Heron Isles Community Development District

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

September 30, 2020

Heron Isles Community Development District

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

September 30, 2020

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page <u>Number</u>
REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS	1-2
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	3-8
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Government-wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities	9 10
Fund Financial Statements Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	11
Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	12
Fund Balances – Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures	13
and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	14
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – General Fund	15
Notes to Financial Statements	16-29
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN	
ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS	30-31
MANAGEMENT LETTER	32-33
INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT/COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 218.415, FLORIDA STATUTES	34

Certified Public Accountants PL

600 Citrus Avenue Suite 200 Fort Pierce, Florida 34950

772/461-6120 // 461-1155 FAX: 772/468-9278

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

To the Board of Supervisors Heron Isles Community Development District Nassau County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Heron Isles Community Development District as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, and the related notes to financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Fort Pierce / Stuart



To the Board of Supervisors Heron Isles Community Development District

Opinion

In our opinion, the basic financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund as of September 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Governmental accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by *Governmental Accounting Standards Board* who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures in accordance with governmental auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted principally of inquires of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated June 28, 2021 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations and contracts.

The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Heron Isles Community Development District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Berger, Toombs, Elam, Gaines & Frank Certified Public Accountants PL

Fort Pierce, Florida

June 28, 2021

Management's discussion and analysis of Heron Isles Community Development District's (the "District") financial performance provides an objective and easily readable analysis of the District's financial activities. The analysis provides summary financial information for the District and should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The District's basic financial statements comprise three components; 1) Government-wide financial statements, 2) Fund financial statements, and 3) Notes to financial statements. The Government-wide financial statements present an overall picture of the District's financial position and results of operations. The Fund financial statements present financial information for the District's major funds. The Notes to financial statements provide additional information concerning the District's finances.

The Government-wide financial statements are the **statement of net position** and the **statement of activities**. These statements use accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. Emphasis is placed on the net position of governmental activities and the change in net position. Governmental activities are primarily supported by special assessments.

The **statement of net position** presents information on all assets and liabilities of the District, with the difference between assets and liabilities reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories; 1) net investment in capital assets, 2) restricted, and 3) unrestricted. Assets, liabilities, and net position are reported for all Governmental activities.

The **statement of activities** presents information on all revenues and expenses of the District and the change in net position. Expenses are reported by major function and program revenues relating to those functions are reported, providing the net cost of all functions provided by the District. To assist in understanding the District's operations, expenses have been reported as governmental activities. Governmental activities financed by the District include general government, physical environment and interest on long term debt.

Fund financial statements present financial information for governmental funds. These statements provide financial information for the major funds of the District. Governmental fund financial statements provide information on the current assets and liabilities of the funds, changes in current financial resources (revenues and expenditures), and current available resources.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Fund financial statements include a balance sheet and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for all governmental funds. A statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances – budget and actual is provided for the District's General Fund. Fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's activities. Individual funds are established by the District to track revenues that are restricted to certain uses or to comply with legal requirements.

The government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements provide different pictures of the District. The government-wide financial statements provide an overall picture of the District's financial standing. These statements are comparable to private-sector companies and give a good understanding of the District's overall financial health and how the District paid for the various activities, or functions, provided by the District. All assets of the District, including capital assets are reported in the **statement of net position**. All liabilities, including principal outstanding on bonds are included. The **statement of activities** includes depreciation on all long lived assets of the District, but transactions between the different functions of the District have been eliminated in order to avoid "doubling up" the revenues and expenses. The fund financial statements provide a picture of the major funds of the District. In the case of governmental activities, outlays for long lived assets are reported as expenditures and long-term liabilities, such as general obligation bonds, are not included in the fund financial statements. To provide a link from the fund financial statements to the government-wide financial statements, a reconciliation is provided from the fund financial statements to the government-wide financial statements.

Notes to financial statements provide additional detail concerning the financial activities and financial balances of the District. Additional information about the accounting practices of the District, investments of the District, capital assets and long-term debt are some of the items included in the *notes to financial statements*.

Financial Highlights

The following are the highlights of the financial activity for the year ended September 30, 2020.

