

**ARMSTRONG
COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT
CLAY COUNTY, FLORIDA
FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED
SEPTEMBER 30, 2019**

**ARMSTRONG COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT
CLAY COUNTY, FLORIDA**

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Supervisors
Armstrong Community Development District
Clay County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Armstrong Community Development District, Clay County, Florida ("District") as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District as of September 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 12, 2020, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



June 12, 2020

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Our discussion and analysis of Armstrong Community Development District, Clay County, Florida ("District") provides a narrative overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019. Please read it in conjunction with the District's Independent Auditor's Report, basic financial statements, accompanying notes and supplementary information to the basic financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of the District exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year resulting in a net position balance of \$10,487,851.
- The change in the District's total net position in comparison with the prior fiscal year was \$5,140,067, an increase. The key components of the District's net position and change in net position are reflected in the table in the government-wide financial analysis section.
- At September 30, 2019, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$687,842, a decrease of (\$902,526) in comparison with the prior fiscal year. The total fund balance is restricted for debt service, unassigned deficit fund balance in the capital projects fund, and the remainder is unassigned fund balance which is available for spending at the District's discretion.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as the introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources with the residual amount being reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements include all governmental activities that are principally supported by Developer contributions and assessments. The District does not have any business-type activities. The governmental activities of the District include the general government (management), maintenance and recreation functions.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The District has one fund category: governmental funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains three individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, debt service fund, and capital projects fund, all of which are considered to be major funds.

The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of an entity's financial position. In the case of the District, assets exceeded liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (Continued)

Key components of the District's net position are reflected in the following table:

NET POSITION		
SEPTEMBER 30,		
	2019	2018
Current and other assets	\$ 1,716,177	\$ 4,589,922
Capital assets, net of depreciation	17,235,509	10,405,072
Total assets	18,951,686	14,994,994
Current liabilities	1,127,986	2,779,292
Long-term liabilities	7,335,849	6,867,918
Total liabilities	8,463,835	9,647,210
Net position		
Net investment in capital assets	9,308,761	4,503,697
Restricted	1,145,459	828,449
Unrestricted	33,631	15,638
Total net position	\$ 10,487,851	\$ 5,347,784

The District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, land improvements, and infrastructure); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. These assets are used to provide services to residents; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The restricted portion of the District's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

The District's net position increased during the most recent fiscal year. The majority of the increase is the result of contributions from the County and Developer.

Key elements of the change in net position are reflected in the following table:

CHANGES IN NET POSITION		
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30,		
	2019	2018
Revenues:		
Program revenues		
Charges for services	\$ 2,713,922	\$ 366,304
Operating grants and contributions	774,344	128,856
Capital grants and contributions	2,102,718	5,284,875
General revenues		
Miscellaneous	34,814	-
Total revenues	5,625,798	5,780,035
Expenses:		
General government	118,724	111,664
Maintenance and operations	57,368	-
Parks & recreation	12,026	-
Interest	297,613	354,557
Total expenses	485,731	466,221
Change in net position	5,140,067	5,313,814
Net position - beginning	5,347,784	33,970
Net position - ending	\$ 10,487,851	\$ 5,347,784

As noted above and in the statement of activities, the cost of all governmental activities during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019 was \$485,731. Program revenues was mostly comprised of contributions from the Developer and the County in both fiscal years. While assessments increased during the current fiscal year, the decrease in contributions from the Developer and the County were greater which caused a net decrease in program revenues from the prior fiscal year.

GENERAL BUDGETING HIGHLIGHTS

An operating budget was adopted and maintained by the governing board for the District pursuant to the requirements of Florida Statutes. The budget is adopted using the same basis of accounting that is used in preparation of the fund financial statements. The legal level of budgetary control, the level at which expenditures may not exceed budget, is in the aggregate. Any budget amendments that increase the aggregate budgeted appropriations must be approved by the Board of Supervisors. The general fund budget for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019 was amended to increase revenues by \$120,000 and increase appropriations by \$120,000. Actual general fund expenditures for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019 exceeded appropriations by \$(9,867). The over expenditures were funded by available fund balance.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At September 30, 2019, the District had \$17,235,509 invested in capital assets for its governmental activities. In the government-wide financial statements no depreciation has been taken. More detailed information about the District's capital assets is presented in the notes of the financial statements.

