Beacon Lakes Community Development District

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

September 30, 2019

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

To the Board of Supervisors Beacon Lakes Community Development District Miami-Dade County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Beacon Lakes Community Development District as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to financial statements, which collectively comprise the Districts, basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Accounting Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



To the Board of Supervisors Beacon Lakes Community Development District

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Beacon Lakes Community Development District, as of September 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management Discussion and Analysis be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated March 27, 2020 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations and contracts. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Beacon Lakes Community Development District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Berger Joombos Clam Daines + Frank

Berger, Toombs, Elam, Gaines & Frank Certified Public Accountants PL Fort Pierce, Florida

March 27, 2020

Management's discussion and analysis of Beacon Lakes Community Development District (the "District") financial performance provides an objective and easily readable analysis of the District's financial activities. The analysis provides summary financial information for the District and should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The District's basic financial statements comprise three components; 1) *Government-wide financial statements*, 2) *Fund financial statements*, and 3) *Notes to financial statements*. The *Government-wide financial statements* present an overall picture of the District's financial position and results of operations. The *Fund financial statements* present financial information for the District's major funds. The *Notes to financial statements* provide additional information concerning the District's finances.

The *Government-wide financial statements* are the **statement of net position** and the **statement of activities**. These statements use accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. Emphasis is placed on the net position of governmental activities and the change in net position. Governmental activities are primarily supported by special assessments.

The **statement of net position** presents information on all assets and liabilities of the District, with the difference between assets and liabilities reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories; 1) invested in capital assets, net of related debt, 2) restricted, and 3) unrestricted. Assets, liabilities, and net position are reported for all Governmental activities.

The **statement of activities** presents information on all revenues and expenses of the District and the change in net position. Expenses are reported by major function and program revenues relating to those functions are reported, providing the net cost of all functions provided by the District. To assist in understanding the District's operations, expenses have been reported as governmental activities. Governmental activities financed by the District include general government and debt service.

Fund financial statements present financial information for governmental funds. These statements provide financial information for the major funds of the District. Governmental fund financial statements provide information on the current assets and liabilities of the funds, changes in current financial resources (revenues and expenditures), and current available resources.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Fund financial statements include a **balance sheet** and a **statement of revenues**, **expenditures and changes in fund balances** for all governmental funds. A **statement of revenues**, **expenditures**, **and changes in fund balances – budget and actual** is provided for the District's General Fund. *Fund financial statements* provide more detailed information about the District's activities. Individual funds are established by the District to track revenues that are restricted to certain uses or to comply with legal requirements.

The government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements provide different pictures of the District. The government-wide financial statements provide an overall picture of the District's financial standing. These statements are comparable to private-sector companies and give a good understanding of the District's overall financial health and how the District paid for the various activities, or functions, provided by the District. All assets of the District, including buildings and improvements, and infrastructure are reported in the **statement of net position**. All liabilities, including principal outstanding on bonds are included. The **statement of activities** includes depreciation on all long lived assets of the District, but transactions between the different functions of the District have been eliminated in order to avoid "doubling up" the revenues and expenses. The *fund financial statements* provide a picture of the major funds of the District. In the case of governmental activities, outlays for long lived assets are reported as expenditures and long-term liabilities, such as general obligation bonds, are not included in the fund financial statements, reconciliations are provided from the *fund financial statements* to the *government-wide financial statements*.

Notes to financial statements provide additional detail concerning the financial activities and financial balances of the District. Additional information about the accounting practices of the District, investments of the District, capital assets and long-term debt are some of the items included in the *notes to financial statements*.

Financial Highlights

The following are the highlights of financial activity for the year ended September 30, 2019.

- The District's total assets exceeded total liabilities by \$11,991,775 (net position). Net investment in capital assets for the District was \$10,294,733. Unrestricted net position for Governmental Activities was \$(851,984). Governmental activities restricted net position was \$2,549,026.
- Governmental activities revenues total \$1,104,162 while governmental activities expenses and conveyances totaled \$4,904,852.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Financial Analysis of the District

The following schedule provides a summary of the assets, liabilities and net position of the District and is presented by category for comparison purposes.

