CITY OF HOLLY HILL COMMUNITY REVELOPMENT AGENCY

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Governing Board, City of Holly Hill Community Redevelopment Agency:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the City of Holly Hill Community Redevelopment Agency (the CRA), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the CRA's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The CRA's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

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Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the CRA, as of September 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 30, 2021, on our consideration of the CRA's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the CRA's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Daytona Beach, Florida June 30, 2021 James Maore ; Co., P.L.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The City of Holly Hill Community Redevelopment Agency's (the CRA) management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) is designed to (a) assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, (b) provide an overview of the CRA's financial activity, (c) identify changes in the CRA's financial position (its ability to address the next and subsequent year challenges), (d) identify any material deviations from the financial plan (the approved budget), and (e) identify individual fund issues or concerns.

Since the MD&A is designed to focus on current year activities, resulting changes, and currently known facts, it should be read in conjunction with the CRA's financial statements which follow this section.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the CRA exceeded its liabilities at September 30, 2020, by \$372,425 (net position). \$379,482 was restricted for debt service.
- As of September 30, 2020, the CRA's reported ending fund balances was \$5,159,837. The CRA's Fund balance saw a change of \$(350,806) when compared to the prior year.
- The CRA's long-term debt obligations decreased by \$730,000 due to regularly scheduled payments.

The MD&A is intended to serve as an introduction to the CRA's basic financial statements, which are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the financial statements.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual report consists of four components: 1) management's discussion and analysis (this section), 2) government-wide and fund financial statements, 3) notes to the financial statements, and 4) required supplementary information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements provide readers with a broad overview of the CRA's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The governmental activities of the CRA include reinvesting within the community redevelopment area.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the CRA's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. This statement serves a purpose similar to that of the balance sheet of a private-sector business. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as one indicator of whether the financial position of the CRA is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported using the modified cash basis of accounting.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

Statement of Net Position

The following is a summary of the CRA's governmental activities net position for each of the past two years:

	Governmental Activities			
	2020		2019	
ASSETS				
Current and other assets	\$	5,824,670	\$	5,557,798
Total assets	\$	5,824,670	\$	5,557,798
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities	\$	712,245	\$	97,130
Noncurrent liabilities:		4,740,000		5,470,000
Total liabilities	\$	5,452,245	\$	5,567,130
NET POSITION				
Restricted	\$	379,482	\$	261,753
Unrestricted		(7,057)		(271,085)
Total net position	\$	372,425	\$	(9,332)

Statement of Activities

The following is a summary of the changes in the CRA's governmental activities net position for each of the past two years:

Governmental Activities			
2020	2019		
\$ 1,176,350	\$ 1,169,068		
1,728,430	1,981,343		
259,614	70,631		
3,164,394	3,221,042		
279,698	329,190		
411,605	1,028,024		
61,441	-		
1,905,519	929,353		
124,374	194,199		
2,782,637	2,480,766		
381,757	740,276		
(9,332)	(749,608)		
\$ 372,425	\$ (9,332)		
	2020 \$ 1,176,350 1,728,430 259,614 3,164,394 279,698 411,605 61,441 1,905,519 124,374 2,782,637 381,757 (9,332)		

Financial Analysis

The focus of the CRA's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the CRA's financing requirements.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the CRA's general fund reported a restricted ending fund balance of \$5,159,837, an increase (decrease) of \$(350,806), in comparison with the prior year.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the entire fund balance was restricted for community redevelopment, of which \$426,894 was further restricted for debt service. As the CRA is focused on reinvestment revenues into the CRA district and does not have significant annual operational costs, the CRA does not maintain specific reserve levels for operations.

Budgetary Highlights

There were four significant amendments between the original and the final CRA budget. The amendments were made to carryover budget funds into the new fiscal year to fund ongoing projects that were incomplete at the beginning of the year, to budget for grant awards received during the year, and to adjust the budget to appropriate funds for the Overhead to Underground Phase II project.

