Connerton West Community Development District

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

September 30, 2019

Connerton West Community Development District

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

September 30, 2019

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Number
REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS	1-2
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	3-9
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS: Government-wide Financial Statements: Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities Fund Financial Statements:	10 11
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	12
Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities	13
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures	14
and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	15
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – General Fund	16
Notes to Financial Statements	17-29
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAI REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH	-
GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS	30-31
MANAGEMENT LETTER	32-33
INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT/COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 218.415, FLORIDA STATUTES	34



Certified Public Accountants PL

600 Citrus Avenue Suite 200 Fort Pierce, Florida 34950

772/461-6120 // 461-1155 FAX: 772/468-9278

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

To the Board of Supervisors Connerton West Community Development District Pasco County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Connerton West Community Development District as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



To the Board of Supervisors Connerton West Community Development District

Opinion

In our opinion, the basic financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, and each major fund of Connerton West Community Development District as of September 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Governmental Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the *Governmental Accounting Standards Board* who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated April 28, 2020 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations and contracts.

The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Connerton West Community Development District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Berger, Toombs, Elam, Gaines & Frank Certified Public Accountants PL

Fort Pierce, Florida

Berger Joonson Glan Daines + Frank

April 28, 2020

Management's discussion and analysis of Connerton West Community Development District (the "District") financial performance provides an objective and easily readable analysis of the District's financial activities. The analysis provides summary financial information for the District and should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The District's basic financial statements comprise three components; 1) Government-wide financial statements, 2) Fund financial statements, and 3) Notes to financial statements. The Government-wide financial statements present an overall picture of the District's financial position and results of operations. The Fund financial statements present financial information for the District's major funds. The Notes to financial statements provide additional information concerning the District's finances.

The Government-wide financial statements are the **statement of net position** and the **statement of activities**. These statements use accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. Emphasis is placed on the net position of governmental activities and the change in net position. Governmental activities are primarily supported by special assessments.

The **statement of net position** presents information on all assets and liabilities of the District, with the difference between assets and liabilities reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories; 1) net investment in capital assets, 2) restricted, and 3) unrestricted. Assets, liabilities, and net position are reported for all Governmental activities.

The **statement of activities** presents information on all revenues and expenses of the District and the change in net position. Expenses are reported by major function and program revenues relating to those functions are reported, providing the net cost of all functions provided by the District. To assist in understanding the District's operations, expenses have been reported as governmental activities. Governmental activities financed by the District include general government, public safety, physical environment, culture/recreation and debt service.

Fund financial statements present financial information for governmental funds. These statements provide financial information for the major funds of the District. Governmental fund financial statements provide information on the current assets and liabilities of the funds, changes in current financial resources (revenues and expenditures), and current available resources.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Fund financial statements include a balance sheet and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for all governmental funds. A statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances – budget and actual is provided for the District's General Fund. Fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's activities. Individual funds are established by the District to track revenues that are restricted to certain uses or to comply with legal requirements.

The government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements provide different pictures of the District. The government-wide financial statements provide an overall picture of the District's financial standing. These statements are comparable to private-sector companies and give a good understanding of the District's overall financial health and how the District paid for the various activities, or functions, provided by the District. All assets of the District, including buildings and improvements, and infrastructure are reported in the **statement of net position**. All liabilities, including principal outstanding on bonds are included. The **statement of activities** includes depreciation on all long-lived assets of the District, but transactions between the different functions of the District have been eliminated in order to avoid "doubling up" the revenues and expenses. The fund financial statements provide a picture of the major funds of the District. In the case of governmental activities, outlays for long lived assets are reported as expenditures and long-term liabilities, such as general obligation bonds, are not included in the fund financial statements. To provide a link from the fund financial statements to the government-wide financial statements, reconciliations are provided from the fund financial statements to the government-wide financial statements.

Notes to financial statements provide additional detail concerning the financial activities and financial balances of the District. Additional information about the accounting practices of the District, investments of the District, capital assets and long-term debt are some of the items included in the notes to financial statements.

Financial Highlights

The following are the highlights of financial activity for the year ended September 30, 2019.

- ◆ The District's total assets were exceeded by total liabilities by \$23,219,193 (net position). Net investment in capital assets for the District was \$25,799,307. Restricted net position was \$843,124. Unrestricted net position was \$(3,423,238).
- ♦ Governmental activities revenues totaled \$4,660,392 while governmental activities expenses totaled \$3,909,237.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Financial Analysis of the District

The following schedule provides a summary of the assets, liabilities and net position of the District and is presented by category for comparison purposes.

