Greeneway Improvement District

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

September 30, 2018

Greeneway Improvement District

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page <u>Number</u>
FINANCIAL SECTION	
REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS	1-2
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	3-8
 BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS: Government-wide Financial Statements: Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities Fund Financial Statements: Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – General Fund 	9 10 11 12 13 14 15
Notes to Financial Statements	16-29
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAI REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS	- 30-31
MANAGEMENT LETTER	32-33
INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT/COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 218.415, FLORIDA STATUTES	34



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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

To the Board of Supervisors Greeneway Improvement District Orlando, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of Greeneway Improvement District as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes to financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Accounting Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



To the Board of Supervisors Greeneway Improvement District

Opinion

In our opinion, the basic financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, and each major fund of Greeneway Improvement District as of September 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Governmental accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and budgetary comparison be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by *Governmental Accounting Standards Board* who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquires of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated April 22, 2019 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations and contracts. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Greeneway Improvement District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Berger Joonibs Elam Daires + Frank

Berger, Toombs, Elam, Gaines & Frank Certified Public Accountants PL Fort Pierce, Florida

April 22, 2019

Management's discussion and analysis of Greeneway Improvement District's (the "District") financial performance provides an objective and easily readable analysis of the District's financial activities. The analysis provides summary financial information for the District and should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The District's basic financial statements comprise three components; 1) *Government-wide financial statements*, 2) *Fund financial statements*, and 3) *Notes to financial statements*. The *Government-wide financial statements* present an overall picture of the District's financial position and results of operations. The *Fund financial statements* present financial information for the District's major funds. The *Notes to financial statements* provide additional information concerning the District's finances.

The Government-wide financial statements are the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These statements use accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. Emphasis is placed on the net position of governmental activities and the change in net position. Governmental activities are primarily supported by special assessments.

The **statement of net position** presents information on all assets and liabilities of the District, with the difference between assets and liabilities reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories; 1) net investment in capital assets, 2) restricted and 3) unrestricted. Assets, liabilities, and net position are reported for all Governmental activities.

The **statement of activities** presents information on all revenues and expenses of the District and the change in net position. Expenses are reported by major function and program revenues relating to those functions are reported, providing the net cost of all functions provided by the District. To assist in understanding the District's operations, expenses have been reported as governmental activities. Governmental activities financed by the District include general government, physical environment and debt service.

Fund financial statements present financial information for governmental funds. These statements provide financial information for the major funds of the District. Governmental fund financial statements provide information on the current assets and liabilities of the funds, changes in current financial resources (revenues and expenditures), and current available resources.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Fund financial statements include a **balance sheet** and **a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances** for all governmental funds. A **statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances – budget and actual,** is provided for the District's General Fund. *Fund financial statements* provide more detailed information about the District's activities. Individual funds are established by the District to track revenues that are restricted to certain uses or to comply with legal requirements.

The government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements provide different pictures of the District. The government-wide financial statements provide an overall picture of the District's financial standing. These statements are comparable to private-sector companies and give a good understanding of the District's overall financial health and how the District paid for the various activities, or functions, provided by the District. All assets of the District, including land, buildings and improvements, and infrastructure are reported in the **statement of net position**. All liabilities, including principal outstanding on bonds are included. The **statement of activities** includes depreciation on all long-lived assets of the District, but transactions between the different functions of the District have been eliminated in order to avoid "doubling up" the revenues and expenses. The fund financial statements provide a picture of the major funds of the District. In the case of governmental activities, outlays for long lived assets are reported as expenditures and long-term liabilities, such as general obligation bonds, are not included in the fund financial statements, a reconciliation is provided from the fund financial statements to the government-wide financial statements.

Notes to financial statements provide additional detail concerning the financial activities and financial balances of the District. Additional information about the accounting practices of the District, investments of the District, capital assets and long-term debt are some of the items included in the *notes to financial statements*.

Financial Highlights

The following are the highlights of financial activity for the year ended September 30, 2018.

- The District's total assets were exceeded by total liabilities by \$(35,212,961) (net position). Net investment in capital assets for the District was \$(113,314). Unrestricted net position for Governmental Activities was \$(35,099,647).
- Governmental activities revenues totaled \$4,165,169 while governmental activities expenses totaled \$7,182,387.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Financial Analysis of the District

The following schedule provides a summary of the assets, liabilities and net position of the District and is presented by category for comparison purposes.

