Basic Financial Statements, Required Supplementary Information, Supplemental Combining Information, Other Supplemental Schedules, and Single Audit Report

June 30, 2019

(With Report of Independent Auditors Thereon)

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Commissioners North Broward Hospital District

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities and the aggregate remaining fund information of the North Broward Hospital District (the District) as of and for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities and the aggregate remaining fund information of the North Broward Hospital District as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 to 10, and the schedule of changes in net pension liability and related ratios – defined benefit pension plan, the schedule of employer contributions – defined benefit pension plan, schedule of money-weighted rate of return – defined benefit pension plan, and the schedule of changes in total OPEB liability and related ratios on pages 76 to 79, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The combining information on pages 80 to 82 and the other supplemental schedules on pages 83 to 88, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for the purpose of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining information, other supplemental schedules, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining information, other supplemental schedules, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have issued our report dated October 31, 2019, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Birmingham, Alabama October 31, 2019

Warren averett, LLC

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

June 30, 2019 and 2018

This section of the North Broward Hospital District's (the District) annual financial report presents the District's analysis of its financial performance as of June 30, 2019 and 2018 and for the fiscal years then ended. Please read this analysis in conjunction with the financial statements, which follow this section.

North Broward Hospital District d/b/a Broward Health is a special independent taxing district created pursuant to Chapter 27438, Laws of Florida, Special Acts of 1951, as amended (the Act), for the purpose of establishing and operating the necessary health facilities for the preservation of the public health and well-being of the citizens of the District. Governance and management of the District are independent of metropolitan county and city governments. The governing body of the District is the Board of Commissioners (the Board), composed of seven members appointed by the Governor of Florida.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual financial report includes the management's discussion and analysis report, the independent auditors' report, and the financial statements of the District. The financial statements also include notes that explain in more detail some of the information in the financial statements.

Required Financial Statements

The District's financial statements report offers short-term and long-term financial information about its activities. The statements of net position include all of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, and provides information about the nature and amounts of investments in resources (assets) and the obligations to creditors (liabilities). The statements of net position also provide the basis for evaluating the capital structure and assessing the liquidity and financial flexibility of the District.

All of the revenue and expenses for fiscal years 2019 and 2018 are accounted for in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position. The statements measure the annual financial performance of the District's operations and can be used to determine whether the District has recovered all of its costs through its net patient service revenue, ad valorem taxes, and other sources of revenue.

The final required statement is the statements of cash flows. The statement reports cash receipts, cash payments, and net changes in cash resulting from operating, investing, and financing (capital and noncapital) activities. The statement highlights the key sources and uses of the District's cash and what the change in the cash balance was during the reporting period. The District's financial statements report also includes separate statements of fiduciary net position and statements of changes in fiduciary net position which represent the District's fiduciary activities consisting of its pension trust fund.

Financial Analysis of the North Broward Hospital District

The District's net position, the difference between total assets plus deferred outflows of resources and total liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources, is a way to measure financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position is one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. However, the financial statement user should consider other nonfinancial factors, such as changes in economic conditions, population growth, taxable property values and tax rates, and new or changed governmental legislation, when analyzing the District's financial position.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

June 30, 2019 and 2018

A comparative summary of the District's statements of net position at June 30, 2019, 2018 and 2017, is presented below:

	_	2019		2018		2017 (As Adjusted)
		((In tl	nousands of d	ollars	s)
Assets: Current assets Asset whose use is limited, net of amount for	\$	805,824	\$	825,965	\$	682,144
current obligations Investments Capital assets, net Other assets	_	32,193 228,162 560,493 36,131		58,389 150,088 577,467 29,430		56,699 146,197 557,080 37,464
Total assets	\$_	1,662,803	\$	1,641,339	\$	1,479,584
Deferred outflows of resources: Accumulated decrease in fair value of hedging derivatives Deferred amount on debt refundings Pension Deferred other postemployment benefits	\$		\$		\$	20,942 9,380 20,671
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$_	37,697	\$	44,580	\$	50,993
Liabilities: Current liabilities Long-term debt Other liabilities Total liabilities	\$ 	227,020 337,242 189,773 754,035	\$ - - \$	229,920 343,637 184,560 758,117	\$ 	223,334 210,475 289,688 723,497
	Ψ_	754,055	_ Ψ.	750,117	Ψ.	123,771
Deferred inflows of resources: Pension Other post employment benefits	\$	23,192 6,347	\$	18,799 5,544	\$	23,821
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$_	29,539	\$	24,343	\$	23,821
Net position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted for donor restrictions Restricted by counter party under interest rate	\$	236,624 26,968	\$	284,295 26,117	\$	331,852 32,234
swap agreements Unrestricted		653,334		 593,047		25,060 394,113
Total net position	\$ _	916,926	\$	903,459	\$	783,259

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

June 30, 2019 and 2018

The net position of the District totaled \$916.9, \$903.5 and \$783.3 million as of June 30, 2019, 2018 and 2017, respectively. The increase in net position of \$13.5 million in fiscal year 2019 was primarily due to \$0.1 million in loss from operations net of tax revenues, gain on investments of \$39.9 million, interest expense and other non-operating costs of \$26.2 million.

Budgetary Highlights

Overall, the District performed ahead of budget by \$12.0 million, in fiscal year 2019. Operationally, the District performed below budget by \$1.8 million. Total operating expenses where under budget by \$56.5 million, offset by net operating revenue being under budget by \$58.3 million. Non-operating income was over budget by \$15.0 million primarily due to unrealized gains on investments. Inpatient admissions were under budget by 7.4%, while observations cases were over budget by 3.9% with total hospitalized patient (Admissions plus Observation cases) under budget by 4.3%. Outpatient volumes were under budget by 4.6%, due to a reduction in physician office visits, emergency room visits, medical center visits, and ancillary visits.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

As of June 30, 2019, 2018, and 2017, the District had net capital assets of \$560.5 million, \$577.5 million and \$557.1 million, respectively, a decrease of \$17 million from 2018 to 2019 and an increase of \$20.4 million from 2017 to 2018. The decrease in 2019 was composed of \$33.0 million in capital expenditures, \$9.1 million in capital leases, \$56.8 million in depreciation and a \$461 thousand loss from disposal of assets. Capital expenditures where comprised mainly of \$10.2 million for an increased number of surgical beds, construction of private post-partum rooms, and relocation of the neonatal intensive care unit at Broward Health Coral Springs, \$3.2 million in additional expenditures for the Salah Foundation Children's Hospital, \$2.5 million in a new 3T MRI for Broward Health North, and \$1.4 million in the Broward Health North's Façade Renovation. Capital leases of \$9.1 million where all for five intuitive DaVinci surgical robots. During 2019, Broward Health began to review fully depreciated capital assets and assets no longer in use with minor individual disposable values. This review resulted in \$461 thousand in losses from asset disposals.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

June 30, 2019 and 2018

Capital assets at June 30, 2019, 2018 and 2017, are as follows:

	_	2019	_	2018	2017
			(In	thousands of dollars)	_
Land and land improvements	\$	51,431	\$	51,367 \$	51,351
Buildings and building improvements		823,708		733,518	725,627
Equipment	_	567,274	_	594,868	584,826
		1,442,413		1,379,753	1,361,804
Less accumulated depreciation	_	(890,785)	_	(925,874)	(879,843)
		551,628		453,879	481,961
Construction-in-progress	_	8,865	_	123,588	75,119
	\$	560,493	\$	577,467 \$	557,080

More detailed information about the District's capital assets is presented in Note 5 within the accompanying financial statements.

Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

While the statements of net position show all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position, the statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position provide answers to the nature and source of the changes of net position.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

June 30, 2019 and 2018

The following table presents the District's condensed statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position for fiscal years 2019, 2018 and 2017:

	_	2019	In the	2018 ousands of dol	 2017 (As Adjusted)
Operating revenues Operating expenses	\$	1,034,370 1,163,194	\$	1,035,556 1,083,593	\$ 1,025,279 1,174,463
Operating loss		(128,824)		(48,037)	(149,184)
Unrestricted property tax revenue		128,635		138,582	137,938
Other nonoperating revenue, net		13,553		29,558	44,578
Capital contributions	_	103	_	97	 192
Increase in net position		13,467		120,200	33,524
Net position:					
Beginning of year, as adjusted (note 2)	_	903,459	_	783,259	 749,735
End of year	\$_	916,926	\$	903,459	\$ 783,259

Management's Discussion of Recent Financial Performance

Overview - Fiscal Year 2019 as Compared to Fiscal Years 2018 and 2017

In fiscal year 2019, the District experienced an increase in net position of \$13.5 million, as compared to increases in net position of \$120.2 million in 2018 and \$33.5 million in 2017. Management continued its focus executing its strategic plan, expense and efficiency controls, and improvement in revenue cycle management.

Patient Volumes

Overall inpatient volume decreased from FY 2018 by 4.7% or 2,792 inpatient admissions while observation admissions increased by 8.9% or 2,076 cases. In all, total hospitalizations decreased by less than 0.9% or 716 admissions.

Medicare inpatient volume, as measured by admissions, decreased from FY 2018 by 4.9%, or 552 cases. Medicare observation cases decreased from FY 2018 by 10.8% or 306 cases. Total hospitalized Medicare patients (Admissions plus Observation cases) decreased by 6.0% or 858 cases. Correspondingly, Medicare Advantage inpatient volumes as measured by admissions decreased from FY 2018 by 4.9% or 491 cases. Medicare Advantage observation cases increased from FY 2018 by 15.9% or 970 cases. Total hospitalized Medicare Advantage patients (Admissions plus Observation cases) increased by 3.0% or 479 cases. There was a 0.9% decrease in the Medicare case mix index from year to year, measured by the Medicare Severity Diagnostic Related Groups (MS-DRGs).

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

June 30, 2019 and 2018

During the 2015 Florida Legislative session, measures were approved that have resulted in significant changes to the Medicaid program (Medicaid Reform). This five-year plan will result in all Medicaid beneficiaries being enrolled in a managed care Medicaid plan. Overall Medicaid, including Managed Medicaid admissions, decreased over the prior year by 1,471 cases, or 9.8%. The District continues its efforts of the Medicaid Eligibility Unit, the Medical Options for Patient Eligibility Department, and the Department of Children and Families (DCF), working to process applications in a more timely fashion and providing additional access for patients to apply for Medicaid or the new health exchange.

Managed care, including commercial payers, the District's largest payer category, decreased by 271 admissions, or 1.9%, in fiscal year 2019. Managed Care observation cases increased from FY 2018 by 11.4% or 664 cases. Total hospitalized Managed Care patients (Admissions plus Observation cases) increased by 1.8% or 393 cases.

Outpatient volumes decreased 0.01% in fiscal year 2019 over fiscal year 2018, or 8,800 visits. Total medical center visits decreased by 11,914, driven primarily by a reduction in outpatient diagnostic volume of 10,905 or 5.4%. Non-medical center outpatient visits increased by 3,114 or 0.01%. This was driven by a decrease in Physician office visits of 4,647 visits all other non-medical center outpatient visits increased by 7,761.

Operating Revenues

Net patient revenue has increased from \$954.2 million in fiscal year 2018 to \$956.8 million in fiscal year 2019.

Medicare net revenue decreased by \$17.4 million, or 8.5%. Managed Care Medicare net revenue decreased by \$0.8 million, or 0.4%. Medicaid net revenue (including Managed Care Medicaid net revenue) increased over the prior fiscal year by \$14.3 million, or 9.9%. Patient revenue was complemented by additional revenue received from the LIP and DSH programs totaling \$36.5 million, an increase from the prior fiscal year of \$5.7 million. Managed care net revenue has experienced an increase of \$6.1 million, or 1.4%, from fiscal year 2018, which includes the Commercial payers.

During fiscal year 2019, charity care decreased by \$1.1 million, or 55.5%, from the prior fiscal year. During fiscal year 2019, the District has continued its focus on qualifying the uninsured for state reimbursement through focused programs of timely Medicaid application processing and continued partnering with the DCF to expedite the decisions on patient qualification for Medicaid.

Operating Expenses

Operating expenses increased by \$79.6 million, or 7.3%, to \$1,163.2 million in fiscal year 2019 from \$1,083.6 million in fiscal year 2018. The increase is largely due to a \$68.9 million adjustment made in 2018 related to OPEB Liability, without this change, operating expenses increased \$10.7 million. The District emphasized on efficiency this year and implemented initiatives to control cost, a few examples being the implementation of a productivity tool for labor management, a reduction of premium pay initiative, renegotiation of the pharmacy benefits contract for the employees, renegotiation of house based physician subsidies, renegotiation of service agreements, and renegotiation of distribution contracts, including medical surgical supplies and pharmaceutical supplies.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

June 30, 2019 and 2018

Salaries decreased from \$516.7 million in fiscal year 2018 to \$510.1 million in fiscal year 2019, or a 1.3% decrease. Total premium pay including overtime pay and agency cost was reduced from FY 2018 by \$11.6 million. Benefits increased by \$76.5 million in 2019 largely due to the OPEB reduction in 2018 of \$68.9 million, after accounting for this 2018 reduction, benefits increased \$7.6 million. Productive hours per adjusted patient days stayed relatively flat at 24.8 in FY 2019 vs. 24.2 in FY 2018. Salaries and employee benefits as a percentage of net patient revenues were 65.0% and 57.8% for fiscal years 2019 and 2018, respectively, not including the OPEB adjustment in 2018, benefits as a percentage of net patient service revenues would have been 65.1% in FY 2018.

Supplies expense represents the next largest expense category for the District. During fiscal year 2019, supplies expense increased by \$0.7 million, or 0.3%, from \$234.4 million in fiscal year 2018 to \$235.1 million in fiscal year 2019. Decreases were realized in various supply categories, including general medical and surgical supplies, supplies general, office supplies, orthopedic implants, blood, and additional rebates. These decreases were offset by increases in the District's drug costs. Supplies expense as a percent to net operating revenue remained relatively flat at 22.7% in fiscal year 2019, and 22.6% in fiscal year 2018.

All other fees decreased by \$4.1 million compared to FY 2018. Physician fees increased by \$2.9 million compared to FY 2018 primarily driven by renegotiation of the hospital-based physician subsidies providing additional coverage, such as intensivists. Fees other were reduced by \$0.7 million primarily driven by a reduction in outside service and marketing costs. Purchased services inclusive of temporary labor decreased by \$2.7 million through continued efforts to reduce premium costs. Insurance costs decreased in FY 2019 by \$3.6 million largely due to reductions in Worker's Compensation related expenses.

Ad Valorem Tax Revenue

For fiscal years 2019 and 2018, ad valorem tax revenues totaled \$128.6 million and \$138.6 million, respectively. As described in Note 15 to the financial statements, the District annually levies and collects ad valorem taxes for the general support of its operations, as approved by the Board. The tax rates set by the Board for fiscal years 2019 and 2018 were 1.0855 mills and 1.2483 mills, respectively. In July 2018, taxable property values within the District's geopolitical boundaries increased from \$122.0 billion to \$130.4 billion, or 6.9%. In July 2019, the Broward County property appraiser released to the District the taxable property valuations for 2019/2020. These values increased to \$139.5 billion, an increase of 7.0%.

Interest Expense

Interest expense in fiscal year 2019 was \$17.4 million, as compared to \$18.1 million in fiscal year 2018, a decrease of \$0.7 million, or 4.0%.

Liquidity and Cash Position

Management continues to drive improvement of the District's financial position, with cash being the focal point.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

June 30, 2019 and 2018

With increases in market performance in the District's investment portfolio, additional debt issued in the 2017B bonds and the District's overall cash management performance, there was an increase in unrestricted cash and investments from \$714.1 million to \$763.6 million at June 30, 2018 and 2019, respectively. In contrast, days cash on hand decreased from 248.7 to 248.0, respectively; this reduction in days was primarily due to an increase in expenses in 2019 compared to 2018 expenses reduced by the OPEB adjustment of \$68.9 million. Accounting for the 2018 OPEB adjustment would have reduced the corresponding days cash on hand to 233.3, better reflecting a days increase in 2019 relative to a higher 2019 unrestricted cash position. Cash to debt has increased from 205.2% as of June 30, 2018 to 218.2% as of June 30, 2019. Average days' net revenue in accounts receivable has decreased from 53.4 days in fiscal year 2018 to 46.7 days in fiscal year 2019.

Credit Ratings

The District has received underlying credit ratings of Baa2 and BBB+ from Moody's Investors Service and Standard & Poor's, respectively. Both rating agencies affirmed the rating and revised the outlook from "Negative" to "Stable" in FY 2019.

Request for Information

This report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances. Questions or requests for additional information should be made in writing to the Chief Financial Officer at Broward Health, 1800 NW 49th Street, Suite 110, Fort Lauderdale, Florida, 33309.



Statements of Net Position
June 30, 2019 and 2018
(In thousands of dollars)

Assets		2019		2018
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Cash and investments externally restricted by donors Short-term investments Assets whose use is limited required for current liabilities – Investments Due from patients and others, net of allowance for uncollectibles of \$236,279 (\$248,968 in 2018) Inventories Estimated third-party payor settlements Other current assets	\$	22,709 16,634 512,727 7,437 142,401 35,233 21,220 47,463	\$	121,223 14,937 442,756 6,262 154,812 32,253 5,888 47,834
Total current assets	_	805,824	_	825,965
Assets whose use is limited – Cash and investments: Amounts designated for self-insurance Project fund from debt issuance	_	38,698 932 39,630		37,670 26,981 64,651
Less amount required to meet current obligations	_	(7,437)	_	(6,262)
Assets whose use is limited, net	_	32,193		58,389
Investments Capital assets, net Net pension asset Other assets	_	228,162 560,493 11,853 24,278		150,088 577,467 1,580 27,850
Total noncurrent assets		824,786	_	756,985
Total assets	\$	1,662,803	\$	1,641,339
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Loss on debt refundings Deferred pension amounts Deferred other postemployment benefits	\$	25,117 10,915 1,665	\$	27,859 16,721
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	37,697	\$	44,580
Liabilities				
Current liabilities: Current maturities of revenue bonds payable Accounts payable and accrued expenses Accrued salaries, benefits, and payroll taxes Accrued personal leave Current portion of lease obligations Estimated third-party payor settlements Current portion of self-insurance program liability	\$	5,025 115,353 29,390 29,940 1,749 38,126 7,437	\$	4,030 122,357 31,225 29,735 108 36,203 6,262
Total current liabilities		227,020		229,920
Revenue bonds, net of current maturities Lease obligations, net of current portion Self-insurance program liability, net of current portion Other postemployment benefit program liability	_	337,242 5,903 23,883 159,987		343,637 237 26,148 158,175
Total liabilities	\$	754,035	\$	758,117
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Deferred pension amounts Deferred other postemployment benefits	\$	23,192 6,347	\$	18,799 5,544
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	29,539	\$	24,343
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for donor restrictions Unrestricted	\$	236,624 26,968 653,334	\$	284,295 26,117 593,047
Total net position	\$	916,926	\$	903,459

Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018

(In thousands of dollars)

Operating revenues:	_	2019	2018
Net patient service revenue (net of provision for uncollectible accounts of \$463,461 in 2019 and \$414,824 in 2018) Other operating revenue	\$	956,786 \$ 77,584	954,152 81,404
Total operating revenues	_	1,034,370	1,035,556
Operating expenses: Salaries Employee benefits Professional fees Purchased services and temporary labor Outside services Supplies Insurance Utilities Repairs and maintenance State assessments Depreciation and amortization Other		510,111 111,685 55,651 12,534 31,766 235,087 6,441 18,604 20,288 13,261 56,829 90,937	516,727 35,163 52,779 15,252 32,496 234,424 10,017 18,539 20,869 12,293 53,537 81,497
Total operating expenses	-	1,163,194	1,083,593
Operating loss	-	(128,824)	(48,037)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Ad valorem tax revenue Investment income, net Interest expense Other	_	128,635 39,898 (17,362) (8,983)	138,582 52,960 (18,089) (5,313)
Total nonoperating revenues	_	142,188	168,140
Gain before capital contributions		13,364	120,103
Capital contributions		103	97
Increase in net position	-	13,467	120,200
Net position: Beginning of year, as adjusted in 2018 (note 2) End of year	<u>-</u>	903,459	783,259 903,459
End of year	Φ =	710,720 \$	703,439

Statements of Cash Flows

Years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018

(In thousands of dollars)

Cash flows from operating activities: Receipts from third-party payors and patients Payments to employees Payments to suppliers and contractors Other receipts and payments, net	2019 953,851 \$ (620,885) (400,713) (15,411)	2018 957,234 (622,297) (383,993) 1,335
Net cash used in operating activities	(83,158)	(47,721)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Medicaid county funding Ad valorem property taxes, net Net contributions receipts Other	(5,981) 128,410 2,809 157	(9,604) 138,780 2,916 110
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	125,395	132,202
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Acquisition and construction of capital assets Proceeds from disposal of capital assets Proceeds from issuance of bond payable Payments of interest on revenue bonds, swaps, and lease facilities Principal paid on revenue bonds and lease facilities Capital contributions	(33,035) 17 - (15,991) (5,773) 103	(71,217) 45 436,779 (49,726) (310,998) 97
Net cash (used in) provided by capital and related financing activities	(54,679)	4,980
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest and dividends on investments and assets whose use is limited Purchases of investments Proceeds from the sale and maturity of investments	11,316 (535,021) 414,453	7,443 (321,221) 288,402
Net cash used in investing activities	(109,252)	(25,376)
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(121,694)	64,085
Cash and cash equivalents: Beginning of year	168,977	104,892
End of year \$	47,283 \$	168,977