Net Position

	Governmental Activities				
		2019		2018	
Current assets Restricted assets	\$	578,358 2,967,059	\$	700,992 6,856,608	
Capital assets		40,478,239		37,983,738	
Total Assets		44,023,656		45,541,338	
Current liabilities Non-current liabilities Total Liabilities		1,918,113 18,886,350 20,804,463		1,684,894 21,388,406 23,073,300	
Net Position Net investment in capital assets Restricted for debt service Unrestricted Total Net Position	\$	25,799,307 843,124 (3,423,238) 23,219,193	\$	21,493,616 5,430,696 (4,456,273) 22,468,039	

The increase in capital assets and the decrease in restricted assets is related to the additions to construction in progress in the current year.

The decrease in non-current liabilities is primarily due to the principal payments on long-term debt in the current year.

The increase in net position is related to revenues exceeding expenses in the current year.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Financial Analysis of the District (Continued)

The following schedule provides a summary of the changes in net position of the District and is presented by category for comparison purposes.

Change In Net Position

	Governmental Activities				
		2019		2018	
Program Revenues Charges for services Capital grants and contributions General Revenues	\$	4,566,897	\$	3,441,766 1,592,365	
Investment earnings		93,495		23,319	
Total Revenues		4,660,392		5,057,450	
Expenses General government Public safety Physical environment Transportation Culture/recreation Interest on long-term debt Total Expenses		232,907 8,000 2,064,646 638,416 32,481 932,787 3,909,237		1,229,379 8,320 2,681,460 14,663 34,625 1,083,919 5,052,366	
Change in Net Position		751,155		5,084	
Net Position - Beginning of Year		22,468,038		22,462,954	
Net Position - End of Year	\$	23,219,193	\$	22,468,038	

The increase in charges for services is related to the increase in debt service special assessments in the current year.

The decrease in capital contributions is related to the developer contribution in the prior year for a capital project.

The decrease in general government is related to the bond issuance costs in the prior year.

The decrease in interest on long-term debt is related to the reduction in outstanding debt.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Capital Assets Activity

The following schedule provides a summary of the District's capital assets as of September 30, 2019 and 2018:

	Governmental Activities				
	2019	2018			
Land and improvements	\$ 1,500,000	\$ 1,500,000			
Construction in progress	6,939,769	2,744,378			
Buildings and improvements	406,472	406,472			
Infrastructure	30,295,902	30,295,902			
Improvements other than buildings	6,695,996	6,695,996			
Accumulated depreciation	(5,359,900)	(3,659,010)			
Total Capital Assets, net	\$40,478,239	\$37,983,738			

The capital asset activity in the current year was additions to construction in progress of \$4,195,391 and depreciation of \$1,700,890.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The final budget exceeded actual expenditures in the current year because landscaping and field maintenance expenditures were less than anticipated.

The September 30, 2019 budget was not amended.

Debt Management

Governmental Activities debt includes the following:

♦ In September 2006, the District issued \$4,370,000 Series 2006A-2 Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds. These bonds were issued to finance the acquisition and construction of certain improvements for the benefit of the property owners within the District. As of September 30, 2019, the balance outstanding was \$3,140,000.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

<u>Debt Management</u> Continued)

- ♦ In June 2015, the District issued \$2,275,000 Series 2015A-1 Capital Improvement Revenue and Refunding Bonds. These bonds were issued to finance the acquisition and construction of certain improvements for the benefit of the property owners within the District and to refund and redeem a portion of the Series 2006A-1 Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds. As of September 30, 2019, the balance outstanding was \$2,025,000.
- ♦ In June 2015, the District issued \$3,110,000 Series 2015A-2 Capital Improvement Revenue and Refunding Bonds. These bonds were issued to finance the acquisition and construction of certain improvements for the benefit of the property owners within the District and to refund and redeem a portion of the Series 2006A-1 Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds. The Series 2015A-2 Capital Improvement Revenue and Refunding Bonds were fully redeemed as of September 30, 2019.
- ♦ In April 2018, the District issued \$6,520,000 Series 2018A-1 Capital Improvement Revenue and Refunding Bonds. These bonds were issued to finance the acquisition and construction of certain improvements for the benefit of the property owners within the District and to refund and redeem a portion of the Series 2004 Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds. As of September 30, 2019, the balance outstanding was \$6,230,000.
- ♦ In April 2018, the District issued \$1,520,000 Series 2018A-2 Capital Improvement Revenue and Refunding Bonds. These bonds were issued to finance the acquisition and construction of certain improvements for the benefit of the property owners within the District and to refund and redeem a portion of the Series 2004 Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds. As of September 30, 2019, the balance outstanding was \$1,460,000.
- ♦ In August 2018, the District issued \$4,290,000 Series 2018-1 Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds. These bonds were issued to finance the acquisition and construction of certain improvements for the benefit of the property owners within the District. As of September 30, 2019, the balance outstanding was \$4,230,000.
- ♦ In August 2018, the District issued \$4,190,000 Series 2018-2 Capital Improvement Revenue and Refunding Bonds. These bonds were issued to finance the acquisition and construction of certain improvements for the benefit of the property owners within the District and to refund and redeem the remaining Series 2006A-1 Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds and a portion of the Series 2006A-2 Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds. As of September 30, 2019, the balance outstanding was \$3,385,000.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

Connerton West Community Development District does not expect any economic factors to have any significant effect on the financial position or results of operations of the District in fiscal year 2020.