Actual expenditures in the fund were \$1,205,857 less than final budget amounts. The main reason for this is due to the timing of capital projects (\$553,000), savings in personnel and operating expenses (\$122,000), and the timing of the economic development incentive to the developer for bringing additional employment to the CRA (\$530,000).

Budgetary comparisons between the final budget and actual results can be found on page 15 of this report.

Long-Term Debt

The CRA's long-term liabilities as of September 30, 2020, amount to \$4,740,000 and decreased by \$730,000 during the current fiscal year based on scheduled repayments. Additional information on the CRA's long-term liabilities can be found in Note (4) on page 12 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

There are many challenges facing local governments today. Property values have continued to increase in recent years, contributing to related growth in the revenues of the CRA. While property values for the 2020-2021 fiscal year have increased, the future outlook of property values during and after the COVID-19 pandemic, and any potential impact they will have on the CRA's finances, are unknown.

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the CRA's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report, or requests for additional information, should be directed to the office of the Finance Director, City of Holly Hill, Florida, 1065 Ridgewood Avenue, Holly Hill, Florida 32117-2898.

CITY OF HOLLY HILL COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY BALANCE SHEET / STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

	Balance Sheet CRA Fund Adjustments		Statement of Net Position Governmental Activities	
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,326,504	\$ -	\$ 5,326,504	
Receivables, net	459	-	459	
Due from other governments	497,707	-	497,707	
Total assets	\$ 5,824,670	\$ -	\$ 5,824,670	
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 664,833	\$ -	\$ 664,833	
Accrued interest	-	47,412	47,412	
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Due within one year:				
Bonds and notes payable	-	745,000	745,000	
Due in more than one year:		2 00 7 000	2 00 7 000	
Bonds and notes payable		3,995,000	3,995,000	
Total liabilities	664,833	4,787,412	5,452,245	
FUND BALANCE / NET POSITION				
Fund Balance:				
Restricted for:	4 722 042	(4.722.042)		
Community redevelopment Debt service	4,732,943	(4,732,943)	-	
Restricted for:	426,894	(426,894)	-	
Community redevelopment				
Debt service	-	379,482	379,482	
Unrestricted	-	(7,057)	(7,057)	
	5,159,837	(4,787,412)	372,425	
Total fund balance / net position	3,137,037	(4,707,412)	312,423	
Total liabilities and fund balance / net position	\$ 5,824,670	\$ -	\$ 5,824,670	

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF HOLLY HILL COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE / STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance CRA Fund	Adjustments	Statement of Activities Governmental Activities
Revenues			
Taxes	\$ 1,176,350	\$ -	\$ 1,176,350
Intergovernmental	1,728,430	-	1,728,430
Investment income	67,142	-	67,142
Miscellaneous	192,472		192,472
Total revenues	3,164,394		3,164,394
Expenditures / expenses			
Current:	270.700		270 (00
Public safety	279,698	-	279,698
Economic environment Culture and recreation	411,605	-	411,605
	61,441 1,905,519	-	61,441 1,905,519
Capital outlay Debt service:	1,903,319	-	1,903,319
Principal retirement	730,000	(730,000)	
Interest and fiscal charges	126,937	(2,563)	124,374
•			
Total expenditures / expenses	3,515,200	(732,563)	2,782,637
Net change in fund balance / net position	(350,806)	732,563	381,757
Fund balance / net position, beginning of year	5,510,643	(5,519,975)	(9,332)
Fund balance / net position, end of year	\$ 5,159,837	\$ (4,787,412)	\$ 372,425

(1) **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:**

The financial statements of the City of Holly Hill Community Redevelopment Agency (the CRA), have been prepared in conformance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted body for promulgating governmental accounting and financial reporting principles and the CRA has adopted the GASB Codification. The following is a summary of the CRA's significant accounting policies:

(a) **Reporting entity**—The City of Holly Hill Community Redevelopment Agency was created on May 28, 1996, by Ordinance No. 2426 of the City of Holly Hill, Florida (the City), pursuant to Florida Statute 163.387, to account for the receipt and expenditure of property tax revenues from the tax increment financing district to support redevelopment in the designated community redevelopment area. Since the City is financially accountable for the activities of the CRA, its governing board is the same, and its relationship to the CRA is significant, the CRA is considered to be a blended component unit in the City's financial statements, where it is also reported as a major special revenue fund.

