

**RIVER GLEN  
COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT  
NASSAU COUNTY, FLORIDA  
FINANCIAL REPORT  
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED  
SEPTEMBER 30, 2020**

**RIVER GLEN COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT  
NASSAU COUNTY, FLORIDA**

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## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Supervisors  
River Glen Community Development District  
Nassau County, Florida

### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of River Glen Community Development District, Nassau County, Florida ("District") as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, and each major fund of the District as of September 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## **Other Matters**

### *Required Supplementary Information*

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### **Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards***

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 12, 2021, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

B. Law & Associates

March 12, 2021

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Our discussion and analysis of River Glen Community Development District, Nassau County, Florida ("District") provides a narrative overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020. Please read it in conjunction with the District's Independent Auditor's Report, basic financial statements, accompanying notes and supplementary information to the basic financial statements.

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of the District exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year resulting in a net position balance of \$866,168.
- The change in the District's total net position in comparison with the prior fiscal year was \$12,984,618, an increase. The key components of the District's net position and change in net position are reflected in the table in the government-wide financial analysis section.
- At September 30, 2020, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$746,099, an increase of \$5,610,768 in comparison with the prior fiscal year. The total fund balance is non-spendable for prepaid items and deposits, restricted for debt service, capital projects and the special purpose entity ("SPE"), and the remainder is unassigned fund balance which is available for spending at the District's discretion.

### OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as the introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources with the residual amount being reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements include all governmental activities that are principally supported by special assessment revenues. The District does not have any business-type activities. The governmental activities of the District include the general government (management), maintenance and operations, culture and recreation, and SPE costs.

#### Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The District has one fund category: the governmental funds.

## OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

### Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains four governmental funds for external reporting. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, debt service fund and capital projects fund, all of which are considered major funds. The District uses a special revenue fund to account for the SPE and its operations, which is also considered a major fund of the District.

The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

### Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

### GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of an entity's financial position. In the case of the District, assets exceeded liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

Key components of the District's net position are reflected in the following table:

	NET POSITION	
	SEPTEMBER 30,	
	2020	2019
Current and other assets	\$ 765,468	\$ 1,167,648
Capital assets, net of depreciation	2,512,776	2,840,734
Total assets	3,278,244	4,008,382
Current liabilities	72,961	6,258,948
Long-term liabilities	2,339,115	9,867,884
Total liabilities	2,412,076	16,126,832
Net position		
Net investment in capital assets	173,661	(4,231,301)
Restricted	260,578	6,241
Unrestricted	431,929	(7,893,390)
Total net position	\$ 866,168	\$ (12,118,450)

## GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (Continued)

The District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, land improvements, and infrastructure) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. These assets are used to provide services to residents; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The restricted portion of the District's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position may be used to meet the District's other obligations.

The District's net position increased during the most recent fiscal year. The majority of the increase is the result of a gain recognized from the cancellation of debt – see Note 7 for additional information.

Key elements of the change in net position are reflected in the following table:

CHANGES IN NET POSITION		
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30,		
	2020	2019
Revenues:		
Program revenues		
Charges for services	\$ 436,027	\$ 355,792
Operating grants and contributions	6,407	17,976
Capital grants and contributions	62	91
General revenues		
Unrestricted investment earnings and miscellaneous	16,681	3,359
Total revenues	<u>459,177</u>	<u>377,218</u>
Expenses:		
General government	120,233	101,820
Maintenance and operations	354,153	356,603
Culture and recreation	210,583	240,153
SPE costs	106,985	81,829
Interest on long-term debt	372,170	545,209
Total expenses	<u>1,164,124</u>	<u>1,325,614</u>
Special items	<u>13,689,565</u>	<u>-</u>
Change in net position	12,984,618	(948,396)
Net position - beginning	<u>(12,118,450)</u>	<u>(11,170,054)</u>
Net position - ending	<u>\$ 866,168</u>	<u>\$ (12,118,450)</u>

As noted above and in the statement of activities, the cost of all governmental activities during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020 was \$1,164,124. The costs of the District's activities were partially funded by program revenues. As in the prior fiscal year, program revenues are comprised primarily of assessments. A portion of the District's operations were also funded by using funds available in the trust accounts. In addition – the District recognized gains related to the sale of property held by the SPE and the cancellation of debt - see Note 7 for additional information. The majority of the change in expenses results from the decrease in interest. Based on the amortization schedule of the Bonds, as the balance outstanding of the Bonds decreases over time, the portion of each debt service payment allocated to principal increases accordingly thereby decreasing the amount allocated to interest.

