Financial Audit

SOUTH FLORIDA STATE COLLEGE

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023



Board of Trustees and President

During the 2022-23 fiscal year, Dr. Thomas C. Leitzel served as President of South Florida State College and the following individuals served as Members of the Board of Trustees:

Terry W. Atchley, Chair from 7-14-22,
Vice Chair through 7-13-22

Timothy D. Backer, Vice Chair from 7-14-22

Tamela C. Cullens, Chair through 7-13-22

DeSoto

Highlands

Derren J. Bryan

Dr. Louis H. Kirschner

Kris Y. Rider

P. Joseph Wright through 5-31-23 a

Hardee

Highlands

Highlands

Note: One Trustee position was vacant for the entire period.

The Auditor General conducts audits of governmental entities to provide the Legislature, Florida's citizens, public entity management, and other stakeholders unbiased, timely, and relevant information for use in promoting government accountability and stewardship and improving government operations.

The team leader was Shaun Miller, CPA, and the audit was supervised by Mark A. Arroyo, CPA.

Please address inquiries regarding this report to Jaime N. Hoelscher, CPA, Audit Manager, by e-mail at jaimehoelscher@aud.state.fl.us or by telephone at (850) 412-2868.

This report and other reports prepared by the Auditor General are available at:

FLAuditor.gov

Printed copies of our reports may be requested by contacting us at:

State of Florida Auditor General

Claude Pepper Building, Suite G74 · 111 West Madison Street · Tallahassee, FL 32399-1450 · (850) 412-2722

^a Trustee position vacant from 6-1-23, through 6-30-23.

SOUTH FLORIDA STATE COLLEGE TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page <u>No.</u>
SUMMARY	<u></u>
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1
Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements	1
Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards	3
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	5
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Statement of Net Position	14
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position	17
Statement of Cash Flows	18
Notes to Financial Statements	20
OTHER REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Schedule of Changes in the College's Total Other Postemployment Benefits Liability and Related Ratios	39
Schedule of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – Florida Retirement System Pension Plan	40
Schedule of College Contributions – Florida Retirement System Pension Plan	40
Schedule of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – Health Insurance Subsidy Pension Plan	42
Schedule of College Contributions – Health Insurance Subsidy Pension Plan	42
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	44
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS	45
Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting	
Report on Compliance and Other Matters	
Purpose of this Report	
PRIOR AUDIT FOLLOW-UP	

SUMMARY

SUMMARY OF REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our audit disclosed that the basic financial statements of South Florida State College (a component unit of the State of Florida) were presented fairly, in all material respects, in accordance with prescribed financial reporting standards.

SUMMARY OF REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE

Our audit did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses.

The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

AUDIT OBJECTIVES AND SCOPE

Our audit objectives were to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole were free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that included our opinion. In doing so we:

- Exercised professional judgment and maintained professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identified and assessed the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and designed and performed audit procedures responsive to those risks.
- Obtained an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control.
- Evaluated the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluated the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Concluded whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the College's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.
- Examined various transactions to determine whether they were executed, in both manner and substance, in accordance with governing provisions of laws, rules, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements.
- Determined whether corrective action was taken for the finding included in our report No. 2023-118.

An examination of Federal awards administered by the College is included within the scope of our Statewide audit of Federal awards administered by the State of Florida.

AUDIT METHODOLOGY

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and applicable standards contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Report No. 2024-151 March 2024



AUDITOR GENERAL STATE OF FLORIDA

Claude Denson Pepper Building, Suite G74 111 West Madison Street Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1450



Phone: (850) 412-2722 Fax: (850) 488-6975

The President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the Legislative Auditing Committee

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of South Florida State College, a component unit of the State of Florida, and its discretely presented component unit as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the College's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of South Florida State College and of its discretely presented component unit as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We did not audit the financial statements of the discretely presented component unit, which represent 100 percent of the transactions and account balances of the discretely presented component unit columns as of June 30, 2023. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the discretely presented component unit, is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of the College and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical

requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 2. to the financial statements, the College adopted new accounting guidance Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*, which is a change in accounting principle that addresses accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements. This affects the comparability of amounts reported for the 2022-23 fiscal year with amounts reported for the 2021-22 fiscal year. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the College's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.

Report No. 2024-151 March 2024

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the College's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, the Schedule of Changes in the College's Total Other Postemployment Benefits Liability and Related Ratios, Schedule of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – Florida Retirement System Pension Plan, Schedule of College Contributions – Florida Retirement System Pension Plan, Schedule of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – Health Insurance Subsidy Pension Plan, Schedule of College Contributions – Health Insurance Subsidy Pension Plan, and Notes to Required Supplementary **Information** be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 7, 2024, on our consideration of the South Florida State College's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, rules, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters included under the heading INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control

over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the College's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Respectfully submitted,

Sherrill F. Norman, CPA Tallahassee, Florida

March 7, 2024

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) provides an overview of the financial position and activities of the College for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, and should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes thereto. The MD&A, and financial statements and notes thereto, are the responsibility of College management. The MD&A contains financial activity of the College for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023, and June 30, 2022.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

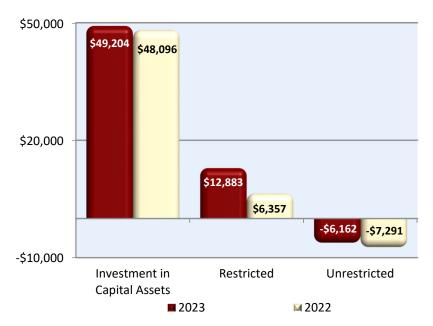
The College's assets and deferred outflows of resources totaled \$78.8 million at June 30, 2023. This balance reflects a \$9.4 million, or 13.5 percent, increase as compared to the 2021-22 fiscal year, resulting from an increase in the amount due from the State for future Public Education Capital Outlay (PECO) and deferred maintenance funds, along with the balance of Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund (HEERF) monies due to the College as reimbursement of grant expenditures.

While assets and deferred outflows of resources grew, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources increased by \$608,000, or 2.7 percent, totaling \$22.9 million at June 30, 2023, resulting from an increase in net pension liability, offset by a reduction in deferred inflows of resources. As a result, the College's net position increased by \$8.8 million, resulting in a year-end balance of \$55.9 million.

The College's operating revenues totaled \$6.8 million for the 2022-23 fiscal year, representing a 37.8 percent increase compared to the 2021-22 fiscal year due mainly to an increase in State operating grants and contracts. Operating expenses totaled \$49.8 million for the 2022-23 fiscal year, representing an increase of 23.1 percent as compared to the 2021-22 fiscal year due mainly to increases in personnel costs, contracted services, and facility upgrades, repairs, and maintenance.

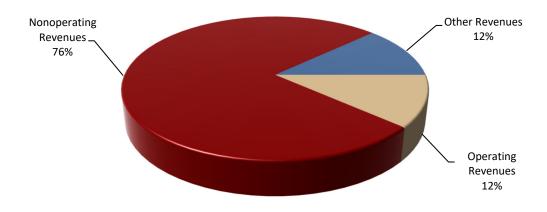
Net position represents the residual interest in the College's assets and deferred outflows of resources after deducting liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The College's comparative total net position by category for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023, and June 30, 2022, is shown in the following graph:

Net Position (In Thousands)



The following chart provides a graphical presentation of College revenues by category for the 2022-23 fiscal year:





OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Pursuant to the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 35, the College's financial report consists of three basic financial statements: the statement of net position; the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position; and the statement of cash flows. The financial statements, and notes thereto, provide information on the College as a whole, present a long-term view of the College's finances, and include activities for the following entities:

- South Florida State College (Primary Institution) Most of the programs and services generally associated with a college fall into this category, including instruction, student services, and support services.
- South Florida State College Foundation, Inc. (Component Unit) Although legally separate, this
 component unit is important because the College is financially accountable for it, as the College
 reports its financial activity for the State of Florida. The component unit provides funding and
 services to support and foster the pursuit of higher education at the College.

The Statement of Net Position

The statement of net position reflects the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources of the College, using the accrual basis of accounting, and presents the financial position of the College at a specified time. Assets, plus deferred outflows of resources, less liabilities, less deferred inflows of resources, equals net position, which is one indicator of the College's current financial condition. The changes in net position that occur over time indicate improvement or deterioration in the College's financial condition.

