# CAPTIVA EROSION PREVENTION DISTRICT ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Commissioners Captiva Erosion Prevention District Captiva, Florida

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Captiva Erosion Prevention District (the "District") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District as of September 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis (on pages 3 through 8) and the General Fund and Capital Projects Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedules (on pages 27 through 29) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 10, 2019, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Bradenton, Florida April 10, 2019 Mauldin & Jenkins, LLC

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This discussion and analysis of the Captiva Erosion Prevention District (the "District") financial statements is designed to introduce the basic financial statements and provides an analytical overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018. The basic financial statements are comprised of the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements, and footnotes. We hope this will assist readers in identifying significant financial issues and changes in the District's financial position.

#### **DISTRICT HIGHLIGHTS**

At the close of fiscal year 2017-2018, the District's assets exceed its liabilities, resulting in a net position of \$11,852,818. The District's net position decreased \$3,734,326 or 23.96%, in comparison to the prior year. Total revenues decreased \$1,461,150 or 62.60%, in comparison to the prior year. Total expenses increased \$847,700 or 22.55%, in comparison to the prior year.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

Government-wide financial statements (Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities pages 9 and 10) are intended to allow a reader to assess a government's operational accountability. Operational accountability is defined as the extent to which the government has met its operating objectives efficiently and effectively, using all resources available for that purpose, and whether it can continue to meet its objectives for the foreseeable future. Government-wide financial statements concentrate on the District as a whole and do not emphasize fund types.

The Statement of Net Position (page 9) presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. The District's capital assets (property, plant and equipment) are included in this statement and reported net of their accumulated depreciation.

The Statement of Activities (page 10) presents revenue and expense information showing how the District's net position changed during the fiscal year. Both statements are measured and reported using the economic resource measurement focus (revenues and expenses) and the accrual basis of accounting (revenue recognized when earned and expense recognized when a liability is incurred).

#### **Governmental Fund Financial Statements**

The accounts of the District are organized on the basis of governmental funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity or retained earnings, revenues, and expenditures. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Governmental fund financial statements (found on pages 11 and 13) are prepared on the modified accrual basis using the current financial resources measurement focus. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when they become measureable and available as net current assets.

#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in the preceding statements and begin on page 15. These notes are essential to a full understanding of data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The government-wide financial statements were designed so that the user could determine if the District is in a better or a worse financial condition from the prior year.

The following is a condensed summary of net position for the District.

### Statement of Net Position As of September 30, 2018 and 2017

	2018	2017
Current and other assets	\$ 4,535,099	\$ 5,827,413
Capital assets	8,748,230	11,893,635
Total assets	13,283,329	17,721,048
Other liabilities	30,511	33,904
Long-term liabilities	1,400,000	2,100,000
Total liabilities	1,430,511	2,133,904
Net position:		
Net investment in capital assets	7,348,230	9,793,635
Restricted	4,009,594	5,360,749
Unrestricted	494,994	432,760
Total net position	11,852,818	15,587,144
Total liabilities and net position	\$13,283,329	\$17,721,048

Current and other assets represent 34.14% of total assets. Current assets are comprised of cash and cash equivalents of \$860,893, restricted cash and cash equivalents of \$2,208,671, special assessments receivable of \$984,641 and investments of \$480,773.

Capital assets represent 65.86% of total assets and are comprised of the cost, less accumulated depreciation of the cost, to renourish the Captiva Island Beach, to extend the groin at Redfish Pass, and renourish a portion of Bowman's Beach on Sanibel Island. The decrease in capital assets is primarily attributable to another year of depreciation expense on the 2013-2014 beach renourishment project.

The following schedule reports the revenues, expenses and changes in net position for the District:

## Statement of Activities As of September 30, 2018 and 2017

	2018	2017
Revenues		
Program revenues		
Charges for services	\$ 332,660	\$ 301,277
Operating grants and		
contributions	152,527	50,787
Capital grants and		
contributions	-	1,534,733
General revenues		
Property taxes	367,297	366,466
Special assessments	5,935	68,140
Other	14,534	12,700
Total revenues	872,953	2,334,103
Operating expenses		
General government	3,376,628	3,353,743
Physical environment	1,196,874	358,939
Interest	33,777	46,897
Total operating expenses	4,607,279	3,759,579
Change in net position	(3,734,326)	(1,425,476)
Net position, beginning	15,587,144	17,012,620
Net position, ending	\$11,852,818	\$ 15,587,144

Total revenues decreased \$1,461,150 or 62.60%, in comparison to the prior year. The decrease is primarily due to a FEMA reimbursement (\$1,534,733) which was recorded as a receivable and recognized as income in the prior year. Parking revenues increased (\$31,383) due to continued strong tourism on Captiva. Grant revenues increased primarily due reimbursements from FEMA for damages sustained during Tropical Storm Debby (fiscal year ended September 30, 2012). Total expenses increased \$847,700 or 22.55%, in comparison to the prior year. The decrease is due almost entirely to the repayment of certain state and local agencies upon receipt of the FEMA reimbursement.

Property values within the District increased \$37,948,823 or 2.81%, in comparison to the prior year. Cumulatively over the past 5 years, properties within the District have increased \$195,528,265 or 16.47%.