## GENERAL BUDGETING HIGHLIGHTS

An operating budget was adopted and maintained by the governing board for the District pursuant to the requirements of Florida Statutes. The budget is adopted using the same basis of accounting that is used in preparation of the fund financial statements. The legal level of budgetary control, the level at which expenditures may not exceed budget, is in the aggregate. Any budget amendments that increase the aggregate budgeted appropriations must be approved by the Board of Supervisors. Actual general fund expenditures did not exceed appropriations for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020.

## CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

### Capital Assets

At September 30, 2020, the District had \$6,594,052 invested in infrastructure improvements, clubhouse, and furniture and equipment for its governmental activities. In the government-wide financial statements, depreciation of \$4,081,276 has been taken, which resulted in a net book value of \$2,512,776. More detailed information about the District's capital assets is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

### Capital Debt

At September 30, 2020, the District had \$2,360,000 Bonds outstanding for its governmental activities. More detailed information about the District's capital debt is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

## ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND OTHER EVENTS

The District does not anticipate any major projects or significant changes to its infrastructure maintenance program for the subsequent fiscal year. It is anticipated that the general operations of the District will increase.

The Board has initiated discussions to consider issuing additional Bonds to finance the acquisition of additional infrastructure on undeveloped parcels. The District has also initiated discussions on currently refunding the Series 2006 Bonds.

## CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, land owners, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the financial resources it manages and the stewardship of the facilities it maintains. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the River Glen Community Development District's Finance Department at 12750 Citrus Park Lane, Suite 115, Tampa, Florida 33625.



## **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**RIVER GLEN COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT  
NASSAU COUNTY, FLORIDA  
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION  
SEPTEMBER 30, 2020**

	Governmental Activities
<b>ASSETS</b>	
Cash	\$ 505,121
Prepaid items and deposits	24,364
Restricted assets:	
Investments	235,983
Capital assets:	
Depreciable, net	2,512,776
Total assets	3,278,244
 <b>LIABILITIES</b>	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	19,369
Accrued interest payable	53,592
Non-current liabilities:	
Due within one year	80,000
Due in more than one year	2,259,115
Total liabilities	2,412,076
 <b>NET POSITION</b>	
Net investment in capital assets	173,661
Restricted for debt service	174,757
Restricted for capital projects	7,634
Restricted for SPE	78,187
Unrestricted	431,929
Total net position	\$ 866,168

See notes to the financial statements

**RIVER GLEN COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT  
 NASSAU COUNTY, FLORIDA  
 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES  
 FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020**

Functions/Programs	Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Primary government:				
Governmental activities:				
General government	\$ 120,233	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 85,564
Maintenance and operations	354,153	-	62	(354,091)
Culture and recreation	210,583	-	-	(210,583)
SPE costs	106,985	-	-	(106,985)
Interest on long-term debt	372,170	230,230	6,407	(135,533)
Total governmental activities	1,164,124	436,027	6,407	(721,628)
General revenues:				
Miscellaneous revenues				15,881
Unrestricted investment earnings				800
Total general revenues				16,681
Special items:				
Gain on cancellation of debt				11,719,169
Gain on sale of SPE property				1,970,396
Total special items				13,689,565
Change in net position				12,984,618
Net position - beginning				(12,118,450)
Net position - ending				\$ 866,168

See notes to the financial statements

**RIVER GLEN COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT  
 NASSAU COUNTY, FLORIDA  
 BALANCE SHEET –  
 GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS  
 SEPTEMBER 30, 2020**

	Major Funds				Total Governmental Funds
	General	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Special Purpose Entity	
<b>ASSETS</b>					
Cash	\$ 426,934	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 78,187	\$ 505,121
Investments	-	228,349	7,634	-	235,983
Prepaid items and deposits	24,364	-	-	-	24,364
Total assets	<u>\$ 451,298</u>	<u>\$ 228,349</u>	<u>\$ 7,634</u>	<u>\$ 78,187</u>	<u>\$ 765,468</u>
<b>LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES</b>					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 19,369	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 19,369
Total liabilities	<u>19,369</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>19,369</u>
Fund balances:					
Nonspendable:					
Prepaid items and deposits	24,364	-	-	-	24,364
Restricted for:					
Debt service	-	228,349	-	-	228,349
Capital projects	-	-	7,634	-	7,634
SPE	-	-	-	78,187	78,187
Unassigned	407,565	-	-	-	407,565
Total fund balances	<u>431,929</u>	<u>228,349</u>	<u>7,634</u>	<u>78,187</u>	<u>746,099</u>
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$ 451,298</u>	<u>\$ 228,349</u>	<u>\$ 7,634</u>	<u>\$ 78,187</u>	<u>\$ 765,468</u>