Statement of Cash Flows (Continued)
Years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018
(In thousands of dollars)

Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents to statement of net position:		2019	2018
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	22,709 \$	121,223
Cash and cash equivalents included in cash and investments externally			
restricted by donors		16,634	14,235
Cash and cash equivalents included in assets whose use is limited -			
Cash and investments			
Amounts designated for self-insurance		7,008	6,538
Amounts designated for Project fund from debt issuance		932	26,981
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	47,283 \$	168,977
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used in operating			
activities:			
Operating loss	\$	(128,824) \$	(48,037)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash		(/ - /	(-, ,
used in operating activities:			
Depreciation and amortization		56,829	53,537
Provision for uncollectible accounts		463,461	414,824
Other		(1,024)	(2,910)
Changes in assets and liabilities:		, , ,	, , ,
Due from patients and others		(452,989)	(410,525)
Inventories		(2,980)	(979)
Other assets		753	(3,524)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		(4,798)	20,586
Accrued salaries, benefits, and payroll taxes		(1,835)	5,067
Accrued personal leave		205	(7,227)
Estimated third-party payor settlements		(13,406)	(1,217)
Self-insurance program liability		(1,090)	931
Net pension asset/liability and related deferred outflows and inflows		(74)	(1,256)
Other postemployment benefit program liability and related deferred			
outflows and inflows		2,614	(66,991)
Net cash used in operating activities	\$	(83,158) \$	(47,721)
Supplemental noncash investing, capital, and financing activities:			_
Property and equipment acquired through accounts payable	\$	(2,993) \$	(229)
Property and equipment acquired through capital lease obligations	Ψ	(9,050)	(>)
Property and equipment acquired through donation		(1,174)	(675)
Change in remarketing accruals		-	(80)
Change in fair value of investments		(10,636)	21.785
Change in fair value of interest rate swaps		-	(32,578)
O			(==,= : 0)

Statements of Fiduciary Net Position – Pension Trust Fund
June 30, 2019 and 2018
(In thousands of dollars)

Assets	 2019		2018
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,557	\$	4,360
Accrued interest receivable	894		818
Investments:	50.044		55 000
Fixed income	60,341		55,098
Stocks	107,109		217,438
Real estate	43,549		34,143
Mutual funds	120,548		24,722
Alternative investments	37,055		29,758
Other	194		_
Total investments	368,796		361,159
Total assets	\$ 375,247	\$	366,337
Liabilities and net position restricted for pensions			
Paybles:			
Accrued expenses	\$ 548	\$	818
Total liabilities	 548	_	818
Total net position	\$ 374,699	\$	365,519

Statements of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Pension Trust Fund

Years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018

(In thousands of dollars)

Additions:	 2019	2018
Contributions:		
Employer contributions	\$ 16,000 \$	16,010
Investment income:		
Interest and dividends	6,144	5,546
Net increase in fair value of investments	19,458	33,967
Net investment income	25,602	39,513
Total additions	 41,602	55,523
Deductions:		
Benefit payments	30,555	31,731
Administrative expenses	 1,867	2,131
Total deductions	32,422	33,862
Net increase in net position	9,180	21,661
Net position restricted for pension:		
Beginning of year	 365,519	343,858
End of year	\$ 374,699 \$	365,519

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2019 and 2018

(1) Organization and Description of Business

Reporting Entity

North Broward Hospital District (the District) d/b/a Broward Health, is a special independent taxing district created pursuant to Chapter 27438, Laws of Florida, Special Acts of 1951, as amended (the Act), for the purpose of establishing and operating the necessary health facilities for the preservation of the public health and well-being of the citizens of the District. Governance and management of the District are independent of metropolitan county and city governments. The governing body of the District is the Board of Commissioners (the Board), composed of seven members appointed by the Governor of Florida.

For financial reporting purposes, the accompanying financial statements include all of the operations of the District and its hospital system as a governmental unit. The District is considered a separate reporting entity since the Board exercises complete control. Such control was determined on the basis of the Board's ability to significantly influence operations; select the senior executive management; participate in the fiscal management of the entity; exercise budgetary and taxing authority; as well as determine the scope of services to be provided to the community, as defined by the Act.

These financial statements include the activity of the District and its integrated healthcare services system, which includes the operations of the Hospital Division, Community Health Services Division, Physician Services Division, and Insurance Management Division. All significant intercompany transactions have been eliminated.

The Pension Trust Fund is a fiduciary fund used to account for the assets held in trust for the benefit of employees of the District who participate in the Plan (Note 9).

Hospital Division

The Hospital Division includes the operations of Broward Health Medical Center (BHMC), a 716-bed acute care facility; Broward Health North (BHN), a 409-bed acute care facility; Broward Health Imperial Point (BHIP), a 204-bed acute care facility; and Broward Health Coral Springs (BHCS), a 200-bed acute care facility. Included within hospital operations are a rehabilitation distinct part unit at BHN, a psychiatric distinct part unit at BHMC and BHIP, a hospital-based home health agency at BHN, trauma services at BHMC and BHN, and an approved residency training program with multiple specialties at BHMC.

Broward Health Weston is an outpatient facility with multiple specialties, which provides urgent care, radiology, and women's center services.

Community Health Services Division

The Community Health Services Division, through contractual arrangements with Broward County, operates the Cora E. Braynon Family Health Center (formerly, the 7th Avenue Family Care Clinic) and the Annie L. Weaver Health Center (formerly, the Pompano Primary Care Clinic). The Annie L. Weaver Health Center offers adult primary care services to the community, and the Cora E. Braynon Family Health Center provides urgent care and prenatal care services. The District also provides physician services to the qualifying elderly and homeless populations through the Medivan program.

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2019 and 2018

The District also owns and operates other Community Health Services facilities for the benefit of the community. The District is the sole member of the Children's Diagnostic and Treatment Center (CDTC), which provides an array of pediatric professional services to patients suffering from developmental, substance abuse, HIV/AIDS-related, and other medical conditions. The primary sources of funding for CDTC are a variety of federal, state, and local grants. CDTC is considered a component unit of the District because the Board appoints the voting majority of the board of directors of CDTC and the District has the ability to impose its will on CDTC. CDTC is reported as a blended component unit of the District as it provides services that benefit the District, even though they are not provided directly to the District.

The District, through ownership and partnerships, operates several group practices, which provide family and internal medicine services and the Comprehensive Care Center, which offers primary care services to adult patients afflicted by HIV or AIDS.

Physician Services Division

The Physician Services Division is responsible for employing physicians to meet the needs of the community and provide services to patients. The services provided include primary care and a broad range of specialist care, including, but not limited to, cardiology, pediatrics, transplant, oncology, orthopedic, and surgical.

Insurance Management Division

The District's Insurance Management Division is operated through Total Claims Administration, Inc. (TCA), which provides claims administration and other third-party administrative services to the District's employee health insurance plan. TCA also provides the District with a vehicle to participate in the insurance management business primarily through the creation of Best Choice Plus. Beginning in June 1994, the District, d/b/a Best Choice Plus, entered into contractual relationships with physician and ancillary providers for the purpose of integrating the healthcare services of all providers along the care continuum. TCA is considered a component unit of the District because the Board appoints the voting majority of the board of directors of TCA and the District has the ability to impose its will on TCA. TCA is presented as a blended component unit of the District because it provides services exclusively to the District.

Other

The District established a separate not-for-profit corporation, North Broward Hospital District Charitable Foundation, Inc. (Broward Health Foundation). Broward Health Foundation's mission is to improve the health of its community by providing resources to promote, support, and enhance the programs and initiatives of the District. Contributions raised by the Broward Health Foundation assist the District in its continuous effort to provide world-class healthcare to its diverse population. Broward Health Foundation is considered a component unit of the District because the Board appoints the voting majority of the board of directors of Broward Health Foundation and the District has the ability to impose its will on Broward Health Foundation. Broward Health Foundation is reported as a blended component unit of the District because it provides services exclusive to the District.

The District established a separate not-for-profit corporation, Broward Health ACO Service, Inc. (BH ACO), for participation in the Medicare Shared Savings Program as an accountable care organization. The purpose of the BH ACO is to provide healthcare services through independent contractors and others

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019 and 2018

to patients who include, but are not limited to, Medicare beneficiaries under contracts with third-party payors who include, but are not limited to, the Center for Medicare and Medicaid Services. BH ACO is considered a component unit of the District because the Board appoints the voting majority of the board of directors of BH ACO and the District has the ability to impose its will on BH ACO. BH ACO is reported as a blended component unit of the District as the governing body of BH ACO is substantially the same as the District and the District has operational responsibility for BH ACO.

Joint Venture

The District is an equal partner of the Community Care Plan (CCP), a managed care network governed by an agreement between two governmental entities: the District and the South Broward Hospital District. CCP administers various programs, including the Title XXI – Children Medical Services Network, Title XIX – Children Medical Services Medicaid Network, and the "PSN" operating under Florida's Medicaid Reform program. The PSN is a network of hospitals, physicians, and other ancillary care providers developed to provide integrated, managed care services to a population of Medicaid covered enrollees in Broward County. Activity from CCP is accounted for as an investment and is included in other assets.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies followed by the District in the presentation of the basic financial statements:

(a) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated.

(b) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include investments in highly liquid debt instruments with an original maturity at the date of purchase of three months or less, excluding amounts whose use is limited by Board designation or other arrangements under trust or donation agreements.

(c) Investments

Investments typically consist of common stocks, preferred stocks, depository receipts (American Depository Receipts and Global Depository Receipts), mutual funds, corporate bonds, U.S. government securities, and U.S. government agency securities, time deposits with Board-approved financial institutions, commercial paper, money market funds, asset-backed securities, variable-rate demand obligations, hedge funds, pooled real estate vehicles, and private equity funds, as authorized by state statute.

Investments are reported at fair value except for investments in debt securities with maturities less than one year at the time of purchase, which are reported at amortized cost. The District classifies investments in debt and equity securities in the accompanying statements of net position based on maturities (for debt securities) and based on management's reasonable expectation with regard to these securities. Securities that are not available to be used for current operations are classified as noncurrent. Interest, dividends, and gains and losses on such debt and equity investments, both realized and unrealized, are included in nonoperating revenues when earned.

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2019 and 2018

As of June 30, 2019, these equity investments in private equity, real estate investments, and hedge funds make up approximately 4%, 5.7%, and 2.8%, respectively, of total cash and cash equivalents and investments in the accompanying statement of net position. As of June 30, 2018, these equity investments in private equity, real estate investments, and hedge funds make up approximately 3.8%, 5.8%, and 2%, respectively, of total cash and cash equivalents and investments in the accompanying statement of net position. Because private equity, real estate investments, and hedge funds are not readily marketable, their estimated value is subject to uncertainty and, therefore, may differ from the value that would have been used had a ready market for such investments existed. Such difference could be material. Unrealized gains or losses on investments resulting from fair value fluctuations are recorded in the statements of revenue, expenses, and changes in net position as investment income, net, in the period such fluctuations occur.

(d) Assets whose Use is Limited – Cash and Investments

These assets are reported at fair value and include cash, cash equivalents, and investments whose use is limited by time or action, including assets set aside by the Board for future payment of self-insurance liabilities and assets held by trustees under bond agreements.

(e) Net Patient Accounts Receivable

The District reports net patient accounts receivable at its estimated net realizable value due from patients, third-party payors, and others for services rendered. The provision for uncollectible accounts is based upon management's assessment of historical and expected collections, considering business and economic conditions, trends in healthcare coverage, and other collection indicators. Management regularly assesses the adequacy of the allowance for uncollectible accounts based upon these indicators. The results are used to establish an adequate allowance. Specific patient accounts identified as uncollectible are written off directly to the patient accounts receivable.

(f) Inventories

Inventories, consisting primarily of pharmaceutical, medical, and surgical supplies, are stated at the lower of cost (computed on a first-in, first-out basis) or fair value.

(g) Other Current Assets

Other current assets consist primarily of property tax receivables, prepaid expenses, and deposits in the ordinary course of business.

(h) Capital Assets

Capital assets are stated at cost or, if donated, at fair value on the date of donation, less the allowance for depreciation. Depreciation is computed on the straight-line method using estimated useful lives as summarized below:

	Estimated Useful Lives
Land improvements	5–25 years
Buildings and building improvements	5–40 years
Equipment	5–20 years
Equipment held under capital lease	3–15 years

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019 and 2018

Amortization expense on equipment held under capital leases is included within depreciation and amortization in the statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position.

Expenditures that materially increase values, change capacities, or extend useful lives are capitalized. Expenditures for repairs and maintenance are charged to operating expenses when incurred.

(i) Impairment

Capital assets are reviewed for impairment in accordance with the methodology prescribed in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 42, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Impairment of Capital Assets and for Insurance Recoveries. Asset impairment, as defined by this standard, is a significant, unexpected decline in the service utility of a capital asset and is not a function of the recoverability of the carrying amount of the asset. Service utility is the usable capacity of the asset that was expected to be used at the time of acquisition and is not related to the level of actual utilization, but the capacity for utilization. Indicators that the service utility of an asset has significantly declined include: (a) evidence of physical damage; (b) changes in legal or environmental circumstances; (c) technological development or evidence of obsolescence; (d) a change in the manner or expected duration of use of the asset; and (e) construction stoppage. The District has determined that no capital asset impairment exists at June 30, 2019 and 2018.

(j) Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period. Deferred outflows of resources have a positive effect on net position, similar to assets, and deferred inflows of resources have a negative effect on net position, similar to liabilities. Notwithstanding these similarities, deferred outflows of resources are not assets and deferred inflows of resources are not liabilities and, accordingly, are not included in those sections of the accompanying statements of net position, but rather, are separately reported.

(k) Accrued Personal Leave

The District provides accrued time off to eligible employees and those anticipated to be eligible for vacations, holidays, short-term illness, and personal business depending on their years of continuous service and their payroll classification. No more than two years' annual accumulation of personal leave time is permitted for each eligible employee. The District accrues the estimated expense related to personal leave based on pay rates currently in effect. Upon termination of employment, employees will have their eligible accrued personal leave paid in full.

(l) Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the District's defined-benefit pension plan, and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

For purposes of measuring the OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and OPEB expense, amounts have been determined on the same basis

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019 and 2018

as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

(m) Net Position

Net position is categorized as "net investment in capital assets," "restricted for donor restrictions," and "unrestricted." Net investment in capital assets is intended to reflect the portion of net position that is associated with capital assets, reduced by the outstanding balances due on borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets, as well as the deferred outflow of resources related to loss on refunding. Restricted net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, if any, related to those assets. The restrictions placed in the use of these assets are through external constraints imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation. Unrestricted net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted component of net position.

The District first applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net positions are available.

(n) Classifications of Revenues and Expenses

The District's statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position distinguish between operating and nonoperating revenues and expenses. Operating revenues result from exchange transactions associated with providing healthcare services, the District's principal activity. Nonexchange revenues, including property taxes, certain grants, and donations, are reported as nonoperating revenues. Grants and donations received for the purpose of acquiring or constructing capital assets are recorded below nonoperating revenues as capital contributions. Operating expenses are all expenses incurred to provide healthcare services, excluding financing costs.

(o) Net Patient Service Revenue

Net patient service revenue is reported at the estimated net realizable amounts from patients, third-party payors, and others for services rendered. The District presents its provision for uncollectible accounts as a direct reduction to net patient service revenue.

The District has agreements with numerous third-party payors that provide for reimbursement at amounts different from its established rates. Contractual adjustments under third-party reimbursement programs represent the difference between the established rates for services and amounts reimbursed by third-party payors. Such amounts are accrued on an estimated basis in the period the related services are rendered and adjusted in future periods as final settlements are determined. A summary of the basis of reimbursement with major third-party payors is as follows:

Medicare

The District's healthcare facilities participate in the Federal Medicare program (Medicare) administered by CMS. Approximately 20.4% of the District's net patient service revenue was derived from services to Medicare beneficiaries in fiscal year 2019 (21.6% in fiscal year 2018). Inpatient acute care services rendered to Medicare beneficiaries are reimbursed at prospectively

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019 and 2018

determined rates per discharge. These rates vary according to a patient classification system that is based on clinical, diagnostic, and other factors.

Inpatient Acute, Inpatient Exempt, Outpatient, and Defined Capital Costs related to services provided to Medicare beneficiaries are reimbursed based upon a variety of prospective reimbursement methodology systems. The health care facilities' classification of patients under the Medicare program and the appropriateness of their admission and services are subject to an independent review based on detailed and specific criteria. As of June 30, 2019, the Medicare cost reports were final audited, pending final settlement, by the health care facilities' Medicare fiscal intermediary through June 30, 2016 for all facilities. In fiscal year 2019, the District recorded increases to net patient service revenue related to prior year Medicare settlements of \$2.3 million (\$0.6 million in fiscal year 2018).

Medicaid

Approximately 7.6% of the District's net patient service revenue was derived under the Medicaid program for fiscal year 2019 (5.9% in 2018). Inpatient and outpatient services rendered to Medicaid program beneficiaries are paid based upon prospectively determined rates. Inpatient per discharge services are paid using APR-DRG's effective July 1, 2013, while outpatient utilizes Enhanced Ambulatory Patient Groupings (EAPG's) effective July 1, 2017. These rates vary according to patient classification systems that are based on clinical, diagnostic, and other factors. Prior to these prospective type systems, health care facilities were reimbursed for Medicaid services based on a tentative rate sheet calculation, with final settlement determined after submission of annual cost reports by the health care facilities and audits by the Medicaid fiscal intermediary. The Medicaid cost reports have been audited by the Medicaid fiscal intermediary through June 30, 2015, for BHMC, BHN, BHIP, and BHCS but application of many of these audited periods are pending processing by AHCA.

In addition to the prospectively determined rates received by the District for the provision of health care services to Medicaid beneficiaries, the State of Florida provided additional supplemental payments of \$36.5 million to Broward Health for Disproportionate Share, Low Income Pool, and Graduate Medical Education initiatives during fiscal year 2019 (\$33.4 million in 2018). These payment adjustments are to help cover the additional costs associated with treating the Medicaid population in the District's service area and these amounts are reflected in net patient service revenues in the accompanying statements of revenue, expenses, and changes in net position.

Other Third-Party Payors

The District has also entered into reimbursement agreements with certain commercial insurance carriers, health maintenance organizations, and preferred provider organizations. The basis for reimbursement under these agreements includes prospectively determined rates per discharge, discounts from established charges, prospectively determined per diem rates, and capitation.

(p) Charity Care

The District provides care to patients who meet certain criteria under its charity care policy without charge or at amounts less than its established rates. Because the District does not pursue collection of amounts determined to qualify as charity care, they are not reported as revenue (Note 13).

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2019 and 2018

(q) Ad Valorem Tax Revenue

Property taxes are levied by Broward County on the District's behalf annually. Amounts levied are based on assessed property values as of the preceding year. The District collects the ad valorem taxes for the general support of its operations, as approved by the Board. Property taxes are recognized under the accrual method of accounting, wherein the tax levy is recognized as unearned revenue at the date of assessment, less a reserve for estimated discounts (Note 15), and amortized into income over the respective year.

(r) Restricted Donations

Donations received by the District for specific operating purposes or property and equipment acquisitions are reported as nonoperating revenue or capital contributions, as appropriate, in the period received, and all eligibility requirements have been met. Balances are reported as restricted for as long as the donor's restrictions remain in effect.

(s) Grant Funding

The District receives grants from federal and state funding agencies. Grant revenue received before the eligibility requirements are met is reported as unearned revenue or deferred inflows of resources, as appropriate, and is recognized as revenue in the period that the eligibility requirements have been met. Grant revenue and other contributions received for the purpose of acquiring or constructing capital assets are reported as capital contributions, below nonoperating activities.

(t) Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss from torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; business interruption; errors and omissions; employee injuries and illnesses; natural disasters; medical malpractice; and employee health, dental, and accident benefits. Commercial insurance coverage is purchased for claims arising from such matters in excess of self-insured limits. Settled claims have not required the use of this commercial coverage in the last three years.

(u) Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. The District considers critical accounting policies to be those that require more significant judgments and estimates in the preparation of its financial statements, including the following: recognition of net patient revenue; valuation of accounts receivable, including contractual allowances and provisions for bad debt; reserves for losses and expenses related to healthcare, professional, workers' compensation, and general liabilities; valuation of pension and other retirement obligations; valuation of alternative investments; and estimated third-party payor settlements. Management relies on historical experience and on other assumptions believed to be reasonable under the circumstances in making its judgments and estimates. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(v) Income Taxes

The District is not subject to income tax.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019 and 2018

(w) Subsequent Events

The District has evaluated the impact of subsequent events through October 31, 2019, the date on which the financial statements were issued.

