

IRL COUNCIL
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

**IRL COUNCIL
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FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020**

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors,
IRL Council:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the general fund of the IRL Council (the Council), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Council's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Council's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting principles used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the general fund of the IRL Council, as of September 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

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Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

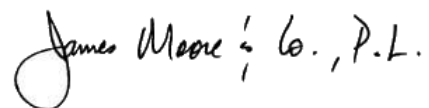
Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Council's basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 3, 2021, on our consideration of the Council's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Council's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Daytona Beach, Florida
May 3, 2021



**IRL COUNCIL
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)**

As management of the IRL Council (the "Council"), we offer readers of the Council's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Council for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020. We encourage readers to view the information presented herein in conjunction with additional information furnished in the Council's financial statements following this narrative.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The Council's net position at year end September 30, 2020 is \$1,732,823. Last fiscal year, September 30, 2019, the Council's net position was \$1,887,573. This is a decrease in net position of \$154,750 from last year. Net position includes both restricted funds to be used for specific projects and expenses, and unrestricted funds to be used for any lawful project or expense of the Council.

During the current year, total expenses were \$2,532,079 versus total revenue of \$2,484,597. In the prior year, total expenses were \$1,756,392 versus total revenue of \$2,256,490.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

The report consists of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements providing information about the activities of the Council as a whole; 2) fund financial statements providing information about the significant funds of the Council; 3) notes to the financial statements providing supplementary and explanatory information.

Government-wide Financial Statements - The first two statements, "Statement of Net Position" and "Statement of Activities", are designed to provide a broad overview of the Council's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide information about the Council's financial status as a whole. These statements include details of income during the year and a breakdown by category of expenses for activities and administration of the Council. The statements include all assets, deferred outflows of financial resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of financial resources using the accrual basis of accounting. This means that all of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the Council's net position and changes in net position. The net position – the difference between assets and deferred outflows, and liabilities and deferred inflows – is an important measure of the Council's financial health.

Fund Financial Statements - The next three statements provide a detailed look at the Council's major fund. The Council, like all government entities, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements. The fund statements do not reflect the activities of the Council as a whole. All of the funds of the Council are included in only one category: governmental funds. All activities of the governmental funds are included in only one fund: General Fund.

Notes to the financial statements provide additional detail concerning the financial activities and financial balances of the Council. Additional information, if applicable, about the accounting practices of the Council, investments of the Council, long term debt, and pension plan are some of the items included in the *notes to the financial statements*.

**IRL COUNCIL
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)**

IRL Council - Net Position

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>		<u>Increase (Decrease)</u>
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	
Assets			
Cash	\$ 3,018,504	\$ 2,763,258	\$ 255,246
Receivables - funding agencies	-	-	-
Due from other governments	234,369	105,371	128,998
Capital Assets, net	16,440	18,761	(2,321)
Prepaid expenses and other assets	-	-	-
Due from other governments, restricted	57,281	60,344	(3,063)
Restricted cash	334,580	233,667	100,913
Total Assets	\$ 3,661,174	\$ 3,181,401	\$ 479,773
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Deferred outflows related to pension	\$ 297,042	\$ 229,676	\$ 67,366
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	637	17	620
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 297,679	\$ 229,693	\$ 67,986
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	\$ 962,750	\$ 433,174	\$ 529,576
Unearned revenue	662,500	662,500	-
Noncurrent liabilities			
Due within one year:			
Compensated absences payable	24,292	16,942	7,350
Due in more than one year:			
Compensated absences payable	2,699	1,882	817
Total OPEB liability	2,068	4,280	(2,212)
Net pension liability	555,078	368,704	186,374
Total Liabilities	\$ 2,209,387	\$ 1,487,482	\$ 721,905
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Deferred inflows related to pension	\$ 16,564	\$ 35,203	\$ (18,639)
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	79	836	(757)
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$ 16,643	\$ 36,039	\$ (19,396)
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 16,440	\$ 18,761	\$ (2,321)
Restricted for specialty license plate related expenditures	391,861	294,011	97,850
Unrestricted	1,324,522	1,574,801	(250,279)
Total Net Position	\$ 1,732,823	\$ 1,887,573	\$ (154,750)

**IRL COUNCIL
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)**

IRL Council - Changes in Net Position

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>		<u>Increase (Decrease)</u>
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	
<u>Revenues</u>			
Member Contributions	\$ 1,500,000	\$ 1,500,000	\$ -
Federal grants	850,899	575,948	274,951
State specialty license plates	125,696	129,123	(3,427)
Miscellaneous	8,002	51,419	(43,417)
Total Revenue	\$ 2,484,597	\$ 2,256,490	\$ 228,107
<u>Expenses</u>			
Current:			
Physical Environment -			
- conservation and resource management	\$ 2,532,079	\$ 1,756,392	\$ 775,687
Capital outlay	-	-	-
Total Expenses	\$ 2,532,079	\$ 1,756,392	\$ 775,687
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	\$ (47,482)	\$ 500,098	\$ (547,580)

Governmental Activities

Revenues for the Council's activities in this fiscal year totaled \$2,484,597. These revenues represent an increase of \$228,107 from the previous year total of \$2,256,490. This increase over the prior year is due to higher grant revenues.

In the current year there was \$125,696 of State specialty license plate revenue. This revenue is restricted to activities that support water quality improvement, habitat restoration, and public awareness and education of the economically significant Indian River Lagoon. The amount of this revenue in the prior year was \$129,123. This is a decrease of \$3,427. Since this revenue is solely based on the voluntary purchase of the specialty license plate by the public, this amount is expected to fluctuate. \$31,556 were expensed during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020 for those activities. The amount of this expense in the prior year was \$59,405. This is a decrease of \$27,849.