Capital Debt

At September 30, 2019, the District had \$4,820,000 in Bonds outstanding, \$52,852 in capital leases, and \$2,518,111 in Developer advances outstanding for its governmental activities. More detailed information about the District's capital debt is presented in the notes of the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS

Subsequent to fiscal year end, the District continues work on its Series 2017 infrastructure project and the Tynes Blvd extension project. Further information about the project is presented in the notes to financial statements. In addition, it is anticipated that the general operations of the District will increase.

Subsequent to fiscal year end, the District issued \$7,500,000 of Series 2019 Bonds, consisting of multiple term bonds with due dates ranging from November 1, 2024 - November 1, 2050 and fixed interest rates ranging from 3.125% to 4% The Bonds were issued to finance the acquisition and construction of certain improvements for the benefit of the District.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, land owners, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the financial resources it manages and the stewardship of the facilities it maintains. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Armstrong Community Development District's Finance Department at 5385 N Nob Hill Road, Sunrise, Florida 33351.

**ARMSTRONG COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT
CLAY COUNTY, FLORIDA
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
SEPTEMBER 30, 2019**

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash	\$ 38,604
Due from Developer	365,078
Restricted assets:	
Investments	1,312,495
Capital assets:	
Nondepreciable	17,235,509
Total assets	18,951,686
 LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	337,484
Contracts and retainage payable	659,211
Unearned revenues	31,640
Accrued interest payable	99,651
Non-current liabilities:	
Due within one year	77,733
Due in more than one year	7,258,116
Total liabilities	8,463,835
 NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	9,308,761
Restricted for debt service	1,145,459
Unrestricted	33,631
Total net position	\$ 10,487,851

See notes to the financial statements

**ARMSTRONG COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT
CLAY COUNTY, FLORIDA
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019**

<u>Functions/Programs</u>	Expenses	Program Revenues			Net (Expense)
		Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Revenue and Changes in Net Position
					Governmental Activities
Primary government:					
Governmental activities:					
General government	\$ 118,724	\$ -	\$ 771,343	\$ -	\$ 652,619
Maintenance and operations	57,368	-	-	2,102,718	2,045,350
Parks & recreation	12,026	-	-	-	(12,026)
Interest on long-term debt	297,613	2,713,922	3,001	-	2,419,310
Total governmental activities	<u>485,731</u>	<u>2,713,922</u>	<u>774,344</u>	<u>2,102,718</u>	<u>5,105,253</u>
			General revenues:		
			Miscellaneous		34,814
			Total general revenues		<u>34,814</u>
			Change in net position		5,140,067
			Net position - beginning		5,347,784
			Net position - ending		<u>\$ 10,487,851</u>

See notes to the financial statements

**ARMSTRONG COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT
CLAY COUNTY, FLORIDA
BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2019**

	Major Funds			Total Governmental Funds
	General	Debt Service	Capital Projects	
ASSETS				
Cash	\$ 37,677	\$ -	\$ 927	\$ 38,604
Investments	-	1,245,110	67,385	1,312,495
Due from Developer	97,428	-	267,650	365,078
Total assets	<u>\$ 135,105</u>	<u>\$ 1,245,110</u>	<u>\$ 335,962</u>	<u>\$ 1,716,177</u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ 69,834	\$ -	\$ 267,650	\$ 337,484
Contracts and retainage payable	-	-	659,211	659,211
Unearned revenues	31,640	-	-	31,640
Total liabilities	<u>101,474</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>926,861</u>	<u>1,028,335</u>
Fund balances:				
Restricted for:				
Debt service	-	1,245,110	-	1,245,110
Unassigned	33,631	-	(590,899)	(557,268)
Total fund balances	<u>33,631</u>	<u>1,245,110</u>	<u>(590,899)</u>	<u>687,842</u>
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$ 135,105</u>	<u>\$ 1,245,110</u>	<u>\$ 335,962</u>	<u>\$ 1,716,177</u>

See notes to the financial statements

**ARMSTRONG COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT
CLAY COUNTY, FLORIDA
RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019**

Fund balance - governmental funds \$ 687,842

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in the governmental funds. The statement of net position includes those capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, in the assets of the government as a whole.

