2020

Gainesville-Alachua County Regional Airport Authority Financial Statements and Independent Auditor's Report September 30, 2020



FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

GAINESVILLE-ALACHUA COUNTY REGIONAL AIRPORT AUTHORITY GAINESVILLE, FLORIDA

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

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PURVIS GRAY

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Governing Board Gainesville-Alachua County Regional Airport Authority Gainesville, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Gainesville-Alachua County Regional Airport Authority (the Airport Authority) as of and for the years ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Airport Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Airport Authority's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Airport Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Airport Authority as of September 30, 2020 and 2019, and the changes in financial position and cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Airport Authority's basic financial statements. The revenue comparison and expense comparison listed as other supplementary information are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General.* The schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial statements.

The revenue comparison, expense comparison and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the revenue comparison, expense comparison, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

To the Governing Board Gainesville-Alachua County Regional Airport Authority Gainesville, Florida

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 15, 2021, on our consideration of the Airport Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Airport Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Purvia Gray

June 15, 2021 Gainesville, Florida

The following Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) of the Gainesville-Alachua County Regional Airport Authority (GACRAA) activities and financial performance serves as an introduction and overview of the audited financial statements of GACRAA for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2020 and September 30, 2019. Governmental Accounting Standards Board Pronouncement Number 34 (GASB No. 34) requires an MD&A section to enhance the understandability and usefulness of the financial reports. The information contained in the MD&A has been prepared by management and should be considered in conjunction with the financial statements and the notes thereto, which follow this section.

GACRAA engages in business-type activities, that is, activities that are financed either in whole or in part by charges to entities that are external to the operation of GACRAA and for which charges are for goods and services rendered. As a result, GACRAA's basic financial statements include the statements of net position, revenues, expenses, changes in net position, cash flows, and notes to the financial statements. These basic financial statements are designed to provide the readers with a broad overview of GACRAA's finances in a manner like that of the private sector.

GAINESVILLE-ALACHUA COUNTY REGIONAL AIRPORT AUTHORITY

GACRAA is an independent special district of the State of Florida operating under Chapter 2006-363, Laws of Florida, *Special Acts of 2006*. This Act amends and replaces earlier Acts dating back to 1986. Prior to 1986, the Airport was considered a dependent special district of the City of Gainesville. GACRAA is overseen by a governing board of nine members, comprised of five members appointed by the City of Gainesville, three members appointed by the State of Florida and one member appointed by Alachua County. As outlined in the bylaws for the GACRAA, the purpose of GACRAA is to develop, maintain, and operate the Gainesville Regional Airport.

GACRAA operates on a fiscal year basis of October 1 through September 30. GACRAA was created to operate as a self-sustaining entity, using aircraft landing fees, fees from terminal and other rentals, and revenues from concessions to fund operating expenses. Operating expenses of GACRAA are not taxpayer funded. Capital improvements are funded by federal and state grants, Passenger Facility Charges (PFCs), Customer Facility Charges (CFCs), and GACRAA revenues.

The initial construction of the Airport was done by the Work Progress Administration early in 1941. At that time, and upon conclusion of the construction by the U. S. Engineer Department, the field was known as the Alachua Army Airfield and was used by the Army Air Corp and the Army Air Forces. On March 2, 1942, the City Council, by City Ordinance No. 295, established the name of the airfield as the "John R. Alison Airport". The Airport was deeded to the City of Gainesville in 1948. At that time, the field was known as the John R. Alison Airport and also known as the Gainesville Municipal Airport. The City operated, maintained, and improved the Airport over the years as the Gainesville Municipal Airport until control transferred to GACRAA. In order to recognize the role the Airport carries in meeting the regional demands for aviation services, the Airport was renamed the Gainesville Regional Airport in October 1977.

The current terminal was dedicated to "John R. Alison" in 1979. It has approximately 59,000 square feet of interior space. In 2005, it was expanded to include three passenger boarding bridges. In 2007, construction began on renovating the main passenger areas and administrative offices of the terminal building. The majority of this work was completed by October 2008.

The airport is situated on approximately 2,000 acres in the northeast section of Gainesville in Alachua County. It is classified as a commercial non-hub airport by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA). The airport has two grooved asphalt-surfaced runways, 7/25 and 11/29 that form a closed "V" configuration. Runway 7/25 is primarily used by general aviation aircraft. It is 4,147 feet long and 100 feet wide. Runway 11/29 is the main carrier runway used by commercial jets and other aircraft. It is 7,503 feet long and 150 feet wide. Runway 7/25, last resurfaced in 1984, was resurfaced again in 2015. Runway 11/29 was resurfaced in September 2004.

GACRAA's Board annually approves an Operating and Capital Outlay budget. GACRAA's Board relies on the advice and recommendation of GACRAA's Finance, Operations, and Audit Committee, which consists of four (4) members of the full Board.

As of September 30, 2020, the Gainesville Regional Airport was served by two (2) passenger carriers and four (4) rental car brands.

Passenger Airlines	Rental Car Companies
Delta Airlines	Avis and Budget
American Airlines	Enterprise
	Hertz and Dollar
	National and Alamo

HISTORICAL ENPLANEMENT DATA

The summary of enplaned passengers of the Gainesville Regional Airport is depicted below for fiscal years 2014 through 2020.

Fiscal Year, Ended	
September 30	Enplanements
2020	171,745
2019	268,032
2018	236,019
2017	218,698
2016	211,848
2015	218,013
2014	208,262

FINANCIAL RESULTS

The following is a summary of financial results for the year ended September 30, 2020.

Operating revenues decreased by \$1,518,753 from \$7,138,596 in fiscal year 2019 to \$5,619,843 in fiscal year 2020 largely due to COVID-19. The revenues are greater in fiscal 2019 than in fiscal 2020 due to the lower activity from the parking lot and landing fees, as well as the discounts and abatements provided to the air carriers, rental car companies and concessionaires. The parking lot revenues decreased by \$792.7k and air carrier's landing fees decreased by \$104.3k. Air carrier rents (including PBB revenue) decreased by \$163.2k, mainly due to discounts. Rental car revenues decreased as follows: 1) MAG (minimum amount guaranteed), excess of MAG & rent/fees by \$276.5k and 2) QTF (car wash) by \$82.7k. Other decreases came from fuel storage and flowage fees by \$44k; as well as the food concessions by \$18.3k. The remaining approximately \$37k decreases came from various sources.

Operating expenses decreased by \$49,221, from \$9,030,209 in fiscal year 2019 to \$8,980,988 in fiscal year 2020. Operating expenses, excluding depreciation expense, decreased by \$43,577. Some noteworthy operating expense decreases are as follows: QTF (car wash) expenses by \$107,872 (mostly fuel), temporary labor (facility maintenance) by \$24,667, credit card fees (parking lot) by \$20,973 and professional fees by \$23,318. These were offset by some highlighted operating expense increases as follows: Airport payroll & payroll related by \$74,890 and City police services by \$60,911, which was largely due to a retroactive increase covering several prior years. The remaining difference is spread over many line items. Depreciation decreased by \$5,644 which is a non-cash line item.

The operating loss before non-operating revenues and expenses increased by \$1,469,532 from a \$1,891,613 loss in fiscal year 2019 to a \$3,361,145 loss in fiscal year 2020. While operating revenues decreased by \$1.519 million in 2020, operating expenses only decreased by \$49k, which resulted in the unfavorable increase of \$1,469,532 to the operating loss before non-operating revenues and expenses when compared to the prior fiscal year. The highlights contributing to this unfavorable increase are discussed in the previous two paragraphs.

Non-operating revenues and expenses changed positively by \$334,536, from a net expense of \$116,193 in fiscal year 2019 to a net revenue of \$218,343 in fiscal 2020. The proceeds from the City (Land sale) of \$291.8k was the main contributor for this favorable change. In addition, interest revenue decreased by \$12.6k (lower rates), miscellaneous revenue increased by \$21.5k, interest expense decreased by \$31.9k and there was a sale of equipment for \$1,965.

Capital contributions received in the form of grants from Federal and State governments, CFCs, and PFCs increased by \$7,963,698, from \$2,343,251 in fiscal year 2019 to \$10,306,949 in fiscal year 2020. This increase is driven by an increase in Federal and State grant income of \$8,387,488 that funded capital projects. The amounts to fund these capital projects can vary substantially from one year to the next. Further, this is predicated upon the projects undertaken and their order in the capital improvement program. Offsetting the increase in contributions from Federal and State contributions were decreases of PFC and CFC revenues by \$387.6k and \$34.7k, respectively. In addition, PFC cash invested yielded an increase of interest income by \$1.8k more than the prior year, while CFC interest was less by \$3.3k.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GACRAA's financial statements are prepared on an accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (U.S. GAAP) promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GACRAA is structured as a single enterprise fund with revenues recognized when earned, not when received. Expenses are recognized when incurred, not when they are paid. Capital assets are capitalized and (except land) are depreciated over their useful lives. See the notes to financial statements for a summary of GACRAA's significant accounting policies.

The statement of net position presents information on all of GACRAA's assets, deferred outflows and inflows of resources, and liabilities, with the net amount reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in GACRAA's net position may serve as a useful indication of whether the financial position of GACRAA is improving or deteriorating. Also to be considered are non-financial factors when evaluating GACRAA's financial position such as passenger activity, FAA Tower operations, fuel storage and usage amounts, and property vacancy rates. The statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position present information on how GACRAA's net position changed during the year.

