Piney-Z Community Development District

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

September 30, 2018

Piney-Z Community Development District

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page <u>Number</u>
REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS	1-2
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	3-8
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS: Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	9
Statement of Activities	10
Fund Financial Statements: Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	4.4
Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances	11
to Net Position of Governmental Activities	12
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund	
Balances – Governmental Funds	13
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	
to the Statement of Activities	14
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund	
Balances – Budget and Actual – General Fund	15
Notes to Financial Statements	16-29
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN	
ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS	30-31
MANAGEMENT LETTER	32-33
INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS REPORT/COMPLIANCE	
WITH SECTION 218.415, FLORIDA STATUTES	34

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

To the Board of Supervisors
Piney-Z Community Development District
Leon County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Piney-Z Community Development District as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes to financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Accounting Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Fort Pierce / Stuart



To the Board of Supervisors Piney-Z Community Development District

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Piney-Z Community Development District, as of September 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management Discussion and Analysis on pages 3-8 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated March 11, 2019 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations and contracts. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Piney-Z Community Development District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Berger, Toombs, Elam, Gaines & Frank Certified Public Accountants PL

Fort Pierce, Florida

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(Daired + Frank

March 11, 2019

Management's discussion and analysis of Piney-Z Community Development District (the "District") financial performance provides an objective and easily readable analysis of the District's financial activities. The analysis provides summary financial information for the District and should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The District's basic financial statements comprise three components; 1) Government-wide financial statements, 2) Fund financial statements, and 3) Notes to financial statements. The Government-wide financial statements present an overall picture of the District's financial position and results of operations. The Fund financial statements present financial information for the District's major funds. The Notes to financial statements provide additional information concerning the District's finances.

The Government-wide financial statements are the **statement of net position** and the **statement of activities**. These statements use accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. Emphasis is placed on the net position of governmental activities and the change in net position. Governmental activities are primarily supported by special assessments.

The **statement of net position** presents information on all assets and liabilities of the District, with the difference between assets and liabilities reported as net position. Net position are reported in three categories; 1) net investment in capital assets, 2) restricted, and 3) unrestricted. Assets, liabilities, and net position are reported for all Governmental activities.

The **statement of activities** presents information on all revenues and expenses of the District and the change in net position. Expenses are reported by major function and program revenues relating to those functions are reported, providing the net cost of all functions provided by the District. To assist in understanding the District's operations, expenses have been reported as governmental activities. Governmental activities financed by the District include general government and debt service.

Fund financial statements present financial information for governmental funds. These statements provide financial information for the major funds of the District. Governmental fund financial statements provide information on the current assets and liabilities of the funds, changes in current financial resources (revenues and expenditures), and current available resources.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Fund financial statements include a balance sheet and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for all governmental funds. A statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances – budget and actual is provided for the District's General Fund. Fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's activities. Individual funds are established by the District to track revenues that are restricted to certain uses or to comply with legal requirements.

The government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements provide different pictures of the District. The government-wide financial statements provide an overall picture of the District's financial standing. These statements are comparable to private-sector companies and give a good understanding of the District's overall financial health and how the District paid for the various activities, or functions, provided by the District. All assets of the District, including improvements and infrastructure, are reported in the **statement of net position**. All liabilities, including principal outstanding on bonds are included. The **statement of activities** includes depreciation on all long lived assets of the District, but transactions between the different functions of the District have been eliminated in order to avoid "doubling up" the revenues and expenses. The fund financial statements provide a picture of the major funds of the District. In the case of governmental activities, outlays for long lived assets are reported as expenditures and long-term liabilities, such as general obligation bonds, are not included in the fund financial statements. To provide a link from the fund financial statements to the government-wide financial statements, reconciliation is provided from the fund financial statements to the government-wide financial statements.

Notes to financial statements provide additional detail concerning the financial activities and financial balances of the District. Additional information about the accounting practices of the District, investments of the District, capital assets and long-term debt are some of the items included in the *notes to financial statements*.

Financial Highlights

The following are the highlights of financial activity for the year ended September 30, 2018.