Cost of capital assets	17,235,509	
Accumulated depreciation	-	17,235,509

Liabilities not due and payable from current available resources are not reported as liabilities in the governmental fund financial statements. All liabilities, both current and long-term, are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

Developer advances	(2,518,111)	
Capital lease	(52,852)	
Accrued interest payable	(99,651)	
Bonds payable	(4,764,886)	(7,435,500)
Net position of governmental activities		<u>\$ 10,487,851</u>

See notes to the financial statements

**ARMSTRONG COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT
CLAY COUNTY, FLORIDA
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019**

	Major Funds			Total Governmental Funds
	General	Debt Service	Capital Projects	
REVENUES				
Assessments	\$ -	\$ 2,713,922	\$ -	\$ 2,713,922
Developer contributions	176,957	-	594,386	771,343
Intergovernmental revenues	-	-	2,386,231	2,386,231
Interest	-	3,001	1,215	4,216
Miscellaneous	34,814	-	81,232	116,046
Total revenues	<u>211,771</u>	<u>2,716,923</u>	<u>3,063,064</u>	<u>5,991,758</u>
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	118,724	-	-	118,724
Maintenance and operations	57,368	-	-	57,368
Parks & recreation	12,026	-	-	12,026
Debt service:				
Principal	3,996	2,105,000	-	2,108,996
Interest	1,664	340,028	-	341,692
Capital outlay	56,848	-	6,773,589	6,830,437
Total expenditures	<u>250,626</u>	<u>2,445,028</u>	<u>6,773,589</u>	<u>9,469,243</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(38,855)	271,895	(3,710,525)	(3,477,485)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfer in (out)	-	(932)	932	-
Developer advances	-	-	2,518,111	2,518,111
Lease proceeds	56,848	-	-	56,848
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>56,848</u>	<u>(932)</u>	<u>2,519,043</u>	<u>2,574,959</u>
Net change in fund balances	17,993	270,963	(1,191,482)	(902,526)
Fund balances - beginning	<u>15,638</u>	<u>974,147</u>	<u>600,583</u>	<u>1,590,368</u>
Fund balances - ending	<u>\$ 33,631</u>	<u>\$ 1,245,110</u>	<u>\$ (590,899)</u>	<u>\$ 687,842</u>

See notes to the financial statements

**ARMSTRONG COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT
CLAY COUNTY, FLORIDA
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN
FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019**

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	(902,526)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; however, the cost of capital assets is eliminated in the statement of activities and capitalized in the statement of net position.		6,830,437
Certain revenues were unavailable for the governmental fund financial statements in the prior fiscal year. In the current fiscal year, these revenues were recorded in the governmental fund financial statements.		(365,960)
Governmental funds report the face amount of debt issued as financial resources when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are eliminated in the statement of activities and recognized as long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.		(56,848)
Repayment of long-term liabilities are reported as expenditures in the governmental fund financial statements, but such repayments reduce liabilities in the statement of net position and are eliminated in the statement of activities.		2,108,996
Amortization of Bond discounts/premiums is not recognized in the governmental fund financial statements, but is reported as an expense in the statement of activities.		(1,968)
Governmental funds report Developer advances as financial resources when cash is received, whereas these amounts are eliminated in the statement of activities and recognized as long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.		(2,518,111)
The change in accrued interest on long-term liabilities between the current and prior fiscal year is recorded in the statement of activities but not in the governmental fund financial statements.		46,047
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	5,140,067

See notes to the financial statements

**ARMSTRONG COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT
CLAY COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

NOTE 1 – NATURE OF ORGANIZATION AND REPORTING ENTITY

Armstrong Community Development District ("District") was created on July 12, 2016 pursuant to the Uniform Community Development District Act of 1980, otherwise known as Chapter 190, Florida Statutes, by Ordinance 2016-23 of Clay County, Florida, amended by Ordinance 2018-40 of Clay County, Florida. The Act provides among other things, the power to manage basic services for community development, power to borrow money and issue Bonds, and to levy and assess non-ad valorem assessments for the financing and delivery of capital infrastructure.