The following schedule compares the growth in property value and the change in millage rates for the past years ending September 30:

Year	2014	2015	2016 2017		2018
Millage Rate	0.3124	0.3053	0.2901	0.2808	0.2720
Property Value	\$ 1,193,469,332	\$ 1,220,735,883	\$ 1,293,906,894	\$ 1,352,048,774	\$ 1,389,997,597

#### **BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

Budget versus actual comparisons are reported on pages 27 through 29. Major variances from budgeted amounts in the General Fund include lower than expected travel and per diem, consulting, and professional fees. There were no major variances in which the actual expenditure was higher than the budgeted amount.

Major variances from budgeted amounts in the Capital Projects Fund include under estimate of special assessment collections, parking revenues and local grant revenues. Parking maintenance fees and sales tax were higher than expected. The District continues to experience significant savings on budgeted amounts for the 2013-2014 renourishment project as a result of enhanced monitoring and planning initiatives undertaken by the District. Additional explanation of budget to actual variances for the Capital Projects Fund are listed below.

Grant Income – Local: The local TDC grants for the fiscal year 2017-2018 are reimbursable grants for completed work. Two TDC grants were approved. The first grant is for beach park maintenance while the second consists of a sand source search in Redfish Pass. Beach Park Maintenance for fiscal year 2017-2018 is complete. All tasks associated with Redfish Pass Study are not yet complete.

Local Grant Revenue: While Phase 1 of the Red Fish Pass Study is 98% complete, Phase 2 of the Study has not begun. Once Phase 2 begins and is invoiced, funds from the grant can be drawn for completed work.

Specials Assessments: It was a successful year for real estate sales on Captiva. As properties are sold, the assessment is paid off on the property by the owner.

Parking Revenues: Beach and parking lot demand continue to be strong on the island.

Engineering Expense: Non-technical engineering tasks were completed by the District Administrator.

Red Fish Pass Study: The project began in the current fiscal year and continues. Work will be complete during the fiscal year 2018-2019.

Permit Modification: Anticipated permit modifications were not required in the current fiscal year.

Professional Fees: There were few issues requiring outside professional assistance.

Renourishment Project: Engineers have not completed the study within the scheduled timeframe originally proposed. The work will continue into the new fiscal year.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### Capital Assets

Depreciable assets included equipment, infrastructure and construction in progress. The following is a schedule of the District's capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:

## Capital Assets As of September 30, 2018 and 2017

	2018	2017
Infrastructure	\$ 8,729,074	\$ 11,870,135
Equipment	19,156	23,500
Total capital assets	\$ 8,748,230	\$11,893,635

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 3 on page 22.

#### Debt

Debt of the District includes a note payable to a financial institution obtained for the purpose of funding the 2013-2014 beach renourishment project. The District paid \$700,000 of principal during the year.

## Debt Outstanding As of September 30, 2018 and 2017

	2018	2017
Note payable	\$ 1,400,000	\$ 2,100,000
Total debt	\$ 1,400,000	\$ 2,100,000

Additional information on the District's debt can be found in Note 4 on pages 22 and 23.

#### ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETED RATES

The following were factors considered during the preparation of next year's budget (2018-2019):

- Property values increased on the island.
- Replenishing reserves for future unexpected occurrences.
- Redfish Pass Inlet study (Phase 1) has been completed and Phase 2 will begin.
- In preparation for the next beach renourishment, engineers will prepare an engineering and design report.
- Interest payments on the Fifth/Third Bank loan for the beach renourishment project will be due in November 2018 and May 2019. A loan principal payment will be due in May 2019.

#### REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide the reader with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability. Questions regarding any information provided here within should be directed to: Captiva Erosion Prevention District, P.O. Box 365, Captiva Island, Florida, 33924-0365 or by phone (239) 472-2472.

## STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 860,893
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	2,208,671
Investments	121
Investments, restricted	480,773
Accounts receivables, net	984,641
Capital assets	
Depreciable, net	8,748,230
Total assets	\$ 13,283,329
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	\$ 19,513
Accrued liabilities	10,998
Noncurrent liabilities	
Due within one year	600,000
Due in more than one year	800,000
Total liabilities	1,430,511
Net position	
Net investment in capital assets	7,348,230
Restricted for	
Debt service	4,009,594
Unrestricted	494,994
Total net position	11,852,818
Total liabilities and net position	\$ 13,283,329

#### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

		F	Program Revenue Operating	es Capital	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Grants and Contributions	Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Functions/programs					
<b>Governmental activities</b>					
General government	\$ 3,376,628	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (3,376,628)
Physical environment	1,196,874	332,660	152,527	-	(711,687)
Interest on long-term debt	33,777				(33,777)
Total governmental activities	4,607,279	332,660	152,527		(4,122,092)
	•	General revenues			
		Property taxes			367,297
		Special assessme	ents		5,935
		Investment earning	ngs		7,032
		Miscellaneous			7,502
		Total general re	evenues		387,766
		Change in no	et position		(3,734,326)
	]	Net position, begin	nning of year		15,587,144
	]	Net position, end	of year		\$ 11,852,818

#### BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

		General Fund		3		Total Governmental Funds	
Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	860,893	\$	-	\$	860,893	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		-		2,208,671		2,208,671	
Investments		121		-		121	
Investments, restricted		=		480,773		480,773	
Accounts receivable, net		-		984,641		984,641	
Due from other funds		_		355,022		355,022	
Total assets	\$	861,014	\$	4,029,107	\$	4,890,121	
Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$	_	\$	19,513	\$	19,513	
Due to other funds	Ψ	355,022	Ψ	-	Ψ	355,022	
Total liabilities		355,022		19,513		374,535	
Deferred inflows of resources							
Unavailable revenue				831,256		831,256	
Fund balances							
Restricted		-		3,178,338		3,178,338	
Unassigned		505,992		_		505,992	
Total fund balances		505,992		3,178,338		3,684,330	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of							
resources, and fund balances	\$	861,014	\$	4,029,107	\$	4,890,121	

## RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET– GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

Fund Balances, total governmental funds	\$ 3,684,330
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore, are not reported in the funds.	
Governmental capital assets	39,652,584
Accumulated depreciation	(30,904,354)
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period	
expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.	831,256
Noncurrent liabilities, are not due and payable in the current	
period and therefore, are not reported in the funds.	
Accrued interest payable	(10,998)
Note payable	 (1,400,000)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 11,852,818

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	General Fund	Capital Project Fund		General Project Govern		Total vernmental Funds
Revenues						
Property taxes	\$ 367,297	\$	-	\$	367,297	
Intergovernmental revenues						
Grant income, federal	-		1,534,733		1,534,733	
Grant income, state	-		17,402		17,402	
Grant income, local	-		135,125		135,125	
Special assessments	-		473,548		473,548	
Charges for services, parking revenues	-		332,660		332,660	
Investment earnings	271		6,761		7,032	
Miscellaneous revenues	 7,396		106		7,502	
Total revenues	 374,964	_	2,500,335		2,875,299	
Expenditures						
Current						
General government						
Operating expenditures	231,223		-		231,223	
Physical environment						
Operating expenditures	-		1,196,874		1,196,874	
Debt service						
Principal retirement	-		700,000		700,000	
Interest	-		39,306		39,306	
Total expenditures	231,223		1,936,180		2,167,403	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	 143,741		564,155		707,896	
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in	_		87,036		87,036	
Transfers out	(87,036)		_		(87,036)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(87,036)		87,036		-	
Change in fund balances	56,705		651,191		707,896	
Fund balances, beginning of year	449,287		2,527,147		2,976,434	
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 505,992	\$	3,178,338	\$	3,684,330	

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

## RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

Net Change in Fund Balances – total governmental funds		\$ 707,896
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures.  However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of these assets is depreciated over their estimated useful lives.  Capital outlay  Less current year depreciation	\$ 2,503 (3,147,908)	(3,145,405)
Revenues that are reported in the Statement of Activities that do not create current financial resources are not reported as revenues in governmental funds. This activity consists of:		<i>a</i>
Grant revenue		(1,534,733)
Special assessment revenues received at the fund level previously recognized at the entity wide level.		(467,613)
Repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position and does not affect the Statement of Activities.  Debt repayments:		
Notes payable		700,000
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.		
Change in accrued interest		5,529
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ (3,734,326)

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTE 1. ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### **Organization:**

The Captiva Erosion Prevention District (the "District") was established as a beach and shore preservation district on Captiva Island, Florida in 1959 by an act of the Florida Legislature. The District was reestablished on July 6, 1981 (LOF 81-413), by a Special Act of the Legislature of the State of Florida (House Bill 760). The District Enabling Act has been amended periodically since formation, most recently on May 22, 2000, by House Bill 927, Chapter 2000-399. The most recent bill validated the District as a beach and shore preservation authority under the provisions of Chapter 161.32 of the Florida Statutes. The District's programs shall include construction and maintenance of any seawalls, groins, breakwaters, bulkheads, fills and other works, structures, and equipment or other facilities used for beach renourishment or erosion control.

The District boundary includes all of Captiva Island, Florida. A five member elected Board of Commissioners governs the District. The Board is elected by the voters of the District and serves staggered four year terms.

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant accounting policies of the District are described below.

#### **Significant Accounting Policies:**

#### **Reporting Entity:**

The District adheres to GASB Statement Number 61, the Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34. This statement requires the basic financial statements of the District (the primary government) to include any component units. A component unit is a legally separate organization for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. Based on the criteria established in GASB 61, the District has no component units.

#### **Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements:**

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the primary government. The District has only governmental activities, which are supported primarily by taxes and special assessments and are reported in the General Fund and Capital Projects Fund.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### NOTE 1. ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include: (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

#### **Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation:**

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## NOTE 1. ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

The *Capital Projects Fund* is used to account for major infrastructure projects related to beach maintenance and renourishment.

#### **Cash and Cash Equivalents:**

Cash includes petty cash and amounts on deposit in banks. All funds on deposit are insured and fully collateralized as required by Chapter 280 of the Florida Statutes.

#### **Investments:**

The District adheres to the requirements of GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools, in which all investments are required to be reported at fair value.

#### **Capital Assets:**

Capital assets, which include infrastructure, construction in progress, equipment, and machinery, are reported in the government-wide statement of net position at cost. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$500 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Expenditures for maintenance, repairs and minor renewals and betterments are expensed as incurred. Major renewals and betterments are treated as property additions. Maintenance and repairs of capital assets are charged to operations and major improvements are capitalized. Upon retirement, sale or other disposition of capital assets, the cost and accumulated depreciation is eliminated from the accounts and gain or loss is recognized. There were no gains or losses recognized on disposals for the year ended September 30, 2018.

