PAHOKEE WATER CONTROL DISTRICT Annual Financial Report

September 30, 2019

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

MEMBER

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> Board of Supervisors Pahokee Water Control District Belle Glade, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of Pahokee Water Control District, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Pahokee Water Control District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Governmental Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinions.

Opinions

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the major fund of Pahokee Water Control District, as of September 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3-8 and other required supplementary information as listed in the table of contents (collectively, the "required supplementary information") be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, I have also issued my report dated June 1, 2020, on my consideration of Pahokee Water Control District's internal control over financial reporting and my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Pahokee Water Control District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Pahokee Water Control District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Clewiston, Florida
June 1, 2020

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Our discussion and analysis of Pahokee Water Control District ("District") provides a narrative overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019. Please read it in conjunction with the District's Independent Auditor's Report, basic financial statements, accompanying notes, and supplementary information to the basic financial statements.

We would also like to make the reader aware of the existence of related party activities. This District has entered into an interlocal agreement with six other area water control districts to provide for the administration of the various districts' operations under the control of a District Manager. A central office and staff are maintained to operate the Districts. Administrative and supervisory personnel costs, compensated absences, and general operating costs are allocated in agreed upon percentages. Other labor costs and operating expenses are charged to the specific District to which they relate.

FINANCIAL AND DISTRICT HIGHLIGHTS

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the District exceeded its liabilities at the end of the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, by \$652,768. Of this amount, \$92,683 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the District's ongoing operations.
- The District's total net position decreased by \$15,588.
- The District's total revenue (on an accrual basis) was \$307,516 for the year ended September 30, 2019.
- Total expenses (on an accrual basis) for all of the District's activities were \$323,104 for the year.

District Highlights

• Painted Pahokee #1 Pump Station

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Government-Wide Financial Statements (continued)

The statement of net position presents information on all the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources with the residual amount being reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenue and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements include all governmental activities that are principally supported by special assessment revenues. The District does not have any business-type activities. The governmental activities of the District include the general government (management) and water control functions.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The District has one fund category: governmental funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a District's near-term financial requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. (See pages 12 and 14)

The District maintains one governmental fund for external reporting. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statements of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund which is considered to be a major fund.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Governmental Funds (continued)

The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with the budget. (See page 31)

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Assets exceeded liabilities by \$652,768 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019. The largest assets include cash and investments, and capital assets which are approximately 82% and 13% of the District's total assets, respectively, and are to be used to meet the financial obligations for the District's ongoing operations.

The following table highlights the net position as of September 30, 2019, and 2018:

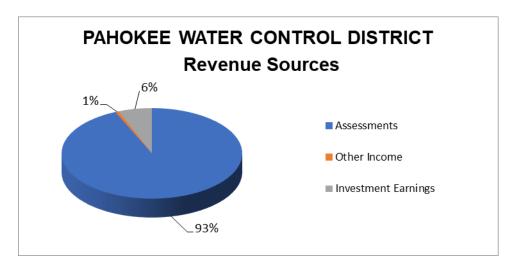
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Cash and cash equivalents Inventory Receivables Restricted assets Capital assets Total assets	\$ 202,810 40,284 1,842 454,474 105,611 805,021	\$ 167,297 45,219 1,730 443,165 127,715 785,126
Deferred outflows related to pensions Total assets and deferred outflows	37,312 842,333	40,416 825,542
Current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities Total liabilities	52,369 127,713 180,082	30,737 114,518 145,255
Deferred inflows related to pensions Total liabilities and deferred inflows Net position	9,483 189,565	11,931 157,186
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for Self-Insurance	105,611	127,715
Reserve Fund Unrestricted Total net position	454,474 92,683 \$ 652,768	443,165 <u>97,476</u> <u>\$ 668,356</u>

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (continued)

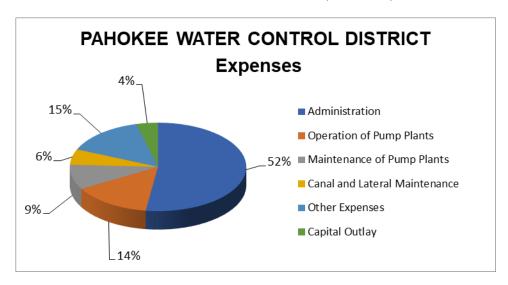
The following table highlights the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2019, and 2018:

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Revenues		
General revenues		
Special assessments	\$ 287,074	\$ 286,998
Investment earnings	18,564	3,878
Other income	1,878	62,745
Total revenues	307,516	353,621
Program expenses General government Physical environment Total expenses	193,735 129,369 323,104	177,035 137,990 315,025
Increase (decrease) in net position Net position, beginning of year Net position, end of year	(15,588) <u>668,356</u> <u>\$ 652,768</u>	38,596 629,760 \$ 668,356

The following graphs represent the sources of revenues and expenses for the fiscal year:



GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (continued)



BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The District adopted the fiscal year 2018/2019 budget on August 15, 2018, with the same assessment rate as fiscal year 2017/2018. Total expenditures budgeted for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, were \$324,995. Total assessment revenue budgeted was \$286,840.

Total actual expenditures were \$37,846 below budgeted expenditures. This was mainly due to the following:

- Operation of pump plants and canal and lateral maintenance expenses were less than budgeted.
- Various personnel expenses were less than budgeted.
- Fuel for the pump plants was less than budgeted.