Request for Information

The financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Connerton West Community Development District's finances for all those with an interest. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Connerton West Community Development District's Finance Department at 12750 Citrus Park Lane, Suite 115, Tampa, Florida 33625.

Connerton West Community Development District STATEMENT OF NET POSITION September 30, 2019

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Current Assets	
Cash	\$ 530,845
Accounts receivable	575
Prepaid expenses	28,173
Deposits	18,765
Total Current Assets	578,358
Non-current Assets	
Restricted assets	
Investments	2,967,059
Capital assets, not being depreciated	
Land and improvements	1,500,000
Construction in progress	6,939,769
Capital assets being depreciated	
Buildings and improvements	406,472
Infrastructure	30,295,902
Improvements other than buildings	6,695,996
Less: accumulated depreciation	(5,359,900)
Total Non-current Assets	43,445,298
Total Assets	44,023,656
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	72,380
Accrued interest	405,733
Bonds payable	1,440,000
Total Current Liabilities	1,918,113
Non-current liabilities	
Bonds payable	18,886,350
Total Liabilities	20,804,463
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	25,799,307
Restricted for debt service	769,040
Restricted for capital projects	74,084
Unrestricted	(3,423,238)
Total Net Position	\$ 23,219,193

Connerton West Community Development District STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For The Year Ended September 30, 2019

Functions/Programs		Expenses	C	Program Revenues harges for Services	Re C N Go	et (Expense) evenues and Changes in let Position overnmental Activities
Governmental Activities	\$	(232,907)	\$	244,270	\$	11,363
General government Public safety	Ψ	(8,000)	Ψ	8,421	Ψ	421
Physical environment		(2,064,646)		1,066,047		(998,599)
Transportation		(638,416)		3,131		(635,285)
Culture/recreation		(32,481)		19,928		(12,553)
Interest on long-term debt		(932,787)		3,225,100		2,292,313
Total Governmental Activities	\$	(3,909,237)	\$	4,566,897		657,660
		n eral revenues nvestment earni				93,495
		Change in	Net	Position		751,155
	Net	Position - Begi	nning	g of Year		22,468,038
	Net Position - End of Year					23,219,193

Connerton West Community Development District BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2019

ACCETO		General		Debt Service		pital jects		Total rernmental Funds
ASSETS Cash	\$	530,845	\$		\$		\$	530,845
Accounts receivable	φ	530,645 575	φ	-	φ	-	Ψ	575
Prepaid expenses		28,173		_		_		28,173
Deposits		18,765		_		_		18,765
Restricted assets:		10,703		_		_		10,700
Investments, at fair value		_	1	,774,146	1 1	92,913	4	2,967,059
Total Assets	\$	578,358		,774,146		92,913		3,545,417
Total / toocio	<u> </u>	0.0,000	<u> </u>				<u> </u>	5,010,111
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	_\$_	72,380	_\$		_\$		_\$_	72,380
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable:								
Prepaid expenses and deposits		46,938		-		-		46,938
Restricted:								
Debt service		-	1	,774,146		-		1,774,146
Capital projects		-		-	1,1	92,913	•	1,192,913
Assigned:								
Capital reserves		291,052		-		-		291,052
Unassigned:		167,988						167,988
Total Fund Balances		505,978	1	,774,146	1,1	92,913		3,473,037
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$_	578,358	<u>\$ 1</u>	,774,146	\$ 1,1	92,913	\$ 3	3,545,417

Connerton West Community Development District RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES September 30, 2019

Total Governmental Fund Balances

\$ 3,473,037

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:

Capital assets, land and improvements, \$1,500,000, construction in progress, \$6,939,769, buildings and improvements, \$406,472, infrastructure, \$30,295,902, and improvements other than buildings, \$6,695,996, net of accumulated depreciation, \$(5,359,900), are not current financial resources and therefore, are not reported at the fund level.

40,478,239

Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, \$(20,470,000), net of bond discount, \$143,650, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, are not reported at the fund level.

(20,326,350)

Accrued interest expense for long-term debt is not a current financial use and therefore, is not reported at the fund level.