Expenses totaled \$2,532,079, an increase of \$775,687 from the previous year total of \$1,756,392. This increase in expenditures is primarily the result of the completion of strategic projects which is one of the main functions of the district.

**IRL COUNCIL
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)**

IRL Council - General Fund Balance Sheet

	<u>Governmental Funds</u>		<u>Increase (Decrease)</u>
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	
<u>Current and other assets</u>	\$ 3,644,734	\$ 3,162,640	\$ 482,094
<u>Total assets</u>	<u>\$ 3,644,734</u>	<u>\$ 3,162,640</u>	<u>\$ 482,094</u>
Liabilities	\$ 1,625,250	\$ 1,095,674	\$ 529,576
<u>Fund balance</u>	<u>2,019,484</u>	<u>2,066,966</u>	<u>(47,482)</u>
<u>Total liabilities and fund balance</u>	<u>\$ 3,644,734</u>	<u>\$ 3,162,640</u>	<u>\$ 482,094</u>

Fund balance decreased this year by \$47,482.

Budgetary Highlights

An operating budget was adopted and maintained by the governing board for the District pursuant to the requirements of Florida Statutes. The budget is adopted using the same basis of accounting that is used in preparation of the fund financial statements. The legal level of budgetary control, the level at which expenditures may not exceed budget, is in the aggregate. Any budget amendments that increase the aggregate budgeted appropriations must be approved by the Board of Supervisors. The budget for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, was amended to increase appropriations by \$2,061,339. This was due to anticipated projects that might start getting funded in the current year. Actual general fund expenditures did not exceed appropriations during the current fiscal year.

The Council performed favorably regarding net revenues to expenditures compared to the budget. Total actual revenues came in \$234,597 over the final budgeted total revenues. This was mainly due to grant revenue.

There was a positive variance in total annual expenditures. Actual fiscal year expenditures were \$1,779,260 less than final budgeted expenditures, primarily due to projects which will carry over into the next fiscal year.

Economic Factors and the 2020-2021 Budget

The Indian River Lagoon National Estuary Program (Program) was historically funded with EPA Section 320 grant funds. Those funds were used for local cost-share projects in support of the Indian River Lagoon Comprehensive Conservation and Management Plan (CCMP). Over the past several years those revenues were approximately \$600,000 per year. This year's amount was \$850,899. Council member contributions have increased funding of the Program by an additional \$1.5 million per year. This increased funding expanded the number of CCMP projects in the IRL watershed.

Contacting the Council's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the Council's finances and to show the Council's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the IRL Council Main Office, at Indian River Lagoon National Estuary Program, 1235 Main Street, Sebastian, Florida 32958.

IRL COUNCIL
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash	\$ 3,018,504
Due from other governments	234,369
Capital assets, net	16,440
Due from other governments, restricted	57,281
Restricted cash	334,580
Total assets	3,661,174
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflows related to pensions	297,042
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	637
Total deferred outflows of resources	297,679
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	962,750
Unearned revenue	662,500
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Due within one year:	
Compensated absences payable	24,292
Due in more than one year:	
Compensated absences payable	2,699
Total OPEB liability	2,068
Net pension liability	555,078
Total liabilities	2,209,387
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred inflows related to pensions	16,564
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	79
Total deferred inflows of resources	16,643
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	16,440
Restricted for specialty license plate related expenses	391,861
Unrestricted	1,324,522
Total net position	\$ 1,732,823

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**IRL COUNCIL
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020**

	Program Revenues			Net Revenue and Changes in Net Position	
Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	
Governmental activities					
Physical environment - conservation and resource management	\$ 2,639,347	\$ -	\$ 2,478,845	\$ -	\$ (160,502)
Total governmental activities	\$ 2,639,347	\$ -	\$ 2,478,845	\$ -	(160,502)
General revenues:					
Interest					5,752
Total general revenues					5,752
Change in net position					(154,750)
Net position at beginning of year					1,887,573
Net position at end of year					\$ 1,732,823

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

IRL COUNCIL
BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

	General Fund
ASSETS	
Cash	\$ 3,018,504
Due from other governments	234,369
Due from other governments, restricted	57,281
Restricted cash	334,580
Total assets	\$ 3,644,734
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 962,750
Unearned revenue	662,500
Total liabilities	1,625,250
FUND BALANCE	
Restricted for specialty license plate related expenditures	391,861
Unassigned	1,627,623
Total fund balance	2,019,484
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 3,644,734

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**IRL COUNCIL
RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET
TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
SEPTEMBER 30, 2020**

Total fund balance - general fund \$ 2,019,484

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

Total governmental capital assets	23,209
Less: accumulated depreciation	(6,769)

On the governmental fund statements, a net pension liability is not recorded until an amount is due and payable and the pension plan's fiduciary net position is not sufficient for payment of those benefits (no such liability exists at the end of the current fiscal year). On the statement of net position, the Council's net pension liability of the defined benefit pension plans is reported as a noncurrent liability. Additionally, deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to pensions are also reported.

Net pension liability	(555,078)
Deferred outflows related to pensions	297,042
Deferred inflows related to pensions	(16,564)

On the governmental fund statements, a total OPEB liability is not recorded unless an amount is due and payable (no such liability exists at the end of the current fiscal year). On the statement of net position, the Council's total OPEB liability is reported as a noncurrent liability. Additionally, deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to OPEB are also reported.

