$ 83,469,166	\$ 82,039,790	\$ 79,338,446	\$ 81,225,185	\$ 73,259,441
1.66%	1.65%	1.65%	1.26%	1.16%

1. Schedule of Changes in the College's Total Other Postemployment Benefits Liability and Related Ratios

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meet the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75 to pay related benefits.

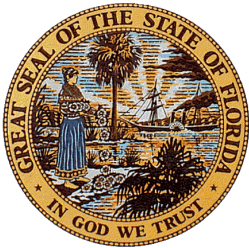
Changes of Assumptions. The discount rate was changed from 2.21 percent at the prior measurement date to 2.16 percent at the current measurement date and the medical trend and anticipated plan participation were updated. As a result, the change in the total OPEB liability is to be recognized in the OPEB expense beginning in the current measurement period, over a closed period equal to 11.39 years.

2. Schedule of Net Pension Liability and Schedule of Contributions – Florida Retirement System Pension Plan

Changes of Assumptions. In 2021, the maximum amortization period was decreased to 20 years for all current and future amortization bases.

3. Schedule of Net Pension Liability and Schedule of Contributions – Health Insurance Subsidy Pension Plan

Changes of Assumptions. In 2021, the municipal rate used to determine total pension liability decreased from 2.21 percent to 2.16 percent.



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The President of the Senate, the Speaker of the
House of Representatives, and the
Legislative Auditing Committee

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Broward College, a component unit of the State of Florida, and its aggregate discretely presented component units as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the College's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 28, 2023, included under the heading **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the aggregate discretely presented component units, as described in our report on the College's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the College's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the College's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control

that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the College's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, rules, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the College's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,



Sherrill F. Norman, CPA
Tallahassee, Florida
March 28, 2023