

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2018 and 2017

CHILDREN'S BOARD OF HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY Tampa, Florida

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2018 and 2017

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Children's Board of Hillsborough County (the Children's Board), as of and for the years ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Children's Board's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Children's Board's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Children's Board's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Children's Board, as of September 30, 2018 and 2017, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matter

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, historical pension information and budgetary comparison schedule as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 14, 2019, on our consideration of the Children's Board internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Children's Board's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Crowe LLP

Crowne Llf

Tampa, Florida March 14, 2019

September 30, 2018 and 2017

The Children's Board of Hillsborough County's (the Children's Board) Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) provides a financial performance review that is designed to focus on the financial activities, resulting changes, and currently known facts for the fiscal year ended on September 30, 2018. Please read it in conjunction with the accompanying presented financial statements.

Financial Highlights

- The Hillsborough County ad valorem property tax base increased \$7 billion or 8.75 percent from fiscal year 2017 to 2018 because of the increase in property values. Total net ad valorem revenue increased \$3.1 million. The millage rate remained at .4589 mills per \$1,000 of property value.
- The overall change in revenue from fiscal year 2017 to 2018 was a net increase of \$4.0 million or 11.0% primarily due to the increase in ad valorem revenue and an increase in investment income due to an increase in the interest rate.
- Total program expenditures increased by \$1.4 million or 5% for fiscal year 2018, for a total of \$29.1 million (84% of total expenses).
- Governmental Fund balance increased \$5.7 million or 26.9 percent for fiscal year 2018. This was less than the budgeted amount of spend down of the fund balance as expenditures were under budget.

Using this Annual Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities on pages 12 and 14 provide information about the activities of the Children's Board as a whole and present a long-term view of the Children's Board's finances. Governmental Fund financial statements start on page 15. For governmental activities, these statements explain how the services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.

The Children's Board's basic financial statements provide users long-term and short-term information about the Children's Board's overall financial position. The Governmental Fund financial statements provide a current financial resource measurement focus using modified accrual accounting. The Government-Wide financial statements provide users an economic resource measurement focus based on full accrual accounting. The Government-Wide and Governmental Fund statement presentations allow the users to address relevant questions concerning the basis of comparison from year to year or government to government and the Children's Board's accountability.

September 30, 2018 and 2017

Overview of the Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the Children's Board activities in a way that helps to evaluate its economic and financial position. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the method of accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the Children's Board's net position and changes in it. Net Position is the difference between assets and liabilities. An increase in net position happens when revenue for the year exceeds expenditures.

In the Statement of Net Position (Table 1) and the Statement of Activities (Table 2) all of The Children's Board's services are considered governmental activities. Appropriation funding includes property taxes, state and federal grants and other local funding to finance these activities.

Table 1
Statement of Net Position:

	2018	2017	2016
Assets:			
Current and other Assets	\$ 14,983,615	\$ 14,148,395	\$ 13,671,422
Designated Assets	16,868,378	12,689,463	9,778,226
Capital Assets (net)	3,636,975	3,811,839	3,987,030
Total Assets	35,488,968	30,649,697	27,436,678
Deferred Outflows:			
Pensions	958,809	1,023,979	791,315
Liabilities:			
Current and Other Liabilities	7,776,662	8,472,534	8,078,348
Deferred Inflows:			
Pensions	368,336	299,453	249,871
Net Position:			
Invested in Capital Assets	3,636,975	3,811,839	3,987,030
Unrestricted	24,665,804	19,089,850	15,912,744
Total Net Position	\$ 28,302,779	\$ 22,901,689	\$ 19,899,774

Total Assets increased \$4.8 million and 15.8 percent because of the increase in Future Commitments. No appropriations will be encumbered in fiscal year 2019.

September 30, 2018 and 2017

Table 2
Statement of Activities:

	2018	2017	2016
Expenses:			
Program Expense	\$ 29,084,247	\$ 27,695,625	\$ 27,726,639
Operating and Non-Operating Expense	5,527,948	5,332,552	5,846,699
Depreciation Expense	174,864	175,191	205,014
Total Expenses	34,787,059	33,203,368	33,778,352
Revenues: Ad Valorem Taxes Investment Income	38,597,498 721,353	35,503,177 350,169	32,943,236 165,420
Other Funding	869,298	351,937	496,006
Total Revenues	40,188,149	36,205,283	33,604,662
Special Item: Proceeds from legal settlement Change in Net Position	5,401,090	3,001,915	280,000 106,310
Net Position - Beginning of Year Net Position - End of Year	22,901,689 \$ 28,302,779	19,899,774 \$ 22,901,689	19,793,464 \$ 19,899,774
Net i Ostion - Liiu Oi Teai	Ψ 20,302,113	Ψ ΖΖ,301,003	Ψ 13,033,114

The Statement of Activities shows the effect of capitalization of infrastructure and fixed assets and other nominal differences (Table 2) as time-related depreciable elements and expenses that the Governmental Fund (page 14) treats as expended in the period that the asset is acquired.

Total expenses increased \$1.6 million or 4.8 percent from fiscal year 2017 to fiscal year 2018. Operating and non-operating expenses increased \$0.2 million or 3.7 percent for the fiscal period.

Total revenues increased \$4.0 million over the prior year. Ad Valorem Taxes increased 8.7 percent due to an increase in property values. Investment Income increased 106% because of an increase in the interest rate. Other funding increased 147% due to an increase in ASO and Other Community Partner Funding.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

The Governmental Fund financial statements starting on page 15 focus on the individual parts of the Children's Board's activities and reports the Children's Board's operations in more detail than the Government-Wide statements.

The traditional users of government financial statements will find the Governmental Fund financial statement presentation more familiar. The Children's Board uses only one government fund category and does not have any proprietary or fiduciary funds activity.

September 30, 2018 and 2017

Governmental Fund – All of The Children's Board's services are reported in a governmental fund. This focuses on cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the Governmental Fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps the readers determine whether there are financial resources available to finance the Children's Board's basic services in the near future. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the Government-Wide financial statements, we describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and Governmental Fund in a reconciliation following the fund financial statements.

		<u> 2018</u>		<u>2017</u>		<u>2016</u>
Fund Balance:						
Nonspendable Fund Balance:						
Prepaid Expenditures	\$	26,100	\$	23,000	\$	79,040
Committed Fund Balance:						
Building and Capital Reserve		229,591		264,214		168,314
Minimal Operational Expenditures	2	,388,909	1	,968,474	•	1,822,764
Assigned Fund Balance:						
Future Commitments of Current Programs	14	,249,878	10	,456,775	7	7,787,148
Unassigned Fund Balance:						
Unassigned Funds	_10	,033,449		3,514,206		7,758,100
Total Fund Balance	<u>\$26</u>	5,927,927	<u>\$21</u>	,226,669	<u>\$17</u>	7,615,366

Summary of Balance Sheet

The Governmental Fund Balance Sheet on page 15 presents information on the Children's Board's assets and liabilities and the combined fund balance. The fund balance increased from \$21.2 million to \$26.9 million due to underspending in program funding.

The \$26.9 million fund balance at September 30, 2018 consists of non-spendable, committed, assigned and unassigned categories. The non-spendable fund balance includes \$26 thousand of prepaid expenditures. The committed fund balance includes the building and capital reserve and minimal operational expenditures for the first two months of each fiscal year totaling \$2.6 million. The assigned fund balance is for future commitments of current programs totaling \$14.2 million. The remaining \$10.0 million represents the unassigned fund balance, which is the remaining portion of the fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned which is available for general purposes.

September 30, 2018 and 2017

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

Total revenues from the Governmental Fund were \$40.2 million in FY 2018, a 10.2 percent increase from FY 2017. The ad-valorem tax revenues; the Children's Board's largest revenue source, was \$38.6 million. This was an 8.7 percent increase from FY 2017 because of the increase in property values. The millage rate remained at .4589.

Total expenditures for governmental activities were \$34.5 million, a 4.9 percent increase from FY 2017. This included \$4.3 million in operating expenditures, \$1.1 million in non-operating and \$29.1 million in program expenditures. The program expenditures included an overall 5 percent increase.

At year-end 2018, the Children's Board's general fund reported \$26.9 million in fund balance, which is an increase of \$5.7 million or 26.9 percent increase from fiscal year 2017.

Table 3
General Fund Budgetary Highlights:

	Original Budget 2018	Amended Budget 2018	Actual 2018
Revenues			
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 37,969,389	\$ 37,969,389	\$ 38,597,498
Investment Income	333,000	333,000	721,353
Other Funding	620,300	1,225,087	869,298
Total Revenues	38,922,689	39,527,476	40,188,149
Expenditures			
Personnel	3,621,749	3,672,136	3,532,206
Operational Expenses	960,813	965,213	807,666
Non-Operating Expenses	1,093,213	1,093,213	1,062,772
Program Expenses	33,615,126	34,165,126	29,084,247
Total Expenditures	39,290,901	39,895,688	34,486,891
Change to Fund Balance	\$ (368,212)	\$ (368,212)	\$ 5,701,258

General Fund Budget Comparison

Total revenues exceeded total expenditures by \$5.7 million in the general fund for fiscal year 2018 – as shown in Table 3.