Total actual revenues were \$19,426 over the budgeted revenue. Additional budget comparison information is presented on page 31.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The District's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of September 30, 2019, amounted to \$105,611 (net of accumulated depreciation). There were \$2,871 of capital additions during 2019.

The following table summarizes the District's capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2019, and 2018:

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Building	\$ 272	\$ 1,830
Machinery	94,598	107,972
Office furniture	127	279
Vehicles	10,614	17,634
Total capital assets, September 30,	\$ 105,611	\$ 127,715

Debt Administration

The following table presents the District's total outstanding debt for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2019, and 2018:

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Accounts payable and other liabilities	\$ 27,013	\$ 5,258
Due to other governments	25,356	25,479
Compensated absences	6,422	7,971
Net pension liability	121,291	106,547
Total outstanding debt, September 30,	<u>\$ 180,082</u>	<u>\$ 145,255</u>

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our readers with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact David R. Davis, District Manager, 2832 N. Main Street, Belle Glade, Florida 33430, Telephone No. (561) 996-2940.

PAHOKEE WATER CONTROL DISTRICT Statement of Net Position September 30, 2019

	_	ernmental ctivities
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents Investments - Self-Insurance	\$	202,810
Reserve Account		454,474
Due from other governments		1,842
Inventory		40,284
Other capital assets, net of		,
accumulated depreciation		105,611
Total assets		805,021
Deferred outflows of resources		
Deferred outflows related to pension plans		37,312
Total assets and deferred outflows		842,333
Liabilities		
Accounts payable		25,467
Accrued expenses		1,546
Due to other governments		25,356
Compensated absences		6,422
Net pension liability		121,291
Total liabilities		180,082
Deferred inflows of resources		
Deferred inflows related to pension plans		9,483
Total liabilities and deferred inflows		189,565
Net position		
Invested in capital assets,		
net of related debt		105,611
Restricted for self-insurance		454,474
Unrestricted		92,683
Total net position	\$	652,768

PAHOKEE WATER CONTROL DISTRICT Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

		Program Revenues	Re\ Ch	(Expense) venue and vanges in t Position
	Program	Charges for	Gov	ernmental
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	A	ctivities
Governmental activities General government Physical environment Total governmental activities	\$ 193,735 129,369 \$ 323,104	\$ 172,244 114,830 \$ 287,074	\$	(21,491) (14,539) (36,030)
	General reven Investment			18,564
	Other incom	•		1,878
	Total general ı	revenues		20,442
	Change in net Net position - l	position peginning of year		(15,588) 668,356
	Net position -	end of year	\$	652,768

PAHOKEE WATER CONTROL DISTRICT Balance Sheet September 30, 2019

	General Fund
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Investments - Self-Insurance	\$ 202,810
Reserve Account	454,474
Due from other governments	1,842
Inventory	40,284
Total assets	\$ 699,410
Liabilities and fund balance Accounts payable Accrued expenses Due to other governments	\$ 25,467 1,546 25,356
Total liabilities	52,369
Fund balance	
Nonspendable	40,284
Committed	454,474
Unassigned	152,283
Total fund balance	647,041
Total liabilities and fund balance	<u>\$ 699,410</u>

PAHOKEE WATER CONTROL DISTRICT

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position September 30, 2019

Fund balance - governmental funds	\$ 647,041
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. The statement of net position includes those capital assets, net of any accumulated depreciation, in the net position of the government as a whole. Cost of capital assets Accumulated depreciation Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported by the statement of the statement and the statement as a whole. (388,747)	105,611
Deferred outflows/inflows related to pension plans	27,829
Long-term liabilities which are not due or payable in the current period, are not reported in the governmental funds.	
Compensated absences (6,422)	
Pension liability (121,291)	 (127,713)

\$ 652,768

Net position of governmental activities

PAHOKEE WATER CONTROL DISTRICT Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

	General Fund
Revenues	
Assessments, net of discounts Interest income Other income	\$287,074 18,564 1,878
Total revenues	307,516
Expenditures Current:	
General government Physical environment	180,874 106,275
Total expenditures	287,149
Excess of revenues over expenditures	20,367
Fund balance - beginning of year	626,674
Fund balance - end of year	\$647,041

PAHOKEE WATER CONTROL DISTRICT

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

Net change in fund balance - total governmental funds	\$ 20,367
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; however, the cost of capital assets is eliminated in the statement of activities and capitalized in the statement of net position.	2,871
position.	2,071
Depreciation on capital assets is not recognized in the governmental fund financial statements, but is reported	
as an expense in the statement of activities.	(24,975)
Change in compensated absences	1,549
Net change in the net pension related outflows/inflows and	
net liability	(15,400)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ (15,588)

The accounting methods and procedures adopted by Pahokee Water Control District (District) conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applied to governmental entities. The following notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the District's Annual Financial Report.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Financial Reporting Entity

Pahokee Water Control District was created by Florida Statutes, Chapter 10002, Acts of 1923 and separated into two units by Florida Statutes, Chapter 13715, Acts of 1929. The operations of the District are fundamentally governed by special acts pertaining to the District, which have been codified by Chapter 2000-449, Laws of Florida, Acts of 2000.

The District is an independent special district created pursuant to the method authorized in Chapter 298 of the Florida Statutes. A three-member Board of Supervisors elected by the landowners of the District governs the District. The Board appoints a District Manager to administer the policies emanating from its statutory powers and authority.