Total OPEB liability	(2,068)
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	637
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	(79)

Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. These liabilities consist of the following:

Compensated absences	(26,991)
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Total net position - governmental activities \$ 1,732,823

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**IRL COUNCIL
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020**

	General Fund
REVENUES	
Member contributions	\$ 1,500,000
Federal grants	850,899
State specialty license plates	125,696
Miscellaneous	8,002
Total revenues	2,484,597
EXPENDITURES	
Current:	
Physical environment - conservation and resource management	2,532,079
Net change in fund balance	(47,482)
Fund balance at beginning of year	2,066,966
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 2,019,484

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**IRL COUNCIL
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020**

Net change in fund balance - total general fund	\$ (47,482)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of these assets is depreciated over their estimated useful lives.	
Depreciation expense	(2,321)
Governmental funds report contributions to defined benefit pension/OPEB plans as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the amount contributed to defined benefit pension plans reduces future net pension liability. Also included in pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities are amounts required to be amortized related to pension deferred inflows/outflows.	
Change in net pension liability and deferred inflows/outflows related to pensions	(100,369)
Change in total OPEB liability and deferred inflows/outflows related to OPEB	3,589
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. These adjustments are as follows:	
Change in compensated absences liability	(8,167)
Change in net position of governmental activities	<u><u>\$ (154,750)</u></u>

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

IRL COUNCIL
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

	<u>Budgeted Amounts</u>		<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)</u>
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>		
REVENUES				
Member contributions	\$ 1,500,000	\$ 1,500,000	\$ 1,500,000	\$ -
Federal grants	600,000	625,000	850,899	225,899
State specialty license plates	125,000	125,000	125,696	696
Miscellaneous	25,000	-	8,002	8,002
Total revenues	<u>2,250,000</u>	<u>2,250,000</u>	<u>2,484,597</u>	<u>234,597</u>
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Physical environment - conservation and resource management	2,250,000	4,311,339	2,532,079	1,779,260
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-
Total expenditures	<u>2,250,000</u>	<u>4,311,339</u>	<u>2,532,079</u>	<u>1,779,260</u>
Net change in fund balance	<u>-</u>	<u>(2,061,339)</u>	<u>(47,482)</u>	<u>2,013,857</u>
Fund balance at beginning of year	2,066,966	2,066,966	2,066,966	-
Fund balance at end of year	<u><u>\$ 2,066,966</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 5,627</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 2,019,484</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 2,013,857</u></u>

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

IRL COUNCIL
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

(1) **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:**

The financial statements of the IRL Council (the Council) have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted body for promulgating governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the Council's significant accounting policies:

(a) **Reporting entity**—The Council is a tax-exempt association of Counties and other non-federal agencies, which is organized to achieve the goals adopted in the Comprehensive Conservation and Management Plan for the Indian River Lagoon Estuary Program through detailed action plans prepared by each member agency of the association. The Council was established by interlocal agreement February 19, 2015, pursuant to the authority of Section 163.01, *Florida Statutes*. The basic operations of the Council are financed primarily through grants from the Environmental Protection Agency, contributions from the member counties and two Water Management Districts.

Criteria for determining if other entities are potential component units that should be reported within the Council's basic financial statements are identified and described in the GASB Codification. The application of these criteria provides for identification of any entities for which a financial benefit and burden relationship between the primary government (the Council) and the organization exist, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the Council are such that exclusion would cause the Council's financial statements to be misleading. Based on the application of these criteria, no potential component units were identified.

(b) **Government-wide financial statements**—The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on the primary government.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements are met. Sometimes the Council will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources. In order to determine amounts reported as restricted and unrestricted net position, it is the Council's policy to consider restricted net position to have been used before unrestricted net position is applied.

(c) **Governmental fund financial statements**—The governmental fund financial statements are presented using the current financial resources and modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The Council considers all revenues available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end, with the exception of grant and contract fees for which the period is nine months. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the Council funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost reimbursement grants, other grants, and general revenues. Therefore, when program expenses are incurred and there are restricted and unrestricted net positions available to finance the program, it is the Council's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by other grants and then general revenues.

IRL COUNCIL
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

(1) **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:** (Continued)

The Council reports the following major governmental fund:

General Fund – This fund is used to account for the accumulation and expenditure of resources that are used for general purposes of the Council and do not require the establishment of any other type of fund.

(d) **Budgeting**—The annual budget is prepared on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. A tentative budget is adopted by the Board after appropriate public hearing of each year covering the proposed operations and requirements for the ensuing fiscal year. By September 30, the Board, after the appropriate public hearing, adopts the final budget. Budgetary control is maintained at the program level. The governing body may, at any time within a fiscal year or up to 60 days following the end of the fiscal year, amend a budget for that year by resolution.

(e) **Cash deposits and investments**—Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash. Investments with original maturities of three months or less are considered to be cash equivalents.

(f) **Receivables**—At September 30, 2020, there was no allowance for doubtful accounts since all receivables were deemed collectible by management.

(g) **Capital assets**—Property, plant, and equipment with initial, individual costs that equal or exceed \$5,000 and estimated useful lives of over one year are recorded as capital assets. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost, if purchased or constructed. Contributed assets are recorded at acquisition value as of the date received.

Depreciation is reported for the primary government using the straight-line method calculated on a service-life basis to amortize the cost of the asset over their estimated economic useful lives. Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. Other useful lives are as follows:

Assets	Years
Buildings and improvements	30 - 50
Improvements other than buildings	3 - 20
Machinery and equipment	3 - 20

(h) **Unearned revenue**—Unearned revenue represents membership fees collected in advance of the membership period and grants received before eligibility requirements are met.

(i) **Compensated absences**—The Council records the vested portion of accumulated unused compensated absences, if material, at year-end based on each employee’s unused hours and rate of pay, including the Council’s share of payroll taxes. All compensated absences are accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements as accrued liabilities. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations or retirements. Estimates have been utilized to determine the amount to report as the current portion.

IRL COUNCIL
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

(1) **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:** (Continued)

(j) **Fund equity**—In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the Council is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Those classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable – The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The “not in spendable form” criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash such as inventories and prepaid amounts. It also includes the long-term amount of loans and notes receivable, as well as property acquired for resale unless the use of the proceeds from the collection of those receivables or from the sale of those properties is restricted, committed, or assigned.