Net Position

	Governmental Activities			
	2018	2017		
Current assets	\$ 78,385	\$ 210,539		
Restricted assets	6,646,153	12,925,968		
Capital assets, net	9,254,504	6,189,692		
Total Assets	15,979,042	19,326,199		
Current liabilities	2,975,090	2,455,171		
Non-current liabilities	48,216,913	49,066,771		
Total Liabilities	51,192,003	51,521,942		
Net investment in capital assets	(113,314)	(69,372)		
Net position - unrestricted	(35,099,647)	(32,126,371)		
Total Net Position	\$ (35,212,961)	\$ (32,195,743)		

The decrease in restricted assets and increase in capital assets was primarily due to capital asset additions less amounts conveyed to other governmental entities in the current year.

The increase in current liabilities was primarily the result of the increase in contracts and retainage payable.

The decrease in non-current liabilities was primarily the result of the current year principal payments.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Financial Analysis of the District (Continued)

The following schedule provides a summary of the changes in net position of the District and is presented by category for comparison purposes.

Change in Net Position

	Governmental Activities			
	2018	2017		
Program Revenues Charges for services	\$ 4,137,585	\$ 4,695,650		
General Revenues Investment earnings Miscellaneous	27,284 300	26,266 -		
Total Revenues	4,165,169	4,721,916		
Expenses General government Physical environment Interest on long-term debt Total Expenses	122,688 4,435,760 <u>2,623,939</u> 7,182,387	110,447 511,972 <u>2,712,493</u> 3,334,912		
Change in Net Position	(3,017,218)	1,387,004		
Net Position - Beginning of Year	(32,195,743)	(33,582,747)		
Net Position - End of Year	\$ (35,212,961)	\$ (32,195,743)		

The decrease in charges for services is due to a decrease in debt service assessment received.

The increase in physical environment is related to the conveyance of capital assets to other governments in the current year.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Capital Assets Activity

The following schedule provides a summary of the District's capital assets as of September 30, 2018 and 2017.

	Governmental Activities				
Description	2018 2017			2017	
Land and improvements	\$	306,675	\$	306,675	
Construction in progress		7,522,551		4,696,853	
Improvements other than buildings		1,538,592		1,255,536	
Accumulated depreciation		(113,314)		(69,372)	
Total Capital Assets	\$	9,254,504	\$	6,189,692	

The activity for the year consisted of \$6,867,306 in additions to construction in progress, \$879,465 of construction in progress placed in service, \$3,162,143 of construction in progress and \$596,409 in improvements other than buildings conveyed to other governments and \$43,942 in depreciation.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Actual governmental expenditures were less than final budgeted amounts primarily due to the budgeted reserves that were not expended.

The General Fund budget was amended for increased landscaping and streetlight costs.

Debt Management

Governmental Activities debt includes the following:

- In April 2013, the District issued \$55,750,000 Series 2013 Special Assessment Revenue Bonds. The bonds were issued to finance the acquisition and construction of certain improvements for the benefit of the District. The balance outstanding at September 30, 2018 was \$49,960,000.
- In July 2017, the District entered into an agreement with the Developer about funding certain improvements. The Developer agreed to advance monies until the District obtained new financing. During the year, the Developer advanced \$115,205.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

Greeneway Improvement District does not expect any economic factors to have any significant effect on the financial position or results of operations of the District in fiscal year 2019.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Request for Information

The financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Greeneway Improvement District's finances for all those with an interest. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Greeneway Improvement District, PFM Group Consulting, LLC, 12051 Corporate Blvd., Orlando, FL 32817.