(x) New Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement No.75, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions, which replaced the requirements of GASB Statement No. 45. GASB Statement No. 75 requires governmental agencies to report a liability on the financial statement of other postemployment benefits (OPEB). GASB Statement No. 75 provides additional requirements for note disclosures and required supplementary information. Among the new required supplementary information is a schedule comparing a government's actual OPEB contributions to its contribution requirements. GASB Statement No. 75 is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017. The District adopted this statement for fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, which resulted in a prior period adjustment of -\$130.8 million that increased the OPEB liability and decreased net position.

The effect of adopting GASB 75 as of July 1, 2017, was as follows (in thousands of dollars):

Net Position at June 30, 2017, as previously reported	\$ 914,060
Increase in OPEB liability	(130,801)
Net Position at June 30, 2017, as adjusted	\$ 783,259

In March 2016, the GASB issued Statement No. 81, *Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements*, which establishes improved accounting and financial reporting for irrevocable split-interest agreements by providing recognition and measurement guidance for situations in which a government is a beneficiary of the agreement. Split-interest agreements are a type of giving agreement used by donors to provide resources to two or more beneficiaries, including governments. Split-interest agreements can be created through trusts or other legally enforceable agreements with characteristics that are equivalent to split-interest agreements in which the donor transfers resources to an intermediary to hold and administer for the benefits of a government and at least one other beneficiary. This statement requires that a government that receives resources pursuant to an irrevocable split-interest agreement recognize assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources at the inception of the agreement. The requirements of this statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2016, and should be applied retroactively. The adoption of this statement for fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, had no financial impact on the District's financial statements.

In November 2016, the GASB issued Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations, which addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations (AROs). An ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset. Specifically, this statement requires that a governmental entity that has legal obligations to perform future asset retirement activities related to its tangible capital assets to recognize a liability based on the guidance in this statement. GASB No. 83 establishes criteria for determining the timing and

Notes to the Financial Statements
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pattern of recognition of a liability and a corresponding deferred outflow of resources for AROs. The determination of when the liability is incurred should be based on the occurrence of external laws, regulations, contracts, or court judgments, together with the occurrence of an internal event that obligates a government to perform asset retirement activities. This statement requires the measurement of an ARO to be based on the best estimate of the current value of outlays expected to be incurred. GASB Statement No. 83 is effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2018. The adoption of this statement for fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, had no financial impact on the District's financial statements.

In January 2017, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. This statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. The focus of the criteria generally is on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. Separate criteria are included to identify fiduciary component units and postemployment benefit arrangements that are fiduciary activities. An activity meeting the criteria should be reported in a fiduciary fund in the basic financial statements. Governments with activities meeting the criteria should present a statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018. Earlier application is encouraged. The District elected to adopt this statement early for fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 resulting in the presentation of the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Pension Trust Fund and Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Pension Trust Fund in the accompanying financial statements. The adoption had no impact to net position.

In March 2017, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 85, *Omnibus*. This statement addresses a variety of topics including issues related to blending component units, goodwill, fair value measurement and application, and postemployment benefits (pensions and other postemployment benefits). The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2017. Earlier application is encouraged. The adoption of this statement for fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, had no financial impact on the District's financial statements.

In May 2017, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 86, Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues. This statement establishes essentially the same requirements for when a government places cash and other monetary assets acquired with only existing resources in an irrevocable trust to extinguish debt as those requirements for when new debt is issued to provide for the refunding. However, in financial statements using the economic resources measurement focus, governments should recognize any difference between the reacquisition price (the amount required to be placed in the trust) and the net carrying amount of the debt defeased in substance using only existing resources as a separately identified gain or loss in the period of the defeasance. This statement also specifies the treatment of any remaining bond insurance costs on any extinguished debt. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2017. Earlier application is encouraged. The adoption of this statement for fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, had no financial impact on the District's financial statements.

In June 2017, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. This statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2019 and 2018

the right to use an underlying asset. Under this statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. The requirements for this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. Earlier application is encouraged. The District has not elected to implement this statement early; however, management is still evaluating the impact of this statement in the year of adoption.

In March 2018, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowing and Direct Placements. This statement defines debt for purposes of disclosure in notes to financial statements and establishes additional financial statement note disclosure requirements related to debt obligations of governments, including direct borrowings and direct placements. Direct borrowings and direct placements have terms negotiated directly with the investor or lender and are not offered for public sale. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2018. Earlier application is encouraged. The adoption of this statement for fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, had no financial impact on the District's financial statements.

In June 2018, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period. This statement establishes accounting requirements for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. Earlier application is encouraged. The District elected to adopt this statement early for fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, which resulted in \$4.6 million of interest to be expensed and not capitalized in fiscal year 2018.

In August 2018, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 90, *Majority Equity Interests*. This statement modifies previous guidance for reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and also provides guidance for reporting a component unit if a government acquires a 100 percent equity interest in that component unit. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018. Earlier application is encouraged. The District has not elected to implement this statement early; however, management is still evaluating the impact, if any, of this statement in the year of adoption.

In May 2019, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*. The primary objectives of this Statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. This Statement achieves those objectives by clarifying the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosures. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020. Earlier application is encouraged. The District has not elected to implement this statement early; however, management is still evaluating the impact, if any, of this statement in the year of adoption.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019 and 2018

(3) Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

The composition and credit ratings of the District's cash and cash equivalents, investments, and assets whose use is limited as of June 30, 2019, is as follows:

			Investment Maturities						
	_	Fair value	Less than 1 year	1–5 years	6–10 years	More than 10 years			
U.S. government securities U.S. government agency	\$	102,894	18,366	67,174	6,500	10,854			
securities		4,007	_	4,007	_	_			
Corporate bonds		162,240	25,486	109,236	14,758	12,760			
Mortgage-backed securities		47,877		3,861	6,362	37,654			
		317,018	43,852	184,278	27,620	61,268			
Common stock		91,674							
Mutual funds		255,015							
Private equity		32,517							
Hedge funds		22,913							
Real estate		46,972							
Infrastructure		9,914							
Other investments		167							
Money markets		18,500							
Bank deposits		25,172							
	\$	819,862							

			Ratings							
	_	Fair value	AAA	AA	<u>A</u>	BBB	<bbb< th=""><th>Not rated</th></bbb<>	Not rated		
U.S. government										
securities	\$	102,894	102,894	_	_	_	_	_		
U.S. government agency securities		4,007	4,007	_	_	_	_	_		
Corporate bonds		162,240	5,961	23,802	81,323	42,576	1,384	7,194		
Mortgage-backed										
securities	_	47,877	11,463				125	36,289		
	\$ _	317,018	124,325	23,802	81,323	42,576	1,509	43,483		

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019 and 2018

The composition and credit ratings of the District's cash and cash equivalents, investments, and assets whose use is limited as of June 30, 2018, is as follows:

			Investment Maturities						
_	Fair value		Less than 1 year	1–5 years	6-10 years	More than 10 years			
\$	72,095	\$	32,146	22,092	10,333	7,524			
	13,527		11,687	1,328	_	512			
	97,015		15,368	66,001	7,945	7,701			
	30,045		_	2,314	3,800	23,931			
_	348		348						
	213,030	\$	59,549	91,735	22,078	39,668			
	285,514								
	36,922								
	29,145								
	15,621								
	44,276								
	167								
	92,345								
	76,635	_							
\$	793,655	=							
	_	\$ 72,095 13,527 97,015 30,045 348 213,030 285,514 36,922 29,145 15,621 44,276 167 92,345 76,635	\$ 72,095 \$ 13,527 97,015 30,045 348 213,030 \$ 285,514 36,922 29,145 15,621 44,276 167 92,345 76,635	value 1 year \$ 72,095 \$ 32,146 13,527 11,687 97,015 15,368 30,045 — 348 348 213,030 \$ 59,549 285,514 36,922 29,145 15,621 44,276 167 92,345 76,635	Fair value Less than 1 year 1–5 years \$ 72,095 \$ 32,146 22,092 13,527 11,687 1,328 97,015 15,368 66,001 30,045 — 2,314 348 348 — 213,030 \$ 59,549 91,735 285,514 36,922 29,145 15,621 44,276 167 92,345 76,635	Fair value Less than 1 year 1–5 years 6–10 years \$ 72,095 \$ 32,146 22,092 10,333 13,527 11,687 1,328 — 97,015 15,368 66,001 7,945 30,045 — 2,314 3,800 348 348 — — 213,030 \$ 59,549 91,735 22,078 285,514 36,922 29,145 15,621 44,276 167 92,345 76,635			

			Ratings							
	_	Fair value	AAA	AA	A	BBB	<bbb< th=""><th>Not rated</th></bbb<>	Not rated		
U.S. government										
securities	\$	72,095	72,095	_	_	_	_	_		
U.S. government agency										
securities		13,527	13,015	512	_	_	_	_		
Corporate bonds		97,015	4,993	18,090	39,669	27,557	1,186	5,520		
Mortgage-backed										
securities		30,045	7,044	_	_	_	343	22,658		
International government										
securities	_	348		348						
	\$	213,030	97,147	18,950	39,669	27,557	1,529	28,178		

Investment Risk Factors

There are many factors that can affect the value of investments. Some, such as concentration of credit risk, custodial credit risk, interest rate risk, and foreign currency risk, may affect both equity and fixed-income securities. Equity securities respond to such factors as economic conditions, individual company earnings performance, and market liquidity, while fixed-income securities are sensitive to credit risk and changes in interest rates.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019 and 2018

a) Credit Risk

Florida Statutes section 218.415 provides for each unit of local government or political subdivision to adopt investment policies that are commensurate with the nature and size of public funds within their custody. These policies must include consideration for safety of capital liquidity of funds within their custody, diversification of investments, investment income, maturity requirements, and performance measurement. The District has a Board-approved policy for the investment of funds. In accordance with this policy, the District invests in marketable fixed-income securities rated in the first four credit quality grades as established by one or more of the nationally recognized bond rating services. Securities downgraded by any of these rating agencies subsequent to purchase resulting in a violation of the investment quality guidelines may be at the discretion of the professional investment managers retained by the District. However, written notice including the investment manager's rationale shall be promptly submitted to the District's Investment Committee.

b) Concentration of Credit Risk

Investments in any one issuer that represent 5% or more of the District's investment portfolio are required to be disclosed. Investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments are excluded from this requirement. As of June 30, 2019, the District did not have any investments that equaled or exceeded this threshold. The investment policy includes an overall asset deployment policy which sets allowable ranges per asset class. During fiscal year 2018 the Board approved a new asset allocation plan. The asset allocation continues to be monitored and managed. The approved asset allocation includes an overall asset deployment target which sets allowable ranges per asset class. Liquid asset allocation may include up to: Large Cap Equity (9% – 19%), Small/Mid Cap Equities (0% – 11%), International Equities (7% – 17%), Emerging Market Equities (0% – 8%), Core Fixed Income (15% – 25%), Unconstrained Fixed Income including High Yielding (0% – 10%), Real Estate (7% – 17%), Hedge Funds (0%–5%), Private Equity (5% – 10%), Multi Asset Class Solution (MACS) (2% – 12%), and Infrastructure (0% – 10%).

c) Interest Rate Risk

The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. Refer to the distribution of the District's investment in fixed-income securities by maturity as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, in the preceding investment composition table.

d) Foreign Currency Risk

The District's investment policy allows for the investment in international equity securities. The District's exposure to foreign currency risk is partially mitigated through investments in depository receipts and forward foreign currency contracts.

e) Custodial Credit Risk

Investments

As of June 30, 2019 and 2018, the District's investments were not exposed to custodial credit risk since the full amount of investments were insured or registered in the District's name.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019 and 2018

Deposit Risk

In addition to insurance provided by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation, all demand deposits are held in banking institutions approved by the State of Florida state treasurer to hold public funds. Under the Florida Statutes Chapter 280, *Florida Security for Public Deposits Act* (Chapter 280), the state treasurer requires all qualified public depositories to deposit with the treasurer or another banking institution eligible collateral equal to amounts ranging from 50% to 125% of the average daily balance for each month of all public deposits in excess of any applicable deposit insurance held. The percentage of eligible collateral (generally, U.S. government and agency securities, state or local government debt, or corporate bonds) to public deposits is dependent upon the depository's financial history and its compliance with Chapter 280. In the event of a failure of a qualified public depository, the remaining public depositories would be responsible for covering any resulting losses in excess of amounts insured and collateralized. At June 30, 2019 and 2018, the District's deposits were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral pledged with the State Treasurer pursuant to Chapter 280, *Florida Statutes*.

(4) Fair Value Measurements

The North Broward Hospital District values its investments in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. The pronouncement defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Fair value is a market-based measurement, not an entity-specific measurement.

The fair value hierarchy categorizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three levels:

Level 1 – Quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in an active market with daily pricing that a government can access at the measurement date. At June 30, 2019 and 2018, the type of investments included in Level 1 consists of money market accounts, bank deposits, and debt and equity securities.

Level 2 – Pricing inputs are observable for the investments, either directly or indirectly, as of the reporting date but are not the same as those used in Level 1. Inputs within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy include inputs that are directly observable for an asset or liability (including quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities), as well as inputs that are not directly observable for the asset and liability. Fair value is determined through the use of models or other valuation methodologies.

Level 3 – Inputs are unobservable for an asset or liability. Valuation is generated from model-based techniques that use significant assumptions not observable in the market. These unobservable assumptions reflect estimates of assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. Valuation techniques include the use of discounted cash flow models or similar techniques. At June 30, 2019 and 2018, Level 3 securities include private equity funds in limited partnerships and investments in real estate and infrastruture.

The District's fair value measurements are determined as follows:

Money Market Funds, Equity Securities, and Mutual Funds: These types of investments are managed primarily through investments held by independent investment advisors with discretionary investment

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019 and 2018

authority. The securities consist primarily of common stocks and equity mutual funds. These investments are valued at the closing price reported in the active market in which the individual securities are traded.

U.S. Government Securities, U.S. Government Agency Securities, Corporate Bonds, Mortgage-Backed Securities, and International Government Securities: These types of investments are managed by independent investment advisors with discretionary investment authority. These securities include U.S. and non-U.S. debt instruments. These investments are valued at the closing price reported in the active market in which the individual securities are traded.

Private Equity Funds: This type of investment includes investment in private equity limited partnerships that invest in a diversified portfolio of private companies. The District participates in these partnerships as a limited partner. These investments can never be redeemed with the funds. Instead, the nature of the investments in this type is that distributions are received through the liquidation of the underlying assets of the fund. If these investments were held, it is expected that the majority of the underlying assets of the funds would be liquidated over five to eight years. However, as of June 30, 2019, it is probable that all of the investments in this type will be sold at an amount different from the net asset value (NAV) per share (or its equivalent) of the Plan's ownership interest in the partners' capital. Therefore, the fair values of the investment in this type have been determined by the general partners using the recent observable transaction information for similar investments, valuation multiples of revenues and/or EBITDA, and nonbinding bids received from potential buyers of investments.

Real Estate: The investments consist of a diversified portfolio of institutional quality industrial, apartment, retail and office real estate assets, using a core investment strategy within the United States. The values of real estate properties have been prepared giving consideration to the income, cost and sales comparison approaches of estimating property values. The income approach estimates an income stream for a property (typically 10 years) and discounts this income plus a reversion (presumed sale) into the present value at a risk adjusted rate. Yield rates and growth assumptions utilized in this approach are derived from market transactions as well as other financial and industry data. The cost approach estimates the replacement cost of the building less physical depreciation plus the land value. The sales comparison approach compares recent transactions to the appraised property. Adjustments are made for dissimilarities which typically provide a range of values. The fair value of the real estate investments has been determined by an independent third-party appraiser and is based on significant unobservable inputs (terminal cap rate, discount rate, and average market rent growth).

Infrastructure: The investment consists of a diversified portfolio of infrastructure assets within the United States and Canada. Investments may include the following: toll roads; airports and related investments; telecommunications; point-to-point rail links; water and waste-water; ports and container terminal assets; and gas and electricity distribution and transmission networks. The values of infrastructure projects have been prepared giving consideration to the projected cash flows, comparable transactions, purchase cost, and earnings comparison approaches of estimating infrastructure project values. The valuation methods are determined by a valuer at their discretion as long as the method falls within the standards prescribed under US generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"). The standard method of valuation for infrastructure is the discounted cash flow ("DCF") method, subject to exceptions, and valuations should also have regard to quoted prices for identical or similar investments in active markets. Valuation methods follow an established valuation framework and are consistent. The fair value of the infrastructure investments has been determined by an independent valuer and is based on significant unobservable inputs (terminal value, discount rate, and projected cash flows). Valuations are independently audited on an annual basis.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019 and 2018

Hedge Funds: This type of investment consists of a diversified portfolio of multiple hedge funds which utilize a variety of investment strategies. Some of those strategies include credit-oriented strategies, capital structure strategies, event-driven strategies, long/short strategies, and multiple strategies, among others. The fair values of hedge fund investments are generally determined using the reported NAV, or its equivalent, as a practical expedient for fair value.

The following table presents financial instruments that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of June 30, 2019:

			Fair Value Measurements Using			
	Fa	ir Value	Quoted Prices in Active Markets For Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	
Assets:						
Investments by fair value level: Money Markets Bank Deposits	\$	18,500 25,173	18,500 24,241	-	- -	
Debt Securities U.S. government securities U.S. government agency securities		102,894 4,007	102,894 4,007	-	- -	
Corporate bonds Mortgage-backed securities Total Debt Securities		162,240 47,877 317,018	162,240 47,877 317,018			
Equity Securities Common stock Mutual funds		91,674 255,015	91,674 255,015			
Other investments		167	167	-	-	
Total Equity Securities		346,856	346,856	-	-	
Private Equity Real Estate Infrastructure		32,517 46,972 9,914			32,517 46,972 9,914	
Total investments by fair value level		796,950	706,615		89,403	
Investments measured at net asset value (NAV): Hedge Funds		22,913				
Total investments measured at fair value	\$	819,863				

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019 and 2018

The following table presents financial instruments that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of June 30, 2018:

			Fair Value Measurements Using			
	Fa	ir Value	Quoted Prices in Active Markets For Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	
Assets:						
Investments by fair value level: Money Markets Bank Deposits	\$	92,345 76,635	92,345 76,635	- -	- -	
Debt Securities U.S. government securities U.S. government agency securities		72,095 13,527	72,095 13,527	- -	- -	
Corporate bonds		97,015	97,015	-	-	
Mortgage-backed securities International government securities		30,045	30,045			
Total Debt Securities Equity Securities Common stock		213,030	213,030 285,514			
Mutual funds		36,922	36,922	-	-	
Other investments		167	167			
Total Equity Securities Private Equity Real Estate		322,603 29,145 44,276	322,603	- -	29,145 44,276	
Total investments by fair value level		778,034	704,613		73,421	
Investments measured at net asset value (NAV): Hedge Funds		15,621				
Total investments measured at fair value	\$	793,655				

Additional Disclosures for Fair Value Measurements of Investments in Certain Entities that Calculate Net Asset Value per Share or its Equivalent

The hedge funds that the District invests in include various limits on the redemption frequency of those investments, as well as redemption notice periods. The limits on redemption frequency generally range from being non-redeemable to a redemption frequency that is daily, monthly, quarterly, semi-annually, or annually. The redemption notice periods generally range from daily to notice periods of 5, 15, 30, 60, 75, or 90 days. The private equity, real estate, and infrastructure funds that the District invests include unfunded commitments as of June 30, 2019, totaling approximately \$35.6 million, \$30.6 million, and \$29.0 million, respectively.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019 and 2018

(5) Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital assets during fiscal years 2019 and 2018 is as follows:

	_	Balance at June 30, 2018	Additions	Deletions/ Transfers	Balance at June 30, 2019
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$	43,080	_	_	43,080
Construction-in-progress		123,588	31,237	(145,960)	8,865
Total capital assets not being					
depreciated	_	166,668	31,237	(145,960)	51,945
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings and improvements		733,518	_	90,190	823,708
Land improvements		8,287	_	64	8,351
Equipment		594,144	_	(36,644)	557,500
Equipment under capital lease		724	9,050		9,774
Total capital assets being depreciated	-	1,336,673	9,050	53,610	1,399,333
Accumulated depreciation:					
Buildings and improvements		440,211	23,429	(21,695)	441,945
Land improvements		6,900	197	_	7,097
Equipment		478,352	31,961	(70,195)	440,118
Equipment under capital lease	_	411	1,214		1,625
Total accumulated depreciation	_	925,874	56,801	(91,890)	890,785
Total	\$	577,467	(16,514)	(460)	560,493

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019 and 2018

	_	Balance at June 30, 2017	Additions	Deletions/ Transfers	Balance at June 30, 2018
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$	43,080	_	_	43,080
Construction-in-progress		75,119	48,463	6	123,588
Total capital assets not being	_	_			
depreciated	_	118,199	48,463	6	166,668
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings and improvements		725,627	7,897	(6)	733,518
Land improvements		8,271	16	_	8,287
Equipment		584,102	18,450	(8,408)	594,144
Equipment under capital lease	_	724			724
Total capital assets being depreciated	_	1,318,724	26,363	(8,414)	1,336,673
Accumulated depreciation:					
Buildings and improvements		419,843	19,695	673	440,211
Land improvements		6,693	207	_	6,900
Equipment		452,999	33,532	(8,179)	478,352
Equipment under capital lease	-	308	103		411
Total accumulated depreciation	_	879,843	53,537	(7,506)	925,874
Total	\$	557,080	21,289	(902)	577,467

The estimated cost-to-complete construction-in-progress at June 30, 2019 and 2018, totaled approximately \$61\$ million and \$55\$ million, respectively.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019 and 2018

(6) Long-Term Obligations

Changes in long-term liabilities for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, were as follows:

	Ju	ne 30, 2018	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2019	Amount due in one year
Revenue bonds	\$	317,255	_	(4,030)	313,225	5,025
Bond premium Lease obligations Self-insurance program	_	30,412 345 32,410	9,050 3,031	(1,370) (1,743) (4,121)	29,042 7,652 31,320	1,749 7,437
	\$	380,422	12,081	(11,264)	381,239	14,211
	Ju	ine 30, 2017	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2018	Amount due in one year
Revenue bonds	\$	222,525	317,255	(222,525)	317,255	4,030
Bond premium Derivative instruments Lease obligations Self-insurance program	_	32,578 447 31,479	31,154 — — 6,563	(742) (32,578) (102) (5,632)	30,412 — 345 32,410	108 6,262

(7) Revenue Bonds

a) Revenue Bonds, Series 2017B (the 2017B Bonds)

In December 2017, the District issued \$317.3 million of Revenue Bonds, Series 2017B at a premium of \$31.1 million, for total sources of funds in the amount of \$348.4 million. The Series 2017B Bonds of \$317.3 million is comprised of \$157.5 million Serial Bonds due through January 1, 2038; \$54.8 million Term Bonds due January 1, 2042; and \$105 million Term Bonds due January 1, 2048. All the components of the Series 2017B Bonds are 5% fixed rate bonds. The 2017B Bonds are subject to optional, extraordinary optional and mandatory sinking fund redemption prior to maturity. The bonds are secured solely by funds and accounts held under the Bond Indenture (excluding the Rebate Fund) and any other property delivered as security under the Bond Indenture.