The following summarizes the College's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position at June 30:

Condensed Statement of Net Position at June 30 (In Thousands)

	2023		2022	
Assets Current Assets Capital Assets, Net Other Noncurrent Assets	\$	17,991 49,204 5,778	\$	12,428 48,096 4,294
Total Assets		72,973		64,818
Deferred Outflows of Resources		5,813		4,599
Liabilities Current Liabilities Noncurrent Liabilities		2,905 18,800		3,386 9,527
Total Liabilities		21,705		12,913
Deferred Inflows of Resources		1,156		9,342
Net Position Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted		49,204 12,883 (6,162)		48,096 6,357 (7,291)
Total Net Position	\$	55,925	\$	47,162

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

The statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position presents the College's revenue and expense activity, categorized as operating and nonoperating. Revenues and expenses are recognized when earned or incurred, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The following summarizes the College's activity for the 2022-23 and 2021-22 fiscal years:

Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position For the Fiscal Years

(In Thousands)

	2022-23		2022-23 2021-	
Operating Revenues Less, Operating Expenses	\$	6,764 49,833	\$	4,908 40,486
Operating Loss Nonoperating Revenues		(43,069) 44,824		(35,578) 37,332
Income Before Other Revenues Other Revenues		1,755 7,008		1,754 1,885
Net Increase In Net Position		8,763		3,639
Net Position, Beginning of Year		47,162		43,523
Net Position, End of Year	\$	55,925	\$	47,162

Operating Revenues

GASB Statement No. 35 categorizes revenues as either operating or nonoperating. Operating revenues generally result from exchange transactions where each of the parties to the transaction either gives or receives something of equal or similar value.

The following summarizes the operating revenues by source that were used to fund operating activities for the 2022-23 and 2021-22 fiscal years:

Operating Revenues For the Fiscal Years

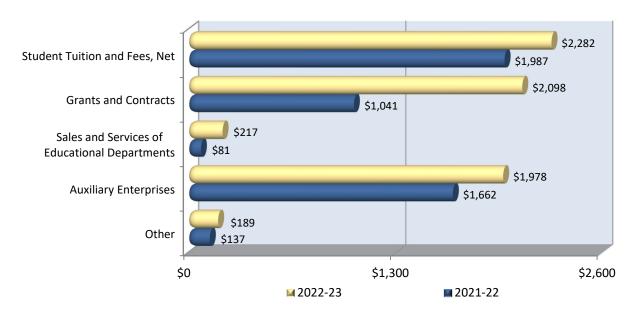
(In Thousands)

	2022-23		2021-22	
Student Tuition and Fees, Net	\$	2,282	\$	1,987
Grants and Contracts		2,098		1,041
Sales and Services of Educational Departments		217		81
Auxiliary Enterprises		1,978		1,662
Other		189		137
Total Operating Revenues	\$	6,764	\$	4,908

The following chart presents the College's operating revenues for the 2022-23 and 2021-22 fiscal years:

Operating Revenues

(In Thousands)



College operating revenue changes were primarily the result of an increase in State operating grants and contracts for the Florida Job Growth Grant.

Operating Expenses

Expenses are categorized as operating or nonoperating. The majority of the College's expenses are operating expenses as defined by GASB Statement No. 35. GASB gives financial reporting entities the choice of reporting operating expenses in the functional or natural classifications. The College has chosen to report the expenses in their natural classification on the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position and has displayed the functional classification in the notes to financial statements.

The following summarizes operating expenses by natural classification for the 2022-23 and 2021-22 fiscal years:

Operating Expenses For the Fiscal Years

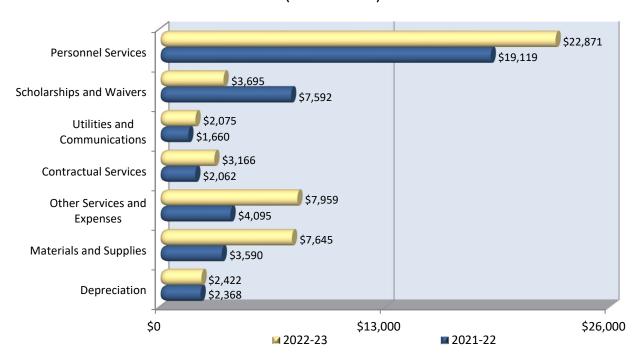
(In Thousands)

	2022-23		2022-23 202	
Personnel Services Scholarships and Waivers Utilities and Communications Contractual Services Other Services and Expenses Materials and Supplies Depreciation	\$ 2	22,871 3,695 2,075 3,166 7,959 7,645 2,422	\$	19,119 7,592 1,660 2,062 4,095 3,590 2,368
Total Operating Expenses	\$ 4	49,833	\$	40,486

The following chart presents the College's operating expenses for the 2022-23 and 2021-22 fiscal years:

Operating Expenses

(In Thousands)



College operating expense changes were the result of the following factors:

- Increases in salaries and benefits for pension expense and retirement contributions.
- Increases in other services and expenses for repairs and maintenance completed by contractors.
- Increases in materials and supplies costs related to facility upgrades, deferred maintenance, repairs for damages from a hailstorm, and Hurricane Ian.

Nonoperating Revenues

Certain revenue sources that the College relies on to provide funding for operations, including State noncapital appropriations, Federal and State student financial aid, certain gifts and grants, and investment income, are defined by GASB as nonoperating. The following summarizes the College's nonoperating revenues and expenses for the 2022-23 and 2021-22 fiscal years:

Nonoperating Revenues For the Fiscal Years

(In Thousands)

	2022-23	2021-22
State Noncapital Appropriations Federal and State Student Financial Aid Gifts and Grants	\$ 22,445 6,097 8.745	\$ 20,597 6,344 9,229
Investment Income Other Nonoperating Revenues	269 7,268	23 1,139
Nonoperating Revenues	\$ 44,824	\$ 37,332

2024 22

Changes in nonoperating revenues were primarily due to increases in insurance proceeds from damage caused by a hailstorm and Hurricane Ian.

Other Revenues

This category is composed of State capital appropriations and capital grants, contracts, gifts, and fees. The following summarizes the College's other revenues for the 2022-23 and 2021-22 fiscal years:

Other Revenues For the Fiscal Years

(In Thousands)

	2022-23		2021-22	
State Capital Appropriations Capital Grants, Contracts, Gifts, and Fees	\$	66 6,942	\$	1,566 319
Total	\$	7,008	\$	1,885

The Statement of Cash Flows

The statement of cash flows provides information about the College's financial results by reporting the major sources and uses of cash and cash equivalents. This statement will assist in evaluating the College's ability to generate net cash flows, its ability to meet its financial obligations as they come due, and its need for external financing. Cash flows from operating activities show the net cash used by the operating activities of the College. Cash flows from capital financing activities include all plant funds and related long-term debt activities. Cash flows from investing activities show the net source and use of cash related to purchasing or selling investments, and earning income on those investments. Cash flows from noncapital financing activities include those activities not covered in other sections.

The following summarizes the College's cash flows for the 2022-23 and 2021-22 fiscal years:

Condensed Statement of Cash Flows For the Fiscal Years

(In Thousands)

	2022-23	2021-22
Cash Provided (Used) by:		
Operating Activities	\$ (40,435)	\$ (37,882)
Noncapital Financing Activities	42,537	36,305
Capital and Related Financing Activities	(1,417)	(49)
Investing Activities	268	23
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	953	(1,603)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	12,194	13,797
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$ 13,147	\$ 12,194

Major sources of funds came from State noncapital appropriations (\$22.4 million), other nonoperating receipts (\$7.3 million), noncapital gifts and grants (\$6.7 million), Federal and State student financial aid (\$6.1 million), student tuition and fees (\$2.2 million), auxiliary enterprises (\$2 million), and capital gifts and grants (\$1.4 million). Major uses of funds were for payments to employees and employee benefits

(\$22.9 million), payments to suppliers (\$17.4 million), payment for scholarships (\$3.7 million), purchases of capital assets (\$3.4 million), and payments for utilities and communications (\$2.1 million).