Greeneway Improvement District STATEMENT OF NET POSITION September 30, 2018

ASSETS Current Assets Cash \$ 64,086 Investments 1,463 Accounts receivable 300 Accrued interest receivable 1,736 Deposits 1,100 Prepaid expenses 9,700 Total Current Assets 78,385
Cash\$64,086Investments1,463Accounts receivable300Accrued interest receivable1,736Deposits1,100Prepaid expenses9,700
Investments1,463Accounts receivable300Accrued interest receivable1,736Deposits1,100Prepaid expenses9,700
Accounts receivable300Accrued interest receivable1,736Deposits1,100Prepaid expenses9,700
Accrued interest receivable1,736Deposits1,100Prepaid expenses9,700
Deposits1,100Prepaid expenses9,700
Prepaid expenses 9,700
· · · · ·
Total Current Assets 78 385
Non-current Assets
Restricted assets
Cash and investments 6,646,153
Capital assets, not being depreciated
Land and improvements 306,675
Construction in progress 7,522,551
Capital assets, being depreciated
Improvements other than buildings 1,538,592
Less: accumulated depreciation (113,314)
Total Non-current Assets 15,900,657
Total Assets 15,979,042
LIABILITIES
Current Liabilities
Accounts payable and accrued expenses 22,871
Contracts and retainage payable 876,019
Due to other governmental units 9,345
Bonds payable 1,000,000
Accrued interest payable 1,066,855
Total Current Liabilities 2,975,090
Non-current liabilities
Note Payable 115,205
Bonds payable, net 48,101,708
Total Non-current Liabilities 48,216,913
Total Liabilities 51,192,003
NET POSITION
Net investment in capital assets (113,314)
Unrestricted (35,099,647)
Total Net Position \$ (35,212,961)

Greeneway Improvement District STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

		Net (Expense)		
		Revenue an		
		Program	Changes in	
		Revenues	Net Position	
		Charges for	Governmental	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Activities	
Governmental Activities				
General government	\$ (122,688)	\$ 70,677	\$ (52,011)	
Physical environment	(4,435,760)	2,555,325	(1,880,435)	
Interest on long-term debt	(2,623,939)	1,511,583	(1,112,356)	
Total Governmental Activities	\$ (7,182,387)	\$ 4,137,585	(3,044,802)	

General Revenues Miscellaneous revenues Investment earnings Total General Revenues	300 27,284 27,584
Change in Net Position	(3,017,218)
Net Position - October 1, 2017 Net Position - September 30, 2018	(32,195,743) \$ (35,212,961)

Greeneway Improvement District BALANCE SHEET -GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2018

400FT0	6	General	Debt Serv	vice	Capital Projects		Total ernmental Funds
ASSETS Cash	¢	57,015	\$	- \$	7,071	\$	64 096
Investments	\$	1,463	Φ	- ⊅	7,071	Ф	64,086 1,463
Accounts receivable		1,403		-	- 300		300
Accrued interest receivable		_	٥	- 79	300 757		1,736
Prepaid expenses		- 9,700	9	-	151		9,700
Deposits		3,700 1,100		_			3,700 1,100
Restricted assets		1,100					1,100
Cash and investments, at fair value		-	3,972,3	66	2,673,787	6	6,646,153
Total Assets	\$	69,278	\$3,973,3	45 \$	2,681,915	\$ 6	6,724,538
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
Liabilities							
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	22,871	\$	- \$		\$	22,871
Contracts and retainage payable		-		-	876,019		876,019
Due to other governments		9,345			-		9,345
Total Liabilities		32,216			876,019		908,235
Fund Balances							
Nonspendable - deposits/prepaids		10,800		-	-		10,800
Restricted for debt service		-	3,973,3	45	-	3	3,973,345
Restricted for capital projects		-		-	1,805,896	1	,805,896
Unassigned		26,262			-		26,262
Total Fund Balances		37,062	3,973,3	45	1,805,896	5	5,816,303
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	69,278	\$3,973,3	45 \$	2,681,915	\$ 6	6,724,538

Greeneway Improvement District RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES September 30, 2018

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$	5,816,303
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets land, \$306,675, construction in progress, \$7,522,551, and improvements other than buildings, \$1,538,592, net of accumulated depreciation, \$(113,314), are not current financial resources and therefore, are not reported at the governmental fund level.		9,254,504
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, \$(49,960,000), net of bond discounts, net, \$858,292, and developer note payable, \$(115,205), are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, are not reported at the governmental fund level.	((49,216,913)
Accrued interest expense for long-term debt is not a current financial use, and therefore, is not reported at the governmental fund level.		(1,066,855)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	(35,212,961)

Greeneway Improvement District STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