On December 13, 2017, the District, as the sole Member of the Obligated Group delivered to the Bond Trustee, the Series 2017B Bonds (North Broward Hospital District Revenue Bonds, Series 2017B). The obligations issued under the Master Indenture are equally and ratably payable from, and are secured solely by, a pledge of and a lien on the pledged revenues (as defined in the Master Indenture) and any and all property of every kind as additional security by the Obligated Group. Under the Master Indenture, the pledged revenues do not include ad valorem tax receipts received by the Issuer and any future member of the Obligated Group.

Upon the occurrence of any event of default the Bond Trustee may take whatever action at law or in equity it deems necessary or desirable to collect amounts then due by the District and to enforce performance of any obligation, agreement or covenant of the District and shall have a right of

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019 and 2018

payment for the forgoing advances, fees, costs and expenses incurred by the Bond Trustee and any additional Paying Agent.

The Master Indenture permits the members of the Obligated Group to issue additional obligations to parties other than the Bond Trustee. The additional obligations will be secured equally and proportionately by the pledged revenues with all other obligations issued under the Master Indenture.

The Series 2017B Bonds were issued to provide funds for the redemption of \$41.5 million Revenue Bonds, Series 2005A; \$82.4 million Revenue Bonds, Series 2008A; \$21.8 million Revenue Bonds, Series 2010; \$87.2 million Revenue Bonds, Series 2017A (issued in September 2017 for three months to provide temporary gap funding and redeem the Series 2007 Bonds in the amount of \$76.9 million, \$10.2 million in related swap and swap interest, and \$0.1 million in related issuance costs). A portion of the proceeds of the Series 2017B Bonds were applied to the payment of termination fees in connection with the termination and discharge of interest rate swap agreements relating to the Series 2005A Bonds and Series 2008A Bonds, including accrued interest, in the amount of \$22.4 million, as well as costs of issuance in the amount of \$3.2 million. As a result, the liabilities for the advance refunded bonds and terminated swaps were removed from the accompanying 2018 consolidated statements of net position. In addition to provide funds for the redemption, the District used the remaining proceeds of \$90.0 million to cover the cost of certain capital projects of its healthcare facilities, including reimbursement of advanced funds for the capital projects prior to the issuance of the Series 2017B Bonds.

The refunding of the bonds resulted in a loss of defeasance of approximately \$29.3 million. At June 30, 2019 and 2018, the unamortized deferred balance is approximately \$25.1 and \$27.9 million, respectively, and is reported as deferred outflows of resources.

The Series 2017B Bonds are fixed rate bonds and are callable on or after January 1, 2028. Interest commenced on July 1, 2018, and will be due on each January 1 and July 1 thereafter. Interest on the Series 2017B Bonds is computed on a basis of a 360-day year comprised of twelve 30-day months.

The Term Bonds are subject to mandatory redemption and payment prior to maturity at a redemption price equal to the principal amount plus accrued interest to the redemption date, without premium.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019 and 2018

Maturities of the 2017B Bonds by component, including corresponding interest due, over the next five years and in five-year increments thereafter are as follows:

	Principal on Serial Bonds due January 1,	Principal on Term Bonds due January 1,	Principal on Term Bonds due January 1,	Total debt service	Total debt service
	2038	2042	2048	Principal	Interest
		(In tho	ousands of dollars)		
Years ending June 30:					
2020	\$ 5,025	_	_	5,025	15,661
2021	5,280	_	_	5,280	15,410
2022	5,540	_	_	5,540	15,146
2023	5,815	_	_	5,815	14,869
2024	6,115	_	_	6,115	14,578
2025-2029	35,440	_	_	35,440	67,992
2030-2034	45,230	_	_	45,230	58,202
2035-2039	45,040	12,695	_	57,735	45,702
2040-2044	_	42,040	31,650	73,690	29,752
2044-2048			73,355	73,355	9,393
	\$ 153,485	54,735	105,005	313,225	286,705

(8) Lease Obligation

The District enters into various leases as part of its ongoing business.

Principal and interest payments due on capital leases are as follows:

	Principal	Interest
	(In thousands	s of dollars)
Years ending June 30:		
2020	\$ 1,749	176
2021	1,829	127
2022	1,504	82
2023	1,409	48
2024	 1,160	9
Total due	7,651	442
Amount due within one year	(1,749)	
Amount due, excluding due within one year	\$ 5,902	

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019 and 2018

(9) Defined-Benefit Pension Plan

a) Plan Description

The District maintains a single-employer, noncontributory defined-benefit (cash balance) pension plan (the Plan) covering substantially all full-time or part-time eligible District employees. Accordingly, the amounts disclosed herein relate to the Plan as a whole. The Plan is not subject to the requirements of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA) and does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

Funding levels and obligations to contribute to the Plan are established and can be amended by the Board.

Effective January 1, 1997, employees are eligible for Plan participation after completing one year of credited service and the attainment of age 21. Benefits are vested after five years of credited service. Accrued monthly pension benefits as of December 1, 1996, were converted to lump-sum cash balances, and the Plan guarantees a minimum annuity based on the benefits accrued as of December 31, 1996. Benefits upon retirement are based upon a District contribution of 5% of the participant's covered earnings for each year of credited service and an annual interest credit on the employee's account balance equal to the yield on the one-year Treasury Bill for the month of May preceding each Plan year plus 1%. Vested plan participants who were at least age 45 on January 1, 1997, are eligible for additional "grandfathered" pension contributions. Normal retirement age under the Plan is 65 with provisions for early retirement if the participant is 55 to 64 years of age and has attained five years of credited service. These benefit levels may be modified upon approval by the Board. Benefits under the early retirement provision are reduced to reflect the Plan participant's age at the time benefits begin.

Number of employees covered:	2019	2018
Active employees	6,353	6,394
Inactive employees currently receiving benefits	1,751	1,686
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	1,396	1,412
Total membership	9,500	9,492

b) Contributions

The annual contribution for each year was determined by management and the Board. While the District's independent actuary annually determines a range for the annual contributions, the District is not required to contribute an amount equal to the total funding contribution. The Plan's funding policy provides for actuarially determined periodic contributions so that sufficient assets will be available to pay benefits when due. All contributions to the Plan are made by the employer and are intended to fund both the actuarially determined costs, as well as the Plan's operating costs. The District's practice is to make sufficient annual contributions in accordance with the actuarial funding requirements of the Florida Statutes. The contributions to the Plan for fiscal years 2019 and 2018

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019 and 2018

totaled \$16.0 million and \$16.0 million, respectively, which equaled the normal cost as computed through the actuarial valuation date as of June 30, 2019 and 2018. The contributions represent approximately 4.24% and 4.26% of current covered payroll for fiscal years 2019 and 2018, respectively. Maximum actuarial contributions are based upon the funding levels that would be required of an ERISA plan.

c) Net Pension Liability (Asset)

The District's net pension liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2019, based upon rolling forward the results of the actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018. The District's net pension liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2018, based upon rolling forward the results of the actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2017.

Actuarial Valuation and Assumptions – Actuarial valuations represent a long-term perspective and involve estimates of the value of reported benefits and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. The District's net pension liability (asset) was calculated using the following methods and assumptions:

	2019	2018
Inflation	2.50%	2.50%
Investment rate of return	6.25%	7.50%
Projected salary increases	4.50%	4.50%
Cost-of-living adjustment	None	None

For active members, inactive members, and retirees, the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality tables for employees, healthy annuitants, and disabled annuitants with generational projection per Scale BB are used for 2019 and 2018.

Actuarial assumptions are subject to periodic revisions. The retirement and salary scale assumptions are reviewed each year compared to actual experience and are adjusted as needed. Other demographic assumptions are reviewed periodically to determine the need for adjustments.

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2019 and 2018

Long-Term Rate of Return – The long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions are from Broward Health's asset advisors. The 6.25% assumption reflects the composite expected return based on the target asset allocation for the Plan. The actuary uses the Global Capital Asset Pricing Model (Global CAPM) methodology to determine expected returns for each asset class, rather than relying on historical returns or other estimates. The CAPM is an economic model for valuing stocks, securities, derivatives, and/or assets by relating risk and expected return and is based on the idea that investors demand additional expected return if they are asked to accept additional risk.

The following is the Plan's adopted asset allocation policy and long-term expected rate of return as of June 30, 2019:

	Target	Long-Term Expected Arithmetic Real Rate	Long-Term Expected Geometric Real Rate
Asset Class	Allocation	of Return	of Return
US Core Fixed Income	15.00%	1.45%	1.36%
US High Yield Bonds	3.50%	3.72%	3.27%
US Equity Market	40.00%	4.70%	3.52%
Foreign Developed Equity	15.00%	6.04%	4.55%
Emerging Markets Equity	4.00%	8.19%	5.43%
Private Real Estate Property	10.00%	3.93%	3.23%
Private Equity	7.50%	9.42%	5.68%
Hedge Funds Multi Strategy	5.00%	3.39%	3.03%
Assumed Inflation - Mean		2.20%	2.20%
Assumed Inflation - Standard Deviation		1.65%	1.65%
Portfolio Real Mean Return		4.73%	4.00%
Portfolio Nominal Mean Return		6.94%	6.29%
Portfolio Standard Deviation			12.18%
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return			6.25%

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2019 and 2018

The following is the Plan's adopted asset allocation policy and long-term expected rate of return as of June 30, 2018:

		Long-Term	Long-Term
		Expected	Expected
		Arithmetic	Geometric
	Target	Real Rate	Real Rate
Asset Class	Allocation	of Return	of Return
US Core Fixed Income	15.00%	2.66%	2.52%
US High Yield	3.50%	5.20%	4.65%
US Equity Market	40.00%	5.15%	3.81%
Foreign Developed Equity	15.00%	5.88%	4.20%
Emerging Markets Equity	4.00%	8.14%	4.79%
Private Real Estate Property	10.00%	3.85%	3.13%
Private Equity	7.50%	8.96%	5.08%
Hedge Funds Multi Strategy	5.00%	3.79%	3.37%
Assumed Inflation - Mean		2.32%	2.32%
Assumed Inflation - Standard Deviation		1.85%	1.85%
Portfolio Real Mean Return		4.59%	3.83%
Portfolio Nominal Mean Return		6.91%	6.22%
Portfolio Standard Deviation			12.15%
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return			6.25%

The best-estimate range for the long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation.

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2019 and 2018

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.25% for fiscal years 2019 and 2018. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the District's contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based upon those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan assets was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The following section discusses the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate.

d) Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset)

	Increase (Decrease)				
	Total Pension Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Net Pension Liability (Asset)		
	(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)		
	(In	thousands of dolla	ars)		
Balance as of June 30, 2018	\$ 361,981	365,519	(3,538)		
Changes for the year:					
Service cost	14,202		14,202		
Interest on total pension liability	22,571		22,571		
Effect of economic/demographic gains					
or losses	(1,684)		(1,684)		
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs	(4,753)	_	(4,753)		
Benefit payments	(30,555)	(30,555)	_		
Employer contributions	_	16,000	(16,000)		
Net investment income	_	25,602	(25,602)		
Administrative expenses		(1,867)	1,867		
Balance as of June 30, 2019	\$ 361,762	374,699	(12,937)		

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2019 and 2018

		Increase (Decrease)				
		Total Pension Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Net Pension Liability (Asset)		
		(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)		
	•	(In	thousands of dolla	ars)		
Balance as of June 30, 2017	\$	340,554	343,858	(3,304)		
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		11,692		11,692		
Interest on total pension liability		25,251	_	25,251		
Effect of economic/demographic gains				_		
or losses		(3,996)	_	(3,996)		
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs		20,211	_	20,211		
Benefit payments		(31,731)	(31,731)	_		
Employer contributions		_	16,010	(16,010)		
Net investment income		_	39,513	(39,513)		
Administrative expenses			(2,131)	2,131		
Balance as of June 30, 2018	\$	361,981	365,519	(3,538)		

Sensitivity Analysis – The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the District as of June 30, 2019 calculated using the discount rate of 6.25%, as well as what the District's net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (5.25%) or 1 percentage point higher (7.25%) than the current rate.

	_	1% Decrease 5.25%	Current Discount Rate 6.25% n thousands of dollars	1% Increase 7.25%
Net pension liability (asset)	\$	13,250	(12,937)	(36,465)

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2019 and 2018

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Additional information about the Plan's fiduciary net position (i.e. plan assets) is as follows:

The following tables present the composition and credit ratings of the defined-benefit pension plan's cash and cash equivalents and investments as of June 30, 2019:

			Investment maturities					
	_	Fair value	Less than 1 year	1–5 years	6–10 years	More than 10 years		
U.S. government securities U.S. government agency securities	\$	11,204	_	1,467	4,900	4,837		
Corporate bonds		26,472	2,739	12,788	4,451	6,494		
Mortgage-backed securities		22,665	2,737	1,952	2,612	18,101		
mongage sached securines		22,000		1,702	2,012	10,101		
		60,341	2,739	16,207	11,963	29,432		
Common stock Mutual funds Private equity Hedge funds Real estate Infrastructure Other Investments Money markets		107,109 120,548 19,634 17,421 36,525 7,024 194 5,557						

		n			Ratin	ngs		
	_	Fair value	AAA	AA	A	BBB	<bbb< th=""><th>Not rated</th></bbb<>	Not rated
U.S. government securities	\$	11,204	11,204	_	_	_	_	_
Corporate bonds Mortgage-backed		26,472	_	1,143	6,832	17,291	584	622
securities	_	22,665	6,303				120	16,242
	\$	60,341	17,507	1,143	6,832	17,291	704	16,864

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019 and 2018

The following tables present the composition and credit ratings of the defined-benefit pension plan's cash and cash equivalents and investments as of June 30, 2018:

			Investment maturities						
	_	Fair value	Less than 1 year	1–5 years	6–10 years	More than 10 years			
U.S. government securities U.S. government agency	\$	12,164	_	683	6,970	4,511			
securities		304	_	_	_	304			
Corporate bonds		22,633	1,438	10,675	4,887	5,633			
Mortgage-backed securities International government		19,747	_	1,776	2,282	15,689			
securities	_	250	250						
		55,098	1,688	13,134	14,139	26,137			
Common stock		217,438							
Mutual funds		24,722							
Private equity		17,044							
Hedge funds		12,714							
Real estate		34,143							
Money markets	_	4,360							
	\$	365,519							

			Ratings						
	_	Fair value	AAA	AA	<u>A</u>	BBB	<bbb< th=""><th>Not rated</th></bbb<>	Not rated	
U.S. government securities	\$	12,164	12,164	_	_	_	_	_	
U.S. government agency securities		304	_	304					
Corporate bonds Mortgage-backed securities		22,633 19,747	4,850	1,269 5	6,293	14,297	494 275	280 14,617	
International government securities	_	250		250					
	\$	55,098	17,014	1,828	6,293	14,297	769	14,897	

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019 and 2018

The following table presents information about the fair value measurements of the Plan's fiduciary net position as of June 30, 2019.

			Fair Value Measurements Using					
			Quoted Prices					
			in Active	Significant				
			Markets For	Other	Significant			
			Identical Assets	Observable	Unobservable			
	Fa	air Value	(Level 1)	Inputs (Level 2)	Inputs (Level 3)			
Plan investments by fair value level:				1	P ()			
Money Markets	\$	5,557	5,557	_	_			
Debt Securities								
U.S. government securities		11,204	11,204	_	_			
U.S. government agency securities		_	_	_	_			
Corporate bonds		26,472	26,472	_	_			
Mortgage-backed securities		22,665	22,665					
Total debt securities		60,341	60,341					
Equity Securities								
Common stock		107,109	107,109	_	_			
Mutual funds		120,548	120,548					
Other Investments		194	194					
Total Equity Securities		227,851	227,851					
Private Equity		19,634	_	_	19,634			
Real Estate		36,525	_	_	36,525			
Infrastructure		7,024			7,024			
Total Plan investments by fair value level		356,932	293,749	_	63,183			
Plan investments measured at net asset value (NAV):								
Hedge Funds		17,421						
Total investments measured at fair value	\$	374,353						

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019 and 2018

The following table presents information about the fair value measurements of the Plan's fiduciary net position as of June 30, 2018.

			Fair Value Measurements Using				
	F	air Value	Quoted Prices in Active Markets For Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)		
Plan investments by fair value level:	ф	4.260	1.260				
Money Markets	\$	4,360	4,360	_	_		
Debt Securities		10.151	10.151				
U.S. government securities		12,164	12,164	_	_		
U.S. government agency securities		304	304	_	_		
Corporate bonds		22,633	22,633	_	_		
Mortgage-backed securities		19,747	19,747	_	_		
International government securities		250	250				
Total debt securities		55,098	55,098	_	_		
Equity Securities							
Common stock		217,438	217,438	_	_		
Mutual funds		24,722	24,722				
Total Equity Securities		242,160	242,160				
Private Equity		17,044	_	_	17,044		
Real Estate		34,143			34,143		
Total Plan investments by fair value level		352,805	301,618		51,187		
Plan investments measured at net asset value (NAV):							
Hedge Funds		12,714					
Total investments measured at fair value	\$	365,519					

See Note 4 for an explanation of the methods used to determine fair value and the levels within the fair value hierarchy.

Additional Disclosures for Fair Value Measurements of Plan Investments in Certain Entities that Calculate Net Asset Value per Share or its Equivalent:

The hedge funds that the Plan invests in include various limits on the redemption frequency of those investments, as well as redemption notice periods. The limits on redemption frequency generally range from being non-redeemable to a redemption frequency that is daily, monthly, quarterly, semi-annually or annually. The redemption notice periods generally range from daily to notice periods of 5, 15, 30, 60, 75, or 90 days. The private equity, real estate, and infrastructure funds that the Plan invests include unfunded commitments as of June 30, 2019, totaling approximately \$28.9 million, \$20.4 million, and \$25.5 million, respectively.

e) Pension Expense

The pension expense for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, is \$15.9 million and \$14.6 million, respectively.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019 and 2018

f) Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources

A summary of deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources as of June 30, 2019, is as follows:

		Deferred Outflows of		Deferred Inflows of	
	_	Resources		Resources	
	_	(In thousands of dollars)			
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$	10,352	\$	(3,944) (4,576) (13,823)	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings	-		_	(13,623)	
Total	\$	10,352	\$	(22,343)	

A summary of deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources as of June 30, 2018, is as follows:

		Deferred Outflows of		Deferred Inflows of	
	-	Resources Resource (In thousands of dollars)			
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings	\$	15,504	\$	(5,007) (2,267) (10,886)	
Total	\$	15,504	\$	(18,160)	

The net amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions as of June 30, 2019, will be recognized in pension expense during the next four years as follows:

Year ending June 30:		
2020	\$	(1,755)
2021		(5,095)
2022		(4,488)
2023		(653)
	•	(11.001)
	\$	(11,991)

(10) Defined-Contribution Plan

Effective January 1, 1990, the District implemented a defined-contribution plan (the Star Plus 403(b) Plan) for all employees. In a defined-contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the Star Plus 403(b) Plan, plus investment earnings. Employees are eligible to participate immediately,

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2019 and 2018

and full-time and part-time employees are eligible for employer matching contributions upon the completion of one year of service. The Board approved the Star Plus 403(b) Plan, which requires an employer contribution of 100% of the employee's contribution not to exceed 1% of the employee's compensation (subject to limitations) and 35% of the contribution between 1% and 4% of the employee's compensation. The District's contribution for each employee is fully vested after five years of continuous service (partial vesting between two and five years of service). The District's contribution for, and interest forfeited by, employees who leave employment before vesting is used to reduce the District's current period contribution requirement.