Total Actual general fund revenues were \$.7 million and 1.7 percent more than the amended budgeted revenues for fiscal year 2018.

The actual expenditures were \$5.4 million below the budget amounts due to underspending in both operating and program budgets. Operating expenditures were under budget due to vacant positions throughout the year, and underspending in facility expenditures and contracted services. Unallocated funds through the competitive process and lapsed funds from contracts resulted in program expenditures being under budget for fiscal year 2018.

The Children's Board's general fund balance change of \$5.7 million reported (Table 3) differs from the amended general fund's budgeted fund balance change of (\$0.4) million. This is principally because of lower than anticipated program and operating expenditures.

September 30, 2018 and 2017

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The Children's Board has established a fixed asset amount of \$5,000 and greater as the threshold to recognize capitalized assets.

Table 4
Change in Capital Assets

Change in Capital Assets	Balance 09/30/17	Additions	Retirements/ Transfers	Balance 09/30/18
Non-depreciable assets:				
Land-Palm Avenue	\$ 1,082,724	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,082,724
Depreciable assets:				
Building-Palm Avenue	4,730,008	-	-	4,730,008
Improvements	155,638		-	155,638
Improvements other than building	414,711	-	-	414,711
Office Equipment	11,266		(5,386)	5,880
Office Furniture	39,806	-	-	39,806
Computer Equipment	40,369	-	(29,218)	11,151
	6,474,522	_	(34,604)	6,439,918
Less, accumulated depreciation:				
Building-Palm Avenue	2,115,364	157,667	-	2,273,031
Improvements	42,800	15,564	-	58,364
Improvements other than building	414,711	-	-	414,711
Office Equipment	9,633	1,633	5,386	5,880
Office Furniture	39,806	-	-	39,806
Computer Equipment	40,369	-	29,218	11,151
	2,662,683	174,864	34,604	2,802,943
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 3,811,839	\$ (174,864)	\$ -	\$ 3,636,975

September 30, 2018 and 2017

	Balance 09/30/16	Additions	Retirements/ Transfers	Balance 09/30/17
Non-depreciable assets:				
Land-Palm Avenue	\$ 1,082,724	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,082,724
Depreciable assets:				
Building-Palm Avenue	4,730,008	-	-	4,730,008
Improvements	155,638		-	155,638
Improvements other than building	414,711	-	-	414,711
Office Equipment	25,773		(14,507)	11,266
Office Furniture	39,806	-	-	39,806
Computer Equipment	40,369			40,369
	6,489,029	-	(14,507)	6,474,522
Less, accumulated depreciation:				
Building-Palm Avenue	1,957,697	157,667	-	2,115,364
Improvements	27,236	15,564	-	42,800
Improvements other than building	414,711	-	-	414,711
Office Equipment	22,180	1,960	14,507	9,633
Office Furniture	39,806	-	-	39,806
Computer Equipment	40,369	-	-	40,369
	2,501,999	175,191	14,507	2,662,683
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 3,987,030	\$ (175,191)	\$ -	\$ 3,811,839

Change in Capital Assets:

At the end of the fiscal year 2018, the Children's Board had \$6.4 Million invested in a variety of capital assets, remaining constant from fiscal year 2017.

Long Term Debt

At September 30, 2018, the Children's Board had \$2.83 million in long-term debt versus \$2.86 million at September 30, 2017, a net change of \$0.03 million and 1.1 percent. This obligation is comprised of compensatory vacation, sick leave and pension liabilities accrued. The net change consists of additions which occurred when additional leave was accrued, deletions which occurred when leaves were used and net post-employment benefits earned by employees during the year.

Section 125.901(3) (a) 6, Florida Statutes, (as it existed prior to October 1, 1990) states that the Children's Board has the power and duty to lease or buy such real estate, equipment, and personal property and to construct such buildings as are needed to execute the foregoing powers and duties, provided that no such purchases shall be made or building done except for cash with funds on hand.

More detail information on capital assets and long-term debt are provided in notes 3, 4, and 5 to the financial statements.

September 30, 2018 and 2017

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The Children's Board considered many factors when setting the fiscal year 2018 budget and millage rate. The Children's Board promotes the well-being of children and families by uniting community partners, investing in innovative opportunities, and leading the county in best practices—so the whole community can realize its full potential. The organization funds programs and services for children and families throughout Hillsborough County. The primary result of Children's Board funding is that children are healthy and have acquired the developmental foundations needed to succeed in school and in life.

The Children's Board strategically funds faith based and non-profit organizations for services, personnel, programs, and supports that are proven to improve the lives of children and families. The Children's Board also funds training, technical assistance, capacity building, neighborhood initiatives and advocacy activities to create positive community conditions that benefit children and families. The Children's Board identifies child, family, and community needs; determines the best programs and services to fund; selects and contracts with the best program/service providers; and monitors program performance. The Children's Board evaluates the impact of its programs and participates in service and systems planning. Staff support is provided for technical assistance and training to support providers.

The Hillsborough County Property Appraiser's Office reassessed Just Values for market value increases on the 2018 tax rolls presented to the taxing authorities. Accordingly, ad valorem revenues for the Children's Board are budgeted to increase by \$3.8 million for a total of \$41.6 million for fiscal year 2019 with a millage rate remaining at .4589.

The continuation of the Children's Board Strategic Investment plan and current economic conditions were considered when adopting the general fund budget for fiscal year 2019. The total budget for FY 2019 is \$47.7 million, a net increase of 21.4 percent over the final 2018 budget of \$39.3 million. The Children's Board will appropriate \$3.2 million from fund balance in fiscal year 2019.

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September 30, 2018 and 2017

Contacting the Children's Board's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the Children's Board's finances and to demonstrate the Children's Board's accountability for the money it receives.

If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact:

Tonia Williams, Director of Finance Children's Board of Hillsborough County 1002 E. Palm Avenue Tampa, FL 33605 Telephone (813) 229-2884 or visit the Children's Board's web site at www.childrensboard.org



CHILDREN'S BOARD OF HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION September 30, 2018 and 2017

	2018	2017
ASSETS		
Current Assets		
Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments (Note 2)	\$ 14,354,302	\$ 13,842,863
Receivables:		
Ad ValoremTaxes	252,730	225,694
Other	350,483	56,838
Total Receivables	603,213	282,532
Prepaid Expenses	26,100	23,000
Total Current Assets	14,983,615	14,148,395
Noncurrent Assets		
Designated Assets		
Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments (Note 2)		
Future Commitments	14,249,878	10,456,775
Minimum Operating Expenses	2,388,909	1,968,474
Building and Capital Reserve	229,591	264,214
Total Designated Assets	16,868,378	12,689,463
Capital Assets (Note 3)		
Land	1,082,724	1,082,724
Property and Equipment	5,357,194	5,391,798
	6,439,918	6,474,522
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(2,802,943)	(2,662,683)
Net Capital Assets	3,636,975	3,811,839
Total Assets	35,488,968	30,649,697
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pension	958,809	1,023,979

CHILDREN'S BOARD OF HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION September 30, 2018 and 2017

LIABILITIES		<u>2018</u>		<u>2017</u>
Current Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	\$	99,337	\$	145,190
Contracts Payable	•	4,706,657	•	5,357,453
Accrued Salaries, Wages and Benefits		117,955		108,416
Other Payables (Note 6)		23,779		2,275
Total Current Liabilities		4,947,728		5,613,334
Noncurrent Liabilities		_		_
Accrued Compensated Absences (Note 5)		313,790		311,482
Net Pension Liability		2,515,144		2,547,718
Total Liabilities		7,776,662		8,472,534
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Pension		368,336		299,453
NET POSITION		_		_
Net Investment in Capital Assets		3,636,975		3,811,839
Unrestricted		24,665,804		19,089,850
Total Net Position	\$	28,302,779	\$	22,901,689

CHILDREN'S BOARD OF HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES Years ended September 30, 2018 and 2017

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Expenses		
Program	\$ 29,084,247	\$ 27,695,625
Operating	4,465,176	4,349,897
Non-Operating	1,062,772	982,655
Unallocated Depreciation (Note 3)	174,864	175,191
Total Expenses	34,787,059	33,203,368
Revenues		
Ad Valorem Taxes	38,597,498	35,503,177
Investment Income	721,353	350,169
Revenue Maximization Funding	-	68,606
Administrative Services Organization Funding	511,185	91,997
Other Community Partner Funding	301,687	185,000
Miscellaneous Income	<u>56,426</u>	6,334
Total Revenues	40,188,149	36,205,283
Change in Net Position	5,401,090	3,001,915
	5, 15 1, 25 5	-,,
Net Position, Beginning of Year	22,901,689	19,899,774
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 28,302,779	\$ 22,901,689