- ♦ The District's total assets exceeded total liabilities by \$681,995. Net investment in capital assets for the District was \$240,758. Unrestricted net position for Governmental Activities was \$299,581 and restricted net position for debt service was \$141,656.
- ♦ Governmental activities revenues totaled \$668,585 while governmental activities expenses totaled \$425,589.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Financial Analysis of the District

The following schedule provides a summary of the assets, liabilities and net position of the District and is presented by category for comparison purposes.

Net Position

	Governmental Activities			
		2018		2017
Current assets	\$	328,804	\$	339,940
Restricted assets		151,881		167,834
Capital assets		479,699		463,140
Total Assets		960,384		970,914
Deferred Outflow of Resources		1,921		5,574
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows		962,305		976,488
Current liabilities Non-current liabilities Total Liabilities		280,310	_	295,793 241,696 537,489
Net position - net investment in capital assets Net position - restricted Net position - unrestricted		240,758 141,656 299,581		(6,732) 151,292 294,439
Total Net Position	\$	681,995	\$	438,999

The decrease in current assets and current liabilities was primarily related to timing.

The decrease in restricted assets was the result of the excess of expenditures over revenues at the fund level in debt service funds.

The increase in capital assets was primarily due to current year additions in excess of depreciation.

The decrease in total liabilities and increase in net position – net investment in capital assets was primarily related to principal payments on bonds.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Financial Analysis of the District (Continued)

The following schedule provides a summary of the changes in net position of the District and is presented by category for comparison purposes.

Change In Net Position

	Governmental Activities				
		2018	2017		
Program Revenues Charges for services General Revenues	\$	639,966	\$	639,426	
Miscellaneous		25,848		49,017	
Investment earnings		2,771		1,749	
Total Revenues		668,585		690,192	
Expenses					
General government		127,311		134,575	
Culture and recreation		243,181		236,580	
Physical environment		32,181		32,873	
Interest on long-term debt	22,9163			36,175	
Total Expenses		425,589		440,203	
Change in Net Position		242,996		249,989	
Net Position - Beginning of Year		438,999		189,010	
Net Position - End of Year	\$	681,995	\$	438,999	

The decrease in miscellaneous revenues is related to insurance proceeds received in the prior year.

The decrease in general government expenses was the result of reduced Board pay and emergency repairs.

The increase in culture and recreation expenses was primarily related to increased contingency expenses.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Capital Assets Activity

The following schedule provides a summary of the District's capital assets as of September 30, 2018 and 2017.

	Governmental Activities				
	2018		2017		
Recreational amenities Infrastructure Equipment Less: accumulated depreciation	\$ 858,297 394,717 59,672 (832,987)	\$	819,850 394,717 59,672 (811,099)		
Governmental Activities Capital Assets	\$ 479,699	\$	463,140		

During the year, the District added \$76,893 of recreational amenities and depreciation was \$48,801 and disposed of recreational amenities of \$38,446 with accumulated depreciation of \$26,913.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The final budget exceeded actual expenditures primarily because payroll expenditures were less than anticipated.

The budget was amended in the current year for capital outlay expenditures not anticipated in the original budget.

Debt Management

Governmental Activities debt includes the following:

- ♦ In February 2002, the District issued \$850,000 Series 2002 Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds. These bonds were issued to finance the acquisition of certain amenity improvements within the District. The balance outstanding on the Series 2002 Bonds at September 30, 2018 was \$60,000.
- ♦ In February 2008, the District issued \$1,960,000 of Capital Improvement Revenue Refunding Bonds. These bonds were issued to refund and redeem the outstanding principal balance of the \$2,125,000 Series 1997 Bonds Anticipation Notes and finance the acquisition and construction of certain infrastructure improvements within the District. The balance outstanding on the Series 2008 Bonds at September 30, 2018 was \$185,000.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

Piney-Z Community Development District does not expect any economic factors to have any significant effect on the financial position or results of operations of the District in fiscal year 2019.