Restricted – Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation (i.e., when the government assesses, levies, charges, or otherwise mandates payment of resources from external resource providers) and includes a legally enforceable requirement that those resources be used only for the specific purposes stipulated in the legislation.

Committed – Fund balance amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by ordinance of the Board of Directors are reported as committed fund balance. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit those amounts.

Assigned – Fund balance amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed, are reported as assigned fund balance, except for stabilization arrangements. The Board of Directors expressly delegates to the Executive Director authority under this policy to assign funds for particular purposes based on intent which can be expressed by (a) the Board of Directors itself or (b) a body (a budget or finance committee, for example) or official (Executive Director) to which the Board of Directors has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes.

Unassigned – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

For spendable resources, it is the Council’s policy to use its resources in the following order as needed to fund expenses: restricted, committed, assigned, unassigned.

(k) **Deferred outflows and inflows of resources**—In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for *deferred outflows of resources*. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure) until then. The Council has two items, deferred outflows related to pensions and deferred outflows related to OPEB in the government-wide statement of net position, which qualifies for reporting in this category. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

IRL COUNCIL
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

(1) **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:** (Continued)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Council has two items, deferred inflows related to pensions and deferred inflows related to OPEB in the government-wide statement of net position which qualifies for reporting in this category. Deferred inflows and outflows related to pensions are discussed further in Note 0 and deferred inflows and outflows related to OPEB are discussed in Note (8).

(l) **Use of estimates**—The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the basic financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(m) **Subsequent Events**—The Council has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure in the financial statements through May 3, 2021, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued. No subsequent events have been recognized or disclosed.

(2) **Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements:**

(a) **Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position**—Following the governmental fund balance sheet is a reconciliation between fund balance – total governmental funds and net position – governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A detailed explanation of these differences is provided in this reconciliation.

(b) **Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities**—Following the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances, there is a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds and changes in net position of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. A detailed explanation of these differences is provided in this reconciliation.

(3) **Cash Deposits and Investments:**

As of September 30, 2020, all Council cash deposits were held in qualified public depositories pursuant to Chapter 280, Florida Statutes, the *Florida Security for Public Deposits Act* (the Act), and, accordingly, are entirely insured by Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance or collateralized pursuant to the Act. The Act established guidelines for qualification and participation by banks and savings associations, procedures for administration of the collateral requirements and characteristics of eligible collateral. Under the Act, the qualified depository must pledge at least 50% of the average daily balance for each month of all public deposits in excess of any applicable deposit insurance. Additional collateral, up to 125%, may be required if deemed necessary. Obligations pledged to secure deposits must be delivered to the State Treasurer or, with the approval of the State Treasurer, to a bank, savings association, or trust company provided a power of attorney. Under the Act, the Council is authorized to deposit funds only in qualified public depositories.

**IRL COUNCIL
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2020**

(4) Risk Management:

The Council is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. In order to limit its exposure to these risks, the Council is a participant in the Florida Municipal Insurance Trust for general and auto liability. The insurance program purchases excess and specific coverages from third party carriers. Participants in the program are billed annually for their portion of the cost of the program adjusted for actual experience during the period of coverage. Participants are not assessed for unanticipated losses incurred by the program. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage during the year ended September 30, 2020. Settled claims resulting from the risks described above have not exceeded the insurance coverage for the past year.

(5) Compensated Absences:

Upon beginning employment, regular and full-time employees and introductory employees working a full-time schedule will begin to earn paid time off (PTO) according to the schedule below. The amount of PTO accrued by employees throughout each year increases with the length of their employment as shown in the following schedule:

Years of Eligible Service	PTO Hours Biweekly	PTO Hours Each Year
Upon initial eligibility	7.38	192
After five years	8.31	216
After ten years	9.85	256
After twenty years	10.15	264

The “PTO Year” under this policy and accrual schedule will be based on an employee’s anniversary date. PTO is paid at the employee’s base pay rate at the time of the absence. It does not include overtime or any special forms of compensation such as incentives, commissions, bonuses, or shift differentials.

In the event that available PTO is not used by the end of an employee’s PTO Year, employees may carry as many as 175 hours of unused time forward to the next PTO Year. Accumulation of hours may exceed 175 hours in a PTO Year; however, an employee may only carry 175 hours forward from one PTO Year to the next and all remaining PTO will be forfeited. Upon termination of employment, employees will be paid for unused PTO that has been earned through the last day of work.

A summary of changes in accrued compensated absences follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental activities:					
Compensated absences	\$ 18,824	\$ 34,778	\$ (26,611)	\$ 26,991	\$ 24,292

**IRL COUNCIL
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2020**

(6) Commitments and Contingencies:

During the ordinary course of its operations, the Council is party to various claims, legal actions and complaints. Some of these matters are covered by the Council insurance program. While the ultimate effect of any litigation cannot be ascertained at this time, management believes, based on the advice of legal counsel, that there will be no material effect on the Council's financial position and/or that the Council has sufficient insurance coverage to cover any claims.

(7) Capital Assets:

For the year ended September 30, 2020, capital asset activity was as follows:

	<u>Beginning Balance</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	<u>Ending Balance</u>
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Machinery and equipment	\$ 23,209	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 23,209
Total capital assets, being depreciated	<u>23,209</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>23,209</u>
Accumulated depreciation for:				
Machinery and equipment	(4,448)	(2,321)	-	(6,769)
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>(4,448)</u>	<u>(2,321)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(6,769)</u>
Total capital assets being depreciated, net of accumulated depreciation	<u>18,761</u>	<u>(2,321)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>16,440</u>
Capital assets, net	<u>\$ 18,761</u>	<u>\$ (2,321)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 16,440</u>

Total depreciation expense charged to governmental activities – physical environment was \$2,321.