The Board has the responsibility for:

- 1. Assessing and levying assessments.
- 2. Approving budgets.
- 3. Exercising control over facilities and properties.
- 4. Controlling the use of funds generated by the District.
- 5. Approving the hiring and firing of key personnel.
- 6. Financing improvements.

The financial statements were prepared in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements. Under the provisions of those standards, the financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the District is considered to be financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that, if excluded, the financial statements of the District would be considered incomplete or misleading. There are no entities considered to be component units of the District: therefore, the financial statements include only the operations of the District.

Basic Financial Statements - Government-Wide Statements

The District's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the District as a whole) and fund financial statements. Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type. The District's drainage activities and general administrative services are classified as governmental activities.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Basic Financial Statements - Government-wide Statements (continued)

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, the governmental activities columns are presented on a consolidated basis by column, and are reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The District's net position is reported in three parts - invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position. The District first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of the District's functions and activities. The functions are also supported by general government revenues. The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues (assessments), operating and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the District's functions and activities.

This government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the District as an entity and the change in the District's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

Basic Financial Statements - Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the District are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises it assets, deferred outflow of resources, liabilities, deferred inflow of resources, reserves, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements.

The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds in either the governmental or business-type activities categories. Nonmajor funds by category are summarized into a single column. GASB Statement No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of either fund category or the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds. The General Fund, the only fund of the District, is a governmental fund and is considered a major fund in these financial statements.

The following fund types are used by the District:

Governmental Funds

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the governmental fund of the District:

General Fund

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues or expenditures/expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Full Accrual

The governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements are presented on the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

Modified Accrual

The governmental funds financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after the year end. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred. The exception to this rule is that principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt, if any, is recognized when due.

Deposits and Investments

For financial reporting purposes, the District considers cash and cash equivalents to be cash on hand, cash in banks, certificates of deposit, regardless of maturity, and short-term investments with maturities less than three months when acquired.

District investments with a maturity of one year or less when purchased are stated at cost or amortized cost. District investments with a maturity greater than one year are stated at fair value in accordance with GASB Statement No. 31.

The District does not have an adopted investment policy since it follows Florida Statute 218.45 for investment decisions. Florida Statutes authorize investments that include money market accounts, savings accounts, and certificates of deposit at banks certified as qualified public depositories by the State of Florida, repurchase agreements, Florida PRIME, obligations of the U.S. Government, governmental agencies guaranteed by the U.S. Government, and certain bond mutual funds.

The District follows state statutes for allowable investments. However, state statutes do not specifically address the risks disclosed in GASB No. 40. No policy exists for the following risks: credit risk, custodial risk, concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk, and foreign currency risk.

Investments consist of interest-bearing bank accounts at financial institutions that qualify as public depositories. These funds are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or by collateral pursuant to the Florida Securities for Public Deposits Act (Florida Statutes 280).

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Receivables

All receivables are reported at their gross value and where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible.

Inventories

Inventories in the governmental activities consist of expendable fuel held for the District's use and are carried at cost using the first-in, first-out method.

Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased or acquired are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at fair market value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the following useful lives:

Buildings	15 - 30 years
Machinery and equipment	5 - 10 years
Improvements	10 - 20 years
General infrastructure	10 - 50 years

GASB Statement No. 34 requires the District to report and depreciate new infrastructure assets. Infrastructure assets include roads, bridges, canals, and pumping stations. These infrastructure assets are likely to be the largest asset class of the District. Neither their historical cost nor related depreciation had historically been reported in the financial statements prior to September 30, 2003. The District is classified as a Phase 3 Government in accordance with the definitions contained in GASB 34. A Phase 3 Government is not required to report their major general infrastructure assets retroactively. The District elected to report their general infrastructure assets on a prospective basis beginning September 30, 2003.

Net Position and Fund Balance

Government-wide Net Position

Government-wide net position is divided into three categories:

- Net investment in capital assets consist of the historical cost of capital assets less accumulated depreciation and less any debt that remains outstanding and was used to finance those assets.
- Restricted consist of amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, higher levels of government, and contributors), through constitutional provisions, by enabling legislation, or contributor restrictions.
- Unrestricted all other net position is reported in this category.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Net Position and Fund Balance (continued)

Governmental Fund Balances

Governmental fund balances consist of the following:

- Nonspendable amounts that are not in spendable form (such as prepaid expenses, or long term investments) or are required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.
- Committed amounts constrained to specific purposes by the District itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority (i.e. Board members) and its highest level action (i.e. Resolution). To be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint.
- Assigned amounts the District intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent can be expressed by the Board of Supervisors.
- Unassigned amounts that are available for any purpose. Positive amounts are reported only in the General Fund.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) amounts are available, it is the policy of the District to generally consider restricted amounts to have been reduced first. When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used, it is the policy of the District that committed amounts would be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts. In both instances, when a proposed expenditure is made with specific balances identified as the source of the funding, that specific fund balance will be used.

Revenues

Substantially all governmental fund revenues are accrued. Assessments are billed and collected within the same period in which the taxes are levied. Subsidies and grants which finance either capital or current operations, are reported as nonoperating revenue based on GASB Statement No. 33. In applying GASB Statement No. 33 to grant revenues, the provider recognizes liabilities and expenses and the recipient recognizes receivables and revenue when the applicable eligibility requirements, including time requirements, are met. Resources transmitted before the eligibility requirements are met are reported as advances by the provider and deferred revenue by the recipient.