	(General	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES			•		• • • • • • • • • • • •
Special assessments	\$	748,740	\$ 3,388,845	\$-	\$ 4,137,585
Miscellaneous revenues		-	-	300	300
Interest income		2,784	9,794	14,706	27,284
Total Revenues		751,524	3,398,639	15,006	4,165,169
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
General government		122,688	-	-	122,688
Physical environment		633,266	-	-	633,266
Capital outlay		-	-	6,867,306	6,867,306
Debt service					
Principal		-	955,000	-	955,000
Interest		-	2,609,394		2,609,394
Total Expenditures		755,954	3,564,394	6,867,306	11,187,654
Excess revenues over (under) expenditures		(4,430)	(165,755)	(6,852,300)	(7,022,485)
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in		-	-	113,749	113,749
Transfers out		-	(113,749)	, -	(113,749)
Developer note proceeds		-	-	115,205	115,205
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-	(113,749)	228,954	115,205
Net Change in Fund Balances		(4,430)	(279,504)	(6,623,346)	(6,907,280)
Fund Balances - October 1, 2017		41,492	4,252,849	8,429,242	12,723,583
Fund Balances - September 30, 2018	\$	37,062	\$ 3,973,345	\$ 1,805,896	\$ 5,816,303

Greeneway Improvement District RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	(6,907,280)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; however, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation. This is the amount that capital outlay, \$6,867,306, exceeded depreciatio	n,	
\$(43,942), and capital asset deletions \$(3,758,552) in the current period.		3,064,812
Repayments of bond principal are expenditures in the governmental funds, but the repayments reduce long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.		955,000
Note proceeds are reflected as an other financing source at the fund level, however, they are reflected as an addition to liabilities at the government-wide level.		(115,205)
Governmental funds report bond discounts as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost is allocated as amortization expense.		(34,937)
In the Statement of Activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds; whereas in governmental funds, interest expenditures are reported when due. This is the net amount between the prior year and current year accruals.		20,392
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	(3,017,218)

Greeneway Improvement District STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Special assessments	\$ 744,396	\$ 748,740	\$ 748,740	\$-
Interest income	500	2,800	2,784	(16)
Total revenues	744,896	751,540	751,524	(16)
Expenditures Current General government Physical environment Total Expenditures	111,225 633,671 744,896	122,686 657,413 780,099	122,688 633,266 755,954	(2) 24,147 24,145
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	(28,559)	(4,430)	24,129
Fund Balances - October 1, 2017		28,559	41,492	12,933
Fund Balances - September 30, 2018	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 37,062	\$ 37,062

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of Greeneway Improvement District (the "District") have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District's more significant accounting policies are described below.

1. Reporting Entity

The District was established, as a Community Development District, in 2003, pursuant to the Uniform Community Development District Act of 1980, Chapter 190, Florida Statutes, as amended (the "Act"), by Ordinance 2003022470 of the City Commissioners of Orlando, Florida. The District was established for the purposes of financing and managing the acquisition, construction, maintenance and operation of the infrastructure necessary for community development within its jurisdiction. The District is authorized to issue bonds for the purpose, among others, of financing, funding, planning, establishing, acquiring, constructing district roads, landscaping, and other basic infrastructure projects within or without the boundaries of the Greeneway Improvement District. The District is governed by a five-member Board of Supervisors who are elected for four year terms. The District operates within the criteria established by Chapter 190.

As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the Greeneway Improvement District (the primary government) as a stand-alone government. The reporting entity for the District includes all functions of government in which the District's Board exercises oversight responsibility including, but not limited to, financial interdependency, selection of governing authority, designation of management, significant ability to influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters.

Based upon the application of the above-mentioned criteria as set forth in Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 61, The Financial Reporting Entity, the District has identified no component units.

2. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The basic financial statements of the District are composed of the following:

- Government-wide financial statements
- Fund financial statements
- Notes to financial statements

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

a. Government-wide Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements report all non-fiduciary information about the reporting government as a whole. These statements include the governmental activities of the primary government. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

Governmental activities are supported by special assessments and interest. Program revenues include charges for services, and payments made by parties outside of the reporting government's citizenry if that money is restricted to a particular program. Program revenues are netted with program expenses in the statement of activities to present the net cost of each program.

Amounts paid to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets, rather than reported as an expenditure. Proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as liabilities in the government-wide financial statements, rather than as an other financing source.

Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness of the reporting government are reported as a reduction of the related liability, rather than as an expenditure.

b. Fund Financial Statements

The underlying accounting system of the District is organized and operated on the basis of separate funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Fund financial statements for the primary government's governmental funds are presented after the government-wide financial statements. These statements display information about major funds individually.