(8) Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB):

Plan Description—The Brevard County Board of County Commissioners (Board) administers a multi-employer defined benefit healthcare plan (the "Plan"), under which, as provided for under the Interlocal Agreement between Brevard County, Florida and the Council, the Council employees are covered. The Plan provides health care benefits including medical coverage and prescription drug benefits to both active and eligible retired employees and their dependents. Pursuant to Section 112.0801, Florida Statutes, local governments are required to permit participation in the Plan to retirees and their eligible dependents at a cost to the retiree that is no greater than the cost at which coverage is available for active employees. Eligible individuals include all regular employees who retire from active service and are active participants in the Plan at the time of retirement. Employees who are either age 62 with completion of six years of service or have 30 years of service are also eligible to participate. Under certain conditions, eligible individuals also include spouses and dependent children. The Plan does not issue a publicly financial report.

Funding Policy—The contribution requirements of Plan members are established by state statutes and may be amended by the state legislature. The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements and is subject to constant revision. The City has opted to not fund the total OPEB obligation or the resulting unfunded actuarial accrued liability on an annual basis. The Council utilizes the General Fund to liquidate the liability for the OPEB obligation from previous years.

IRL COUNCIL
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

(8) Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB): (Continued)

Benefits Provided—The Other Post Employment Benefit Plan is a multi-employer benefit plan administered by the Board. Retirees are charged whatever the insurance company charges for the type of coverage elected, however, the premiums charged by the insurance company are based on a blending of the experience among younger active employees and older retired employees. The older retirees actually have a higher cost which means the County is actually subsidizing the cost of the retiree coverage because it pays all or a significant portion of the premium on behalf of the active employee, known as the “implicit rate subsidy.”

Plan Membership—At October 1, 2020, the date of the latest actuarial valuation, plan participation consisted of 3 covered individuals, including 3 active employees and no inactive employees.

Total OPEB Liability—The Council’s total OPEB liability of \$2,068 was measured as of September 30, 2020, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs—The total OPEB liability in the September 30, 2020, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Salary increases	3.50%
Discount rate	2.14%
Healthcare cost trend rate	6.00%
Retirees’ share of benefit-related costs	100.00%

The Council does not have a dedicated Trust to pay retiree healthcare benefits. The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer GO 20-Year Municipal Bond Index. Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Headcount-Weighted Mortality, projected using MP-2020.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, changes in the total OPEB liability were as follows:

	Total OPEB Liability
Balance at September 30, 2019	\$ 4,280
Changes for a year:	
Service cost	1,546
Interest	156
Differences between expected and actual experience	(4,624)
Changes of assumptions	710
Net changes	(2,212)
Balance at September 30, 2020	\$ 2,068

IRL COUNCIL
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

(8) Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB): (Continued)

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate:

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Council calculated using the discount rate of 3.64%, as well as what the Council's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower (1.14%) or 1% higher (3.14%) than the current rate (2.14%):

	<u>1% Decrease</u>	<u>Current Discount Rate</u>	<u>1% Increase</u>
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 1,923	\$ 2,070	\$ 2,235

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rate:

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Council as well as what the Council's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1% lower (5.00%) or 1% higher (7.00%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates (6.00%):

	<u>1% Decrease</u>	<u>Current Trend Rates</u>	<u>1% Increase</u>
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 1,910	\$ 2,070	\$ 2,251

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the year ended September 30, 2020; the Council recognized OPEB expense of \$149. At September 30, 2020, the Council reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 79
Changes of assumptions	637	-
Total	<u>\$ 637</u>	<u>\$ 79</u>

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

<u>Year Ended September 30,</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2021	\$ 59
2022	59
2023	59
2024	59
2025	59
Thereafter	263
Total	<u>\$ 558</u>

IRL COUNCIL
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

(9) Florida Retirement System:

Plan Description and Administration

The entity participates in the Florida Retirement System (FRS), a multiple-employer, cost sharing defined public employee retirement system which covers all of the entity's full-time employees. The System is administered by the State of Florida, Department of Administration, Division of Retirement to provide retirement and survivor benefits to participating public employees. Provisions relating to the FRS are established by Chapters 121 and 122, Florida Statutes; Chapter 112, Part IV, Florida Statutes; Chapter 238, Florida Statutes; and FRS Rules, Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code; wherein eligibility, contributions, and benefits are defined and described in detail. The FRS is a single retirement system administered by the Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, and consists of two cost-sharing, multiple-employer retirement plans and other nonintegrated programs. These include a defined-benefit pension plan (Plan), with a Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP), and a defined-contribution plan, referred to as the FRS Investment Plan (Investment Plan).

In addition, all regular employees of the entity are eligible to enroll as members of the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program. The HIS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with section 112.363, Florida Statutes. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of the state-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs. Eligible retirees and beneficiaries receive a monthly HIS payment equal to the number of years of service credited at retirement multiplied by \$5. The minimum payment is \$30 and the maximum payment is \$150 per month, pursuant to section 112.363, Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive a HIS benefit, a retiree under one of the state-administered retirement systems must provide proof of eligible health insurance coverage, which can include Medicare.

Benefits Provided and Employees Covered

Employees enrolled in the Plan prior to July 1, 2011, vest at six years of creditable service and employees enrolled in the Plan on or after July 1, 2011, vest at eight years of creditable service. All vested members, enrolled prior to July 1, 2011, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 62 or at any age after 30 years of service. All members enrolled in the Plan on or after July 1, 2011, once vested, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 65 or any time after 33 years of creditable service. Members of both Plans may include up to four years of credit for military service toward creditable service. The Plan also includes an early retirement provision; however, there is a benefit reduction for each year a member retires before his or her normal retirement date. The Plan provides retirement, disability, death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments. Benefits under the Plan are computed on the basis of age and/or years of service, average final compensation, and service credit. Credit for each year of service is expressed as a percentage of the average final compensation. For members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the five highest fiscal years' earnings; for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the eight highest fiscal years' earnings. The total percentage value of the benefit received is determined by calculating the total value of all service, which is based on the retirement plan and/or class to which the member belonged when the service credit was earned.