- ♦ The District's total liabilities exceeded total assets by \$(847,442) (net position). Unrestricted net position for Governmental Activities was \$(33,907). Restricted net position-debt service was \$73,709. Net investment in capital assets was \$(887,244).
- ♦ Governmental activities revenues totaled \$703,368 while governmental activities expenses totaled \$490,361.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Financial Analysis of the District

The following schedule provides a summary of the assets, liabilities and net position of the District and is presented by category for comparison purposes.

Net Position

	Government	al Activities
	2020	2019
Current assets Prepaid bond insurance Restricted assets Capital assets	\$ 221,917 67,296 99,252 1,399,424	\$ 106,522 71,592 100,994 1,450,451
Total Assets	1,787,889_	1,729,559
Current liabilities Non-current liabilities	177,762 2,457,569	189,803 2,600,205
Total Liabilities	2,635,331	2,790,008
Net position - net investment in capital assets Net position - restricted Net position - unrestricted	(887,244) 73,709 (33,907)	(812,724) 99,931 (347,656)
Total Net Position	\$ (847,442)	\$ (1,060,449)

The increase in current assets is primarily related to establishing a capital reserve in the current year.

The decrease in total liabilities is related primarily to the current year principal payments in the current year.

The decrease in capital assets is primarily related to current year depreciation.

The increase in net position is related to revenues exceeding expenses.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Financial Analysis of the District (Continued)

The following schedule provides a summary of the changes in net position of the District and is presented by category for comparison purposes.

Change in Net Position

	Governmental Activities		
	2020	2019	
Program Revenues			
Charges for services	\$ 673,621	\$ 566,002	
Grants and contributions	-	7,892	
General Revenues	00.445	405	
Miscellaneous revenues	29,445	185	
Investment earnings	302	983	
Total Revenues	703,368	575,062	
Expenses			
General government	110,049	109,323	
Physical environment	280,802	285,604	
Interest and other charges	99,510	103,633	
Total Expenses	490,361	498,560	
Change in Net Position	213,007	76,502	
Net Position - Beginning of Year	(1,060,449)	(1,136,951)	
Net Position - End of Year	\$ (847,442)	\$ (1,060,449)	

The increase in charges for services is related to a budgeted increase in special assessments in the current year.

The increase in miscellaneous revenues is related to a landscape enhancement project.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Capital Assets Activity

The following schedule provides a summary of the District's capital assets activity as of September 30, 2020 and 2019:

	Governmental Activities			
Description	2020 2019		2019	
Land and improvements	\$	46,653	\$	46,653
Construction in progress		12,583		-
Infrastructure		2,227,432		2,216,522
Accumulated depreciation		(887,244)		(812,724)
Capital assets, net	\$	1,399,424	\$	1,450,451

Depreciation was \$74,250 in the current year and additions to construction in progress and infrastructure were \$12,583 and \$10,910, respectively.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Budgeted expenditures exceeded actual expenditures primarily due to lower landscaping, facility repairs and legal fee expenditures than were anticipated.

The September 30, 2020 budget was amended for capital reserves.

Debt Management

Governmental Activities debt includes the following:

♦ In June 2017, the District issued \$2,315,000 Series 2017A-1 Senior Capital Improvement Revenue Refunding Bonds and \$850,000 Series 2017A-2 Subordinate Capital Improvement Revenue Refunding Bonds. These bonds were issued to refund and redeem the Series 2005 Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds. The balance of the Series 2017A-1 and Series 2017A-2 Bonds were \$1,905,000 and \$720,000, respectively.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

Heron Isles Community Development District does not expect any economic factors to have any significant effect on the financial position or results of operations of the District in fiscal year 2021.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Request for Information

The financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Heron Isles Community Development District's finances for all those with an interest. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Heron Isles Community Development District, Governmental Management Services, 475 West Town Place, Suite 114, St. Augustine, Florida 32092.