SUMMARY OF OPERATIONS AND CHANGE IN NET POSITION

See the chart below for changes in operating revenues, operating expenses, non-operating revenues and expenses, and changes in net position. The changes in net position are primarily the result of capital contributions exceeding the net operating loss.

		Fiscal Year 2020	F	iscal Year 2019		Fiscal Year 2018
Operating Revenues	\$	5,619,843	\$	7,138,596	\$	6,685,359
Operating Expenses		<u>(8,980,988</u>)		<u>(9,030,209</u>)		<u>(8,847,290</u>)
Loss Before Non-Operating Revenues and Expenses		(3,361,145)		(1,891,613)		(2,161,931)
Non-Operating Revenues and Expenses, Net		218,343		(116,193)		(196,269)
Loss Before Capital Contributions		(3,142,802)		(2,007,806)		(2,358,200)
Capital Contributions		10,306,949		2,343,251		2,477,207
Increase in Net Position	<u>\$</u>	7,164,147	<u>\$</u>	335,445	<u>\$</u>	119,007

SUMMARY OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET POSITION

Current and restricted assets increased \$428,730 from \$13,365,420 in fiscal year 2019 to \$13,794,150 in fiscal year 2020. This increase was driven by several factors: a decrease of unrestricted cash by \$268.1k and an increase of restricted cash by \$70.6k; while grants receivable increased by \$882.4k. Also, unrestricted and restricted receivables decreased by \$106.7k and \$142.6k, respectively; as did the balance of the other current assets by \$6.7k. Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) increased by \$7,476,760, from \$53,604,889 in fiscal year 2019 to \$61,081,649.

Current liabilities increased by \$779,024, from \$1,128,890 in fiscal 2019 to \$1,907,914 in fiscal year 2020. This increase is primarily driven by the increase of project related liabilities; thus retainage accounts were increased by \$413,567 and accounts payable (capital) by \$296,295. In addition, the current portion of the long-term debt increased by \$17,254 and the remaining increase of \$51,908 was spread among various current liability accounts. Non-current liabilities (excluding the derivative instrument) decreased by \$37,681 from \$2,853,061 in fiscal year 2019 to \$2,815,380 in fiscal year 2020. The decrease in non-current liabilities is due to the pay down of \$328,725 non-current debt obligations accompanied with a change of non-current debt to current, in the amount of \$17,255, and an increase of \$308,299 for advance payment received on a 30-year hangar rental lease.

Net position may, over time, serve as a useful indicator of GACRAA's financial position. The GACRAA's net position is \$70,152,505 at September 30, 2020, which is a \$7,164,147 increase over the \$62,988,358 September 30, 2019 balance.

The chart below compares and summarizes assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and net position:

	F	Fiscal Year Fiscal Year 2020 2019		Fiscal Year 2018	
ASSETS					
Current and Restricted Assets	\$	13,794,150	\$ 13,365,420	\$ 11,806,274	
Capital Assets, Net		61,081,649	53,604,889	55,684,646	
Total Assets		74,875,799	66,970,309	67,490,920	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		469,692	458,073	386,340	
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities		1,907,914	1,128,890	1,656,222	
Non-Current Liabilities		3,285,072	3,311,134	3,568,125	
Total Liabilities		5,192,986	4,440,024	5,224,347	
NET POSITION					
Net Investment in Capital Assets		57,336,953	50,241,329	51,526,793	
Restricted		4,319,613	4,391,666	3,787,590	
Unrestricted		8,495,939	8,355,363	7,338,530	
Total Net Position	<u>\$</u>	70,152,505	<u>\$ 62,988,358</u>	<u>\$ 62,652,913</u>	

The largest portion of GACRAA's net position each year represents its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, improvements, and equipment). GACRAA uses these capital assets to provide services to the airlines, concessionaires, passengers and visitors to the Airport; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

An additional portion of GACRAA's net position represents PFCs that are restricted by Federal regulations and CFCs that are restricted for rental car capital improvements. The remaining portion is the unrestricted net position which may be used to meet any of GACRAA's ongoing obligations.

REVENUES AND CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS

A summary of revenues and capital contributions for the years ended September 30, 2020, 2019, and 2018, is as follows:

	Fiscal Year 2020	Fiscal Year 2019	Fiscal Year 2018
Operating Revenues			
Parking Revenues	\$ 1,357,129	\$ 2,149,864	\$ 1,962,890
Commercial Terminal	1,845,730	2,147,428	2,100,250
Rental Car Companies (Including QTF)	1,245,816	1,604,980	1,547,719
General Aviation	918,260	939,411	793,087
Fuel Flowage and Storage Fees	252,908	296,913	281,413
Total Operating Revenues	5,619,843	7,138,596	6,685,359
Capital Contributions and Non-Operating Revenues			
Passenger Facilities Fees	702,893	1,090,551	950,074
Customer Facility Charge (Net)	23,148	57,823	51,955
Federal and State Grants	9,533,221	1,145,733	1,467,781
Sale of Surplus Equipment	1,965	-	7,879
CFC – Interest Revenue	14,142	17,418	7,397
PFC – Interest Revenue	33,545	31,726	-
Interest Income	62,329	74,957	23,009
Proceeds from the City – Industrial Park Land Sale	291,823	-	-
Other	34,494	13,010	10,618
Total Capital Contributions and Non-Operating Revenues	10,697,560	2,431,218	2,518,713
Total	\$ 16,317,403	\$ 9,569,814	\$ 9,204,072

As previously mentioned, operating revenues decreased from the prior year primarily from the parking lot by \$792.7k, air carrier landing fees by \$104.3k and concession related (from rental car companies, including the QTF) by \$359.2k (combined). General aviation was down slightly mainly due to decreased rental activity from the T-Hangars and landing fees by approximately \$20k and \$7k, respectively; offset by an increase in Corporate Aviation rent by \$5.8k. However, there was a substantial increase in capital contributions of nearly \$8.4 million for fiscal 2020 that came from Federal and State Grants (see above). Federal and State grant income will vary year to year based on the type and timing of the active projects. In addition, PFC revenue was down by \$387.7k, which is relative to the decrease in passenger activity and interest revenues decreased by \$14.1k (all accounts) mostly due to declining rates.

AIRPORT USE AND LEASE AGREEMENTS

GACRAA has entered into Airport Use and Lease Agreements with the following signatory airlines:

Delta
 American Airlines

The airline agreements establish procedures for the periodic adjustment of signatory airline terminal rates and aircraft landing fees collected for the use and occupancy of terminal and airfield facilities.

The signatory airlines are granted the non-exclusive use of the airport for the purpose of operating an air transportation system for the carriage of persons, property, cargo and mail, according to the rules and regulations of GACRAA and the agreements with GACRAA.

Each of the signatory airlines leases space in the terminal for its exclusive use with the right to make certain leasehold improvements. Each of the airlines pays monthly: (1) rentals for exclusive and non-exclusive terminal space; and (2) landing fees. Rental and landing fees may be adjusted by GACRAA, as outlined in the agreements. Rental rates for space occupied and used by the Airlines were adjusted as of December 1, 2016. American is exempt from paying landing and boarding bridge fees related to the Dallas service for the first two years beginning March 3, 2019. This exemption is a common practice offered to airlines for the commencement of a new route service at an airport and part of the standard incentive package approved by the Board.

LANDING FEES

All charges for the use of the field and runway area are combined in a monthly landing fee based upon the signatory airline's aircraft arrivals at the airport during the month. The landing fee is computed by multiplying the maximum gross certified landing weight of the aircraft arrival by a landing fee rate expressed in terms of thousand pound units of maximum certified landing weight.

AIRPORT LEASE AND CONCESSION AGREEMENTS

GACRAA has entered into lease and concession agreements with the following rental car companies:

• Avis and Budget

Hertz and Dollar

National and Alamo

Enterprise Leasing

The current contract began October 1, 2019 and expires September 30, 2024. Each contract year, the rental car companies pay rentals for exclusive terminal space, ready car return lot, and overflow lot space. Rentals are adjusted each contract year based on increases outlined in the rental agreement. In addition to rentals, the rental car companies also pay a concession fee equal to 10% of their gross revenues or a MAG, outlined in the agreement, whichever is greater.

EXPENSES

A summary of expenses for the years ended September 30, 2020, 2019, and 2018, is as follows:

	Fiscal Year 2020	Fiscal Year 2019	Fiscal Year 2018
Operating Expenses			
Administration and General	\$ 1,298,639	\$ 1,313,374	\$ 1,141,775
Operations and Security	1,553,811	1,488,280	1,455,454
Facilities and Maintenance	1,580,635	1,565,682	1,405,677
Fuel Farm	34,370	19,339	20,054
General Aviation	90,131	86,757	72,316
Parking Lot	150,070	169,929	147,668
Quick Turn-Around Facility	255,339	363,211	361,229
Depreciation	4,017,993	4,023,637	4,243,117
Total Operating Expenses	8,980,988	9,030,209	8,847,290
Non-Operating Expenses			
Interest Expense	172,268	204,160	237,775
Total Non-Operating Expenses	172,268	204,160	237,775
Total Expenses	\$ 9,153,256	\$9,234,369	\$ 9,085,065

SUMMARY OF CASH FLOW ACTIVITIES

Cash decreased by \$197,527 in fiscal year 2020 and increased by \$2,145,993 in fiscal year 2019. This decrease was primarily due to the cash flow used in capital financing activities. The summary of cash flows for the years ended September 30, 2020, 2019, and 2018 are as follows:

	Fiscal Year 2020	Fiscal Year 2019	Fiscal Year 2018
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities Cash Flows Provided By (Used in) Capital Financing	\$ 1,126,648	\$ 2,028,494	\$ 2,398,884
Activities	(1,449,060)	9,701	(762,518)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities	124,885	107,798	30,406
Increase (Decrease) in Cash	\$ (197,527)	\$ 2,145,993	\$ 1,666,772

CAPITAL ACQUISITIONS AND CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES

During fiscal year 2020, about \$1.9 million of capitalized items were moved from construction in progress to depreciable capital assets. These capitalized items included over \$1.7 million that is related to the terminal expansion. The balance was spread amongst various smaller projects.