The District was established for the purpose of financing and managing the acquisition, construction, maintenance and operation of a portion of the infrastructure necessary for community development within the District.

The District is governed by the Board of Supervisors ("Board") which is composed of five members. The District conducts general elections based on property owners within the District. The Board of Supervisors of the District exercise all powers granted to the District pursuant to Chapter 190, Florida Statutes. At September 30, 2019, some of the Board members are affiliated with Armstrong Ventures, LLC and Greenpointe, LLC ("Developers").

The Board has the responsibility for:

1. Assessing and levying assessments.
2. Approving budgets.
3. Exercising control over facilities and properties.
4. Controlling the use of funds generated by the District.
5. Approving the hiring and firing of key personnel.
6. Financing improvements.

The financial statements were prepared in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statements. Under the provisions of those standards, the financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the District Board of Supervisors is considered to be financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that, if excluded, the financial statements of the District would be considered incomplete or misleading. There are no entities considered to be component units of the District; therefore, the financial statements include only the operations of the District.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The basic financial statements include both government-wide and fund financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment; operating-type special assessments for maintenance and debt service are treated as charges for services and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement* focus and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Assessments are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are to be recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

Assessments

Assessments are non-ad valorem assessments on benefitted property within the District. Operating and Maintenance Assessments are based upon adopted budget and levied annually at a public hearing of the District. Debt Service Assessments are levied when Bonds are issued and assessed and collected on an annual basis. The District may collect assessments directly or utilize the uniform method of collection (Chapter 197.3632, Florida Statutes). Direct collected assessments are due as determined by annual assessment resolution adopted by the Board of Supervisors. Assessments collected under the uniform method are mailed by County Tax Collector on November 1 and due on or before March 31 of each year. Property owners may prepay a portion or all of the Debt Service Assessments on their property subject to various provisions in the Bond documents.

Assessments and interest associated with the current fiscal period are considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. The portion of assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund

The general fund is the general operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Debt Service Fund

The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for the annual payment of principal and interest on long-term debt.

Capital Projects Fund

This fund accounts for the financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major infrastructure within the District.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first for qualifying expenditures, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity

Restricted Assets

These assets represent cash and investments set aside pursuant to Bond covenants or other contractual restrictions.

Deposits and Investments

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand and demand deposits (interest and non-interest bearing).

The District has elected to proceed under the Alternative Investment Guidelines as set forth in Section 218.415 (17) Florida Statutes. The District may invest any surplus public funds in the following:

- a) The Local Government Surplus Trust Funds, or any intergovernmental investment pool authorized pursuant to the Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act;
- b) Securities and Exchange Commission registered money market funds with the highest credit quality rating from a nationally recognized rating agency;
- c) Interest bearing time deposits or savings accounts in qualified public depositories;
- d) Direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury.

Securities listed in paragraph c and d shall be invested to provide sufficient liquidity to pay obligations as they come due.

The District records all interest revenue related to investment activities in the respective funds. Investments are measured at amortized cost or reported at fair value as required by generally accepted accounting principles.

Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Capital Assets

Capital assets which include property, plant and equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, sidewalks and similar items) are reported in the government activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

In the governmental fund financial statements, amounts incurred for the acquisition of capital assets are reported as fund expenditures. No depreciation has been taken in the current fiscal year as the District's infrastructure and other capital assets are under construction.