Heron Isles Community Development District STATEMENT OF NET POSITION September 30, 2020

ASSETS Current Assets: Cash and cash equivalents \$80,035
•
Cash and cash equivalents \$ 90.035
Cash and cash equivalents
Investment 124,246
Assessments receivable 2,735
Prepaid expenses 13,321
Deposits 1,580
Total Current Assets 221,917
Non-current Assets:
Prepaid bond insurance 67,296
Restricted assets:
Investments 99,252
Capital assets not being depreciated
Land and improvements 46,653
Construction in progress 12,583
Capital assets being depreciated
Infrastructure 2,227,432
Accumulated depreciation (887,244
Total Non-current Assets 1,565,972
Total Assets 1,787,889
LIABILITIES
Current Liabilities:
Accounts payable 10,056
Accrued interest payable 37,706
Bonds payable 130,000
Total Current Liabilities 177,762
Non-current Liabilities:
Bonds payable, net 2,457,569
Total Liabilities 2,635,331
NET POSITION
Net investment in capital assets (887,244
Restricted-debt service 73,709
Unrestricted (33,907
Total Net Position \$ (847,442

Heron Isles Community Development District STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

Functions/Programs	Expenses	Program Revenues Charges for Services	Net (Expense) Revenues and Changes in Governmental Activities
Primary government Governmental Activities General government Physical environment Interest and other charges Total Governmental Activities	\$ (110,049) (280,802) (99,510) \$ (490,361)	\$ 146,754 275,084 251,783 \$ 673,621	\$ 36,705 (5,718) 152,273 183,260
	General revenue Miscellaneous Investment ear Total Genera	revenues nings	29,445 302 29,747
	Change in Net P		213,007
	Net Position - Oo Net Position - Se	ctober 1, 2019 eptember 30, 2020	(1,060,449) \$ (847,442)

Heron Isles Community Development District BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2020

ASSETS	General	Debt Service	Total Governmental Funds
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 80,035	\$ -	\$ 80,035
Investment	124,246	· -	124,246
Assessments receivable	2,735	-	2,735
Prepaid expenses	13,321	-	13,321
Deposits	1,580	-	1,580
Restricted assets:			
Restricted investments		99,252	99,252
Total Assets	\$ 221,917	\$ 99,252	\$ 321,169
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES Accounts payable	\$ 10,056	\$ -	\$ 10,056
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable-prepaids/deposits Restricted for:	14,901	<u>-</u>	14,901
Debt Service	-	99,252	99,252
Assigned for capital reserves	124,034	, -	124,034
Unassigned	72,926		72,926
Total Fund Balances	211,861	99,252	311,113
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 221,917	\$ 99,252	\$ 321,169

Heron Isles Community Development District RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES September 30, 2020

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$	311,113
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets, land and improvements, \$46,653, construction in progress, \$12,583, and infrastructure, \$2,227,432, net of accumulated depreciation, (\$(887,244)) used in governmental activities are not current financial resources; and therefore, are not reported at the fund level.		1,399,424
Prepaid bond insurance was recognized as an other debt service cost at the fund level in the year the debt was issued, however, at the government-wide level it is recognized as an asset an amortized over the life of the bonds.	Э	67,296
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, \$(2,625,000), net of net bond discount, \$37,431, are not due and payable in the current period; therefore, are not reported at the governmental fund level.		(2,587,569)
Accrued interest expense for long-term debt is not a current financial use; therefore, it is not reported at the governmental fund level.		(37,706)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	(847,442)

Heron Isles Community Development District STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

	General	Debt Service	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues			
Special assessments	\$ 421,838	\$ 251,783	\$ 673,621
Miscellaneous revenues	29,445	-	29,445
Investment earnings	153	149	302
Total Revenues	451,436	251,932	703,368
Expenditures Current General government Physical environment Capital outlay Debt service Principal Interest Total Expenditures	110,049 206,282 23,493 - - 339,824	160,000 94,706 254,706	110,049 206,282 23,493 160,000 94,706 594,530
Net Change in Fund Balances	111,612	(2,774)	108,838
Fund Balances - October 1, 2019	100,249	102,026	202,275
Fund Balances - September 30, 2020	\$ 211,861	\$ 99,252	\$ 311,113

Heron Isles Community Development District RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 108,838
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, at the government-wide level, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation. This is the amount that depreciation, \$(74,520) exceeded capital outlay, \$23,493, in the current year.	(51,027)
Payment of long-term liabilities are reported as expenditures in the governmental fund statement but such repayments reduce long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.	160,000
Prepaid bond insurance was recognized as an expenditure at the fund level the year the bond was issued, at the government-wide level it was recorded as an asset and is amortized over the life of the bond. This is the current year amortization.	(4,296)
Amortization expense of bond discounts does not require the use of current resources and therefore is not reported at the governmental funds level. This governmental funds level. This is the amount of amortization in the current period.	(2,364)
In the Statement of Activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds; whereas at governmental funds level, interest expenditures are reported when due. This is the change in accrued interest from the prior year.	1,856
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 213,007