Expenditures

Expenditures are recognized when the related fund liability is incurred. Inventory costs are reported for governmental activities in the period the inventory items are used, rather than in the period purchased.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Compensated Absences

The District accrues accumulated unpaid vacation leave and associated employee-related costs when earned (or estimated to be earned) by the employee. The noncurrent portion (the amount estimated to be used by employees in subsequent fiscal years) for governmental funds is maintained separately and represents a reconciling item between the fund and government-wide presentations.

Capitalization Policy

The capitalization policy of the District is to capitalize all assets with a cost of \$750 or more with an expected life of two years or more.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section of deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditures) until then. The significant components of the deferred outflows of resources shown in the statement of net position for the years ended September 30, 2019, and 2018 are as follows:

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Florida Retirement System Defined Benefit Plan	\$ 32,457	\$ 35,726
Florida Retirement System Health Insurance Plan	4,855	4,690
Total deferred outflows related to pension plans	<u>\$ 37,312</u>	<u>\$ 40,416</u>

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The significant components of the deferred inflows of resources shown in the statement of net position for the years ended September 30, 2019, and 2018 are as follows:

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Florida Retirement System Defined Benefit Plan	\$ 6,098	\$ 7,730
Florida Retirement System Health Insurance Plan	3,385	4,201
Total deferred inflows related to pension plans	<u>\$ 9,483</u>	<u>\$ 11,931</u>

See Note 6 for additional information concerning the breakdown of deferred outflows/inflows for the year ended September 30, 2019.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results may differ from those estimates.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. During May, the District Manager submits to the Board of Supervisors a proposed operating budget for the upcoming fiscal year. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A public hearing is held to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. During August, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution.
- 4. All budget changes must be approved by the Board of Supervisors.
- 5. The budget for the General Fund is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.
- 6. Total budgeted amounts reflect all amendments approved by the Board of Supervisors. Line item changes made during the year were approved by the Board of Supervisors.

Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is not employed in the District's accounting system.

NOTE 2 - ASSESSMENTS

The assessment levy of the District, which is not to exceed \$40 per acre, is established by the Board of Supervisors, and becomes an enforceable lien on the property on January 1 of the following year. On August 15, 2018, the District levied an assessment rate of \$20 per acre for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019.

All assessments are due and payable on November 1 of each year or as soon thereafter as the tax roll is delivered to the county tax collector. Liens are placed on property as of January 1. All unpaid assessments become delinquent on April 1 following the year in which they are assessed. Discounts are allowed for early payment at the rate of 4% in the month of November, 3% in the month of December, 2% in the month of January and 1% in the month of February. The assessments paid in March are without discount.

NOTE 2 - ASSESSMENTS (continued)

On or prior to June 1 following the assessment year, certificates are sold for all delinquent taxes on real property. After sale, tax certificates bear interest of 18% per year or at any lower rate bid by the buyer. Application for a tax deed on any unredeemed tax certificates may be made by the certificate holder after a period of two years. Unsold certificates become the property of the District, earning interest at a rate of 18% per year.

NOTE 3 - CASH, DEPOSITS, AND INVESTMENTS

Cash

At year end, the District's cash consisted of petty cash totaling \$100.

Deposits in Banks

At September 30, 2019, the carrying amount of the District's noninterest-bearing and interest-bearing bank accounts and the banks' balances were \$657,184.

These deposits are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or by collateral pursuant to the Florida Security for Public Deposits Act (Florida Statutes Chapter 280). Under this Act, financial institutions that qualify as public depositories pledge securities that have a market value equal to 50% - 125% of the average daily balance for each month of all public deposits in excess of applicable deposit insurance. The Public Depository Security Trust Fund has a procedure to allocate and recover losses in the event of default or insolvency. When public deposits are made in accordance with Chapter 280, no public depositor shall be liable for any loss thereof.

Investments

Due to the District's use of short-term interest-bearing bank accounts in financial institutions that are covered by federal depository insurance or collateral pledged under Florida Statutes Chapter 280, it is considered that credit risk, custodial credit risk, concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk, and foreign currency risk to these assets are nominal or nonexistent.

During the year, investments consisted of funds in interest-bearing bank accounts in financial institutions which have been designated as qualified public depositories. The interest-bearing bank accounts totaled \$655,644 as of September 30, 2019.

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, was as follows:

	Balance October 1, 2018	Additions	Deletions	Balance September 30, 2019
Buildings	\$ 5,459	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,459
Pump station improvements	36,837	_	-	36,837
Machinery and equipment	<u>449,191</u> 491,487	<u>2,871</u> 2,871		<u>452,062</u> 494,358
Less accumulated depreciation	363,772	<u>24,975</u>		388,747
	<u>\$127,715</u>	<u>\$ (22,104</u>)	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$105,611</u>

NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM DEBT

Schedule of Changes in Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt at October 1, 2018	\$114,518
Decrease in accrual for compensated absences	(1,549)
Increase in accrual for net pension liability	14,744
Long-term debt at September 30, 2019	\$127,713

NOTE 6 - MULTI-EMPLOYER DEFINED BENEFIT RETIREMENT PLAN

Plan Description

All of the District's full-time employees participate in the Florida Retirement System (FRS). As provided by Chapters 121 and 112, Florida Statutes, the FRS provides two cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit plans administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, including the FRS Pension Plan ("Pension Plan") and the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy ("HIS Plan"). Under Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, the FRS also provides a defined contribution plan ("Investment Plan") alternative to the FRS Pension Plan, which is administered by the State Board of Administration ("SBA"). As a general rule, membership in the FRS is compulsory for all employees working in a regularly established position for a state agency, county government, district school board, state university, community college, or a participating city or special district within the State of Florida. The FRS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefits are established by Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, and Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code. Amendments to the law can be made only by an act of the Florida State Legislature.