CAPITAL ASSETS AND CAPITAL EXPENSES AND COMMITMENT

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2023, the College had \$109.5 million in capital assets, less accumulated depreciation of \$60.3 million, for net capital assets of \$49.2 million. Depreciation charges for the current fiscal year totaled \$2.4 million. The following table summarizes the College's capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, at June 30:

Capital Assets, Net at June 30

(In Thousands)

	2023	2022
Land Artwork/Artifacts	\$ 2,478 568	\$ 2,478 568
Computer Software, Perpetual Licenses	579	579
SBITA in Progress	1,389	-
Buildings	41,482	43,269
Other Structures and Improvements	9	67
Furniture, Machinery, and Equipment	2,699	1,135
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 49,204	\$ 48,096

Additional information about the College's capital assets is presented in the notes to financial statements.

Capital Expenses and Commitment

Capital expenses through June 30, 2023, were incurred for costs related to GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements implementation costs related to movement of the College's Enterprise System to a software as a service environment. The College's software commitment at June 30, 2023, is as follows:

	Amount _(In Thousands)		
Total Committed Completed to Date	\$	3,255 1,389	
Balance Committed	\$	1,866	

Additional information about the College's commitment is presented in the notes to financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS THAT WILL AFFECT THE FUTURE

The College's economic condition is closely tied to that of the State of Florida. Because of economic growth and increased availability of State resources, an increase in State funding is anticipated in the 2023-24 fiscal year. In response, the Board of Trustees elected to maintain the same tuition rate charged for the 2022-23 fiscal year.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

Questions concerning information provided in the MD&A or other required supplementary information, and financial statements and notes thereto, or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Peter S. Elliott, Vice President for Administrative Services, South Florida State College, 600 West College Drive, Avon Park, FL 33825.

SOUTH FLORIDA STATE COLLEGE A Component Unit of the State of Florida Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2023

	College	Component Unit
ASSETS		
Current Assets:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 7,369,422	\$ 1,183,976
Investments	-	1,445,901
Accounts Receivable	520,315	98,271
Due from Other Governmental Agencies	9,373,934	-
Due from Component Unit	364,571	-
Inventories	45,079	- 0.050
Prepaid Expenses	318,012	2,353
Total Current Assets	17,991,333	2,730,501
Noncurrent Assets:		
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	5,778,032	739,689
Restricted Investments	-	14,096,000
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	44,190,297	542,602
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	5,013,802	277,720
Other Assets		783
Total Noncurrent Assets	54,982,131	15,656,794
TOTAL ASSETS	72,973,464	18,387,295
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Other Postemployment Benefits	51,641	-
Pensions	5,761,766	
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	5,813,407	-
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable	1,221,666	303,069
Salary and Payroll Taxes Payable	1,010,962	-
Due to Other Governmental Agencies	1,691	-
Unearned Revenue	389,170	763,998
Deposits Held for Others	85,065	-
Long-Term Liabilities - Current Portion:	170 100	
Compensated Absences Payable	176,406	-
Other Postemployment Benefits Payable	21,029	
Total Current Liabilities	2,905,989	1,067,067

	College	Component Unit
LIABILITIES (Continued) Noncurrent Liabilities:		
Compensated Absences Payable	2,718,454	-
Other Postemployment Benefits Payable	45,326	-
Net Pension Liability	16,036,228	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	18,800,008	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	21,705,997	1,067,067
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Other Postemployment Benefits	112,688	-
Pensions	1,043,632	
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	1,156,320	
NET POSITION		
Investment in Capital Assets	49,204,099	820,322
Restricted:		
Nonexpendable:		44 700 004
Endowment Expendable:	-	14,728,684
Grants and Loans	321,651	_
Scholarships	165,159	-
Capital Projects	12,395,830	-
Unrestricted	(6,162,185)	1,771,222
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 55,924,554	\$ 17,320,228

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

Report No. 2024-151 March 2024

SOUTH FLORIDA STATE COLLEGE A Component Unit of the State of Florida Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

	College	Component Unit
REVENUES		
Operating Revenues:		
Student Tuition and Fees, Net of Scholarship		
Allowances of \$3,331,900	\$ 2,282,384	\$ -
Federal Grants and Contracts	557,151	-
State and Local Grants and Contracts	1,412,513	-
Nongovernmental Grants and Contracts	128,519	-
Sales and Services of Educational Departments	217,114	-
Auxiliary Enterprises	1,977,853	-
Other Operating Revenues	188,429	390,548
Total Operating Revenues	6,763,963	390,548
EXPENSES		
Operating Expenses:		
Personnel Services	22,870,758	-
Scholarships and Waivers	3,695,135	1,565,536
Utilities and Communications	2,074,987	-
Contractual Services	3,165,648	-
Other Services and Expenses	7,959,503	469,490
Materials and Supplies	7,645,503	321,837
Depreciation	2,421,825	33,335
Total Operating Expenses	49,833,359	2,390,198
Operating Loss	(43,069,396)	(1,999,650)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
State Noncapital Appropriations	22,445,367	-
Federal and State Student Financial Aid	6,096,818	-
Gifts and Grants Received for Other Than Capital or Endowment Purposes	8,745,012	1,337,088
Investment Income (Loss)	268,524	(2,756,049)
Other Nonoperating Revenues	7,268,523	43
Net Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	44,824,244	(1,418,918)
Income (Loss) Before Other Revenues	1,754,848	(3,418,568)
State Capital Appropriations	66,339	_
Capital Grants, Contracts, Gifts, and Fees	6,941,745	
Total Other Revenues	7,008,084	
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	8,762,932	(3,418,568)
Net Position, Beginning of Year	47,161,622	20,738,796
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 55,924,554	\$ 17,320,228

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

SOUTH FLORIDA STATE COLLEGE A Component Unit of the State of Florida Statement of Cash Flows

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

	College
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Student Tuition and Fees, Net	\$ 2,192,808
Grants and Contracts	1,118,870
Payments to Suppliers	(17,382,536)
Payments for Utilities and Communications	(2,074,987)
Payments to Employees	(17,144,441)
Payments for Employee Benefits	(5,763,360)
Payments for Scholarships	(3,650,153)
Auxiliary Enterprises	1,985,623
Sales and Services of Educational Departments	217,114
Other Receipts	66,344
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	(40,434,718)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
State Noncapital Appropriations	22,445,367
Federal and State Student Financial Aid	6,098,270
Federal Direct Loan Program Receipts	962,754
Federal Direct Loan Program Disbursements	(962,754)
Gifts and Grants Received for Other Than Capital or Endowment Purposes	6,724,826
Other Nonoperating Receipts	7,268,523
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities	42,536,986
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
State Capital Appropriations	592,927
Capital Grants and Gifts	1,350,395
Purchases of Capital Assets	(3,360,432)
Net Cash Used by Capital and Related Financing Activities	(1,417,110)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Investment Income	268,524
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	268,524
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	953,682
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	12,193,772
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$ 13,147,454

	College
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS	
TO NET CASH USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Operating Loss	\$ (43,069,396)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss	,
to Net Cash Used by Operating Activities:	
Depreciation Expense	2,421,825
Changes in Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows of Resources,	
and Deferred Inflows of Resources:	
Receivables	(45,241)
Due from Component Unit	(202,041)
Inventories	3,018
Prepaid Expenses	1,233,330
Accounts Payable	670,701
Salaries & Payroll Taxes Payable	(45,677)
Due to Other Governmental Agencies	(2,827)
Unearned Revenue	(1,287,786)
Deposits Held for Others	(119,258)
Compensated Absences Payable	115,472
Other Postemployment Benefits Payable	14,715
Net Pension Liability	9,278,247
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Other Postemployment Benefits	(28,321)
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Other Postemployment Benefits	(16,818)
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions	(1,186,136)
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions	(8,168,525)
NET CASH USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ (40,434,718)

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity. The governing body of South Florida State College, a component unit of the State of Florida, is the College Board of Trustees. The Board of Trustees constitutes a corporation and is composed of eight members appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Senate. The Board of Trustees is under the general direction and control of the Florida Department of Education, Division of Florida Colleges, and is governed by State law and State Board of Education (SBE) rules. However, the Board of Trustees is directly responsible for the day-to-day operations and control of the College within the framework of applicable State laws and SBE rules. The College serves DeSoto, Hardee, and Highlands Counties.

Criteria for defining the reporting entity are identified and described in the Governmental Accounting Standards Board's (GASB) Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, Sections 2100 and 2600. These criteria were used to evaluate potential component units for which the Board of Trustees is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the Board of Trustees are such that exclusion would cause the College's financial statements to be misleading. Based on the application of these criteria, the College is a component unit of the State of Florida, and its financial balances and activities are reported in the State's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report by discrete presentation.