The District's total payroll for fiscal years 2019 and 2018 was \$510.1 million and \$516.7 million, respectively. The total covered payroll for eligible employees during the same periods is not determinable. For fiscal year June 30, 2019, the District's contribution was \$6.6 million, representing 1.3% of total payroll. The employees' contributions for fiscal year June 30, 2019, were \$25.2 million, representing 5.0% of total payroll. For fiscal year June 30, 2018, the District's contribution was \$6.7 million, representing 1.3% of total payroll. The employees' contributions for fiscal year June 30, 2018, were \$25.7 million, representing 5.0% of total payroll.

(11) Florida Retirement System

The District has 17 employees that participate in the Florida Retirement System (FRS), a cost-sharing multiple employer defined-benefit plan administered by the State of Florida (the FRS Plan).

The following amounts have been recorded in the District's financial statements as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, representing its proportionate share of the net pension liability and the related pension expense and deferred outflows/inflows of resources of the FRS Plan:

	2019 n thousands of dollars)	2018 (In thousands of dollars)
Net pension liability	\$ 1,084	\$ 1,958
Deferred outflows of resources	563	1,217
Deferred inflows of resources	(849)	(639)
Pension expense	47	262

The remaining disclosures and required supplementary information related to the District's participation in the FRS Plan have not been presented in the accompanying financial statements due to immateriality.

(12) Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

In addition to providing pension benefits, the District provides certain healthcare and life insurance benefits for approximately 1,202 and 1,198 eligible retired employees in fiscal year 2019 and 2018, respectively, which include those at the healthcare facilities. Many of the District's employees may become eligible for those benefits if they reach retirement age while working for the District.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019 and 2018

a) Plan Description

The District maintains a single-employer defined-benefit healthcare plan, providing OPEB for all full-time employees of the District. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75; this is a pay-as-you-go plan. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The District does not issue separate financial statements for their healthcare plan. The authority to establish and amend benefit provisions of the District's plan is held by the CEO of the District.

b) Benefits Provided

The District provides medical and dental insurance benefits for retirees and their dependents, as well as life insurance coverage to future employees. Benefits are provided through third-party insurers. Eligible retirees and their dependents either enrolled or not enrolled in Medicare pay an insurance premium to participate in either one of the health plans. Grandfathered employees who as of June 30, 2007, were at least age 55 with five years of service will contribute the active employee rate for medical and dental coverage for themselves and for dependent spouses. Transition employees who qualified for the rule of 80 as of June 30, 2012, will contribute the active employee rate for medical and dental coverage for themselves and for dependent spouses. All other retirees enrolling in medical and dental insurance through Broward Health will pay 100% of the group rated premium for coverage. The plan also provides eligible retirees with life insurance coverage based on age and pay prior to retirement. Retirees younger than age 65 receive coverage of 100% of annual pre-retirement pay (up to a maximum of \$50,000). Retirees age 65 and older receive coverage of 25% of annual pre-retirement pay (up to a maximum of \$10,000). Retirees are required to contribute a portion of the premium for life insurance coverage at \$.07 per month per \$1,000 of coverage (retirees younger than age 65). All premiums are paid for retirees age 65 and older.

A condition for all retirees and their covered eligible dependents to continue employer sponsored medical benefits after age 65 is to enroll in Medicare Parts A and B.

The covered spouse of a Transition or Grandfathered retiree who survives the retiree is eligible to continue employer sponsored medical and dental coverage. Medical and dental insurance premium subsidies will continue to the surviving spouse of eligible rule of 80 retirees.

c) Employees covered by benefit terms. At June 30, 2019 and 2018, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Number of employees covered:	2019	2018
Inactive employees currently receiving benefits:	1,018	994
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments		
Active employees	6,323	7,232
Total membership	7,341	8,226

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2019 and 2018

d) Contribution Requirements

Retirees and eligible dependents are required to contribute a portion of the premium for coverage. The amount of monthly retiree premium contribution depends on the elected coverage and whether the retiree qualifies as having met the rule of 80 at retirement.

The table below shows the monthly rates for the retiree of the optional plans for medical and dental for the 2019 calendar year.

Aetna Best Choice Medical	 Single	Employee + 1
Rule of 80:		
Medical pre-65	\$ 119.15	288.45
Medical post-65	88.56	219.24
Retiree and Spouse one older and one younger than 65	N/A	258.16
Other retirees:		
Medical pre-65	\$ 523.54	1,088.03
Medical post-65	501.07	1,041.34
Retiree and Spouse one older and one younger than 65	N/A	1,065.56
Aetna Select EPO Medical		
Rule of 80:		
Medical pre-65	\$ 156.47	366.02
Medical post-65	117.60	278.96
Retiree and Spouse one older and one younger than 65	N/A	327.15
Other retirees:		
Medical pre-65	\$ 537.12	1,116.28
Medical post-65	517.07	1,068.35
Retiree and Spouse one older and one younger than 65	N/A	1,093.23
Aetna Choice POS Medical		
Rule of 80:		
Medical pre-65	\$ 17.53	77.27
Medical post-65	10.62	56.62
Retiree and Spouse one older and one younger than 65	N/A	70.36
Other retirees:		
Medical pre-65	\$ 442.71	920.07
Medical post-65	423.72	880.57
Retiree and Spouse one older and one younger than 65	N/A	901.08

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019 and 2018

	 Single	Employee + 1
Reliance Dental		
Rule of 80:		
Retiree	\$ 10.34	
Retiree and Spouse	N/A	21.49
Other retirees:		
Retiree	\$ 20.68	
Retiree and Spouse	N/A	43.00
Aetna Dental		
Rule of 80:		
Retiree	\$ 7.61	
Retiree and Spouse	N/A	14.45
Other retirees:		
Retiree	\$ 15.22	
Retiree and Spouse	N/A	28.92

The table below shows the monthly rates for the retiree of the optional plans for medical and dental for 2018 calendar year.

Best Choice Plus Medical	 Single	Employee + 1
Rule of 80:		
Medical pre-65	\$ 119.15	288.45
Medical post-65	88.86	219.24
Retiree and Spouse one older and one younger than 65	N/A	255.14
Other retirees:		
Medical pre-65	\$ 650.74	1,352.39
Medical post-65	501.07	1,041.34
Retiree and Spouse one older and one younger than 65	N/A	1,202.72
Aetna EPO Medical		
Rule of 80:		
Medical pre-65	\$ 154.67	366.02
Medical post-65	117.60	278.96
Retiree and Spouse one older and one younger than 65	N/A	324.13
Other retirees:		
Medical pre-65	\$ 667.62	1,387.51
Medical post-65	514.07	1,068.35
Retiree and Spouse one older and one younger than 65	N/A	1,233.96
Aetna HDHP Medical		
Rule of 80:		
Medical pre-65	\$ 17.53	77.27
Medical post-65	10.62	56.62
Retiree and Spouse one older and one younger than 65	N/A	67.33
Other retirees:		
Medical pre-65	\$ 550.28	1,143.62
Medical post-65	423.72	880.57
Retiree and Spouse one older and one younger than 65	N/A	1,017.06

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019 and 2018

	 Single	Employee + 1
Reliance Dental		
Rule of 80:		
Retiree	\$ 12.02	
Retiree and Spouse	N/A	24.10
Other retirees:		
Retiree	\$ 24.04	
Retiree and Spouse	N/A	49.96
Safeguard Dental		
Rule of 80:		
Retiree	\$ 9.27	
Retiree and Spouse	N/A	17.60
Other retirees:		
Retiree	\$ 18.53	
Retiree and Spouse	N/A	35.20

Rule of 80 retirees pay the same rates as active employees. Other retirees pay the premium equivalent funding rate. For fiscal years June 30, 2019 and 2018, the District contributed \$6.5 million and \$8.6 million, respectively, to the healthcare plan, which is net of the retiree contributions.

e) Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the Plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the actuarial valuations, the entry age normal actuarial cost method was used. Benefit liabilities were reported as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, and were valued as of June 30, 2019 and 2018. The current valuation reflects identical Measurement and Reporting Dates due to a change in pharmacy benefits managers effective after June 30, 2017. The actuarial valuation date for June 30, 2019 and 2018 include participant census as of June 30, 2019 and January 1, 2016, respectively. The actuarial assumptions included a 3.50% and a 3.87% discount rate for 2019 and 2018, respectively. The selected discount rate at June 30, 2019 and 2018, reflects a snapshot as of the Measurement Date of the 20-year Governmental Obligation Index published by Bond Buyer.

The other significant actuarial assumptions utilized in the actuarial analysis were as follows:

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Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019 and 2018

	2019	2018
Salary increases including inflation	4.50%	4.50%
Mortality trend rates	RP 2000 Mortality – separate tables for Healthy Employees and Annuitants-generational projection per Scale BB	RP 2000 Mortality – separate tables for Healthy Employees and Annuitants- generational projection per Scale BB
Inflation	2.30%	2.50%
Healthcare cost trend rates	The trend rates of incurred claims represent the rate of increase in employer claims payments	The trend rates of incurred claims represent the rate of increase in employer claims payments

Claims costs in future years are estimated by adjusting the starting claim costs by an assumed ongoing cost trend. Such trends are based on the health care cost trend rate adjusted for the impact of plan design and cost containment features.

Trend was calculated assuming an implied inflation rate of 2.5% per year, and actual premiums, and reflects current provisions of the Affordable Care Act of 2010 (ACA), which impose an excise tax Trend for the first time in 2020 for medical coverage which exceeds certain premium thresholds. The ACA Excise tax is assumed to be applied to single/family implied equivalent rates based on the total premium equivalent rates for the District.

Medical annual rates of increase:	
Initial trend rate pre-65	4.80%
Initial trend rate post-65	6.90%
Ultimate trend rate pre-65	4.50%
Ultimate trend rate post-65	4.40%
Year that the rate reaches the ultimate trend rate pre-65	2080
Year that the rate reaches the ultimate trend rate post-65	2100
Dental annual rates of increase:	
Initial trend rate	5.73%
Ultimate trend rate	4.24%
Year that the rate reaches the ultimate trend rate	2072

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019 and 2018

f) Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 3.5% and 3.87% was used to measure the total OPEB liability for June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively. Because the plan is essentially a "pay-as-you-go" plan, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate.

g) OPEB Liability

At June 30, 2019 and 2018, the District reported a total OPEB liability of \$160 million and \$158.2 million, respectively. The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2019 and 2018 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019 and January 1, 2016, respectively, calculated based on the discount rate of 3.5% and 3.87%, respectively, and various key actuarial assumptions. The January 1, 2016 valuation was then projected forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018. There were no significant changes between the valuation date and the fiscal year end.

h) Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

		Increase (Decrease) Total OPEB Liability
		(In thousands of dollars)
Balance as of June 30, 2018	\$	158,175
Changes for the year:		
Service cost		2,246
Interest on total OPEB liability		6,083
Effect of plan changes		_
Effect of economic/demographic gains		
or losses		(1,906)
Effect of assumptions changes or input	S	1,921
Benefit payments		(6,532)
Balance as of June 30, 2019	\$	159,987

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019 and 2018

	Increase (Decrease) Total OPEB Liability
	(In thousands of dollars)
Balance as of June 30, 2017 (as adjusted) \$	230,711
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	3,066
Interest on total OPEB liability	8,217
Effect of plan changes	(68,863)
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses	—
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs	(6,393)
Benefit payments	(8,563)
Balance as of June 30, 2018 \$	158,175

i) Plan Changes and Changes in Assumptions

There were no plan changes during 2019. During 2018, the Plan sponsor changed the terms of their engagement with their pharmacy benefits manager. This change is expected to significantly reduce retiree prescription drug charges. For the purposes of the 2018 valuation, the impact is reflected as a Plan Change, having been adopted and communicated to Plan participants as of April 1, 2018.

j) Sensitivity Analysis

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District as of June 30, 2019 calculated using the discount rate of 3.5%, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percent point lower (2.5%) or 1 percent higher (4.5%) than the current rate.

	1%	Current	1%
	 Decrease 2.50%	Discount Rate 3.50%	Increase 4.50%
	 <u>(I</u> :	n thousands of dollars)
Total OPEB liability	\$ 180,994	159,987	142,602

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District as of June 30, 2019 calculated using the current healthcare cost trend rates, as well as, what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using trend rates that are 1 percent point lower or 1 percent point higher than the current trend rates. The current trend rates for 2019 were 4.1% for costs prior to age 65 and 4.4% for costs after age 64.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019 and 2018

			Healthcare Current	
	1	0/ Doomoogo	Cost Trend	10/ Imanaga
	_1	<u>Mecrease</u> (In	Rates thousands of dolla	1% Increase ars)
Total OPEB liability	\$	144,504	159.987	178,262

k) OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized expense of \$7.48 million. For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized negative expense of \$58.4 million as a result of change in the engagement with the pharmacy benefit manager.

At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following resources:

		Deferred Outflows of		Deferred Inflows of
	_	Resources	_	Resources
	_	(In thousa	ands	of dollars)
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	_	\$	(1,652)
Changes of assumptions	-	1,665	_	(4,695)
Total	\$	1,665	\$	(6,347)

At June 30, 2018, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following resources:

		Deferred Outflows of	Deferred Inflows of
	_	Resources	Resources ds of dollars)
		(III tilousalic	is of dollars)
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	\$	
Changes of assumptions	_		(5,544)
Total	\$ _	\$	(5,544)

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2019 and 2018

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB as of June 30, 2019 will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ending June 30:	(In thousands of dollars)
2020	\$ (847)
2021	(847)
2022	(847)
2023	(847)
2024	(847)
Thereafter	(447)
	\$ (4,682)

(13) Charity Care

The District provides charity care to patients that meet the eligibility criteria under the District's Financial Assistance Program (FAP) Policy. Eligibility into the FAP includes the following: residency requirements, income requirements and final approval. The District charges eligible charity patients for services and supplies rendered. The total gross charges of charity care provided during fiscal years 2019 and 2018 was \$123.9 million and \$132.3 million, respectively. Total gross charges of charity care provided reflects inpatient services of \$55.0 million and outpatient services of \$68.9 million for fiscal year 2019. For fiscal year 2018, total gross charges of charity care provided reflects inpatient services of \$59.2 million and outpatient services of \$73.1 million. The estimated cost of charity care was \$28.0 million for fiscal year 2019, comprised of \$11.7 million for inpatient services and \$16.3 million for outpatient services. The estimated cost of charity care for fiscal year 2018 was \$30.7 million, comprised of \$14.1 million for inpatient services and \$16.6 million for outpatient services. The estimated costs were derived using a cost accounting system, which included indirect and direct costs.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019 and 2018

(14) Net Patient Service Revenue

Net patient service revenue for fiscal years 2019 and 2018 consisted of the following:

		2019	2018
	_	(In thousands of dollars)	
Gross patient service revenue:			
Medicare	\$	777,359	777,550
Medicaid		325,628	330,830
HMO/PPO		2,552,099	2,466,448
Indigent Write-Off		123,898	132,342
Other	_	640,254	581,082
	_	4,419,238	4,288,252
Allowances:			
Medicare		596,194	581,680
Medicaid		259,666	290,189
HMO/PPO		1,918,286	1,841,595
Indigent Write-Off		123,898	132,342
Other	_	100,947	73,470
Total allowances		2,998,991	2,919,276
Provision for uncollectible amounts	_	463,461	414,824
Total deductions from patient service revenue	_	3,462,452	3,334,100
Net patient service revenue	\$	956,786	954,152

(15) Ad Valorem Tax Revenue

The Board of the District is empowered and directed to annually levy upon all real and personal taxable property within the boundaries of the District a sufficient tax, not to exceed 2.5 mills, to accomplish the purposes of the District, as determined by the Board. For fiscal years 2019 and 2018, the levies were 1.0855 mills and 1.2483 mills, respectively. The total assessed value for which fiscal years 2019 and 2018 levies were based was approximately \$131.6 billion and \$123.0 billion, respectively, with total taxes, net of associated fees, levied at the District level aggregating \$128.7 million and \$138.6 million for fiscal years 2019 and 2018, respectively. The Broward County Property Appraiser assesses and the Broward County Tax Collector collects all ad valorem taxes within Broward County.

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are levied and are due and payable on November 1 of each year or as soon thereafter as the assessment roll is certified and delivered to the revenue collector. The District has a legal claim to the property taxes at the assessment date, generally during November of each tax year. Taxes may be paid upon receipt of such notice at declining discounts through the month of February.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019 and 2018

All unpaid taxes on real and personal property become delinquent on April 1 of the year following the year in which taxes were levied or within 30 days after the mailing of the original tax notice on the final assessment date, whichever is later. Delinquent real property taxes bear interest at the rate of 1.5% per month, and interest continues to accrue until a certificate is sold at auction, from which time the interest rate shall be as bid by the buyer of the certificates. Personal property taxes bear interest at 1.5% per month from April 1 until paid. On or before April 25, delinquent personal property taxes must be advertised, and after May 1, a petition requesting the ratification and confirmation of tax warrants may be filed in the Circuit Court and upon issuance of an order, the property may be levied, seized, and sold.

(16) Concentrations of Credit Risk

The District grants credit without collateral to its patients, most of whom are local residents and are covered under third-party payor agreements. The mix of receivables, net of contractual allowance reserves and provision for uncollectible accounts from patients and third-party payors at June 30, 2019 and 2018, is detailed below. The District establishes reserves against these receivables based upon estimated collectability and credit risk. Self-pay receivables are, by nature, high risk, and estimated collectability is low. Therefore, the related net receivables represent a low percentage of the total mix of receivables in the table below.

	2019	2018
Medicare	3.8%	9.1%
Managed care	62.7	71.5
Medicaid	25.7	9.0
Commercial insurance	7.3	5.7
Self-pay and all other	0.5	4.7
	100.0%	100.0%

(17) Risk Management

The District's exposures are subject to Florida's sovereign immunity laws, effective October 1, 2011, limiting the exposure to \$200,000 indemnity per person and \$300,000 per occurrence. Prior to October 1, 2011, the limits were \$100,000/\$200,000. If a lawsuit results in a claim exceeding the sovereign immunity limits, a claims bill must be passed through the Florida Legislature and signed by the governor.

Public Liability, Medical Malpractice, and Workers' Compensation

In 1975, the District developed a self-insurance program to provide coverage against public liability and medical malpractice claims. In September 1979, the District added workers' compensation to its self-insurance program. The District operates a comprehensive quality assurance program, which enables its healthcare facilities to closely monitor potential claims at the point of occurrence and to enhance its procedures for estimating accruals for such claims.

The District provides for losses in the self-insurance program based on limits set by sovereign immunity, except for the waiver of such immunity, relating to medical professional and general liability. Effective October 1, 2011, the limits increased from \$0.1 million to \$0.2 million per claimant and from \$0.2 million to \$0.3 million per incident. In November 1995, the District purchased a commercial umbrella insurance policy for malpractice insurance claims, which is renewed annually. This policy became

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019 and 2018

effective for incidents incurred on or after January 22, 1996. Under the terms of the current policy, the District is insured for any individual incident in excess of \$2.2 million (self-insured retention) up to a maximum annual aggregate limit of \$25.0 million by the insurer.

The District established a current and noncurrent liability in the total amount of \$31.3 million and \$32.4 million at June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively, to cover losses resulting from asserted and unasserted claims. The liability includes estimates of the ultimate costs of both reported claims and claims incurred but not reported. Management believes these reserves are adequate to cover losses from such claims after considering the limits provided by Florida Statutes as set forth above. The current year claims expense is included within insurance expenses in the respective statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position.

Changes in the District's self-insurance program claims liability during fiscal years 2019 and 2018 were as follows:

	2019	2018	
	(In thousands of dollars)		(In thousands of dollars)
Liability at beginning of year Current year claims expense Current year claims payments	32,410 3,031 (4,121)	\$	31,479 6,563 (5,632)
Liability at end of year \$	31,320	\$	32,410

Medical Health Benefits

In 2009, the District developed a self-insurance program to provide medical health benefits for its employees.