Depreciation commences when a project is ready for its intended use or when equipment is placed in service, and is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives of assets:

Infrastructure (beach renourishment projects) 7 to 30 years Machinery and Equipment 3 to 10 years

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## NOTE 1. ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Management Estimates:**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that may affect the reported amounts of certain assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingencies at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### **Budgets and Budgetary Accounting:**

The District adopts an annual budget for the General Fund and the Capital Projects Fund. The budget is formally reviewed and approved by the District's Board of Commissioners. Budgets are prepared on the accrual basis. Neither the District's statute nor any debt covenants require the District to report budgetary information in its financial statements.

The District follows these procedures in establishing budgetary data for the General Fund and the Capital Projects Fund:

- 1. During the summer of each year, the District Administrator submits to the Board of Commissioners a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing on the upcoming October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. The budget is adopted by approval of the Board of Commissioners.
- 4. Budget amounts, as shown in these financial statements, are as originally adopted or as amended by the Board of Commissioners.
- 5. The budget is adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.
- 6. The level of control for appropriations is exercised at the fund level.
- 7. Appropriations lapse at year-end.

#### **Fund Equity:**

Fund equity at the governmental fund financial reporting level is classified as "fund balance". Fund equity for all other reporting is classified as "net position".

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## NOTE 1. ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fund Balance: Generally, fund balance represents the difference between the assets and liabilities under the current financial resources measurement focus of accounting. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Fund balances are classified as follows:

- Nonspendable: Fund balances are reported as nonspendable when amounts cannot be spent because they are either: (a) not in spendable form (i.e., items that are not expected to be converted to cash), or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted: Fund balances are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.
- *Committed:* Fund balances are reported as committed when they can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Board of Commissioners through the adoption of a resolution. Only the Board of Commissioners may modify or rescind the commitment.
- Assigned: Fund balances are reported as assigned when amounts are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Currently, the Board of Commissioners is authorized to assign fund balances.
- *Unassigned*: Fund balances are reported as unassigned as the residual amount when the balances do not meet any of the above criterion. The District reports positive unassigned fund balance only in the General Fund. Negative unassigned fund balances may be reported in other funds should the District establish other funds at a later time.

Flow Assumptions: When both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balance are available for use for expenditures incurred, it is the District's policy to use restricted amounts first and then unrestricted amounts as they are needed. For unrestricted amounts of fund balance, it is the District's policy to use fund balance in the following order: (1) committed, (2) assigned, and (3) unassigned.

#### **Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources:**

The District has implemented GASB Statements No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position and No. 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities. These standards establish accounting and financial reporting for deferred outflows/inflows of resources and the concept of net position as the residual of all other elements presented in a statement of net position.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### NOTE 1. ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. The District did not have any items that qualified for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has only one type of this item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes and these amounts are deferred and will be recognized as an inflow of resources in the period in which the amounts become available.

#### **Encumbrances:**

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is not employed by the District because, at present, it is not necessary in order to assure effective budgetary control or to facilitate effective cash planning and control.

#### **Interfund Transactions:**

During the course of operations, transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" in the fund financial statements. These transactions arise to cover temporary (three months or less) cash needs.

Interfund transfers consist of funds reallocated from the General Fund to the Capital Projects Fund on a permanent basis.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTE 2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The District's deposit policy allows deposits to be held in demand deposit or money market accounts. The District maintains its cash balances at various financial institutions, which are insured by the FDIC for up to \$250,000. As of September 30, 2018, the District did not have any uninsured cash balances as all of the District deposits were held in banks or savings institutions designated as qualified public depositories by the State Treasurer (Florida Statute 280).

At September 30, 2018, the District's total cash balances were \$3,550,458. Of this amount, \$2,689,444 was held in the District's Capital Project Fund and was classified as restricted.

Florida Statutes and the District's investment policy authorize investments in the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund administered by the State Board of Administration (SBA). At September 30, 2018, the District's General Fund and Capital Projects Fund had investments held in the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund with balances of \$121 and \$228,943, respectively. The District's total investment held in the SBA at September 30, 2018, was \$229,064. The District also holds a Certificate of Deposit in the amount of \$251,830, which matures on November 14, 2018, at Sanibel/Captiva Community Bank. All investments held in the Capital Projects Fund are restricted.

The Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund (Florida PRIME) is an external 2A7-like investment pool administered by the Florida State Board of Administration. The District's investment in Florida PRIME represented less than 2% of Florida PRIME's total investments. Investments held in Florida PRIME include, but are not limited to, short-term federal agency obligations, treasury bills, repurchase agreements, and commercial paper. These short-term investments are stated at cost, which approximates market value. Investment income is recognized as earned and is allocated to participants of Florida PRIME based on their equity participation.