CHILDREN'S BOARD OF HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY BALANCE SHEETS – GOVERNMENTAL FUND September 30, 2018 and 2017

ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments (Note 2) \$ 14,354,302 \$ 13,842	2,863
Receivables	
Ad Valorem Taxes 252,730 225	,694
Other 350,483 56	3,838
Prepaid Expenditures 26,100 23	3,000
Designated Assets	
Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments (Note 2)	
Future Commitments 14,249,878 10,456	3,775
Minimum Operational Expenditures 2,388,909 1,968	3,474
Building and Capital Reserve 229,591 264	l,214
Total Assets \$ 31,851,993 \$ 26,837	,858
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	
Liabilities	
Accounts Payable \$ 99,337 \$ 145	5,190
Contracts Payable 4,706,657 5,357	,453
Accrued Salaries, Wages and Benefits 117,955 108	3,416
Other Payables117	130
Total Liabilities 4,924,066 5,611	,189
FUND BALANCE	
Nonspendable Fund Balance	
•	3,000
Committed Fund Balance	
Building and Capital Reserve 229,591 264	1,214
Minimal Operational Expenditures 2,388,909 1,968	3,474
Assigned Fund Balance	
Future Commitments of Current Programs 14,249,878 10,456	3,775
Unassigned Fund Balance	
Unassigned Funds	,206
Total Fund Balance 26,927,927 21,226	6,669
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance \$31,851,993 \$26,837	,858

CHILDREN'S BOARD OF HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE TO THE STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION September 30, 2018 and 2017

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Total Governmental Fund Balance	\$26,927,927	\$21,226,669
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	3,636,975	3,811,839
Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	958,809 (368,336)	1,023,979 (299,453)
Some liabilities applicable to the Children's Board's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported as fund liabilities.		
Compensated absences Net pension liability	(337,452) (2,515,144)	(313,627) (2,547,718)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$28,302,779	\$22,901,689

CHILDREN'S BOARD OF HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – GOVERNMENTAL FUND

Years ended September 30, 2018 and 2017

		2018	2017
Operating Revenues			
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$	38,597,498	\$ 35,503,177
Investment Income		721,353	350,169
Revenue Maximization Funding		-	68,606
Administrative Services Organization		511,185	91,997
Other Community Partner Funding		301,687	185,000
Miscellaneous Income		56,426	286,334
Total Revenues		40,188,149	36,485,283
Expenditures			
Program			
Continuation and New Funding		29,084,247	 27,695,625
Total Program		29,084,247	 27,695,625
Operating			
Salaries		2,567,266	2,439,008
Employee Benefits		964,940	892,594
Contracted Professional Services		326,436	270,591
Facility Expenditures		244,469	385,468
Professional Development		35,097	40,189
Other Operating		201,664	 167,849
Total Operating		4,339,872	4,195,699
Non-Operating			
Local Government Fees		1,062,772	 982,656
Total Expenditures	_	34,486,891	 32,873,980
Net Change in Fund Balance		5,701,258	3,611,303
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		21,226,669	17,615,366
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	26,927,927	\$ 21,226,669

CHILDREN'S BOARD OF HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY RECONCILIATION OF STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUND TO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Years ended September 30, 2018 and 2017

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 5,701,258	\$ 3,611,303
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. These expenses are: Compensated Absences Pension Expense	(23,825) (101,479)	(27,029) (127,168)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeds depreciation in the current period.	(174,864)	(175,191)
Certain other reimbursements that do not provide current financial resources are not recognized as reimbursements in the governmental funds but are included in the statement of activities	 _	 (280,000)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 5,401,090	\$ 3,001,915

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organization and Reporting Entity: The Children's Board of Hillsborough County (the Children's Board) is authorized under section 125.901, Florida Statutes (Chapter 86-197, Laws of Florida). The Children's Board was established as an independent special district by the approval of county voters in 1988 and the effective date of the creation of the Children's Board was January 1, 1989. As authorized in Section 31 of Chapter 90-288, Laws of Florida, the Children's Board operates under the provisions of section 125.901, Florida Statutes, as they existed prior to October 1, 1990.

The mission of the Children's Board is: The Children's Board invests in partnerships and quality programs to support the success of all children and families in Hillsborough County.

The primary focus of the Children's Board investments in the community is to support programs that strive to ensure children are ready to learn, developmentally on track, healthy and in safe and stable environments.

The Children's Board is constantly surveying the community for the needs of children and families; reviewing local data and supporting programming that aligns with the Mission to meet those needs. Program investments are monitored and evaluated individually for performance and our focus areas are then analyzed for community impact.

The Children's Board funds training, technical assistance, capacity building, neighborhood initiatives and emerging community needs that were otherwise not anticipated. All of these funding streams blend together to create positive community conditions that benefit children and families.

The Children's Board has been determined to be an "Independent Special District" as described in Section 189.403, Florida Statutes, and is an "Other Stand-Alone Government" as defined by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) of the Financial Accounting Foundation Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*. An Other Stand-Alone Government does not have a separately elected governing body and does not meet the definition of a component unit of a primary government, as defined. The Children's Board is authorized to levy an ad valorem tax of up to one-half mil (\$.0005) on the taxable value of real and tangible personal property within the jurisdiction of its members. The Children's Board's ad valorem taxes are assessed as part of the annual assessment of Hillsborough County, which levies its taxes November 1 of each year. Collection of taxes is scheduled for November through the following March. Taxes become delinquent April 1 and tax certificates placing liens on the property are sold May 31.

The significant accounting policies followed are described below.

<u>Basis of Accounting and Presentation</u>: The financial statements of the Children's Board have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and reporting principles.

<u>Government-Wide Financial Statements</u>: The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information on all of the activities of the Children's Board as a whole.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This differs from the way governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Therefore, governmental fund financial statements include reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES (Continued)

Net position is reported as restricted when constraints placed on net asset use are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Governmental Fund Financial Statements</u>: The financial transactions of the Children's Board are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, liabilities, reserves, fund balance, revenues and expenditures/expenses.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Children's Board considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, expenditures related to compensated absences are recorded only when payment is due and executed.

In the fund financial statements, fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise of a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the Children's Board is bound to honor constraints on the specific purpose for which amounts in their fund can be spent. Fund balance is reported in five components – nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

Nonspendable – This component includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – This component consists of amounts that have constraints placed on them either externally by third-parties (creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments) or by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. As of September 30, 2018 and 2017, there are no restricted fund balances.

Committed – This component consists of amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Children's Board highest level of decision making authority, the Board of Directors. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Children's Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed previously to commit those amounts.

Assigned – This component consists of amounts that are constrained by the Children's Board intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The Executive Director has been given the authority to assign specific items of fund balance as expressed in the Children's Board Fund Balance Policy.

Unassigned – This classification represents amounts that have not been restricted, committed or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

In general, restricted funds are used first when an expenditure is incurred for the purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. For unrestricted fund balance, the order in which resources shall be spent is committed, assigned, and then unassigned.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES (Continued)

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Children's Board. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in other funds.

<u>Net Position</u>: Net Position presents the difference between assets and liabilities in the statements of net position. Net position is reported as restricted when there are legal limitations imposed on their use by laws or regulations of other governments or external restrictions by creditors or grantors. An unrestricted net position may be designated for specific purposes at the option of the Board of Directors. If restricted and unrestricted net positions are available for the same purpose, then the restricted position will be used before unrestricted position.

<u>Designated Assets</u>: Designated assets represent cash, cash equivalents, and investments committed or assigned by the Board of Directors or Executive Officers, for building and capital reserve, minimal operating expenditures, and future commitments. Committed assets are restricted for use by formal action of the Board. Assigned assets are those assets intended for a specific use by the executives of the Children's Board. As of September 30, 2018 and 2017 there are designated assets of \$16,868,378 and \$12,689,463, respectively.

<u>Accounting Pronouncements Adopted During the Year:</u> The following GASB pronouncements were adopted by the Children's Board during the year ended September 30, 2018. Adoption of these pronouncements did not have a material impact on the Children's Board financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions - This Statement establishes standards for recognizing and measuring liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expense/expenditures for OPEB plans. For defined benefit OPEB plans, this Statement identifies the methods and assumptions that are required to be used to project benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments to their actuarial present value, and attribute that present value to periods of employee service. The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017. The implementation of this pronouncement did not have a material impact on the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 85, *Omnibus 2017* - This Statement addresses practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This Statement addresses a variety of topics including issues related to blending component units, goodwill, fair value measurement and application, and postemployment benefits (pensions and OPEB). The provisions of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2017. The implementation of this pronouncement did not have a material impact on the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 86, Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues - This Statement improves consistency in accounting and financial reporting for in-substance defeasance of debt by providing guidance for transactions in which cash and other monetary assets acquired with only existing resources—resources other than the proceeds of refunding debt—are placed in an irrevocable trust for the sole purpose of extinguishing debt. This Statement also improves accounting and financial reporting for prepaid insurance on debt that is extinguished and notes to financial statements for debt that is defeased in substance. The implementation of this pronouncement did not have a material impact on the financial statements.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES (Continued)

<u>Tax-Exempt Status</u>: As a governmental unit, the Children's Board is generally exempt from federal and state income taxes.