See notes to the financial statements

**RIVER GLEN COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT  
 NASSAU COUNTY, FLORIDA  
 RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS  
 TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION  
 SEPTEMBER 30, 2020**

Fund balance - governmental funds \$ 746,099

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in the governmental funds. The statement of net position includes those capital assets, net of any accumulated depreciation, in the net position of the government as a whole.

Cost of capital assets	6,594,052	
Accumulated depreciation	<u>(4,081,276)</u>	2,512,776

Liabilities not due and payable from current available resources are not reported as liabilities in the governmental fund statements. All liabilities, both current and long-term, are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

Accrued interest payable	(53,592)	
Bonds payable	<u>(2,339,115)</u>	<u>(2,392,707)</u>

Net position of governmental activities		<u><u>\$ 866,168</u></u>
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See notes to the financial statements

**RIVER GLEN COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT  
NASSAU COUNTY, FLORIDA  
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,  
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES –  
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS  
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020**

	Major Funds				Total Governmental Funds
	General	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Special Purpose Entity	
<b>REVENUES</b>					
Assessments	\$ 205,797	\$ 230,230	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 436,027
Interest income	800	6,407	62	-	7,269
Miscellaneous revenue	881	15,000	-	-	15,881
Total revenues	<u>207,478</u>	<u>251,637</u>	<u>62</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>459,177</u>
<b>EXPENDITURES</b>					
Current:					
General government	120,233	-	-	-	120,233
Maintenance and operations	141,948	-	-	-	141,948
Culture and recreation	94,830	-	-	-	94,830
SPE costs	-	84,009	-	22,976	106,985
Debt service:					
Principal	-	255,000	-	-	255,000
Interest	-	543,910	-	-	543,910
Total expenditures	<u>357,011</u>	<u>882,919</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>22,976</u>	<u>1,262,906</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(149,533)	(631,282)	62	(22,976)	(803,729)
<b>OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)</b>					
Transfer in (out)	204,379	1,750,123	1,331	(1,955,833)	-
Sale of capital assets	-	-	-	1,970,396	1,970,396
Gain on cancellation of debt	-	4,444,101	-	-	4,444,101
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>204,379</u>	<u>6,194,224</u>	<u>1,331</u>	<u>14,563</u>	<u>6,414,497</u>
Net change in fund balances	54,846	5,562,942	1,393	(8,413)	5,610,768
Fund balances - beginning	<u>377,083</u>	<u>(5,334,593)</u>	<u>6,241</u>	<u>86,600</u>	<u>(4,864,669)</u>
Fund balances - ending	<u>\$ 431,929</u>	<u>\$ 228,349</u>	<u>\$ 7,634</u>	<u>\$ 78,187</u>	<u>\$ 746,099</u>

See notes to the financial statements

**RIVER GLEN COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT  
 NASSAU COUNTY, FLORIDA  
 RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN  
 FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES  
 FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020**

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds \$ 5,610,768

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Repayment of long-term liabilities are reported as expenditures in the governmental fund financial statements, but such repayments reduce liabilities in the statement of net position and are eliminated in the statement of activities. 255,000

The gain on the cancellation of long-term debt is not recognized in the governmental fund financial statements, but is reported as a special item in the statement of activities. 7,275,068

Depreciation of capital assets is not recognized in the governmental fund financial statements, but is reported as an expense in the statement of activities. (327,958)

Amortization of bond discount is not recognized in the governmental fund financial statements, but is reported as an expense in the statement of activities. (1,299)

The change in accrued interest on long-term liabilities between the current and prior fiscal year is recorded in the statement of activities but not in the fund financial statements. 173,039

Change in net position of governmental activities \$ 12,984,618

See notes to the financial statements

**RIVER GLEN COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT  
NASSAU COUNTY, FLORIDA  
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**NOTE 1 – NATURE OF ORGANIZATION AND REPORTING ENTITY**

River Glen Community Development District ("District") was established on December 20, 2005 by Ordinance No. 2005-80 of Nassau County, Florida, pursuant to the Uniform Community Development District Act of 1980, otherwise known as Chapter 190, Florida Statutes. The Act provides, among other things, the power to manage basic services for community development, power to borrow money and issue bonds, and to levy and assess non-ad valorem assessments for the financing and delivery of capital infrastructure.