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

b. Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Governmental Funds

The District has implemented the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 54 – Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. The Statement requires the fund balance for governmental funds to be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

The District has various policies governing the fund balance classifications.

Nonspendable Fund Balance – This classification consists of amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes stipulated by the state constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation.

Assigned Fund Balance – This classification consists of the Board of Supervisors' intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The assigned fund balances can also be assigned by the District's management company.

Unassigned Fund Balance – This classification is the residual classification for the government's general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. Unassigned fund balance is considered to be utilized first when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Fund Balance Spending Hierarchy – For all governmental funds except special revenue funds, when restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balances are combined in a fund, qualified expenditures are paid first from restricted or committed fund balance, as appropriate, then assigned and finally unassigned fund balances.

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

b. Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Governmental Funds (Continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collected within the current period or soon thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. Interest associated with the current fiscal period is considered to be an accrual item and so has been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period.

Under the current financial resources measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The reported fund balance is considered to be a measure of "available spendable resources". Governmental fund operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Accordingly, they are said to present a summary of sources and uses of "available spendable resources" during a period.

Because of their spending measurement focus, expenditure recognition for governmental fund types excludes amounts represented by non-current liabilities. Since they do not affect net current assets, such long-term amounts are not recognized as governmental fund type expenditures or fund liabilities.

Amounts expended to acquire capital assets are recorded as expenditures in the year that resources were expended, rather than as fund assets. The proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as an other financing source rather than as a fund liability.

Debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

3. Basis of Presentation

a. Governmental Major Funds

<u>General Fund</u> – The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

3. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

a. Governmental Major Funds (Continued)

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> – Accounts for the accumulation of resources for the annual payment of principal and interest on long-term debt.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> – The Capital Projects Fund accounts for the financial resources to be used in the acquisition or construction of major infrastructure within the District.

b. Non-current Governmental Assets/Liabilities

GASB Statement 34 requires that non-current governmental assets, such as land and buildings, and non-current governmental liabilities, such as special assessment bonds, be reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide Statement of Net Position.

4. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity

a. Cash and Investments

Florida Statutes require state and local governmental units to deposit monies with financial institutions classified as "Qualified Public Depositories," a multiple financial institution pool whereby groups of securities pledged by the various financial institutions provide common collateral from their deposits of public funds. This pool is provided as additional insurance to the federal depository insurance and allows for additional assessments against the member institutions, providing full insurance for public deposits.

The District is authorized to invest in those financial instruments as established by Section 218.415, Florida Statutes. The authorized investments consist of:

- 1. Direct obligations of the United States Treasury;
- 2. The Local Government Surplus Funds Trust or any intergovernmental investment pool authorized pursuant to the Florida Interlocal Cooperative Act of 1969;
- 3. Interest-bearing time deposits or savings accounts in authorized qualified public depositories;
- 4. Securities and Exchange Commission, registered money market funds with the highest credit quality rating from a nationally recognized rating agency.

Cash equivalents include time deposits and certificates of deposit with original maturities of three months or less and held in a qualified public depository as defined by Section 280.02, Florida Statutes.

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

4. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

b. Restricted Assets

Certain net position of the District are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited either by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation; or by restrictions imposed externally by creditors. In a fund with both restricted and unrestricted assets, qualified expenses are considered to be paid first from restricted net position and then from unrestricted net position.

c. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land and improvements, construction in progress, and improvements other than buildings are reported in the applicable governmental activities column.

The District defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. The valuation basis for all assets is historical cost.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend its useful life are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Depreciation of capital assets is computed and recorded by utilizing the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives of the various classes of depreciable capital assets are as follows:

Improvements other than buildings 15 years

d. Budgets

Budgets are prepared and adopted after public hearings for the governmental funds, pursuant to Chapter 190, Florida Statutes. The District utilizes the same basis of accounting for budgets as it does for revenues and expenditures in its various funds. The legal level of budgetary control is at the fund level. All budgeted appropriations lapse at year end. Formal budgets are adopted for the general and debt service funds. As a result, deficits in the budget variance columns of the accompanying financial statements may occur.

e. Bond Discounts

Bond discounts associated with the issuance of bonds are amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method of accounting.

NOTE B – RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Explanation of Differences Between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-wide Statement of Net Position

"Total fund balances" of the District's governmental funds, \$5,816,303, differs from "net position" of governmental activities, \$(35,212,961), reported in the Statement of Net Position. This difference primarily results from the long-term economic focus of the Statement of Net Position versus the current financial resources focus of the governmental fund balance sheet. The effect of the differences is illustrated as follows.