(405,733)

Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ 23,219,193

Connerton West Community Development District STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For The Year Ended September 30, 2019

	General	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Revenues					
Special assessments	\$ 1,341,797	\$ 3,225,100	\$ -	\$	4,566,897
Investment earnings	9,269	20,458	63,768		93,495
Total Revenues	 1,351,066	 3,245,558	 63,768		4,660,392
Expenditures					
Current					
General government	232,057	850	-		232,907
Public safety	8,000	-	-		8,000
Physical environment	1,012,747	-	-		1,012,747
Transportion	2,974	-	-		2,974
Culture/recreation	18,932	-	-		18,932
Capital outlay	-	-	4,195,391		4,195,391
Debt service					
Principal	-	1,610,000	-		1,610,000
Interest	-	957,452	-		957,452
Other	-	65,594	-		65,594
Total Expenditures	1,274,710	2,633,896	4,195,391		8,103,997
Excess of revenues over/(under)					
expenditures	76,356	611,662	(4,131,623)		(3,443,605)
·	•	,	, ,		, ,
Other Financing Sources/(Uses)					
Transfers in	-	-	202		202
Transfers out	-	(202)	-		(202)
Total Other Financing Sources/(Uses)	-	(202)	202		
Net change in fund balances	76,356	611,460	(4,131,421)		(3,443,605)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	 429,622	 1,162,686	 5,324,334		6,916,642
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ 505,978	\$ 1,774,146	\$ 1,192,913	\$	3,473,037

Connerton West Community Development District RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For The Year Ended September 30, 2019

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ (3,443,605)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays. However, in the Statement of Activities the costs of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation. This is the amount that capital outlay, \$4,195,391, exceeded	
depreciation, \$(1,700,890), in the current period.	2,494,501
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.	1,610,000
Amortization of bond discount does not require the use of current resources and therefore is not reported in the governmental funds. This is the amount of amortization in the current period.	(7,944)
In the Statement of Activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds; whereas in governmental funds, interest expenditures are reported when due. This is the net amount between the prior year and the current year accruals.	98,203
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 751,155

Connerton West Community Development District STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

		iginal udget	Final Budget	Actual	Fin:	ance With al Budget Positive egative)
Revenues						<u> </u>
Special assessments	\$ 1	,332,033	\$ 1,332,033	\$ 1,341,797	\$	9,764
Investment earnings		-	-	9,269		9,269
Total Revenues	1	,332,033	1,332,033	1,351,066		19,033
Expenditures						
Current						
General government		213,960	213,960	232,057		(18,097)
Public Safety		9,650	9,650	8,000		1,650
Physical environment	1	,039,323	1,039,323	1,012,747		26,576
Transportation		5,500	5,500	2,974		2,526
Culture/recreation		21,300	21,300	18,932		2,368
Capital outlay		42,300	42,300	-		42,300
Total Expenditures	1	,332,033	1,332,033	1,274,710		57,323
Net change in fund balances			 	 76,356		76,356
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year				429,622		429,622
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$		\$ 	\$ 505,978	\$	505,978

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District's more significant accounting policies are described below.

1. Reporting Entity

The District was established on June 14, 2004, pursuant to the Uniform Community Development District Act of 1980, Chapter 190, Florida Statutes, as amended (the "Act"), by Rule 42-PP-1 of the Florida Land and Water Adjudicatory Commission. The District was established for the purposes of financing and managing the acquisition, construction, maintenance and operation of the infrastructure necessary for community development within its jurisdiction. The District is authorized to issue bonds for the purpose, among others, of financing, funding, planning, establishing, acquiring, constructing district roads, landscaping, and other basic infrastructure projects within or outside the boundaries of the Connerton West Community Development District. The District is governed by a five-member Board of Supervisors. All members are elected on an at large basis by qualified electors that reside within the District. The District operates within the criteria established by Chapter 190, Florida Statutes.

As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the Connerton West Community Development District (the primary government) as a stand-alone government. The reporting entity for the District includes all functions of government in which the District's Board exercises oversight responsibility including, but not limited to, financial interdependency, selection of governing authority, designation of management, significant ability to influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters.

Based upon the application of the above-mentioned criteria as set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, the District has identified no component units.

2. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The basic financial statements of the District are composed of the following:

- Government-wide financial statements
- Fund financial statements
- Notes to financial statements

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

a. Government-wide Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements report all non-fiduciary information about the reporting government as a whole. These statements include all the governmental activities of the primary government. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

Governmental activities are supported by special assessments and interest. Program revenues are netted with program expenses in the statement of activities to present the net cost of each program.

Amounts paid to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets, rather than reported as an expenditure. Proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as liabilities in the government-wide financial statements, rather than as an other financing source.

Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness of the reporting government are reported as a reduction of the related liability, rather than as an expenditure.

b. Fund Financial Statements

The underlying accounting system of the District is organized and operated on the basis of separate funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Fund financial statements for the primary government's governmental funds are presented after the government-wide financial statements. These statements display information about major funds individually.

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

b. Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Governmental Funds

The District classifies fund balance according to Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 54 – Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. The Statement requires the fund balance for governmental funds to be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

The District has various policies governing the fund balance classifications.

Nonspendable Fund Balance – This classification consists of amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation.

Assigned Fund Balance – This classification consists of the Board of Supervisors' intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The assigned fund balances can also be assigned by the District's management company.

Unassigned Fund Balance – This classification is the residual classification for the government's general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. Unassigned fund balance is considered to be utilized first when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Fund Balance Spending Hierarchy – For all governmental funds except special revenue funds, when restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balances are combined in a fund, qualified expenditures are paid first from restricted or committed fund balance, as appropriate, then assigned and finally unassigned fund balances.

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

b. Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Governmental Funds (Continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collected within the current period or soon thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. Interest associated with the current fiscal period is considered to be an accrual item and so has been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period.

Under the current financial resources measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The reported fund balance is considered to be a measure of "available spendable resources".

Governmental fund operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Accordingly, they are said to present a summary of sources and uses of "available spendable resources" during a period.

Because of their spending measurement focus, expenditure recognition for governmental fund types excludes amounts represented by non-current liabilities. Since they do not affect net current assets, such long-term amounts are not recognized as governmental fund type expenditures or fund liabilities.

Amounts expended to acquire capital assets are recorded as expenditures in the year that resources are expended, rather than as fund assets. The proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as an other financing source rather than as a fund liability.

Debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

3. Basis of Presentation

a. Governmental Major Funds

<u>General Fund</u> – The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

3. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

a. Governmental Major Funds (Continued)

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> – Accounts for debt service requirements to retire certain special assessment revenue bonds which were used to finance the construction of District infrastructure improvements. The bonds are secured by a first lien on and pledge of the special assessment revenues and pledged funds.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> – The Capital Projects Fund accounts for acquisition and construction of infrastructure improvements located within the boundaries of the District.

b. Non-current Governmental Assets/Liabilities

GASB Statement 34 requires that non-current governmental assets, such as land and improvements, and non-current governmental liabilities, such as general obligation bonds and due to developer be reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide Statement of Net Position.

4. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity

a. Cash and Investments

Florida Statutes require state and local governmental units to deposit monies with financial institutions classified as "Qualified Public Depositories," a multiple financial institution pool whereby groups of securities pledged by the various financial institutions provide common collateral from their deposits of public funds. This pool is provided as additional insurance to the federal depository insurance and allows for additional assessments against the member institutions, providing full insurance for public deposits.

The District is authorized to invest in those financial instruments as established by Section 218.415, Florida Statutes. The authorized investments consist of:

- 1. Direct obligations of the United States Treasury;
- 2. The Local Government Surplus Funds Trust or any intergovernmental investment pool authorized pursuant to the Florida Interlocal Cooperative Act of 1969;
- 3. Interest-bearing time deposits or savings accounts in authorized qualified public depositories;
- 4. Securities and Exchange Commission, registered money market funds with the highest credit quality rating from a nationally recognized rating agency.

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

4. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

b. Restricted Net Position

Certain net position of the District is classified as restricted on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited either by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation; or by restrictions imposed externally by creditors. In a fund with both restricted and unrestricted net position, qualified expenses are considered to be paid first from restricted net position and then from unrestricted net position.

c. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings and improvements, and infrastructure, are reported in the governmental activities column.

The District defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. The valuation basis for all assets is historical cost.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend its useful life are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Depreciation is computed utilizing the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. The estimated useful lives of the various classes of depreciable capital assets are as follows:

Buildings and improvements 30 years Infrastructure 20-30 years Improvements other than buildings 15 years

d. Bond Discounts

Bond discounts are amortized over the life of the bonds.

e. Budgets

Budgets are prepared and adopted after a public hearing for the governmental funds, pursuant to Chapter 190, Florida Statutes. The District utilizes the same basis of accounting for budgets as it does for revenues and expenditures in its various funds. The legal level of budgetary control is at the fund level. All budgeted appropriations lapse at year end. Formal budgets are adopted for the general and debt service funds. As a result, deficits in the budget columns of the accompanying financial statements may occur.