Request for Information

The financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Piney-Z Community Development District's finances for all those with an interest. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Piney-Z Community Development District, Inframark Infrastructure Management Services, 210 North University Drive, Suite 702, Coral Springs, Florida 33071.

Piney-Z Community Development District STATEMENT OF NET POSITION September 30, 2018

	Governmental Activities	
ASSETS	-	
Current Assets		
Cash	\$	325,044
Prepaid expenses		3,760
Total Current Assets		328,804
Non-Current Assets		
Restricted Assets		
Investments		151,881
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated		
Recreational amenities		858,297
Infrastructure		394,717
Equipment		59,672
Less: accumulated depreciation		(832,987)
Total Non-Current Assets		631,580
Total Assets		960,384
Deferred Outflow of Resources		
Deferred amount on refunding		1,921
20101104 amount on foranting		1,021
Total Assets and Deferred Outflow of Resources		962,305
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		23,242
Bonds payable		243,862
Accrued interest		4,526
Deposits		200
Unearned revenues		8,480
Total Current Liabilities		280,310
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets		240,758
Restricted for debt service		141,656
Unrestricted		299,581
Total Net Position	\$	681,995

Piney-Z Community Development District STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

				Program evenues	Rev Ch	(Expense) enues and nanges in t Position
Functions/Programs	_	Expenses		arges for Services		ernmental ctivities
Governmental Activities		-xperises		Dei vices		CHVILLES
General government	\$	(127,311)	\$	104,738	\$	(22,573)
Culture and recreation		(243,181)		258,419		15,238
Physical environment		(32,181)		16,840		(15,341)
Interest on long-term debt		(22,916)		259,969		237,053
Total Governmental Activities	\$	(425,589)	\$	639,966		214,377
	Ger	neral Revenue	s			
	In	vestment earn	ings			2,771
	M	liscellaneous re	evenue	s		25,848
		Total Genera	al Reve	enues		28,619
		Change in l	Net Po	sition		242,996
Net F	Position	n - October 1, 2	2017			438,999
Net F	Position	n - September	30, 20	18	\$	681,995

Piney-Z Community Development District BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2018

	Gene		2002 Debt Service		008 Debt Service		Total rernmental Funds
ASSETS				_		_	
Cash		5,044 \$	-	\$	-	\$	325,044
Due from other funds		2,699	-		-		2,699
Prepaid expenses	3	3,760	-		-		3,760
Restricted assets:							
Investments, at fair value			19,658		132,223		151,881
Total Assets	\$ 331	,503 \$	19,658	\$	132,223	\$	483,384
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 23	3,242 \$	-	\$	-	\$	23,242
Due to other funds		-	840		1,859		2,699
Deposits		200	-		-		200
Unearned revenue	8	3,480	-		-		8,480
Total Liabilities	31	,922	840		1,859		34,621
Fund Balances Nonspendable:							
Prepaid expenses	3	3,760	_		_		3,760
Restricted:		,					-,
Debt service		-	18,818		130,364		149,182
Assigned:							
Operating reserves	100),459	-		_		100,459
Amenities	42	2,829	-		_		42,829
Lodge	7	,050	-		_		7,050
Pool pumps		3,300	_		-		3,300
Other		, 900	_		-		34,900
Unassigned		7,283	-		_		107,283
Total Fund Balances		9,581	18,818	-	130,364		448,763
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances		,503 \$	-	\$	132,223	\$	483,384
				: ====			

Piney-Z Community Development District RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES September 30, 2018

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$ 448,763
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets being depreciated (infrastructure, \$394,717, equipment, \$59,672, recreational amenities, \$858,297; net of accumulated depreciation, \$(832,987)) used in governmental activities are not financial resources and; therefore, are not reported at the fund statement level.	479,699
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, \$(245,000) net of bond discount, net, \$1,138, are not due and payable in the current period and; therefore, are not reported at the fund statement level.	(243,862)
Deferred outflow of resources (deferred amount on refunding) are not financial resources and therefore, are not reported at the fund statement level.	1,921
Accrued interest expense for long-term debt is not a financial use and; therefore, is not reported at the fund statement level.	 (4,526)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 681,995