Unearned Revenue

Governmental funds report unearned revenue in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized ratably over the life of the Bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of applicable premiums or discounts. Bond issuance costs are expensed when incurred.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Fund Equity/Net Position

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report non spendable and restricted fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Assignments of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

The District can establish limitations on the use of fund balance as follows:

Committed fund balance – Amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action (resolution) of the Board of Supervisors. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by the Board of Supervisors taking the same formal action (resolution) that imposed the constraint originally. Resources accumulated pursuant to stabilization arrangements sometimes are reported in this category.

Assigned fund balance – Includes spendable fund balance amounts established by the Board of Supervisors that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted nor committed. The Board may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover differences in estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Assignments are generally temporary and normally the same formal action need not be taken to remove the assignment.

The District first uses committed fund balance, followed by assigned fund balance and then unassigned fund balance when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Net position is the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position in the government-wide financial statements are categorized as net investment in capital assets, restricted or unrestricted. Net investment in capital assets represents net position related to infrastructure and property, plant and equipment. Restricted net position represents the assets restricted by the District's Bond covenants or other contractual restrictions. Unrestricted net position consists of the net position not meeting the definition of either of the other two components.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Other Disclosures

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 3 – BUDGETARY INFORMATION

The District is required to establish a budgetary system and an approved Annual Budget. Annual Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the general fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

- a) Each year the District Manager submits to the District Board a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1.
- b) Public hearings are conducted to obtain comments.
- c) Prior to October 1, the budget is legally adopted by the District Board.
- d) All budget changes must be approved by the District Board.
- e) The budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.
- f) Unused appropriation for annually budgeted funds lapse at the end of the year.

NOTE 4 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits

The District's cash balances were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by a collateral pool pledged to the State Treasurer. Florida Statutes Chapter 280, "Florida Security for Public Deposits Act", requires all qualified depositories to deposit with the Treasurer or another banking institution eligible collateral equal to various percentages of the average daily balance for each month of all public deposits in excess of any applicable deposit insurance held. The percentage of eligible collateral (generally, U.S. Governmental and agency securities, state or local government debt, or corporate bonds) to public deposits is dependent upon the depository's financial history and its compliance with Chapter 280. In the event of a failure of a qualified public depository, the remaining public depositories would be responsible for covering any resulting losses.

Investments

The District's investments were held as follows at September 30, 2019:

	Maturities	Amortized Cost	Credit Risk
US Bank Mmkt 5 - Ct	N/A	<u>\$ 1,312,495</u>	Not available

Credit risk – For investments, credit risk is generally the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Investment ratings by investment type are included in the preceding summary of investments.

Concentration risk – The District places no limit on the amount the District may invest in any one issuer.

Interest rate risk – The District does not have a formal policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

NOTE 4 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

However, the Bond Indenture limits the type of investments held using unspent proceeds.

Fair Value Measurement – When applicable, the District measures and records its investments using fair value measurement guidelines established in accordance with GASB Statements. The framework for measuring fair value provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques.

These guidelines recognize a three-tiered fair value hierarchy, in order of highest priority, as follows:

- *Level 1:* Investments whose values are based on unadjusted quoted prices for identical investments in active markets that the District has the ability to access;
- *Level 2:* Investments whose inputs - other than quoted market prices - are observable either directly or indirectly; and,
- *Level 3:* Investments whose inputs are unobservable.

The fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the entire fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used should maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

Money market investments that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less and are held by governments other than external investment pools should be measured at amortized cost. Accordingly, the District's investments have been reported at amortized cost above.

NOTE 5 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
<u>Governmental activities</u>				
Capital assets, not being depreciated				
Infrastructure under construction	\$ 10,405,072	\$ 6,749,225	\$ -	\$ 17,154,297
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	10,405,072	6,749,225	-	17,154,297
Capital assets, being depreciated				
Equipment	-	81,212	-	81,212
Total capital assets, being depreciated	-	81,212	-	81,212
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Equipment	-	-	-	-
Total accumulated depreciation	-	-	-	-
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 10,405,072	\$ 6,830,437	\$ -	\$ 17,235,509