Construction in progress at September 30, 2020, is just over \$11.6 million. The breakdown of the projects are as follows: Terminal related (including boarding bridges) at \$9.76 million, Hangar Rehab at \$1.69 million and the balance for the Multimodal. The cost of construction projects are largely paid for by Federal and State grants, as well as PFCs and CFCs.

PASSENGER FACILITY CHARGE

PFCs are available to airports to finance AIP-eligible projects approved by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) that preserve or enhance capacity, safety, or security of the National Air Transportation System, reduce noise resulting from airport activity, or furnish opportunities to enhance competition among air carriers. GACRAA has applied for and received approval to collect PFCs on four applications. The first application, PFC 1, was closed out in fiscal 2003. The second application dated June 18, 2002, was approved on August 30, 2002, to collect and use PFCs beginning January 11, 2003. The first PFC was approved at a rate of \$3.00 per enplaned passenger and the second PFC was approved at the rate of \$4,637,954 but was amended in December of 2010, to increase collections by \$1,030,630, for a collection total of \$5,668,584.

PFC#2 was closed in September of 2014. On November 8 of 2013, PFC application #3 was approved by the FAA with a total collection allowance of \$1,250,942. Collections under PFC 3 began January 1, 2014. On July 6 of 2015, an amendment to PFC#3 was approved by the FAA increasing the collection allowance by \$87,218 for a total collection allowance of \$1,338,160. Effective October 31, 2015, collections under PFC application #3 were terminated. A total of \$1,287,853 had been expended on PFC#3 as of September 30, 2016. On January 20, 2016, PFC application #4 was approved in the amount of \$6,277,987. Collections on PFC #4 began March 1, 2016. Subsequently, on January 14, 2019, PFC#4 was amended to decrease the amount of collection by \$98,340, due to the rescheduling of one of the capital projects approved in the PFC#4 application. This project, the Rehabilitation and Reconfiguration of Taxiway "A", will be included in the future PFC#5 application.

CUSTOMER FACILITY CHARGE

On August 1, 2005, GACRAA instituted a CFC. The CFC is a \$3.00 charge per rental car per day. Rental car companies collect CFCs and remit them to the airport for use on projects which enhance the operation of rental car companies. CFCs were used to expand the rental car ready return parking lot, construct a quick turn-around service facility and pay for its maintenance, while upgrading the terminal area occupied by the rental car companies, as agreed upon. As of September 30, 2020, \$5,231,654 in CFCs have been collected and \$39,010 interest has been received, while \$3,994,693 had been spent. On July 1, 2014, CFC collections were reduced to \$1.00 per rental car, per day.

LONG-TERM DEBT

GACRAA issued Airport Revenue Bond, Series 2006A. Series 2006A authorized the financing of \$6.025 million for the design and construction of a SATS maintenance facility. As of September 30, 2007, the full \$6,025,000 had been drawn against Series 2006A to pay for costs related to the project. As of September 30, 2020, the principal balance was \$2,853,060. A principal payment of \$345,979 is due during fiscal year 2021; principal payments are due each subsequent year on June 1 with the final maturity on June 1, 2027. For fiscal year-end 2015 through the first quarter of 2016, series 2006A's amended primary revenue pledge were the rents received from Silver Airways as part of a lease agreement they entered into with GACRAA during March 2012. Subsequently, by default, the secondary revenue pledge of parking revenues from terminal parking operations became the primary revenue pledged beginning the second quarter of fiscal 2016. The interest rate on this issuance is 5.49% and is fixed during the entire term of the loan.

Airport Revenue Bond, Series 2006A has semiannual interest payments due on December 1 and June 1 from inception to maturity.

On March 1, 2007, GACRAA issued Airport Revenue Bond Series 2007. Series 2007 authorized \$985,580 in financing related to anticipated revenues from rents received, and was used for the construction of T-Hangars. As of September 30, 2018, the outstanding balance was \$613,404. Series 2007 had a final maturity date of March 31, 2019. The interest rate was one-month LIBOR plus 2% through March 31, 2008, then 5.06% from April 1, 2008, through maturity. The final principal payment of \$613,404 was due on March 31, 2019 and has been paid. The primary revenue pledge was rents received from hangar leases.

LINE OF CREDIT

On January 20, 2005, GACRAA authorized the execution of a \$2,000,000 line of credit with a local bank secured by revenues generated from PFCs. Effective September 1, 2009, the agreement was amended to allow the Airport Authority to borrow \$1,250,000 under the line of credit. Later, effective August 28, 2014, the Board approved the renewal of the Airport's line of credit for \$1,000,000 maturing June 30, 2015, with an interest rate based on monthly LIBOR plus 2.75% or a floor of 4.5%. Since then, the Board has approved a renewal of the line of credit with these same terms every year through September 30, 2019. At the time of the most current renewal, June 15, 2020, the same terms remain except for the floor, which has been lowered to 3.75%, with an expiration date of August 31, 2021. As of and during the years ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, the Airport Authority borrowed \$0.

CURRENT OPERATION FINANCIAL SITUATION

Commercial passenger volume decreased by 35.76% or 190,986 passengers from fiscal 2019 to 2020, and the overall airline load factors decreased by 16.4% to 69.8%. The annual regional carrier decrease distributed as follows: Delta and American (Charlotte) were down by 129,730 (43.3%) and 56,033 (34.6%) passengers, respectively; as was American (Miami) by 19,722 or 44.7%. However, American (Dallas) was up 14,499 passengers because they only began service during March 2019 in the prior fiscal year. Annual load factors compared to prior year by carrier are as follows: Delta down by 21.4% to 68.7%, American (Charlotte) down by 13.2% to 71.8% and (Miami) up by 3.1% to 73.3%. Dallas had a 67.7% load factor for 2020, which was down by 16.2% from 2019. Specifically, commercial enplanements decreased by 35.9% or 96,100 passengers from fiscal 2019 to 2020 and the related load factor decreased by 16.5% to 69.9%. It should be noted that these decreases are all related to the impact of the pandemic. For example, as of February 28, 2020 or the first five months of the fiscal year, the Airport's passenger activity was reported at 19% over the prior year with nearly an 86% load factor. Although, a significant amount of this was due to adding Dallas, which had no activity in the first five months of fiscal 2019, when excluding Dallas activity there was still a 6% passenger activity increase over the prior year as of February 28, 2020.

General aviation operations had been weak most of the last decade, seemingly due to high fuel prices and a weakened economy, combined with attrition from an aging pilot population; however, fiscal 2016 showed a bit of a rebound in activity and this trend has seemed to continue through fiscal 2019. Given the pandemic, General aviation activity was only down by 3.1% when comparing 2020 to 2019. However, the related fuel activity did decrease by about 16%.

SUBSEQUENT EVENTS – COVID 19 UPDATE

As of April 30, 2021, passenger activity appears to be rebounding at a steady pace. For example, the month of April 2021 had a passenger activity of nearly 62% of April 2019; while April 2020 (the first full month affected by COVID-19) had only about 5% of the expected activity would be pre-COVID.

Further, Airport management indicated in last year's audit report that the Authority applied for and accepted a grant under the Cares Act in the amount of \$3.1 million. At fiscal year-end 2020 the Authority had collected over \$1.3 million of such, with the balance of the \$3.1 million being received by February 2021. In addition, on May 7, 2021, the ACRGP (Airport Coronavirus Response Grant Program) was executed and will provide further relief to the Authority in the amount of \$2,293,744 that can be drawn upon in the same manner the Cares Act had been. This grant was signed into law on December 27, 2020 and allows for expenditures dating back to December 28, 2020.

Finally, on April 23, 2021 the Authority (with Board approval), paid \$3,262,701 to retire the 2006A Bond, this transaction included a swap termination settlement of \$393,180. The 2006A Bond was a loan agreement entered into by the Authority to finance the construction of the building originally designated as the Eclipse Hangar. On May 1, 2021, Chippewa Aerospace, Inc. took occupancy of the hangar formerly known under Eclipse Aviation after entering into a 10-year lease agreement with the Authority, also, with Board approval.