The District was established for the purposes of financing and managing the acquisition, construction, maintenance and operation of a portion of the infrastructure necessary for community development within the District.

The District is governed by the Board of Supervisors ("the Board"), which is composed of five members. The Supervisors are elected on an at large basis by the landowners of the District. The Board of Supervisors of the District exercises all powers granted to the District pursuant to Chapter 190, Florida Statutes.

The Board has the responsibility for:

1. Allocating and levying assessments.
2. Approving budgets.
3. Exercising control over facilities and properties.
4. Controlling the use of funds generated by the District.
5. Approving the hiring and firing of key personnel.
6. Financing improvements.

The financial statements were prepared in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statements. Under the provisions of those standards, the financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the District is considered to be financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that, if excluded, the financial statements of the District would be considered incomplete or misleading. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations.

**Blended Component Unit**

The SPE owns, manages, maintains, and will sell and dispose of property for the benefit of the Bondholders. The SPE is reported as a special revenue fund.

**NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

**Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The basic financial statements include both government-wide and fund financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include: 1) charges to customers who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment; operating-type special assessments for maintenance and debt service are treated as charges for services and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.



## NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement* focus and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Assessments are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are to be recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

### Assessments

Assessments are non-ad valorem assessments imposed on assessable lands located within the District. Assessments may be levied on property to pay for the operations and maintenance of the District. The fiscal year for which annual assessments may be levied begins on October 1 with discounts available for payments through February 28 and become delinquent on April 1. For debt service assessments, amounts collected as advance payments are used to prepay a portion of the Bonds outstanding. Otherwise, assessments are collected annually to provide funds for the debt service on the portion of the Bonds which are not paid with prepaid assessments.

Assessments and interest associated with the current fiscal period are considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. The portion of assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

### General Fund

The general fund is the general operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

### Debt Service Fund

The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for the annual payment of principal and interest on long-term debt.

### Capital Projects Fund

This fund accounts for the financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major infrastructure within the District.

### Special Purpose Entity Fund

The special purpose entity fund is a special revenue fund that accounts for the activities of the SPE, a blended component unit of the government. The SPE owns, manages, maintains, and will sell and dispose of property for the benefit of the Bondholders.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first for qualifying expenditures, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

## NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity

#### Restricted Assets

These assets represent cash and investments set aside pursuant to Bond covenants or other contractual restrictions.

#### Deposits and Investments

The District's cash on hand and demand deposits are considered to be cash and cash equivalents.

The District has elected to proceed under the Alternative Investment Guidelines as set forth in Section 218.415 (17) Florida Statutes. The District may invest any surplus public funds in the following:

- a) The Local Government Surplus Trust Funds, or any intergovernmental investment pool authorized pursuant to the Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act;
- b) Securities and Exchange Commission registered money market funds with the highest credit quality rating from a nationally recognized rating agency;
- c) Interest bearing time deposits or savings accounts in qualified public depositories;
- d) Direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury.

Securities listed in paragraph c and d shall be invested to provide sufficient liquidity to pay obligations as they come due. In addition, surplus funds may be deposited into certificates of deposit which are insured and any unspent Bond proceeds are required to be held in investments as specified in the Bond Indenture.

The District records all interest revenue related to investment activities in the respective funds. Investments are measured at amortized cost or reported at fair value as required by generally accepted accounting principles.

#### Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets which include property, plant and equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, sidewalks and similar items) are reported in the governmental activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant and equipment of the District are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Roadways and sidewalks	20
Stormwater management system	25
Landscape and signage	15
Amenity center/clubhouse complex	20
Furniture and equipment	5

In the governmental fund financial statements, amounts incurred for the acquisition of capital assets are reported as fund expenditures. Depreciation expense is not reported in the governmental fund financial statements.

## **NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

### **Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity (Continued)**

#### Unearned Revenue

Governmental funds report unearned revenue in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned.

#### Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized ratably over the life of the Bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of applicable premiums or discounts. Bond issuance costs are expensed when incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

#### Fund Equity/Net Position

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report non spendable and restricted fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Assignments of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

The District can establish limitations on the use of fund balance as follows:

Committed fund balance – Amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action (resolution) of the Board of Supervisors. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by the Board of Supervisors taking the same formal action (resolution) that imposed the constraint originally. Resources accumulated pursuant to stabilization arrangements sometimes are reported in this category.