Piney-Z Community Development District STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

	General		02 Debt Service		008 Debt Service	Gov	Total vernmental Funds
Revenues	•	_		_		_	
Special assessments	\$ 379,997	\$	53,819	\$	206,150	\$	639,966
Miscellaneous revenues	25,848		-		-		25,848
Investment earnings	2,296		96		379		2,771
Total Revenues	408,141		53,915		206,529		668,585
Expenditures							
Current							
General government	111,078		4,712		11,521		127,311
Culture and recreation	197,169		-		-		197,169
Physical environment	17,859		-		-		17,859
Capital outlay	76,893		-		-		76,893
Debt service							
Principal	-		65,000		175,000		240,000
Interest	-		6,250		15,300		21,550
Total Expenditures	402,999		75,962		201,821		680,782
Net Change in Fund Balances	5,142		(22,047)		4,708		(12,197)
Fund Balances - October 1, 2017	294,439		40,865		125,656		460,960
Fund Balances - September 30, 2018	\$ 299,581	\$	18,818	\$	130,364	\$	448,763

Piney-Z Community Development District RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ (12,197)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount that depreciation (\$(48,801)) and the loss on disposal (\$(11,533)) was exceeded by capital outlay (\$76,893) in the current period.	16,559
	. 3,333
Repayments of long-term liabilities are expenditures in the governmental funds, funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.	240,000
Governmental funds report bond discounts as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets are allocated based on an effective interest rate as amortization expense. This is the amount of amortization in the current year.	(2,166)
The amortization for deferred amount on refunding of debt is recognized as a component of interest expense in the Statement of Activities, but not in the governmental funds. This is the amount of current year interest.	(3,653)
In the Statement of Activites, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds; whereas in governmental funds, interest expenditures are reported when due. This is the change in accrued interest in the current period.	4,453
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activites	\$ 242,996

Piney-Z Community Development District STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

				Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final		Positive
	Budget	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues		_		
Special assessments	\$ 378,919	\$ 378,919	\$ 379,997	\$ 1,078
Miscellaneous revenues	21,916	21,916	25,848	3,932
Investment earnings	1,000	1,000	2,296	1,296
Total Revenues	401,835	401,835	408,141	6,306
Expenditures				
Current				
General government	123,676	123,676	111,078	12,598
Culture and recreation	213,487	213,487	197,169	16,318
Physical environment	18,312	18,312	17,859	453
Capital outlay	46,360	123,253	76,893	46,360
Total Expenditures	401,835	478,728	402,999	75,729
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	(76,893)	5,142	82,035
Fund Balances - October 1, 2017	271,372	294,439	294,439	
Fund Balances - September 30, 2018	\$ 271,372	\$ 217,546	\$ 299,581	\$ 82,035

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District's more significant accounting policies are described below.

1. Reporting Entity

The District was established on June 11, 1997, pursuant to the Uniform Community Development District Act of 1980, Chapter 190, Florida Statutes, as amended (the "Act"), by the City of Tallahassee, Florida, as a Community Development District. The District was established for the purposes of financing and managing the acquisition, construction, maintenance and operation of the infrastructure necessary for community development within its jurisdiction. The District is authorized to issue bonds for the purpose, among others, of financing, funding, planning, establishing, acquiring, constructing district roads, landscaping, and other basic infrastructure projects within or outside the boundaries of the Piney-Z Community Development District. The District is governed by a Board of Supervisors who are elected to four year terms. The District operates within the criteria established by Chapter 190.

As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the Piney-Z Community Development District (the primary government) as a stand-alone government. The reporting entity for the District includes all functions of government in which the District's Board exercises oversight responsibility including, but not limited to, financial interdependency, selection of governing authority, designation of management, significant ability to influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters.

Based upon the application of the above-mentioned criteria as set forth in Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 61, The Financial Reporting Entity, the District has identified no component units.

2. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The basic financial statements of the District are composed of the following:

- Government-wide financial statements
- Fund financial statements
- Notes to financial statements

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

a. Government-wide Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements report all non-fiduciary information about the reporting government as a whole. These statements include all the governmental activities of the primary government. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

Governmental activities are supported by special assessments and interest. Program revenues are netted with program expenses in the statement of activities to present the net cost of each program

Amounts paid to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets, rather than reported as an expenditure. Proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as liabilities in the government-wide financial statements, rather than as an other financing source.

Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness of the reporting government are reported as a reduction of the related liability, rather than as an expenditure.

b. Fund Financial Statements

The underlying accounting system of the District is organized and operated on the basis of separate funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Fund financial statements for the primary government's governmental funds are presented after the government-wide financial statements. These statements display information about major funds individually.

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

b. Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Governmental Funds

The District reports fund balance according to Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 54 – Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. The Statement requires the fund balance for governmental funds to be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

The District has various policies governing the fund balance classifications.

Nonspendable Fund Balance – This classification consists of amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation.

Assigned Fund Balance – This classification consists of the Board of Supervisors' intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The assigned fund balances can also be assigned by the District's management company.

Unassigned Fund Balance – This classification is the residual classification for the government's general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. Unassigned fund balance is considered to be utilized first when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Fund Balance Spending Hierarchy – For all governmental funds except special revenue funds, when restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balances are combined in a fund, qualified expenditures are paid first from restricted or committed fund balance, as appropriate, then assigned and finally unassigned fund balances.

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

b. Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Governmental Funds (Continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collected within the current period or soon thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. Interest associated with the current fiscal period is considered to be an accrual item and so has been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period.

Under the current financial resources measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The reported fund balance is considered to be a measure of "available spendable resources". Governmental fund operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Accordingly, they are said to present a summary of sources and

Because of their spending measurement focus, expenditure recognition for governmental fund types excludes amounts represented by non-current liabilities. Since they do not affect net current assets, such long-term amounts are not recognized as governmental fund type expenditures or fund liabilities.

Amounts expended to acquire capital assets are recorded as expenditures in the year that resources are expended, rather than as fund assets. The proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as an other financing source rather than as a fund liability.

Debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

uses of "available spendable resources" during a period.

3. Basis of Presentation

a. Governmental Major Funds

<u>General Fund</u> – The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

3. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

a. Governmental Major Funds (Continued)

<u>2002 Debt Service Fund</u> – Accounts for debt service requirements to retire certain special assessment bonds which were used to finance the acquisition of certain District amenity improvements. The bonds are secured by a first lien on and pledge of the Pledged Revenues.

<u>2008 Debt Service Fund</u> – Accounts for debt service requirements to retire certain special assessment bonds which were used to finance the construction of District infrastructure improvements. The bonds are secured by a first lien on and pledge of the Pledged Revenues.

b. Non-current Governmental Assets/Liabilities

GASB Statement 34 requires that non-current governmental assets, such as land and improvements, and non-current governmental liabilities, such as general obligation bonds and due to developer be reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide Statement of Net Position.

4. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity

a. Cash and Investments

Florida Statutes require state and local governmental units to deposit monies with financial institutions classified as "Qualified Public Depositories," a multiple financial institution pool whereby groups of securities pledged by the various financial institutions provide common collateral from their deposits of public funds. This pool is provided as additional insurance to the federal depository insurance and allows for additional assessments against the member institutions, providing full insurance for public deposits.

The District is authorized to invest in those financial instruments as established by Section 218.415, Florida Statutes. The authorized investments consist of:

- 1. Direct obligations of the United States Treasury;
- 2. The Local Government Surplus Funds Trust or any intergovernmental investment pool authorized pursuant to the Florida Interlocal Cooperative Act of 1969;
- 3. Interest-bearing time deposits or savings accounts in authorized qualified public depositories;

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

4. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

a. Cash and Investments (Continued)

4. Securities and Exchange Commission, registered money market funds with the highest credit quality rating from a nationally recognized rating agency.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash equivalents include time deposits and all highly liquid debt instruments with original maturities of three months or less and held in a qualified public depository as defined by Section 280.02, Florida Statutes.

b. Restricted Net Position

Certain net position of the District is classified as restricted on the statement of net position because their use is limited either by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation; or by restrictions imposed externally by creditors. In a fund with both restricted and unrestricted net position, qualified expenses are considered to be paid first from restricted net position and then from unrestricted net position.

c. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the governmental activities column.