Capital related items

When capital assets (that are to be used in governmental activities) are purchased or constructed, the cost of those assets is reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, the statement of net position included those capital assets among the assets of the District as a whole.

Land	\$	306,675
Construction in progress		7,522,551
Improvements other than buildings		1,538,592
Less: accumulated depreciation		<u>(113,314)</u>
Total	<u>\$</u>	9,254,504

Long-term debt transactions

Long-term liabilities applicable to the District's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities (both current and long-term) are reported in the Statement of Net Position.

Balances at September 30, 2018 were:

Bonds payable	\$	(49,960,000)
Notes payable		(115,205)
Bond discount, net		858,292
Total	<u>\$</u>	(49,216,913)

Accrued interest

Accrued liabilities in the Statement of Net Position differ from the amount reported in governmental funds due to accrued interest on bonds.

Accrued interest

NOTE B – RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

2. Explanation of Differences Between the Governmental Fund Operating Statements and the Statement of Activities

The "net change in fund balances" for government funds, \$(6,907,280), differs from the "change in net position" for governmental activities, \$(3,017,218), reported in the Statement of Activities. The differences arise primarily from the long-term economic focus of the Statement of Activities versus the current financial resources focus of the governmental funds. The effect of the differences is illustrated below.

Capital related items

When capital assets that are to be used in governmental activities are purchased or constructed, the resources expended for those assets are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, the cost of those assets are capitalized at the government wide level and allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation. As a result, fund balances decrease by the amount of financial resources expended, whereas, net position changes by the amount of capital additions net of any depreciation charged for the year.

Construction in progress	\$	6,867,306
Conveyance to other governments		(3,758,552)
Depreciation		(43,942)
Total	<u>\$</u>	3,064,812

Long-term debt transactions

Repayments of bond principal are reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds and, thus, have the effect of reducing fund balance because current financial resources have been used.

Debt principal payments	\$	955,000
Proceeds from note payable		(115,205)
Bond discount amortization		(34,937)
Total	<u>\$</u>	804,858

Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Net change in accrued interest payable <u>\$ 20,392</u>

NOTE C – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

All deposits are held in qualified public depositories and are included on the accompanying balance sheet as cash and investments.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a formal deposit policy for custodial credit risk, however, they follow the provisions of Chapter 280, Florida Statutes regarding deposits and investments. As of September 30, 2018, the District's bank balance was \$79,244 and the carrying value was \$64,086. Exposure to custodial credit risk was as follows. The District maintains all deposits in a qualified public depository in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 280, Florida Statutes, which means that all deposits are fully insured by Federal Depositors Insurance or collateralized under Chapter 280, Florida Statutes.

As of September 30, 2018, the District had the following investments and maturities:

Investment	Maturities	Fair Value
State Board of Administration Florida Prime	33 days*	\$ 1,463
Managed Money Market Funds	N/A	6,646,153
Total		\$ 6,647,616

* Weighted Average Maturity

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy recently established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset, or paid to transfer a liability, in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. The District uses a market approach in measuring fair value that uses prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or similar assets, liabilities, or groups of assets and liabilities.

Assets or liabilities are classified into one of three levels. Level 1 is the most reliable and is based on quoted price for identical assets, or liabilities, in an active market. Level 2 uses significant other observable inputs when obtaining quoted prices for identical or similar assets, or liabilities, in markets that are not active. Level 3 is the least reliable and uses significant unobservable inputs that use the best information available under the circumstances, which includes the District's own data in measuring unobservable inputs.

Based on the criteria in the preceding paragraph, Managed Money Market Funds are Level 1 assets.

NOTE C – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments

The District's investment policy allows management to invest funds in investments permitted under Section 218.415, Florida Statutes. Among other investments, the policy allows the District to invest in the State Board of Administration Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Funds. Cash placed with the State Board of Administration represents the District's participation in the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund Investment Pool and is reported at fair value. As a pool participant the District invests in pools of investments in which shares are owned in the pool rather than the underlying investments.