Heron Isles Community Development District STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

				Variance witl Final Budge	
	Original	Final		Positive	
	Budget	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues					
Special assessments	\$ 412,344	\$ 412,344	\$ 421,838	\$ 9,494	1
Miscellaneous revenues	100	100	29,445	29,345	5
Interest earnings	400	400	153	(247	7)
Total Revenues	412,844	412,844	451,436	38,592	2
Expenditures Current					
General government	118,073	118,073	110,049	8,024	
Physical environment	207,921	209,696	206,282	3,414	
Capital outlay	87,500	87,500	23,493	64,007	
Total Expenditures	413,494	415,269	339,824	75,445	<u>5</u>
Revenues over/(under) expenditures	(650)	(2,425)	111,612	114,037	7
Other Financing Sources/(Uses) Transfers in		29,445		(29,445	<u>5)</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances	(650)	27,020	111,612	84,592	2
Fund Balances - October 1, 2019	750	750	100,249	99,499	<u>}</u>
Fund Balances - September 30, 2020	\$ 100	\$ 27,770	\$ 211,861	\$ 184,091	1_

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District's more significant accounting policies are described below.

1. Reporting Entity

The District was established on September 1, 2004, pursuant to the Uniform Community Development District Act of 1980, Chapter 190, Florida Statutes and Nassau County, Florida Ordinance 2004-41. The District was established for the purposes of financing and managing the acquisition, construction, maintenance and operation of the infrastructure necessary for community development within its jurisdiction. The District is authorized to issue bonds for the purpose, among others, of financing, funding, planning, establishing, acquiring, constructing or re-constructing, enlarging or extending, equipping, operating and maintaining water management, bridges or culverts, district roads, landscaping, street lights and other basic infrastructure projects within or without the boundaries of the Heron Isles Community Development District. The District is governed by a five-member Board of Supervisors who are elected on an at-large basis by landowners within the District. The District operates within the criteria established by Chapter 190.

As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the Heron Isles Community Development District (the primary government) as a stand-alone government. The reporting entity for the District includes all functions of government in which the District's Board exercises oversight responsibility including, but not limited to, financial interdependency, selection of governing authority, designation of management, significant ability to influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters.

Based upon the application of the above-mentioned criteria as set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, the District has identified no component units.

2. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The basic financial statements of the District are composed of the following:

- Government-wide financial statements
- Fund financial statements
- Notes to financial statements

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

a. Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Government-wide financial statements report all non-fiduciary information about the reporting government as a whole. These statements include all the governmental activities of the primary government. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

Governmental activities are supported by special assessments. Program revenues include charges for services and payments made by parties outside of the reporting government's citizenry if that money is restricted to a particular program. Program revenues are netted with program expenses in the Statement of Activities to present the net cost of each program.

Amounts paid to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets, rather than reported as an expenditure. Proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as liabilities in the government-wide financial statements, rather than as an other financing source.

Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness of the reporting government are reported as a reduction of the related liability, rather than as an expenditure.

b. Fund Financial Statements

The underlying accounting system of the District is organized and operated on the basis of separate funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Fund financial statements for the primary government's governmental funds are presented after the government-wide financial statements. These statements display information about major funds individually.

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

b. Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Governmental Funds

The District implemented the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 54 – Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. The Statement requires the fund balance for governmental funds to be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

The District has various policies governing the fund balance classifications.

Nonspendable Fund Balance – This classification consists of amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation.

Assigned Fund Balance – This classification consists of the Board of Supervisors' intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The assigned fund balances can also be assigned by the District's management company.

Unassigned Fund Balance – This classification is the residual classification for the government's general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications.

Fund Balance Spending Hierarchy – For all governmental funds except special revenue funds, when restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balances are combined in a fund, qualified expenditures are paid first from restricted or committed fund balance, as appropriate, then assigned and finally unassigned fund balances.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. Interest associated with the current fiscal period is considered to be an accrual item and so has been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collected within the current period or soon thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period.