**IRL COUNCIL
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2020**

(9) Florida Retirement System: (Continued)

DROP, subject to provisions of Section 121.091, Florida Statutes, permits employees eligible for normal retirement under the Plan to defer receipt of monthly benefit payments while continuing employment with an FRS employer. An employee may participate in DROP for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate, except that certain instructional personnel may participate for up to 96 months. During the period of DROP participation, deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest.

Employees may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of the FRS defined-benefit plan. Employer and employee contributions are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. The Investment Plan is funded by employer and employee contributions that are based on salary and membership class (Regular, DROP, etc.). Contributions are directed to individual member accounts, and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. Employees in the Investment Plan vest at one year of service.

Financial Statements

Financial statements and other supplementary information of the FRS are included in the State's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, which is available from the Florida Department of Financial Services, Bureau of Financial Reporting Statewide Financial Reporting Section by mail at 200 E. Gaines Street, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-0364; by telephone at (850) 413-5511; or at the Department's Web site (www.myfloridacfo.com). An annual report on the FRS, which includes its financial statements, required supplementary information, actuarial report, and other relevant information, is available from:

Florida Department of Management Services
Division of Retirement, Research and Education Services
P.O. Box 9000
Tallahassee, FL 32315-9000
850-488-5706 or toll free at 877-377-1737

Contributions

Employers may participate in certain classes of FRS membership. The employee contribution rate for eligible employees, other than those in DROP from FRS who are not required to contribute, is 3.0%. Each class has descriptions and employer contribution rates in effect during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, as follows (contribution rates are in agreement with the actuarially determined rates):

FRS Membership Plan & Class	Through June 30, 2020	After June 30, 2020
Regular Class	8.47%	10.00%
Senior Management Service Class (SMSC)	25.41%	27.29%

Current-year employer HIS contributions were made at a rate of 1.66% of covered payroll and are included in the above employer rates.

IRL COUNCIL
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

(9) **Florida Retirement System:** (Continued)

The Council and employee contributions to FRS and HIS for the plan year ended June 30, 2020, are as follows:

Council Contributions – FRS	\$	34,504
Council Contributions – HIS		4,955
Employee Contributions – FRS		8,955

Net Pension Liability, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At September 30, 2020, the Council reported a net pension liability related to FRS and HIS as follows:

Plan	Net Pension Liability
FRS	\$ 450,091
HIS	104,987
Total	\$ 555,078

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Council’s long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating governmental entities, as actuarially determined. At June 30, 2020 and 2019, the Council’s proportionate share of the FRS and HIS net pension liabilities were as follows:

Plan	2020	2019
FRS	0.001038477%	0.000851643%
HIS	0.000859852%	0.000673969%

For the plan year ended June 30, 2020, pension expense was recognized related to the FRS and HIS plans as follows:

FRS	\$	123,863
HIS		20,304
Total	\$	144,167

Actuarial assumptions:

The actuarial assumptions for both defined benefit plans are reviewed annually by the Florida Retirement System Actuarial Assumptions Conference. The FRS has a valuation performed annually. The HIS Program has a valuation performed biennially that is updated for GASB reporting in the year a valuation is not performed. The most recent experience study for the FRS was completed in 2019 for the period July 1, 2013, through June 30, 2018. Because HIS is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, no experience study has been completed.

**IRL COUNCIL
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2020**

(9) Florida Retirement System: (Continued)

The total pension liability for each of the defined benefit plans was determined by an actuarial valuation, using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Inflation increases for both plans is assumed at 2.40%. Payroll growth, including inflation, for both plans is assumed at 3.25%. Both the discount rate and the long-term expected rate of return used for FRS investments is 6.80%. This rate decreased from the prior year rate, which was 6.90%. The plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return. Because HIS Program uses a pay-as-you-go funding structure, a municipal bond rate of 2.21% was used to determine the total pension for the program. This rate decreased from the prior year rate, which was 3.50%. Mortality assumptions for both plans were based on the PUB2010 base table varies by member category and sex, projected generationally with Scale MP-2018 details.

Deferred outflows/inflows related to pensions:

At September 30, 2020, the Council reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	FRS		HIS	
	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 17,226	\$ -	\$ 4,295	\$ (81)
Changes of assumptions	81,481	-	11,289	(6,105)
Net different between projected and actual investment earnings	26,799	-	84	-
Change in proportionate share	98,657	(4,506)	44,016	(5,872)
Contributions subsequent to measurement date	11,762	-	1,433	-
	<u>\$ 235,925</u>	<u>\$ (4,506)</u>	<u>\$ 61,117</u>	<u>\$ (12,058)</u>

The above amounts for deferred outflows of resources for contributions related to pensions resulting from Council contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions being amortized for a period of greater than one year will be recognized in pension expense in succeeding years as follows:

Year Ended September 30,	FRS	HIS	Total Amount
2021	\$ 55,204	\$ 14,287	\$ 69,491
2022	66,646	13,610	80,256
2023	54,561	8,023	62,584
2024	31,740	3,820	35,560
2025	11,506	3,335	14,841
Thereafter	-	4,551	4,551
Total	<u>\$ 219,657</u>	<u>\$ 47,626</u>	<u>\$ 267,283</u>

IRL COUNCIL
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

(9) **Florida Retirement System:** (Continued)

Long-term expected rate of return:

To develop an analytical basis for the selection of the long-term expected rate of return assumption, in October 2020, the FRS Actuarial Assumptions conference reviewed long-term assumptions developed by both Milliman's capital market assumptions team and by a capital market assumptions team from Aon Hewitt Investment Consulting, which consults to the Florida State Board of Administration. The table below shows Milliman's assumptions for each of the asset classes in which the plan was invested at that time based on the long-term target asset allocation. The allocation policy's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption. These assumptions are not based on historical returns, but instead are based on a forward-looking capital market economic model.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Arithmetic Expected Rate of Return
Cash	1.0%	2.2%
Fixed income	19.0%	3.0%
Global equities	54.2%	8.0%
Real estate	10.3%	6.4%
Private equity	11.1%	10.8%
Strategic investments	4.4%	5.5%
Total	100.0%	

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate:

The following presents the proportionate shares of the FRS and HIS net pension liability of the Council calculated using the current discount rates, as well as what the Council's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher than the current rate:

Plan	Current Discount Rate	NPL with 1% Decrease	NPL at Current Discount Rate	NPL with 1% Increase
FRS	6.80%	\$ 718,720	\$ 450,091	\$ 225,731
HIS	2.21%	121,360	104,987	91,585

(10) **Uncertainty:**

During the year ended September 30, 2020, local, U.S., and world governments have encouraged self-isolation to curtail the spread of the global pandemic, coronavirus disease (COVID-19), by mandating temporary work stoppage in many sectors and imposing limitations on travel and size and duration of group meetings. Most industries are experiencing disruption to business operations and the impact of reduced consumer spending. There is unprecedented uncertainty surrounding the duration of the pandemic, its potential economic ramifications, and any government actions to mitigate them. Accordingly, while management cannot quantify the financial and other impact to the Council as of May 3, 2021, management believes that a material impact on the entity's financial position and results of future operations is reasonably possible.

IRL COUNCIL
SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY
LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS
(UNAUDITED)

	As of the Plan Year Ended June 30,				
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Florida Retirement System (FRS)					
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.001038477%	0.000851643%	0.000884176%	0.000504697%	0.000225310%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 450,091	\$ 293,294	\$ 266,318	\$ 149,286	\$ 56,891
Covered payroll	298,489	225,451	245,034	240,048	123,487
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	150.79%	130.09%	108.69%	62.19%	46.07%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	78.85%	82.61%	84.26%	83.89%	84.88%
Health Insurance Subsidy Program (HIS)					
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.000859852%	0.000673969%	0.000750055%	0.000752943%	0.000399927%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 104,987	\$ 75,410	\$ 79,387	\$ 80,508	\$ 46,610
Covered payroll	298,489	225,451	245,034	240,048	123,487
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	35.17%	33.45%	32.40%	33.54%	37.74%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	3.00%	2.63%	2.15%	1.64%	0.97%

Note 1: GASB 68 requires information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for only those years for which information is available.

**IRL COUNCIL
SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS
LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS
(UNAUDITED)**

	As of the Plan Year Ended June 30,				
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Florida Retirement System (FRS)					
Contractually required contribution	\$ 34,504	\$ 26,407	\$ 25,198	\$ 13,139	\$ 5,495
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	34,504	26,407	25,198	13,139	5,495
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Covered payroll	\$ 298,489	\$ 225,451	\$ 245,034	\$ 240,048	\$ 123,487
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	11.56%	11.71%	10.28%	5.47%	4.45%
Health Insurance Subsidy Program (HIS)					
Contractually required contribution	\$ 4,955	\$ 3,742	\$ 4,068	\$ 3,985	\$ 2,050
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	4,955	3,742	4,068	3,985	2,050
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Covered payroll	\$ 298,489	\$ 225,451	\$ 245,034	\$ 240,048	\$ 123,487
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	1.66%	1.66%	1.66%	1.66%	1.66%

Note 1: GASB 68 requires information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for only those years for which information is available.

**IRL COUNCIL
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY
AND RELATED RATIOS
LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS
(UNAUDITED)**

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Total OPEB Liability			
Service cost	\$ 1,546	\$ 1,455	\$ 2,839
Interest	156	101	69
Difference between expected and actual experience	(4,624)	153	(2,310)
Changes of assumptions	710	188	(109)
Net change in total OPEB liability	<u>(2,212)</u>	<u>1,897</u>	<u>489</u>
Total OPEB liability - beginning of year	4,280	2,383	1,894
Total OPEB liability - end of year	<u>\$ 2,068</u>	<u>\$ 4,280</u>	<u>\$ 2,383</u>

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation date:	10/1/2020	10/1/2018	10/1/2018
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Changes of assumptions: Changes of assumptions and other changes reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate each period. The following are the discount rates used in each period:

Discount Rate	2.14%	3.64%	4.24%
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Note 1: GASB 75 requires information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for only those years for which information is available.

**REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND
ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH
GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS**

To the Board of Directors,
IRL Council:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and the general fund of the IRL Council (the Council), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Council's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated May 3, 2021.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Council's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Council's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Council's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Council's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questions costs that that we consider to be a material weakness – 2020-001.

Compliance and Other Matters

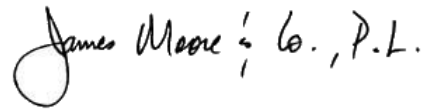
As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Council's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

IRL Council's Response to Findings

The Council's response to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Managements Response to Findings, as listed in the table of contents. The response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance, the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Council's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Council's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "James Moore & Co., P.L." The signature is written in a cursive style with a large, looped initial 'J'.

Daytona Beach, Florida
May 3, 2021

**MANAGEMENT LETTER OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS’
REQUIRED BY CHAPTER 10.550, RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL**

To the Board of Directors,
IRL Council:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the IRL Council (the Council), as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, and have issued our report thereon dated May 3, 2021.