<u>Estimates</u>: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the use of estimates that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. These estimates are based on management's knowledge and experience. Accordingly, actual results could differ from these estimates.

<u>Budgets</u>: A formal budget is adopted for the general fund on a GAAP basis and is used as a limitation on expenditures. The original version of the budget was approved by the Board of Directors of the Children's Board on August 24, 2017 and became effective on October 1, 2017. After final approval, no reductions or increases are permitted, except for adjustments in the administrative budget, without the approval of the Board of Directors. The Executive Director is permitted to change the category amounts within the administrative budget by 10% so long as the aggregate administrative budget is not increased. The Executive Director may, by approval of the funded agency, adjust the line items of program budgets of funded agencies, including transfer of funds between programs operated by the same agency, and provided such transfers do not increase the aggregate allocation to the agency approved by the Board. Appropriations lapse at yearend and budgetary control is at the fund level.

<u>Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments</u>: Cash consists of checking accounts, collectively designated as demand deposits. Cash deposits are carried at cost. The Children's Board considers all highly liquid debt instruments (including restricted assets) with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents. Cash equivalents are recorded at amortized cost, which approximates market value. The investments constitute the fair value of the shares in the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund for fiscal years 2018 and 2017.

<u>Capital Assets</u>: Capital assets with an original value of \$5,000 or more, and additions, improvements and other capital outlays having an original cost of \$5,000 or more that significantly extend the useful life are capitalized. Capital assets are accounted for in the government-wide statements, rather than in the fund financial statements. Routine maintenance, repairs, renewals and replacement costs are charged against operations.

Capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost was not available. Donated fixed assets are valued at their estimated fair value on the date donated.

The depreciation on assets, where disclosed, is provided using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	30 years
Improvements	7 years
Improvements other than building	10 years
Office equipment	5 years
Office furniture	7 years
Computer equipment	3 years

<u>Contracts Payable</u>: Contracts payable represents the Children's Board's liability to funded agencies for expenditures incurred under approved contracts which had not been paid by the Children's Board at year end.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES (Continued)

<u>Compensated Absences</u>: Following Hillsborough County's Civil Service Law and pursuant to the Rules of the Civil Service Board, full-time, classified, permanent employees earn a paid vacation of two calendar weeks (10 working days) a year, increasing on a graduated scale to a maximum period of four calendar weeks (20 working days) after 15 years of service. Unclassified employees earn a paid vacation of three calendar weeks (15 working days) a year increasing on a graduated scale to a maximum period of six calendar weeks (30 working days) after 15 years of service.

Prior to February 2, 1997, all employees could accrue vacation without limit for use during the period of active employment, but payments of unused vacation for classified employees generally were limited to two times the number of days that the employee was entitled to accrue on an annual basis. However, effective on February 2, 1997, payments for unused annual leave are now subject to a limit of 320 hours or the employee's balance of accrued leave before February 2, 1997, whichever is greater.

In accordance with Statement No. 16 of GASB, *Accounting for Compensated Absences*, the compensated absences liability represents an accrual for vacation and sick leave and is calculated based on the pay or salary rates in effect at the balance sheet date. Additionally, accruals have been made for salary-related payments associated with the payment of compensated absences, using the rates in effect at the balance sheet date. The salary-related payments subject to this accrual are those items for which an employer is liable to make a payment directly and incrementally associated with payments made for compensated absences on termination. Accordingly, the Children's Board has recognized 7.65% of the compensated absences liability, representing its share of the Social Security and Medicare taxes. An accrual is also made for the pension cost related to Florida Retirement Service and the ICMA 457 Plan for compensated absence calculations.

<u>Pensions</u>: For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the plan net position of the Florida Retirement System (FRS or the System) and additions to/deductions from FRS' plan net position has been determined on the same basis as they are reported by FRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES (Continued)

<u>Property Taxes</u>: Property tax collections are governed by Chapter 197, Florida Statutes. The Hillsborough County Tax Collector bills and collects all property taxes levied within the County. Discounts of 4, 3, 2, and 1% are allowed for early payment in November, December, January, and February, respectively. The Tax Collector remits collected taxes at least monthly to the Children's Board. The Children's Board recognizes property tax revenue as it is received at the government-wide level and at the government fund level. As such, the Children's Board does not reserve an amount for an allowance for doubtful accounts. The calendar of events is as follows:

January 1 Property taxes are based on assessed value at this date as determined

by the Hillsborough County Property Appraiser.

July 1 Assessment roll approved by the state.

September 27 Millage resolution approved by the Board of Directors

October 1 Beginning of fiscal year for which taxes have been levied.

November 1 Property taxes due and payable.

November 30 Last day for 4% maximum discount.

April 1 Unpaid property taxes become delinquent.

May 15 Tax certificates are sold by the Hillsborough County Tax Collector. This is the first

lien date on the properties.

NOTE 2 - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

At September 30, 2018, the bank balance of the Children's Board deposits was \$727,485 and the book balance was \$684,994. At September 30, 2017, the bank balance of the Children's Board deposits was \$1,752,055, and the book balance was \$1,709,248. The difference between the Children's Board book amount and bank amount is due to outstanding checks in its demand deposit accounts.

Of the September 30, 2018 Children's Board bank balances, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance (FDIC). Of the September 30, 2017 bank balances, \$250,000 was covered by FDIC. The State of Florida collateral pool is a multiple financial institution pool with the ability to assess its members for collateral shortfalls if its member institution fails. Required collateral is defined under Chapter 280 of the Florida Statutes, Security for Public Deposits.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits</u>: Custodial risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the Children's Board's deposits may not be returned to it. Florida Statutes require deposits by governmental units in a financial institution be collateralized. The State of Florida maintains control over the collateral requirements and authorizes certain financial institutions to act as depositories for governmental units. The Children's Board maintains all accounts in financial institutions approved by the State of Florida.

NOTE 2 - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Investments: The investment policy of the Children's Board is established in accordance with Florida Statutes Section 218.415, the Statutory Investment Policy Method. The objective of the investment policy is to ensure protection of principal, provide adequate liquidity and earn a competitive market rate of return. Florida Statutes also authorizes the Children's Board to invest excess funds in the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund Investment Pool (Florida PRIME) administered by the State Board of Administration under the regulatory local government oversight of the State of Florida. The balance in that account on September 30, 2018 and September 30, 2017 was \$30,537,686 and \$24,823,078, respectively. Both of these types of investments are classified as Cash Equivalents on the Statement of Net Position and Balance Sheet due to the nature of the underlying securities and their corresponding liquidity. The Children's Board continues to monitor the economic environment in order to identify other investment options to maximize attainment of the investment policy objectives.

For fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, the Children's Board utilized a Public Funds Non-Interest-Bearing Checking account, with Wells Fargo Bank, for all banking transactions. The Children's Board also invested short term surplus funds in the Florida PRIME.

At September 30, 2018, the Children's Board's investments, with their corresponding ratings from Standard & Poor's, were as follows:

Local Government

Cumbin Funda Truck Fund	<u>Amount</u>	Credit Rating
Surplus Funds Trust Fund Florida PRIME	\$ 30,537,686	AAAm
Concentration of Credit Risk Issuer	Amount	% of Portfolio
Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund Florida PRIME	\$ 30,537,686	100%

NOTE 2 - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

For fiscal year ended September 30, 2017, the Children's Board utilized a Public Funds Non-Interest-Bearing Checking account, with Wells Fargo Bank, for all banking transactions. The Children's Board also invested short term surplus funds in the Florida PRIME.

At September 30, 2017, the Children's Board's investments, with their corresponding ratings from Standard & Poor's, were as follows:

Investment Type	<u>Fair Value</u>	Credit Rating
Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund Florida Prime	\$ 24,823,078	AAAm
Concentration of Credit Risk Issuer	Amount	% of Portfolio
Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund Florida PRIME	\$ 24,823,078	100%

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u>: The Children's Board places no limit on the amount they may invest in any one issuer. The majority of the Board's investments are in the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund Florida PRIME account.

<u>Investment Rate Risk:</u> As a means of limiting its exposure to fair market value losses arising from interest rates, the Children's Board's investment policy is structured to provide sufficient liquidity to pay obligations as they come due. All of the Children's Board's investment portfolios were intended to have maturities of less than one year.