NOTE 6 - MULTI-EMPLOYER DEFINED BENEFIT RETIREMENT PLAN (continued)

Plan Description (continued)

The State of Florida annually issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the FRS. The latest available report may be obtained by writing to the State of Florida Division of Retirement, Department of Management Services, P.O. Box 9000, Tallahassee, Florida 32315-9000, or from the Web site: www.dms.myflorida.com/workforceoperations/retirement/publications.

The Pension Plan is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, with a Deferred Retirement Option Program ("DROP") for eligible employees. There are five classes of membership: Regular Class, Special Risk Class, Special Risk Administrative Class, Elected Officer's Class and Senior Management Service Class. The District's employees belong to the Regular Class which consists of operations and clerical employees, and Senior Management Service Class which consists of an administrative employee.

Benefits Provided

Benefits under the Pension Plan are computed on the basis of age and/or years of service, average final compensation, and service credit. For Pension Plan members enrolled before July 1, 2011, Regular Class members who retire at or after age 62 with at least six years of credited service or 30 years of service regardless of age are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life, equal to 1.6% of their final average compensation based on the five highest years of salary, for each year of credited service. Vested members with less than 30 years of service may retire before age 62 and receive reduced retirement benefits. Senior Management Service Class members who retire at or after age 62 with at least six years of credited service or 30 years of service regardless of age are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life, equal to 2.0% of their final average compensation based on the five highest years of salary for each year of credited service.

For plan members enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the vesting requirement is extended to eight years of credited service and increases normal retirement to age 65 or 33 years of service regardless of age for Regular and Senior Management Service Class members. Also, the final average compensation for these members will be based on the eight highest years of salary.

As provided in Section 121.101, Florida Statutes, if the member is initially enrolled in the Pension Plan before July 1, 2011, and all service credit was accrued before July 1, 2011, the annual cost-of-living adjustment is three percent per year. If the member is initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, and has service credit on or after July 1, 2011, there is an individually calculated cost-of-living adjustment. The annual cost-of-living adjustment is a proportion of three percent determined by dividing the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by three percent. Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will not have a cost-of-living adjustment after retirement.

In addition to the above benefits, the DROP program allows eligible members to defer receipt of monthly retirement benefit payments while continuing employment with an FRS employer for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate. Deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest. There are no required contributions by DROP participants.

NOTE 6 - MULTI-EMPLOYER DEFINED BENEFIT RETIREMENT PLAN (continued)

Benefits Provided (continued)

As a participant in the FRS, the District is also a participant in the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program (HIS), which is a cost-sharing, multiple employer defined benefit plan established and administered in accordance with Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of the state administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received monthly HIS payments equal to the number of years of service credited at retirement multiplied by \$5. The minimum payment is \$30 and the maximum is \$150 per month, pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive an HIS benefit, a retiree under one of the state administered retirement systems must provide proof of eligible health insurance coverage, which can include Medicare.

Contributions

Effective July 1, 2011, all enrolled members of the FRS, other than DROP participants, are required to contribute three percent of their salary to the FRS. In addition to member contributions, governmental employers are required to make contributions to the FRS based on state-wide contribution rates established by the Florida Legislature. These rates are updated as of July 1 of each year. The employer contribution rates by job class for the periods from October 1, 2018, through June 30, 2019, and from July 1, 2019, through September 30, 2019, respectively, were as follows: Regular - 8.26% and 8.47%; Senior Management Service - 24.06% and 25.41%; and DROP participants - 14.03% and 14.60%. These employer contribution rates include 1.66% HIS Plan subsidy for the period October 1, 2018, through September 30, 2019.

The District's contributions to the Pension Plans totaled \$11,588 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019.

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

At September 30, 2019, the District reported a liability of \$89,527 and \$31,764 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for the FRS Pension Plan and HIS Program, respectively. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019. The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the District's 2018-19 fiscal year contributions relative to the 2017-18 fiscal year contributions of all participating members. At June 30, 2019, the District's proportionate share for the FRS Pension Plan was .000260035% (as adjusted by the District's agreed-upon percentage in Note 8), which was an increase of .000006335% from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2018. At June 30, 2019, the District's agreed-upon percentage in Note 8), which was a decrease of .000001038% from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2018.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$26,916.

NOTE 6 - MULTI-EMPLOYER DEFINED BENEFIT RETIREMENT PLAN (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

Actuarial assumptions for both defined benefit plans are reviewed annually by the Florida Retirement System Actuarial Assumption Conference. The FRS Pension Plan has a valuation performed annually. The HIS program has a valuation preformed biennially that is updated for GASB reporting in the year a valuation is not performed. The most recent experience study for the FRS Pension Plan and HIS Program was completed in 2019 for the period July 1, 2013, through June 30, 2018.

The total pension liability for each of the defined benefit plans was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019, using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Inflation increases for both plans is assumed at 2.60%. Payroll growth for both plans is assumed at 3.25%. Both the discount rate and the long term expected rate of the return used for FRS Pension Plan investments is 6.90%. The Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return. Because the HIS program uses a pay-as-you-go funding structure, a municipal bond rate of 3.50% was used to determine the total pension liability for the program. Mortality assumptions for the HIS Program were based on the Generational RP-2000 with Projections Scale BB tables.

