

**BELLA VIDA COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT  
CITY OF CAPE CORAL, FLORIDA  
FINANCIAL REPORT  
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED  
SEPTEMBER 30, 2019**

**BELLA VIDA COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT  
CITY OF CAPE CORAL, FLORIDA**

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**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

To the Board of Supervisors  
Bella Vida Community Development District  
City of Cape Coral, Florida

**Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Bella Vida Community Development District, City of Cape Coral, Florida ("District") as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

**Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

**Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

**Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District as of September 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## **Other Matters**

### *Required Supplementary Information*

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### **Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards***

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 27, 2020, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



February 27, 2020

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Our discussion and analysis of Bella Vida Community Development District, City of Cape Coral, Florida ("District") provides a narrative overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019. Please read it in conjunction with the District's Independent Auditor's Report, basic financial statements, accompanying notes and supplementary information to the basic financial statements.

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The liabilities of the District exceeded its assets at the close of the most recent fiscal year resulting in a net position deficit balance of (\$526,871).
- The change in the District's total net position in comparison with the prior fiscal year was (\$35,117) an increase in the deficit. The key components of the District's net position and change in net position are reflected in the table in the government-wide financial statements analysis section.
- At September 30, 2019, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balance of \$474,298, an increase of \$15,030 in comparison with the prior fiscal year. A portion of the fund balance is non-spendable for prepaid items, restricted for debt service, and the remainder is unassigned fund balance which is available for spending at the District's discretion.

### OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as the introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources with the residual amount being reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements include all governmental activities that are principally supported by special assessment revenue. The District does not have any business-type activities. The governmental activities of the District include the general government (management) and maintenance functions.

#### Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The District has one fund category: governmental funds.

## OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

### Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflow of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains two governmental funds for external reporting. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund and debt service fund. The general and debt service funds are considered to be major funds.

The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

### Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

### GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of an entity's financial position. In the case of the District, liabilities exceeded assets at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

A portion of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, land improvements, and infrastructure) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. These assets are used to provide services to residents; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The restricted portion of the District's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position may be used to meet the District's other obligations.

## GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (Continued)

Key components of the District's net position are reflected in the following table:

	NET POSITION	
	SEPTEMBER 30,	
	2019	2018
Current and other assets	\$ 485,806	\$ 462,290
Capital assets, net	1,892,211	2,042,694
Total assets	<u>2,378,017</u>	<u>2,504,984</u>
Current liabilities	74,888	66,738
Long-term liabilities	2,830,000	2,930,000
Total liabilities	<u>2,904,888</u>	<u>2,996,738</u>
Net position		
Net investment in capital assets	(842,169)	(785,399)
Restricted for debt service	116,672	108,998
Unrestricted	198,626	184,647
Total net position	<u>\$ (526,871)</u>	<u>\$ (491,754)</u>

The District's net position decreased during the most recent fiscal year. The majority of the decrease represents the extent to which the cost of operations and depreciation expense exceeded ongoing program revenues.

Key elements of the change in net position are reflected in the following table:

	CHANGES IN NET POSITION	
	FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30,	
	2019	2018
Revenues:		
Program revenues		
Charges for services	\$ 463,670	\$ 451,337
Operating grants and contributions	6,598	4,035
General revenues		
Unrestricted investment earnings	608	315
Total revenues	<u>470,876</u>	<u>455,687</u>
Expenses:		
General government	91,991	79,721
Maintenance and operations	257,119	281,891
Interest	156,883	158,271
Total expenses	<u>505,993</u>	<u>519,883</u>
Change in net position	(35,117)	(64,196)
Net position - beginning	(491,754)	(427,558)
Net position - ending	<u>\$ (526,871)</u>	<u>\$ (491,754)</u>

As noted above and in the statement of activities, the cost of all governmental activities during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019 was \$505,993. The costs of the District's activities were funded by program revenues. Program revenues, comprised primarily of assessments, increased during the fiscal year. The increase is the result of an increase in per unit operations and maintenance assessments. In total, expenses decreased from the prior fiscal year. The majority of the decrease was the result of a decrease in landscaping and hurricane related costs from prior year.

## GENERAL BUDGETING HIGHLIGHTS

An operating budget was adopted and maintained by the governing board for the District pursuant to the requirements of Florida Statutes. The budget is adopted using the same basis of accounting that is used in preparation of the fund financial statements. The legal level of budgetary control, the level at which expenditures may not exceed budget, is in the aggregate. Any budget amendments that increase the aggregate budgeted appropriations must be approved by the Board of Supervisors. Actual general fund expenditures did not exceed appropriations for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019.

## CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

### Capital Assets

At September 30, 2019, the District had \$3,622,765 invested in stormwater management and landscape improvements. In the government-wide financial statements depreciation of \$1,730,554 has been taken, which resulted in a net book value of \$1,892,211. More detailed information about the District's capital assets is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

### Capital Debt

At September 30, 2019, the District had \$2,830,000 in Bonds outstanding for its governmental activities. More detailed information about the District's capital debt is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

## ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

The District does not anticipate any major projects or significant changes in its infrastructure maintenance program for the subsequent fiscal year. In addition, it is anticipated that the general operations of the District will remain fairly constant.

## CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide homeowners, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the financial resources it manages and the stewardship of the facilities it maintains. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Bella Vida Community Development District's Finance Department at 12750 Citrus Park Lane, Suite 115, Tampa, Florida 33625.



## **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**BELLA VIDA COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT  
CITY OF CAPE CORAL, FLORIDA  
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION  
SEPTEMBER 30, 2019**

	Governmental Activities
<b>ASSETS</b>	
Cash and equivalents	\$ 203,726
Investments	10
Due from Developer	1,270
Assessments receivable	1,063
Prepaid items	5,335
Restricted assets:	
Investments	274,402
Capital assets:	
Depreciable, net	1,892,211
Total assets	2,378,017
 <b>LIABILITIES</b>	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	11,508
Accrued interest payable	63,380
Non-current liabilities:	
Due within one year	95,000
Due in more than one year	2,735,000
Total liabilities	2,904,888
 <b>NET POSITION</b>	
Net investment in capital assets	(842,169)
Restricted for debt service	116,672
Unrestricted	198,626
Total net position	\$ (526,871)

See notes to the financial statements

**BELLA VIDA COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT  
CITY OF CAPE CORAL, FLORIDA  
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES  
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019**

<u>Functions/Programs</u>	Expenses	Charges for Services	Program Revenues Operating Grants and Contributions	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position  Governmental Activities
Primary government:				
Governmental activities:				
General government	\$ 91,991	\$ 91,991	\$ -	\$ -
Maintenance and operations	257,119	120,007	-	(137,112)
Interest on long-term debt	156,883	251,672	6,598	101,387
Total governmental activities	505,993	463,670	6,598	(35,725)
General revenues:				
Unrestricted investment earnings				608
Total general revenues				608
Change in net position				(35,117)
Net position - beginning				(491,754)
Net position - ending				\$ (526,871)

See notes to the financial statements

**BELLA VIDA COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT  
CITY OF CAPE CORAL, FLORIDA  
BALANCE SHEET  
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS  
SEPTEMBER 30, 2019**

	Major Funds		Total Governmental Funds
	General	Debt Service	
<b>ASSETS</b>			
Cash and equivalents	\$ 203,726	\$ -	\$ 203,726
Investments	10	274,402	274,412
Assessments receivable	1,063	-	1,063
Due from developer	-	1,270	1,270
Prepaid items	5,335	-	5,335
Total assets	\$ 210,134	\$ 275,672	\$ 485,806
 <b>LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES</b>			
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 11,508	\$ -	\$ 11,508
Total liabilities	11,508	-	11,508
 Fund balances:			
Nonspendable:			
Prepaid items	5,335	-	5,335
Restricted for:			
Debt service	-	275,672	275,672
Unassigned	193,291	-	193,291
Total fund balances	198,626	275,672	474,298
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 210,134	\$ 275,672	\$ 485,806

See notes to the financial statements

**BELLA VIDA COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT  
CITY OF CAPE CORAL, FLORIDA  
RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET –  
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION  
SEPTEMBER 30, 2019**

Total fund balances - governmental funds \$ 474,298

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources; therefore, they are not reported as assets in the governmental funds. The statement of net position includes those capital assets in the assets of the government as a whole.