The CRA has determined there are no component units that meet criteria for inclusion in the CRA's financial statements.

- (b) **Government-wide and fund financial statements**—The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the CRA. The CRA only has governmental activities and does not engage in any business-type activity. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. General revenues include ad valorem taxes and interest income. Fund financial statements are presented for the CRA's General Fund. The General Fund, which accounts for all financial operations of the CRA, is considered to be a major fund and is the only fund of the CRA.
- (c) **Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation**—The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue when all eligibility requirements imposed by the grantor have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the CRA considers property revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current period. Grants, other intergovernmental revenues, charges for services, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred. However, expenditures related to long-term agreements are recorded only when payment is due.

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

- (d) **Budgets and budgetary accounting**—The Governing Board of the CRA adopts an annual operating budget, which is prepared on a modified accrual basis and can be amended by the Board throughout the year. At the fund level, actual expenditures cannot exceed the budgeted amounts. The accompanying budgeted financial statements for the General Fund reflect the final budget authorization amounts, including all amendments.
- (e) **Deposits and investments**—The CRA's cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash. Investments with original maturities of three months or less are considered to be cash equivalents.
- (f) **Receivables and payables**—Activity between the CRA and the City has been classified as amounts due to/from the primary government on the balance sheet and statement of net position. All trade and property tax receivables are reported net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts, which is based upon management's analysis of outstanding balances and historical trends. At September 30, 2020, all of the CRA's receivables were considered fully collectible.
- (g) **Inventories**—The cost of inventory, if any, is accounted for on the consumption basis wherein inventories are charged as expenditures when used, rather than when purchased. All inventories are valued at cost, which approximates market, by using the weighted average valuation method.
- (h) **Prepaid items**—Certain payments to vendors, if any, reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.
- (i) **Capital assets**—The CRA does not own any capital assets. Any capital outlay expenditures made by the CRA are deemed to be on behalf of the City who takes ownership of the assets along with the perpetual maintenance obligation for those assets.
- (j) **Long-term obligations**—In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations, as applicable, are reported as liabilities in the CRA's governmental activities. Original issue bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize premiums and discounts, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuance are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

The CRA does not have any employees. Any employees who provide services to the CRA are employees of the primary government and do so at either no charge to the CRA, or any allocations made to the CRA represent reimbursements by the CRA to the primary government for services rendered (any items recorded to personnel expense accounts are only for ease of tracking the reimbursement amounts). As a result, there is no compensated absences, other post-employment benefits (OPEB), or pension liabilities recorded on the CRA's financial statements.

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

(k) **Fund equity**—In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the CRA is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Those classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable – amounts not available to be spent or not in spendable form, such as inventory and prepaid items.

Restricted – amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions or by enabling legislation.

Committed – amounts constrained to specific purposes based on actions taken by the CRA governing board through ordinance.

Assigned – amounts the CRA intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent can be expressed by the CRA governing board or by an official or body which the Board delegates authority.

Unassigned – amounts that are available for any purpose.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted resources are available; the CRA considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the CRA considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds and finally, unassigned funds, as needed.

(l) **Deferred outflows/inflows of resources**—In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The CRA has no items that meet this reporting criteria.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for *deferred inflows of resources*. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The CRA has no items that meet this reporting criteria.

(m) **Net position flow assumption**—Sometimes the CRA will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources. In order to determine amounts reported as restricted and unrestricted net position, it is the CRA's policy to consider restricted net position to have been used before unrestricted net position is applied.

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

(n) **Use of estimates**—Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported revenue and expenses. Actual results could vary from the estimates assumed in preparing the financial statements.