The following changes in actuarial assumptions occurred in 2019:

FRS: The long-term expected rate of return was decreased from 7.00% to 6.90% and the mortality assumption was changed from the Generational RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB tables to the PUM-2010 base table, projected generationally with Scale MP-2018.

HIS: The municipal bond rate used to determine total pension liability decreased from 3.87% to 3.50%.

Sensitivity Analysis

The following represents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.90% for the FRS Pension Plan and 3.50% for the HIS Program, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate.

FRS Net Pension Liability

1% Decrease <u>5.90%</u> \$154,806	Current Discount Rate 6.90% \$ 89,527	1% Increase 7.900% \$ 35,054
	HIS Net Pension Liability	
1% Decrease <u>2.50%</u>	Current Discount Rate 3.50%	1% Increase <u>4.50%</u>
\$ 36,260	\$ 31,764	\$ 28,019

NOTE 6 - MULTI-EMPLOYER DEFINED BENEFIT RETIREMENT PLAN (continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources

In accordance with GASB 68, paragraphs 54 and 71, changes in the net pension liability are recognized in pension expense in the current measurement period, except as indicated below. For each of the following, a portion is recognized in pension expense in the current reporting period, and the balance is amortized as deferred outflows or deferred inflows of resources using a systematic and rational method over a closed period, as defined below:

Differences between expected and actual experience with regard to economic and demographic factors – amortized over the average expected remaining service life of all employees that are provided with pensions through the pension plan (active and inactive employees)

Changes of assumptions or other inputs – amortized over the average expected remaining service life of all employees that are provided with pensions through the pension plan (active and inactive employees)

Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions – amortized over the average expected remaining service life of all employees that are provided with pensions through the pension plan (active and inactive employees)

Differences between expected and actual earnings on pension plan investments – amortized over five years

Contributions to the pension plans from employers are not included in collective pension expense, however, employee contributions are used to reduce pension expense.

The average expected remaining service life of all employees provided with pensions through the pension plans at June 30, 2019, was 6.4 years for FRS and 7.2 years for HIS. On September 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the pension plans from the following sources:

Florida Retirement System

	Deferred Outflows of <u>Resources</u>	Deferred Inflows of <u>Resources</u>
Current year contributions	\$ 2,385	\$ -
Changes in assumptions	23,003	-
Changes in experience	5,312	56
Changes in employer's proportion Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan	1,757	1,088
investments Balance as of September 30, 2019	<u>-</u> \$32,457	4,954 \$ 6,098

NOTE 6 - MULTI-EMPLOYER DEFINED BENEFIT RETIREMENT PLAN (continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources (continued)

Health Insurance Subsidy

	Deferred Outflows of <u>Resources</u>	Deferred Inflows of <u>Resources</u>
Current year contributions	\$ 443	\$ -
Changes in assumptions	3,678	2,597
Changes in experience	386	39
Changes in employer's proportion	328	749
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan		
investments	20	_
Balance as of September 30, 2019	<u>\$ 4,855</u>	<u>\$ 3,385</u>

Deferred outflows of resources of \$2,828, related to employer contributions paid subsequent to the measurement date and prior to the District's fiscal year end for the FRS Pension Plan and HIS Program, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the reporting period ending, September 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension expense will be recognized as follows:

<u>FRS</u>	<u>HIS</u>
\$ 8,694	\$ 438
2,623	350
6,337	192
4,780	(139)
1,233	25
<u>307</u>	<u>161</u>
<u>\$23,974</u>	\$ 1,027
	\$ 8,694 2,623 6,337 4,780 1,233

The Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability and Schedule of Contributions, which are required supplementary information, are presented immediately following the notes to the financial statements on pages 33 and 34.

NOTE 7 - POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSION BENEFITS (OPEB)

Based on the actuarial calculation performed in fiscal year 2019, it was determined that the postemployment benefits are immaterial to the District and, therefore, no disclosures for postemployment benefits have been included in the current fiscal year financial statements. There were no retirees participating in the health insurance plans as of September 30, 2019.

NOTE 8 - RELATED PARTY ACTIVITIES

Pahokee Water Control District has entered into an interlocal agreement with six other area water control districts to provide for the administration of the various districts' operations under the control of a District Manager. A central office and staff are maintained to operate the districts. Administrative and supervisory personnel costs, compensated absences, and general operating costs are paid by one of the districts, South Florida Conservancy District, and then allocated between the seven districts using agreed-upon percentages. Those districts and percentages are as follows: South Florida Conservancy - 41%; Pahokee Water Control - 14%; East Shore Water Control - 8%; Pelican Lake Water Control - 8%; East Beach Water Control - 11%; Clewiston Drainage - 10%; and South Shore Drainage - 8%. Other operating expenses are charged to the specific district to which they relate.

NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, or damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The District is a member of a public entity risk pool which is a cooperative group of governmental entities joining together to finance an exposure, liability, or risk. The pool provides coverage for property, liability, public officials' liability, workers' compensation, automobile physical damage, general liability, and automobile liability. The costs of the property and casualty insurance and workers' compensation are accounted for in the General Fund. There were no settled claims which exceeded insurance coverage during the past three fiscal years.