Interest Rate Risk

The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk

The District's investments are limited by state statutory requirements and bond compliance. The District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. The Local Government Surplus Funds Trust is an authorized investment under Section 218.415, Florida Statues. The District's Investments in the state investment pool and government loans are limited by the state statutory requirements and bond compliance. The District has monies invested with the Local Government Surplus Fund Trust Fund (Fund), at September 30, 2018. This fund met the requirements of a "2a-7 like pool" as defined in Government Accounting Standards Board, Statement 31.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The District places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one fund. The investments in Managed Money Market Funds are approximately 99% of the District's total investments. The investments in the State Board of Administration Florida Prime are less than 1% of the District's total investments.

The types of deposits and investments and their level of risk exposure as of September 30, 2018 were typical of these items during the fiscal year then ended. The State Board of Administration Florida PRIME is rated AAAm per Standard & Poor's. The Managed Money Market Funds are not rated by any nationally recognized agency.

The District considers any decline in fair value for certain investments to be temporary.

NOTE D – SPECIAL ASSESSMENT REVENUES

Special assessment revenues recognized for the 2017-2018 fiscal year were levied in August 2017. Assessments are directly collected by the District and are due in full on December 1, 2017; provided, however that, to the extent permitted by law, the directly collected assessments due may be paid in several partial, deferred payments and according to the following schedule: 50% due no later than December 1, 2017, 25% due no later than February 1, 2018 and 25% due no later than May 1, 2018.

NOTE E – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital Asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2018 was as follows:

	Balance October 1, 2017	Additions	Deletions	Balance September 30, 2018
Governmental Activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land and improvements	\$ 306,675	\$-	\$-	\$ 306,675
Construction in progress	4,696,853	6,867,306	(4,041,608)	7,522,551
Total Capital Assets, Not Depreciated	5,003,528	6,867,306	(4,041,608)	7,829,226
Capital assets, being depreciated: Improvements other than buildings	1,255,536	879,465	(596,409)	1,538,592
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Improvements other than buildings	(69,372)	(43,942)		(113,314)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(69,372)	(43,942)	-	(113,314)
Total Capital Assets Depreciated, Net	1,186,164	835,523	(596,409)	1,425,278
Governmental Activities Capital Assets	\$ 6,189,692	\$ 7,702,829	\$ (4,638,017)	\$ 9,254,504

Current year depreciation, \$43,942 is charged to physical environment.

NOTE F – LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of debt activity for the District for the year ended September 30, 2018:

\$55,750,000 Series 2013 Special Assessment Revenue Bonds due in annual installments beginning May 2014 and maturing May 2043 with interest at 5.125% due in May and November and starting in November 2013. Current portion is \$1,000,000.

In July 2017, the District entered into a construction funding agreement with the Developer to complete additional master improvements. The District intends to finance all or a portion of the additional master improvements through the use of proceeds from the sale of special assessment revenue bonds; however, as the District does not presently have funds available to provide for the additional master improvements, the Developer agreed to make available to the District such monies as are necessary to enable the District to proceed with such improvements. The District agreed to reimburse the Developer for all funding provided within forty-five days of receipt of sufficient bond proceeds. If the District does not or cannot issue bonds to provide the funds for the additional improvements within three years, the parties agreed such funds shall be deemed paid in lieu of taxes, fees, or assessments which might be levied or imposed by the District.

49,960,000

\$

115,205

Long-term debt at October 1, 2017	\$	50,915,000
Note proceeds		115,205
Principal payments		(955,000)
Long-term Debt at September 30, 2018		50,075,205
Less bond discount, net		(858,292)
Total long-term debt, September 30, 2018	<u>\$</u>	49,216,913

NOTE F – LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

The annual requirements to amortize the principal and interest of bonded debt outstanding as of September 30, 2018 are as follows:

Year Ending				
September 30,	Principal	 Interest	_	Total
2019	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 2,560,450		\$ 3,560,450
2020	1,055,000	2,509,200		3,564,200
2021	1,110,000	2,455,132		3,565,132
2022	1,170,000	2,398,244		3,568,244
2023	1,235,000	2,338,282		3,573,282
2024-2028	7,255,000	10,669,740		17,924,740
2029-2033	9,385,000	8,603,082		17,988,082
2034-2038	12,120,000	5,931,676		18,051,676
2039-2043	15,630,000	2,484,342		18,114,342
Totals	\$ 49,960,000	\$ 39,950,148	_	\$ 89,910,148

Summary of Significant Bonds Resolution Terms and Covenants

The District levies special assessments pursuant to Section 190.022, Florida Statutes and the assessment rolls are approved by resolutions of the District Board. The collections are to be strictly accounted for and applied to the debt service of the bond series for which they were levied. The District covenants to levy special assessments in annual amounts adequate to provide for payment of principal and interest on the bonds. Payment of principal and interest is dependent on the money available in the debt service fund and the District's ability to collect special assessments levied.