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

b. Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Governmental Funds (Continued)

Under the current financial resources measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The reported fund balance is considered to be a measure of "available spendable resources". Governmental fund operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Accordingly, they are said to present a summary of sources and uses of "available spendable resources" during a period.

Because of their spending measurement focus, expenditure recognition for governmental fund types excludes amounts represented by non-current liabilities. Since they do not affect net current assets, such long-term amounts are not recognized as governmental fund type expenditures or fund liabilities.

Amounts expended to acquire capital assets are recorded as expenditures in the year that resources are expended, rather than as fund assets. The proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as an other financing source rather than as a fund liability.

Debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

3. Basis of Presentation

a. Governmental Major Funds

<u>General Fund</u> – The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> – Accounts for debt service requirements to retire the capital improvement bonds which were used to finance the construction of District infrastructure improvements.

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

3. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

b. Non-current Governmental Assets/Liabilities

GASB Statement 34 requires that non-current governmental assets, such as land and buildings, and non-current governmental liabilities, such as general obligation bonds, be reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide Statement of Net position.

4. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity

a. Cash and Investments

Florida Statutes require state and local governmental units to deposit monies with financial institutions classified as "Qualified Public Depositories," a multiple financial institution pool whereby groups of securities pledged by the various financial institutions provide common collateral from their deposits of public funds. This pool is provided as additional insurance to the federal depository insurance and allows for additional assessments against the member institutions, providing full insurance for public deposits.

The District is authorized to invest in those financial instruments as established by Section 218.415, Florida Statutes. The authorized investments consist of:

- 1. Direct obligations of the United States Treasury;
- 2. The Local Government Surplus Funds Trust or any intergovernmental investment pool authorized pursuant to the Florida Interlocal Cooperative Act of 1969;
- 3. Interest-bearing time deposits or savings accounts in authorized qualified public depositories;
- 4. Securities and Exchange Commission registered money market funds with the highest credit quality rating from a nationally recognized rating agency.

b. Restricted Assets

Certain net position of the District will be classified as restricted assets on the statement of net position because their use is limited either by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation; or by restrictions imposed externally by creditors. In a fund with both restricted and unrestricted assets, qualified expenses are considered to be paid first from restricted net position and then from unrestricted net position.

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

4. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

c. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land improvements, construction in progress and infrastructure, are reported in governmental activities.

The District defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. The valuation basis for all assets is historical cost.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend its useful life are not capitalized.

Depreciation of capital assets is computed and recorded by utilizing the straight-line method over the assets' estimated useful lives ranging from 10 to 30 years.

d. Bond Discounts

Bond discounts are amortized over the life of the bonds.

e. Prepaid Bond Insurance

Prepaid bond insurance associated with the issuance of refunding bonds are presented on the financial statements as a non-current asset and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method.

f. Budgets

Budgets are prepared and adopted after public hearings for the governmental funds, pursuant to Chapter 190, Florida Statutes. The District utilizes the same basis of accounting for budgets as it does for revenues and expenditures in its various funds. Formal budgets are adopted for the general fund. The legal level of budgetary control is at the fund level. All budgeted appropriations lapse at year end. Formal budgets are adopted for the general and debt service funds. As a result, deficits in the budget columns of the accompanying financial statements may occur.

g. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities and is reported in three categories. Net investment in capital assets, represents capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and any outstanding debt related to those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are legal limitations imposed on their use by legislation, or external restrictions imposed by other governments, creditors, or grantors. Unrestricted net position is assets that do not meet definitions of the classifications previously described.

NOTE B - RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Explanation of Differences Between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-wide Statement of Net position

"Total fund balances" of the District's governmental funds, \$311,113, differs from "net position" of governmental activities, \$(847,442), reported in the Statement of Net Position. This difference primarily results from the long-term economic focus of the Statement of Net position versus the current financial resources focus of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet. The effect of the differences is illustrated below.

Capital related items

When capital assets (land improvements and infrastructure that are to be used in governmental activities) are purchased or constructed, the cost of those assets is reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, the Statement of Net Position included those capital assets among the assets of the District as a whole.

Land and improvements	\$ 46,653
Construction in progress	12,583
Infrastructure	2,227,432
Accumulated depreciation	 (887,244)
Net Capital Assets	\$ 1,399,424

Prepaid bond insurance

Prepaid bond insurance is recognized as an asset at the government-wide level and amortized over the life of the long-term debt.