Net Position

	Governmental Activities			
	2019	2018		
Current assets	\$ 1,074,317	\$ 1,158,988		
Restricted assets	2,615,584	8,057,414		
Capital assets	10,352,624	10,099,378		
Total Assets	14,042,525	19,315,780		
Current liabilities	357,165	1,545,264		
Non-current liabilities	1,693,585	1,978,051		
Total Liabilities	2,050,750	3,523,315		
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets	10,294,733	10,039,172		
Restricted	2,549,026	7,039,530		
Unrestricted	(851,984)	(1,286,237)		
Total Net Position	\$ 11,991,775	\$ 15,792,465		

The decrease in current liabilities is related to the payments of contracts/retainage payable and the accrued payment to landowners in the current year.

The decrease in restricted assets is related to current year capital asset additions.

The decrease in non-current liabilities and the increase in unrestricted net position are primarily related to refund payments to landowners.

The decrease in net position is related to the conveyance of assets in the current year.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Financial Analysis of the District (Continued)

The following schedule provides a summary of the changes in net position of the District and is presented by category for comparison purposes.

Change In Net Position

	Governmental Activities			
	2019	2018		
Program Revenues Charges for services General Revenues	\$ 1,063,947	\$ 977,895		
Investment earnings	40,014	27,922		
Miscellaneous revenues	201	578		
Total Revenues	1,104,162	1,006,395		
Expenses General government Physical environment Interest on long-term debt Total Expenses	146,451 522,307 20,061 688,819	175,306 524,716 <u>19,805</u> 719,827		
Conveyance of capital assets	4,216,033	<u>-</u>		
Change in Net Position	(3,800,690)	286,568		
Net Position - Beginning of Year	15,792,465	15,505,897		
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 11,991,775	\$ 15,792,465		

The decrease in general government is primarily due to an decrease in professional services.

The increase in charges for services is related to a budgeted increase in special assessments in the General Fund.

Certain capital assets were conveyed to another government in the current year.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Capital Assets Activity

The following schedule provides a summary of the District's capital assets as of September 30, 2019 and 2018.

	Governmental Activities			
	2019			2018
Land and improvements	\$	7,833,702	\$	7,937,118
Construction in progress	Ŷ	-	Ŷ	1,495,099
Infrastructure		2,809,820		918,050
Improvements other than buildings		25,525		25,525
Less: accumulated depreciation		(316,423)		(276,414)
Governmental Activities Capital Assets	\$	10,352,624	\$	10,099,378

During the year, \$2,617,518 of construction in progress was added, \$1,891,770 was added to infrastructure, \$4,216,033 was conveyed to other governments and depreciation was \$40,009.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The budget exceeded governmental expenditures primarily due to lower repairs and maintenance expenses than were anticipated.

There were no amendments to the September 30, 2019 budget.

Debt Management

Governmental Activities debt includes the following:

- In August 2007, the District issued \$8,580,000 Series 2007B Special Assessment Bonds. These bonds were issued to finance and refinance the acquisition and construction of certain infrastructure improvements within the District. The balance outstanding at September 30, 2019 was \$125,000.
- During fiscal year 2013, the District collected excess special assessment prepayments from landowners. As of September 30, 2019, the District owes landowners \$951,088 and \$904,894 in assessments related to the Series 2003A and Series 2007 Special Assessment Bonds, respectively.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

Beacon Lakes Community Development District does not expect any economic factors to have any significant effect on the financial position or results of operations of the District in fiscal year 2020.

Request for Information

The financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Beacon Lakes Community Development District's finances for all those with an interest. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Beacon Lakes Community Development District, Inframark Infrastructure Management Services, 210 North University Drive, Suite 702, Coral Springs, Florida 33071.

Beacon Lakes Community Development District STATEMENT OF NET POSITION September 30, 2019

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Current Assets	
Cash	\$ 874,832
Investments	190,654
Accounts receivable	3,221
Prepaid expenses	5,610
Total Current Assets	1,074,317
Non-Current Assets	
Restricted Assets	
Investments - debt service	9,226
Investments - capital projects	2,606,358
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	
Land and improvements	7,833,702
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	
Infrastructure	2,809,820
Improvements other than buildings	25,525
Less: accumulated depreciation	(316,423)
Total Non-current Assets	12,968,208
Total Assets	14,042,525
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued expenses Bonds payable Due to landowners Accrued interest Total Current Liabilities Non-Current Liabilities Bonds payable Due to landowners Total Non-Current Liabilities Total Non-Current Liabilities	66,541 5,000 282,395 3,229 357,165 120,000 1,573,585 1,693,585 2,050,750
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Restricted - dedt service Restricted - capital projects Unrestricted Total Net Position	10,294,733 2,388 2,546,638 (851,984) \$ 11,991,775