The Bonds are subject to redemption at the option of the District and are also subject to extraordinary mandatory redemption prior to maturity as outlined in the Trust Indenture.

The bond indenture requires that the District maintain adequate funds in the reserve account to meet the debt service requirements as defined in the Trust Indenture. The District is in compliance with the requirements as of September 30, 2018.

	Reserve Balance		Reserve Requirement			
Series 2013 Special Assessment Revenue Bonds	\$	3,551,197	\$	3,551,197		

NOTE G – INTERLOCAL AGREEMENTS

The District previously entered into an interlocal agreement related to cost sharing for certain infrastructure projects with Myrtle Creek Improvement District ("Myrtle Creek") and Boggy Creek Improvement District ("Boggy Creek"). These districts are related through a common developer. The agreement provides for the improvement to be constructed, acquired or otherwise provided by Boggy Creek and that Boggy Creek will be reimbursed for these costs from the District and Myrtle Creek. The projected costs related to the agreement total approximately \$33.8 million, with costs to be split 31.5% for Myrtle Creek, 32.5% for Boggy Creek and 36% for the District. The District, Myrtle Creek and Boggy Creek also previously entered into an agreement regarding interchange maintenance costs based on the same cost allocation.

NOTE H – ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY

A significant portion of the District's activity is dependent upon continued involvement of the Developer, the loss of which could have a material adverse effect on the District's operations. At September 30, 2018, the Developer owned a significant amount of the assessable property located within the District's boundaries.

NOTE I – RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The District maintains commercial insurance coverage to mitigate the risk of loss. Management believes such coverage is sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses to the District. The District has not filed any insurance claims in any of the previous three fiscal years.

NOTE J – SUBSEQUENT EVENT

Subsequent to year-end, the District issued \$24,000,000, Series 2018 Bond Anticipation Note.



Certified Public Accountants P

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Supervisors Greeneway Improvement District Orlando, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Greeneway Improvement District, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 22, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Greeneway Improvement District's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Greeneway Improvement District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Greeneway Improvement District's internal control over financial reporting.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



To the Board of Supervisors Greeneway Improvement District

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Greeneway Improvement District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Berger Joonbos Clam Daines + Frank

Berger, Toombs, Elam, Gaines & Frank Certified Public Accountants Fort Pierce, Florida

April 22, 2019



Certified Public Accountants PL

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MANAGEMENT LETTER

To the Board of Supervisors Greeneway Improvement District Orlando, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the Greeneway Improvement District as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and have issued our report thereon dated April 22, 2019.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Florida Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and our Independent Auditor's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professionals Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated April 22, 2019, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding financial audit report. There were no findings or recommendations in the preceding audit.

Financial Condition and Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not Greeneway Improvement District has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific conditions met. In connection with our audit, we determined that Greeneway Improvement District did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1) Florida Statutes.

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To the Board of Supervisors Greeneway Improvement District

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.c. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for Greeneway Improvement District. It is management's responsibility to monitor the Greeneway Improvement District's financial condition; our financial condition assessment was based in part on the representations made by management and the review of the financial information provided by the same as of September 30, 2018.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Board of Supervisors, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Berger Joombo Clam Daines + Frank

Berger, Toombs, Elam, Gaines & Frank Certified Public Accountants PL Fort Pierce, Florida

April 22, 2019



Certified Public Accountants PL

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT/COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 218.415, FLORIDA STATUTES

To the Board of Supervisors Greeneway Improvement District. Orlando, Florida

We have examined Greeneway Improvement District's compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes during the year ended September 30, 2018. Management is responsible for Greeneway Improvement District's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Greeneway Improvement District's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about Greeneway Improvement District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on Greeneway Improvement District's compliance with the specified requirements.

In our opinion, Greeneway Improvement District complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements during the year ended September 30, 2018.

Berger Joonibos Clam Daines + Frank

Berger, Toombs, Elam, Gaines & Frank Certified Public Accountants PL Fort Pierce, Florida

April 22, 2019

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