NOTE B - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

All deposits are held in qualified public depositories and are included on the accompanying balance sheet as cash and investments.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits</u>

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a formal deposit policy for custodial credit risk; however, they follow the provisions of Chapter 280, Florida Statutes regarding deposits and investments. As of September 30, 2019, the District's bank balance was \$531,846 and the carrying value was \$530,845. Exposure to custodial credit risk was as follows. The District maintains all deposits in a qualified public depository in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 280, Florida Statutes, which means that all deposits are fully insured by Federal Depositors Insurance or collateralized under Chapter 280, Florida Statutes.

As of September 30, 2019, the District had the following investments and maturities:

Investment	<u>Maturities</u>	Fair Value
First American Treasury Obligation Fund	26 days*	\$ 2,664,013
U S Bank Manage Money Market	N/A	135,509
U S Bank Money Market	N/A	167,537
Total		\$ 2,967,059

^{*}Weighted Average Maturity

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy recently established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset, or paid to transfer a liability, in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. The District uses a market approach in measuring fair value that uses prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or similar assets, liabilities, or groups of assets and liabilities.

NOTE B - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

<u>Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits</u> (Continued)

Assets or liabilities are classified into one of three levels. Level 1 is the most reliable and is based on quoted price for identical assets, or liabilities, in an active market. Level 2 uses significant other observable inputs when obtaining quoted prices for identical or similar assets, or liabilities, in markets that are not active. Level 3 is the least reliable and uses significant unobservable inputs that use the best information available under the circumstances, which includes the District's own data in measuring unobservable inputs.

Based on the criteria in the preceding paragraph, the investment in First American Treasury Obligation and the U S Bank Managed Money Market are Level 1 assets.

Interest Rate Risk

The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk

The District's investments are limited by state statutory requirements and bond compliance. The District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. As of September 30, 2019, the District's investment in First American Treasury Obligation Fund was rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The District places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one fund. The investments in First American Treasury Obligation Fund represents 90%, the U S Bank Managed Money Market represents 4% and the U S Bank Money Market represents 6% of the District's total investments.

The types of deposits and investments and their level of risk exposure as of September 30, 2019 were typical of these items during the fiscal year then ended. The District considers any decline in fair value for certain investments to be temporary.

NOTE C - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2019 was as follows:

	Balance October 1,			Balance September 30,
	2018	<u>Additions</u>	Deletions	2019
Governmental Activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated:	4 4 500 000			4 4 500 000
Land	\$ 1,500,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,500,000
Construction in progress	2,744,378	4,195,391		6,939,769
Total capital assets, not depreciated	4,244,378	4,195,391		8,439,769
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	406,472	-	-	406,472
Infrastructure	30,295,902	-	-	30,295,902
Improvements other than buildings	6,695,996			6,695,996
Total capital assets, being depreciated	37,398,370			37,398,370
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	(27,098)	(13,549)	-	(40,647)
Infrastructure	(2,739,112)	(1,240,941)	-	(3,980,053)
Improvements other than buildings	(892,800)	(446,400)		(1,339,200)
Total accumulated depreciation	(3,659,010)	(1,700,890)		(5,359,900)
Total capital assets depreciated, net	33,739,360	(1,700,890)		32,038,470
Governmental Activities Capital Assets	\$ 37,983,738	\$ 2,494,501	<u>\$</u>	\$ 40,478,239

Depreciation was charged to physical environment, \$1,051,899, culture/recreation, \$13,549, and transportation, \$635,442.

NOTE D - LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of activity for long-term debt of the Governmental Activities for the year ended September 30, 2019:

Long-term debt at October 1, 2018	\$	22,080,000
Principal payments	_	(1,610,000)
Long-term debt at September 30, 2019	\$	20,470,000
Less: bond discount, net	_	(143,650)
Bonds payable, net at September 30, 2019	\$	20,326,350

NOTE D - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Long-term debt for Governmental Activities is comprised of the following:

Capital Improvement Revenue and Refunding Bonds

\$6,520,000 Series 2018A-1 Capital Improvement Revenue and Refunding Bonds are due in annual principal installments beginning May 2019 maturing May 2036. Interest at various rates between 2% and 3.625% is due May and November beginning November 2018. Current portion is \$295,000.	\$	6,230,000
\$1,520,000 Series 2018A-2 Capital Improvement Revenue and Refunding Bonds are due in annual principal installments beginning May 2019 maturing May 2036. Interest at various rates between 4.625% and 5% is due May and November beginning November 2018. Current portion is \$60,000.		1,460,000
\$4,370,000 Series 2006A-2 Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds are due in annual principal installments beginning May 2008. Interest at a rate of 5.4% is due May and November beginning November 2006. Current portion is \$100,000.		3,140,000
\$4,290,000 Series 2018-1 Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds are due in annual principal installments beginning May 2019 maturing May 2048. Interest at various rates between 4.5% and 5.5% is due May and November beginning November 2018. Current portion is \$65,000.		4,230,000
\$4,190,000 Series 2018-2 Capital Improvement Revenue and Refunding Bonds are due in a principal installment November 2045. Interest at a rate of 5.5% is due May and November beginning November 2018. Current portion is \$885,000.		3,385,000
\$2,275,000 Series 2015A-1 Capital Improvement Revenue and Refunding Bonds are due in annual principal installments beginning May 2016. Interest at various rates between 6.1% and 6.25% is due May and November beginning November 2015. Ourset parties in \$25,000		2.025.000
2015. Current portion is \$35,000. Bond payable		2,025,000 20,470,000
Bond discount, net		(143,650)
,		
Bonds Payable, Net	<u>\$</u>	20,326,350