Beacon Lakes Community Development District STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

Functions/Programs	E	Expenses	R Cł	Program evenues narges for Services	Rev Ch Net Gov	(Expenses) enues and anges in t Position ernmental ctivities
Governmental Activities						
General government	\$	(146,451)	\$	166,797	\$	20,346
Physical environment		(522,307)		594,869		72,562
Interest on long-term debt		(20,061)		302,281		282,220
Total Governmental Activities	\$	(688,819)	\$	1,063,947		375,128
		neral Revenue	-			40,014
	Ν	liscellaneous re	evenu	es		201
		Total General	Reve	nues		40,215
	Cor	veyance of ca	pital a	ssets		4,216,033
		Change in	Net P	osition		(3,800,690)
		Position - Octo Position - Sep		-		15,792,465 11,991,775

Beacon Lakes Community Development District BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2019

	General	Debt Service 201	Debt Service 202	Capital Projects 302	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS					
Cash	\$ 874,832	\$ -	\$-	\$ -	\$ 874,832
Investments	190,654	-	-	-	190,654
Accounts receivable	3,221	-	-	-	3,221
Prepaid expenses	-	-	5,610	-	5,610
Restricted assets					
Investments, at fair value			9,226	2,606,358	2,615,584
Total Assets	\$ 1,068,707	\$ -	\$ 14,836	\$ 2,606,358	\$ 3,689,901
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 64,711	\$ -	\$	\$ 1,830	\$ 66,541
FUND BALANCES					
Nonspendable - prepaid expenses Restricted:	-	-	5,610	-	5,610
Debt service	-	-	9,226	-	9,226
Capital projects	-	-	-	2,604,528	2,604,528
Assigned:					
Operating reserves	180,854	-	-	-	180,854
Renewals and replacements	72,277	-	-	-	72,277
Unassigned	750,865	-	-	-	750,865
Total Fund Balances	1,003,996	-	14,836	2,604,528	3,623,360
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 1,068,707	\$-	\$ 14,836	\$ 2,606,358	\$ 3,689,901

Beacon Lakes Community Development District RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES September 30, 2019

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$ 3,623,360
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets (land and improvements (\$7,833,702), infrastructure (\$2,809,820) and improvements other than buildings (\$25,525), net of accumulated depreciation (\$(316,423)) used in governmental activities are not financial resources and; therefore, are not reported at the fund statement level.	10,352,624
Long-term liabilities, including due to landowners (\$(1,855,980)) and bonds payable (\$(125,000)) are not due and payable in the current period and; therefore, are not reported at the fund statement level.	(1,980,980)
Accrued interest expense for long-term debt is not a financial use and; therefore, is not reported at the fund statement level.	 (3,229)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 11,991,775

Beacon Lakes Community Development District STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

	(General	Debt Service 201	Se	Debt rvice 202	Capital Projects 302	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues			0011100 201		11100 202	110,0010 002	
Special assessments	\$	761,666	\$ 209,254	\$	93,027	\$-	\$1,063,947
Investment income		21,669	-	·	46	18,299	40,014
Miscellaneous revenue		201	-		-	-	201
Total Revenues		783,536	209,254		93,073	18,299	1,104,162
		100,000			00,070	10,200	1,101,102
Expenditures							
Current							
General government		146,451	-		-	-	146,451
Physical environment		482,298	-		-	-	482,298
Capital outlay		-	-		-	4,509,288	4,509,288
Debt service							
Principal		-	210,044		74,422	-	284,466
Interest		-	-		8,060	-	8,060
Other		-	2,093		10,037		12,130
Total Expenditures		628,749	212,137		92,519	4,509,288	5,442,693
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over/							
(Under) Expenditures		154,787	(2,883)		554	(4,490,989)	(4,338,531)
(0)p			(_,)				(1,000,001)
Other financing sources/(uses)							
Transfers in		-	-		-	407	407
Transfers out		-	-		(407)	-	(407)
Total Other Financing Sources/(Uses)		-	-		(407)	407	-
Net Change in Fund Balances		154,787	(2,883)		147	(4,490,582)	(4,338,531)
Fund Balances - October 1, 2018		849,209	2,883		14,689	7,095,110	7,961,891
Fund Balances - September 30, 2019	\$ ^	1,003,996	\$-	\$	14,836	\$2,604,528	\$3,623,360