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the GACRAA's finances for all those interested. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report, or request for additional information should be addressed to the Gainesville Regional Airport, Attn: Communications Director, 3880 NE 39th Avenue, Suite A, Gainesville, Florida 32609 or by e-mailing <u>info@flygainesville.com</u>.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 AND 2019 GAINESVILLE-ALACHUA COUNTY REGIONAL AIRPORT AUTHORITY GAINESVILLE, FLORIDA

	2020	2019
Assets		
Current Assets	ć 7,740,000	ć 7.000.202
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 7,712,083	\$ 7,980,203
Accounts Receivable (Net of Allowance for Uncollectible	431,035	529,520
Accounts of \$17,445 and \$17,445, Respectively)	702	0.017
Interest Receivable	762	9,017
Grants Receivable	1,212,004	329,644
Prepaid Expenses	113,018	116,385
Inventories	5,635	8,985
Total Current Assets	9,474,537	8,973,754
Restricted Assets	00.000	240.062
Accounts Receivable	83,030	219,062
Interest Receivable	672	7,286
Cash - Passenger Facility Charge	2,791,482	2,769,793
Cash - Customer Facility Charge	1,275,971	1,226,705
Cash - Debt Service	168,458	168,820
Total Restricted Assets	4,319,613	4,391,666
Property, Plant and Equipment		
Land	2,956,264	2,956,264
Buildings	33,038,326	31,300,327
Improvements Other Than Buildings	78,091,383	77,869,386
Fuel Farm Land and Improvements	681,440	653,371
Vehicles and Equipment	3,672,206	3,620,149
Leasehold Acquisitions	450,000	450,000
Construction Work in Progress	11,613,566	2,182,273
	130,503,185	119,031,770
(Accumulated Depreciation)	(69,421,536)	(65,426,881)
Total Property, Plant and Equipment - Cost Less Depreciation	61,081,649	53,604,889
Total Assets	74,875,799	66,970,309
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Accumulated Decrease in Fair Value of Hedging Derivative Instrument	469,692	458,073
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	75,345,491	67,428,382
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	1,085,988	749,410
Contract Retainage Payable	455,927	42,360
Current Portion of Advanced Lease Payments	20,020	8,395
Current Portion of Long-Term Liabilities	345,979	328,725
Total Current Liabilities	1,907,914	1,128,890
Long-Term Liabilities	1,907,914	1,120,090
Advanced Lease Payments	308,299	
Notes and Bonds Payable	2,507,081	- 2,853,061
Fair Value of Derivative Instrument		
	469,692	458,073
Total Long-Term Liabilities Total Liabilities	3,285,072	3,311,134
	5,192,986	4,440,024
Net Position	F7 000 0F0	F0 0 44 000
Net Investment in Capital Assets	57,336,953	50,241,329
Restricted	4,319,613	4,391,666
Unrestricted	8,495,939	8,355,363
Total Net Position	70,152,505	62,988,358
Total Liabilities and Net Position See accompanying notes.	\$ 75,345,491	\$ 67,428,382
13		

STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 AND 2019 GAINESVILLE-ALACHUA COUNTY REGIONAL AIRPORT AUTHORITY GAINESVILLE, FLORIDA

	2020	2019
Operating Revenues		
Sales and Service Charges	\$ 5,619,843	\$ 7,138,596
Operating Expenses		
Administration and General	1,298,639	1,313,374
Operations and Security	1,553,811	1,488,280
Facilities and Maintenance	1,580,635	1,565,682
Fuel Farm	34,370	19,339
General Aviation	90,131	86,757
Parking Lot	150,070	169,929
Quick Turn-Around Facility (QTF)	255,339	363,211
Depreciation and Amortization	4,017,993	4,023,637
(Total Operating Expenses)	(8,980,988)	(9,030,209)
Operating (Loss)	(3,361,145)	(1,891,613)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		
Interest Revenue	62,329	74,957
Sale of Surplus Equipment	1,965	-
Miscellaneous	34,494	13,010
Proceeds from the City-Industrial Park Land Sale	291,823	-
Interest Expense	(172,268)	(204,160)
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	218,343	(116,193)
(Loss) Before Capital Contributions	(3,142,802)	(2,007,806)
Capital Contributions		
Passenger Facility Charge Revenue	702,893	1,090,551
Interest Revenue - PFC	33,545	31,726
Customer Facility Charge Revenue (Net of \$129,329 and \$144,504		
in 2020 and 2019, respectively, for QTF Expenses)	23,148	57,823
Interest Revenue - CFC	14,142	17,418
Federal and State Grants Income	9,533,221	1,145,733
Total Capital Contributions	10,306,949	2,343,251
Net Position		
Increase in Net Position	7,164,147	335,445
Total Net Position, Beginning of Year	62,988,358	62,652,913
Total Net Position, End of Year	\$ 70,152,505	\$ 62,988,358

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 AND 2019 GAINESVILLE-ALACHUA COUNTY REGIONAL AIRPORT AUTHORITY GAINESVILLE, FLORIDA

	2020	2019
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Cash Received from Customers	\$ 6,037,461	\$ 7,105,223
Cash Paid to Employees	(2,044,585)	(1,969,695)
Cash Paid to Suppliers	(2,866,228)	(3,107,034)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	1,126,648	2,028,494
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities		
Proceeds from Federal Grants	7,894,473	1,414,871
Proceeds from State Grants	756,388	413,357
Passenger Facility Charge Revenue	833,016	1,061,845
Customer Facility Charge	29,057	55,691
Sale of Surplus Equipment	1,965	-
Miscellaneous	34,494	13,010
Proceeds from the City - Industrial Park Land Sale	291,823	-
Principal Repaid	(328,725)	(923,862)
Interest Paid	(176,658)	(210,900)
Acquisition and Construction of Fixed Assets	(10,784,893)	(1,814,311)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Capital and Related Financing		
Activities	(1,449,060)	9,701
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Interest Received	124,885	107,798
Increase (Decrease) in Cash	(197,527)	2,145,993
Cash, Beginning of Year	12,145,521	9,999,528
Cash, End of Year	\$ 11,947,994	\$ 12,145,521

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 AND 2019 GAINESVILLE-ALACHUA COUNTY REGIONAL AIRPORT AUTHORITY GAINESVILLE, FLORIDA

	 2020	 2019
Presented in Accompanying Financial Statements as		
Current Assets		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 7,712,083	\$ 7,980,203
Restricted Assets		
Cash - Passenger Facility Charge	2,791,482	2,769,793
Cash - Customer Facility Charge	1,275,971	1,226,705
Cash - Debt Service	168,458	168,820
Total Cash, End of Year (Above)	\$ 11,947,994	\$ 12,145,521
Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities Operating (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating	\$ (3,361,145)	\$ (1,891,613)
Activities: Depreciation and Amortization	4,017,993	4,023,637
Decrease (Increase) in Receivables	4,017,995 98,486	4,023,037 (33,373)
Decrease (Increase) in Inventories and	58,480	(33,373)
Prepaid Expenses	6,717	(15,134)
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable	0,717	(13,134)
and Accrued Liabilities	44,673	(55,023)
Increase (Decrease) in Advanced Lease Payments	319,924	(00,010)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating	 0-0,0-1	
Activities	\$ 1,126,648	\$ 2,028,494

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity

The Gainesville-Alachua County Regional Airport Authority (the Airport Authority) is an independent special district created for the purpose of providing airport services and facilities for the citizens of Alachua County, Florida, and surrounding areas. The accompanying financial statements of the Airport Authority have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in the United States of America as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. As a result of applying the reporting entity criteria under GASB, no other component units exist in which the Airport Authority has any financial accountability, which would require inclusion in the Airport Authority's financial statements.

Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Estimates also affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Basis of Presentation

The Airport Authority's financial statements are presented in the form of a single enterprise fund, which encompasses all financial activity relative to owning, operating, and improving the Airport facilities.

Governmental proprietary operations (enterprise funds) are accounted for using a flow of economic resources measurement focus on an accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned and expenses are recognized in the period incurred.

Revenues from airlines, concessions, rental cars, and parking are reported as operating revenues. Transactions which are capital, financing, or investing-related are reported as non-operating revenues. All expenses related to operating the Airport Authority are reported as operating expenses. Interest expense and financing costs are reported as non-operating expenses.

The accounting and reporting policies of the Airport Authority conform to the accounting rules prescribed by GASB.

The difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is called net position. Net position is comprised of three components as follows:

Net Investment in Capital Assets—Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization and reduced by outstanding principal balances of debt attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are included in this component of net position.

- Restricted—Restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Assets are reported as restricted when constraints are placed on asset use either by external parties or by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted—Net position that is not subject to externally imposed stipulations. Unrestricted net
 position may be designated for specific purposes by action of management or the Board of Directors.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term, highly liquid investments that are both readily convertible to known amounts of cash and have an original maturity of three months or less.

Accounts and Grants Receivable

Accounts receivable represent amounts due from various vendors who use airport facilities. Grants receivable represent amounts due from other government entities and are recorded when the Airport Authority has incurred qualified expenditures in accordance with various grant agreements. Receivables are recorded at net realizable value. The allowance for uncollectible receivables was \$17,445 for the years ended September 30, 2020 and 2019.

Inventories

Inventories are recorded at the lower of cost or market and are valued using the specific identification method.

Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment purchased or constructed are recorded at cost. Repairs and maintenance are charged to expense as incurred. Donated assets are recorded at acquisition cost at the date of contribution. Assets acquired or constructed are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Buildings	10-40 Years
Improvements Other Than Buildings	20-30 Years
Vehicles and Equipment	3-15 Years
Leasehold Acquisitions	20 Years

Budgets

Estimates of revenues and expenses are adopted prior to October 1 of each year. There were no budget amendments made during fiscal years 2020 or 2019.

Capital Contributions

Contributions and grants are funds granted by various governmental agencies and collected from tenants for specific improvements to the Airport facilities (improvements). In the normal course of business, the Airport Authority applies for and receives grant funds primarily from the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) and the Florida Department of Transportation (FDOT). Costs incurred under these agreements are subject to review and approval by the FAA and FDOT. Contributions and grants for improvements are reported in the statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position after non-operating revenues and expenses as capital contributions.

