Financial Report

September 30, 2020

Spring Ridge Community Development District

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Supervisors Spring Ridge Community Development District

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, and each major fund of the *Spring Ridge Community Development District* (the "District"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The District's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting principles used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, and each major fund of the District as of September 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis starting on page 3, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated June 25, 2021, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

McDismit Davis

Orlando, Florida June 25, 2021 Our discussion and analysis of the *Spring Ridge Community Development District's*, (the "District") financial accomplishments provide an overview of the District's financial activities for the year ended September 30, 2020. Please read it in conjunction with the District's Independent Auditor's Report, financial statements and accompanying notes.

This information is being presented to provide additional information regarding the activities of the District and to meet the disclosure requirements of Government Accounting Standards Board Statement (GASB) No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments* issued June 1999.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the District exceeded its liabilities at September 30, 2020 by \$2,806,246 a decrease of \$83,401 in comparison with the prior year.
- At September 30, 2020, the District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$1,137,949, a decrease of \$23,823 in comparison with the prior year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the *Spring Ridge Community Development District's* financial statements. The District's financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements include all governmental activities that are principally supported by special assessment revenues. The District does not have any business-type activities. The governmental activities of the District include general government, maintenance and operations, and parks and recreation related functions.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The District has one fund category: Governmental Funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a District's near-term financing requirements.

Governmental Funds

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains two individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the general fund and debt service fund which are considered to be major funds.

The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Statement of Net Position

The District's net position was \$2,806,246 at September 30, 2020. The following analysis focuses on the net position of the District's governmental activities.

	 2020	 2019
Assets, excluding capital assets Capital assets, net	\$ 1,158,958 3,475,656	\$ 1,204,760 3,608,936
Total assets	 4,634,614	 4,813,696
Liabilities, excluding long-term liabilities Long-term liabilities	 58,368 1,770,000	 79,049 1,845,000
Total liabilities	 1,828,368	 1,924,049
Net Position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	1,705,656	1,763,936
Debt service Unrestricted	 145,608 954,982	 137,184 988,527
Total net position	\$ 2,806,246	\$ 2,889,647

The following is a summary of the District's Governmental activities for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2020 and 2019.

Changes in Net Position Year Ended September 30,

	 2020	 2019
Revenues:		
Program revenues	\$ 615,828	\$ 2,674,780
General revenues	 14,764	 24,351
Total revenues	 630,592	 2,699,131
Expenses:		
General government	138,085	123,911
Maintenance and operations	223,022	226,515
Parks and recreation	258,151	164,935
Interest on long-term debt	 94,735	 171,727
Total expenses	 713,993	 687,088
Change in net position	(83,401)	2,012,043
Net position, beginning	 2,889,647	877,604
Net position, ending	\$ 2,806,246	\$ 2,889,647

As noted above and in the statement of activities, the cost of all governmental activities during the year ended September 30, 2020 was \$713,993. The majority of these costs are comprised of maintenance and operations and parks and recreation expense.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. At September 30, 2020, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$1,137,949. Of this total, \$4,294 is nonspendable, \$184,133 is restricted, \$530,243 is assigned and the remainder of \$419,279 is unassigned.

For the year ended September 30, 2020 the fund balance of the general fund decreased by \$30,622 due to an increase in capital outlay. The debt service fund balance increased by \$6,799.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

An operating budget was adopted and maintained by the governing board for the District pursuant to the requirements of Florida Statutes. The budget is adopted using the same basis of accounting that is used in preparation of the fund financial statements. There was an amendment to the September 30, 2020 general fund budget. The legal level of budgetary control is at the fund level.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At September 30, 2020, the District had \$3,475,656 invested in assets, net of accumulated depreciation. More detailed information about the District's capital assets is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

Capital Debt

At September 30, 2020, the District had \$1,770,000 in bonds outstanding. More detailed information about the District's capital debt is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