<u>Discretely Presented Component Unit</u>. Based on the application of the criteria for determining component units, the South Florida State College Foundation, Inc. (Foundation), a legally separate entity, is included within the College's reporting entity as a discretely presented component unit and is governed by a separate board.

The Foundation is also a direct-support organization, as defined in Section 1004.70, Florida Statutes, and although legally separate from the College, is financially accountable to the College. The Foundation is managed independently, outside the College's budgeting process, and its powers generally are vested in a governing board pursuant to various State statutes. The Foundation receives, holds, invests, and administers property, and makes expenditures to or for the benefit of the College.

The Foundation is audited by other auditors pursuant to Section 1004.70(6), Florida Statutes. The Foundation's audited financial statements are available to the public and can be obtained from the College. The financial data reported on the accompanying financial statements was derived from the Foundation's audited financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022.

<u>Basis of Presentation</u>. The College's accounting policies conform with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to public colleges and universities as prescribed by GASB. The National Association of College and University Business Officers (NACUBO) also provides the College with recommendations prescribed in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles promulgated by GASB and the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB). GASB allows public colleges various reporting options. The College has elected to report as an entity engaged in only business-type activities. This election requires the adoption of the accrual basis of accounting and entitywide reporting including the following components:

Report No. 2024-151 March 2024

- Management's Discussion and Analysis
- Basic Financial Statements:
 - Statement of Net Position
 - Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position
 - Statement of Cash Flows
 - Notes to Financial Statements
- Other Required Supplementary Information

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting. Basis of accounting refers to when revenues, expenses, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Specifically, it relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied. The College's financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources resulting from nonexchange activities are generally recognized when all applicable eligibility requirements, including time requirements, are met. The College follows GASB standards of accounting and financial reporting.

The College's component unit uses the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, and follows FASB standards of accounting and financial reporting for not-for-profit organizations.

Significant interdepartmental sales between auxiliary service departments and other institutional departments have been accounted for as reductions of expenses and not revenues of those departments.

The College's principal operating activity is instruction. Operating revenues and expenses generally include all fiscal transactions directly related to instruction as well as administration, academic support, student services, physical plant operations, and depreciation of capital assets. Nonoperating revenues include State noncapital appropriations, Federal and State student financial aid, and investment income (net of unrealized gains or losses on investments). Other revenues generally include revenues for capital construction projects.

The statement of net position is presented in a classified format to distinguish between current and noncurrent assets and liabilities. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available to fund certain programs, it is the College's policy to first apply the restricted resources to such programs followed by the use of the unrestricted resources.

The statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position is presented by major sources and is reported net of tuition scholarship allowances. Tuition scholarship allowances are the difference between the stated charge for goods and services provided by the College and the amount that is actually paid by the student or the third party making payment on behalf of the student. To the extent that these resources are used to pay student charges, the College records scholarship allowance against tuition and fee revenues.

The statement of cash flows is presented using the direct method in compliance with GASB Statement No. 9, Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Nonexpendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting.

<u>Cash and Cash Equivalents</u>. The amount reported as cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, cash in demand accounts, and cash placed with the State Board of Administration (SBA) Florida PRIME investment pool. For reporting cash flows, the College considers all highly liquid investments with original maturities of 3 months or less, that are not held solely for income or profit, to be cash equivalents. Under this definition, the College considers amounts invested in the SBA Florida PRIME investment pool to be cash equivalents.

College cash deposits are held in banks qualified as public depositories under Florida law. All such deposits are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, up to specified limits, or collateralized with securities held in Florida's multiple financial institution collateral pool required by Chapter 280, Florida Statutes. Cash and cash equivalents that are externally restricted to make debt service payments, maintain sinking or reserve funds, or to purchase or construct capital or other restricted assets are classified as restricted.

At June 30, 2023, the College reported as cash equivalents \$6,754,078 in the Florida PRIME investment pool administered by the SBA pursuant to Section 218.405, Florida Statutes. The College's investments in the Florida PRIME investment pool, which the SBA indicates is a Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 2a7-like external investment pool, are similar to money market funds in which shares are owned in the fund rather than the underlying investments. The Florida PRIME investment pool carried a credit rating of AAAm by Standard & Poor's and had a weighted-average days to maturity (WAM) of 37 days as of June 30, 2023. A portfolio's WAM reflects the average maturity in days based on final maturity or reset date, in the case of floating-rate instruments. WAM measures the sensitivity of the Florida PRIME investment pool to interest rate changes. The investments in the Florida PRIME investment pool are reported at amortized cost.

Section 218.409(8)(a), Florida Statutes, provides that "the principal, and any part thereof, of each account constituting the trust fund is subject to payment at any time from the moneys in the trust fund. However, the executive director may, in good faith, on the occurrence of an event that has a material impact on liquidity or operations of the trust fund, for 48 hours limit contributions to or withdrawals from the trust fund to ensure that the Board [State Board of Administration] can invest moneys entrusted to it in exercising its fiduciary responsibility. Such action must be immediately disclosed to all participants, the trustees, the Joint Legislative Auditing Committee, and the Investment Advisory Council. The trustees shall convene an emergency meeting as soon as practicable from the time the executive director has instituted such measures and review the necessity of those measures. If the trustees are unable to convene an emergency meeting before the expiration of the 48-hour moratorium on contributions and withdrawals, the moratorium may be extended by the executive director until the trustees are able to meet to review the necessity for the moratorium. If the trustees agree with such measures, the trustees shall vote to continue the measures for up to an additional 15 days. The trustees must convene and vote to continue any such measures before the expiration of the time limit set, but in no case may the time limit set by the trustees exceed 15 days." As of June 30, 2023, there were no redemption fees or

Report No. 2024-151 March 2024 maximum transaction amounts, or any other requirements that serve to limit a participant's daily access to 100 percent of their account value.

<u>Capital Assets</u>. College capital assets consist of land, artworks/artifacts, computer software, subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITA) in progress, buildings, other structures and improvements, and furniture, machinery, and equipment. These assets are capitalized and recorded at cost at the date of acquisition or at acquisition value at the date received in the case of gifts and purchases of State surplus property. Additions, improvements, and other outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. The College has a capitalization threshold of \$5,000 for tangible personal property, \$25,000 for buildings, and \$65,000 for other structures and improvements. Depreciation is computed on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

- Buildings 40 years
- Other Structures and Improvements:
 - Non-Technological Other Structures and Improvements 10 years
 - Technological Other Structures and Improvements 5 years
- Furniture, Machinery, and Equipment:
 - Computer Equipment 3 years
 - Vehicles, Office Machines, and Educational Equipment 5 years
 - Furniture –7 years
 - Computer Software 5 years

Noncurrent Liabilities. Noncurrent liabilities include compensated absences payable, other postemployment benefits payable, and net pension liabilities that are not scheduled to be paid within the next fiscal year.

<u>Pensions</u>. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net positions of the Florida Retirement System (FRS) defined benefit plan and the Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) defined benefit plan and additions to/deductions from the FRS and HIS fiduciary net positions have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the FRS and the HIS plans. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

2. Reporting Change

The College implemented GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, which addresses the accounting and financial reporting for subscription assets by colleges. This statement requires the College to recognize certain right-to-use subscription assets and liabilities for subscriptions that previously were classified as operating expenses. Under this statement, the College is required to recognize subscription liability and an intangible right to use the subscription asset. There was no effect to beginning net position.

3. Deficit Net Position in Individual Funds

The College reported an unrestricted net position which included a deficit in the current funds - unrestricted, as shown below. This deficit can be attributed to the full recognition of long-term liabilities (i.e., compensated absences payable, other postemployment benefits payable, and net pension liabilities) in the current unrestricted funds.