Assigned fund balance – Includes spendable fund balance amounts established by the Board of Supervisors that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted nor committed. The Board may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover differences in estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Assignments are generally temporary and normally the same formal action need not be taken to remove the assignment.

The District first uses committed fund balance, followed by assigned fund balance and then unassigned fund balance when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Net position is the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position in the government-wide financial statements are categorized as net investment in capital assets, restricted or unrestricted. Net investment in capital assets represents net position related to infrastructure and property, plant and equipment. Restricted net position represents the assets restricted by the District's Bond covenants or other contractual restrictions. Unrestricted net position consists of the net position not meeting the definition of either of the other two components.

## NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### Other Disclosures

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

## NOTE 3 – BUDGETARY INFORMATION

The District is required to establish a budgetary system and an approved Annual Budget. Annual Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the general fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

- a) Each year, the District Manager submits to the District Board a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1.
- b) A public hearing is conducted to obtain comments.
- c) Prior to October 1, the budget is legally adopted by the District Board.
- d) All budget changes must be approved by the District Board.
- e) The budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.
- f) Unused appropriation for annually budgeted funds lapse at the end of the year.

## NOTE 4 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

### Deposits

The District's cash balances were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by a collateral pool pledged to the State Treasurer. Florida Statutes Chapter 280, "Florida Security for Public Deposits Act", requires all qualified depositories to deposit with the Treasurer or another banking institution eligible collateral equal to various percentages of the average daily balance for each month of all public deposits in excess of any applicable deposit insurance held. The percentage of eligible collateral (generally, U.S. Governmental and agency securities, state or local government debt, or corporate Bonds) to public deposits is dependent upon the depository's financial history and its compliance with Chapter 280. In the event of a failure of a qualified public depository, the remaining public depositories would be responsible for covering any resulting losses.

### Investments

The District's investments were held as follows at September 30, 2020:

	<u>Amortized Cost</u>	<u>Credit Risk</u>	<u>Maturities</u>
US Bank Money Market Account - Managed	\$ 235,983	Not available	Not available
Total Investments	<u>\$ 235,983</u>		

*Credit risk* – For investments, credit risk is generally the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Investment ratings by investment type are included in the preceding summary of investments.

*Concentration risk* – The District places no limit on the amount the District may invest in any one issuer.

*Interest rate risk* – The District does not have a formal policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

However, the Bond Indentures limit the type of investments held using unspent proceeds.

## NOTE 4 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

### Investments (Continued)

*Fair Value Measurement* – When applicable, the District measures and records its investments using fair value measurement guidelines established in accordance with GASB Statements. The framework for measuring fair value provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques.

These guidelines recognize a three-tiered fair value hierarchy, in order of highest priority, as follows:

- *Level 1*: Investments whose values are based on unadjusted quoted prices for identical investments in active markets that the District has the ability to access;
- *Level 2*: Investments whose inputs - other than quoted market prices - are observable either directly or indirectly; and,
- *Level 3*: Investments whose inputs are unobservable.

The fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the entire fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used should maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

Money market investments that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less and are held by governments other than external investment pools should be measured at amortized cost. Accordingly, the District's investments have been reported at amortized cost above.

## NOTE 5 – INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020 were as follows:

Fund	Transfer in	Transfer out
General	\$ 204,379	\$ -
Debt service	1,960,961	210,838
Capital projects	1,331	-
Special purpose entity	209,507	2,165,340
Total	<u>\$ 2,376,178</u>	<u>\$ 2,376,178</u>

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund where collection occurs to the fund where funds have been reallocated for use. In the case of the District, transfers from the debt service fund to the special purpose entity fund were to pay some of the SPE costs and were also transferred to the general fund to fund operations in accordance with the Tri-Party Agreement. Transfers from the debt service fund to the capital projects fund were made in accordance with the Bond Indenture. Transfer from the SPE to the debt service fund relate to the transfer of proceeds of the sale of property held by the SPE in accordance with the Tri-Party Agreement to pay debt service obligations.