NOTE D - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

The annual requirements to amortize the principal and interest of bonded debt outstanding as of September 30, 2019 are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	Principal		Principal Interest		_	Total
2020	\$	1,440,000	\$	952,654	,	\$ 2,392,654
2021		575,000		905,950		1,480,950
2022		595,000		885,739		1,480,739
2023		615,000		863,840		1,478,840
2024		640,000		840,809		1,480,809
2025-2029		6,120,000		3,313,009		9,433,009
2030-2034		4,515,000		2,235,989		6,750,989
2035-2039		3,155,000		1,212,245		4,367,245
2040-2044		1,690,000		617,925		2,307,925
2045-2048		1,125,000		151,886		1,276,886
Totals	\$	20,470,000	\$	11,980,046		\$ 32,450,046

Summary of Significant Bond Resolution Terms and Covenants

Capital Improvement Revenue and Refunding Bonds

Significant Bond Provisions

The Series 2006A-2 Bonds are subject to redemption at the option of the District prior to their maturity, in whole or in part, at any time after May 1, 2015 at a redemption price equal to the principal amount of the Series 2006A-2 Bonds to be redeemed, together with accrued interest to the date of redemption. The Series 2006A-2 are subject to extraordinary mandatory redemption prior to maturity in the manner determined by the Bond Registrar if certain events occurred as outlined in the Trust Indenture.

The Series 2018A-1, Series 2018A-2, and Series 2018-1 Bonds are subject to redemption at the option of the District prior to their maturity, in whole or in part, at any time after May 1, 2028 at a redemption price equal to the principal amount of the Series 2018A-1 Bonds, Series 2018A-2, or Series 2018-1 Bonds to be redeemed, together with accrued interest to the date of redemption. The Series 2018-2 Bonds are not subject to redemption prior to maturity at the option of the District. The Series 2018A-1, Series 2018A-2, Series 2018-1, and Series 2018-2 Bonds are subject to extraordinary mandatory redemption prior to maturity in the manner determined by the Bond Registrar if certain events occurred as outlined in the Trust Indenture.

The Series 2015A-1 Bonds are subject to redemption at the option of the District prior to their maturity, in whole or in part, at any time after May 1, 2025 at a redemption price equal to the principal amount of the Series 2015A-1 Bonds to be redeemed, together with accrued interest to the date of redemption. The Series 2015A-2 Bonds are not subject to redemption prior to maturity at the option of the District. The Series 2015A-1 and Series 2015A-2 Bonds are subject to extraordinary mandatory redemption prior to maturity in the manner determined by the Bond Registrar if certain events occurred as outlined in the Trust Indenture.

NOTE D - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Significant Bond Provisions (Continued)

The Trust Indenture established certain amounts be maintained in a reserve account. In addition, the Trust Indenture has certain restrictions and requirements relating principally to the use of proceeds to pay for the infrastructure improvements and the procedures to be followed by the District on assessments to property owners. The District agrees to levy special assessments in annual amounts adequate to provide payment of debt service and to meet the reserve requirements.

Depository Funds

The bond resolution establishes certain funds and determines the order in which revenues are to be deposited into these funds. A description of the significant funds, including their purposes, is as follows:

Reserve Fund – The Series 2006A-1 Reserve Account was funded from the proceeds of the Series 2006A-1 Bonds. The 2018A-1, 2018A-2, 2018-1, and 2015A-1 Reserve Accounts were funded from the proceeds of the 2018A-1, 2018A-2, 2018-1, and 2015A-1 Bonds in amounts equal to 50 percent of the outstanding 2018A-1, 2018A-2, 2018-1, and 2015A-1, respectively. Monies held in the reserve accounts will be used only for the purposes established in the Trust Indenture.