Beacon Lakes Community Development District RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ (4,338,531)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount capital outlay (\$4,500,288) exceeded depreciation (\$(40,000)) and expression of assets	
(\$4,509,288) exceeded depreciation (\$(40,009)) and conveyance of assets (\$(4,216,033)) in the current period.	253,246
Repayments to landowners are expenditures in the governmental funds statements, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.	279,466
Repayments of bond principal are expenditures in the governmental funds statements, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.	5,000
In the Statement of Activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds; whereas at the governmental funds level, interest expenditures are reported when due. This is the change in accrued interest in the current period.	 129
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (3,800,690)

Beacon Lakes Community Development District STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Special assessments	\$ 760,209	\$ 760,209	\$ 761,666	\$ 1,457
Investment income	1,500	1,500	21,669	20,169
Miscellaneous revenue			201	201
Total Revenues	761,709	761,709	783,536	21,827
Expenditures Current				
General government	150,540	150,540	146,451	4,089
Physical environment	572,877	572,877	482,298	90,579
Total Expenditures	723,417	723,417	628,749	94,668
Net Change in Fund Balances	38,292	38,292	154,787	116,495
Fund Balances - October 1, 2018	779,050	779,050	849,209	70,159
·	<u> </u>	·	r	·
Fund Balances - September 30, 2019	\$ 817,342	\$ 817,342	\$1,003,996	\$ 186,654

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District's more significant accounting policies are described below.

1. Reporting Entity

The District was established on May 6, 2003, pursuant to the Uniform Community Development District Act of 1980, Chapter 190, Florida Statutes, as amended (the "Act"), by Ordinance #03-105 of the Board of County Commissioners of Miami-Dade County, as a Community Development District. The District was established for the purposes of financing and managing the acquisition, construction, maintenance and operation of the infrastructure necessary for community development within its jurisdiction. The District is authorized to issue bonds for the purpose, among others, of financing, funding, planning, establishing, acquiring, constructing district roads, landscaping, and other basic infrastructure projects within or outside the boundaries of the Beacon Lakes Community Development District. The District is governed by a Board of Supervisors who are elected to four year terms. The District operates within the criteria established by Chapter 190.

As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the Beacon Lakes Community Development District (the primary government) as a stand-alone government. The reporting entity for the District includes all functions of government in which the District's Board exercises oversight responsibility including, but not limited to, financial interdependency, selection of governing authority, designation of management, significant ability to influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters.

Based upon the application of the above-mentioned criteria as set forth in Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 61, The Financial Reporting Entity, the District has identified no component units.

2. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The basic financial statements of the District are composed of the following:

- Government-wide financial statements
- Fund financial statements
- Notes to financial statements

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

a. Government-wide Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements report all non-fiduciary information about the reporting government as a whole. These statements include all the governmental activities of the primary government. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

Governmental activities are supported by special assessments and interest. Program revenues are netted with program expenses in the statement of activities to present the net cost of each program

Amounts paid to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets, rather than reported as an expenditure. Proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as liabilities in the government-wide financial statements, rather than as an other financing source.

Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness of the reporting government are reported as a reduction of the related liability, rather than as an expenditure.

b. Fund Financial Statements

The underlying accounting system of the District is organized and operated on the basis of separate funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Fund financial statements for the primary government's governmental funds are presented after the government-wide financial statements. These statements display information about major funds individually.

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

b. Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Governmental Funds

The District classifies fund balance according to Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 54 – Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. The Statement requires the fund balance for governmental funds to be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

The District has various policies governing the fund balance classifications.

Nonspendable Fund Balance – This classification consists of amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation.

Assigned Fund Balance – This classification consists of the Board of Supervisors' intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The assigned fund balances can also be assigned by the District's management company.