The District defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. The valuation basis for all assets is historical cost.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend its useful life are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Depreciation of capital assets is computed and recorded by utilizing the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives of the various classes of depreciable capital assets are as follows:

Infrastructure – roads and drainage 30 years Recreational amenities 30 years Equipment 10 years

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

4. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

d. Deferred Outflow of Resources

Deferred outflow of resources is the consumption of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. Deferred amount on refunding is amortized and recognized as a component of interest expense over the life of the bond.

e. Budgets

Budgets are prepared and adopted after public hearings for the governmental funds, pursuant to Chapter 190, Florida Statutes. The District utilizes the same basis of accounting for budgets as it does for revenues and expenditures in its various funds. The legal level of budgetary control is at the fund level. All budgeted appropriations lapse at year end. Formal budgets are adopted for the general and debt service funds. As a result, deficits in the budget columns of the accompanying financial statements may occur.

NOTE B - RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Explanation of Differences Between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-wide Statement of Net Position

"Total fund balances" of the District's governmental funds (\$448,763) differs from "net position" of governmental activities (\$681,995) reported in the Statement of Net Position. This difference primarily results from the long-term economic focus of the Statement of Net Position versus the current financial resources focus of the governmental fund balance sheet. The effect of the differences is illustrated below.

Capital related items

When capital assets are purchased or constructed, the cost of those assets is reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, the Statement of Net Position included those capital assets among the assets of the District as a whole.

Recreational amenities	858,297
Infrastructure	394,717
Equipment	59,672
Less: accumulated depreciation	 (832,987)
Total	\$ 479,699

NOTE B - RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

1. Explanation of Differences Between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-wide Statement of Net Position (Continued)

Long-term debt transactions

Long-term liabilities applicable to the District's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities (both current and long-term) are reported in the Statement of Net Position. Balances at September 30, 2018 were:

Bonds payable	\$ (245,000)
Bond discount, net	 1,138
Total long-term liabilities	\$ (243,862)

Deferred outflow of resources

Deferred outflow of resources applicable to the District's governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore, are not reported as fund deferred outflow of resources.

Deferred amount on refunding \$	1,921
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Accrued interest

Accrued liabilities in the Statement of Net Position differ from the amount reported in governmental funds due to the accrued interest on bonds.

Accrued interest \$ (4,526)

2. Explanation of Differences Between the Governmental Fund Operating Statements and the Statement of Activities

The "net change in fund balances" for government funds (\$(12,197)) differs from the "change in net position" for governmental activities (\$242,996) reported in the Statement of Activities. The differences arise primarily from the long-term economic focus of the Statement of Activities versus the current financial resources focus of the governmental funds. The effect of the differences is illustrated on the next page.

NOTE B - RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

2. Explanation of Differences Between the Governmental Fund Operating Statements and the Statement of Activities (Continued)

Capital related items

When capital assets that are to be used in governmental activities are purchased or constructed, the resources expended for those assets are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, in the Statement of Activities, the costs of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. As a result, fund balances decrease by the amount of financial resources expended, whereas net position decreases by the amount of depreciation charged for the year.

Depreciation	\$ (48,801)
Loss on disposal	(11,533)
Capital outlay	 76,893
Total	\$ 16,559

Long-term debt transactions

Repayments of bond principal are reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds and, thus, have the effect of reducing fund balance because current financial resources have been used.