A loss fund is established to pay the self-insured retention amounts. Self-insured per occurrence limits are \$100,000 for property and liability claims, \$150,000 for workers' compensation, and \$25,000 for crime related claims. Any claims in excess of these established limits are covered by aggregate excess or stop loss insurance. The District financial reporting entity is covered by Florida Statutes under the Doctrine of Sovereign Immunity, which effectively limits the liability of individual claims to \$100,000/\$200,000 for all claims relating to the same incident.

The District provides hospitalization and medical coverage through the purchase of insurance from commercial insurance companies.

Major uninsurable risks include damages to infrastructure assets and damages or governmental fines due to seepage, pollution, or contamination of any kind. Since the amounts of loss cannot be reasonably estimated and the likelihood is undeterminable, no provision for such occurrences is included in these financial statements. However, by a resolution of the Board of Supervisors, the District has implemented a self-insurance program by establishing a Self-Insurance Reserve Account that is maintained for emergency purposes or expenditures including the repair or replacement of operating equipment, buildings or structures having been damaged or rendered inoperative by emergency events or unforeseen occurrences, or other expenditures that may be authorized by the Board.

NOTE 10 - FUND BALANCE/NET POSITION

Classifications of the fund balance and restrictions of the net position of the District are created to either (1) satisfy intentions that require a portion of the fund balance/net position be segregated, or (2) identify the portion of the fund balance/net position that is not appropriable for future expenditures. Specific classifications of the fund balance and a specific restriction of the net position are as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance

This classification was created to represent the portion of the fund balance that is not available for current expenditure because the amount is not in spendable form. This amount is represented by fuel inventory.

Committed Fund Balance

This classification was created to represent the portion of the fund balance that has been committed to a specific purpose by the Board of Supervisors. The Board has established a Self-Insurance Reserve Account that is intended to be used for the repair or replacement of damaged or destroyed equipment and water control structures and any other purposes as determined by the Board.

Net Position Restricted for Self-Insurance

This restriction represents the portion of the net position which has been segregated for the repair or replacement of damaged or destroyed equipment and water control structures.

PAHOKEE WATER CONTROL DISTRICT Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - General Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

	Bud	Variance - Favorable		
	Original	Final	Actual	(Unfavorable)
Revenues				
Assessments, net of discounts	\$ 286,840	\$ 286,840	\$ 287,074	\$ 234
Interest income	1,250	1,250	18,564	17,314
Other income		_	1,878	1,878
Total revenues	288,090	288,090	307,516	19,426
Expenditures				
General government				
Administration/Operations salaries	84,750	95,868	95,680	188
Medical insurance	22,250	22,548	22,173	375
FICA and retirement	17,000	19,964	19,438	526
Vacation and sick leave	10,500	13,576	12,720	856
Insurance	11,150	11,150	10,433	717
Legal fees	5,000	5,035	5,035	-
Audit fees	3,800	4,300	4,300	-
Other fees	5,775	6,581	3,633	2,948
Utilities	3,750	3,750	3,513	237
Office supplies and expenses	5,500	6,195	2,547	3,648
Assessing and collection fees	3,570	3,570	1,199	2,371
Engineering fees	1,500	1,500	203	1,297
Total general government	174,545	194,037	180,874	13,163
Physical environment				
Operation of pump plants				
Fuel	73,000	44,231	40,621	3,610
Materials and supplies	3,250	3,481	963	2,518
Maintenance of pump plants				
Materials and supplies	25,500	26,775	25,972	803
Canal and lateral maintenance	40.000	40.000	40.005	4.005
Annual aerial inspection	12,000	12,000	10,395	1,605
Outside labor	7,500	7,500	5,759	1,741
Materials and supplies	6,500 11,000	6,565 15,835	221 10,936	6,344
Vehicle operation and maintenance Capital outlay	11,700	14,571	11,408	4,899 3,163
Total physical environment	150,450	130,958	106,275	24,683
Total physical environment	100,400	100,000	100,273	24,000
Total expenditures	324,995	324,995	287,149	37,846
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ (36,905)	\$ (36,905)	20,367	\$ 57,272
Fund balance, beginning of year			626,674	
Fund balance, end of year			\$ 647,041	

PAHOKEE WATER CONTROL DISTRICT Notes to Required Supplementary Information September 30, 2019

The District is required to establish a budgetary system and an approved Annual Budget for the General Fund. The District's budgeting process is based on estimates of cash receipts and cash expenditures which are approved by the Board. The budget approximates a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (generally accepted accounting principles).

The legal level of budgetary control, the level at which expenditures may not exceed budget, is in the aggregate. Any amendments that increase the aggregate budgeted appropriations must be approved by the Board of Supervisors. Actual General Fund expenditures did not exceed appropriations for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019.

Actual General Fund expenditures for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, were less than appropriations due primarily to anticipated costs which were not incurred in the current fiscal year.

PAHOKEE WATER CONTROL DISTRICT Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

FRS Plan

Proportion of net pension liability Proportion share of the net pension liability Covered employee payroll Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered employee payroll Plan fiduciary net position of the total pension liability (2)	2019 0.000260035% \$ 89,527 96,997 92.30% 82.61%	2018 0.000253700% \$ 76,390 88,919 85.91% 84.26%	2017 0.000251636% \$ 74,432 86,397 86.15% 83.89%	2016 0.000256127% \$ 64,672 105,450 61.33% 84.88%	2015 0.000264620% \$ 34,179 96,641 35.37% 92.00%	2014 0.000272981% \$ 16,656 92,033 18.10% 96.09%
	2040	HIS Plan	0047	0040	0045	0044
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Proportion of net pension liability	0.000283883%	0.000284921%	0.000283609%	0.000290701%	0.000287793%	0.000283764%
Proportion share of the net pension liability Covered employee payroll Proportionate share of the net pension liability as	\$ 31,764 96,997	\$ 30,157 88,919	\$ 30,325 86,397	\$ 33,880 105,450	\$ 29,351 96,641	\$ 26,533 92,033
a percentage of its covered employee payroll Plan fiduciary net position of the total pension	32.75%	33.92%	35.10%	32.13%	30.37%	28.83%
liability (2)	2.63	2.15%	1.64%	0.97%	0.50%	0.99%

⁽¹⁾ GASB 68 requires information for the past 10 years, however, only years ending 2019, 2018, 2017, 2016, 2015, and 2014 are currently available.