Cost of capital assets	3,622,765	
Accumulated depreciation	<u>(1,730,554)</u>	1,892,211

Liabilities not due and payable from current available resources are not reported as liabilities in the governmental fund statements. All liabilities, both current and long-term, are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

Accrued interest payable	(63,380)	
Bonds payable	<u>(2,830,000)</u>	<u>(2,893,380)</u>

Net position of governmental activities	<u>\$ (526,871)</u>
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See notes to the financial statements

**BELLA VIDA COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT  
CITY OF CAPE CORAL, FLORIDA  
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,  
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES –  
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS  
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019**

	Major Funds		Total Governmental Funds
	General	Debt Service	
<b>REVENUES</b>			
Assessments	\$ 211,998	\$ 251,672	\$ 463,670
Interest	608	6,598	7,206
Total revenues	<u>212,606</u>	<u>258,270</u>	<u>470,876</u>
<b>EXPENDITURES</b>			
Current:			
General government	91,991	-	91,991
Maintenance and operations	106,636	-	106,636
Debt service:			
Principal	-	100,000	100,000
Interest	-	157,219	157,219
Total expenditures	<u>198,627</u>	<u>257,219</u>	<u>455,846</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	13,979	1,051	15,030
Fund balances - beginning	<u>184,647</u>	<u>274,621</u>	<u>459,268</u>
Fund balances - ending	<u>\$ 198,626</u>	<u>\$ 275,672</u>	<u>\$ 474,298</u>

See notes to the financial statements

**BELLA VIDA COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT  
CITY OF CAPE CORAL, FLORIDA  
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN  
FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES  
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019**

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 15,030
Depreciation of capital assets is not recognized in the governmental fund financial statements, but is reported as an expense in the statement of activities.	(150,483)
Repayment of long-term liabilities are reported as expenditures in the governmental fund financial statements, but such repayments reduce liabilities in the statement of net position and are eliminated in the statement of activities.	100,000
The change in accrued interest on long-term liabilities between the current and prior fiscal year is recorded in the statement of activities but not in the fund financial statements.	<u>336</u>
Change in net position of governmental activities	<u><u>\$ (35,117)</u></u>

See notes to the financial statements

**BELLA VIDA COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT  
CITY OF CAPE CORAL, FLORIDA  
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**NOTE 1 – NATURE OF ORGANIZATION AND REPORTING ENTITY**

Bella Vida Community Development District ("District") was created on April 24, 2006, pursuant to the Uniform Community Development District Act of 1980, otherwise known as Chapter 190, Florida Statutes, by City of Cape Coral Ordinance 48-06. The Act provides, among other things, the power to manage basic services for community development, power to borrow money and issue bonds, and to levy and assess non-ad valorem assessments for the financing and delivery of capital infrastructure.

The District is governed by the Board of Supervisors ("Board"), which is composed of five members. The Board of Supervisors are elected by qualified electors who reside within the District. The Board of Supervisors of the District exercise all powers granted to the District pursuant to Chapter 190, Florida Statutes.

The Board has the final responsibility for, among other things:

1. Allocating and levying assessments.
2. Approving budgets.
3. Exercising control over facilities and properties.
4. Controlling the use of funds generated by the District.
5. Approving the hiring and firing of key personnel.
6. Financing improvements.

The financial statements were prepared in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statements. Under the provisions of those standards, the financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the District is considered to be financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that, if excluded, the financial statements of the District would be considered incomplete or misleading. There are no entities considered to be component units of the District; therefore, the financial statements include only the operations of the District.

**NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

**Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The basic financial statements include both government-wide and fund financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment. Operating-type special assessments for maintenance and debt service are treated as charges for services; and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.



## NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### **Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation**

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Assessments are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are to be recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

### **Assessments**

Assessments, including debt service assessments and operations and maintenance assessments, are non-ad valorem assessments imposed on all lands located within the District and benefited by the District's activities. Operations and maintenance assessments are levied by the District prior to the start of the fiscal year which begins on October 1 and ends on September 30. Operations and maintenance special assessments are imposed upon all benefited lands in the District. Debt service special assessments are imposed upon certain lots and lands as described in each resolution imposing the special assessment for each series of Bonds issued by the District.

Assessments and interest associated with the current fiscal period are considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. The portion of assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

### **General Fund**

The general fund is the general operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

### **Debt Service Fund**

The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for the annual payment of principal and interest on the Bonds.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

### **Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity**

#### **Restricted Assets**

These assets represent cash and investments set aside pursuant to Bond covenants or other contractual restrictions.

## NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

#### Deposits and Investments

The District's cash on hand and demand deposits are considered to be cash and cash equivalents.