The following is a schedule of required reserve deposits as of September 30, 2019:

	F	Reserve	Reserve		
		Balance	Requirement		
Capital Improvement Revenue and Refunding Bonds, Series 2018A-1	\$	65,994	\$	65,241	
Capital Improvement Revenue and Refunding Bonds, Series 2018A-2	\$	246,306	\$	246,306	
Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2006A-2	\$	41,843	\$	41,800	
Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2018-1	\$	147,471	\$	146,028	
Capital Improvement Revenue and Refunding Bonds, Series 2015A-1	\$	97,759	\$	82,109	

Subsequent to year-end, the District made principal prepayments on the Series 2018-2 Bonds of \$650,000 in November 2019 and \$235,000 of February 2020. There principal prepayments are reflected in the current portion of bond payable at of September 30, 2019.

NOTE E - SPECIAL ASSESSMENT REVENUES

Assessments are non-ad valorem assessments on benefitted property within the District. Operation and Maintenance Assessments are based upon adopted budget and levied annually. Debt Service Assessments are levied when bonds are issued and collected annually. The District may collect assessments directly or utilize the uniform method of collections (Chapter 197.3632, Florida Statues). Direct collected assessments are due as determined by an annual assessment resolution adopted by the Board of Supervisors. Per Section 197.162, Florida Statutes discounts are allowed for early payment at the rate of 4% in November, 3% in December, 2% in January, and 1% in February. Taxes paid in March are without discount.

Assessments and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

NOTE F - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the government carries commercial insurance. There were no claims or settled claims from these risks that exceeded commercial insurance coverage.

NOTE G - ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY

A substantial portion of the District's activity is dependent upon the continued involvement of the developer, the loss of which could have a materially adverse effect on the District. At September 30, 2019, the developer owned a large portion of the assessable property located within District boundaries.

Certified Public Accountants I

600 Citrus Avenue Suite 200 Fort Pierce, Florida 34950

772/461-6120 // 461-1155 FAX: 772/468-9278

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Supervisors Connerton West Community Development District Pasco County, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Connerton West Community Development District, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 28, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Connerton West Community Development District's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Connerton West Community Development District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Connerton West Community Development District's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



Board of Supervisors Connerton West Community Development District

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Connerton West Community Development District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Berger, Toombs, Elam, Gaines & Frank

Certified Public Accountants PL

Berger Joonson Glam Daines + Frank

Fort Pierce, Florida

April 28, 2020



Certified Public Accountants PL

600 Citrus Avenue Suite 200 Fort Pierce, Florida 34950

MANAGEMENT LETTER

772/461-6120 // 461-1155
FAX: 772/468-9278
To the Board of Supervisors
Connerton West Community Development District
Pasco County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the Connerton West Community Development District as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and have issued our report thereon dated April 28, 2020.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Florida Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and our Independent Auditor's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with AICPA Professionals Standards, AT-C Section 315 regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in that report, which is dated April 28, 2020, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been made to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding financial audit report. The following findings or recommendations were noted in the preceding financial audit report.

Finding 13-02

Finding – The reserve balance at year-end was less than the reserve balance required by the Trust Indenture.

Recommendation – The District should take the steps necessary to restore the reserve balance to the required balance.

Management Response – The applicable Trust Indenture does not require the District to assess property owners who have paid their assessments to make up a shortfall caused by a landowner that did not pay their assessments. The Trustee has been directed by the bondholders that the reserve account not be replenished.

Current Status – The finding has been corrected in the current year.



To the Board of Supervisors Connerton West Community Development District

Financial Condition

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not Connerton West Community Development District has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific conditions met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the Connerton West Community Development District did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.c. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial conditions assessment procedures as of September 30, 2019 for the Connerton West Community Development District. It is management's responsibility to monitor the Connerton West Community Development District's financial condition; our financial condition assessment was based in part on the representations made by management and the review of the financial information provided by the same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Board of Supervisors, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Berger, Toombs, Elam, Gaines & Frank Certified Public Accountants PL

Berger Joonsbor Glam (Dained + Frank

Fort Pierce, Florida

April 28, 2020



Certified Public Accountants PL

600 Citrus Avenue Suite 200 Fort Pierce, Florida 34950

772/461-6120 // 461-1155 FAX: 772/468-9278

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT/COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 218.415, FLORIDA STATUTES

To the Board of Supervisors Connerton West Community Development District Pasco County, Florida

We have examined Connerton West Community Development District's compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes during the year ended September 30, 2019. Management is responsible for Connerton West Community Development District's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Connerton West Community Development District's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about Connerton West Community Development District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on Connerton West Community Development District's compliance with the specified requirements.

In our opinion, Connerton West Community Development District complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements during the year ended September 30, 2019.

Berger, Toombs, Elam, Gaines & Frank Certified Public Accountants PL

Fort Pierce. Florida

April 28, 2020