<u>Withdrawal Limitations:</u> As of September 30, 2018 and 2017, there were no redemption fees or maximum transaction amounts, or any other requirements that served to limit the Children's Board's daily access to 100 percent the account balance held at the Florida Prime.

As of September 30, 2018, the Children's Board has the following investments and maturities:

Surplus Funds Trust Fund Florida PRIME

Investment Type	Fair Value	Less than 1	nvestment	Maturities 3 - 5	(in Years) 5 - 10	10 20
<u>Investment Type</u>	<u>rali value</u>	Less man i	<u>1 - 3</u>	<u>3 - 3</u>	<u>3 - 10</u>	<u>10 - 20</u>
Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund Florida PRIME	\$ 30,537,686	\$ 30,537,686	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
As of September 30, 2017, th	e Children's Boar	d had the follow	ing investm	ents and	maturities:	
		lr	nvestment I	Maturities	(in Years)	
Investment Type	Fair Value	Less than 1	<u>1 - 3</u>	<u>3 - 5</u>	<u>5 - 10</u>	<u>10 - 20</u>
Local Government						

(Continued)

\$

\$

\$ 24,823,078 \$ 24,823,078

\$

NOTE 2 - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Cash and cash equivalents are reported in the accompanying statements of net position as follows:

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Current assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 14,354,302	\$ 13,842,863
Designated assets Cash and cash equivalents	16,868,378	12,689,463
	\$ 31,222,680	<u>\$ 26,532,326</u>

The statement of net position classifications are summarized by investment categories as follows:

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Cash	\$ 684,994	\$ 1,709,248
Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Florida PRIME	30,537,686	24,823,078
	<u>\$ 31,222,680</u>	\$ 26,532,326

NOTE 3 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets of the Children's Board as of September 30, 2018 and 2017 consisted of the following:

		Balance <u>9/30/17</u>	Additions	F	Retirements/ <u>Transfers</u>	Balance <u>9/30/18</u>
Non-depreciable assets						
Land-Palm Ave	\$	1,082,724	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 1,082,724
Depreciable assets						
Building-Palm Ave		4,730,008	-		-	4,730,008
Improvements		155,638	-		-	155,638
Improvements other						
than building		414,711	-		-	414,711
Office equipment		11,266	-		(5,386)	5,880
Office furniture		39,806	-		-	39,806
Computer equipment		40,369	 <u> </u>		(29,218)	 11,151
		6,474,522	 		(34,604)	 6,439,918
Less accumulated depreciation	n					
Building-Palm Ave		2,115,364	157,667		-	2,273,031
Improvements		42,800	15,564		-	58,364
Improvements other						
than building		414,711	-		-	414,711
Office equipment		9,633	1,633		(5,386)	5,880
Office furniture		39,806	-		· -	39,806
Computer equipment		40,369	-		(29,218)	11,151
		2,662,683	174,864		(34,604)	2,802,943
			 			
Net capital assets	\$	3,811,839	\$ (174,864)	\$	<u> </u>	\$ 3,636,975

NOTE 3 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

		Balance <u>9/30/16</u>		<u>Additions</u>	R	etirements/ <u>Transfers</u>		Balance <u>9/30/17</u>
Non-depreciable assets								
Land-Palm Ave	\$	1,082,724	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,082,724
Depreciable assets								
Building-Palm Ave		4,730,008		=		-		4,730,008
Improvements		155,638		-		-		155,638
Improvements other								
than building		414,711		-		-		414,711
Office equipment		25,773		-		(14,507)		11,266
Office furniture		39,806		-		-		39,806
Computer equipment		40,369				_		40,369
		6,489,029				(14,507)		6,474,522
Less accumulated depreciation	า							
Building-Palm Ave		1,957,697		157,666		-		2,115,364
Improvements		27,236		15,564		-		42,800
Improvements other								
than building		414,711		-		-		414,711
Office equipment		22,180		1,960		14,507		9,633
Office furniture		39,806		-		-		39,806
Computer equipment		40,369		-		-		40,369
	_	2,501,999	_	175,191		14,507	_	2,662,683
Net capital assets	\$	3,987,030	\$	(175,191)	\$	_	\$	3,811,839

Depreciation expense during the year ended September 30, 2018 and 2017 was \$174,864 and \$175,191, respectively. These amounts are included in depreciation in the accompanying Government-wide statement of activities and changes in net position.

NOTE 4 - EMPLOYEE DEFERRED COMPENSATION AND RETIREMENT PLANS

All of the Children's Board's employees participate in the Florida Retirement System (FRS). As provided by Chapters 121 and 112, Florida Statutes, the FRS provides two cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit plans administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, including the Pension Plan and the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS Plan). Under Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, the FRS also provides a defined contribution plan (Investment Plan) alternative to the Pension Plan, which is administered by the State Board of Administration (SBA). As a general rule, membership in the FRS is compulsory for all employees working in a regularly established position for a state agency, county government, district school board, state university, community college, or a participating city or special district within the State of Florida. The FRS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The Florida Legislature establishes and may amend the contribution requirements and benefit terms of all FRS plans. The plan administrator for FRS prepares and publishes its own stand-alone comprehensive annual financial report, including financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of this report can be obtained from the Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, Bureau of Research and Member Communications, P.O. Box 9000, Tallahassee, Florida 32315-9000; or at the Division's website (www.frs.myflorida.com).

NOTE 4 - EMPLOYEE DEFERRED COMPENSATION AND RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Pension Plan

Plan Description - The Pension Plan is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, with a Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) for eligible employees. The general classes of membership for the Children's Board are as follows: • Regular Class - Members of the FRS who do not qualify for membership in the other classes • Senior Management Service Class (SMSC) - Members in senior management level positions. Employees enrolled in the Pension Plan prior to July 1, 2011, vest after six years of creditable service, and employees enrolled in the Pension Plan on or after July 1, 2011, vest after eight years of creditable service. Regular Class and SMSC members initially enrolled in the Pension Plan before July 1, 2011, once vested, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 62 or at any age after 30 years of creditable service. Members in these classes initially enrolled in the Pension Plan on or after July 1, 2011, once vested, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 65 or any time after 33 years of creditable service. Early retirement may be taken any time after vesting within 20 years of normal retirement age; however, there is a 5.0% benefit reduction for each year prior to the normal retirement age.

DROP is available under the Pension Plan when the member first reaches eligibility for normal retirement. The DROP allows a member to retire while continuing employment for up to 60 months. While in the DROP, the member's retirement benefits accumulate in the FRS Trust Fund increased by a cost-of-living adjustment each July, and earn monthly interest equivalent to an annual rate of 1.30%. DROP participants with an effective DROP commencement date before July 1, 2011, earn monthly interest equivalent to an annual rate of 6.50%

Benefits Provided - Benefits under the Pension Plan are computed on the basis of age and/or years of service, average final compensation, and service credit. Credit for each year of service is expressed as a percentage of the average final compensation. For members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the five highest fiscal years' earnings; for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the eight highest fiscal years' earnings. The total percentage value of the benefit received is determined by calculating the total value of all service, which is based on the retirement plan and/or class to which the member belonged when the service credit was earned.

The following chart shows the percentage value for each year of service credit earned.

	% Value (Per Year
Class, Initial Enrollment, and Retirement Age/Years of Service	of Service)
Regular Class Members Initially Enrolled Before July, 1, 2011	
Retirement up to age 62 or up to 30 years of service	1.60%
Retirement up to age 63 or up to 31 years of service	1.63%
Retirement up to age 64 or up to 32 years of service	1.65%
Retirement up to age 65 or up to 33 years of service	1.68%
Regular Class Members Initially Enrolled On or After July, 1, 2011	
Retirement up to age 65 or up to 33 years of service	1.60%
Retirement up to age 66 or up to 34 years of service	1.63%
Retirement up to age 66 or up to 35 years of service	1.65%
Retirement up to age 67 or up to 36 years of service	1.68%
Senior Management Service Class	2.00%

NOTE 4 - EMPLOYEE DEFERRED COMPENSATION AND RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

The benefits received by retirees and beneficiaries are increased by a cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) each July. If the member was initially enrolled in the Pension Plan before July 1, 2011, and all service credit was accrued before that time, the annual COLA is 3.0% per year. The annual COLA for retirees with an effective retirement date or DROP date beginning on or after August 1, 2011, who were initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, is a proportion of 3.0% determined by dividing the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by 3.0%. Pension Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will not have a COLA after retirement.

Contributions - Effective July 1, 2011, all enrolled members of the Pension Plan, other than DROP participants, are required to contribute 3.0% of their salary to the Pension Plan. In addition to member contributions, governmental employers are required to make contributions to the Pension Plan based on state-wide contribution rates established by the Florida Legislature. These rates are updated as of July 1 of each year.