Requests for Information

If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the *Spring Ridge Community Development District's* Finance Department at 210 N. University Drive, Suite 702, Coral Springs, Florida 33071.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	Governmental Activities
Assets:	
Cash	\$ 963,093
Assessments receivable	8,511
Interest receivable	105
Prepaid costs	4,294
Restricted Assets:	
Temporarily restricted investments	182,955
Capital Assets:	
Capital assets not being depreciated	1,631,372
Capital assets being depreciated, net	1,844,284
Total assets	4,634,614
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	19,843
Accrued interest payable	38,525
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Due within one year	80,000
Due in more than one year	1,690,000
Total liabilities	1,828,368
Net Position:	
Net investment in capital assets	1,705,656
Restricted for debt service	145,608
Unrestricted	954,982
Total net position	\$ 2,806,246

		 Program	Reve	nue	 Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
Functions/Programs	 Expenses	 Charges for Services	0	Dperating Grants and Contributions	 Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities: General government Maintenance and operations	\$ 138,085 223,022	\$ 96,146 155,287	\$	-	\$ (41,939) (67,735)
Parks and recreation Interest on long-term debt	 258,151 94,735	 179,746 183,310		- 1,339	(78,405) 89,914
Total governmental activities	\$ 713,993	\$ 614,489	\$	1,339	 (98,165)

General Revenues:

Investment and miscellaneous income Total general revenues	 14,764 14,764
Change in net position	 (83,401)
Net position, beginning	 2,889,647
Net position, ending	\$ 2,806,246

A		General		Debt Service		Total Governmental Funds
Assets: Cash	\$	963,093	\$		\$	963,093
Investments	φ	903,093	φ	- 182,955	φ	903,093 182,955
Assessments receivable		5,981		2,530		8,511
Interest receivable		105		2,000		105
Due from other funds		1,013		-		1,013
Prepaid costs and deposits		4,294		-		4,294
Total assets	\$	974,486	\$	185,485	\$	1,159,971
Liabilities and Fund Balances: Liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued expenses Due to other funds	\$	19,843 -	\$	- 1,013	\$	19,843 1,013
Total liabilities		19,843		1,013		20,856
Deferred Inflows:						
Unavailable revenue		827		339		1,166
Fund Balances:						
Nonspendable		4,294		-		4,294
Restricted for:						
Debt service		-		184,133		184,133
Assigned for future maintenance		435,207		-		435,207
Assigned for operating reserves Unassigned		95,036 419,279		-		95,036 419,279
Total fund balances		953,816		184,133		1,137,949
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	974,486	\$	185,485		.,
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the sta	tement	of net positio	n are (different because		
the funds.	5idi 1550				\$	3,475,656
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current p deferred in the funds.	period ex	xpenditures and	d, there	efore, are		1,166
Liabilities not due and payable from current available resou statements. All liabilities, both current and long-term, are re		•	•			

Accrued interest payable Bonds payable	(38,525) (1,770,000)	 (1,808,525)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 2,806,246

_		General	I	Debt Service		Total Governmental Funds
Revenues: Special assessments	\$	433,125	\$	184,287	\$	617,412
Investment and miscellaneous income	Ψ	14,764	Ψ	1,339	Ψ	16,103
Total revenues		447,889		185,626		633,515
Expenditures:						
Current:		400.000		7 400		400.005
General government		130,622		7,463		138,085
Maintenance and operations Parks and recreation		82,416 211,659		-		82,416 211,659
Debt Service:		211,039		-		211,059
Interest		-		96,360		96,360
Principal		-		75,000		75,000
Capital Outlay		53,818		-		53,818
Total expenditures		478,515		178,823		657,338
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Over						
Expenditures		(30,626)		6,803		(23,823)
Other Financing Sources (uses)						
Transfers in		4		-		4
Transfers out		-		(4)		(4)
Total other financing sources (uses)		4		(4)		-
Net change in fund balances		(30,622)		6,799		(23,823)
Fund balances, beginning of year		984,438		177,334		1,161,772
Fund balances, end of year	\$	953,816	\$	184,133	\$	1,137,949

Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ (23,823)
Governmental funds report outlays for capital assets as expenditures because such outlays use current financial resources. In contrast, the Statement of Activities reports only a portion of the outlay as expense. The outlay is allocated over the assets' estimated useful lives as depreciation expense for the period.	
Capital outlay 53,818	
Depreciation expense (187,098)	(133,280)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	1,166
Revenue reported in the funds must be eliminated from the statement of activities since revenue was recognized in a prior year.	(4,089)
Repayments of long-term liabilities are reported as expenditures in governmental funds, while repayments reduce long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	75,000
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:	
Change in accrued interest	 1,625
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ (83,401)

	 Budgeted	Amou	nts	Actu	al Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	 Original		Final			
Revenues:						
Special assessments	\$ 428,301	\$	428,301	\$	433,125	\$ 4,824
Investment and miscellaneous income	 1,763		1,763		14,764	 13,001
Total revenues	 430,064		430,064		447,889	 17,825
Expenditures: Current:						
General government	120,876		138,929		130,622	8,307
Maintenance and operations	111,757		118,687		82,416	36,271
Parks and recreation	149,591		273,161		211,659	61,502
Capital outlay	 47,840		47,840		53,818	 (5,978)
Total expenditures	 430,064		578,617		478,515	 100,102
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in	 -				4	 4
Net change in fund balances	\$ -	\$	(148,553)		(30,622)	\$ 117,931
Fund balance, beginning of year					984,438	
Fund balance, end of year				\$	953,816	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

The Spring Ridge Community Development District (the "District") was created as Killarney Community Development District in November 2000 by Ordinance 2000-14 of the Board of Commissioners of Hernando County, Florida pursuant to the Uniform Community Development District Act of 1980, otherwise known as Chapter 190, Florida Statutes. The Act provides, among other things, the power to manage basic services for community development, the power to borrow money and issue bonds, and the power to levy and assess non-ad valorem assessments for the financing and delivery of capital infrastructure. The District's name was successfully changed from Killarney to Spring Ridge during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2007.

The District was established for the purpose of financing and managing the acquisition, construction, maintenance and operation of a portion of the infrastructure necessary for community development within the District.

The District is governed by the Board of Supervisors (the "Board"), which is composed of five members. The Supervisors are elected by the owners of the property within the District. The Board of Supervisors of the District exercises all powers granted to the District pursuant to Chapter 190, Florida Statutes.

The Board has the final responsibility for:

- 1. Allocating and levying assessments.
- 2. Approving budgets.
- 3. Exercising control over facilities and properties.
- 4. Controlling the use of funds generated by the District.
- 5. Approving the hiring and firing of key personnel.
- 6. Financing improvements.

The financial statements were prepared in accordance with GASB Statements 14, 39 and 61. Under the provisions of those standards, the financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the District Board of Supervisors is considered to be financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that, if excluded, the financial statements of the District would be considered incomplete or misleading. There are no entities considered to be component units of the District; therefore, the financial statements include only the operations of the District.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The financial statements include both government-wide and fund financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants, contributions and investment income that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment and 3) operating-type special assessments that are treated as charges for services (including assessments for maintenance and debt service). Other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement* focus and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Assessments are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the modified *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

Assessments, including debt service assessments and operation and maintenance assessments, are non-ad valorem assessments imposed on all lands located within the District and benefited by the District's activities. Operations and maintenance assessments are levied by the District prior to the start of the fiscal year which begins October 1st and ends on September 30th. These special assessments are imposed upon all benefited lands located in the District. Debt service special assessments are imposed upon certain lots and lands as described in each resolution imposing the special assessment for each series of bonds issued by the District. Certain debt service assessments are collected upon the closing of those lots subject to short term debt and are used to prepay a portion of the bonds outstanding.

Assessments and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund

This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Debt Service Fund

This fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for the payment of debt assessments on long-term debt.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance

Restricted Assets

These assets represent cash and investments set aside pursuant to bond covenants.