The estimated reserve for the District's health benefits as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, for non-retirees is \$9.4 million and \$9.8 million, respectively, and is included in accrued salaries, benefits and payroll taxes in the accompanying statements of net position. The District considered the need for a margin for adverse deviation from the best estimate of reserve based on the variability of claims and has included a 10% explicit margin. The liability includes estimates of the ultimate costs of both reported claims and claims incurred but not reported. Management believes these reserves are adequate to cover such claims.

Changes in the District's health plan liability during fiscal years 2019 and 2018 were as follows:

		2019	2018	
	*	thousands f dollars)	(In thousands of dollars)	
Liability at beginning of year Current year claims expense Current year claims payments	\$	9,809 \$ 71,973 (72,352)	11,241 79,833 (81,265)	
Liability at end of year	\$	9,430 \$	9,809	

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2019 and 2018

The District contracts with Total Claims Administration (CVS/Caremark is its Pharmacy Benefit Manager) and Aetna (medical with Aetna and CVS/Caremark is its Pharmacy Benefit Manager) to provide for adjudication of medical and prescription claims.

In the opinion of management, the District's self-insured medical plan complies with Section 112.08, Florida Statutes, regarding the Plan's actuarial soundness and compliance requirements.

Since dental became fully insured as of January 1, 2012, and vision became fully insured as of January 1, 2014, there is no remaining material self-insured plan run-out reserve liability as of June 30, 2019 and 2018.

(18) Related Parties

The District is an equal partner of the Community Care Plan (CCP), a managed care network governed by an agreement between two governmental entities: North Broward Hospital District (Broward Health) and South Broward Hospital District (MHS) which are CCP's Members. The Members operate two of the largest and diverse integrated health care systems in the state of Florida that consist of hospitals, clinics, physicians, ancillary services, nursing homes, and many programs to serve those with special medical and behavioral needs.

CCP utilizes one general fund and has three major lines of business. They are Statewide Managed Medical Assistance (MMA), Children's Medical Services Division (CMS), and various medical programs for the Members. The MMA is the only at-risk arrangement; the remaining lines of business are administrative services contracts. CCP allocates expenses to the various contracts using the direct method and shared service allocations.

CCP is designated by the State of Florida as a PSN and has also retained a Third-Party Administrator (TPA) license.

As of June 30, 2019 and 2018, the District's investment in CCP was approximately \$15.9 million and \$18.2, respectively, and are included in other assets. For June 30, 2019 and 2018, the District recorded losses of \$2.3 million and earnings of 2.8 million, respectively.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019 and 2018

Summarized financial information taken from the audited financial statements of CCP as of December 31, 2018 and 2017 was as follows:

Current assets S	31, 2018 and 2017 was as follows:		2018	2017
Current assets \$ 44,864 45,218 1,377 2,330 22,551 22,551 20,757 22,551 22,551 20,757 22,551 20,757 22,551 20,757 22,551 20,757 22,551 20,757 22,551 20,757 22,551 20,757 22,551 20,757 22,551 20,757 22,551 20,757 22,551 20,757 22,551 20,757 2				
Current assets \$ 44,864 45,218 1,377 2,330 22,551 22,551 20,757 22,551 22,551 20,757 22,551 20,757 22,551 20,757 22,551 20,757 22,551 20,757 22,551 20,757 22,551 20,757 22,551 20,757 22,551 20,757 22,551 20,757 22,551 20,757 22,551 20,757 20	Aggota			
Capital assets, net Other assets 1,377 2,230 9,757 22,551 Total assets \$ 55,998 70,099 Liabilities and Net Position Current liabilities \$ 20,208 23,290 13,574 Long-term liabilities 86 13,574 Total liabilities 20,294 36,864 Net position 35,704 33,235 Total liabilities and net position \$ 55,998 70,099 Position \$ 156,738 10,000 Revenue \$ 156,738 172,915 Expenses: 125,635 138,615 General administrative expenses 29,166 29,685 Total expenses 154,801 168,300 Operating income 1,937 4,615 Other income 532 160 Increase in net position 2,469 4,775 Net position: 86,000 Beginning of year 33,235 28,460		\$	44.864	45.218
Other assets 9,757 22,551 Total assets \$ 55,998 70,099 Liabilities and Net Position Current liabilities \$ 20,208 23,290 Long-term liabilities 86 13,574 Total liabilities 20,294 36,864 Net position 35,704 33,235 Total liabilities and net position \$ 55,998 70,099 Permense 2018 2017 (In thousands belief) 1018 1018 Expenses: 125,635 138,615 General administrative expenses 125,635 138,615 General administrative expenses 29,166 29,685 Total expenses 154,801 168,300 Operating income 1,937 4,615 Other income 532 160 Increase in net position 2,469 4,775 Net position: 86ginning of year 33,235 28,460		Ψ		
Liabilities and Net Position Current liabilities \$ 20,208 23,290 13,574 13,574 13,574 13,574 13,574 13,235 10,000		_		
Current liabilities \$ 20,208 86 13,574 Long-term liabilities 86 13,574 Total liabilities 20,294 36,864 Net position 35,704 33,235 Total liabilities and net position \$ 55,998 70,099 2018 2017 (In thousands of dollars) Revenue \$ 156,738 172,915 Expenses: 8 125,635 138,615 General administrative expenses 125,635 138,615 General administrative expenses 29,166 29,685 Total expenses 154,801 168,300 Operating income 1,937 4,615 Other income 532 160 Increase in net position 2,469 4,775 Net position: 8 33,235 28,460	Total assets	\$	55,998	70,099
Long-term liabilities 86 13,574 Total liabilities 20,294 36,864 Net position 35,704 33,235 Total liabilities and net position \$ 55,998 70,099 2018 2017 (In thousands of dollars) Revenue \$ 156,738 172,915 Expenses: Medical services expenses 125,635 138,615 General administrative expenses 29,166 29,685 Total expenses 154,801 168,300 Operating income 1,937 4,615 Other income 532 160 Increase in net position 2,469 4,775 Net position: 8 33,235 28,460	Liabilities and Net Position			
Total liabilities 20,294 36,864 Net position 35,704 33,235 Total liabilities and net position \$ 55,998 70,099 2018 2017 (In thousands of dollars) Expenses: Medical services expenses 125,635 138,615 General administrative expenses 29,166 29,685 Total expenses 154,801 168,300 Operating income 1,937 4,615 Other income 532 160 Increase in net position 2,469 4,775 Net position: 8 33,235 28,460	Current liabilities	\$	20,208	23,290
Net position 35,704 33,235 Total liabilities and net position \$ 55,998 70,099 2018 2017 (In thousands of dollars) Revenue \$ 156,738 172,915 Expenses: \$ 125,635 138,615 General administrative expenses 29,166 29,685 Total expenses 154,801 168,300 Operating income 1,937 4,615 Other income 532 160 Increase in net position 2,469 4,775 Net position: Beginning of year 33,235 28,460	Long-term liabilities	_	86	13,574
Total liabilities and net position \$ 55,998 70,099 2018 2017 (In thousands of dollars) Revenue \$ 156,738 172,915 Expenses: \$ 125,635 138,615 General administrative expenses 29,166 29,685 Total expenses 154,801 168,300 Operating income 1,937 4,615 Other income 532 160 Increase in net position 2,469 4,775 Net position: 8 33,235 28,460	Total liabilities	_	20,294	36,864
Z018 Z017 (In thousands of dollars) Revenue \$ 156,738 172,915 Expenses: \$ 125,635 138,615 Medical services expenses 125,635 138,615 General administrative expenses 29,166 29,685 Total expenses 154,801 168,300 Operating income 1,937 4,615 Other income 532 160 Increase in net position 2,469 4,775 Net position: 8 33,235 28,460	Net position	_	35,704	33,235
(In thousands of dollars) Revenue \$ 156,738 172,915 Expenses: \$ 125,635 138,615 General administrative expenses 29,166 29,685 Total expenses 154,801 168,300 Operating income 1,937 4,615 Other income 532 160 Increase in net position 2,469 4,775 Net position: Beginning of year 33,235 28,460	Total liabilities and net position	\$	55,998	70,099
Revenue \$ 156,738 172,915 Expenses:			2018	2017
Expenses: Medical services expenses 125,635 138,615 General administrative expenses 29,166 29,685 Total expenses 154,801 168,300 Operating income 1,937 4,615 Other income 532 160 Increase in net position 2,469 4,775 Net position: 8eginning of year 33,235 28,460			(In thousands	of dollars)
Medical services expenses 125,635 138,615 General administrative expenses 29,166 29,685 Total expenses 154,801 168,300 Operating income 1,937 4,615 Other income 532 160 Increase in net position 2,469 4,775 Net position: 33,235 28,460	Revenue	\$	156,738	172,915
General administrative expenses 29,166 29,685 Total expenses 154,801 168,300 Operating income 1,937 4,615 Other income 532 160 Increase in net position 2,469 4,775 Net position: 33,235 28,460	Expenses:			
Total expenses 154,801 168,300 Operating income 1,937 4,615 Other income 532 160 Increase in net position 2,469 4,775 Net position: 33,235 28,460	Medical services expenses		125,635	138,615
Operating income 1,937 4,615 Other income 532 160 Increase in net position 2,469 4,775 Net position: 33,235 28,460	General administrative expenses	_	29,166	29,685
Other income 532 160 Increase in net position 2,469 4,775 Net position: 33,235 28,460	Total expenses	_	154,801	168,300
Increase in net position 2,469 4,775 Net position: Beginning of year 33,235 28,460	Operating income		1,937	4,615
Net position: Beginning of year 33,235 28,460	Other income	_	532	160
Beginning of year 33,235 28,460	Increase in net position		2,469	4,775
Beginning of year 33,235 28,460	Net position:			
	-		33,235	28,460
	End of year	\$	35,704	33,235

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2019 and 2018

(19) Public Medical Assistance Trust Fund

In 1984, the Agency for Healthcare Administration created a Public Medical Assistance Trust Fund to collect assessments from all hospitals in the state of Florida to fund enhancements to the Medicaid program. Hospitals in the state of Florida are required to deposit into the fund an amount equal to 1.5% of the hospital's prior year net inpatient revenue and 1.0% of the hospital's prior year net outpatient revenue. During fiscal years 2019 and 2018, approximately \$12.4 million and \$12.2 million, respectively, were recorded as an operating expense in the accompanying statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position.

(20) Commitments and Contingencies

a) Operating Leases

The District leases various equipment and facilities under operating lease arrangements. Total rental expense under operating leases in fiscal years 2019 and 2018 was \$10.4 million and \$10.1 million, respectively, which are included in other expenses in the accompanying statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position.

Future minimum lease payments under operating leases as of June 30, 2019, with initial or remaining lease terms in excess of one year are as follows (in thousands of dollars):

Years ending June 30:	
2020	\$ 4,994
2021	2,958
2022	1,561
2023	1,193
2024	498
Thereafter	 810
	\$ 12,014

b) Litigation

The District is involved in litigation and regulatory examinations arising in the normal course of business. Management believes that the ultimate outcome of these matters will not have any adverse material impact on the District's net position, operations, or its cash flows.

The District is involved in a Federal Trade Commission ("FTC") investigation where the FTC has alleged possible violations of Section 5 of the Federal Trade Commission Act in connection with the operation of the Best Choice provider network. The District has been cooperating with the FTC by producing information, documents and designating individuals who can testify before the FTC. At this time, management is unable to determine whether the ultimate outcome of this investigation will have any adverse material impact on the District's net position, operations or its cash flows.

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2019 and 2018

The District has been named as a defendant in a number of malpractice lawsuits. In the event that a claim exceeds its sovereign immunity level, the District may incur charges in excess of its established reserves that could have an adverse impact on the District's net income and net cash flows in the period in which it is recorded or paid. In order for the District to incur liability in excess of its sovereign immunity level, a claims bill must be presented and sponsored by a senator or representative of the State of Florida, passed through committee, and signed by the governor of Florida according to Florida Statute 768.28. The deadline to file new claims bills for the March 1, 2020 session was August 1, 2019 and the District had no new claims bills filed for the upcoming session.

c) Other Industry Risks

The healthcare industry is subject to numerous complex laws and regulations imposed by federal, state, and local governments. Compliance with these laws and regulations can be subject to government review and interpretation by both the District with respect to implementation, as well as the government with respect to retrospective review. In addition, at this time, regulatory actions are unknown and un-asserted. There are routine audits that occur from the State, Federal Government and private payers but no regulatory actions are currently in progress with the exception of the CIA discussed below.

In the past few years, federal government activity has increased with respect to investigations and allegations concerning possible violations by healthcare providers of regulations, which could result in the imposition of significant fines and penalties, as well as significant repayments of previously billed and collected revenue from patient services. There have also been numerous lawsuits filed against nonprofit hospitals related to charity care. These lawsuits allege various hospital practices related to the uninsured, including, among other things, charging uninsured patients more than what insurers would pay for the same services, rapidly raising prices, and aggressive collection policies.

Management believes that the District is in compliance with current laws and regulations, including grant agreements. To the extent that issues with noncompliance are identified, the District's management takes the appropriate steps to correct such matters. Management of the District also takes steps to ensure immediate payback of any funds received as a result of the issue. Management of the District believes that the ultimate exposure from any such matters would not have a material effect on the financial statements of the District.

d) Corporate Integrity Agreement

The Corporate Integrity Agreement (CIA) was entered into between the District and the Office of Inspector General (OIG) to "promote compliance with the statutes, regulations, and written directives of Medicare, Medicaid, and all other Federal health care programs." The CIA became effective on August 31, 2015 (the "Effective Date"), and the period of compliance assumed by the District under the CIA is five years from the Effective Date. Each one year period following the Effective Date, commencing September 1, 2015, is a "Reporting Period."

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2019 and 2018

Compliance Program Requirements

The CIA required the District to establish, within 90-120 days after the Effective Date, and maintain, a Compliance Program that includes the following principal elements:

- A Compliance Officer must be appointed and such position must be maintained for the term of the CIA ("Chief Compliance Officer"). Among other things, the Chief Compliance Officer must develop and implement policies, procedures, and practices to ensure compliance with the CIA and with federal health care program requirements, and monitor the day-to-day compliance activities engaged in by the District as well as report any obligations required under the CIA.
- A Compliance Committee must be appointed, which shall include the Chief Compliance Officer
 and other members of senior management necessary to meet the requirements of the CIA; such
 committee is required to meet at least quarterly.
- The Board of Commissioners of the District, supported by a committee of the Board, is responsible for the review and oversight of matters related to compliance with federal health care program requirements and the obligations of the CIA.
- The District must develop, implement, and distribute a written Code of Conduct to all "Covered Persons" (as defined in the CIA), and develop and implement written policies and procedures regarding the operation of its compliance program.
- The District must develop a written training plan, and provide training to all Covered Persons (as defined in the CIA) regarding the CIA, the Anti-Kickback Statute, and the Stark Law.
- The District must create and maintain a centralized tracking system for all existing and new or renewed arrangements between the District and (i) any actual source of health care business or referrals to the District that involves the offer, payment, or provision of anything of value, or (ii) any physician (or physician's immediate family member) who makes a referral to the District for designated health services, as defined at 42 U.S.C. § 1395nn(h)(6) ("Focus Arrangements").
- The District must establish a Disclosure Program to enable individuals to disclose any issues or questions pertaining to the District's policies, conduct, practices, or procedures with respect to a Federal health care program believed to be a violation of law.

Generally, the District took the following actions in order to implement these Compliance Program requirements, including:

- The District appointed a Senior Vice President Chief Compliance & Privacy Officer and created a Board Compliance and Ethics Committee;
- The Board's Compliance and Ethics Committee reviews and oversees the District's Compliance
 and Ethics Program, including but not limited to the performance of the Chief Compliance
 Officer and the Executive Compliance Workgroup, which serves as the Compliance Committee
 under the CIA;
- The District developed a written Code of Conduct and has implemented written policies and
 procedures regarding the operation of its compliance program, including the compliance
 program requirements contained in the CIA and federal health care program requirements; The
 Code of Conduct is reviewed, updated as necessary, and distributed to all workforce members
 annually.
- The District developed a written training plan and conducted training of Covered Persons and the Board members;
- The District has implemented an improved centralized database for Focus Arrangements;

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2019 and 2018

- The District implemented Focus Arrangement review and approval processes, including ensuring that Focus Arrangements are signed and in writing, and ensuring that Focus Arrangement agreements contain certain provisions required by the CIA;
- The District developed and implemented a centralized annual risk assessment and internal review process to identify and address risks associated with Arrangements; and
- The District established a Disclosure Program that includes a mechanism for individuals to disclose any identified issues or questions and that emphasizes a non-retribution and nonretaliation policy.

Engagement of IRO

The District is required by the terms of the CIA to engage an Independent Review Organization ("IRO") to conduct systems reviews and transactions reviews. The systems review is a review of the District's systems, processes, policies, and procedures relating to the initiation, review, approval and tracking of Arrangements (as defined in the CIA). A systems review is to be performed for the first and fourth Reporting Periods, and for each Reporting Period in which the District materially changes its systems, processes, policies, and procedures. The transaction review is a review, conducted annually, of 50 randomly-selected Focus Arrangements.

Fiscal Year 2019 IRO Update:

- Independent Review Organization Report on Consulting Arrangements July 23, 2018
- Independent Review Organization Letter to Nancy Gregoire regarding Consulting Arrangements Report – August 2, 2018
- Independent Review Organization Letter to Nancy Gregoire regarding Consulting Arrangements Report – October 17, 2018
- Independent Review Organization Report on Third Reporting Period Arrangements Transactions Review of North Broward Hospital District – November 7, 2018
- Independent Review Organization Report Arrangements Systems Review Report for the Third Reporting Period – November 7, 2018

Annual Report

Under the CIA, the District is required to submit an annual report each year to the OIG ("Annual Report"). The Annual Report must detail the status of, and findings regarding, the District's compliance activities for each Reporting Period. The Annual Report must contain a number of elements, including: (i) any change in the identity or position description of the Chief Compliance Officer; (ii) a summary of any changes to the Code of Conduct or the District's policies and procedures; (iii) information regarding the trainings conducted under the training plan; (iv) a copy of all reports prepared by the IRO and the District's response to the reports; (v) a description of the risk assessment and internal review process; (vi) a copy of the District's internal review work plans; (vii) a summary of the disclosures in the disclosure log; and (viii) a summary of Reportable Events (as defined in the CIA).

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019 and 2018

In addition to the Chief Compliance Officer and Chief Executive Officer certifications described above, for each Reporting Period of the CIA, the Board must adopt a resolution summarizing its review and oversight of the District's compliance with federal health care program requirements and the obligations of the CIA.

- North Broward Hospital District Report for the Third Reporting Period Under the HHS-OIG Corporate Integrity Agreement Executed August 31, 2015 – Submitted to OIG on November 7, 2018.
- Response to Independent Review Organization Report on Arrangements Transactions Review of North Broward Hospital District – Submitted with Third Annual Report
- During the District's 3rd annual reporting period to the OIG, the following disclosures were made:
 - On December 28, 2017, the district reported to the OIG a "probable violation" of the Stark Law, which was reported to the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) through the Voluntary Self-Referral Disclosure Protocol. The District's outside counsel, on behalf of the District, reported this "probable violation" of the Stark Law to CMS on December 18, 2017. This matter is still ongoing with CMS.
 - On May 23, 2018, the District reported to the OIG a "probable violation" of the Stark Law, which was reported to CMS through the Voluntary Self-Referral Disclosure Protocol. The District's outside counsel, on behalf of the District, reported this "probable violation" of the Stark Law to CMS on May 23, 2018. This matter is still ongoing with CMS.
 - o On May 30, 2018, the District reported to the OIG that the District engaged in conduct that constitutes a "probable violation" of the Sherman Act and Federal Trade Commission (FTC) Act. In addition, the District disclosed this "probable violation" to the FTC and is currently responding to additional information requested by the FTC. The amount of any penalties, if any, cannot be determined at this time.
- Subsequently to filing the District's 3rd annual report to the OIG, the following disclosures were made:
 - On December 18, 2018, the District reported to the OIG a "probable violation" of the Fair Market Value Requirement (411.357(c)(2)(i)) of one physician employment agreement. The District's outside counsel, on behalf of the District, reported this "probable violation" of the Fair Market Value Requirement to CMS on December 18, 2018. This matter is still ongoing with CMS.

Potential Penalties under the CIA

If the OIG determines that the District has failed to comply with its CIA obligations, it has the authority to impose contractually stipulated penalties, which could be material to the organization. The OIG provides notice if it finds a failure to comply, which includes notice of the OIG's exercise of its contractual right to demand payment of penalties. The OIG provided such notice to the District on June 20, 2019. The stipulated penalty request was for \$690,000 which the District paid. The

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019 and 2018

penalty was the result for specific items: 1) Failure to comply with section III.B.2 which, requires the District to "develop and implement written Policies and Procedures for topics such as the Anti-Kickback Statute and the Stark Law 2) Failure to comply with Section III.C. which requires a written training plan. The training plan for CIA Year 3 was not executed; 3) Failure to comply with Sections III.D.1 and III. D.2 which requires the District to maintain a centralized tracking system for all existing and new or renewed focus arrangements; and 4) Failure to comply with Section III.G. which requires the District to maintain a disclosure log and update any disclosure received within 48 hours of receipt.