The District has elected to proceed under the Alternative Investment Guidelines as set forth in Section 218.415 (17) Florida Statutes. The District may invest any surplus public funds in the following:

- a) The Local Government Surplus Trust Funds, or any intergovernmental investment pool authorized pursuant to the Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act;
- b) Securities and Exchange Commission registered money market funds with the highest credit quality rating from a nationally recognized rating agency;
- c) Interest bearing time deposits or savings accounts in qualified public depositories;
- d) Direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury;

Securities listed in paragraph c and d shall be invested to provide sufficient liquidity to pay obligations as they come due. In addition, surplus funds may be deposited into certificates of deposit which are insured. Any unspent proceeds are required to be held in investments allowed in as specified in the Bond Indenture.

The District records all interest revenue related to investment activities in the respective funds. Investments are measured at amortized cost or reported at fair value as required by generally accepted accounting principles.

#### Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets which include property, plant and equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, sidewalks and similar items) are reported in the governmental activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant and equipment of the District are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Stormwater management	25
Landscape improvements	15

In the governmental fund financial statements, amounts incurred for the acquisition of capital assets are reported as fund expenditures. Depreciation expense is not reported in the governmental fund financial statements.

#### Unearned Revenue

Governmental funds report unearned revenue in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned.

## NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

#### Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized ratably over the life of the Bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of applicable premiums or discounts. Bond issuance costs are expensed when incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

#### Fund Equity/Net Position

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report non spendable and restricted fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Assignments of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

The District can establish limitations on the use of fund balance as follows:

Committed fund balance – Amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action (resolution) of the Board of Supervisors. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by the Board of Supervisors taking the same formal action (resolution) that imposed the constraint originally. Resources accumulated pursuant to stabilization arrangements sometimes are reported in this category.

Assigned fund balance – Includes spendable fund balance amounts established by the Board of Supervisors that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted nor committed. The Board may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover differences in estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Assignments are generally temporary and normally the same formal action need not be taken to remove the assignment.

The District first uses committed fund balance, followed by assigned fund balance and then unassigned fund balance when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Net position is the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position in the government-wide financial statements are categorized as net investment in capital assets, restricted or unrestricted. Net investment in capital assets represents net position related to infrastructure and property, plant and equipment. Restricted net position represents the assets restricted by the District's Bond covenants or other contractual restrictions. Unrestricted net position consists of the net position not meeting the definition of either of the other two components.

## NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### Other Disclosures

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

## NOTE 3 – BUDGETARY INFORMATION

The District is required to establish a budgetary system and an approved annual budget. Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the general fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

- a) Each year the District Manager submits to the District Board a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1.
- b) A public hearing is conducted to obtain comments.
- c) Prior to October 1, the budget is legally adopted by the District Board.
- d) Subject to the terms of the District's annual appropriations resolutions, all budget changes must be approved by the District Board.
- e) The budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.
- f) Unused appropriations for annually budgeted funds lapse at the end of the year.

## NOTE 4 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

### Deposits

The District's cash balances as shown below were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by a collateral pool pledged to the State Treasurer. Florida Statutes Chapter 280, "Florida Security for Public Deposits Act", requires all qualified depositories to deposit with the Treasurer or another banking institution eligible collateral equal to various percentages of the average daily balance for each month of all public deposits in excess of any applicable deposit insurance held. The percentage of eligible collateral (generally, U.S. Governmental and agency securities, state or local government debt, or corporate bonds) to public deposits is dependent upon the depository's financial history and its compliance with Chapter 280. In the event of a failure of a qualified public depository, the remaining public depositories would be responsible for covering any resulting losses.

### Investments

The District's investments were held as follows at September 30, 2019:

	<u>Amortized Cost</u>	<u>Credit Risk</u>	<u>Maturities</u>
First American Treasury Obligation Fund - Class Z	\$ 274,402	S&P AAAM	Weighted average of the fund portfolio: 26 days
Florida PRIME	10	S&P AAAM	Weighted average of the fund portfolio: 37 days
Total Investments	<u>\$ 274,412</u>		

*Credit risk* – For investments, credit risk is generally the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Investment ratings by investment type are included in the preceding summary of investments.

*Concentration risk* – The District places no limit on the amount the District may invest in any one issuer.

## NOTE 4 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

### Investments (Continued)

*Interest rate risk* – The District does not have a formal policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

The Bond indenture limits the type of investments held using unspent Bond proceeds.

*Fair Value Measurement* – When applicable, the District measures and records its investments using fair value measurement guidelines established in accordance with GASB Statements. The framework for measuring fair value provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques.