Deposits and Investments

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand and demand deposits.

Investments of the District are reported at fair value and are categorized within the fair value hierarchy established in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. The District's investments consist of investments authorized in accordance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes.

Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant and equipment of the District are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Infrastructure-stormwater	25
Infrastructure-roadways	20
Infrastructure-recreational facilities	30
Infrastructure-security, entrance and other	7-15

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District does not have any item that qualifies for reporting in this category for the year ended September 30, 2020.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category for the year ended September 30, 2020.

Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted - net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted - net position to have been depleted before unrestricted-net position is applied.

Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

Fund Balance Policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The District itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

The committed fund balance classification includes fund balance amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. The Board of Supervisors is the highest level of decision-making authority for the government that can, by adoption of an ordinance or resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance or resolution remains in place until a similar action is taken to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The Board of Supervisors has authorized the District Manager to assign amounts for specific purposes. The Board of Supervisors may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

Other Disclosures

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

New Accounting Standards Issued

In fiscal year 2020, the District implemented Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 95, *Postponement* of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance. This statement provides temporary relief to governments and other stakeholders in light of the COVID-19 pandemic by postponing the effective dates of provisions in certain other statements. There was no effect on beginning balances of the District for implementation of this Statement.

NOTE 2 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information

The District is required to establish a budgetary system and an approved annual budget for the General Fund. Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal year end. The legal level of budgetary control is at the fund level. Any budget amendments that increase the aggregate budgeted appropriations, at the fund level, must be approved by the Board of Supervisors.

The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

- 1. Each year the District Manager submits to the District Board a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1.
- 2. A public hearing is conducted to obtain comments.
- 3. Prior to October 1, the budget is legally adopted by the District Board.
- 4. All budget changes must be approved by the District Board.
- 5. The budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

NOTE 3 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits

The District's cash balances were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by a collateral pool pledged to the State Treasurer. Florida Statutes Chapter 280, "Florida Security for Public Deposits Act", requires all qualified depositories to deposit with the Treasurer or another banking institution eligible collateral equal to various percentages of the average daily balance for each month of all public deposits in excess of any applicable deposit insurance held. The percentage of eligible collateral (generally, U.S. Governmental and agency securities, state or local government debt, or corporate bonds) to public deposits is dependent upon the depository's financial history and its compliance with Chapter 280. In the event of a failure of a qualified public depository, the remaining public depositories would be responsible for covering any resulting losses.

Investments

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset, or paid to transfer a liability, in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset.

Under GASB 72, assets or liabilities are classified into one of three levels. Level 1 is the most reliable and is based on quoted price for identical assets, or liabilities, in an active market. Level 2 uses significant other observable inputs when obtaining quoted prices for identical or similar assets, or liabilities, in markets that are not active. Level 3 is the least reliable, and uses significant unobservable inputs that uses the best information available under the circumstances, which includes the District's own data in measuring unobservable inputs.

The District has the following recurring fair value measurements as of September 30, 2020:

• First American Government Obligation Fund-Class Y of \$182,955 are valued using Level 2 inputs.

The District's investment policy is governed by State Statutes and the District Trust Indenture. This policy allows investments in any financial institution that is a qualified public depository of the State of Florida as identified by the State Treasurer, in accordance with Chapter 280 of the Florida Statutes. Authorized investments are:

- 1. The State Board of Administration Local Government Investment Pool (SBA);
- 2. Securities and Exchange Commission Registered Money Market Funds with the highest credit quality rating from a nationally recognized rating agency;
- 3. Interest-bearing savings accounts and certificates of deposit in state-certified qualified public depositories;
- 4. Direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury.

The District's investments were held as follows at September 30, 2020:

Investment Type	 Fair Value	Credit Rating	Weighted Average Maturity
First American Government Obligation Fund-Class Y	\$ 182,955	AAAm	44 days

Credit Risk:

The District's investment policy limits credit risk by restricting authorized investments to those described. Investments in U.S. Government securities and agencies must be backed by the full faith and credit of the United States Government. Short term bond funds shall be rated by a nationally recognized ratings agency and shall maintain the highest credit quality rating.