These investments were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral pursuant to the Public Depository Security Act (Florida Statute 280) of the State of Florida. The Local Government Surplus Fund Investment Pool Trust Fund is not categorized by risk assessment as it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTE 3. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2018, is as follows:

	Balance October 1	Increases		Decreases		Balance September 30	
Capital assets, being depreciated							
Infrastructure	\$ 39,579,597	\$	-	\$	-	\$	39,579,597
Equipment	70,484	2,503					72,987
Total capital assets, being							
depreciated	 39,650,081		2,503				39,652,584
Less accumulated depreciation for							
Infrastructure	(27,709,462)	(3	,141,061)		-		(30,850,523)
Equipment	 (46,984)		(6,847)				(53,831)
Total accumulated depreciation	(27,756,446)	(3	,147,908)		-		(30,904,354)
Total capital assets, being	_						_
depreciated, net	11,893,635	(3	,145,405)				8,748,230
Total capital assets, net	\$ 11,893,635	\$ (3	,145,405)	\$	_	\$	8,748,230

Depreciation expense for the year ended September 30, 2018, was \$3,147,908 and was charged to general governmental expenses.

#### NOTE 4. LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt activity for the year ended September 30, 2018, is as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additio	ons_	Reductions	Amounts Due Within One Year		
Governmental activities							
Note payable	\$ 2,100,000	\$		\$ (700,000)	\$ 1,400,000	\$	600,000
Total governmental activities	\$ 2,100,000	\$		\$ (700,000)	\$ 1,400,000	\$	600,000

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTE 4. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

#### **Note Payable:**

During the year ended September 30, 2013, the District obtained a \$9,600,000 promissory note payable to a financial institution for the purpose of funding the 2013-2014 beach renourishment project. Due to substantial principal prepayments, the note was reamortized and now requires annual principal payments of \$600,000 starting in May of 2018, plus interest at 1.87%. This note is collateralized by a special assessment being levied to District property owners beginning in November 2014. Final payment of the note is due in May 2021.

The anticipated note payable maturities at September 30, 2018, are as follows:

Fiscal					
Year	I	Principal	I	nterest	<b>Total</b>
2019	\$	600,000	\$	26,180	\$ 626,180
2020		600,000		14,960	614,960
2021		200,000		3,740	203,740
	\$	1,400,000	\$	44,880	\$ 1,444,880

#### **Compensated Absences Payable:**

Currently the District does not have any paid employees as all District personnel are paid through a contract with a local consulting firm. As such, there are no recorded compensated absences payable, as of September 30, 2018.

#### NOTE 5. SPECIAL ASSESSMENTS

In July 2014, the District Board adopted a non-ad valorem special assessment to be levied against each property owner within the District in order to pay for the 2013-2014 beach maintenance renourishment project and outstanding debt related to the project. The non grant funded portion of the project was paid via in-house cash and related long-term debt.

All proceeds from the collection of the special assessments are restricted to fund the cost of the specific construction project and the related debt.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTE 5. SPECIAL ASSESSMENTS (CONTINUED)

The 2013-2014 beach renourisment project commenced sand placement on October 7, 2013, with completion on December 16· 2013, for Captiva and December 26, 2013, for Sanibel. Approximately 6 miles of shoreline were renourished with 783,369 and 80,823 cubic yards of sand to Captiva and Sanibel Islands, respectively. The project also included dune rehabilitation and the planting of new vegetation. The total cost of the project capitalized by the District was approximately \$20.3 million. Grant funding was provided by the Florida Department of Environmental Protection (approximately \$4.5 million) and Lee County (Approximately \$7 million). The remaining costs of the project (\$7,685,599) were financed by the special assessment imposed on the property owners of Captiva in the amount of \$5,685,599, as well as \$2,000,000 from District reserves.

The 2014 special assessment was levied against the following property types at the indicated millage rates as determined by the District's Board and economic consultant:

Property		Just		creation		Storm	Total			
Type		Value	Mills Assessment		Mills	Assessmen		Assessmen		
Commercial	\$	69,306,760	11.4999	\$	797,021	Various	\$	156,779	\$	953,800
Interval		64,800,260	4.6620		302,099	2.5211		65,924		368,023
Multi-Family		362,262,258	4.3430		1,564,053	Various		429,537		1,993,590
Nonrecreational		3,001,387	-		-	Various		9,721		9,721
Single Family		808,166,716	1.2070		983,026	Various		1,377,439		2,360,465
	\$	1,307,537,381		\$	3,646,199		\$	2,039,400	\$	5,685,599
	<u> </u>	1,307,337,381		<b>D</b>	3,040,199		Ф	2,039,400	<b></b>	3,083,399

#### NOTE 6. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied after formal adoption of the District's budget and become due and payable on November 1 of each year and are delinquent on April 1 of the following year. Discounts on property taxes are allowed for payments made prior to the April 1 delinquent date. Tax certificates are sold to the public for the full amount of any unpaid taxes and must be sold not later than June 1 of each year. The billing, collection and related record keeping of all property taxes is performed for the District by the Lee County Tax Collector. No accrual for the property tax levy becoming due in November 2018, is included in the accompanying financial statements, since such taxes are collected to finance expenditures of the subsequent period.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTE 6. PROPERTY TAXES (CONTINUED)

Procedures for collecting delinquent taxes, including applicable tax certificate sales and tax deed sales, are provided for by Florida Statutes. The enforceable lien date is approximately two years after taxes become delinquent and occurs only upon request of a holder of a delinquent tax certificate.