Prepaid bond insurance \$ 67.5

Long-term debt transactions

Long-term liabilities and the deferred amount on refunding applicable to the District's governmental activities are not current uses or resources and accordingly are not reported at the fund level. All uses and resources (both current and long-term) are reported in the Statement of Net Position. Balances at September 30, 2020 were:

Bonds payable	\$ (2,625,000)
Bond discount, net	 37,431
Total	\$ (2,587,569)

Accrued interest

Accrued liabilities in the Statement of Net Position differ from the amount reported in governmental funds due to the accrued interest on bonds.

Accrued interest	\$ (37 706)

NOTE B - RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

2. Explanation of Differences Between the Governmental Fund Operating Statements and the Statement of Activities

The "net change in fund balances" for government funds, \$108,838, differs from the "change in net position" for governmental activities, \$213,007, reported in the Statement of Activities. The differences arise primarily from the long-term economic focus of the Statement of Activities versus the current financial resources focus of the governmental funds. The effect of the differences is illustrated below.

Capital related items

When capital assets that are to be used in governmental activities are purchased or constructed, the resources expended for those assets are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, in the Statement of Activities, the costs of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation. The loss on disposal of capital assets is recognized at the government-wide level. The following is the amount of depreciation in the current year.

Depreciation	\$ (74,520)
Capital outlay	 23,493
Total	\$ (51,027)

Long-term debt transactions

Repayment of long-term liabilities are reported as expenditures at the fund level but such repayments reduce liabilities at the government-wide level.

Debt principal payments	\$	<u> 160,000</u>
-------------------------	----	-----------------

Amortization of the bond discount and prepaid bond insurance does not require the use of current resources and therefore is not reported at the fund level.

Bond discount	<u>\$</u>	(2,364)
Prepaid bond insurance	\$	(4.296)

Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Change in accrued interest	payable	\$ <u> 1,856</u>

NOTE C - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

All deposits are held in qualified public depositories and are included on the accompanying balance sheet as cash and investments.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District follows the provisions of Chapter 280, Florida Statutes regarding deposits and investments to manage custodial credit risk. The District maintains all deposits in a qualified public depository, so that all deposits are fully insured by Federal Depositors Insurance or collateralized under Chapter 280, Florida Statutes. As of September 30, 2020, the District's bank balance was \$88,417 and the carrying value was \$80,035.

As of September 30, 2020, the District had the following investments and maturities:

Investment	<u>Maturities</u>	Fair Value
Local Government Surplus Funds, Florida PRIME	48 Days*	\$ 212
U S Bank Money Market	N/A	223,286
Total		\$ 223,498

^{*} Weighted Average Maturity

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy recently established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset, or paid to transfer a liability, in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. The District uses a market approach in measuring fair value that uses prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or similar assets, liabilities, or groups of assets and liabilities.

Assets or liabilities are classified into one of three levels. Level 1 is the most reliable and is based on quoted price for identical assets, or liabilities, in an active market. Level 2 uses significant other observable inputs when obtaining quoted prices for identical or similar assets, or liabilities, in markets that are not active. Level 3 is the least reliable and uses significant unobservable inputs that use the best information available under the circumstances, which includes the District's own data in measuring unobservable inputs.

Based on the criteria in the preceding paragraph, the District has no investment in the U S Bank Money Market is a level one asset.

<u>Investments</u>

The District's investment policy allows management to invest funds in investments permitted under Section 218.415, Florida Statutes. Among other investments, the policy allows the District to invest in the State Board of Administration Local Government Surplus Trust Funds.

NOTE C - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

<u>Investments</u> (Continued)

Cash placed with the State Board of Administration represents the District's participation in the Local Government Surplus Trust Fund Florida Prime and is reported at fair value. As a pool participant the District invests in pools of investments in which shares are owned in the pool rather than the underlying investments.

Interest Rate Risk

The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk

The District's investments in treasury funds, commercial paper, and government loans are limited by state statutory requirements and bond compliance. The District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. As of September 30, 2020, the District's investment in SBA Local Government Surplus Fund was rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The District places no limit on the amount it may invest. The investments in U S Bank Money Market represent 99% and the investments in Local Government Surplus Fund, Florida PRIME represents 1% of the District's total investments.