Passenger Facility Charges

The Airport Authority currently has one active Passenger Facility application, PFC 16-04-C-00-GNV. Approved by the FAA, PFC applications allow the Authority to impose a Passenger Facility Charge (PFC) at the \$4.50 level. Air carriers are required to collect the PFCs and remit \$4.39 per enplaned passenger to the Airport Authority on a monthly basis. PFC funds are used for specific improvements to Airport facilities, which are approved by the FAA and the air carriers. The authorization to impose the PFC is contingent on continued compliance with the terms of FAA regulations. On January 20, 2016, PFC application #4 was approved in the amount of \$6,277,987. Collections on PFC #4 began March 1, 2016. Subsequently, on January 14, 2019, PFC#4 was amended to decrease the amount of collection by \$98,340, due to rescheduling one of the capital projects approved in the PFC#4 application. This project, the Rehabilitation and Reconfiguration of Taxiway "A" will be included in the future PFC#5 application.

Customer Facility Charges

On June 23, 2005, the Airport Authority passed Resolution 05-025 authorizing the implementation of a \$3.00 Customer Facility Charge (CFC), for use on rental car-related projects. The CFC has been collected by the rental car companies at the rate of \$3.00 per rented car per day and is remitted to the Airport Authority monthly. As a result of completing the Quick Turn-Around Facility in fiscal year 2012, as well as other rental car-related projects it was determined that the CFC rate would be reduced from \$3 to \$1 as of July 1, 2014.

Terminal Rents and Concessions

Rental and concession fees are generated from airlines, parking lots, food and beverage, rental cars, advertising, and other commercial tenants.

Compensated Absences

Accumulated unpaid vacation pay is recorded as accrued.

Restricted Assets

Certain resources are restricted for future use by enabling legislation or debt covenants. These resources are classified as restricted because their use is limited. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, the Airport Authority's practice is to use the restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Note 2 - Cash and Investments

The carrying amount of the Airport Authority's deposits and investments as of September 30 is summarized below:

		2020	2019		
Cash and Cash Equivalents:					
Cash on Hand	\$	4,277	\$	4,844	
Deposits in Financial Institutions:					
Insured or Fully Collateralized					
Bank Deposits	1	0,939,090	12,1	140 <i>,</i> 677	
Investments		1,004,627		-	
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	<u>\$ 1</u>	1,947,994	<u>\$12,</u>	<u>145,521</u>	

Deposits

All of the Airport Authority's public deposits are held in qualified public depositories pursuant to Florida Statutes, Chapter 280, *Florida Security for Public Deposits Act* (the Act). Under the Act, all qualified public depositories are required to pledge eligible collateral having a market value equal to or greater than the average daily or monthly balance of all public deposits, times the depository's collateral pledged level. The pledging level may range from 50% to 125% depending upon the depository's financial condition and establishment period. All collateral must be deposited with an approved financial institution. Any losses to public depositors are covered by applicable deposit insurance, sale of securities pledged as collateral and, if necessary, assessments against other qualified public depositories of the same type as the depository in default.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Airport Authority's cash deposits may not be returned to the Airport Authority. The Airport Authority's deposits are considered to be fully insured.

Investments

The Airport Authority does not have a formal investment policy for dealing with investment risks, and therefore, follows the guidance in the Florida Statues. The types of investments in which the Airport Authority may invest are governed by Section 218.415, Florida Statutes. According to state statutes, the Airport Authority is authorized to invest in the following instruments: Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund, or any intergovernmental investment pool authorized through the Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act; SEC registered money market funds with the highest credit quality rating from a nationally recognized rating company; interest-bearing time deposits and savings accounts in qualified public depositories; and direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury.

As of September 30, 2020 the Airport Authority was invested in the Florida Fixed Income Trust Enhanced Cash (FL-FIT EC) Pool, an external local government investment pool established in accordance with Section 163.01, Florida Statutes.

Interest Rate Risk and Credit Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that change in interest rates could adversely affect an investment's fair value. Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The schedule below summarizes investments by credit rating and maturity (a measure of credit risk and interest rate risk):

	Credit			Weighted			
	Rating	Fair	Average				
Investment Type	(Fitch)		Value	Maturity			
Florida Fixed Income Trust							
Enhance Cash (FL-FIT EC) Pool	AAAf/S1	\$	1,004,627	206 Days			

Fair Value Measurement

The Airport Authority records assets and liabilities in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, which determines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value and expands disclosures about fair value measurement.

Fair value is defined in GASB Statement No. 72 as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date (an exit price). Fair value is a market-based measurement for a particular asset or liability based on assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. Such assumptions include observable and unobservable inputs of market data, as well as assumptions about risk and the risk inherent in the inputs to the valuation technique.

As a basis for considering market participant assumptions in fair value measurements, GASB Statement No. 72 establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three broad levels:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that a government can access at the measurement date.
- Level 2 inputs are inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs that reflect the City's own assumptions about factors that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability (including assumptions about risk).

For investments in certain entities that calculate net asset value (NAV) that do not have a readily determinable fair value, the Airport Authority is permitted to report fair value on the NAV per share as a practical expedient, where certain conditions are met. Such measurements are included within the disclosure, but should not be classified as Level 1, Level 2, or Level 3 within the hierarchy.

The Airport Authority's investment in FL-FIT EC Pool is measured at NAV. The fair value of the investment is \$1,004,627. There are no unfunded commitments, and the FL-FIT EC Pool offers next day liquidity.

Note 3 - Commitments

The Airport Authority is currently conducting various improvement projects that are eligible for federal, state, and local reimbursements. Commitment's outstanding are approximately \$9,896,821 and \$17,030,809 at September 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

Note 4 - Pension Plans

During 2020 and 2019, the Airport Authority had approximately 34 employees; hired and supervised directly by the Airport Authority. The employees who worked for the Airport Authority participated in a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Airport Authority.

Defined Contribution Pension Plan

The Plan is open to all Airport Authority personnel. The Plan is qualified under the provisions of Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. Under the provisions of the Plan, the Airport Authority contributes an amount equal to 10% of the employees' gross pay. Covered employees are required to contribute 5% of gross pay. Employees are vested in the Plan when they begin employment.

Employer contributions are submitted to ICMA Retirement Corporation, which invests the assets on behalf of the employees and reports the results of the investment activity on a quarterly basis. Employees may withdraw these contributions and any interest earned thereon upon separation from service. Withdrawals prior to the age of 55 are subject to a 10% penalty.

Total pension expense under this plan was \$146,817 and \$139,032 for the years ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

Note 5 - Services Provided by the City of Gainesville, Florida

During the years ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, the Airport Authority paid the City of Gainesville, Florida, for services as follows:

		2020	2019		
Fire Protection	\$	553,956	\$	539,897	
Security		387,460		326,549	
Indirect Costs		33,432		18,723	
Utilities		485,776		488,502	
Total	<u>\$</u>	1,460,624	\$	1,373,671	

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Note 6 - Long-Term Debt

The Airport Authority issued and has outstanding Series 2006A Revenue Bonds. The Airport Authority Series 2007 Revenue Bonds were paid off during fiscal year 2019.

\$6,025,000 Airport Revenue Bonds, Construction of a Small Aircraft Transportation System (SATS) Maintenance Facility, Series 2006A

Type—Revenue Bonds

Dated—July 6, 2006

Final Maturity—June 1, 2027

Principal Payment Date—June 1

Interest Payment Date—June 1 and December 1

Interest Rates—Floating rate (0.65 x 6 months LIBOR + 2%) through May 31, 2007, then 5.49% from June 1, 2007, through maturity.

Reserve Requirement—None

Revenue Pledged—For the fiscal year-end 2015 through the first quarter of 2016, the primary revenue guarantee was rents received from Silver Airways as outlined in the amended lease agreement between the Airport Authority and Silver Airways during fiscal year 2013. The secondary revenue guarantee (upon default by Silver Airways) is parking lot revenues equal to annual debt service. Effective the second quarter of fiscal year 2016, parking lot revenues became the primary revenue pledged and remain so through fiscal year 2020.

Purpose—To design and construct a 61,000 square foot SATS maintenance facility.

Call Provisions—The Series 2006A Bonds are subject to redemption at any time prior to maturity in \$5,000 increments at the option of the Airport Authority without a premium. However, as part of this issuance, the Airport Authority also entered into a Hedge Agreement, which provides a mechanism for fixing the interest rate. While the underlying bonds may be redeemed without premium, the Hedge Agreement is subject to gains or losses that may be incurred for early termination depending on market conditions at the time of an early termination.

During construction, draws were made against the Bond Issuance as part of the Loan Agreement. As of September 30, 2020, the amount of outstanding principal on the Series 2006A Bonds is \$2,853,060.

Year Ending	Business Activity								
September 30,	Principal			Interest	Total				
2021	\$	345,979	\$	152,424	\$	498,403			
2022		364,641		132,822		497,463			
2023		384,309		112,162		496,471			
2024		404,355		90,669		495,024			
2025		427,050		67,475		494,525			
2026-2028		926,726		61,018		987,744			
Total	\$	2,853,060	\$	616,570	\$	3,469,630			

\$985,580 Airport Revenue Bonds, T-Hangar Project, Series 2007

Type—Revenue Bonds
Dated—March 1, 2007
Final Maturity—March 31, 2019
Principal Payment Date—March 31
Interest Payment Date—March 31 and September 30
Interest Rates—Floating rate (1 month LIBOR + 2%) through March 31, 2008, then 5.06% from April 1, 2008, through maturity.