(21) Significant Business Risk

The District receives a significant amount of reimbursements from Medicaid. The Florida State Legislature, the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS), and the Florida Medicaid Agency continually evaluate the terms of the Medicaid Program. If the terms of the Medicaid program change, the District cannot determine what impact this will have on future funding. During the 2019 state legislative session, there were two significant bills that passed that could have significant business risk in the future, HB21 Certificate of Need (CON) Repeal and HB843 24-Hour Stays in Ambulatory Surgical Centers. In addition, during and subsequent to June 30, 2019 the District has operated with open Board of Commissioners seats, which the District's Board of Commissioners are appointed by the Governor of the State of Florida. Further, as noted previously, the District failed to comply with certain requirements of the CIA discussed in Note 20(d). These items individually and in the aggregate pose a significant business risk to the organization.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019 and 2018

(22) Condensed Financial Information – Component Units

The following tables represent the condensed financial information of the District's component units at June 30, 2019 (in thousands of dollars):

	Children's Diagnostic & Treatment Center	Broward Health Foundation	Total Claims Administration	Broward Health ACO	Total of Blended Component Units
Assets:					
Due from other components \$ Other current assets	10,721	1,556 11,612	3,371	12,275	1,556 37,979
Total current assets	10,721	13,168	3,371	12,275	39,535
Capital assets, net Other assets	1,278 343	1 7,433	2,638	1,649	2,928 10,414
Total assets	12,342	20,602	6,009	13,924	52,877
Deferred outflows of resources	236	12	67	37	352
Liabilities:					
Due to other components Other current liabilities	705 11,281	12,056	220 452	14,064 201	14,989 23,990
Total current liabilities	11,986	12,056	672	14,265	38,979
Other long-term liabilities	4,164	144	457	308	5,073
Total liabilities	16,150	12,200	1,129	14,573	44,052
Deferred inflows of resources	645	22	88	37_	792
Net position: Net investment in capital					
assets	1,278	1	_	1,649	2,928
Restricted net position Unrestricted net position	5,867 (11,362)	20,436 (12,045)	4,859	(2,298)	26,303 (20,846)
Total net position \$	(4,217)	8,392	4,859	(649)	8,385

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019 and 2018

	_	Children's Diagnostic & Treatment Center	Broward Health Foundation	Total Claims Administration	Broward Health ACO	Total of Blended Component Units
Operating revenues	\$_	16,426	_	758	9,247	26,431
Operating expenses	_	18,636	803	1,637	1,489	22,565
Operating income (loss) Nonoperating revenues Capital contributions	_	(2,210) 672 5	(803) 756 —	(879) 125	7,758 — —	3,866 1,553 5
Increase (decrease) in net position		(1,533)	(47)	(754)	7,758	5,424
Net position: Beginning of year	_	(2,684)	8,439	5,613	(8,407)	2,961
End of year	\$_	(4,217)	8,392	4,859	(649)	8,385

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2019 and 2018

The following tables represent the condensed financial information of the District's component units at June 30, 2018 (in thousands of dollars):

	Children's Diagnostic & Treatment Center	Broward Health Foundation	Total Claims Administration	Broward Health ACO	Total of Blended Component Units
Assets:					
Due from other components \$ Other current assets	10,125	443 11,159	4,554	7,946	443 33,784
Total current assets	10,125	11,602	4,554	7,946	34,227
Capital assets, net Other assets	1,331 138	2 8,434	1 2,526	4,212	5,546 11,098
Total assets	11,594	20,038	7,081	12,158	50,871
Deferred outflows of resources	321	15	52	48	436
Liabilities:				_	
Due to other components Other current liabilities	1,344 10,482	11,454	412 567	15,431 4,832	17,187 27,335
Total current liabilities	11,826	11,454	979	20,263	44,522
Other long-term liabilities	4,137	141	475	315	5,068
Total liabilities	15,963	11,595	1,454	20,578	49,590
Deferred inflows of resources	535	18	66	35	654
Net position: Net investment in capital					
assets	1,331	2	1	4,212	5,546
Restricted net position	5,214	19,768	_	_	24,982
Unrestricted net position	(9,229)	(11,331)	5,612	(12,619)	(27,567)
Total net position \$	(2,684)	8,439	5,613	(8,407)	2,961

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019 and 2018

	D	Children's Diagnostic & Treatment Center	Broward Health Foundation	Total Claims Administration	Broward Health ACO	Total of Blended Component Units
Operating revenues	\$	16,943		1,869	1,708	20,520
Operating expenses	_	16,672	979	2,229	1,100	20,980
Operating income (loss)	_	271	(979)	(360)	608	(460)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)		415	(6,037)	169	_	(5,453)
Capital contributions	_	48				48
Increase (decrease) in net position		734	(7,016)	(191)	608	(5,865)
Net position:						
Beginning of year, as adjusted (see note 2)		(3,418)	15,455	5,804	(9,015)	8,826
End of year	\$	(2,684)	8,439	5,613	(8,407)	2,961

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (Unaudited)

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios – Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Unaudited)

June 30, 2015 Through June 30, 2019

(in thousands)

		2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Total Pension Liability	_			· ·		
Service cost Interest on total pension liability Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses Effect of assumption changes or inputs Benefit payments	\$	14,202 \$ 22,571 (1,684) (4,753) (30,555)	11,692 25,251 (3,996) 20,211 (31,731)	11,114 25,255 (2,843) (4,654) (27,411)	10,603 24,568 (2,600) 965 (25,626)	9,775 25,875 — (5,629) (24,520)
Net change in total pension liability		(219)	21,427	1,461	7,910	5,501
Total pension liability, beginning	_	361,981	340,554	339,093	331,184	325,683
Total pension liability, ending (a)	\$	361,762 \$	361,981	340,554	339,094	331,184
Fiduciary Net Position						
Employer contributions Investment income net of investment expenses Benefit payments Administrative expenses	\$	16,000 \$ 25,602 (30,555) (1,867)	16,010 39,513 (31,731) (2,131)	17,000 42,243 (27,411) (2,273)	15,200 (1,210) (25,626) (2,126)	17,600 15,583 (24,520) (2,533)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	_	9,180	21,661	29,559	(13,762)	6,130
Fiduciary net position, beginning		365,519	343,858	314,299	328,061	321,931
Fiduciary net position, ending (b)	\$	374,699 \$	365,519	343,858	314,299	328,061
Net pension (asset) liability, ending = (a) - (b)	\$	(12,937) \$	(3,538)	(3,304)	24,795	3,123
Fiduciary net position as a % of total pension liability	_	103.58%	100.98%	100.97%	92.69%	99.06%
Covered payroll	\$	377,071 \$	375,867	376,441	353,296	351,806
Net pension (asset) liability as a % of covered payroll		-3.43%	-0.94%	-0.88%	7.02%	0.89%

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

Schedule of Employer Contributions – Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Unaudited)

July 1, 2009 Through June 30, 2019 (in thousands)

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	 Actuarially Determined Contribution*	 Actual Employer Contribution**	 Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	 Covered Payroll	Contribution as a % of Covered Payroll
2019	\$ 9,747	\$ 16,000	\$ (6,253)	\$ 377,071	4.24%
2018	9,028	16,010	(6,982)	375,867	4.26%
2017	11,052	17,491	(6,439)	376,441	4.65%
2016	11,834	15,656	(3,822)	353,296	4.43%
2015	14,957	18,126	(3,169)	351,806	5.15%
2014	15,688	18,169	(2,481)	336,524	5.40%
2013	17,205	20,204	(2,999)	345,555	5.85%
2012	17,120	19,587	(2,467)	335,101	5.85%
2011	14,042	19,658	(5,616)	315,874	6.22%
2010	11,932	19,605	(7,673)	307,858	6.37%

^{*}Minimum contribution determined as of plan year-end under Florida statutes.

Notes to Schedule

Assumed rate of return on investments 6.25%

Mortality basis RP-2000 Combined healthy mortality with generational projection

per Scale BB

Amortization method Level dollar layered

Existing amortization period 15 years

Asset valuation method

Smoothing period Three years

Corridor 90% to 110% of Market

Assumed inflation rate 2.50%
Salary increases 4.50%
Cost of living adjustments None

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

^{**}Interest adjusted to plan year-end.

Schedule of Money-Weighted Rate of Return – Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Unaudited)
Year ended June 30, 2019

Fiscal Year Ending	Net Money-Weighted
June 30	Rate of Return
2010	N/A
2011	N/A
2012	N/A
2013	N/A
2014	N/A
2015	4.87%
2016	-0.38%
2017	13.96%
2018	11.71%
2019	7.09%

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios (Unaudited) June 30, 2019 and 2018 (in thousands)

		2019	2018
Total OPEB Liability			
Service cost	\$	2,246 \$	3,066
Interest on total OPEB liability		6,083	8,217
Effect of plan changes			(68,863)
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses		(1,906)	_
Effect of assumption changes or inputs		1,921	(6,393)
Benefit payments	_	(6,532)	(8,563)
Net change in total OPEB liability		1,812	(72,536)
Total OPEB liability, beginning, as adjusted (see note 2)		158,175	230,711
Total OPEB liability, ending	\$ _	159,987 \$	158,175
Covered payroll	\$	385,993 \$	428,904
Total OPEB liability as a % of covered payroll		41.45%	36.88%

See accompanying independent auditors' report.



Combining Schedule of Net Position

June 30, 2019

(In thousands of dollars)

Total	22,709	16,634 512,727	7,437	142,401 35,233	21,220 47,463	805,824	38,698 932	39,630 (7,437)	32,193	228,162 	1,662,803	25,117 10,915 1,665	37,697
Eliminations	l	-			(21,358)	(21,357)					(21,357)		
Other Non-Hospital Entities	22,690	7,626 512,727	989	1,785	55,400	601,795	2,776	3,708 (686)	3,022	228,162 (1,006,852) 102,296 57 16,851	(54,669)	2,866 2,718 334	5,918
Foundation	l	8,693			2,919	11,612				1,556 1 6 7,427	20,602	= 1	12
Broward Health Coral Springs	4	25	707	18,732 4,399	1,156	25,753	6,018	6,018 (707)	5,311	148,039 105,504 1,897	286,504	811 1,277 219	2,307
Broward Health Imperial Point	2	2	761	12,823 3,008	2,776 770	20,142	5,506	5,506 (761)	4,745	74,400 42,397 1,485	143,169	1,189 939 162	2,290
Broward Health North	4	102	1,631	30,924 9,533	5,992 1,706	49,892	5,983	5,983 (1,631)	4,352	103,609 113,930 2,632	274,415	2,134 1,532 302	3,968
Broward Health Medical Center	6	185	3,652	78,137 17,412	11,296 7,296	117,987	18,415	18,415 (3,652)	14,763	679,248 196,365 5,776	1,014,139	18,117 4,438 647	23,202
Assets		Cash and investments externally restricted by donors Short-term investments	Assets whose use is inmited required for current liabilities	Due from patients and other, net of allowance for uncollectibles Inventories	Estimated third-party payor settlements Other current assets	Total current assets	Assets whose use is limited – Cash and investments: Amounts designated for self-insurance Project fund from debt issuance	Less amount required to meet current obligations	Assets whose use is limited, net	Investments Due from/(to) affiliates Capital assets, net Net pension asset Other assets	Total assets	Deferred outflows of resources: Loss on debt refundings Deferred pension amounts Deferred other postemployment benefits	Total deferred outflows of resources

NORTH BROWARD HOSPITAL DISTRICT

Combining Schedule of Net Position (Continued)

June 30, 2019

(In thousands of dollars)

Total	5,025 115,353 29,390 29,940 1,749 38,126	227,020	337,242 5,903 23,883 159,987	754,035	23,192 6,347	29,539	236,624 26,968 653,334	916,926
Eliminations	(21,357)	(21,357)		(21,357)				
Other Non-Hospital Entities	1,763 36,728 10,441 6,952 —	56,570	118,394 - 5,454 34,595	215,013	5,528 1,262	6,790	(14,065) 6,218 (262,707)	(270,554)
Foundation	12,015 40 1 —	12,056		12,200	17	22	1 20,436 (12,045)	8,392
Broward Health Coral Springs	328 12,626 3,317 3,612 662 5,726	26,978	21,996 2,563 2,509 20,008	74,054	2,800	3,617	80,768 25 130,347	211,140
Broward Health Imperial Point	307 8,609 2,341 2,648 315 1,463	16,444	20,582 1,527 2,932 15,174	56,659	2,135	2,758	20,855 2 65,185	86,042
Broward Health North	339 20,356 4,550 5,224 5,224 3,940	36,040	22,718 — 3,481 26,146	88,385	3,708 1,136	4,844	93,008 102 92,044	185,154
Broward Health Medical Center	2,288 46,376 8,701 11,503 772 26,997 3,652	100,289	153,552 1,813 9,468 63,959	329,081	9,004 2,504	11,508	56,057 185 640,510	696,752
Liabilities	Current liabilities: Current maturities of revenue bonds payable Accounts payable and accrued expenses Accrued salaries, benefits and payroll taxes Accrued personal leave Current portion of lease obligations Estimated third-party payor settlements Current portion of self-insurance program liability	Total current liabilities	Revenue bonds, net of current maturities Lease obligations, net of current portion Self-insurance program liability, net of current portion Other postemployment benefit program liability	Total liabilities	Deferred inflows of resources: Deferred pension amounts Deferred other postemployment benefits	Total deferred inflows of resources	Net position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted for donor restrictions Unrestricted	Total net position \$

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

NORTH BROWARD HOSPITAL DISTRICT

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

Year ended June 30, 2019

(In thousands of dollars)

Total	956,786 77,584	1,034,370	510,111	12,534	235,087	18,604	20,288 13,261	56,829 90,937	1,163,194	(128,824)	128,635 39,898 (17,362) (8,983)	142,188	13,364	103	13,467	903,459	916,926
Eliminations	(10,224)	(10,224)	(589)	(3,610)	(601)			(3,850)	(10,224)						1		
Other Non-Hospital Entities	28,226 53,141	81,367	124,357 25,498	1,403	7,924	5,353	3,339 829	13,089 (73,553)	122,960	(41,593)	(28) 37,626 (5,424) (1,624)	30,550	(11,043)	103	(10,940)	(259,614)	(270,554)
Foundation			595 102		- "	2.0		2 93	804	(804)	155	757	(47)		(47)	8,439	8,392
Broward Health Coral Springs	154,468 491	154,959	66,424 14,085	2,411	26,686	2,079	2,003 1,953	7,579 28,156	163,940	(8,981)	17,547 883 (1,097) (712)	16,621	7,640		7,640	203,500	211,140
Broward Health Imperial Point	98,013 436	98,449	45,316	1,355	20,861	1,778	2,329 1,371	4,398 22,274	119,429	(20,980)	15,495 567 (1,065)	14,632	(6,348)		(6,348)	92,390	86,042
Broward Health North	216,473	223,519	90,959	1,909	4,034 63,894 1,027	2,931	3,929 2,820	9,996 39,506	255,153	(31,634)	38,313 163 (1,247) (1,728)	35,501	3,867		3,867	181,287	185,154
Broward Health Medical Center	459,606 26,694	486,300	182,460 41,563	5,456	115,722	6,461	5,000 6,288	21,765	511,132	(24,832)	57,308 504 (8,529) (5,156)	44,127	19,295		19,295	677,457	696,752
	Operating revenues: Net patient service revenue (net of provision for uncollectible accounts) Other operating revenue	Total operating revenues	Operating expenses: Salaries Employee benefits	Processional tees Processional tees Process and temporary labor Outside Committees	Susate services Supplies Incurpance	Utilities	Repairs and maintenance State assessments	Depreciation and amortization Other	Total operating expenses	Operating loss	Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Ad valorem tax revenue Investment income, net Interest expense Other	Total nonoperating revenues	Income (loss) before capital contributions	Capital contributions	Increase (decrease) in net position	Net position: Beginning of year	End of year \$

See accompanying independent auditors' report.



NORTH BROWARD HOSPITAL DISTRICT Schedule of Functional Expenses of Broward County Grants For the year ended June 30, 2019

	R	Rvan White			Ry	Rvan White					Rva	Rvan White		
	An	Ambulatory Care	Σ _	Medical Home	Am	Ambulatory Care	Rya. Cas	Ryan White Case Mgmt	Ryan Phar	Ryan White Pharmacy	Dise N	Disease Case Mgmt		Total
		272103	7	272128	1	111206	11	111210	111211	211	11	111220		
Salaries	↔	174,297	↔	686,517	↔	385,384	∨	111,282	\$	1,395	↔	124,994	↔	1,483,869
Agency		574				1		1		ı		1		574
Employee Benefits		50,473		197,288		109,541		42,907		457		31,714		432,380
Fees Other		3,203		1,230		12,515		906		ı		1		17,854
Supplies		7,873		5,339		4,969		1	1	164,267		1		182,448
Capital Expenditures		1		1		1		ı		1		1		ı
Other		124,971		49,270		272,552		1,079				1,522		449,394
Total Direct Expenses		361,391		939,644		784,961		156,174	-	166,119		158,230		2,566,519
Common Service Administration Allocation		13,493 32,114		36,388 92,253		195,756 110,313		10,260 8,246		468 6,951		10,116		266,481 257,622
Total Expenses	↔	406,998	∨	1,068,285	∽	1,091,030 \$	\$	174,680	\$	173,538	↔	176,091	\$	3,090,622

See independent auditors' report

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Cash Receipts of Broward County Grants For the Year Ended June 30, 2019 NORTH BROWARD HOSPITAL DISTRICT

	Ryan White Ambulatory	Vhite atory	Medical	Ryan White Ambulatory	Ryan White	Ryan White	Ryan White Disease Case	
	Care 272103	.e 03	Home 272128	Care 111206	Case Mgmt 111210	Pharmacy 111211	Mgmt 111220	Total
Grant Revenue Federal	\$	140,732 \$		\$ 829,918	\$ 139,388	\$ 164,267	\$ 139,362 \$	1,413,667
Grant Revenue County Grant Revenue Private		1.000					' '	1.000
Other Revenue (Net)		697	ı	ı	ı	ı	1	697
Total Revenues		142,429	969,155	829,918	139,388	164,267	139,362	2,384,519
Salaries	1	174,297	686,517	385,384	111,282	1,395	124,994	1,483,869
Agency		574	ı	•	ı	1		574
Employee Benefits		50,473	197,288	109,541	42,907	457	31,714	432,380
Fees Other		3,203	1,230	12,515	906	1		17,854
Supplies		7,873	5,339	4,969	ı	164,267	ı	182,448
Capital Expenditures		1	ı	1	ı	1	ı	1
Other		124,971	49,270	272,552	1,079		1,522	449,394
Total Direct Expenses	, ,	361,391	939,644	784,961	156,174	166,119	158,230	2,566,519
Common Service Administration Allocation		13,493 32,114	36,388 92,253	195,756 110,313	10,260 8,246	468 6,951	10,116 7,745	266,481 257,622
Total Expenses	4	406,998	1,068,285	1,091,030	174,680	173,538	176,091	3,090,622
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenue Over Expenses	⇔	(264,569) \$	(99,130)	\$ (261,112) \$	(35,292)	\$ (9,271) \$	36,729) \$	(706,103)
Cash Receipts	↔	118,191 \$	997,489	\$ 984,446 \$	129,193	\$ 176,906 \$	3 165,344 \$	2,571,569

See independent auditors' report

Schedule of Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services (Baker Act Contract) - Actual Expenses and Revenues