(2) Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements:

- (a) **Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position**—Following the governmental fund balance sheet is a reconciliation between fund balance total governmental funds and net position governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. Long-term liabilities, including notes payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds, including \$4,740,000 of notes payable at year-end.
- (b) Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities—Following the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances, there is a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances total governmental funds and changes in net position of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. A detailed explanation of this difference is as follows: debt service principal retirement adjustment of 730,000.

(3) **Deposits and Investments:**

The CRA is subject to the investment policy of the primary government and maintains interest-bearing banking accounts for substantially all CRA funds. Additional accounts are held for various other purposes, or to segregate cash balances for amounts which are restricted or held on behalf of others. State statutes authorize the CRA to invest excess funds in time deposits, or obligations of the principal and interest of which are unconditionally guaranteed by, the United States Government, commercial paper, corporate bonds, repurchase agreements and/or the State Board of Administration (SBA) Local Government Surplus Trust Fund Investment Pool or other investment vehicles authorized by local ordinance.

As of September 30, 2020, all CRA deposits were covered by private bank acquired insurance, Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC) insurance, private broker/dealer acquired insurance, Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance, and/or the State of Florida collateral pool established under the Florida Security for Public Deposits Act (the Act). The Act established guidelines for qualification and participation by banks and savings associations, procedures for administration of the collateral requirements and characteristics of eligible collateral. Under the Act, the qualified depository must pledge at least 50% of the average daily balance for each month of all public deposits in excess of any applicable deposit insurance. Additional collateral, up to 125% may be required if deemed necessary.

All of the CRA's deposits are held with public depositories and as of September 30, 2020, the CRA's deposits and investments were not subject to any substantial interest rate, credit, or concentration risks.

(4) Long-Term Liabilities:

Long-term liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2020, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental activities:		_			
Bonds and notes payable	\$ 5,470,000	\$ -	\$ (730,000)	\$ 4,740,000	\$ 745,000

Bonds and notes payable in the CRA's governmental activities at September 30, 2020, were comprised of the following obligations:

Redevelopment Revenue Note, Series 2012, dated April 25, 2012 for principal of \$4,835,000. The interest rate of 2.48%, with principal and interest payments due semi-annually through 2026, and secured by tax increment revenues. The outstanding balance at September 30, 2020, was \$2,240,000.

Redevelopment Revenue Note, Series 2013, dated April 24, 2013 for principal of \$5,000,000. The interest rate is a fixed rate of 2.33%, with principal and interest payments due semi-annually through 2026, and secured by tax increment revenues. The outstanding balance at September 30, 2020, was \$2,500,000.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the CRA's governmental activities bonds and notes payable are as follows:

Year Ending	Governmental Activities						
September 30,	C			Interest		Total	
2021	\$	745,000	\$	109,347	\$	854,347	
2022		765,000		91,280		856,280	
2023		780,000		72,855		852,855	
2024		800,000		54,012		854,012	
2025		815,000		34,750		849,750	
2026-2030		835,000		15,003		850,003	
Total	\$	4,740,000	\$	377,247	\$	5,117,247	

(5) Commitments and Contingencies:

The CRA is engaged in various liability claims incidental to the conduct of its general government operations at September 30, 2020. The outcomes of established claims are included in these financial statements. In the opinion of the CRA and the primary government's legal counsel, no legal proceedings are pending or threatened against the CRA which are not covered by applicable insurance which would inhibit its ability to perform its operations or materially affect its financial condition.

The CRA is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters, all of which is satisfactorily insured by limited risk, high deductible commercial general liability insurance. Commercial insurance policies are also obtained for other risks of loss, including employee health and accident insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

(1) **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:** (Continued)

During the year ended September 30, 2020, local, U.S., and world governments have encouraged self-isolation to curtail the spread of the global pandemic, coronavirus disease (COVID-19), by mandating temporary work stoppage in many sectors and imposing limitations on travel and size and duration of group meetings. Most industries are experiencing disruption to business operations and the impact of reduced consumer spending and investment markets have been substantially impacted. There is unprecedented uncertainty surrounding the duration of the pandemic, its potential economic ramifications, and any government actions to mitigate them. Accordingly, while management cannot quantify the financial and other future impact to the CRA as of June 30, 2021, management believes that a material impact on the CRA's financial position and results of future operations is reasonably possible.