The types of deposits and investments and their level of risk exposure as of September 30, 2020 were typical of these items during the fiscal year then ended. The District considers any decline in fair value for certain investments to be temporary.

NOTE D - SPECIAL ASSESSMENT REVENUES

Assessments are non-ad valorem assessments on benefitted property within the District. Operating and Maintenance Assessments are based upon adopted general fund budget and levied annually. Debt Service Assessments are levied when bonds are issued and collected annually. The District may collect assessments directly or utilize the uniform method of collection (Chapter 197.3632, Florida Statutes). Direct collected assessments are due as determined by annual assessment resolution adopted by the Board of Supervisors. Assessments collected under the uniform method are mailed by the Nassau County Tax Collector on November 1 and due on or before March 31 of each year.

Assessments and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

NOTE E - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital Asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2020 was as follows:

		Balance					•	Balance
	O	ctober 1,					Sep	otember 30,
		2019	Add	litions	Delet	ions		2020
Governmental Activities:								
Capital assets, not depreciated								
Land and improvements	\$	46,653	\$	-	\$	-	\$	46,653
Construction in progress				12,583				12,583
Total Capital assets, not depreciated		46,653		12,583				59,236
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Infrastructure	2	2,216,522	•	10,910		-		2,227,432
Less accumulated depreciation for:								_
Infrastructure		(812,724)	(7	74,520)				(887,244)
Total Capital Assets Depreciated, Net		1,403,798	(6	63,610)		-		1,340,188
Governmental Activities, Capital Assets	\$ -	1,450,451	\$ (5	51,027)	\$		\$	1,399,424

Depreciation of \$74,520 was charged to physical environment.

NOTE F – LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of debt activity for the District for the year ended September 30, 2020:

Long-term debt at October 1, 2019	\$	2,785,000
Principal payments		(160,000)
Long-term debt at September 30, 2020	\$	2,625,000
Less: bond discount, net		(37,431)
Total long-term debt, September 30, 2020	<u>\$</u>	2,587,569
Long-term debt for Governmental Activities is comprised of the following:		
Capital Improvement Revenue Refunding Bonds		
\$2,315,000 Series 2017A-1 Senior Capital Improvement Revenue Refunding Bonds due in annual principal installments maturing May 2036. Interest is due semi-annually on May 1 and November 1, at various rates between 2% and 3.375%. Current portion is \$100,000.	\$	1,905,000
\$850,000 Series 2017A-2 Subordinate Capital Improvement Revenue Refunding Bonds due in annual principal installments maturing May 2036. Interest is due semi-annually on May 1 and November 1 with a fixed interest rate of 5%. Current portion is \$30,000.		720,000
Bond payable		2,625,000
Bond Discount, net		(37,431)
Bonds Payable, Net	<u>\$</u>	2,587,569

NOTE F - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

The annual requirements to amortize the principal and interest of bonded debt outstanding as of September 30, 2020 are as follows:

Year Ending							
September 30,	<u>Principal</u>		Principal Interest		Total		
2021	\$	130,000	\$	90,494	\$	220,494	
2022		130,000		86,994		216,994	
2023		135,000		83,494		218,494	
2024		140,000		79,744		219,744	
2025		140,000		75,631		215,631	
2026-2030		790,000		306,214		1,096,214	
2031-2035		945,000		153,189		1,098,189	
2036		215,000		8,313		223,313	
Totals	\$	2,625,000	\$	884,073	\$	3,509,073	

Summary of Significant Bond Resolution Terms and Covenants

Capital Improvement Revenue Refunding Bonds

Significant Bond Provisions

The Series 2017 Senior and Subordinate Bonds are subject to redemption at the option of the District prior to their maturity, in whole or in part, at any time after May 1, 2027 at a redemption price equal to the principal amount of the Series 2017 Senior and Subordinate Bonds to be redeemed, together with accrued interest to the date of redemption. The Series 2017 Senior and Subordinate Bonds are subject to extraordinary mandatory redemption prior to maturity in the manner determined by the Bond Registrar if certain events occurred as outlined in the Trust Indenture.

The Trust Indenture established certain amounts be maintained in a reserve account. In addition, the Trust Indenture has certain restrictions and requirements relating principally to the use of proceeds to pay for the infrastructure improvements and the procedures to be followed by the District on assessments to property owners. The District agrees to levy special assessments in annual amounts adequate to provide payment of debt service and to meet the reserve requirements.