Unassigned Fund Balance – This classification is the residual classification for the government's general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. Unassigned fund balance is considered to be utilized first when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Fund Balance Spending Hierarchy – For all governmental funds except special revenue funds, when restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balances are combined in a fund, qualified expenditures are paid first from restricted or committed fund balance, as appropriate, then assigned and finally unassigned fund balances.

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

b. Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Governmental Funds (Continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collected within the current period or soon thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. Interest associated with the current fiscal period is considered to be an accrual item and so has been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period.

Under the current financial resources measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The reported fund balance is considered to be a measure of "available spendable resources".

Governmental fund operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Accordingly, they are said to present a summary of sources and uses of "available spendable resources" during a period.

Because of their spending measurement focus, expenditure recognition for governmental fund types excludes amounts represented by non-current liabilities. Since they do not affect net current assets, such long-term amounts are not recognized as governmental fund type expenditures or fund liabilities.

Amounts expended to acquire capital assets are recorded as expenditures in the year that resources are expended, rather than as fund assets. The proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as an other financing source rather than as a fund liability.

Debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

3. Basis of Presentation

a. Governmental Major Funds

<u>General Fund</u> – The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

3. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

a. Governmental Major Funds (Continued)

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> – Accounts for debt service requirements to retire the special assessment bonds which were used to finance the construction of District infrastructure improvements. The bonds are secured by a first lien on and pledge of the Pledged Revenues.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> – The Capital Projects Funds account for construction of infrastructure improvements within the boundaries of the district.

b. Non-current Governmental Assets/Liabilities

GASB Statement 34 requires that non-current governmental assets, such as land and improvements, and non-current governmental liabilities, such as general obligation bonds and due to developer be reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide Statement of Net Position.

4. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity

a. Cash and Investments

Florida Statutes require state and local governmental units to deposit monies with financial institutions classified as "Qualified Public Depositories," a multiple financial institution pool whereby groups of securities pledged by the various financial institutions provide common collateral from their deposits of public funds. This pool is provided as additional insurance to the federal depository insurance and allows for additional assessments against the member institutions, providing full insurance for public deposits.

The District is authorized to invest in those financial instruments as established by Section 218.415, Florida Statutes. The authorized investments consist of:

- 1. Direct obligations of the United States Treasury;
- 2. The Local Government Surplus Funds Trust or any intergovernmental investment pool authorized pursuant to the Florida Interlocal Cooperative Act of 1969;
- 3. Interest-bearing time deposits or savings accounts in authorized qualified public depositories;
- 4. Securities and Exchange Commission, registered money market funds with the highest credit quality rating from a nationally recognized rating agency.

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

4. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

a. Cash and Investments (Continued)

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash equivalents include time deposits and all highly liquid debt instruments with original maturities of three months or less and held in a qualified public depository as defined by Section 280.02, Florida Statutes.

b. Restricted Assets

Certain net position of the District is classified as restricted assets on the statement of net position because their use is limited either by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation; or by restrictions imposed externally by creditors. In a fund with both restricted and unrestricted assets, qualified expenses are considered to be paid first from restricted net position and then from unrestricted net position.

c. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land and improvements, infrastructure, and improvements other than buildings are reported in the governmental activities column.

The District defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. The valuation basis for all assets is historical cost.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend its useful life are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Depreciation of capital assets is computed and recorded by utilizing the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives of the various classes of depreciable capital assets range from 15 to 40 years.

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

4. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

d. Budgets

Budgets are prepared and adopted after public hearings for the governmental funds, pursuant to Chapter 190 and Section 200.065, Florida Statutes. The District utilizes the same basis of accounting for budgets as it does for revenues and expenditures in its various funds. The legal level of budgetary control is at the fund level. All budgeted appropriations lapse at year end. Formal budgets are adopted for the general and debt service funds. As a result, deficits in the budget columns of the accompanying financial statements may occur.

NOTE B – RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Explanation of Differences Between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-wide Statement of Net Position

"Total fund balances" of the District's governmental funds, \$3,623,360, differs from "Net Position" of governmental activities, \$11,991,775, reported in the Statement of Net Position. This difference primarily results from the long-term economic focus of the Statement of Net Position versus the current financial resources focus of the governmental fund balance sheet. The effect of the differences is illustrated below.