Important dates in the property tax cycle are as follows:

Assessment roll certified July 1

Millage resolution approved No later than 93 days following

certification of assessment roll

Taxes due and payable (levy date)

November, with various discount

provisions through March 31

Property taxes payable - maximum

discount (4%) 30 days after levy date

Beginning of fiscal year for which

taxes have been levied October 1

Due date March 31

Taxes become delinquent (lien date) April 1

Tax certificates sold by the Lee

County Tax Collector Prior to June 1

For the year ended September 30, 2018, the Board of Commissioners of the District levied ad valorem taxes at a millage rate of \$.2808 per \$1,000 (0.2808 mills) of the 2017 net taxable value of real property located within the District.

#### NOTE 7. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The District has received grants which are subject to special compliance requirements by the grantor agency. The grantor agency may at times disallow expenditure amounts associated with a contract based on the outcome of an audit. These amounts would constitute a contingent liability of the District. The District has not, as of September 30, 2018, been notified of any existing contingent liabilities related to prior grants or the grants currently in process. The management of the District does not believe contingent liabilities, if any exist, to be material.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTE 8. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District participates in the public entity risk pool administered by the Florida League of Cities, Inc. for workers' compensation, general/professional liability and property insurance. The District pays an annual premium to the Florida League of Cities, Inc. for this insurance program. Participation in this risk pool is non-assessable. Settled claims have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. The District retains the risk of loss up to a deductible amount (ranging from \$0 to \$500) with the risk of loss in excess of this amount transferred to the pool with limits of liability of \$1,500,000 per occurrence for general/professional liability, and property and \$1,000,000 per accident for workers' compensation.

The District has also obtained a Directors and Officer's insurance policy. The District retains the risk of loss up to a deductible amount of \$10,000 with aggregate limits of liability of \$10,000,000 for the policy year. The policy has been renewed for the year ending September 30, 2018.

#### NOTE 9. OPERATING LEASE

In December 2012, the District entered into an operating lease agreement for office space on Captiva Island. This lease expired on November 1, 2017, and was renewed through November 2021. The base annual rental is \$16,637, or \$1,386 per month, plus common area maintenance (CAM) charges. Rent expense for the year ended September 30, 2018, was \$16,734.

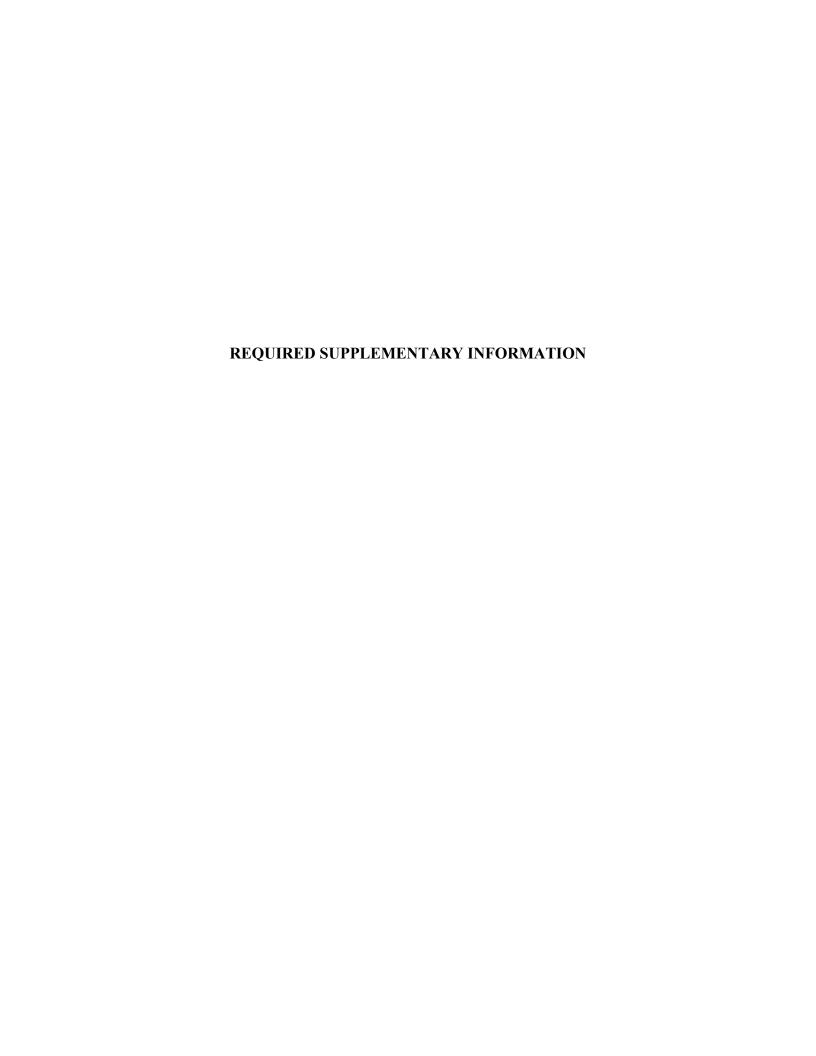
Total future minimum lease payments required under the lease is as follows:

Fiscal	
Year	 Amount
2019	\$ 16,754
2020	16,754
2021	16,754
	\$ 50,262

#### NOTE 10. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

T72 - - - 1

The District has evaluated subsequent events through April 10, 2019, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued and has determined that no material transactions have occurred that would warrant additional disclosure in the financial statements.



## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

#### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues				
Property taxes	\$ 362,826	\$ 362,826	\$ 367,297	\$ 4,471
Investment earnings	175	175	271	96
Miscellaneous revenues	1,100	1,100	7,396	6,296
Total revenues	364,101	364,101	374,964	10,863
Expenditures				
Current				
General government				
Operating expenditures				
Advertising	4,000	4,000	838	3,162
Bank service charges	-	-	38	(38)
Board meeting	200	200	-	200
Copier lease	2,400	2,400	1,846	554
Dues and subscriptions	500	500	1,070	(570)
General insurance	9,250	9,250	9,348	(98)
Newsletter	3,000	3,000	1,691	1,309
Office	6,500	6,500	7,254	(754)
Postage	1,000	1,000	246	754
Rent	18,000	18,000	16,754	1,246
Repairs	2,000	2,000	· -	2,000
Telephone	3,000	3,000	2,576	424
Travel and per diem	7,500	7,500	7,831	(331)
Utilities	2,200	2,200	1,682	518
Website maintenance	3,900	3,900	5,865	(1,965)
Consulting	136,287	136,287	128,700	7,587
Professional fees	63,328	63,328	33,087	30,241
Property appraiser fees	3,500	3,500	2,183	1,317
Tax collector commissions	7,500	7,500	7,711	(211)
Capital outlay, equipment purchase	3,000	3,000	2,503	497
Total expenditures	277,065	277,065	231,223	45,842
Excess of revenues over expenditures	87,036	87,036	143,741	56,705
Other financing uses				
Transfers out	(87,036)	(87,036)	(87,036)	_
Total other financing uses	(87,036)	(87,036)	(87,036)	
Change in fund balance	-	-	56,705	56,705
Fund balance, beginning of year	449,287	449,287	449,287	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 449,287	\$ 449,287	\$ 505,992	\$ 56,705

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

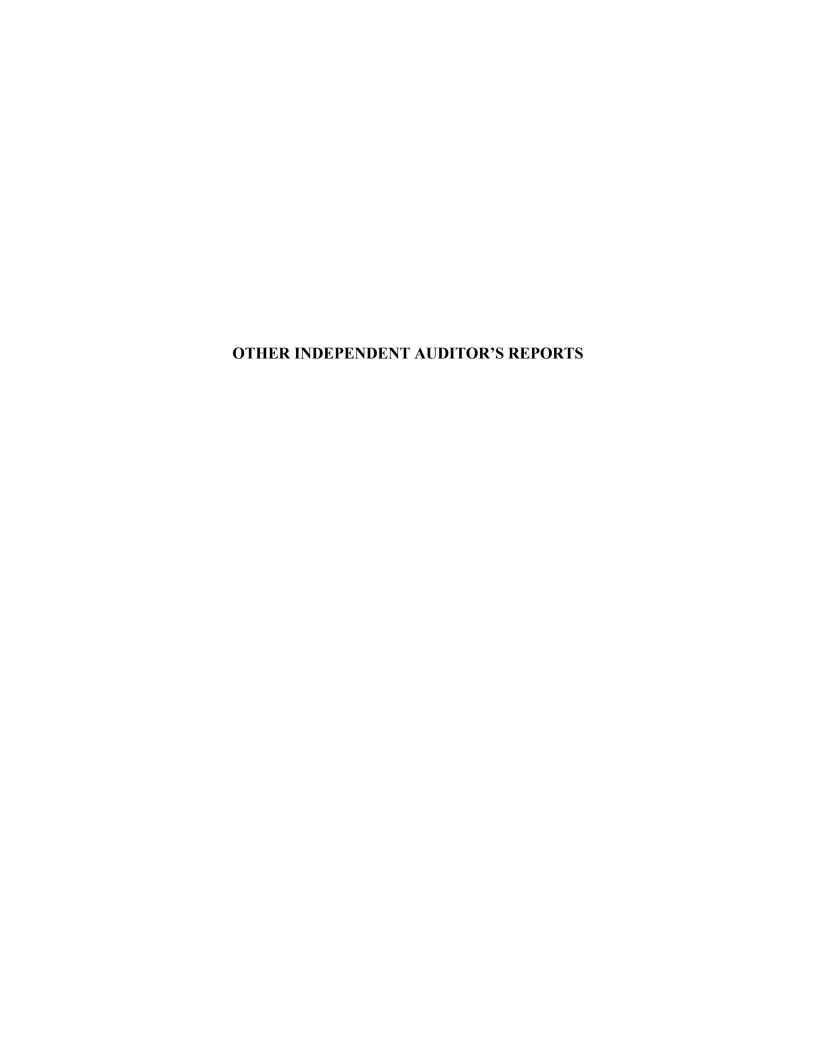
	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget	
Revenues			 8					
Intergovernmental revenues								
Grant income, federal	\$	156,544	\$ 156,544	\$	1,534,733	\$	1,378,189	
Grant income, state		187,500	187,500		17,402		(170,098)	
Grant income, local		156,544	156,544		135,125		(21,419)	
Special assessments		375,978	375,978		473,548		97,570	
Charges for services, parking revenues		286,000	286,000		332,660		46,660	
Investment earnings		-	-		6,761		6,761	
Miscellaneous revenues		_	-		106		106	
Total revenues		1,162,566	1,162,566		2,500,335		1,337,769	
Expenditures								
Current								
Physical environment								
Operating expenditures								
Advertising		1,500	1,500		-		1,500	
Annual membership and fees		1,000	1,000		720		280	
Cost of assessment collections		1,200	1,200		1,609		(409)	
Bank service fee		-	-		184		(184)	
Credit card fees		8,725	8,725		9,387		(662)	
Engineering		20,000	20,000		-		20,000	
Engineering, permitting		50,000	50,000		-		50,000	
Insurance		15,000	15,000		12,637		2,363	
Parking lot machine		2,800	2,800		-		2,800	
Parking maintenance		22,000	22,000		38,354		(16,354)	
Portable toilets		7,500	7,500		11,413		(3,913)	
Sales tax expense		18,720	18,720		19,178		(458)	
Professional fees		40,000	40,000		24,040		15,960	
Project consultant		69,300	69,300		69,300		-	
Redfish pass study		415,000	415,000		94,432		320,568	
Renourishment Projects								
Beach maintenance		-	-		3,449		(3,449)	
Engineer report/storm damage		150,000	150,000		26,893		123,107	
Mail survey		-	-		250		(250)	
Project benefit analysis		20,000	20,000		4,600		15,400	
Summer recreational survey		-	-		5,800		(5,800)	
Winter recreational survey		20,000	20,000		15,520		4,480	
Post Hurricane Irma study		50,000	50,000		49,730		270	
Post construction survey and reporting		-	-		(29,667)		29,667	
Grant reimbursement		-	-		830,750		(830,750)	
Rent		6,000	6,000		5,352		648	
Records storage		2,500	2,500		2,943		(443)	
Debt service								
Principal		700,000	700,000		700,000		-	
Interest		39,270	 39,270		39,306		(36)	
Total expenditures		1,660,515	 1,660,515		1,936,180		(275,665)	
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(497,949)	 (497,949)		564,155		1,062,104	