Bond principal payments	\$ 240,000
Bond discount amortization	 (2,166)
Total	\$ 237.834

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Net change in accrued interest payable	\$ 4,453
Decrease in deferred amount on refunding	 (3,653)
Total	\$ 800

NOTE C - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

All deposits are held in qualified public depositories and are included on the accompanying balance sheet as cash and investments.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a formal deposit policy for custodial credit risk, however, they follow the provisions of Chapter 280, Florida Statutes regarding deposits and investments. As of September 30, 2018, the District's bank balance was \$330,625 and the carrying value was \$325,044. Exposure to custodial credit risk was as follows. The District maintains all deposits in a qualified public depository in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 280, Florida Statutes, which means that all deposits are fully insured by Federal Depositors Insurance or collateralized under Chapter 280, Florida Statutes.

As of September 30, 2018, the District had the following investments and maturities:

Investment	Maturities	Fair Value
First American Government Obligation Commercial Paper	26 days* N/A	\$ 1 151,880
Total		\$ 151,881

^{*}Weighted average maturity

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy recently established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset, or paid to transfer a liability, in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. The District uses a market approach in measuring fair value that uses prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or similar assets, liabilities, or groups of assets and liabilities.

Assets or liabilities are classified into one of three levels. Level 1 is the most reliable and is based on quoted price for identical assets, or liabilities, in an active market. Level 2 uses significant other observable inputs when obtaining quoted prices for identical or similar assets, or liabilities, in markets that are not active. Level 3 is the least reliable and uses significant unobservable inputs that use the best information available under the circumstances, which includes the District's own data in measuring unobservable inputs.

Based on the criteria in the preceding paragraph, the investments in Commercial Paper and First American Government Obligation are Level 1 assets.

NOTE C - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments

The District's investment policy allows management to invest funds in investments permitted under Section 218.415, Florida Statutes.

Interest Rate Risk

The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk

The District's investments in the state investment pool and government loans are limited by state statutory requirements and bond compliance. The District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. As of September 30, 2018, the District's investments in Commercial Paper were rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The District places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one fund. 100% of the District's investments are invested in US Bank Interest Bearing Commercial Paper.

The types of deposits and investments and their level of risk exposure as of September 30, 2018 were typical of these items during the fiscal year then ended. The District considers any decline in fair value for certain investments to be temporary. In addition, the District has the ability to hold investments until its maturity date if the fair value is less than cost. The District's investments are recorded at fair value.

NOTE D - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital Asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2018 was as follows:

	Balance October 1, 2017	A	dditions	D	eletions	Balance etember 30, 2018
Governmental activities:						
Capital assets, being depreciated:						
Infrastructure - roads and drainage	\$ 394,717	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 394,717
Recreational amenities	819,850		76,893		(38,446)	858,297
Equipment	59,672		-		-	59,672
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	1,274,239		76,893		(38,446)	1,312,686
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Infrastructure - roads and drainage	(256,297)		(14,322)		-	(270,619)
Recreational amenities	(536,057)		(29,119)		26,913	(538,263)
Equipment	(18,745)		(5,360)		-	(24,105)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(811,099)		(48,801)		26,913	(832,987)
Total Capital Assets Depreciated, Net	\$ 463,140	\$	28,092	\$	(11,533)	\$ 479,699

Current year depreciation was charged to physical environment, \$14,322, and culture and recreation, \$34,479.

NOTE E – LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of activity in the long-term debt account group of the District for the year ended September 30, 2018:

Long-term debt at October 1, 2017 Principal payments Long-term debt at September 30, 2018 Less: Bond Discount, Net Bonds Payable, Net	\$ 485,000 (240,000) 245,000 (1,138) 243,862
Long-term debt is comprised of the following:	
\$850,000 Series 2002 Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds due in annual principal installments beginning May 2002, maturing in May 2019. Interest at a variable rate of .5% below the Wall Street Prime rate, at a minimum of 5% and a maximum of 12% is due May and November beginning 2002. The interest rate on the note was 5% at September 30, 2018.	\$ 60,000
\$1,960,000 Series 2008 Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds due in	

\$1,960,000 annual principal installments beginning May 2008, maturing in May 2019. \$1,010,000 of these bonds have a fixed interest rate of 3.75% and are due by May 2014. The remaining \$950,000 of these bonds have a fixed interest rate of 4.25% and are due by May 2019. Interest is due May and November beginning 2008.