## NOTE 6 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Disposals	Ending Balance
<u>Governmental activities</u>				
Capital assets, being depreciated				
Roadways and sidewalks	\$ 2,782,575	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,782,575
Stormwater management system	922,396	-	-	922,396
Landscape and signage	542,700	-	-	542,700
Amenity center/clubhouse complex	2,294,995	-	-	2,294,995
Furniture and equipment	51,386	-	-	51,386
Total capital assets, being depreciated	<u>6,594,052</u>	-	-	<u>6,594,052</u>
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Roadways and sidewalks	(1,576,662)	(139,129)	-	(1,715,791)
Stormwater management system	(418,119)	(36,896)	-	(455,015)
Landscape and signage	(409,627)	(36,180)	-	(445,807)
Amenity center/clubhouse complex	(1,298,527)	(114,750)	-	(1,413,277)
Furniture and equipment	(50,383)	(1,003)	-	(51,386)
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>(3,753,318)</u>	<u>(327,958)</u>	-	<u>(4,081,276)</u>
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	<u>2,840,734</u>	<u>(327,958)</u>	-	<u>2,512,776</u>
Governmental activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 2,840,734</u>	<u>\$ (327,958)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 2,512,776</u>

The infrastructure intended to serve the District has been estimated at a total cost of approximately \$16,690,000. The infrastructure will include roadways, stormwater management facilities, water and wastewater facilities and entry landscaping. A portion of the project was funded with proceeds of the Bonds and the remainder of the project, as well as any additional infrastructure, will be funded at a later date. The infrastructure improvements for phase 1 were completed and certain assets within the phase have been conveyed. The remainder of the project has been placed on hold.

At September 30, 2020, there is a balance of \$7,634 in the deferred cost account. The District has not yet determined if a liability exists for deferred obligations.

Depreciation expense was charged to function/programs as follows:

Maintenance and operations	\$ 212,205
Culture and recreation	<u>115,753</u>
Total depreciation expense	<u>\$ 327,958</u>

## NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

### Series 2006

On November 1, 2006, the District issued \$10,390,000 of Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2006 due on May 1, 2038 with a fixed interest rate of 5.45%. The Bonds were issued to finance the acquisition and construction of certain improvements for the benefit of the District. Interest is to be paid semiannually on each May 1 and November 1. Principal on the Bonds is to be paid serially commencing May 1, 2009 through May 1, 2038.

The Bonds are subject to redemption at the option of the District prior to their maturity. The Bonds are also subject to extraordinary mandatory redemption prior to their selected maturity in the manner determined by the Bond Registrar if certain events occur as outlined in the Bond Indenture.

## NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

The Bond Indenture requires that the District maintain adequate funds in a reserve account to meet the debt service reserve requirement as defined in the Indenture. In addition, the Bond Indenture has certain restrictions and requirements relating principally to the use of proceeds to pay for the infrastructure improvements and the procedures to be followed by the District on assessments to property owners. The District agrees to levy special assessments in annual amounts adequate to provide payment of debt service and to meet the reserve requirements.

During prior fiscal years, the Developer failed to make payment on the special assessments which ultimately secure the Bonds. As a result of the delinquent assessments, the District did not have sufficient funds to make certain scheduled debt service payments in current and prior fiscal years, and as a result, the payments were not made. As a result, the Bonds were in default. During the current fiscal year, the District sold land held by the SPE and paid \$2,364,606 in past due accrued interest. In addition, in September 2020, \$7,620,000 of the Bonds were tendered for cancellation and the accrued unpaid interest was forgiven. As a result, a gain on the cancellation of debt was recognized in the financial statements for a total amount of \$10,149,101, (\$7,620,000 in principal and \$2,529,101 in past due interest amounts). Additionally, the funds needed to pay certain default related expenditures were paid from the debt service reserve account. The debt service reserve account was also used to fund certain debt service payments in the current and prior fiscal years. However, due to the reduction in outstanding Bonds, the District was in compliance with the reserve requirements at September 30, 2020.

### **Bondholder Advances**

As discussed above, there were significant outstanding debt service assessments on Developer property. As a result, the District foreclosed on the related property and formed a SPE to hold, manage, and dispose of the property. The District entered into a Tri-Party Agreement, (see Note 9), under which the SPE, through available funds in the trust accounts and/or Bondholder advances would fund its portion of the general operations of the District. Total amount advanced by Bondholders through September 30, 2020 was \$1,570,068. In conjunction with the restructuring of the Series 2006 Bonds above the balance was written of in the current fiscal year. As a result, a gain on the cancellation of debt was recognized in the financial statements for \$1,570,068.