Revenue Requirement—None

Revenue Pledged—The primary revenue guarantee are rents received from T-Hangar lease revenues.

Purpose—To construct 26 new T-Hangar spaces for storage of private aircraft in T-Hangar rows "K" and "L".

Call Provisions—The Series 2007 Bonds are subject to redemption at any time prior to maturity in \$5,000 increments at the option of the Airport Authority without a premium.

Payoff—The bank recorded the Airport's final principal payment of \$613,403.93 on April 1, 2019.

Long-term liability activity for the years ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance 10/1/19	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance 9/30/20	Due Within One Year	
Revenue Bonds/Notes						
Series 2006A	<u>\$ 3,181,786</u>	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ 328,726</u>	<u>\$ 2,853,060</u>	<u>\$ 345,979</u>	
Total Revenue Bonds	<u>\$ 3,181,786</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 328,726</u>	<u>\$ 2,853,060</u>	<u>\$ 345,979</u>	

	Beginning Balance 10/1/18	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance 9/30/19	Due Within One Year		
Revenue Bonds/Notes							
Series 2006A	\$ 3,492,243	\$-	\$ 310,457	\$ 3,181,786	\$ 328,725		
Series 2007	613,404		613,404				
Total Revenue Bonds	<u>\$ 4,105,647</u>	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ 923,861</u>	<u>\$ 3,181,786</u>	<u>\$ 328,725</u>		

Interest expense totaled \$172,268 and \$204,160, respectively, in 2020 and 2019.

Note 7 - Line of Credit

On January 31, 2005, the Airport Authority entered into a revolving loan agreement with Compass Bank secured by revenues generated from passenger facility charges. The original agreement allowed the Airport Authority to borrow up to \$2,000,000, with interest accruing on the unpaid principal balance at the LIBOR-Market Index Rate plus 200 basis points. The interest rate will not decrease below 4.5% nor increase above 18% per annum. Beginning on March 1, 2005, and continuing on the first day of each month thereafter, the Airport Authority shall pay monthly payments of interest only with interest calculated on the unpaid principal balance. With Board authorization, the agreement was subsequently amended and has been extended annually since its original expiration date of December 1, 2013. As of September 30, 2019, the amount available on the line of credit was \$1,000,000 and the terms include an interest rate of monthly LIBOR plus 2.75% or a floor of 4.5%. At the time of the most current renewal, June 15, 2020, the same terms remain except for the floor, which was lowered to 3.75% and expires August 31, 2021. As of and during the years ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, the Airport Authority borrowed \$0.

Note 8 - Derivative Instruments

During the year, the Airport Authority was party to one interest rate swap agreement.

At September 30, 2020, the Airport Authority had the following derivative instruments outstanding:

		Fair	e	Changes in Fair Value			
	Notional Amount	Classification Amount			Classification	Amount	
Cash Flow Hedges Pay-Fixed Interest Rate Swap	\$ 6,025,000	Debt	\$	(469,692)	Deferred Outflow	\$	(11,619)

At September 30, 2019, the Airport Authority had the following derivative instruments outstanding:

		Fair	Valu	ie	Changes in Fair Value			
	Notional Amount	Classification		Amount	Classification	4	Mount	
Cash Flow Hedges	 runount	elassification		/	elassification			
Pay-Fixed Interest Rate Swap	\$ 6,025,000	Debt	\$	(458,073)	Deferred Outflow	\$	(78,084)	

Derivative Instrument Types

As of September 30, 2020 and 2019, the interest rate swaps are considered to be hedging derivative instruments and are identified as a cash flow hedge. The Airport Authority used the synthetic instrument method to evaluate hedge effectiveness. This method evaluates effectiveness by combining the hedgeable item and the potential hedging derivative instrument to simulate a third synthetic instrument. A potential hedging derivative is effective if its total variable cash flows substantially offset the variable cash flows of the hedgeable item, substantially fixing the actual synthetic rate.

Fair Values

Fair values of the interest rate swaps were estimated using the zero-coupon method.

Hedging Derivative Instruments - Objectives and Terms

The objectives and terms of the Airport Authority's hedging derivative instruments outstanding at September 30, 2020 and September 30, 2019, and counterparty credit ratings are as follows:

	Derivative	Counterparty		Notional	Effective	Maturity	
Instrument	Туре	Credit Rating	Objective	 Amount	nount Date Date		Terms
1	Pay-fixed		Hedge Changes in	\$ 6,025,000	6/29/2006	6/01/2027	Pay Synthetic Fixed
	Interest Rate	A3	Cash Flows on the				Rate of 5.49% Receive
	Swap		2006A Note				65% of 6M LIBOR Plus
							130 Basis Points

Derivative Instruments Risks

Interest Rate Risk—The Airport Authority is exposed to interest rate risk on its swap agreements. On payfixed, receive-variable interest rate swaps, the Airport Authority's net payment increases as LIBOR decreases.

Termination Risk—The swaps may be terminated at any time if certain events occur that result in one party not performing in accordance with the agreement. If a swap is terminated, the variable rate notes would no longer carry a synthetic fixed interest rate. Also, if, at the time of termination, the swap has a negative fair value, the Airport Authority would be liable to the Counterparty for a payment equal to the swap's fair value at that time.

Note 9 - Pledged Revenues

The Authority has pledged certain revenues to repay revenue bonds as of September 30, 2020 and September 30, 2019. The following table reports the revenues pledged for each debt issue, the amount of such revenues received in the current year, the current year principal and interest paid on the debt, the approximate percentage of each revenue which is pledged to meet the debt obligation, the date through which the revenue is pledged under the debt agreement, and the total pledged future revenues for each debt, which is the amount of the remaining principal and interest on the revenue bonds at September 30, 2020 and September 30, 2019:

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

			Principal Outstanding			
			and	Estimated	Principal	
Pledged	Description of	Revenue	Interest	Percentage	and	Pledged
Revenue	Bonds	Received	Paid	Pledged	Interest	Through
Parking Revenues	Revenue Bonds, Series 2006A	<u>\$ 1,357,129</u> <u>\$</u>	500,993	37%	<u>\$ 3,469,630</u>	2027

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Pledged Revenue	Description of Bonds		Revenue Received		Principal and Interest Paid	Estimated Percentage Pledged	Ρ	tstanding rincipal and nterest	Pledged Through
Parking Revenues	Revenue Bonds, Series 2006A	<u>\$</u>	2,149,864	<u>\$</u>	499,150	23%	<u>\$</u>	3,969,882	2027
T-Hangar Lease Revenues	Revenue Bonds, Series 2007	<u>\$</u>	229,076	<u>\$</u>	628,871	100%	<u>\$</u>		2019

Note 10 - Risk Management

The Airport Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the Airport Authority carries commercial insurance. Insurance against losses are provided for the following types of risk:

- Workers' Compensation
- Business Auto
- Real and Personal Property Damage
- Cyber Liability

- Directors and Officers Liability
- Airport Liability
- Fiduciary Liability
- Crime

Settlements have not exceeded coverage during the past three years.

Note 11 - Interlocal Agreement

Pursuant to an inter-local agreement, the City of Gainesville, Florida, has agreed to share the ad valorem tax proceeds for the sale of certain parcels of land owned by the City of Gainesville, Florida, in the Airport Industrial Park. All proceeds must be used for capital projects at the airport or operations. The amounts to be paid by the City of Gainesville, Florida, are based upon 50% of ad valorem tax proceeds and will be spread over periods not to exceed ten years. The ad valorem tax proceeds and land sales proceeds that were shared with the Airport Authority were \$291,823 and \$0 for the years ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively. Such amounts would be recorded as revenues when they became due from the City of Gainesville, Florida. Thus, there were no parcels that actively generated revenues per the agreement for fiscal year 2020 or 2019.

Note 12 - Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital assets for the years ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, is as follows:

	Beginning Balance October 1, 2019	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance September 30, 2020
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated				
Land	\$ 2,956,264	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 2,956,264
Capital Assets Being Depreciated				
Buildings	31,300,327	1,737,999	-	33,038,326
Improvements Other than Buildings	77,869,386	221,997	-	78,091,383
Fuel Farm Land and Improvements	653,371	28,069	-	681,440
Vehicles and Equipment	3,620,149	75,395	23,338	3,672,206
Leasehold Acquisitions	450,000			450,000
Total Capital Assets Being				
Depreciated	113,893,233	2,063,460	23,338	115,933,355
Less Accumulated Depreciation for				
Buildings	15,267,021	866,848	-	16,133,869
Improvements Other than Buildings	46,406,517	2,893,704	-	49,300,221
Fuel Farm Land and Improvements	521,357	11,681	-	533,038
Vehicles and Equipment	2,781,986	245,760	23,338	3,004,408
Leasehold Acquisitions	450,000			450,000
Total Accumulated Depreciation	65,426,881	4,017,993	23,338	69,421,536
Total Being Depreciated, Net	48,466,352	(1,954,533)	-	46,511,819
Construction Work in Progress	2,182,273	11,340,503	1,909,210	11,613,566
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 53,604,889	\$ 9,385,970	\$ 1,909,210	\$ 61,081,649