NOTE 3 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Custodial Credit Risk:

In the case of deposits, this is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's investment policy requires that bank deposits be secured as provided by Chapter 280, Florida Statutes. This law requires local governments to deposit funds only in financial institutions designated as qualified public depositories by the Chief Financial Officer of the State of Florida, and creates the Public Deposits Trust Fund, a multiple financial institution pool with the ability to assess its member financial institutions for collateral shortfalls if a default or insolvency has occurred. At September 30, 2020, all of the District's bank deposits were in qualified public depositories.

For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the government will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At September 30, 2020, none of the investments listed are exposed to custodial credit risk because their existence is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

Concentration of Credit Risk:

The District's investment policy does not specify limits on the amount the District may invest in any one issuer.

Interest Rate Risk:

The District's investment policy does not specifically address interest rate risk; however, the general investment policy is to apply the prudent-person rule: Investments are made as a prudent person would be expected to act, with discretion and intelligence, to seek reasonable income, preserve capital, and in general, avoid speculative investments. The District manages its exposure to declines in fair values by investing primarily in pooled investments that have a weighted average maturity of less than three months.

NOTE 4 INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES

Interfund receivable and payable for the year ended September 30, 2020 was as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
General	Debt Service	\$ 1,013

NOTE 5 CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2020 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Disposals	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities: Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	\$ 1,631,372	\$ -	\$	\$ 1,631,372
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	1,631,372			1,631,372
Capital assets, being depreciated: Infrastructure-stormwater Infrastructure-roadways Infrastructure-recreation facilities Infrastructure-security, entrance and other Total capital assets, being depreciated	1,328,121 1,466,802 1,383,646 788,137 4,966,706	- 8,885 44,933 53,818	- - - (8,992) (8,992)	1,328,121 1,466,802 1,392,531 824,078 5,011,532
Less accumulated depreciation for: Infrastructure-stormwater Infrastructure-roadways Infrastructure-recreation facilities Infrastructure-security, entrance and other	(743,750) (1,026,760) (509,614) (709,018)	(53,125) (73,340) (46,492) (14,141)	- - - 8,992	(796,875) (1,100,100) (556,106) (714,167)
Total accumulated depreciation	(2,989,142)	(187,098)	8,992	(3,167,248)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net Governmental activities capital assets, net	1,977,564 \$3,608,936	(133,280) \$ (133,280)	-	1,844,284 \$3,475,656

Depreciation was charged to maintenance and operations of \$140,606 and parks and recreation of \$46,492 for the current year.

NOTE 6 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Series 2015 Bonds

In June 2015, the District issued Special Assessment Revenue Bonds comprised of \$1,480,000 Series 2015A-1, \$735,000 Series 2015A-2, and \$3,295,000 Series 2015A-3 (collectively the "Series 2015 Bonds"). The A-1 and A-2 Bonds are issued as one Term Bond for each Series maturing on May 1, 2035 with a fixed interest rate of 4.8% for the A-1 and 6.0% for the A-2 Bonds. The A-3 Bond is issued as a Capital Appreciation Bond maturing May 1, 2035 and is issued in the initial principal amount. The Bonds were issued in order to terminate the Events of Default with regard to the Series 2004 Bonds and to provide for the payment of the Series 2015A-1, A-2, and A-3 Assessments. Interest is paid semiannually on each May 1 and November 1 for the A-1 and A-2 Bonds, commencing on November 1, 2015. Interest is to be accrued semiannually on each May 1 and November 1 for the A-3 Bond, commencing November 1, 2015. Principal on the Series A-1 and A-2 Bonds is due in annual installments commencing May 1, 2016. Principal maturity on the A-3 Bond is due in one lump sum payment of \$10,690,000 on May 1, 2035. The remaining A-3 bonds were repaid during a prior year.