Capital related items

When capital assets (land, buildings, and improvements and infrastructure that are to be used in governmental activities) are purchased or constructed, the cost of those assets is reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, the Statement of Net Position included those capital assets among the assets of the District as a whole.

Land and improvements	\$	7,833,702
Infrastructure		2,809,820
Improvements other than buildings		25,525
Less: accumulated depreciation		<u>(316,423)</u>
Total	<u>\$</u>	10,352,624

NOTE B – RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

1. Explanation of Differences Between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-wide Statement of Net Position (Continued)

Long-term debt transactions

Governmental Activities long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities (both current and long-term) are reported in the Statement of Net Position. Balances at September 30, 2019 were:

Bonds payable	\$ (125,000)
Due to landowners	 (1,855,980)
Total	\$ (1,980,980)

Accrued interest

Accrued liabilities in the Statement of Net Position differ from the amount reported in governmental funds due to the accrued interest on bonds.

Accrued interest

\$ (3,229)

2. Explanation of Differences Between the Governmental Fund Operating Statements and the Statement of Activities

The "net change in fund balances" for government funds, \$(4,338,531), differs from the "change in net position" for governmental activities, \$(3,800,690), reported in the Statement of Activities. The differences arise primarily from the long-term economic focus of the Statement of Activities versus the current financial resources focus of the governmental funds. The effect of the differences is illustrated below.

NOTE B – RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

2. Explanation of Differences Between the Governmental Fund Operating Statements and the Statement of Activities (Continued)

Capital related items

When capital assets that are to be used in governmental activities are purchased or constructed, the resources expended for those assets are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, in the Statement of Activities, the costs of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. As a result, fund balances decrease by the amount of financial resources expended, whereas net position decreases by the amount of depreciation charged for the year.

Depreciation	\$ (40,009)
Conveyance of assets	(4,216,033)
Capital outlay	 4,509,288
Net Change in Capital Related Items	\$ 253,246

Long-term debt transactions

Repayments to landowners are reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds and, thus, have the effect of reducing fund balance because current financial resources have been used.

Refund to landowners	<u>\$</u>	279,466

Repayments of bond principal are reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds and, thus, have the effect of reducing fund balance because current financial resources have been used.

Bonds principal payments \$ 5,000

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources, and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Change in accrued interest payable <u>\$ 129</u>

NOTE C – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

All deposits are held in qualified public depositories and are included on the accompanying balance sheet as cash and investments.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a formal deposit policy for custodial credit risk; however, they follow the provisions of Chapter 280, Florida Statutes regarding deposits and investments. As of September 30, 2019, the District's bank balance was \$939,173 and the carrying value was \$874,832. Exposure to custodial credit risk was as follows. The District maintains all deposits in a qualified public depository in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 280, Florida Statutes, which means that all deposits are fully insured by Federal Depositors Insurance or collateralized under Chapter 280, Florida Statutes.

As of September 30, 2019, the District had the following investments and maturities:

Investment	Maturities	F	Fair Value		
Commercial Paper	N/A	\$	2,615,584		
Certificate of Deposit	1/1/2020		190,654		
		\$	2,806,238		

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy recently established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset, or paid to transfer a liability, in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. The District uses a market approach in measuring fair value that uses prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or similar assets, liabilities, or groups of assets and liabilities.

Assets or liabilities are classified into one of three levels. Level 1 is the most reliable and is based on quoted price for identical assets, or liabilities, in an active market. Level 2 uses significant other observable inputs when obtaining quoted prices for identical or similar assets, or liabilities, in markets that are not active. Level 3 is the least reliable and uses significant unobservable inputs that use the best information available under the circumstances, which includes the District's own data in measuring unobservable inputs.

Based on the criteria in the preceding paragraph, the investment in Commercial Paper is a Level 1 asset.

Interest Rate Risk

The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

NOTE C – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Credit Risk

The District's investments in treasury funds, commercial paper, and government loans are limited by state statutory requirements and bond compliance. The District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. As of September 30, 2019, the District's investments in Commercial paper were rated A-1+ by Standard & Poor's.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The District places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one fund. The investment in Commercial Paper is 93% and the certificate of deposit is 7% of the Districts total investments.