	Beginning Balance October 1,		_	Ending Balance September 30,
	2018	Increases	Decreases	2019
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated				
Land	\$ 2,956,264	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 2,956,264
Capital Assets Being Depreciated				
Buildings	31,635,481	12,313	347,467	31,300,327
Improvements Other than Buildings	77,924,604	357,269	412,487	77,869,386
Fuel Farm Land and Improvements	653,371	-	-	653,371
Vehicles and Equipment	3,260,870	369,303	10,024	3,620,149
Leasehold Acquisitions	450,000			450,000
Total Capital Assets Being				
Depreciated	113,924,326	738,885	769,978	113,893,233
Less Accumulated Depreciation for				
Buildings	14,740,185	874,303	347,467	15,267,021
Improvements Other than Buildings	43,905,563	2,913,441	412,487	46,406,517
Fuel Farm Land and Improvements	511,080	10,277	-	521,357
Vehicles and Equipment	2,566,395	225,615	10,024	2,781,986
Leasehold Acquisitions	450,000			450,000
Total Accumulated Depreciation	62,173,223	4,023,636	769,978	65,426,881
Total Being Depreciated, Net	51,751,103	(3,284,751)	-	48,466,352
Construction Work in Progress	977,279	1,723,166	518,172	2,182,273
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 55,684,646	\$ (1,561,585)	\$ 518,172	\$ 53,604,889

Note 13 - Operating Leases

The Airport Authority is the lessor on various leases of facilities located at the Gainesville Regional Airport and other leases for property owned by the City of Gainesville. The following is a schedule of estimated minimum future lease income on non-cancelable operating leases:

Fiscal Year		Amount		
2021	\$	622,142		
2022		736,366		
2023		768,841		
2024		444,762		
2025		455,343		
2026-2030		587,282		
2031-2035		274,466		
2036-2038		138,561		
Total	<u>\$</u>	4,027,763		

Assumptions:

- Tenants do not exercise the no-fault cancellation option in lease.
- Tenants accept renewal options in lease.
- CPI increases are estimated at 2%.

Note 14 - Contingencies

The Airport Authority would be contingently liable with respect to any claims incidental to its ordinary course of business. The Airport Authority is insured and, to the best of the Airport Authority management's knowledge, any claims existing from last fiscal year were settled without any adverse financial impact to the Airport Authority. Currently, the Airport Authority's management is aware of one existing claim outstanding that is being litigated by the Airport's insurance company's appointed attorney. It is not anticipated that this claim will have any adverse financial impact on the Airport Authority.

Note 15 - Restricted Net Position

Certain net position is considered restricted for future use by enabling legislation or from other restricted sources. A summary of the Airport Authority's restricted net position at September 30, 2020 and 2019, is as follows:

		2020	 2019
Customer Facility Charge	\$	1,286,969	\$ 1,245,597
Passenger Facility Charge		2,864,186	2,977,249
Debt Service		168,458	 168,820
Total Restricted Net Position	<u>\$</u>	4,319,613	\$ 4,391,666

Note 16 - Subsequent Events – COVID 19 Update

As of April 30, 2021, passenger activity appears to be rebounding at a steady pace. For example, the month of April 2021 had a passenger activity of nearly 62% of April 2019; while April 2020 (the first full month affected by COVID-19) had only about 5% of the expected activity would be pre-COVID.

Further, Airport management indicated in last year's audit report that the Airport Authority applied for and accepted a grant under the Cares Act in the amount of \$3.1 million. At fiscal year-end 2020, the Airport Authority had collected over \$1.3 million of such, with the balance of the \$3.1 million being received by February 2021. In addition, on May 7, 2021, the ACRGP (Airport Coronavirus Response Grant Program) was executed and will provide further relief to the Airport Authority in the amount of \$2,293,744 that can be drawn upon in the same manner the Cares Act had been. This grant was signed into law on December 27, 2020 and allows for expenditures dating back to December 28, 2020.

Finally, on April 23, 2021, the Airport Authority (with Board approval), paid \$3,262,701 to retire the 2006A Bond, this transaction included a swap termination settlement of \$393,180. The 2006A Bond was a loan agreement entered into by the Airport Authority to finance the construction of the building originally designated as the Eclipse Hangar. On May 1, 2021, Chippewa Aerospace, Inc. took occupancy of the hangar formerly known under Eclipse Aviation after entering into a 10-year lease agreement with the Airport Authority, also, with Board approval.

REVENUE COMPARISON - BUDGET VS. ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 GAINESVILLE-ALACHUA COUNTY REGIONAL AIRPORT AUTHORITY GAINESVILLE, FLORIDA

	Fiscal Year 2019-2020 Total Budget		Fiscal Year 2019-2020 Actual Revenues		Over (Under) Budget	
Operating Revenues		nai buuget	Atti	ial Revenues		Buuget
Commercial Terminals:						
Airport Terminal Parking	\$	2,014,430	\$	1,357,129	\$	(657,301)
Air Carriers Rent - Exclusive Space		528,473		450,994		(77,479)
Other Exclusive Rent		2,127		1,997		(130)
Air Carriers Rent - Non-Exclusive Space		624,325		546,284		(78,041)
Air Carriers - Landing Fees		383,991		338,347		(45,644)
Passenger Boarding Bridge Fees		51,059		44,447		(6,612)
Charter Landing Fees		10,500		17,962		7,462
TSA LEO Reimbursement		15,000		100,365		85,365
TSA Office Rent		41,976		42,606		630
TSA Screening Checkpoint Reimbursement		22,336		13,211		(9,125)
Airways Facility Rent		41,040		41,134		94
Industrial Park Rent		8,939		9,699		760
Rental Car Company Rent - Exclusive Space		98,595		82,188		(16,407)
Rental Car Company Concession Fees		794,292		681,866		(112,426)
Rental Car Company over MAG		245,000		126,539		(118,461)
Overtlow Parking		3,000		735		(2,265)
QTF		477,831		354,488		(123,343)
Food Concessionaire		50,000		42,513		(7 <i>,</i> 487)
Advertising Fees		35,000		37,619		2,619
Ground Transportation Fees		33,000		30,524		(2,476)
Automated Teller Machine Revenue		1,200		2,200		1,000
Cell Phone Tower Rent		19,044		19,044		-
Solar Revenue		101,000		93,443		(7,557)
Miscellaneous Revenue		13,000	1	13,341		341
Total Commercial Terminals		5,615,158		4,448,675		(1,166,483)
General Aviation:						
Fuel Flowage Fees		90,000		86,328		(3,672)
Fixed Base Operators' Rent		240,230		240,230		-
FBO/GA Landing Fees		10,000		4,094		(5,906)
FBO Specialty Airport Services Rent		130,559		131,197		638
Corporate Aviation Rent		20,449		31,841		11,392
T-Hangar Rent (FBO/GA)		225,000		209,196		(15,804)
Sunshade Rent (FBO/GA)		2,820		3,290		470
Bulk Hangar Rent		46,252		45,511		(741)
Tie Downs (FBO/GA)		3,000		3,465		465
Storage Fees (GA)		1,940		1,940		-
Port-O-Port Rent (FBO/GA)		16,200		15,984		(216)
FBO Charter Passenger Fee		-		198		198
FBO Ramp Parking Fees		1,000		722		(278)
GA Grounds Support Equipment Rental		765		5,745		4,980
Fuel Farm Facilities Storage Fees		198,850		166,580		(32,270)
Silver Hangar Rents		90,355		116,414		26,059
Driving Pad Lease - Amazon		35,666		108,433		72,767
Total General Aviation		1,113,086		1,171,168		58,082
Total Operating Revenues		6,728,244		5,619,843		(1,108,401)

REVENUE COMPARISON - BUDGET VS. ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 GAINESVILLE-ALACHUA COUNTY REGIONAL AIRPORT AUTHORITY GAINESVILLE, FLORIDA

	Fiscal Year 2019-2020 Total Budget	Fiscal Year 2019-2020 Actual Revenues	Over (Under) Budget
Non-Operating Revenues			
Passenger Facility Charge Revenue	\$-	\$ 702,893	\$ 702,893
PFC - Interest revenue	-	33,545	33,545
Capital Facility Charge Revenue	-	23,148	23,148
CFC - Interest revenue	-	14,142	14,142
Federal and State Grants	-	9,533,221	9,533,221
Miscellaneous	5,400	34,494	29,094
Proceeds from the City - Industrial Park Land Sale	-	291,823	291,823
Interest Income	110,000	62,329	(47,671)
Sale of Surplus Equipment	1,000	1,965	965
Total Non-Operating Revenues	116,400	10,697,560	10,581,160
Total Revenues	\$ 6,844,644	\$ 16,317,403	\$ 9,472,759

EXPENSE COMPARISON - BUDGET VS. ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 GAINESVILLE-ALACHUA COUNTY REGIONAL AIRPORT AUTHORITY GAINESVILLE, FLORIDA

	Fiscal Year 2019-2020 Total Budget	Fiscal Year 2019-2020 Actual Expenses	(Over) Under Budget	
Expenses from Operations				
Airport Administration: Personal Services Operating Expenses Total Airport Administration	\$ 782,051 641,731 1,423,782	\$ 776,462 522,177 1,298,639	\$	
Airport Operations and Maintenance: Personal Services Operating Expenses Total Airport Operations and Maintenance	1,369,616 2,106,340 3,475,956	1,268,123 2,016,393 3,284,516	101,493 89,947 191,440	
General Aviation Operations: Operating Expenses Cost of Sales Total General Aviation Operations	88,526 5,250 93,776	84,949 5,182 90,131	3,577 68 3,645	
Fuel Farm: Operating Expenses Total Fuel Farm	29,089 29,089	34,370 34,370	(5,281)	
Quick Turn-Around Facility: Operating Expenses Total Quick Turn-Around Facility	384,551 384,551	255,339 255,339	129,212 129,212	
Depreciation Expense		4,017,993	(4,017,993)	
Total Expenses from Operations	5,407,154	8,980,988	(3,573,834)	
Non-Operating Expenses Interest Expense Total Non-Operating Expenses	183,526 183,526	172,268 172,268	<u> </u>	
(Total Expenses)	\$ 5,590,680	\$ 9,153,256	\$ (3,562,576)	