The employer contribution rates by job class for the periods from July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2018 and from July 1, 2018 through September 30, 2018, respectively, were as follows: Regular -6.20% and 6.54%, Senior Management Service - 20.99% and 22.34% and DROP participants 11.60% and 12.37%. The employer contribution rates by job class for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2017 were as follows: Regular -5.80%, Senior Management Service -20.05% and DROP participants 11.33%. These employer contribution rates do not include the HIS Plan contribution rate and the administrative cost assessment.

For the fiscal years ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, contributions, including employee contributions of \$61,268 and \$56,270, to the Pension Plan for the Children's Board totaled \$198,256 and \$186,117, respectively.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - At September 30, 2018 and 2017, the Children's Board reported liabilities of \$1,696,530 and \$1,703,114, respectively, for its proportionate share of the Pension Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by actuarial valuations as of July 1, 2018 and July 1, 2017. The Children's Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on its share of the Children's Board's 2017-2018 and 2016-2017 fiscal year contributions relative to the 2017-2018 and 2016-2017 fiscal year contributions of all participating members. At June 30, 2018, the Children's Board's proportionate share was 0.005632472%, which was a decrease of 0.000125312% from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2017. At June 30, 2017, the Children's Board's proportionate share was 0.005757784%, which was an increase of 0.000341902% from its proportionate share measured at June 30, 2016.

For the fiscal years ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, the Children's Board recognized pension expense of \$100,405 and \$118,399, respectively. In addition, the Children's Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Pension Plan from the following sources:

NOTE 4 - EMPLOYEE DEFERRED COMPENSATION AND RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

As of September 30, 2018		erred Outflow Resources		erred Inflow Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience Change of assumptions	\$	143,722 554,343	\$	5,216 -
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between Children's		-		131,078
Board contributions and proportionate share of contributions Children's Board contributions subsequent to the		40,067		64,236
measurement date		40,335		-
Total	\$	778,467	\$	200,530
As of September 30, 2017		erred Outflow Resources		erred Inflow Resources
As of September 30, 2017 Difference between expected and actual experience Change of assumptions				
Difference between expected and actual experience Change of assumptions Net differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	of	Resources 156,305	of F	Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience Change of assumptions Net differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between Children's Board contributions and proportionate share of contributions	of	Resources 156,305	of F	Resources 9,434 -
Difference between expected and actual experience Change of assumptions Net differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between Children's	of	Resources 156,305 572,367	of F	9,434 - 42,207

The deferred outflows of resources as of September 30, 2018 related to the Pension Plan for the Children's Board resulting from contributions to the Plan subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending September 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Pension Plan will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended September 30:	
2019	\$ 191,657
2020	144,098
2021	24,399
2022	103,066
2023	65,956
Thereafter	 8,426
Totals	\$ 537,602

NOTE 4 - EMPLOYEE DEFERRED COMPENSATION AND RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - The total pension liability in the June 30, 2018 and 2017 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation 2.60%

Salary Increases 3.25% average, including inflation

Investment Rate of Return 7.00%, net of pension plan investment expense,

including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the Generational RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB tables.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2018 and 2017 valuations were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2013. Assumption changes adopted by the FRS Assumptions Conference were incorporated into the July 1, 2018 valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on Pension Plan investments was not based on historical returns, but instead was based on a forward-looking capital market economic model. The allocation policy's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic and geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

As of September 30, 2018:

		Annual Arithmetic	Compunt Annual	
Asset Class	Target Allocation*	Return	(Geometric) Return	Standard Deviation
Cash	1.00%	2.90%	2.90%	1.80%
Fixed Income	18.00%	4.40%	4.30%	4.00%
Global Equity	54.00%	7.60%	6.30%	17.00%
Real Estate (Property)	11.00%	6.60%	6.00%	11.30%
Private Equity	10.00%	10.70%	7.80%	26.50%
Strategic Investment	6.00%	6.00%	5.70%	8.60%
Total	100.00%			
Assumed Inflation - Mean			2.60%	1.90%
As of September 30, 2017:				
		Annual Arithmetic	Compunt Annual	
Asset Class	Target Allocation*	Return	(Geometric) Return	Standard Deviation
Cash	1.00%	3.00%	3.00%	1.80%
Fixed Income	18.00%	4.50%	4.40%	4.20%
Global Equity	53.00%	7.80%	6.60%	17.00%
Real Estate (Property)	10.00%	6.60%	5.90%	12.80%
Private Equity	6.00%	11.50%	7.80%	30.00%
Strategic Investment	12.00%	6.10%	5.60%	9.70%
Total	100.00%			
Assumed Inflation - Mean			2.60%	1.90%
			2.0070	1.3070

NOTE 4 - EMPLOYEE DEFERRED COMPENSATION AND RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability as of July 1, 2018 and 2017 was 7.00% and 7.10%, respectively. The Pension Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Position Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following represents the Children's Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00% and 7.10%, respectively, as of June 30, 2018 and 2017, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	Current Discount						
	19	6 Decrease	Rate			1% Increase	
As of June 30, 2018		6.00%	7.00%			8.00%	
Proportional Share of the Net							
Pension Liability	\$	3,096,238	\$	1,696,530	\$	533,989	
	Current Discount						
	19	6 Decrease	Rate			1% Increase	
As of June 30, 2017	6.10%		7.10%		8.10%		
Proportional Share of the Net							
Pension Liability	\$	3,082,533	\$	1,703,114	\$	557,880	

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Detailed information regarding the Pension Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State-Administered Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Payables to the Pension Plan - At September 30, 2018 and 2017, the Children's Board reported no payables outstanding for contributions to the Pension Plan required for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2018 and 2017.

HIS Plan

Plan Description - The HIS Plan is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established under Section 112.363, Florida Statutes, and may be amended by the Florida Legislature at any time. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of State-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs and is administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement.

Benefits Provided - For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment of \$5 for each year of creditable service completed at the time of retirement, with a minimum HIS payment of \$30 and a maximum HIS payment of \$150 per month. To be eligible to receive these benefits, a retiree under a State-administered retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which may include Medicare.

NOTE 4 - EMPLOYEE DEFERRED COMPENSATION AND RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Contributions - The HIS Plan is funded by required contributions from FRS participating employers as set by the Florida Legislature. Employer contributions are a percentage of gross compensation for all active FRS members. The employer contribution rates for the periods from July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2018 and from July 1, 2018 through September 30, 2018 were 1.66%. The employer contribution rate for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2017 was 1.66%. HIS Plan contributions are deposited in a separate trust fund from which payments are authorized. HIS Plan benefits are not guaranteed and are subject to annual legislative appropriation. In the event legislative appropriation or available funds fail to provide full subsidy benefits to all participants, benefits may be reduced or cancelled.

For the fiscal years ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, contributions to the HIS Plan for the Children's Board totaled \$41,935 and \$41,796, respectively.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - At September 30, 2018 and 2017, the Children's Board reported liabilities of \$818,614 and \$844,604 respectively, for its proportionate share of the HIS Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability measured as of June 30, 2018 and 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by actuarial valuations as of July 1, 2017. Liabilities originally calculated as of the actuarial valuation date have been recalculated as of June 30, 2018 using a standard actuarial roll-forward technique. The Children's Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on its share of the 2017-2018 and 2016-2017 fiscal year contributions of all participating members. At June 30, 2018, the Children's Board's proportionate share was 0.007734370%, which was a decrease of 0.000164693% from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2017. At June 30, 2017, the Children's Board's proportionate share was 0.007899063%, which was an increase of 0.000434596% from its proportionate share measured at June 30, 2016.

For the fiscal years ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, the Children's Board recognized pension expense of \$1,074 and \$8,769, respectively. In addition, the Children's Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the HIS Plan from the following sources:

As of September 30, 2018	Deferred Outflow of Resources		Deferred Inflow of Resources	
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	12,533	\$	1,391
Change of assumptions		91,040		86,551
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on				
pension plan investments		494		-
Changes in proportion and differences between Children's				
Board contributions and proportionate share of contributions		66,344		79,864
Children's Board contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date		9,931		_
Total	\$	180,342	\$	167,806

NOTE 4 - EMPLOYEE DEFERRED COMPENSATION AND RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

As of September 30, 2017	Deferred Outflow of Resources		 erred Inflow Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$ 1,759
Change of assumptions		118,722	73,034
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on			
pension plan investments		468	-
Changes in proportion and differences between Children's			
Board contributions and proportionate share of contributions		81,093	95,269
Children's Board contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date		9,379	-
Total	\$	209,662	\$ 170,062

The deferred outflows of resources as of September 30, 2018 related to the HIS Plan resulting from contributions to the HIS Plan subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending September 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the HIS Plan will be recognized in pension expense as follows (dollars in thousands):

Year ended September 30:	
2019	\$ (6,077)
2020	(6,119)
2021	14,339
2022	12,960
2023	(5,881)
Thereafter	 (6,617)
Totals	\$ 2,605

Actuarial Assumptions - Actuarial valuations for the HIS plan are conducted biennially. The July 1, 2017 HIS valuation is the most recent actuarial valuation and was used to develop the liabilities for June 30, 2018. Liabilities originally calculated as of the actuarial valuation date have been recalculated as of June 30, 2018 using a standard actuarial roll-forward technique. The total pension liabilities as of June 30, 2018 and 2017 were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation 2.60%

Salary Increases 3.25% average, including inflation

Investment Rate of Return 3.87% in 2018 and 3.58% in 2017, net of pension plan

investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the Generational RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB tables.