These guidelines recognize a three-tiered fair value hierarchy, in order of highest priority, as follows:

- *Level 1:* Investments whose values are based on unadjusted quoted prices for identical investments in active markets that the District has the ability to access;
- *Level 2:* Investments whose inputs - other than quoted market prices - are observable either directly or indirectly; and,
- *Level 3:* Investments whose inputs are unobservable.

The fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the entire fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used should maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

Money market investments that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less and are held by governments other than external investment pools should be measured at amortized cost. For external investment pools that qualify to be measured at amortized cost, the pool's participants should also measure their investments in that external investment pool at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes. Accordingly, the District's investments have been reported at amortized cost above.

## NOTE 5 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Disposals	Ending Balance
<u>Governmental activities</u>				
Stormwater management	\$ 3,413,801	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,413,801
Landscape improvements	208,964	-	-	208,964
Total capital assets, being depreciated	3,622,765	-	-	3,622,765
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Stormwater management	(1,433,796)	(136,552)	-	(1,570,348)
Landscape improvements	(146,275)	(13,931)	-	(160,206)
Total accumulated depreciation	(1,580,071)	(150,483)	-	(1,730,554)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 2,042,694	\$ (150,483)	\$ -	\$ 1,892,211

Depreciation expense was charged to the maintenance and operations function/program.

## NOTE 6 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

On August 14, 2006, the District issued \$4,950,000 of Special Assessment Bonds, Series 2006. The Bonds are due on May 1, 2037 with a fixed interest rate of 5.375%. The Bonds were issued to finance the acquisition and construction of certain improvements for the benefit of the District. Interest is paid semiannually on each May 1 and November 1. Principal is paid serially commencing May 1, 2008 through May 2037.

## NOTE 6 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

The 2006 Bonds may, at the option of the District, be called for redemption as a whole at any time or in part on any interest payment date on or after May 1, 2016 at a redemption price set forth in the Bond Indenture. The Bonds are subject to extraordinary mandatory redemption prior to its selected maturity in the manner determined by the Bond Registrar if certain events occurred as outlined in the Bond Indenture. This occurred during the year as the District collected assessments from lot closings and prepaid \$10,000 of the Series 2006 Bonds.

The Bond Indenture established a debt service reserve requirement as well as other restrictions and requirements relating principally to the use of proceeds to pay for the infrastructure improvements and the procedures to be followed by the District on assessments to property owners. The District agrees to levy special assessments in annual amounts adequate to provide payment of debt service. The District is in compliance with the requirements of the Bond Indenture at September 30, 2019.

Changes in long-term liability activity for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019 were as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
<u>Governmental activities</u>					
Bonds payable:					
Series 2006	\$ 2,930,000	\$ -	\$ 100,000	\$ 2,830,000	\$ 95,000
Total	<u>\$ 2,930,000</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 100,000</u>	<u>\$ 2,830,000</u>	<u>\$ 95,000</u>

At September 30, 2019, the scheduled debt service requirements on the long - term debt were as follows:

Year ending, September 30:	Governmental Activities		
	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 95,000	\$ 152,113	\$ 247,113
2021	100,000	147,006	247,006
2022	105,000	141,631	246,631
2023	115,000	135,988	250,988
2024	120,000	129,806	249,806
2025-2029	695,000	546,100	1,241,100
2030-2034	920,000	336,206	1,256,206
2035-2037	680,000	74,444	754,444
Total	<u>\$ 2,830,000</u>	<u>\$ 1,663,294</u>	<u>\$ 4,493,294</u>

## NOTE 7 – COST SHARE AGREEMENT

During a prior fiscal year, the Board approved a maintenance agreement between the District and the Homeowner’s Association (“HOA”). The agreement is for landscape maintenance of the roadway buffers. The HOA contracted with the vendor and the District reimburses the HOA on a monthly basis. Pursuant to the agreement, the District reimbursed the HOA \$75,491 during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019.

## NOTE 8 – MANAGEMENT COMPANY

The District has contracted with a management company to perform management consulting services, which include financial and accounting consulting services. Certain employees of the management company also serve as officers (Board appointed non-voting positions) of the District. Under the agreement, the District compensates the management company for management, accounting, financial reporting, and other administrative costs.

## NOTE 9 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The District has obtained commercial insurance from independent third parties to mitigate the costs of these risks; coverage may not extend to all situations. The District has not filed any claims under this commercial insurance coverage during the last three years.