<u>Fund</u>	Net Position		
Current Funds - Unrestricted Auxiliary Funds	\$	(7,774,575) 1,612,390	
Total	\$	(6,162,185)	

4. Investments - Component Unit

<u>Fair Value Measurement</u>. The College's component unit (Foundation) categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets, Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs, and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

Investments held by the Foundation totaled \$15,541,901 at December 31, 2022. The investments are reported at fair value as follows:

		Fair Value Measurements Using			g		
Investments by fair value level	Amount	N Ide	oted Prices in Active Markets for ntical Assets (Level 1)		Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Uno	gnificant bservable Inputs Level 3)
Corporate Bonds	\$ 3,817,047	\$	3,817,047	\$	-	\$	_
US Government Securities	505,594		505,594		-		-
Common Stocks	6,007,222		6,007,222		-		-
Domestic Mutual Funds	3,648,939		3,648,939		-		-
International Mutual Funds	1,559,497		1,559,497		-		-
Other Investments	 3,602				-		3,602
Total investments by fair value level	\$ 15,541,901	\$	15,538,299	\$	-	\$	3,602

5. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable of \$520,315 represent amounts for student fee deferments, various student services provided by the College, and contract and grant reimbursements due from third parties. The accounts receivable are expected to be collected in full.

6. Due From Other Governmental Agencies

The amount due from other governmental agencies primarily consists of \$6,617,798 of deferred maintenance funds and Public Education Capital Outlay allocations due from the State for maintenance projects and \$2,735,767 for funds due from Federal grants.

7. Due From Component Unit

The amount due from component unit of \$364,571 which represents expenses made by the College that will be reimbursed by the Foundation. The College's financial statements are reported for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. The component unit's financial statements are reported for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022. Accordingly, although the College reported an amount due from the component unit on the statement of net position, the component unit did not report an amount due to the College.

8. Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, is shown in the following table:

Description	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance
Nondepreciable Capital Assets:				
Land	\$ 2,477,518	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,477,518
Artwork/Artifacts	567,876	· -	· -	567,876
Computer Software	579,029	-	-	579,029
Subscription-Based Information Technology				
Arrangements in Progress (1)		1,389,379		1,389,379
Total Nondepreciable Capital Assets	\$ 3,624,423	\$ 1,389,379	\$ -	\$ 5,013,802
Depreciable Capital Assets:				
Buildings	\$ 83,783,884	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 83,783,884
Other Structures and Improvements	13,129,793	-	-	13,129,793
Furniture, Machinery, and Equipment	4,978,188	2,156,899	342,061	6,793,026
Software	757,467			757,467
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	102,649,332	2,156,899	342,061	104,464,170
Less, Accumulated Depreciation:				
Buildings	40,514,261	1,787,570	-	42,301,831
Other Structures and Improvements	13,062,851	57,342	-	13,120,193
Furniture, Machinery, and Equipment	3,843,093	576,913	325,624	4,094,382
Software	757,467			757,467
Total Accumulated Depreciation	58,177,672	2,421,825	325,624	60,273,873
Total Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	\$ 44,471,660	\$ (264,926)	\$ 16,437	\$ 44,190,297

⁽¹⁾ Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangement in Progress was added due to implementation of GASB Statement No. 96. The beginning balance was not restated.

9. Art and Artifact Collections

In addition to the Museum of Florida Art and Culture (MOFAC) collection, which is capitalized and not depreciated, the College has the McDearman collection that it does not capitalize. The MOFAC collection adheres to the College's policy to: (a) maintain them for public exhibition, education, or research; (b) protect, keep unencumbered, care for, and preserve them; and (c) require proceeds from their sale to be used to acquire other collection items. Generally accepted accounting principles permit noncapitalized collections like the McDearman collection to be charged to operations at the time of purchase rather than capitalized.

10. Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue of \$389,170 at June 30, 2023, is mainly attributed to student tuition and fees received prior to fiscal year end related to subsequent accounting periods.

11. Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liabilities activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, is shown in the following table:

Description	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Current Portion
Compensated Absences Payable Other Postemployment	\$ 2,779,388	\$ 126,968	\$ 11,496	\$ 2,894,860	\$ 176,406
Benefits Payable	51,640	32,473	17,758	66,355	21,029
Net Pension Liability	6,757,981	14,547,005	5,268,758	16,036,228	
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 9,589,009	\$ 14,706,446	\$ 5,298,012	\$ 18,997,443	\$ 197,435

Compensated Absences Payable. College employees may accrue annual and sick leave based on length of service, subject to certain limitations regarding the amount that will be paid upon termination. The College reports a liability for the accrued leave; however, State noncapital appropriations fund only the portion of accrued leave that is used or paid in the current fiscal year. Although the College expects the liability to be funded primarily from future appropriations, generally accepted accounting principles do not permit the recording of a receivable in anticipation of future appropriations. At June 30, 2023, the estimated liability for compensated absences, which includes the College's share of the Florida Retirement System and FICA contributions, totaled \$2,894,860. The current portion of the compensated absences liability, \$176,406, is the amount expected to be paid in the coming fiscal year and represents a historical percentage of leave used applied to total accrued leave liability.

<u>Other Postemployment Benefits Payable</u>. The College follows GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, for other postemployment benefits administered by the Florida College System Risk Management Consortium (Consortium).

General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan Description. The Other Postemployment Benefits Plan (OPEB Plan) is a single-employer defined benefit plan administered by the Consortium that provides OPEB for all employees who satisfy the College's retirement eligibility provisions. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 112.0801, Florida Statutes, former employees who retire from the College are eligible to participate in the College's health and life insurance coverage. The College subsidizes the premium rates paid by retirees by allowing them to participate in the OPEB Plan at reduced or blended group (implicitly subsidized) premium rates for both active and retired employees. These rates provide an implicit subsidy for retirees because, on an actuarial basis, their current and future claims are expected to result in higher costs to the OPEB Plan on average than those of active employees. The College does not offer any explicit subsidies for retiree coverage. Retirees are required to enroll in the Federal Medicare (Medicare) program for their primary coverage as soon as they are eligible. The OPEB Plan contribution requirements and benefit terms of the College and the OPEB Plan members are established and may be

amended by action from the Board. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meet the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

Benefits Provided. The OPEB Plan provides healthcare benefits for retirees and their dependents. The OPEB Plan only provides an implicit subsidy as described above.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms. At June 30, 2022, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive Employees or Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits	33
Inactive Employees Entitled to But Not Yet Receiving Benefits	10
Active Employees	257
Total	300

Total OPEB Liability

The College's total OPEB liability of \$66,355 was measured as of June 30, 2022, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2021, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.40 percent
Real wage growth	0.85 percent
Wage inflation	3.25 percent
Salary increases, including wage inflation Regular Employees Senior Management Employees	3.40 – 7.80 percent 4.10 – 8.20 percent
Municipal Bond Index Rate Prior Measurement Date Measurement Date	2.16 percent 3.54 percent
Healthcare cost trend rates Pre-Medicare Medical	7.00 percent for 2021 decreasing to an
Medicare Medical	ultimate rate of 4.40 percent by 2032 5.13 percent for 2021 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.40 percent by 2025

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index.

Mortality rates were based on PUB-2010 mortality tables, with adjustments for FRS experience and generational mortality improvements using Scale MP-2018.

The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidence, withdrawal, and salary increases used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013, through June 30, 2018, adopted by the FRS.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2021, valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience performed concurrently with the June 30, 2021, valuation.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Amount	
Balance at 6/30/22	\$	51,640
Changes for the year:		
Service Cost		2,950
Interest	988	
Changes in Assumptions or Other Inputs	28,535	
Benefit Payments		(17,758)
Net Changes		14,715
Balance at 6/30/23	\$	66,355

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 2.16 percent in 2021 to 3.54 percent in 2022.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following table presents the total OPEB liability of the College, as well as what the College's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.54 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (4.54 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%	
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase	
	(2.54%)	(3.54%)	(4.54%)	_
Total OPEB liability	\$46.869	\$66.355	\$80.609	

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates. The following table presents the total OPEB liability of the College, as well as what the College's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Healthcare Cost Trend				
	1% Decrease	Rates	1% Increase		
Total OPEB liability	\$74,303	\$66,355	\$53,395		

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the College recognized negative OPEB expense of \$9,395. At June 30, 2023, the College reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

Description	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience Change of assumptions or other inputs Transactions subsequent to the	\$	3,557 27,055	\$	10,634 102,054
measurement date		21,029		
Total	\$	51,641	\$	112,688

Of the total amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, \$21,029 resulting from benefits paid subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the fiscal year will be included as a reduction of the total OPEB liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30		Amount		
2024	\$	(13,333)		
2025		(13,333)		
2026		(13,333)		
2027		(13,426)		
2028		(13,602)		
Thereafter		(15,049)		
Total	\$	(82,076)		

Net Pension Liability. As a participating employer in the Florida Retirement System (FRS), the College recognizes its proportionate share of the collective net pension liabilities of the FRS cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plans. As of June 30, 2023, the College's proportionate share of the net pension liabilities totaled \$16,036,228. Note 12. includes a complete discussion of defined benefit pension plans.