The Series A-1 and A-2 Bonds are subject to optional and mandatory redemption per the guidelines in the Bond Indenture. The Series A-3 Bond is subject to optional redemption per the guidelines in the Bond Indenture. The A-3 Bond is subject to extraordinary mandatory redemption prior to their selected maturity in the manner determined by the Bond Registrar if certain events occurred as outlined in the Bond Indenture.

The Bond Indentures require that the District maintain adequate funds in a reserve account to meet the debt service reserve requirement as defined in the Indenture. This requirement has been met at September 30, 2020.

The Bond Indentures have certain restrictions and requirements relating principally to the procedures to be followed by the District on assessments to property owners. The District agreed to levy special assessments in annual amounts adequate to provide payment of debt service and to meet the reserve requirements. The District is in compliance with the requirements of the Bond Indenture.

Total principal and interest remaining on the Series 2015 Bonds at September 30, 2020 is \$2,598,120. For the year ended September 30, 2020, principal and interest of \$171,360 was paid. Total special assessment revenue pledged was \$184,287.

Long-term debt activity for the year ended September 30, 2020 was as follows:

	 Beginning Balance	In	creases	 Decreases	End	ding Balance	Due	Within One Year
Governmental activities: Bonds payable:								
Series 2015A-1 Series 2015A-2	\$ 1,195,000 650,000	\$	-	\$ (50,000) (25,000)	\$	1,145,000 625,000	\$	55,000 25,000
Governmental activity long- term liabilities	\$ 1,845,000	\$	-	\$ (75,000)	\$	1,770,000	\$	80,000

NOTE 6 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

At September 30, 2020, the scheduled debt service requirements on the bonds payable were as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	 Governmental Activities					
	 Principal		Interest			
2021	\$ 80,000	\$	92,460			
2022	85,000		88,320			
2023	90,000		83,880			
2024	90,000		79,200			
2025	100,000		74,520			
2026 - 2030	580,000		288,840			
2031 - 2035	 745,000		120,900			
	\$ 1,770,000	\$	828,120			

NOTE 7 MANAGEMENT COMPANY

The District has contracted with a management company to perform management consulting services, which include financial consulting and accounting services. Certain employees of the management company also serve as officers (Board appointed non-voting positions) of the District. Under the agreement, the District compensates the management company for management, accounting, financial reporting and other administrative costs.

NOTE 8 RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by commercial insurance from independent third parties. The District has not filed any claims under this commercial coverage during the last three years.

NOTE 9 CONTINGENCIES

In a prior fiscal year, the District received correspondence from the Estate of Laura Lougheed, for claims against the District in the death of Ms. Lougheed. This matter has been referred to the District's insurance carrier for responding and handling of the claim.

NOTE 10 CONCENTRATION

During the year ended September 30, 2020, a major land owner paid approximately \$170,000 of assessments, representing 28% of total assessment revenue for the year.

COMPLIANCE SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Supervisors Spring Ridge Community Development District

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the *Spring Ridge Community Development District* (the "District") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 25, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing* Standards in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

McDismit Davis

Orlando, Florida June 25, 2021



MANAGEMENT LETTER

Board of Supervisors Spring Ridge Community Development District

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the Spring Ridge Community Development District, (the "District") as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, and have issued our report thereon dated June 25, 2021.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and Independent Auditor's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with AICPA Professional Standards, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated June 25, 2021, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i.)1., Rules of the Auditor General, require that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no such findings in the preceding annual financial audit report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. This information has been disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

Financial Condition and Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the District has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify of the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the District did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the District. It is management's responsibility to monitor the District's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Board of Supervisors, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

McDirmit Davis

Orlando, Florida June 25, 2021



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 218.415, FLORIDA STATUTES

To the Board of Supervisors Spring Ridge Community Development District

We have examined Spring Ridge Community Development District's (the "District") compliance with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, during the year ended September 30, 2020. Management is responsible for the District's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on District's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the standards applicable to attestation engagements contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2020.

McDirmit Davis

Orlando, Florida June 25, 2021