Changes in long-term liability activity for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020 were as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
<u>Governmental activities</u>					
Bonds payable:					
Series 2006	\$ 8,320,000	\$ -	\$ (5,960,000)	\$ 2,360,000	\$ 80,000
Less issue discount	(22,184)	-	1,299	(20,885)	-
Bondholder advances	1,570,068	-	(1,570,068)	-	-
Total	\$ 9,867,884	\$ -	\$ (7,528,769)	\$ 2,339,115	\$ 80,000

At September 30, 2020, the scheduled debt service requirements on the long-term debt were as follows:

Year ending September 30:	Governmental Activities		
	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$ 80,000	\$ 128,620	\$ 208,620
2022	85,000	124,260	209,260
2023	90,000	119,628	209,628
2024	95,000	114,723	209,723
2025	100,000	109,545	209,545
2026-2030	580,000	460,525	1,040,525
2031-2035	760,000	284,218	1,044,218
2036-2038	570,000	63,220	633,220
Total	\$ 2,360,000	\$ 1,404,739	\$ 3,764,739

## **NOTE 8 – TRI-PARTY AGREEMENT AND SPECIAL PURPOSE ENTITY (SPE)**

As discussed in Note 7, as a result of non-collection of assessments from the Developer in prior fiscal years, the District did not make certain debt service payments when due, which constitutes an event of default under the applicable trust indenture. In April 2009, an event of default was declared. The District initiated a foreclosure suit and was granted final judgment. The property was sold at a foreclosure sale in June 2010 and the lien securing the debt service assessments on the property was released. As a result, the property is the only remaining asset as an available source for the repayment of the extinguished liens. The Trustee, on behalf of the Bondholder, created or caused to be created a SPE to own, manage, and dispose of the property subject to delinquent Series 2006 assessments. In June 2010, the District entered a Tri-Party Agreement with the Trustee and the SPE. The parties acknowledged that the funds to operate the SPE would be provided by the Trustee and the terms of the agreement. The District agreed not to impose annual maintenance assessments on the property as long as funding is provided by the Trustee to fund the portion of the District's annual operating budget assigned to the property. The Trustee agrees that it will use available funds on deposit in the trust estate, including proceeds from sale of all or a portion of the property, to pay quarterly operating funding requests. The District remains liable with respect to the provisions of the trust indenture regarding principal and interest on the Bonds. In order to secure the payment and performance of the District's obligations under the Series 2006 Trust Indenture, the SPE delivered a mortgage securing such obligations.

During the current fiscal year, the property was sold for a value of \$1,970,396 and the majority of the proceeds was transferred to the debt service fund to pay a portion of past due accrued interest – see Note 7 for additional information. It is anticipated that the SPE will be closed in the subsequent fiscal year.

## **NOTE 9 – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND CONCENTRATION**

The District's activity is dependent upon the continued involvement of a significant landowner, the loss of which could have a material adverse effect on the District's operations.

During the current fiscal year, \$50,000 was paid to Lerner Real Estate Advisors for monthly management fees and expenses for services related to the SPE. The payments were made using funds from the trust accounts. During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, one of the five Board members was affiliated with Lerner Real Estate Advisors.

## **NOTE 10 – MANAGEMENT COMPANY**

The District has contracted with a management company to perform management services, which include financial and accounting services. Certain employees of the management company also serve as officers (Board appointed non-voting positions) of the District. Under the agreement, the District compensates the management company for management, accounting, financial reporting, and other administrative costs.

## **NOTE 11 – RISK MANAGEMENT**

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The District has obtained commercial insurance from independent third parties to mitigate the costs of these risks; coverage may not extend to all situations. There were no settled claims during the past three years.



**RIVER GLEN COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT  
NASSAU COUNTY, FLORIDA  
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN  
FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND  
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020**

	Budgeted Amounts Original & Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
<b>REVENUES</b>			
Assessments	\$ 142,412	\$ 205,797	\$ 63,385
Interest income	-	800	800
Miscellaneous income	-	881	881
Total revenues	142,412	207,478	65,066
<b>EXPENDITURES</b>			
Current:			
General government	113,571	120,233	(6,662)
Maintenance and operations	131,092	141,948	(10,856)
Culture and recreation	148,074	94,830	53,244
Total expenditures	392,737	357,011	35,726
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(250,325)	(149,533)	100,792
<b>OTHER FINANCING SOURCES</b>			
Transfer in	250,325	204,379	(45,946)
Total other financing sources	250,325	204,379	(45,946)
Net change in fund balances	\$ -	54,846	\$ 54,846
Fund balance - beginning		377,083	
Fund balance - ending		\$ 431,929	

See notes to required supplementary information

**RIVER GLEN COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT  
NASSAU COUNTY, FLORIDA  
NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

The District is required to establish a budgetary system and an approved Annual Budget for the general fund. The District's budgeting process is based on estimates of cash receipts and cash expenditures which are approved by the Board. The budget approximates a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (generally accepted accounting principles).