12. Retirement Plans - Defined Benefit Pension Plans

General Information about the Florida Retirement System (FRS)

The FRS was created in Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, to provide a defined benefit pension plan for participating public employees. The FRS was amended in 1998 to add the Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) under the defined benefit plan and amended in 2000 to provide a defined contribution plan alternative to the defined benefit plan for FRS members effective July 1, 2002. This integrated defined contribution pension plan is the FRS Investment Plan. Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, also provides for nonintegrated, optional retirement programs in lieu of the FRS to certain members of the Senior Management Service Class employed by the State and faculty and specified employees of State colleges. Chapter 112, Florida Statutes, established the HIS Program, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan to assist retired members of any State-administered retirement system in paying the costs of health insurance.

Essentially all regular employees of the College are eligible to enroll as members of the State-administered FRS. Provisions relating to the FRS are established by Chapters 121 and 122, Florida Statutes; Chapter 112, Part IV, Florida Statutes; Chapter 238, Florida Statutes; and FRS Rules, Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code; wherein eligibility, contributions, and benefits are defined and described in detail. Such provisions may be amended at any time by further action from the Florida Legislature. The FRS is a single retirement system administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, and consists of two cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plans and other nonintegrated programs. An annual comprehensive financial report of the FRS, which includes its financial statements, required supplementary information, actuarial report, and other relevant information, is available from the Florida Department of Management Services Web site (www.dms.myflorida.com).

The College's FRS and HIS pension expense totaled \$1,790,193 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

FRS Pension Plan

Plan Description. The FRS Pension Plan (Plan) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, with a DROP for eligible employees. The general classes of membership are as follows:

- Regular Class Members of the FRS who do not qualify for membership in the other classes.
- Senior Management Service Class Members in senior management level positions.

Employees enrolled in the Plan prior to July 1, 2011, vest at 6 years of creditable service and employees enrolled in the Plan on or after July 1, 2011, vest at 8 years of creditable service. All vested members, enrolled prior to July 1, 2011, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 62 or at any age after 30 years of creditable service. All members enrolled in the Plan on or after July 1, 2011, once vested, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 65 or any time after 33 years of creditable service. Employees enrolled in the Plan may include up to 4 years of credit for military service toward creditable service. The Plan also includes an early retirement provision; however, there is a benefit reduction for each year a member retires before his or her normal retirement date. The Plan provides retirement, disability, death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments to eligible participants.

The DROP, subject to provisions of Section 121.091, Florida Statutes, permits employees eligible for normal retirement under the Plan to defer receipt of monthly benefit payments while continuing employment with an FRS-participating employer. An employee may participate in DROP for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate. During the period of DROP participation, deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest. The net pension liability does not include amounts for DROP participants, as these members are considered retired and are not accruing additional pension benefits.

Benefits Provided. Benefits under the Plan are computed on the basis of age and/or years of service, average final compensation, and service credit. Credit for each year of service is expressed as a percentage of the average final compensation. For members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the 5 highest fiscal years' earnings; for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the 8 highest fiscal years' earnings. The total percentage value of the benefit received is determined by calculating the total

Report No. 2024-151 March 2024 value of all service, which is based on retirement plan and/or the class to which the member belonged when the service credit was earned. Members are eligible for in-line-of-duty or regular disability and survivors' benefits. The following table shows the percentage value for each year of service credit earned:

Class, Initial Enrollment, and Retirement Age/Years of Service	% Value
Regular Class members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011	
Retirement up to age 62 or up to 30 years of service	1.60
Retirement at age 63 or with 31 years of service	1.63
Retirement at age 64 or with 32 years of service	1.65
Retirement at age 65 or with 33 or more years of service	1.68
Regular Class members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011	
Retirement up to age 65 or up to 33 years of service	1.60
Retirement at age 66 or with 34 years of service	1.63
Retirement at age 67 or with 35 years of service	1.65
Retirement at age 68 or with 36 or more years of service	1.68
Senior Management Service Class	2.00

As provided in Section 121.101, Florida Statutes, if the member was initially enrolled in the Plan before July 1, 2011, and all service credit was accrued before July 1, 2011, the annual cost-of-living adjustment is 3 percent per year. If the member was initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, and has service credit on or after July 1, 2011, there is an individually calculated cost-of-living adjustment. The annual cost-of-living adjustment is a proportion of 3 percent determined by dividing the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by 3 percent. Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will not have a cost-of-living adjustment after retirement.

Contributions. The Florida Legislature establishes contribution rates for participating employers and employees. Contribution rates during the 2022-23 fiscal year were:

	Percent of Gross Salary		
Class	Employee	Employer (1)	
FRS, Regular	3.00	11.91	
FRS, Senior Management Service	3.00	31.57	
Deferred Retirement Option Program (applicable to members from all of the above classes)	0.00	18.60	
FRS, Reemployed Retiree	(2)	(2)	

⁽¹⁾ Employer rates include 1.66 percent for the postemployment health insurance subsidy. Also, employer rates, other than for DROP participants, include 0.06 percent for administrative costs of the Investment Plan.

The College's contributions to the Plan totaled \$1,619,742 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. At June 30, 2023, the College reported a liability of \$12,157,176 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of

⁽²⁾ Contribution rates are dependent upon retirement class in which reemployed.

June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2022. The College's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the College's 2021-22 fiscal year contributions relative to the total 2021-22 fiscal year contributions of all participating members. At June 30, 2022, the College's proportionate share was 0.032673505 percent, which was an increase of 0.001087053 from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2021.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the College recognized pension expense of \$1,673,491. In addition, the College reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Description	 rred Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and					
actual experience	\$ 577,395	\$	-		
Change of assumptions	1,497,207		-		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on FRS Plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between	802,736		-		
College FRS contributions and proportionate share of contributions College FRS contributions subsequent to	577,725		172,405		
the measurement date	1,619,742		-		
Total	\$ 5,074,805	\$	172,405		

The deferred outflows of resources totaling \$1,619,742, resulting from College contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Amount	Amount			
2024	\$ 750.058	,			
	+,				
2025	360,763	,			
2026	(126,561)			
2027	2,161,944	+			
2028	136,454				
Total	\$ 3,282,658	}			

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the July 1, 2022, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.40 percent
Salary increases	3.25 percent, average, including inflation
Investment rate of return	6.70 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 base table, projected generationally with Scale MP-2018.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2022, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013, through June 30, 2018.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was not based on historical returns, but instead is based on a forward-looking capital market economic model. The allocation policy's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic and geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target <u>Allocation (1)</u>	Annual Arithmetic <u>Return</u>	Compound Annual (Geometric) Return	Standard <u>Deviation</u>
Cash	1.0%	2.6%	2.6%	1.1%
Fixed Income	19.8%	4.4%	4.4%	3.2%
Global Equity	54.0%	8.8%	7.3%	17.8%
Real Estate (Property)	10.3%	7.4%	6.3%	15.7%
Private Equity	11.1%	12.0%	8.9%	26.3%
Strategic Investments	3.8%	6.2%	5.9%	7.8%
Total	100.0%	- -		
Assumed inflation - Mean			2.4%	1.3%

⁽¹⁾ As outlined in the Plan's investment policy.

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.70 percent. The Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return. The discount rate used in the 2022 valuation was updated from 6.80 percent to 6.70 percent.

Sensitivity of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the College's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.70 percent, as well as what the College's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (5.70 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (7.70 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
	(5.70%)	(6.70%)	(7.70%)
College's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$21,024,989	\$12,157,176	\$4,742,617

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State Administered Systems Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

Payables to the Pension Plan. At June 30, 2023, the College reported a payable of \$207,438 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the Plan required for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

HIS Pension Plan

Plan Description. The HIS Pension Plan (HIS Plan) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established under Section 112.363, Florida Statutes, and may be amended by the Florida Legislature at any time. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of State-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs and is administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement.

Benefits Provided. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment of \$5 for each year of creditable service completed at the time of retirement with a minimum HIS payment of \$30 and a maximum HIS payment of \$150 per month, pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive a HIS benefit, a retiree under a State-administered retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which can include Medicare.