The infrastructure intended to serve the District has been estimated at a total cost of approximately \$24,000,000. The infrastructure will include roadways, a storm water system, a water and sewer systems, and other improvements. A portion of the cost related to the extension of Tynes Boulevard is expected to be funded by the County – see Note 8. The remaining project is expected to be financed by Bond issuance, with any costs in excess of the amounts available from the bond proceeds to be paid by the Developers. The District has entered an acquisition agreement with the Developer to acquire certain infrastructure. A portion of the total expenditures in construction in progress relates to Tynes Boulevard extension and were financed by a County contribution. The Tynes Boulevard extension project will be conveyed to the County for ownership and maintenance upon completion. Certain improvements will be conveyed to other entities upon completion of the project.

As of September 30, 2019, there were open contracts totaling approximately \$5,651,140.

NOTE 6 – LONG TERM LIABILITIES

Series 2017

On September 28, 2017, the District issued Series 2017 Special Assessment Revenue Bonds, consisting of \$4,035,000 Term Bonds Series 2017A with maturity dates from November 1, 2013 to November 1, 2048 with a fixed interest rates from 3.625% to 5.125%, and \$2,890,000 Term Bonds Series 2017B due on November 1, 2029 with a fixed interest rate of 5.25%. The bonds were issued to finance the cost of acquiring, constructing and equipping certain assessable improvements. Interest is to be paid semiannually on each May 1 and November 1, commencing May 1, 2018. Principal on the Series 2017A Bonds is to be paid serially commencing November 2019 through November 1, 2048. Principal on the Series 2017B Bonds is due on November 1, 2029.

The Series 2017A Bonds are subject to redemption at the option of the District prior to their maturity. The Series 2017B Bonds are not subject to optional redemption. The Bonds are subject to extraordinary mandatory redemption prior to their selected maturity in the manner determined by the Bond Registrar if certain events occurred as outlined in the Bond Indenture. This occurred during the current fiscal year as the District collected assessments from lot closings and prepaid \$2,105,000 of the Series 2017B Bonds. See Note 12 – Subsequent Events for call amounts subsequent to fiscal year end.

The Bond Indenture established a debt service reserve requirement as well as other restrictions and requirements relating principally to the use of proceeds to pay for the infrastructure improvements and the procedures to be followed by the District on assessments to property owners. The District agrees to levy special assessments in annual amounts adequate to provide payment of debt service and to meet the reserve requirements. The District was in compliance with the requirements at September 30, 2019.

Capital Lease

In May 2019 the District entered into a capital lease agreement for the acquisition of fitness equipment. The total acquisition cost of the equipment was \$81,212. The District paid \$24,364 initially and recognized the remaining \$56,848 as a capital lease obligation. The term of the lease is from May 20, 2019 to May 20, 2023 and is payable in monthly installments of \$1,415.

Developer Advances

The Developer has advanced to the District a total of \$2,518,111 in order to fund the construction deficit during the current fiscal year. See Note 12 for pertinent information subsequent to fiscal year end.

Long-term debt activity

Changes in long-term liability activity for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019 were as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
<u>Governmental activities</u>					
Series 2017	\$ 6,925,000	\$ -	\$ 2,105,000	\$ 4,820,000	\$ 65,000
Original Issuance Discount	57,082	-	1,968	55,114	-
Capital Lease	-	56,848	3,996	52,852	12,733
Developer Advances	-	2,518,111	-	2,518,111	-
Total	<u>\$ 6,867,918</u>	<u>\$ 2,574,959</u>	<u>\$ 2,107,028</u>	<u>\$ 7,335,849</u>	<u>\$ 77,733</u>

NOTE 6 – LONG TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

Long-term debt activity (Continued)

At September 30, 2019, the scheduled debt service requirements on the long-term debt were as follows:

Year ending September 30,	Governmental Activities		
	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 65,000	\$ 237,985	\$ 302,985
2021	70,000	235,538	305,538
2022	70,000	233,001	303,001
2023	75,000	230,372	305,372
2024	75,000	227,654	302,654
2025-2029	430,000	1,084,894	1,514,894
2030-2034	1,325,000	784,512	2,109,512
2035-2039	690,000	609,284	1,299,284
2040-2044	885,000	408,591	1,293,591
2045-2049	1,135,000	151,316	1,286,316
Total	<u>\$ 4,820,000</u>	<u>\$ 4,203,147</u>	<u>\$ 9,023,147</u>