(Continued)

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

0		Final Budget		Actual		riance with
87,036		87,036		87,036		-
87,036		87,036		87,036		-
(410,913)		(410,913)		651,191		1,062,104
2,527,147		2,527,147		2,527,147		_
\$ 2,116,234	\$	2,116,234	\$	3,178,338	\$	1,062,104
	87,036 (410,913) 2,527,147	87,036 87,036 (410,913) 2,527,147	Budget         Budget           87,036         87,036           87,036         87,036           (410,913)         (410,913)           2,527,147         2,527,147	Budget         Budget           87,036         87,036           87,036         87,036           (410,913)         (410,913)           2,527,147         2,527,147	Budget         Budget         Actual           87,036         87,036         87,036           87,036         87,036         87,036           (410,913)         (410,913)         651,191           2,527,147         2,527,147         2,527,147	Budget         Budget         Actual         Fi           87,036         87,036         87,036           87,036         87,036         87,036           (410,913)         (410,913)         651,191           2,527,147         2,527,147         2,527,147





## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Commissioners Captiva Erosion Prevention District Captiva, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Captiva Erosion Prevention District (the "District"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 10, 2019.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mauldin & Jerkins, LLC

Bradenton, Florida April 10, 2019

## SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

#### SECTION I SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

<u>Financial Statements</u>	
Type of auditor's report issued	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weaknesses identified?	YesXNo
Significant deficiency identified not considered to be material weaknesses?	Yes X_ None reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes <u>X</u> No
Federal Awards Federal and State single audits were not required to be expenditures not exceeding the \$750,000 threshold.  SECTION II FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDING	
None reported.	
SECTION III FEDERAL AWARDS FINDINGS AND	QUESTIONED COSTS
None reported.	
SECTION IV STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR AU	DIT FINDINGS
None reported.	



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S MANAGEMENT LETTER

Board of Commissioners Captiva Erosion Prevention District Captiva, Florida

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the financial statements of the Captiva Erosion Prevention District (the "District") as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, and have issued our report thereon dated April 10, 2019.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*.

#### **Other Reporting Requirements**

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; Schedule of Findings and Responses; and Independent Accountant's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*. Disclosures in those reports and schedule, which are dated April 10, 2019, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

#### **Prior Audit Findings**

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding financial audit report. No audit findings were noted in the District's September 30, 2018, audit report.

#### **Official Title and Legal Authority**

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The Captiva Erosion Prevention District is an independent special district in Lee County, created by an act of the Florida Legislature in 1959. The District has no component units.

#### **Financial Condition and Management**

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.a., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the District has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), *Florida Statutes*, and to identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the District did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), *Florida Statutes*.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.c. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures. It is management's responsibility to monitor the District's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by the same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

#### **Additional Matters**

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

#### **Purpose of this Letter**

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, federal and other granting agencies, the Board of Commissioners and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Mauldin & Jerkins, LLC

Bradenton, Florida April 10, 2019



#### INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT

Board of Commissioners Captiva Erosion Prevention District Captiva, Florida

We have examined the Captiva Erosion Prevention District's (the "District") compliance with Section 218.415, *Florida Statutes*, regarding the investment of public funds during the year ended September 30, 2018. Management is responsible for the District's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the District complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the District complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgement, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2018.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the District and the Auditor General, State of Florida, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Mauldin & Jerkins, LLC

Bradenton, Florida April 10, 2019