Contributions. The HIS Plan is funded by required contributions from FRS participating employers as set by the Florida Legislature. Employer contributions are a percentage of gross compensation for all active FRS members. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the contribution rate was 1.66 percent of payroll pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. The College contributed 100 percent of its statutorily required contributions for the current and preceding 3 years. HIS Plan contributions are deposited in a separate trust fund from which HIS payments are authorized. HIS Plan benefits are not guaranteed and are subject to annual legislative appropriation. In the event the legislative appropriation or available funds fail to provide full subsidy benefits to all participants, benefits may be reduced or canceled.

The College's contributions to the HIS Plan totaled \$246,864 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. At June 30, 2023, the College reported a net pension liability of \$3,879,052 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2022. The College's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the College's 2021-22 fiscal year contributions relative to the total 2021-22 fiscal year contributions of all participating members. At June 30, 2022, the College's proportionate share was 0.036623861 percent, which was an increase of 0.000982209 from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2021.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the College recognized pension expense of \$116,702. In addition, the College reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Report No. 2024-151 March 2024

<u>Description</u>		red Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Difference between expected and						
actual experience	\$	117,738	\$	17,068		
Change of assumptions		222,350		600,078		
Net difference between projected and actual						
earnings on HIS Plan investments		5,616		-		
Changes in proportion and differences between College HIS contributions and proportionate						
share of HIS contributions		94,393		254.081		
College contributions subsequent to the		01,000		201,001		
measurement date		246,864		_		
Total	\$	686,961	\$	871,227		

The deferred outflows of resources totaling \$246,864, resulting from College contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30		Amount				
2024	\$	(131,883)				
2025	•	(75,109)				
2026		(49,926)				
2027		(64,301)				
2028		(79,382)				
Thereafter		(30,529)				
Total	\$	(431,130)				

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the July 1, 2022, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.40 percent

Salary increases 3.25 percent, average, including inflation

Municipal bond rate 3.54 percent

Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 base table, projected generationally with Scale MP-2018.

While an experience study had not been completed for the HIS Plan, the actuarial assumptions that determined the total pension liability for the HIS Plan were based on certain results of the most recent experience study for the FRS Plan.

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 3.54 percent. In general, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the single rate equivalent to discounting at the long-term expected rate of return for benefit payments prior to the projected depletion date. Because the HIS benefit is essentially funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, the depletion date is considered to be immediate, and the single equivalent discount rate is equal to the municipal bond rate

selected by the plan sponsor. The Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index was adopted as the applicable municipal bond index. The discount rate used in the 2022 valuation was updated from 2.16 percent to 3.54 percent.

Sensitivity of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the College's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.54 percent, as well as what the College's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.54 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (4.54 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
	(2.54%)	(3.54%)	(4.54%)
College's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$4,437,954	\$3,879,052	\$3,416,572

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the HIS Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State Administered Systems Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

Payables to the Pension Plan. At June 30, 2023, the College reported a payable of \$2,935 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the HIS Plan required for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

13. Retirement Plans - Defined Contribution Pension Plans

FRS Investment Plan. The SBA administers the defined contribution plan officially titled the FRS Investment Plan (Investment Plan). The Investment Plan is reported in the SBA's annual financial statements and in the State's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

As provided in Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of the FRS defined benefit plan. College employees already participating in the State College System Optional Retirement Program or DROP are not eligible to participate in the Investment Plan. Employer and employee contributions are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. Service retirement benefits are based upon the value of the member's account upon retirement. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Investment Plan is funded with the same employer and employee contributions rates, that are based on salary and membership class (Regular Class, Senior Management Service Class, etc.), as the FRS defined benefit plan. Contributions are directed to individual member accounts and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. Costs of administering the Investment Plan, including the FRS Financial Guidance Program, are funded through an employer contribution of 0.06 percent of payroll and by forfeited benefits of Investment Plan members. Allocations to the Investment Plan member accounts during the 2022-23 fiscal year were as follows:

Percent of Gross Class Compensation FRS, Regular 9.30

FRS, Senior Management Service 10.67

For all membership classes, employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and are vested after 1 year of service for employer contributions and investment earnings regardless of membership class. If an accumulated benefit obligation for service credit originally earned under the FRS Pension Plan is transferred to the Investment Plan, the member must have the years of service required for FRS Pension Plan vesting (including the service credit represented by the transferred funds) to be vested for these funds and the earnings on the funds. Nonvested employer contributions are placed in a suspense account for up to 5 years. If the employee returns to FRS-covered employment within the 5-year period, the employee will regain control over their account. If the employee does not return within the 5-year period, the employee will forfeit the accumulated account balance. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the information for the amount of forfeitures was unavailable from the SBA; however, management believes that these amounts, if any, would be immaterial to the College.

After termination and applying to receive benefits, the member may roll over vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the Investment Plan, receive a lump-sum distribution, leave the funds invested for future distribution, or any combination of these options. Disability coverage is provided in which the member may either transfer the account balance to the FRS Pension Plan when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the FRS Pension Plan, or remain in the Investment Plan and rely upon that account balance for retirement income.

The College's Investment Plan pension expense totaled \$549,852 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

<u>State College System Optional Retirement Program</u></u>. Section 1012.875, Florida Statutes, provides for an Optional Retirement Program (Program) for eligible college instructors and administrators. The Program is designed to aid colleges in recruiting employees by offering more portability to employees not expected to remain in the FRS for 8 or more years.

The Program is a defined contribution plan, which provides full and immediate vesting of all contributions submitted to the participating companies on behalf of the participant. Employees in eligible positions can make an irrevocable election to participate in the Program, rather than the FRS, and purchase retirement and death benefits through contracts provided by certain insurance carriers. The employing college contributes 5.15 percent of the participant's salary to the participant's account and 4.23 percent to cover the unfunded actuarial liability of the FRS pension plan, for a total of 9.38 percent, and employees contribute 3 percent of the employee's salary. Additionally, the employee may contribute, by payroll deduction, an amount not to exceed the percentage contributed by the college to the participant's annuity account. The contributions are invested in the company or companies selected by the participant to create a fund for the purchase of annuities at retirement.

The College's contributions to the Program totaled \$16,388 and employee contributions totaled \$5,241 for the 2022-23 fiscal year.

14. Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangement Commitment

The College's SBITA commitment at June 30, 2023, was as follows:

Project Description	Total Commitment	Completed to Date	Balance Committed		
SaaS Banner	\$ 3,255,000	\$ 1,389,379	\$ 1,865,621		

15. Risk Management Programs

The College is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The College provided coverage for these risks primarily through the Florida College System Risk Management Consortium (Consortium), which was created under authority of Section 1001.64(27), Florida Statutes, by the boards of trustees of the Florida public colleges for the purpose of joining a cooperative effort to develop, implement, and participate in a coordinated Statewide college risk management program. The Consortium is self-sustaining through member assessments (premiums) and purchases excess insurance through commercial companies for claims in excess of specified amounts. Excess insurance from commercial companies provided coverage of up to \$100 million to February 28, 2023, and up to \$75 million from March 1, 2023, for property insurance. Insurance coverage obtained through the Consortium included fire and extended property, general and automobile liability, workers' compensation, health, life, and other liability coverage. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past 3 fiscal years.