The actuarial assumptions that determined the total pension liability as of June 30, 2018 were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2013.

NOTE 4 - EMPLOYEE DEFERRED COMPENSATION AND RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability at June 30, 2018 and 2017 was 3.87% and 3.58%, respectively. In general, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the single rate equivalent to discounting at the long-term expected rate of return for benefit payments prior to the projected depletion date. Because the HIS benefit is essentially funded on a pay-asyou-go basis, the depletion date is considered to be immediate, and the single equivalent discount rate is equal to the municipal bond rate selected by the HIS Plan sponsor. The Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index was adopted as the applicable municipal bond index. The discount rate used in the 2017 valuation was updated from 3.58% to 3.87%, reflecting the change in the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index as of June 30, 2018.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Position Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following represents the Children's Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated as of June 30, 2018 and 2017 using the discount rate of 3.87% and 3.58%, respectively, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.87% and 2.58%) or one percentage point higher (4.87% and 4.58%) than the current rate:

	Current Discount									
	1%	1% Decrease		1% Decrease Rate		Rate		1% Increase		
As of June 30, 2018	2.87%		2.87%		3.87%			4.87%		
Proportional Share of the Net										
Pension Liability	\$	932,354	\$	818,614	\$	723,806				
	Current Discount									
	1% Decrease			Rate		1% Increase				
As of June 30, 2017	2.58%		2.58%		2.58% 3.58%		3.58%			4.58%
Proportional Share of the Net										
Pension Liability	\$	963,805	\$	844,604	\$	745,316				

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Detailed information regarding the HIS Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State-Administered Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Payables to the HIS Plan - At September 30, 2018 and 2017, the Children's Board reported no payables outstanding for contributions to the HIS plan required for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2018 and 2017.

The aggregate net pension liability, deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, deferred outflows or resources related to pensions, and pension expense for the Children's Board as of September 30, 2018 are as follows:

As of September 30, 2018		FRS		HIS	Total		
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	\$	778,467	\$	180,342	\$	958,809	
Net pension liability		1,696,530		818,614		2,515,144	
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions		200,530		167,806		368,336	
Pension expense		100,405		1,074		101,479	

(Continued)

NOTE 4 - EMPLOYEE DEFERRED COMPENSATION AND RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

As of September 30, 2017	FRS		HIS		Total	
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	\$	814,317	\$	209,662	\$	1,023,979
Net pension liability		1,703,114		844,604		2,547,718
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions		129,391		170,062		299,453
Pension expense		118,399		8,769		127,168

Investment Plan

The SBA administers the defined contribution plan officially titled the FRS Investment Plan. The Investment Plan is reported in the SBA's annual financial statements and in the State of Florida Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

As provided in Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of the defined benefit pension plan. Children's Board employees participating in DROP are not eligible to participate in the Investment Plan. Employer and employee contributions, including amounts contributed to individual member's accounts, are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Investment Plan are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Investment Plan is funded with the same employer and employee contribution rates that are based on salary and membership class as the Pension Plan. Contributions are directed to individual member accounts, and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. Costs of administering the Investment Plan, including the FRS Financial Guidance Program, are funded through an employer contribution of 0.06% through June 30, 2018 and 0.06% starting July 1, 2018, of payroll and by forfeited benefits of plan members. Effective July 1, 2012, allocations to the investment member's accounts, as established by Section 121.72, Florida Statutes, are based on a percentage of gross compensation, by class, as follows: Regular class 6.30% and Senior Management Service class 7.67%.

For all membership classes, employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and are vested after one year of service for employer contributions and investment earnings. If an accumulated benefit obligation for service credit originally earned under the Pension Plan is transferred to the Investment Plan, the member must have the years of service required for Pension Plan vesting (including the service credit represented by the transferred funds) to be vested for these funds and the earnings on the funds. Nonvested employer contributions are placed in a suspense account for up to five years. If the employee returns to FRS-covered employment within the five-year period, the employee will regain control over their account. If the employee does not return within the five-year period, the employee will forfeit the accumulated account balance. For the fiscal years ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, the information for the amount of forfeitures was unavailable from the SBA; however, management believes that these amounts, if any, would be immaterial to the Children's Board.

After termination and applying to receive benefits, the member may rollover vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the Investment Plan, receive a lump-sum distribution, leave the funds invested for future distribution, or any combination of these options. Disability coverage is provided; the member may either transfer the account balance to the Pension Plan when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the Pension Plan, or remain in the Investment Plan and rely upon that account balance for retirement income.

The Investment Plan pension expense for the Children's Board totaled \$56,990 and \$58,283 respectively for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2018 and 2017.

(Continued)

NOTE 4 - EMPLOYEE DEFERRED COMPENSATION AND RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Payables to the Investment Plan - At September 30, 2018 and 2017, the Children's Board reported no payables outstanding for contributions to the Investment Plan required for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2018 and 2017.

Deferred Compensation Plan

The Children's Board offers its permanent employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code 457. The International City Managers Association (ICMA) administers the plan. The plan is available to all permanent employees, which allows a deferral of a portion of their wages until future years. The Children's Board contributes 1.5% of compensation. A distribution from the deferred compensation plan to an employee is allowed at termination of employment, retirement, death, or under certain emergencies. Vesting is simultaneous with the contribution. Employees are allowed to contribute on a pre-tax basis not to exceed amounts dictated by U.S. Treasury Regulations. Employer contributions during the years ended September 30, 2018 and 2017 were \$38,064 and \$36,233, respectively.

Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions

The Children's Board participates in Hillsborough County, Florida's health system (Health Plan) which provides for a postemployment health benefit subsidy. The subsidy is funded by a \$20 per employee per month employer contribution during active service. The Children's Board implemented GASB Statement 75 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions" for FY 2018. The OPEB liability and/or revenue and expense associated with the Children's Board's participation in the Health Plan along with the related disclosures and required supplementary information are not considered material to the Children's Board financial statements. For FY 2018 and FY 2017, the Children's Board's funding to the Health Plan related to the subsidy was \$7,120 and \$6,180, respectively. The Health Plan does not issue separate financials statements. Refer to the Hillsborough County, Florida's financial statements for more information on the Health Plan.

NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term liability activity for the years ended September 30, 2018 and 2017 is comprised of the following for accrued compensated absences:

	Balance <u>09/30/2017</u>	Additions	Reductions	Balance 09/30/2018
Accrued annual leave Accrued sick leave Net pension liability	\$ 229,017 84,610 2,547,718	\$ 177,461 77,423 385,981	\$ (160,612) (70,447) (418,555)	\$ 245,866 91,586 2,515,144
	<u>\$ 2,861,345</u>	\$ 640,865	\$ (649,614)	\$ 2,852,596

NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

	Balance <u>09/30/2016</u>	Additions	Reductions	Balance <u>09/30/2017</u>
Accrued annual leave Accrued sick leave Net pension liability	\$ 209,654 76,945 2,237,467	\$ 164,712 69,307 	\$ (145,349) (61,642) (697,920)	\$ 229,017 84,610 2,547,718
	\$ 2,524,066	\$ 1,242,190	<u>\$ (904,911)</u>	\$ 2,861,345

The current portion of the above long-term liabilities for accrued annual leave and sick leave was \$23,662 and \$2,145 for September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

NOTE 6 - OTHER LIABILITIES

Other Short-Term liabilities activity for the year ended September 30, 2017 and 2016 is comprised of the following:

	<u>09</u>	09/30/2018		
Other liabilities	\$	117	\$	130
Current portion of accrued compensated absences		23,662		2,145
Total other liabilities	\$	23,779	\$	2,275

NOTE 7 - FUND BALANCE

By resolution of the Board of Directors of the Children's Board the following have been internally reserved:

	<u>2018</u>			<u>2017</u>
Fund balances				
Nonspendable fund balance				
Prepaid expenditures	\$	26,100	\$	23,000
Committed fund balance				
Building and capital reserve		229,591		264,214
Minimal operational expenditures		2,388,909		1,968,474
Assigned fund balance				
Future commitments of				
current programs	•	14,249,878	1	10,456,775
Unassigned fund balance				
Unassigned funds	_	<u>10,033,449</u>		8,514,206
Total fund balance	\$ 2	26,927,927	\$ 2	21,226,669

NOTE 8 - ENCUMBRANCES

Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. There are no encumbrances from fiscal year 2018 or fiscal year 2017.