The types of deposits and investments and their level of risk exposure as of September 30, 2019 were typical of these items during the fiscal year then ended. The District considers any decline in fair value for certain investments to be temporary.

NOTE D – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

All voting members of the board of supervisors are employed by the District's property management company. Payments made to the property management company for property management services and refunds to landowner totaled \$48,000 and \$14,778, respectively, during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019.

NOTE E – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital Asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2019 was as follows:

	Balance October 1, 2018	Additions	Deletions	Balance September 30, 2019
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land and land improvements	\$ 7,937,118	\$-	\$ (103,416)	\$ 7,833,702
Construction in progress	1,495,099	2,617,518	(4,112,617)	
Total Capital Assets, Not Depreciated	9,432,217	2,617,518	(4,216,033)	7,833,702
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Improvements	25,525	-	-	25,525
Infrastructure	918,050	1,891,770	-	2,809,820
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	943,575	1,891,770	-	2,835,345
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Improvements	(13,757)	(1,700)	-	(15,457)
Infrastructure	(262,657)	(38,309)	-	(300,966)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(276,414)	(40,009)	_	(316,423)
Total Capital Assets Depreciated, Net	667,161	1,851,761	-	2,518,922
Governmental Activities Capital Assets	\$ 10,099,378	\$ 4,469,279	\$ (4,216,033)	\$ 10,352,624

Current year depreciation of \$40,009 was charged to physical environment.

NOTE F – LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of activity in the long-term debt account group of the District for the year ended September 30, 2019:

Long-term debt at October 1, 2018	\$ 2,265,446
Principal payments	 284,466
Long-term debt at September 30, 2019	\$ 1,980,980

NOTE F – LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Long-term debt is comprised of the following:

Special Assessment Bonds

\$8,580,000 Series 2007B Bonds, interest at 6.2%, maturing May 1, 2009 thru May 1, 2038, payable on May 1 and November 1; collateralized by the pledged revenues of special assessments levied against the benefited property owners. \$ 125,000

Other Notes Payable

\$3,181,473 Refund to Landowners, payments are due annually beginning in fiscal year 2015 thru fiscal year 2024 (Series 2003A)		
and beginning in fiscal year 2016 thru fiscal year 2031 (Series 2007).	1,855,980	
Total	<u>\$ 1,980,980</u>	

Total

The annual requirements to amortize the principal and interest of bonded debt outstanding as of September 30, 2019 are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	 Principal Interest Total			Total	
2020	\$ 5,000	\$	7,750	\$	12,750
2021	5,000		7,440		12,440
2022	5,000		7,130		12,130
2023	5,000		6,820		11,820
2024	5,000		6,510		11,510
2025-2029	25,000		27,900		52,900
2030-2034	35,000		19,840		54,840
2035-2038	 40,000		6,200		46,200
Totals	\$ 125,000	\$	89,590	\$	214,590

NOTE F – LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

As a result of the excess special assessment prepayments by the landowners, the District owes the landowners \$1,365,633 and \$1,034,380 in assessments related to the Series 2003A and Series 2007 Special Assessment Bonds, respectively. In a prior year, the Series 2007 Special Assessment to landowners schedule was amended and refund payments began in fiscal year 2016. The liabilities will be paid from excess reserve funds and annual special assessments as follows.

Year Ending								
September 30,	Se	eries 2003	Se	Series 2007		Total		
2020	\$	204,503	\$	77,892	\$	282,395		
2021		204,503		77,892		282,395		
2022		204,503		77,892		282,395		
2023		204,503	503 77,892			282,395		
2024		133,074	77,892			210,966		
2025-2029		-		389,460		389,460		
2030-2031		-		125,974		125,974		
Total	\$	951,086	\$	904,894	\$	1,855,980		

Significant Bond Provisions

The Series 2007B Bonds is subject to redemption at the option of the District prior to their maturity, in whole or in part, at any time after May 1, 2013 or May 1, 2017, respectively, at a redemption price set in the Bond indenture. The Bonds are subject to extraordinary mandatory redemption prior to maturity in the manner determined by the Bond Registrar if certain events occurred as outlined in the Bond indenture.