(6) Recent Accounting Pronouncements:

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued several pronouncements that have effective dates that may impact future financial statements. Listed below are pronouncements with required implementation dates, as adjusted based on the impacts of GASB Statement No. 95, effective for subsequent fiscal years that have not yet been implemented. Management has not currently determined what, if any, impact implementation of the following will have on the CRA's financial statements:

- (a) GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*, in June 2017. GASB 87 increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. The provisions in GASB 87 are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2021.
- (b) GASB issued Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, in May 2020. provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in Statement No. 87, Leases, as amended. The provisions in GASB 96 are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF HOLLY HILL COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

	Budgetee	d Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ 1,181,907	\$ 1,176,349	\$ 1,176,350	\$ 1	
Intergovernmental	1,193,254	1,598,812	1,728,430	129,618	
Investment income	7,400	7,400	67,142	59,742	
Miscellaneous		100,000	192,472	92,472	
Total revenues	2,382,561	2,882,561	3,164,394	281,833	
Expenditures					
Current:					
Culture and recreation	-	75,000	61,441	13,559	
Economic environment	942,720	965,072	411,605	553,467	
Public safety	366,024	364,919	279,698	85,221	
Capital outlay	768,763	2,458,892	1,905,519	553,373	
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	730,000	730,000	730,000	-	
Interest and fiscal charges	127,174	127,174	126,937	237	
Total expenditures	2,934,681	4,721,057	3,515,200	1,205,857	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
expenditures	(552,120)	(1,838,496)	(350,806)	1,487,690	
Fund balances, beginning of year	5,510,643	5,510,643	5,510,643	-	
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 4,958,523	\$ 3,672,147	\$ 5,159,837	\$ 1,487,690	



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT **AUDITING STANDARDS**

To the Governing Board, City of Holly Hill Community Redevelopment Agency:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the City of Holly Hill Community Redevelopment Agency (the CRA), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the CRA's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 30, 2021.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the CRA's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the CRA's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the CRA's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the CRA's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

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Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the CRA's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

James Maore : 6., P.L.

Daytona Beach, Florida June 30, 2021



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' MANAGEMENT LETTER REQUIRED BY CHAPTER 10.550, RULES OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA OFFICE OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL

To the Governing Board, City of Holly Hill Community Redevelopment Agency:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the basic financial statements of the City of Holly Hill Community Redevelopment Agency (the CRA), as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, and have issued our report thereon dated June 30, 2021.

Auditors' Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Florida Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; and Independent Accountants' Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated June 30, 2021, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. No prior separate audit has been performed for the CRA, therefore there are no prior findings and recommendations.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The legal authority for the CRA is disclosed in Note 1 of the basic financial statements.

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Financial Condition and Management

Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the CRA has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific conditions met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the CRA, did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the CRA. It is management's responsibility to monitor the CRA's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we had no such recommendations.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the CRA's governing board and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

James Maore & Co., P.L.

Daytona Beach, Florida June 30, 2021



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' EXAMINATION REPORT

To the Governing Board, City of Holly Hill Community Redevelopment Agency:

We have examined the City of Holly Hill Community Redevelopment Agency's (the CRA) compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, *Local Government Investment Policies*, and Sections 163.387(6) and (7), Florida Statutes, *Redevelopment Trust Fund* (collectively, the "Statutes"), for the year ended September 30, 2020. Management is responsible for the CRA's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the CRA's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the CRA complied with the Statutes, for the year ended September 30, 2020, in all material respects. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about the CRA's compliance with those requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of risks of material noncompliance with those requirements, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the City of Holly Hill Community Redevelopment Agency complied, in all material respects, with the Statutes for the year ended September 30, 2020.

Daytona Beach, Florida June 30, 2021 James Moore & Co., P.L.