NOTE 9 - CHILDREN'S BOARD FOUNDATION

The Children's Board of Hillsborough County entered into a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) with the Children's Board Foundation, Inc. (CBF) for the purpose of assisting the Children's Board mission.

The purpose of this understanding is to ensure coordinated efforts to plan, provide, and support activities for children, families and service providers in Hillsborough County. The Foundation and the Children's Board support the promotion of health, well-being and development of all children in Hillsborough County.

This Agreement shall be effective from the date first set out and shall continue until terminated by either party. Either party may terminate this Agreement upon written notice to the other party specifying the date of termination which may be upon mailing of such notice.

As the basis for financial statement inclusion, the CBF meets the component unit test of GASB 14 as amended by GASB 61 at fiscal year-end 2018 and 2017. However, materiality and significant, as applied to CBF, was defined to be excluded from the consolidated financial statement presentation of the Children's Board.

NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Children's Board is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and the destruction of assets; errors and omissions; natural disasters and worker's compensation claims. These risks are covered by property and casualty insurance purchased from an independent third party. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded the Children's Board's property and casualty coverage for the past three fiscal years.

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CHILDREN'S BOARD OF HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY SCHEDULE OF THE CHILDREN'S BOARD PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

Florida Retirement System Pension Plan Last Ten Fiscal Years*

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Children's Board proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.0056%	0.0058%	0.0054%	0.0055%	0.0054%
Children's Board proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$1,696,530	\$1,703,114	\$1,367,514	\$ 708,772	\$ 330,913
Children's Board covered payroll	2,526,177	2,517,807	2,304,347	2,095,744	2,015,719
Children's Board proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	67.16%	67.67%	59.34%	33.82%	16.42%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	84.26%	83.89%	84.88%	92.00%	96.09%

^{*} This is a 10-year schedule; however, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will be added to this schedule in future fiscal years until 10 years of information is available.

CHILDREN'S BOARD OF HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY SCHEDULE OF THE CHILDREN'S BOARD CONTRIBUTIONS Florida Retirement System Pension Plan Last Ten Fiscal Years*

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required	\$ 198,256	\$ 186,117	\$ 169,522	\$ 167,520	\$ 157,450
contribution	(198,256)	(186,117)	(169,522)	(167,520)	(157,450)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Children's Board covered payroll	2,526,177	2,517,807	2,304,347	2,095,744	2,015,719
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	7.85%	7.39%	7.36%	7.99%	7.81%

^{*} This is a 10-year schedule; however, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will be added to this schedule in future fiscal years until 10 years of information is available.

CHILDREN'S BOARD OF HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY SCHEDULE OF THE CHILDREN'S BOARD PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

Florida Retirement System Health Insurance Subsidy Last Ten Fiscal Years*

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Children's Board proportion of the net pension liability (asset) Children's Board proportionate share of the net pension	0.0077%	0.0079%	0.0075%	0.0069%	0.0068%
liability (asset)	\$ 818,614	\$ 844,604	\$ 869,953	\$ 704,494	\$ 634,350
Children's Board covered payroll	2,526,177	2,517,807	2,304,347	2,095,744	2,015,719
Children's Board proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	32.41%	33.55%	37.75%	33.62%	31.47%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	2.15%	1.64%	0.97%	0.50%	0.99%

^{*} This is a 10-year schedule; however, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will be added to this schedule in future fiscal years until 10 years of information is available.

CHILDREN'S BOARD OF HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY SCHEDULE OF THE CHILDREN'S BOARD CONTRIBUTIONS Florida Retirement System Health Insurance Subsidy Last Ten Fiscal Years*

	2018			2017		2016		2015		2014	
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required	\$	41,935	\$	41,796	\$	38,252	\$	26,406	\$	24,189	
contribution		(41,935)		(41,796)		(38,252)		(26,406)		(24,189)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		
Children's Board covered payroll	2	2,526,177	2	2,517,807	2	2,304,347	2	2,095,744	2	2,015,719	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		1.66%		1.66%		1.66%		1.26%		1.20%	

^{*} This is a 10-year schedule; however, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will be added to this schedule in future fiscal years until 10 years of information is available.

CHILDREN'S BOARD OF HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET TO ACTUAL – GOVERNMENT FUND Year ended September 30, 2018 and 2017

	2018						2017					
						Variance				Variance		
	Original		Final			Positive	Original	Final		Positive (Negative)		
	Budget		Budget	Actual	((Negative)	Budget	Budget	Actual			
Revenues:												
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$ 37,969,389	\$	37,969,389	\$ 38,597,498	\$	628,109	\$ 34,894,180	\$ 34,894,180	\$ 35,503,177	\$ 608,997		
Investment Income	333,000		333,000	721,353		388,353	152,000	152,000	350,169	198,169		
Revenue Maximization Activities	45,300		45,300	-		(45,300)	67,125	67,125	68,606	1,481		
Administrative Services Organization	410,000		710,000	511,185		(198,815)	110,000	110,000	91,997	(18,003)		
Other Community Partner Funding	160,000		410,000	301,687		(108,313)	160,000	160,000	185,000	25,000		
Miscellaneous Revenue	5,000		59,787	56,426		(3,361)	3,500	3,500	286,334	282,834		
Total Revenues	38,922,689		39,527,476	40,188,149		660,673	35,386,805	35,386,805	36,485,283	1,098,478		
Expenditures:												
Program												
Continuation and New Funding	33,615,126		34,165,126	29,084,247		5,080,879	30,015,770	30,015,770	27,695,625	2,320,145		
Total Program Operating	33,615,126		34,165,126	29,084,247		5,080,879	30,015,770	30,015,770	27,695,625	2,320,145		
Employee Salaries and Benefits	3,621,749		3,672,136	3,532,206		139,930	3,557,968	3,557,968	3,331,602	226,366		
Contracted Professional Services	356,420		357,820	326,436		31,384	451,443	451,443	270,591	180,852		
Facility Expenditures	307,131		307,131	244,469		62,662	328,062	328,062	385,468	(57,406)		
Other Operating	297,262	_	300,262	236,761	_	63,501	288,987	288,987	208,038	80,949		
Total Operating Non-Operating	4,582,562		4,637,349	4,339,872		297,477	4,626,460	4,626,460	4,195,699	430,761		
Local Government Fees	1,093,213		1,093,213	1,062,772		30,441	1,740,276	1,740,276	982,656	757,620		
Total Expenditures	39,290,901		39,895,688	34,486,891		5,408,797	36,382,506	36,382,506	32,873,980	3,508,526		
Excess (Expenditures) over Revenues	(368,212)		(368,212)	5,701,258		6,069,470	(995,701)	(995,701)	3,611,303	4,607,004		
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	21,226,669	_	21,226,669	21,226,669			17,615,366	17,615,366	17,615,366			
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 20,858,457	\$	20,858,457	\$ 26,927,927	\$	6,069,470	\$ 16,619,665	\$ 16,619,665	\$ 21,226,669	\$ 4,607,004		





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Directors Children's Board of Hillsborough County Tampa, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Children's Board of Hillsborough County (the "Children's Board") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Children's Board's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 14, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Children's Board's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Children's Board's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Children's Board's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Children's Board's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Crowe LLP

Crown Llf

Tampa, Florida March 14, 2019



Board of Directors Children's Board of Hillsborough County Tampa, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the Children's Board of Hillsborough County (the "Children's Board"), as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, and have issued our report thereon dated March 14, 2019.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*.

Other Reports and Schedule

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards and Independent Accountant's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with AICPA Professional Standards, Section 601, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports and schedule, which are dated March 14, 2019, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no findings and recommendations reported in the prior year.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The Children's Board was established as described in Footnote One. The Children's Board included the following component units: the Children's Board Foundation, Inc. which is disclosed in footnote nine.

Financial Condition

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we report the results of our determination as to whether or not the Children's Board has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identification of the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the Children's Board did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.c. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures. It is management's responsibility to monitor the Children's Board's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Other Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we address in the management letter any recommendations to improve financial management, accounting procedures, and internal controls. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuses that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statement amounts that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Board of Directors, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Crowe LLP

Crown Llf

Tampa, Florida March 14, 2019



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 218.415, FLORIDA STATUTES

Board Members Children's Board of Hillsborough County Tampa, Florida

We have examined the Children's Board of Hillsborough County's (the "Children's Board") compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, concerning the investment of public funds during the year ended September 30, 2018. Management of the Children's Board is responsible for the Children's Board compliance with the specified requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Children's Board compliance with the specified requirements based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the standards applicable to attestation engagements contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Children's Board complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the Children's Board complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Children's Board compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Children's Board complied, in all material respects, with the requirements contained in Section 218.415, *Florida Statutes* for the year ended September 30, 2018.

The purpose of this report is solely to comply with Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Florida Auditor General.* Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Crowe LLP

Crown Llf

Tampa, Florida March 14, 2019