16. Functional Distribution of Operating Expenses

The functional classification of an operating expense (instruction, academic support, etc.) is assigned to a department based on the nature of the activity, which represents the material portion of the activity attributable to the department. For example, activities of an academic department for which the primary departmental function is instruction may include some activities other than direct instruction such as public service. However, when the primary mission of the department consists of instructional program elements, all expenses of the department are reported under the instruction classification. The operating expenses on the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position are presented by natural classifications. The following are those same expenses presented in functional classifications as recommended by NACUBO:

Functional Classification	Amount			
Instruction	\$	12,817,319		
Academic Support		3,060,010		
Student Services		5,463,646		
Institutional Support		5,267,329		
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		14,962,728		
Scholarships and Waivers		3,695,135		
Depreciation		2,421,825		
Auxiliary Enterprises		2,145,367		
Total Operating Expenses	\$	49,833,359		

OTHER REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Schedule of Changes in the College's Total Other Postemployment Benefits Liability and Related Ratios

		2022		2021	2020		2019		2018		2017	
Total OPEB Liability												
Service cost	\$	2,950	\$	6,406	\$	9,023	\$	13,581	\$	13,451	\$	13,501
Interest		988		1,543		5,806		9,237		8,385		6,755
Difference between expected and												
actual experience		-		4,403		-		(18, 314)		-		-
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		28,535		(9,546)		(80,092)		(62,774)		982		2,117
Benefit Payments		(17,758)		(28,972)		(27, 327)		(19,844)		(19,512)		(3,147)
Net change in total OPEB liability		14,715		(26,166)		(92,590)		(78,114)		3,306		19,226
Total OPEB Liability - beginning		51,640		77,806		170,396		248,510		245,204		225,978
Total OPEB Liability - ending	\$	66,355	\$	51,640	\$	77,806	\$	170,396	\$	248,510	\$	245,204
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$11	1,417,420	\$1	1,417,420	\$1	1,913,337	\$1	1,913,337	\$1	1,454,062	\$1	1,454,062
Total OPEB Liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		0.58%		0.45%		0.65%		1.43%		2.17%		2.14%

Schedule of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – Florida Retirement System Pension Plan

		2022 (1)	2021 (1)	_	2020 (1)	-	2019 (1)
College's proportion of the FRS net pension liability College's proportionate share of	0.	032673505%	0.031586452%	(0.029942025%	(0.030773188%
the FRS net pension liability	\$	12,157,176	\$ 2,385,997	\$	12,997,315	\$	10,597,858
College's covered payroll (2)	\$	13,441,263	\$ 12,997,029	\$	13,256,188	\$	13,236,323
College's proportionate share of the FRS net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		90.45%	18.36%		98.05%		80.07%
FRS Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the FRS total pension liability		82.89%	96.40%		78.85%		82.61%

⁽¹⁾ The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

Schedule of College Contributions - Florida Retirement System Pension Plan

	_	2023 (1)	_	2022 (1)	_	2021 (1)	2020 (1)
Contractually required FRS contribution	\$	1,619,742	\$	1,394,238	\$	1,203,307	\$ 1,002,754
FRS contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(1,619,742)		(1,394,238)		(1,203,307)	 (1,002,754)
FRS contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	<u>-</u>	\$		\$	<u>-</u>	\$
College's covered payroll (2)	\$	14,910,156	\$	13,441,263	\$	12,997,029	\$ 13,256,188
FRS contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		10.86%		10.37%		9.26%	7.56%

⁽¹⁾ The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

⁽²⁾ Covered payroll includes defined benefit plan actives, investment plan members, State college system optional retirement plan members, and members in DROP because total employer contributions are determined on a uniform basis (blended rate) as required by Part III of Chapter 121, Florida Statutes.

⁽²⁾ Covered payroll includes defined benefit plan actives, investment plan members, State college system optional retirement plan members, and members in DROP because total employer contributions are determined on a uniform basis (blended rate) as required by Part III of Chapter 121, Florida Statutes.

2018 (1)	-	2017 (1)	_	2016 (1)	į	2015 (1)	2014 (1)	,	2013 (1)
0.031065894%	(0.031166361%	C	0.035532654%		0.038312104%	0.036834566%		0.032316671%
\$ 9,357,208 \$ 13,167,384		9,218,800 12,862,774		8,972,023 13,109,698			, ,		, ,
71.06%		71.67%		68.44%		36.73%	17.10%		42.45%
84.26%		83.89%		84.88%		92.00%	96.09%		88.54%

_	2019 (1)	2018 (1)	2017 (1)	_	2016 (1)	 2015 (1)	 2014 (1)
\$	961,016 \$	892,708 \$	771,608	\$	875,057	\$ 934,082	\$ 806,833
	(961,016)	(892,708)	(771,608)		(875,057)	 (934,082)	(806,833)
\$	<u> </u>			\$		\$ 	\$ <u>-</u>
\$	13,236,323 \$	13,167,384 \$	12,862,774	\$	13,109,698	\$ 13,474,073	\$ 13,144,837
	7.26%	6.78%	6.00%		6.67%	6.93%	6.14%

Schedule of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – Health Insurance Subsidy Pension Plan

		2022 (1)	2021 (1)		2020 (1)		2019 (1)
College's proportion of the HIS net pension liability College's proportionate share of	0.	036623861%	0.035641652%	(0.037226052%	C	0.038410279%
the HIS net pension liability	\$	3,879,052	\$ 4,371,984	\$	4,545,240	\$	4,297,726
College's covered payroll (2)	\$	13,178,335	\$ 12,676,294	\$	12,961,036	\$	12,875,443
College's proportionate share of the HIS net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		29.44%	34.49%		35.07%		33.38%
HIS Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the HIS total pension liability		4.81%	3.56%		3.00%		2.63%

⁽¹⁾ The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

Schedule of College Contributions - Health Insurance Subsidy Pension Plan

	_	2023 (1)	2022 (1)	_	2021 (1)	2020 (1)
Contractually required HIS contribution	\$	246,864 \$	221,605	\$	209,502	\$ 214,701
HIS contributions in relation to the contractually required HIS		(0.40, 0.04)	(004 005)		(200 500)	(044.704)
contribution		(246,864)	(221,605)	_	(209,502)	 (214,701)
HIS contribution deficiency						
(excess)	\$	<u> </u>	_	\$		\$ <u>-</u>
College's covered payroll (2)	\$	14,871,325 \$	13,178,335	\$	12,676,294	\$ 12,961,036
HIS contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		1.66%	1.68%		1.65%	1.66%

⁽¹⁾ The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

⁽²⁾ Covered payroll includes defined benefit plan actives, investment plan members, and members in DROP.

⁽²⁾ Covered payroll includes defined benefit plan actives, investment plan members, and members in DROP.

_	2018 (1)	_	2017 (1)	_	2016 (1)	_	2015 (1)	_	2014 (1)	_	2013 (1)
(0.038841186%	0	.038879359%	C	.040973071%	0	.042474145%	0	.043048678%	0	.043245473%
\$ \$	4,110,995 12,715,911		4,157,160 12,380,590		4,775,242 12,675,722		4,331,695 13,054,381		4,025,156 12,911,193		3,765,087 12,687,571
	32.33%		33.58%		37.67%		33.18%		31.18%		29.68%
	2.15%		1.64%		0.97%		0.50%		0.99%		1.78%
_	2019 (1)	_	2018 (1)	_	2017 (1)		2016 (1)	_	2015 (1)	_	2014 (1)
\$	213,637	\$	210,637	\$	174,163	\$	210,417	\$	162,363	\$	147,470
_	(213,637)		(210,637)		(174,163)		(210,417)		(162,363)		(147,470)
<u>\$</u> \$	12,875,443	<u>\$</u>	12,715,911	<u>\$</u> \$	12,380,590	<u>\$</u> \$	12,675,722	<u>\$</u> \$	13,054,381	<u>\$</u> \$	12,911,193

1.41%

1.66%

1.66%

1.66%

1.14%

1.24%

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

1. Schedule of Changes in the College's Total Other Postemployment Benefits Liability and Related Ratios

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meet the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75 to pay related benefits.

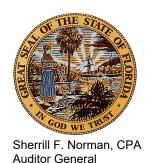
Changes of Assumptions. The discount rate changed from 2.16 percent in 2021 to 3.54 percent in 2022.

2. Schedule of Net Pension Liability and Schedule of Contributions – Florida Retirement System Pension Plan

Changes of Assumptions. In 2022, the long-term expected rate of return decreased from 6.80 percent to 6.70 percent.

3. Schedule of Net Pension Liability and Schedule of Contributions – Health Insurance Subsidy Pension Plan

Changes of Assumptions. In 2022, the municipal rate used to determine total pension liability increased from 2.16 percent to 3.54 percent. In addition, the election assumption for vested terminated members was updated from 20 percent to 50 percent to reflect recent experience.



AUDITOR GENERAL STATE OF FLORIDA

Claude Denson Pepper Building, Suite G74 111 West Madison Street Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1450



Phone: (850) 412-2722 Fax: (850) 488-6975

The President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the Legislative Auditing Committee

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of the South Florida State College, a component unit of the State of Florida, and its discretely presented component unit as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the College's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 7, 2024, included under the heading **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the discretely presented component unit, as described in our report on the College's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the College's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the College's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control

that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the College's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, rules, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the College's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Sherrill F. Norman, CPA Tallahassee. Florida

March 7, 2024

PRIOR AUDIT FOLLOW-UP

The College had taken corrective action for the finding included in our report No. 2023-118.									