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

AGENCY: Florida Department of Children and Families

DATE PREPARED: _10_/31_/2019

CONTRACT #: 34364-18

BUDGET PERIOD: FROM 07 / 01 / 2018 TO 06 / 30 / 2019

PART I: ACTUAL FUNDING SOURCES & REVENUES

				SAMH COVER	SAMH COVERED SERVICES					
	STATE SAMH-	STATE SAMH-FUNDED COVERED SERVICES	ED SERVICES							
	Program 1					Detail of	Detail of Non-SAMH Cost Center	enter		
			7-4-16	9 7 7 6						
FUNDING SOURCES & REVENUES	Mental Health Grants	Total for Program 1	SAMH-Funded Covered Services	1 otal for Non- State-Funded Covered Services	Total for All Covered Services	Cost Center 126030	Cost Center 126080	Cost Center 126081	Non-SAMH Covered Services	Total Funding
STATE SAMH FUNDING		ı								
Mental Health Grant from DCF	\$ 1,280,602	\$ 1,280,602	\$ 1,280,602		\$ 1,280,602	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1	s	· •	\$ 1,280,602
TOTAL STATE SAMH FUNDING	1,280,602	1,280,602	1,280,602		1,280,602				•	1,280,602
OTHER GOVT. FUNDING										
Other State Agency Funding	•	•	•	•	,	,	,	•	•	,
Medicaid	445,913	445,913	445,913	•	445,913	3,039,016	2,253,514	•	5,292,530	5,738,443
Local Government	•	,	•	•	,		1	•	•	•
Federal Grants and Contracts		ı		•	1			•		1
In-kind from Local Government Only	1	•	1	•	•					1
TOTAL OTHER GOV. FUNDING	445,913	445,913	445,913	ı	445,913	3,039,016	2,253,514	1	5,292,530	5,738,443
ALL OTHER REVENUES										
1st & 2nd Party Payments	,	•	•	•	,		1	1	•	•
3rd Party Payments (except Medicare)	128,931	128,931	128,931	•	128,931	1,182,722	878,205	1	2,060,927	2,189,858
Medicare	3,844,701	3,844,701	3,844,701		3,844,701	3,913,333	5,958,379	•	9,871,712	13,716,413
Contributions and Donations	•	•	1	•	•			•	•	1
Other	5,171,649	5,171,649	5,171,649	•	5,171,649	3,206,006	1,421,299	•	4,627,305	9,798,954
In-kind	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL ALL OTHER REVENUES	9,145,281	9,145,281	9,145,281		9,145,281	8,302,061	8,257,883	•	16,559,944	25,705,225
TOTAL FUNDING \$	\$ 10,871,796	\$ 10,871,796 \$	\$ 10,871,796 \$	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$ 10,871,796 \$	3 11,341,077 \$	10,511,397 \$		\$ 21,852,474 \$	\$ 32,724,270

Schedule of Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services (Baker Act Contract) - Actual Expenses and Revenues - Continued

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

AGENCY: Florida Department of Children and Families

CONTRACT #: JH330

DATE PREPARED: _10_/_31_/_2019

BUDGET PERIOD: FROM _07_/_01_/_2018_ TO _06_/_30_/_2019

32,459 823,641 163,246 1,636,432 9,968 245,393 487,330 1,762,037 18,540,612 11,857,533 6,683,079 6,683,079 18,540,612 8,459,064 10,095,496 Total Expenses Administration Other Support Covered Services 3,526,808 255,400 26,441 108,141 134,582 3,916,790 3,916,790 3,916,790 3,782,208 Non-SAMH 6 451 451 451 451 451 Cost Center Detail of Non-SAMH Cost Center 1,763,245 1,947,019 127,580 49,671 1,947,019 1,947,019 6,523 1,890,825 Cost Center S 1,763,563 58,470 19,467 127,820 1,969,320 1,969,320 1,969,320 77,937 1,891,383 Cost Center 126030 S Covered Services 4,932,256 896'6 32,459 823,641 163,246 137,252 460,889 14,623,822 ,627,455 7,940,743 6,683,079 14,623,822 6,313,288 1,381,032 6,683,079 Total for All S Covered Services Covered Services Total for Non-State-Funded STATE-DESIGNATED SAMH COST CENTERS 4,932,256 \$ Total for State SAMH-Funded 32,459 823,641 163,246 137,252 460,889 1,627,455 14,623,822 896'6 7,940,743 6,683,079 6,683,079 14,623,822 1,381,032 6,313,288 STATE SAMH-FUNDED COST CENTERS 4,932,256 \$ Program 1 Total 32,459 823,641 163,246 137,252 460,889 14,623,822 1,381,032 896,6 1,627,455 7,940,743 6,683,079 14,623,822 6,313,288 6,683,079 4,932,256 32,459 823,641 163,246 137,252 460,889 896'6 1,627,455 14,623,822 1,381,032 6,313,288 7,940,743 6,683,079 6,683,079 14,623,822 Mental Health Grants TOTAL ALLOWABLE OPERATING EXPENSES \$ TOTAL PERSONNEL EXPENSES TOTAL PERSONNEL & OTHER EXPENSES TOTAL DISTR'D INDIRECT COSTS TOTAL ACTUAL OPERATING EXPENSES PART II: ACTUAL EXPENSES EXPENSE CATEGORIES DISTRIBUTED INDIRECT COSTS Operating Supplies & Expenses Other Support Costs (Optional) CAPITAL EXPENDITURES PERSONNEL EXPENSES UNALLOWABLE COSTS Medical and Pharmacy Subcontracted Services Professional Services Building Occupancy OTHER EXPENSES Fringe Benefits Food Services Donated Items Interest Paid Equipment Insurance Salaries Travel Other

NORTH BROWARD HOSPITAL DISTRICT
Baker Act Contract - Schedule of Bed-Days Available Payments
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

			Amount Owed to	Department	(G-H or \$0,	Whichever is	Greater)	I
				Maximum \$	Value of Units	in Column F	$(\mathbf{F}\mathbf{x}\ \mathbf{C})$	Н
				Amount Paid	for Services by Value of Units	the	Department	G
			Maximum #	of Units Eligible Amount Paid Maximum \$	Local Govt. or for Payment	Other State by Department	(D-E)	Ŧ
Total Units of	Service Paid	for by 3rd	Party	Contracts,	Local Govt. or	Other State	Agencies	E
					Total Units	of Services	Provided	D
						Contracted	Rate	C
							Covered Service	В
							Program	A

	ı	1	ı	1
<i>⇔</i>	967,920	ı	ı	
<i>\$</i>	967,502	ı	1	ı
<i>\$</i> }	2,960	ı	1	ı
⇔		ı	ı	ı
·	2,960	ı	ı	I
	327	ı	ı	1
Unit \$	Unit	tox	tox	tial Treatment
Crisis Stabilization Unit	Crisis Stabilization Unit	Substance Abuse Detox	Substance Abuse Detox	Short-Term Residential Treatment
Children's MH	Adult MH	Children's SA	Adult SA	Adult MH

Baker Act Contract - Schedule of State Earnings For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	 2019
1 Total Expenditures	\$ 14,623,822
2 Less Other State and Federal Funds	4,290,614
3 Less Non-Match SAMH Funds	980,602
4 Less Unallowable Cost Per 65E-14, FAC	_
5 Total Allowable Expenditures (Sum of lines 1, 2, 3, and 4.)	9,352,606
6 Maximum Available Earnings (Line 5 times 75%)	7,014,455
7 Amount of State Funds Requiring Match (Amount of contract funds paid by the department less line 3)	340,452
8 Amount Due to Department	\$ 6,674,003
(Subtract line 7 from line 6. If negative, the amount of the difference is due the department up to the amount of line 7.)	







INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Commissioners North Broward Hospital District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the business-type activities and the aggregate remaining fund information of the North Broward Hospital District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 31, 2019.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Birmingham, Alabama October 31, 2019

Warren averett, LLC





INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND STATE PROJECT AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND CHAPTER 10.550, RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA

To the Board of Commissioners North Broward Hospital District

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and State Project

We have audited the North Broward Hospital District's (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* and the requirements described in the *Florida Department of Financial Services' State Projects Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs and state projects for the year ended June 30, 2019. The District's major federal programs and state projects are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal and state statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal and state awards applicable to its federal programs and state projects.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major federal programs and state projects based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida* (Chapter 10.550). Those standards, the Uniform Guidance, and Chapter 10.550 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program or state project occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program and state project. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program and State Project

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal programs and state projects for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program and state project to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and state project and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program or state project on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program or state project will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program or state project that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Birmingham, Alabama December 11, 2019

Warren averett, LLC

NORTH BROWARD HOSPITAL DISTRICT Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	CFDA No.	Contract Grant No.	Federal Expenditures	Transfers to Subrecipients
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES U.S. Department of Health and Human Services - Direct Programs				
Grants to Provide Outpatient Early Intervention Services with Respect to HIV Disease Grants to Provide Outpatient Early Intervention Services with Respect to HIV Disease Grants to Provide Outpatient Early Intervention Services with Respect to HIV Disease Grants to Provide Outpatient Early Intervention Services with Respect to HIV Disease Total Outpatient Early Intervention Services with Respect to HIV Disease	93.918 93.918 93.918 93.918	6 H76HA00210-20-02 Carry Over 2 H76HA00210-21-00 6 H76HA00210-21-01 5 H76HA00210-22-00	\$ 17,744 109,156 653,028 116,545 896,473	\$ - - - -
* Coordinated Services and Access to Research for Women, Infants, Children, and Youth * Coordinated Services and Access to Research for Women, Infants, Children, and Youth Total Coordinated Services and Access to Research for Women, Infants, Children, and Youth	93.153 93.153	6H12HA24787-06-01 5H12HA24787-07-00	137,472 1,599,708 1,737,180	- -
* RWC Title III HIV Capacity Development and Planning Total RWC Title III HIV Capacity Development and Planning	93.918	P06HA31407-01-00	79,885 79,885	
Health Centers Program Cluster: Affordable Care Act (ACA) Grants for New and Expanded Services Under the Health Centers Program Affordable Care Act (ACA) Grants for New and Expanded Services Under the Health Centers Program Affordable Care Act (ACA) Grants for New and Expanded Services Under the Health Centers Program Total Affordable Care Act (ACA) Grants for New and Expanded Services Under the Health Centers Program	93.527 93.527 93.527	5H80CS00019-17-05 6H80CS00019-17-08 5H80CS00019-18-00	309,535 1,007,463 670,706 1,987,704	72,133 - 72,133
Capital Assistance For Hurricane Response and Recovery Efforts Consolidated Health Centers (Health Care for the Homeless) Consolidated Health Centers (Health Care for the Homeless) Total Consolidated Health Centers (Health Care for the Homeless)	93.224 93.224 93.224	C13CS32070 6H80CS00019-17-08 5H80CS00019-18-00	12,572 501,710 259,262 773,544	27,616 27,616
Total Health Centers Program Cluster			2,761,248	99,749
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services - Direct Programs			5,474,786	99,749
Pass-Through Broward County:				
HIV Emergency Relief Project Grants (RW Part A - Outpatient Medical)	93.914	17-CP-HCS-8111-RW-01(Mar.'18 -	669,733	
HIV Emergency Relief Project Grants (RW Part A - Outpatient Medical)	93.914	Feb.'19) 17-CP-HCS-8111-RW-01(Mar.'19 -	239,694	-
* HIV Emergency Relief Project Grants (RW Part A - Outpatient Medical)	93.914	Feb.'20) 17-CP-HCS-8111-RW-01(Mar.'18 -	80,042	-
* HIV Emergency Relief Project Grants (RW Part A - Outpatient Medical)	93.914	Feb.'19) 17-CP-HCS-8111-RW-01(Mar.'19 -	103,256	-
HIV Emergency Relief Project Grants (RW CM)	93.914	Feb.'20) 17-CP-HCS-8111-RW-01(Mar.'18 -	89,575	-
HIV Emergency Relief Project Grants (RW CM)	93.914	Feb.'19) 17-CP-HCS-8111-RW-01(Mar.'19 -	51,040	-
HIV Emergency Relief Project Grants (RW Pharmacy)	93.914	Feb.'20) 17-CP-HCS-8111-RW-01(Mar.'18 -	117,634	-
HIV Emergency Relief Project Grants (RW Pharmacy)	93.914	Feb.'19) 17-CP-HCS-8111-RW-01(Mar.'19 -	46,633	-
HIV Emergency Relief Project Grants (RW Part A- DCM)	93.914	Feb.'20) 17-CP-HCS-8111-RW-01(Mar.'18 -	97,152	-
HIV Emergency Relief Project Grants (RW Part A- DCM)	93.914	Feb.'19) 17-CP-HCS-8111-RW-01(Mar.'19 -	46,390	-
Total HIV Emergency Relief Project Grants		Feb.'20)	1,541,149	
Pass-Through State of Florida:				
HIV Prevention Activities (High Impact Prevention)	93.940	BW714	124,144	-
Expanded Test Initiative (ETI)	93.940	BW713	73,736	-
HIV Prevention Activities (CODPN) * Targeted Outreach for Pregnant Women Act (TOPWA)	93.940 93.917	CODPN CODMJ R2	58,264 166,332	-
Total HIV Prevention Activities			422,476	
Pass-Through Broward Healthy Start Coalition, Inc.:				
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	BHFY 16-17 Amend. #2	126,836	-
Medical Assistance Program Total Medical Assistance Program	93.778	BH18HS	60,027 186,863	
		D. V. C.		
Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant to the States Total Maternal Child Health Services Block grant to the States	93.994	BHFY 16-17 Amend. #2	44,564 44,564	-
Pass-Through Florida Department of Elders Affairs				
Alzheimer's Disease Supportive Service Program	93.051	XQ025	88,553	75,267
Total Florida Department of Elders Affairs			88,553	75,267

NORTH BROWARD HOSPITAL DISTRICT Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	CFDA No.	Contract Grant No.	Federal Expenditures	Transfers to Subrecipients
Pass-Through Broward Behavioral Health Coalition				
Baker Act (Adult Mental Health) Total Mental Health Block Grant	93.958	BBHC#34364-17	35,900 35,900	
Total Melital Health Block Grant			33,700	
Baker Act (Adult Mental Health)	93.958	BBHC#34364-17	133,371	
Total Mental Health Block Grant			133,371	
Research and Development Cluster:				
Pass-Through National Childhood Cancer Foundation:				
Cancer Treatment Research (COG - CHOP Trial)	93.395	1017190	28,975 28,975	
Total Cancer Treatment Research			28,973	
Pass-Through University of Florida:				
Cancer Treatment Research (NRG-UF Trial) Total Cancer Treatment Research	93.395	1017349	10,243	
Total Cancer Treatment Research			10,243	
Pass-Through Harvard School of Public Health:				
* Child Health and Human Development Extramural Research (ATN Community) * Child Health and Human Development Extramural Research (ATN Community)	93.865 93.865	5U01 HD052102-13 5U01HD052102-14	7,540	-
* Child Health and Human Development Extramural Research (ATN Community) * Child Health and Human Development Extramural Research (SMAART)	93.865	5U01HD052102-14 5U01HD052102-14	112,774 303,921	-
Total Child Health and Human Development Extramural Research	75.005	5001111505210211	424,235	
Pass-Through University of North Carolina:				
* Adolescent Medicine Trials Network for HIV AIDS Interventions ATN Coordinating Center (ATN TERA)	93.865	5U24HD089880.03	24,778	-
Total Adolescent Medicine Trials Network for HIV AIDS Interventions ATN Coordinating Center			24,778	_
Total Research and Development Cluster			488,231	
TOTAL U.S DEPT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES			8,415,893	175,016
U.S DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION				
Early Intervention Services (IDEA) Cluster:				
Pass-Through State of Florida Department of Health:				
* Special Education-Grants for Infants and Families(EIP)	84.181	COQTW	3,399,708	
TOTAL U.S DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			3,399,708	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ 11,815,601	\$ 175,016
* Programs administered by Children Diagnostic & Treatment Center, Inc. (CDTC)				
		Control		
	CSFA	Contract Grant	State	Transfers to
State Agency/State Project	No.	No.	Expenditures	Subrecipients
STATE OF FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH				
Trauma Center Financial Support (Red Light)	64.075	TRA04	\$ 470,216	\$ -
Trauma Center Financial Support (Red Light)	64.075	TRA13	366,020	
Total State of Florida Department of Health			836,236	-
STATE OF FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF ELDER AFFAIRS				
Alzheimer's Disease Initiative- Memory Disorder Clinic	65.002	XZ705.A1	169,758	
Total Department of Elder Affairs			169,758	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE			\$ 1,005,994	\$ -

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

1. GENERAL

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance (the Schedule) presents the activity of all federal award programs and state financial assistance projects of the North Broward Hospital District (the District) for the year ended June 30, 2019. Federal awards and state financial assistance expended from federal and state agencies, and federal awards passed through other government agencies, are included in the Schedule.

The Schedule includes \$6,015,415 in federal awards and state financial assistance of the Children's Diagnostic & Treatment Center (CDTC), which is a blended component unit of the District. CDTC engaged other auditors to perform an audit of compliance for the year ended June 30, 2019.

2. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The District maintains its accounting records in accordance with the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The Schedule is presented using the same basis of accounting.

3. INDIRECT COST RATE

The District did not elect to charge a de minimis rate of 10% for all federal awards.

4. PROGRAM CLUSTERS

The U.S. Office of Management and Budget *Compliance Supplement* defines a cluster of programs as a grouping of closely related programs that share common compliance requirements. There were programs that met this criterion for the current fiscal year.

5. CONTINGENCY

The grant revenue accounts are subject to audit and adjustment. If any expenditures or expenses are disallowed by the grantor agencies as a result of such an audit, any claim for reimbursement to the grant agencies would become a liability of the District. In the opinion of management, all grant expenditures are in compliance with the terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal and state laws and regulations.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

SECTION I – SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued:	Unmodifi	ed		
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified?		yes	X	no
Significant deficiency(ies) identified not considered to be material weaknesses?		yes	X	none noted
Noncompliance material to financial statements				_
noted?		yes	X	no
Federal Awards				
Internal control over major programs:				
Material weakness(es) identified?		yes	X	no
Significant deficiency(ies) identified not		•		-
considered to be material weaknesses?		yes	X	none noted
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in	1	J		_
accordance with 2 CFR Section 200.516(a)?		yes	X	no
Identification of major programs and type of auditors' report issu	ned on compliance for	or majo	r progran	ns:
Federal Program	Federal CFDA No.		Opinion	Туре
Health Centers Program Cluster	93.527 & 93.224		Unmo	dified
Grants to Provide Outpatient Early Intervention Services with respect to HIV	93.918		Unmo	dified
*Coordinated Services and Access to Research for Women, Infants, Children, and Youth	93.153		Unmo	dified
Infants, Children, and Youth Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A	93.153		Unmoo	dified
Infants, Children, and Youth Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:			Unmod	dified
Infants, Children, and Youth Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A	93.153 \$750,000 \$750,000		Unmod	dified
Infants, Children, and Youth Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: North Broward Hospital District	\$750,000 \$750,000	ves	Unmoo	dified
Infants, Children, and Youth Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: North Broward Hospital District *Children's Diagnostic & Treatment Center, Inc.	\$750,000 \$750,000	/es		

*Program administered by the Children's Diagnostic & Treatment Center, Inc.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

SECTION I – SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS – CONTINUED

SECTION I SUMMENT OF MUDITORS RESCETS	JI III (CLD			
State Financial Assistance				
Internal control over major projects:				
Material weakness(es) identified?		yes	X	no
Significant deficiency(ies) identified not		·		_
considered to be material weaknesses?		yes	X	none noted
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in	n			_
accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor				
General of the State of Florida		yes	X	no
				_
Identification of major projects and type of auditors' report issue	ed on compliance for	r major p	projects:	
State Project	State CSFA No.		Opinion	Туре
Trauma Center Financial Support (Red Light)	64.075		Unmod	ified
Dollar threshold used to distinguish				
between Type A and Type B projects:	\$301,798	3		

SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS SECTION

This section identifies the significant deficiencies, material weaknesses, and instances of noncompliance related to the financial statements that are required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

None

SECTION III – FEDERAL AWARD PRORGAM AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE PROJECT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS SECTION

This section identifies the significant deficiencies, material weaknesses, and instances of noncompliance related to major federal programs and major state projects that are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550.

None

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

SECTION I – PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS – FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

No financial statement audit findings in the prior year.

SECTION II – PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS – MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAM AUDIT

No major federal award program findings in the prior year.





MANAGEMENT LETTER

To the Board of Commissioners North Broward Hospital District

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the North Broward Hospital District (the District), as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, and have issued our report thereon dated October 31, 2019.

Auditors' Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements of Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and State Project and Report on Internal Control over Compliance; Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs; and Independent Accountants' Report on Examination of Compliance Requirements in Accordance with Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida*. Disclosures in those reports and schedule, which are dated October 31, 2019, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. In connection with our prior year audit, we did not have any such findings.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity are disclosed in Note 1 to the financial statements.

Financial Condition and Management

Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), *Rules of the Auditor General*, require that we apply appropriate procedures and report the results of our determination as to whether or not the District has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identification of the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the District did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), *Rules of the Auditor General*, we applied financial condition assessment procedures. It is management's responsibility to monitor the District's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Special District Component Units

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.c., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we determine whether or not a special district that is a component unit of a county, municipality, or special district, provided the financial information necessary for proper reporting of the component unit within the audited financial statements of the county, municipality, or special district in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we determined that all special district component units provided the necessary information for proper reporting in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statutes.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we address in the management letter any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not identify any such recommendations.

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, federal and other granting agencies, the Board of Commissioners of the North Broward Hospital District, and the District's management, and it is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specific parties.

Birmingham, Alabama October 31, 2019

Warren averett, LLC





INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON EXAMINATION OF COMPLIANCE REQUIREMENTS IN ACCORDANCE WITH CHAPTER 10.550, RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA

To the Board of Commissioners North Broward Hospital District

We examined North Broward Hospital District's (the District) compliance with the following requirements for the year ended June 30, 2019:

(1) Florida Statute 218.415 in regards to investments.

Management is responsible for the District's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance with the requirements based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the District complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the District complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the District has complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Birmingham, Alabama October 31, 2019

Warren averett, LLC