At September 30, 2019, the future minimum lease payments on the capital lease obligations were as follows:

Fiscal year	Amount
2020	\$ 16,983
2021	16,983
2022	16,983
2023	11,322
Total minimum lease payments	62,271
Less: amounts representing interest	(9,419)
Present value of minimum lease payments	<u>\$ 52,852</u>

NOTE 7 – DEVELOPER TRANSACTIONS

The Developers have agreed to fund the general operations of the District. In connection with these agreements, Developer contributions to the general fund for the current fiscal year were \$176,957, which includes a receivable of \$97,428 at September 30, 2019.

The Developers have agreed to fund a portion of the construction costs of the District. In connection with these agreements, Developer contributions to the capital projects fund for the current fiscal year were \$594,386, which includes a receivable of \$267,650 at September 30, 2019.

During the prior fiscal year, the District entered a project management agreement with one of the Developers relating to Tynes Boulevard construction. The Developer will be paid a fee of 2% of construction pay applications up to \$120,000.

NOTE 8 – INTERLOCAL AGREEMENTS

In July 2016, the District entered an interlocal agreement with Clay County for funding, design, and construction of the Tynes Boulevard Extension. The County has agreed to pay the District up to \$7,000,000 on a reimbursement basis towards the project costs. Under the agreement, the District was required to provide a letter of credit covering any project construction costs, in excess of \$7,000,000. During a prior fiscal year, the County initially advanced \$600,000 to provide working capital. For the current fiscal year, the District recognized revenues related to funding for the project totaling approximately \$2,113,231.

In November 2017, the District entered an interlocal agreement with Clay County Utility Authority (CCUA) relating to its utility systems. Under the agreement, CCUA agreed to reimburse the District for \$140,000 in construction costs of completing the off-site water and reclaimed water systems once accepted by CCUA. For the current fiscal year, the District recognized revenues related to funding for the project totaling approximately \$273,000.

NOTE 9 – MANAGEMENT COMPANY

The District has contracted with a management company to perform management advisory services, which include financial and accounting advisory services. Certain employees of the management company also serve as officers of the District. Under the agreement, the District compensates the management company for management, accounting, financial reporting, computer and other administrative costs.

NOTE 10 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The District has obtained commercial insurance from independent third parties to mitigate the costs of these risks; coverage may not extend to all situations. There were no settled claims since inception of the District.

NOTE 11 – CONCENTRATION

The District's activity is dependent upon the continued involvement of the Developers, the loss of which could have a material adverse effect on the District's operations.

NOTE 12 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Bond Issuance

Subsequent to fiscal year end, the District issued \$7,500,000 of Series 2019 Bonds, consisting of multiple term bonds with due dates ranging from November 1, 2024 - November 1, 2050 and fixed interest rates ranging from 3.125% to 4%. The Bonds were issued to finance the acquisition and construction of certain improvements for the benefit of the District.

Bond Payments

Subsequent to fiscal year end, the District prepaid a total of \$785,000 of the Series 2017B Bonds. The prepayments were considered extraordinary mandatory redemptions as outlined in the Bond Indenture.

Developer Transactions

Subsequent to fiscal year end, the District paid the Developer \$2,518,111 with proceeds from Series 2019 Bonds, thereby clearing the Developer advance balance. In addition, the District paid the Developer \$192,478 for costs associated with the construction project.