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 GAINESVILLE-ALACHUA COUNTY REGIONAL AIRPORT AUTHORITY GAINESVILLE, FLORIDA

Grantor/Program Title	CFDA Contract Number	Program or Award Amount	Receivable (Payable) Balance 10/1/2019	(Receipts)	Eligible Expenditures	Receivable (Payable) Balance 9/30/2020
U.S. Department of Transportation						
Federal Aviation Administration:						
Airport Improvement Programs (AIP 41)						
Terminal Expansion Utility	20.106	\$ 660,126	\$ 104,338	\$ (135,101)	\$ 108,816	\$ 78,053
AIP 41 Totals		660,126	104,338	(135,101)	108,816	78,053
Airport Improvement Programs (AIP 42)						
Terminal Expansion Phase 2	20.106	12,163,252	9,348	(6,435,472)	6,621,526	195,402
AIP 42 Totals		12,163,252	9,348	(6,435,472)	6,621,526	195,402
Airport Improvement Programs (AIP 44)						
CARES Act Grant	20.106	3,113,693	-	(1,323,900)	1,323,900	-
AIP 44 Totals		3,113,693	-	(1,323,900)	1,323,900	
Airport Improvement Programs (AIP 45)						
Terminal Expansion Phase 3	20.106	1,796,715	-	-	33,459	33,459
AIP 45 Totals		1,796,715	-	-	33,459	33,459
Total Federal Financial Assistance		\$ 17,733,786	\$ 113,686	\$ (7,894,473)	\$ 8,087,701	\$ 306,914

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 GAINESVILLE-ALACHUA COUNTY REGIONAL AIRPORT AUTHORITY GAINESVILLE, FLORIDA

Grantor/Program Title	CSFA Contract Number	FIN Number	Program or Award Amount	(eceivable Payable) Balance 0/1/2019	(Receipts)	•	djustments) Eligible penditures	(eceivable Payable) Balance /30/2020
Florida Department of Transportation										
Aviation Grant Program:										
Terminal and Parking Improvements	55.004	43873919416	\$ 1,799,170	\$	59,994	\$ -	\$	559,448	\$	619,442
Tractors	55.004	43676119419	175,000		46,176	(46,176)		1,171		1,171
GA Facility Rehab and Bulk Hangar	55.004	43492119419	1,408,825		67,780	(580,695)		777,290		264,375
Emergency Generator - Fuel Farm	55.004	44544619419	12,500		8,311	(12,500)		4,189		-
Parking Phase 2 Expansion	55.004	42882919416	991,524		9,688	(20,301)		10,613		-
Security Equipment	55.004	44095419417	58,700		24,009	(37,481)		13,472		-
Multimodal	55.004	44513419419	5,672,353		-	(59,235)		79,337		20,102
Subtotal Expenditures - CSFA No. 55.004			10,118,072		215,958	(756,388)		1,445,520		905,090
Total State Financial Assistance			 10,118,072		215,958	 (756,388)		1,445,520		905,090
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance			\$ 27,851,858	\$	329,644	\$ (8,650,861)	\$	9,533,221	\$	1,212,004

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 GAINESVILLE-ALACHUA COUNTY REGIONAL AIRPORT AUTHORITY GAINESVILLE, FLORIDA

Note to Schedule of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance is presented on the accrual basis of accounting.

The Airport Authority did not elect to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate as covered in Section 200.414, Indirect (F&A) Costs, of the Uniform Guidance.

OTHER INFORMATION

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Governing Board Gainesville-Alachua County Regional Airport Authority Gainesville, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Gainesville-Alachua County Regional Airport Authority (the Airport Authority) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Airport Authority's financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 15, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Airport Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Airport Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Airport Authority's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Airport Authority's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Airport Authority's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of non-compliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Airport Authority's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Airport Authority's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Purvis Gray

June 15, 2021 Gainesville, Florida

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND STATE PROJECT AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND CHAPTER 10.550, RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL

To the Governing Board Gainesville-Alachua County Regional Airport Authority Gainesville, Florida

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and State Project

We have audited the Gainesville-Alachua County Regional Airport Authority's (the Airport Authority) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* and the Department of Financial Services' State Projects *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Airport Authority's major federal programs and state projects for the year ended September 30, 2020. The Airport Authority's major federal programs and state projects are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal and state statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards and state assistance applicable to its federal programs and state projects.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Airport Authority's major federal programs and state projects based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*. Those standards, the Uniform Guidance, and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*, require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program or state project occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Airport Authority's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program and state project. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Airport Authority's compliance.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND STATE PROJECT AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND CHAPTER 10.550, RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Airport Authority complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs and state projects for the year ended September 30, 2020.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Airport Authority is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Airport Authority's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program and state project to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and state project and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Airport Authority's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, non-compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program or state project on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material non-compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program or state project will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance to the term of a federal program or state project with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program or state project that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND STATE PROJECT AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND CHAPTER 10.550, RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Purvis Gray

June 15, 2021 Gainesville, Florida

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FEDERAL PROGRAMS AND STATE PROJECTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 GAINESVILLE-ALACHUA COUNTY REGIONAL AIRPORT AUTHORITY GAINESVILLE, FLORIDA

I. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements

- 1. The independent auditor's report expresses an unmodified opinion on the financial statements of the Gainesville-Alachua County Regional Airport Authority.
- 2. The audit disclosed no material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting.
- 3. No instances of non-compliance material to the financial statements of the Airport Authority were disclosed during the audit.

Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance

- 4. No significant deficiencies and/or material weaknesses relating to internal control over compliance with major federal programs and state projects were disclosed.
- 5. The report on compliance for major federal programs and state projects expresses an unmodified opinion.
- 6. The audit disclosed no findings relative to the major federal programs and major state projects.
- 7. The programs tested as major programs included the following:

Federal Program	Federal CFDA No.
Airport Improvement Program	20.106
	State
State Project	CSFA No.
Aviation Grant Program	55.004

- 8. The threshold for distinguishing Type A and B programs was \$750,000 for major federal award programs and state projects.
- 9. The Gainesville-Alachua County Regional Airport Authority did qualify as a low-risk auditee pursuant to the Uniform Guidance.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FEDERAL PROGRAMS AND STATE PROJECTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 GAINESVILLE-ALACHUA COUNTY REGIONAL AIRPORT AUTHORITY GAINESVILLE, FLORIDA

II. <u>FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED UNDER</u> <u>GENERALLY ACCEPTED GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS (GAGAS)</u>

The audit disclosed no findings that are required to be reported under GAGAS.

III. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AND STATE PROJECTS

There were no findings or questioned costs for the year ended September 30, 2020.

IV. OTHER ISSUES

No summary schedule of prior audit findings is required because there were no prior year audit findings related to federal programs or state projects.

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH FLORIDA STATUTE SECTION 218.415 – INVESTMENT OF PUBLIC FUNDS

To the Governing Board Gainesville-Alachua County Regional Airport Authority Gainesville, Florida

We have examined the Gainesville-Alachua County Regional Airport Authority's (the Airport Authority) compliance with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, as required by Section 10.556(10)(a), *Rules of the Auditor General*. Management is responsible for the Airport Authority's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Airport Authority's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Airport Authority complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the Airport Authority complied requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risk of material non-compliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination of the Airport Authority's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Airport Authority complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2020.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Airport Authority, and applicable management, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than those specified parties.

Purvis Dray

June 15, 2021 Gainesville, Florida

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MANAGEMENT LETTER

To the Governing Board Gainesville-Alachua County Regional Airport Authority Gainesville, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the Gainesville-Alachua County Regional Airport Authority (the Airport Authority), whose headquarters are located in Gainesville, Florida, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, and have issued our report thereon dated June 15, 2021.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U. S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance); and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Florida Auditor General*.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and State Project and Report on Internal Control over Compliance; Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs; and Independent Accountant's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with AICPA Professional Standards, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*. Disclosures in those reports and schedule, which are dated June 15, 2021 should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no findings or recommendations made in the preceding financial audit report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The Airport Authority was established by Chapters 86-469 and 89-433, Laws of Florida, as amended by Chapter 95-457 in 1996 and Chapter 2006-363 in 2006. There were no component units related to the Airport Authority.

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MANAGEMENT LETTER

Financial Condition and Management

Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), *Rules of the Auditor General*, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the Airport Authority has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific conditions met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the Airport Authority did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), *Rules of the Auditor General*, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the Airport Authority. It is management's responsibility to monitor the Airport Authority's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires us to communicate non-compliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Airport Authority, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We wish to take this opportunity to thank you and your staff for the cooperation and courtesies extended to us during the course of our audit. Please let us know if you have any questions or comments concerning this letter, our accompanying reports, or other matters.

Purvis Dray

June 15, 2021 Gainesville, Florida



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