NOTE F - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Depository Funds

The bond resolution establishes certain funds and determines the order in which revenues are to be deposited into these funds. A description of the significant funds, including their purposes, is as follows:

Reserve Fund – The Series 2017A-1 and Series 2017A-2 Reserve Account requirements are equal to 50 percent of the maximum annual debt outstanding for Series 2017A-1 and Series 2017A-2 Bonds. The Series 2017A-1 Bonds Reserves are satisfied by the Reserve Insurance Policy which will terminate on the final maturity date or upon earlier, in full, payment of the Series 2017A-1 Bonds. The Series 2017A-2 Bonds were funded from the proceeds of the Series 2017A-2 Bonds in amounts. Monies held in the reserve accounts will be used only for the purposes established in the Trust Indenture.

The following is a schedule of required reserve deposits as of September 30, 2020:

	Reserve		F	Reserve
Capital Improvement Revenue Refunding	E	Balance	Red	quirement
Senior Series 2017A-1	\$	81,258	\$	81,258
Subordinate Series 2017A-2	\$	34,250	\$	33,875

NOTE G - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the government carries commercial insurance. There were no claims or settled claims from these risks that exceeded commercial insurance coverage in the last three years.

NOTE H - SUBSEQUENT EVENT

In November 2020, the District made prepayments on the Series 2017A-1 and 2017A-2 Capital Improvement Revenue Refunding Bonds of \$15,000 and \$5,000, respectively. In May 2021, the District made prepayments on the Series 2017A-1 and 2017A-2 Capital Improvement Revenue Refunding Bonds of \$5,000 and \$5,000, respectively.

Certified Public Accountants PL

600 Citrus Avenue Suite 200 Fort Pierce, Florida 34950

772/461-6120 // 461-1155 FAX: 772/468-9278

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Supervisors Heron Isles Community Development District Nassau County, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Heron Isles Community Development District, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020 September 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 28, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Heron Isles Community Development District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Heron Isles Community Development District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Heron Isles Community Development District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Fort Pierce / Stuart



To the Board of Supervisors Heron Isles Community Development District

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Heron Isles Community Development District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Berger, Toombs, Elam, Gaines & Frank Certified Public Accountants PL

Berger Joonbo Glam

Fort Pierce, Florida

June 28, 2021

Certified Public Accountants PL

600 Citrus Avenue Suite 200 Fort Pierce, Florida 34950

772/461-6120 // 461-1155 FAX: 772/468-9278

MANAGEMENT LETTER

To the Board of Supervisors Heron Isles Community Development District Nassau County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the Heron Isles Community Development District as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, and have issued our report thereon dated June 28, 2021.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Florida Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and our Independent Auditor's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professionals Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated June 28, 2021, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding financial audit report. There were no findings or recommendations in the preceding audit.

Financial Condition and Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not Heron Isles Community Development District has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific conditions met. In connection with our audit, we determined that Heron Isles Community Development District did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1) Florida Statutes.

Private Companies practice Section



To the Board of Supervisors Heron Isles Community Development District

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for Heron Isles Community Development District. It is management's responsibility to monitor the Heron Isles Community Development District's financial condition; our financial condition assessment was based in part on the representations made by management and the review of the financial information provided by the same as of September 30, 2020.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our Management Letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Board of Supervisors, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Berger, Toombs, Elam, Gaines & Frank Certified Public Accountants PL

Fort Pierce. Florida

June 28, 2021

Certified Public Accountants PL

600 Citrus Avenue Suite 200 Fort Pierce, Florida 34950

772/461-6120 // 461-1155 FAX: 772/468-9278

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT/COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 218.415, FLORIDA STATUTES

To the Board of Supervisors Heron Isles Community Development District Nassau County, Florida

We have examined Heron Isles Community Development District's compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes during the year ended September 30, 2020. Management is responsible for Heron Isles Community Development District's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Heron Isles Community Development District's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about Heron Isles Community Development District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on Heron Isles Community Development District's compliance with the specified requirements.

In our opinion, Heron Isles Community Development District complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements during the year ended September 30, 2020.

Berger, Toombs, Elam, Gaines & Frank

Certified Public Accountants PL

Fort Pierce, Florida

June 28, 2021