**ARMSTRONG COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT
CLAY COUNTY, FLORIDA
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN
FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019**

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		
REVENUES				
Developer Contributions	\$ 120,759	\$ 240,759	\$ 176,957	\$ (63,802)
Miscellaneous	-	-	34,814	34,814
Total revenues	120,759	240,759	211,771	(28,988)
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	120,759	120,759	118,724	2,035
Maintenance	-	120,000	57,368	62,632
Parks & recreation	-	-	12,026	(12,026)
Debt service:				
Principal	-	-	3,996	(3,996)
Interest	-	-	1,664	(1,664)
Capital outlay	-	-	56,848	(56,848)
Total expenditures	120,759	240,759	250,626	(9,867)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	-	-	(38,855)	(38,855)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
Lease proceeds	-	-	56,848	56,848
Total other financing sources	-	-	56,848	56,848
Net change in fund balances	\$ -	\$ -	17,993	\$ 17,993
Fund balance - beginning			15,638	
Fund balance - ending			\$ 33,631	

See notes to required supplementary information

**ARMSTRONG COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT
CLAY COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

The District is required to establish a budgetary system and an approved Annual Budget for the general fund. The District's budgeting process is based on estimates of cash receipts and cash expenditures which are approved by the Board. The budget approximates a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (generally accepted accounting principles).

The legal level of budgetary control, the level at which expenditures may not exceed budget, is in the aggregate. Any budget amendments that increase the aggregate budgeted appropriations must be approved by the Board of Supervisors. The general fund budget for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019 was amended to increase revenues by \$120,000 and increase appropriations by \$120,000. Actual general fund expenditures for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019 exceeded appropriations by \$(9,867). The over expenditures were funded by available fund balance.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Supervisors
Armstrong Community Development District
Clay County, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Armstrong Community Development District, Clay County, Florida ("District") as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our opinion thereon dated June 12, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.



June 12, 2020



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**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH THE
REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 218.415, FLORIDA STATUTES, REQUIRED BY
RULE 10.556(10) OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA**

To the Board of Supervisors
Armstrong Community Development District
Clay County, Florida

We have examined Armstrong Community Development District, Clay County, Florida's ("District") compliance with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, in accordance with Rule 10.556(10) of the Auditor General of the State of Florida during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019. Management is responsible for District's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on District's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the District complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced in Section 218.415, Florida Statutes. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the District complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, management, and the Board of Supervisors of Armstrong Community Development District, Clay County, Florida and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Grau & Associates

June 12, 2020



**MANAGEMENT LETTER PURSUANT TO THE RULES OF
THE AUDITOR GENERAL FOR THE STATE OF FLORIDA**

To the Board of Supervisors
Armstrong Community Development District
Clay County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of Armstrong Community Development District, Clay County, Florida ("District") as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, and have issued our report thereon dated June 12, 2020.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Florida Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters based on an audit of the financial statements performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; and Independent Accountant's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated June 12, 2020, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Purpose of this Letter

The purpose of this letter is to comment on those matters required by Chapter 10.550 of the Rules of the Auditor General for the State of Florida. Accordingly, in connection with our audit of the financial statements of the District, as described in the first paragraph, we report the following:

- I. Current year findings and recommendations.**
- II. Status of prior year findings and recommendations.**
- III. Compliance with the Provisions of the Auditor General of the State of Florida.**

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, as applicable, management, and the Board of Supervisors of Armstrong Community Development District, Clay County, Florida and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We wish to thank Armstrong Community Development District, Clay County, Florida and the personnel associated with it, for the opportunity to be of service to them in this endeavor as well as future engagements, and the courtesies extended to us.

Grau & Associates

June 12, 2020

REPORT TO MANAGEMENT

I. CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

None

II. PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

None

III. COMPLIANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA

Unless otherwise required to be reported in the auditor's report on compliance and internal controls, the management letter shall include, but not be limited to the following:

1. A statement as to whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

There were no significant findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018.

2. Any recommendations to improve the local governmental entity's financial management.

There were no such matters discovered by, or that came to the attention of, the auditor, to be reported for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019.

3. Noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance.

There were no such matters discovered by, or that came to the attention of, the auditor, to be reported, for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019.

4. The name or official title and legal authority of the District are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

5. The District has not met one or more of the financial emergency conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

6. We applied financial condition assessment procedures and no deteriorating financial conditions were noted as of September 30, 2019. It is management's responsibility to monitor financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.