⁽²⁾ The plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability is published in Note 4 of the FRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

PAHOKEE WATER CONTROL DISTRICT Schedule of Contributions Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

FRS Plan 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015 2014 Contractually required contribution \$ 6,929 \$ 9,978 \$ 8,550 \$ 7,442 \$ 7,539 \$ 7,052 Contributions in relation to the contractually 9,978 6,929 required contribution 8,550 7,442 7,539 7,052 Contribution deficiency (excess) Covered employee payroll \$ 96,997 \$ 88,919 \$ 86,397 \$ 105,450 \$ 96,641 \$ 92,033 Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll 10.29% 9.62% 8.61% 7.15% 7.17% 7.66% HIS Plan 2019 2017 2015 <u>2018</u> <u>2016</u> <u>2014</u> Contractually required contribution \$ 1,610 \$ 1,476 \$ 1,434 \$ 1,750 \$ 1,604 \$ 1,528 Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution 1,476 1,434 1,604 1,610 1,750 1,528 Contribution deficiency (excess) Covered employee payroll \$ 96,997 \$ 88,919 \$ 86,397 \$ 105,450 \$ 96,641 \$ 92,033 Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll 1.66% 1.66% 1.66% 1.66% 1.66% 1.66%

⁽¹⁾ GASB 68 requires information for the past 10 years, however, only years ending 2019, 2018, 2017, 2016, 2015, and 2014 are currently available.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Supervisors Pahokee Water Control District Belle Glade, Florida

I have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of Pahokee Water Control District, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Pahokee Water Control District's basic financial statements and have issued my report thereon dated June 1, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, I considered Pahokee Water Control District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Pahokee Water Control District's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Pahokee Water Control District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during my audit I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Pahokee Water Control District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit, and accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Clewiston, Florida

hy L. Swiell, CPA

AMY L. SWINDLE, CPA CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT

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AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

FLORIDA INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 218.415, FLORIDA STATUTES

Board of Supervisors Pahokee Water Control District Belle Glade, Florida

I have examined the Pahokee Water Control District's compliance with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, in accordance with Rule 10.556(10)(a) of the Auditor General of the State of Florida during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019. Management is responsible for Pahokee Water Control District's compliance with those requirements. My responsibility is to express an opinion on Pahokee Water Control District's compliance based on my examination.

My examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that I plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the District complied, in all material respects, with the specific requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the District complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on my judgement, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. I believe that evidence obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for my opinion.

My examination does not provide a legal determination on Pahokee Water Control District's compliance with the specified requirements.

In my opinion, Pahokee Water Control District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, the Board of Supervisors for Pahokee Water Control District, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Clewiston, Florida
June 1, 2020

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MANAGEMENT LETTER IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA

Board of Supervisors Pahokee Water Control District Belle Glade. Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

I have audited the financial statements of Pahokee Water Control District, as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, and have issued my report thereon dated June 1, 2020.

Auditor's Responsibility

I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

I have issued my Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; and Independent Accountant's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures (if any) in those reports, which are dated June 1, 2020, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that I determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no findings or recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The name and legal authority for the District is disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. There were no component units related to Pahokee Water Control District.

Financial Condition and Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require me to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of my determination as to whether or not Pahokee Water Control District has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with my audit, I determined that Pahokee Water Control District did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, I applied financial condition assessment procedures for Pahokee Water Control District. It is management's responsibility to monitor Pahokee Water Control District's financial condition, and my financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that I communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with my audit, I did not have any such recommendations.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires me to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with my audit, I did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

My management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Board of Supervisors for Pahokee Water Control District, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Clewiston, Florida June 1, 2020

my L. Swinder CPA



PAHOKEE WATER CONTROL DISTRICT

District Office: 2832 N. Main Street – Belle Glade, Florida 33430 Mailing Address: P.O. BOX 969 – Belle Glade, Florida 33430 Tel: (561) 996-2940 - Fax: (561) 996-2960

Board of Supervisors Kenneth McDuffie Jerome Redish William Sanchez

District Manager David R. Davis

June 9, 2020

AUDITEE'S RESPONSE TO AUDITORS' REPORTS AND MANAGEMENT LETTER

Sherrill F. Norman, CPA Auditor General State of Florida

RE:

2018-2019 Fiscal Year

Dear Ms. Norman:

The Rules of the Auditor General, Section 10.558(1), require the audit report to include a written statement of explanation, including corrective action to be taken, or a rebuttal regarding any deficiencies cited in the auditors' reports and management letter.

There were no deficiencies cited in the current year auditors' reports or management letter.

Very truly yours,

PAHOKEE WATER CONTROL DISTRICT

David R. Davis District Manager

DRD tlh