Auditors’ Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance); and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors’ Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; Independent Auditors’ Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control over Compliance; Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs; and Independent Accountants’ Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports and schedule, which are dated May 3, 2021, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding financial audit report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The legal authority for the Council is disclosed in Note (1) of the basic financial statements. There are no component units related to the Council as of September 30, 2020.

Financial Condition and Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the Council has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific conditions met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the Council did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the Council. It is management's responsibility to monitor the Council's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

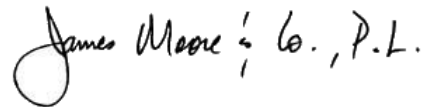
Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Board of Directors, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "James Moore & Co., P.L." The signature is written in a cursive style with a large initial 'J'.

Daytona Beach, Florida
May 3, 2021

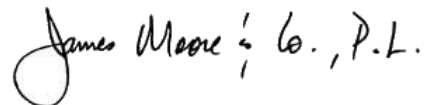
INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' EXAMINATION REPORT

To the Board of Directors,
IRL Council:

We have examined the IRL Council's (the Council) compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, *Local Government Investment Policies*, for the year ended September 30, 2020. Management is responsible for the Council's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Council's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Council is in compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, *Local Government Investment Policies*, in all material respects. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about the Council's compliance with those requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of risks of material misstatement with compliance with *Local Government Investment Policies*, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the IRL Council complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2020.



Daytona Beach, Florida
May 3, 2021

IRL COUNCIL
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

Federal Agency / Pass-Through Entity Federal Program	CFDA Number	Pass-Through Identifying/ Grant Contract Identification Number	Expenditures
United States Environmental Protection Agency			
Direct:			
National Estuary Program	66.456	00D90119	\$ 386,960
National Estuary Program	66.456	00D36215	463,939
Total National Estuary Program			<u>850,899</u>
Total United States Environmental Protection Agency			<u>850,899</u>
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			<u><u>\$ 850,899</u></u>

See notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards

IRL COUNCIL
NOTES TO EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

(1) **Basis of Presentation:**

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes federal award activity of the IRL Council (the Council) under programs of the federal government for the year ended September 30, 2020. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Council, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of the Council.

(2) **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:**

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

No amounts were passed through to subrecipients during the year ended September 30, 2020.

(3) **De Minimis Indirect Cost Rate Election:**

The Council does not elect to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate as covered in §200.414, *Indirect (F&A) costs*, of the Uniform Guidance.

**INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR
FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER
COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE**

To the Board of Directors,
IRL Council:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the compliance of IRL Council (the Council) with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Council's major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2020. The Council's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Council's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200 *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Council's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Council's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Council complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2020.

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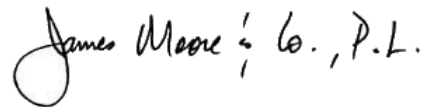
Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the Council is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Council's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Council's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. *A material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that were not identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "James Moore & Co., P.L." The signature is written in a cursive style with a large initial 'J'.

Daytona Beach, Florida
May 3, 2021

**IRL COUNCIL
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020**

I. Summary of Auditors' Results:

Financial Statements:

Type of audit report issued on the financial statements: *Unmodified*

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified? X yes no

Significant deficiency(ies) identified? yes X none reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? yes X no

Federal Awards:

Internal control over major Federal programs:

Material weakness(es) identified? yes X no

Significant deficiency(ies) identified? yes X none reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major Federal programs: *Unmodified*

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)? yes X no

Identification of major Federal programs:

CFDA Number	Program Name
66.456	National Estuary Program

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B Federal programs: \$ 750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? yes X no

IRL COUNCIL
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

II. Financial Statement Findings:

2020-001 – Recording of Year-end Accruals

Criteria: Grant revenue and receivables should be recorded in the period in which the revenue has been earned.

Condition: The Council did not properly record grant revenue and grant receivables at September 30, 2020.

Cause: Discussions with Council employees and outsourced accountant indicate the cause of revenue related to the year ended September 30, 2020 not being recorded in the correct period was due to the cash not being received until after year end.

Effect: Based on work performed including analyzing subsequent receipts, we proposed an adjustment to the grant revenue and grant receivable accounts of \$234,369.

Recommendation: We suggest the Council perform additional analysis of grant expenditures and revenue to ensure that grant accounts receivable and revenue are recorded in the correct period.

III. Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs: None.

IV. Prior Audit Findings: Not applicable as no prior year findings have been reported.

V. Corrective Action Plan: See Management's Response to Findings on page 41.



Indian River Lagoon National Estuary Program

IRL Council
1235 Main Street, Sebastian, FL 32958
(772)742-2858
IRLCouncil.com

May 3, 2021

Board of Directors
IRL Council
1235 Main Street
Sebastian, Florida 32958

RE: Management Response to James Moore & Co. Audit

Attention IRL Council Board of Directors,

Special District Services, Inc. (SDS), in consultation with IRLNEP staff, have reviewed the audit report for fiscal year 2019-2020 submitted by James Moore & Co., based on the audit activities completed as of May 3, 2021. The audit report identified one finding of material weakness in internal control. SDS has discussed these issues with staff and adjustments to processes have been implemented. Listed below are management’s responses to this condition:

Condition 2020-001 Finding: Recording of Year-end Accruals

Management Response: The reason for the finding was not properly recording an accrual for all grants receivable at year end. The main reason for this was some grant revenue from a grant draw received months after year end were for reimbursement of expenses for prior to year-end. While this revenue would have eventually been accrued, it had not yet been accrued at the time the financial reports had been sent to the auditor for review. This condition was remedied with an adjusting entry. Management and accounting staff will review accruals at year-end to ensure all amounts have been appropriately and completely recorded prior to reports being prepared for the auditors.

Our response to the findings and recommendation are appropriate and fully address the conditions identified in the audit.



Duane De Freese
Executive Director
IRL Council



Michael McElligott
Special District Services, Inc.
Accounting Services Provider