185,000

Total 245,000

The annual requirements to amortize the principal and interest of bonded debt outstanding as of September 30, 2018 are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	Principal		 nterest	Total		
2019	\$	245,000	\$ 10,863	\$	255,863	

NOTE E - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Significant Bond Provisions

The Bonds are subject to extraordinary mandatory redemption prior to maturity in the manner determined by the Bond Registrar if certain events occurred as outlined in the Bond indenture.

The Series 2002 Bonds require a reserve equal to 5% of the bond principal outstanding. The required reserve at year end is \$3,000 and is reserved in the debt service fund.

The Series 2008 Bonds require that the District maintain adequate funds in a reserve account to meet the debt service reserve requirement as defined in the indenture. The District satisfied this requirement as of September 30, 2018, by obtaining a bond reserve insurance policy.

In addition, the Bond Indenture has certain restrictions and requirements relating principally to the use of proceeds to pay for the infrastructure improvements and the procedures to be followed by the District on assessments to property owners. The District agrees to levy special assessments in annual amounts adequate to provide payment of debt service.

The District is in compliance with the requirements of the Bond Indentures.

NOTE F - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the government carries commercial insurance.

NOTE G - BOUNDARY AGREEMENT

On March 10, 2014, the Board approved a boundary agreement with Piney Z Land Company in which the District agreed to remove Phase 9 from its boundaries in return for the payment of operation and maintenance assessments through December 1, 2018. The District provided a 15% discount for a one-time payment, made in full \$118,734; \$8,480 is reflected as unearned revenue in the accompanying financial statements and will be recognized as an operating contribution next year. As per the agreement, the Establishment Ordinance and Interlocal Agreement was amended to provide for the existence of the District beyond 2019.



Certified Public Accountants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Supervisors
Piney-Z Community Development District
Leon County, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Piney-Z Community Development District, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 11, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Piney-Z Community Development District's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Piney-Z Community Development District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Piney-Z Community Development District's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



To the Board of Supervisors
Piney-Z Community Development District

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Piney-Z Community Development District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Berger, Toombs, Elam, Gaines & Frank Certified Public Accountants

Berger Joonibs Glam

Fort Pierce, Florida

March 11, 2019

Certified Public Accountants F

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MANAGEMENT LETTER

To the Board of Supervisors Piney-Z Community Development District Leon County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the Piney-Z Community Development District as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and have issued our report thereon dated March 11, 2019.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Florida Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and our Independent Auditor's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professionals Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated March 11, 2019, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding financial audit report. There were no findings or recommendations in the preceding audit.

Financial Condition and Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not Piney-Z Community Development District has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific conditions met. In connection with our audit, we determined that Piney Z Community Development District did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1) Florida Statutes.



To the Board of Supervisors
Piney-Z Community Development District

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.c. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for Piney-Z Community Development District. It is management's responsibility to monitor the Piney-Z Community Development District's financial condition; our financial condition assessment was based in part on the representations made by management and the review of the financial information provided by the same as of September 30, 2018.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Board of Supervisors, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Berger, Toombs, Elam, Gaines & Frank Certified Public Accountants PL

Berger Joonsoo Glam Sained + Frank

Fort Pierce, Florida

March 11, 2019



Certified Public Accountants

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT/COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 218.415, FLORIDA STATUTES

To the Board of Supervisors Piney-Z Community Development District Leon County, Florida

We have examined Piney-Z Community Development District's compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes during the year ended September 30, 2018. Management is responsible for Piney-Z Community Development District's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Piney-Z Community Development District's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about Piney-Z Community Development District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on Piney-Z Community Development District's compliance with the specified requirements.

In our opinion, Piney-Z Community Development District complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements during the year ended September 30, 2018.

Berger, Toombs, Elam, Gaines & Frank

Certified Public Accountants PL

Derger Joonsos Glam (Daines + Frank

Fort Pierce, Florida

March 11, 2019