**BELLA VIDA COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT  
CITY OF CAPE CORAL, FLORIDA  
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN  
FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND  
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019**

	<u>Budgeted Amounts</u>	<u>Actual Amounts</u>	<u>Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)</u>
	<u>Original &amp; Final</u>	<u>Amounts</u>	<u>(Negative)</u>
<b>REVENUES</b>			
Assessments	\$ 210,838	\$ 211,998	\$ 1,160
Interest	-	608	608
Total revenues	<u>210,838</u>	<u>212,606</u>	<u>1,768</u>
<b>EXPENDITURES</b>			
Current:			
General government	86,567	91,991	(5,424)
Maintenance and operations	124,271	106,636	17,635
Total expenditures	<u>210,838</u>	<u>198,627</u>	<u>12,211</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	<u>\$ -</u>	13,979	<u>\$ 13,979</u>
Fund balance - beginning		<u>184,647</u>	
Fund balance - ending		<u>\$ 198,626</u>	

See notes to required supplementary information

**BELLA VIDA COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT  
CITY OF CAPE CORAL, FLORIDA  
NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

The District is required to establish a budgetary system and an approved Annual Budget for the General Fund. The District's budgeting process is based on estimates of cash receipts and cash expenditures which are approved by the Board. The budget approximates a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (generally accepted accounting principles).

The legal level of budgetary control, the level at which expenditures may not exceed budget, is in the aggregate. Any budget amendments that increase the aggregate budgeted appropriations must be approved by the Board of Supervisors. Actual general fund expenditures did not exceed appropriations for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019.





**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS**

To the Board of Supervisors  
Bella Vida Community Development District  
City of Cape Coral, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Bella Vida Community Development District, City of Cape Coral, Florida ("District") as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our opinion thereon dated February 27, 2020.

**Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

*A deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

**Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

**Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.



February 27, 2020



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**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH THE  
REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 218.415, FLORIDA STATUTES, REQUIRED BY  
RULE 10.556(10) OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA**

To the Board of Supervisors  
Bella Vida Community Development District  
City of Cape Coral, Florida

We have examined Bella Vida Community Development District, City of Cape Coral, Florida's ("District") compliance with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, in accordance with Rule 10.556(10) of the Auditor General of the State of Florida during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019. Management is responsible for the District's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the District complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced in Section 218.415, Florida Statutes. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the District complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, management, and the Board of Supervisors of Bella Vida Community Development District, City of Cape Coral, Florida and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

*Grau & Associates*

February 27, 2020



**MANAGEMENT LETTER PURSUANT TO THE RULES OF  
THE AUDITOR GENERAL OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA**

To the Board of Supervisors  
Bella Vida Community Development District  
City of Cape Coral, Florida

**Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of Bella Vida Community Development District ("District") as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, and have issued our report thereon dated February 27, 2020.

**Auditor's Responsibility**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

**Other Reporting Requirements**

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; and Independent Auditor's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated February 27, 2020, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

**Purpose of this Letter**

The purpose of this letter is to comment on those matters required by Chapter 10.550 of the Rules of the Auditor General of the state of Florida. Accordingly, in connection with our audit of the financial statements of the District, as described in the first paragraph, we report the following:

- I. Current year findings and recommendations.**
- II. Status of prior year findings and recommendations.**
- III. Compliance with the Provisions of the Auditor General of the State of Florida.**

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, as applicable, management, and the Board of Supervisors of Bella Vida Community Development District, City of Cape Coral, Florida and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We wish to thank Bella Vida Community Development District, City of Cape Coral, Florida and the personnel associated with it, for the opportunity to be of service to them in this endeavor as well as future engagements, and the courtesies extended to us.

*Grau & Associates*

February 27, 2020

## REPORT TO MANAGEMENT

### I. CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

None

### II. PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

None

### III. COMPLIANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA

Unless otherwise required to be reported in the auditor's report on compliance and internal controls, the management letter shall include, but not be limited to the following:

1. A statement as to whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

There were no significant findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018.

2. Any recommendations to improve the local governmental entity's financial management.

There were no such matters discovered by, or that came to the attention of, the auditor, to be reported for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019.

3. Noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance.

There were no such matters discovered by, or that came to the attention of, the auditor, to be reported, for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019.

4. The name or official title and legal authority of the District are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.
5. The District has not met one or more of the financial emergency conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.
6. We applied financial condition assessment procedures and no deteriorating financial conditions were noted as of September 30, 2019. It is management's responsibility to monitor financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.