The Bond indenture established certain amounts be maintained in a reserve account. In addition, the Bond Indenture has certain restrictions and requirements relating principally to the use of proceeds to pay for the infrastructure improvements and the procedures to be followed by the District on assessments to property owners. The District agrees to levy special assessments in annual amounts adequate to provide payment of debt service and to meet the reserve requirements.

NOTE F – LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Depository Funds

The bond resolution establishes certain funds and determines the order in which revenues are to be deposited into these funds. A description of the significant funds, including their purposes, is as follows:

<u>Reserve Fund</u> – The 2007B Reserve Account is funded from the proceeds of the Bonds in an amount equal to the lesser of: (A) (i) 50% Maximum Annual Debt Service Requirement for all Outstanding 2007B Bonds, (ii) at any time after the issuance of the 2007B Bonds, the series 2007B reserve percentage times the deemed outstanding bond (B) 125% of the average annual debt service for all Outstanding 2007B, or (C) 10% of the proceeds of the 2007B Bonds calculated as of the date of original issuance thereof. Monies held in the reserve accounts will be used only for the purposes established in the Trust Indenture.

	Special Assessment Bonds		
	Reserve Balance		eserve uirement
Series 2007B Special Assessment Bonds	\$ 9,219	\$	9,219

NOTE G – LETTER OF CREDIT

In November 2017, the District received a letter of credit in the amount of \$186,705 for a performance and payment bond that matured on October 11, 2018. In October 2018, the letter of credit was extended an additional 12 months. In July 2019, the work related to the letter of credit was satisfied; therefore, the letter of credit was released.

NOTE H – RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the government carries commercial insurance. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage over the past three years.

NOTE I – SUBSEQUENT EVENT

On November 5, 2019, the District acquired \$5,640,000 of capital improvements for \$2,570,000, substantially all of the balance remaining in the investment account of the Capital projects Fund. The remaining balance will be recognized as a capital contribution in the fiscal year ending September 30, 2020.



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Supervisors Beacon Lakes Community Development District Miami-Dade County, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Beacon Lakes Community Development District, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 27, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Beacon Lakes Community Development District's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Beacon Lakes Community Development District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Beacon Lakes Community Development District's internal control over financial reporting.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

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To the Board of Supervisors Beacon Lakes Community Development District Miami-Dade County, Florida

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Beacon Lakes Community Development District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Berger Joonibos Clam

Berger, Toombs, Elam, Gaines & Frank Certified Public Accountants Fort Pierce, Florida

March 27, 2020



Certified Public Accountants PL

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MANAGEMENT LETTER

To the Board of Supervisors Beacon Lakes Community Development District Miami-Dade County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the Beacon Lakes Community Development District as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and have issued our report thereon dated March 27, 2020.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Florida Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and our Independent Auditor's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with AICPA Professionals Standards, AT-C Section 315 regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in that report, which is dated March 27, 2020, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been made to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding financial audit report. There were no findings or recommendations made in the preceding financial audit report.

Financial Condition

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not Beacon Lakes Community Development District has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific conditions met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the Beacon Lakes Community Development District did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

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To the Board of Supervisors Beacon Lakes Community Development District

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.c. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial conditions assessment procedures as of September 30, 2019 for the Beacon Lakes Community Development District. It is management's responsibility to monitor the Beacon Lakes Community Development District's financial condition; our financial condition assessment was based in part on the representations made by management and the review of the financial information provided by the same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our Management Letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Board of Supervisors, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Berger Joombos Elam Daines + Frank

Berger, Toombs, Elam, Gaines & Frank Certified Public Accountants PL Fort Pierce, Florida

March 27, 2020



Certified Public Accountants PL

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT/COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 218.415, FLORIDA STATUTES

To the Board of Supervisors Beacon Lakes Community Development District Miami-Dade County, Florida

We have examined Beacon Lakes Community Development District's compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes during the year ended September 30, 2019. Management is responsible for Beacon Lakes Community Development District's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Beacon Lakes Community Development District's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about Beacon Lakes Community Development District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on Beacon Lakes Community Development District's compliance with the specified requirements.

In our opinion, Beacon Lakes Community Development District complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements during the year ended September 30, 2019.

Berger Joombo Clam Daines + Frank

Berger, Toombs, Elam, Gaines & Frank Certified Public Accountants PL Fort Pierce, Florida

March 27, 2020

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