The legal level of budgetary control, the level at which expenditures may not exceed budget, is in the aggregate. Any budget amendments that increase the aggregate budgeted appropriations must be approved by the Board of Supervisors. Actual general fund expenditures did not exceed appropriations for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020.



**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS**

To the Board of Supervisors  
River Glen Community Development District  
Nassau County, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of River Glen Community Development District, Nassau County, Florida ("District") as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our opinion thereon dated March 12, 2021.

**Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

*A deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

**Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

## Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

*B* *Law & Associates*

March 12, 2021



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CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH THE  
REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 218.415, FLORIDA STATUTES, REQUIRED BY  
RULE 10.556(10) OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA**

To the Board of Supervisors  
River Glen Community Development District  
Nassau County, Florida

We have examined River Glen Community Development District, Nassau County, Florida's ("District") compliance with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, in accordance with Rule 10.556(10) of the Auditor General of the State of Florida during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020. Management is responsible for the District's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the District complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced in Section 218.415, Florida Statutes. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the District complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, management, and the Board of Supervisors of River Glen Community Development District, Nassau County, Florida and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

*Grau & Associates*

March 12, 2021



# Grau & Associates

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## MANAGEMENT LETTER PURSUANT TO THE RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA

To the Board of Supervisors  
River Glen Community Development District  
Nassau County, Florida

### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of River Glen Community Development District, Nassau County, Florida ("District") as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, and have issued our report thereon dated March 12, 2021.

### Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

### Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; and Independent Auditor's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated March 12, 2021, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

### Purpose of this Letter

The purpose of this letter is to comment on those matters required by Chapter 10.550 of the Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida. Accordingly, in connection with our audit of the financial statements of the District, as described in the first paragraph, we report the following:

- I. **Current year findings and recommendations.**
- II. **Status of prior year findings and recommendations.**
- III. **Compliance with the Provisions of the Auditor General of the State of Florida.**

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, as applicable, management, and the Board of Supervisors of River Glen Community Development District, Nassau County, Florida and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We wish to thank River Glen Community Development District, Nassau County, Florida and the personnel associated with it, for the opportunity to be of service to them in this endeavor as well as future engagements, and the courtesies extended to us.

*Grau & Associates*

March 12, 2021

## REPORT TO MANAGEMENT

### I. CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

None

### II. PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

#### **2019-01 - Land held for Sale Not Recorded**

Current Status: Matter has been resolved.

Reference Numbers for Prior Year Findings: 2019-01; 15-01 in fiscal years 2016 – 2018.

#### **2019-02 - Failure to Meet Debt Service Reserve Requirements**

Current Status: Matter has been resolved.

Reference Numbers for Prior Year Findings: 2019-02; 16-01 in fiscal years 2016 – 2018.

#### **15-02 - Failure to Make Bond Debt Service Payments When Due**

Current Status: Matter has been resolved.

Reference Numbers for Prior Year Findings: 2019-02;16-01 in fiscal years 2016 – 2018.

### III. COMPLIANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA

Unless otherwise required to be reported in the auditor's report on compliance and internal controls, the management letter shall include, but not be limited to the following:

1. A statement as to whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

There were no significant findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, except as noted above.

2. Any recommendations to improve the local governmental entity's financial management.

There were no such matters discovered by, or that came to the attention of, the auditor, to be reported for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020.

3. Noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance.

There were no such matters discovered by, or that came to the attention of, the auditor, to be reported, for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020.

4. The name or official title and legal authority of the District are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

## REPORT TO MANAGEMENT (Continued)

5. In connection with our audit, we determined that the District has met one or more of the financial emergency conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes. The District failed to make certain scheduled debt service payments due on the Series 2006 Bonds, as a result of a lack of funds. We applied financial condition assessment procedures pursuant to Rule 10.556(7) and determined that no deteriorating financial condition existed as of September 30, 2020. It is management's responsibility to monitor financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.