

Bartow Community Redevelopment Agency

(a component unit of the City of Bartow, Florida)

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AND

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS

Fiscal year ended September 30, 2021

Bartow Community Redevelopment Agency

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Bartow Community Redevelopment Agency

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FINANCIAL SECTION

PURVIS GRAY

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors Community Redevelopment Agency City of Bartow, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of the Community Redevelopment Agency (the CRA), a component unit of the City of Bartow, Florida (the City), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the CRA's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the CRA's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the CRA's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the major fund of the CRA, as of September 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 20, 2022, on our consideration of the CRA's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the CRA's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the CRA's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Purvis Gray

June 20, 2022 Sarasota, Florida

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is designed to provide an objective and easy to read analysis of the Bartow Community Redevelopment Agency's ("CRA") financial activities, a component unit of the City of Bartow, Florida ("City"). The analysis is designed to assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, provide an overview of the CRA's financial activity, identify the changes in the CRA's financial position (its ability to address the next and subsequent year challenges), identify any material deviations from the financial plan (the approved budget), and identify individual fund issues of concern.

Since the Management's Discussion and Analysis is designed to focus on the current year's activities, resulting changes, and currently known facts, please read it in conjunction with the CRA's financial statements and independent auditors' report (beginning on Page 1).

Financial Highlights

- The CRA's assets exceeded its liabilities at the close of fiscal year 2021 by \$1,894,451 (net position), all of which is restricted for community redevelopment uses.
- The CRA's total net position increased by \$394,490 or 26% for the year ended September 30, 2021.
- Total revenues increased by \$104,843 or 10% during the year ended September 30, 2021.
- Total expenses decreased by \$257,748 or 24% for the year ended September 30, 2021.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements focus on both the CRA as a whole (government-wide) and on the major individual funds. Both perspectives (government-wide and major fund) allow the user to address relevant questions, broaden a basis for comparison (year to year or government to government) and enhance the CRAs accountability. The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities seek to give the user a combined overview of the CRA's financial position.

The financial statements use accrual accounting (which focuses on economic resources) in the government-wide statements, while maintaining modified accrual accounting (which focuses on current financial resources–budget basis) at the fund level (governmental funds only). This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the CRA's basic financial statements. The CRA's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements: The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the CRA's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net position presents information on all the CRA's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources with the residual measure reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the CRA is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the CRA's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported in a manner similar to the approach used by private-sector business in that revenue is recognized when earned or established criteria are satisfied, and expenses are reported when incurred. Accordingly, revenues are reported even when they may not be collected for several months after the end of the year, and expenses are reported even though they may not have used cash during the current fiscal year. Both government-wide financial statements are designed to distinguish functions of the CRA that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The CRA does not engage in business-type activities and as such, no business-type activities are reported in the financial statements.

The governmental activities of the CRA are exclusively comprised of the community redevelopment function and interest expense. The government-wide financial statements can be found by referencing the table of contents of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements: Funds are a group of self-balancing accounts. Funds are used to account for specific activities of the CRA, rather than reporting on the CRA as a whole. The CRA uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds: Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities if there are any differences between the two.

The CRA maintains only one fund, a major governmental fund designated as the general fund.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found by referencing the table of contents of this report.

Notes to the financial statements: The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found by referencing the table of contents of this report.

Other information: In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the CRA's general fund budgetary comparisons. Required supplementary information can be found by referencing the table of contents of this report.

BARTOW COMMUNITY REDEVEOPMENT AGENCY (A Component Unit of the City of Bartow, Florida) Management's Discussion and Analysis September 30, 2021

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Summary of Net Position - As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At the end of the current year, the CRA's net position was \$1,894,451. The following table reflects a summary of net position compared to the prior year. For additional information, see the Statement of Net Position by referring to the table of contents of this report.

	Governmental Activities			
		2021		2020
Current assets	\$	949,326	\$	557,006
Capital assets		981,141		992,589
Total assets		1,930,467		1,549,595
Current liabilities		36,016		49,634
Total liabilities		36,016		49,634
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets		981,141		992,589
Restricted		913,310		507,372
Total net position	\$	1,894,451	\$	1,499,961

Statement of Net Position (Summary) as of September 30,

On September 30, 2021, approximately 52% of the CRA's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (land and building) net of any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding, compared to 66% for the prior year. This component of net position is not available for future spending. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position, \$913,310 or 48% of the CRA's net position in 2021 is reported as restricted and can only be used for community redevelopment in accordance with Chapter 163, Florida Statutes and the community redevelopment plan.

(A Component Unit of the City of Bartow, Florida) Management's Discussion and Analysis September 30, 2021

Statement of Activities - The following table reflects a summary of the Statement of Activities which can be found by referring to the table of contents of this report.

	Governmental Activities			
	2021	2020		
Revenues:				
General revenues:				
Property taxes - CRA	\$ 1,199,659	\$ 1,144,761		
Other	656	(49,289)		
Total revenues	1,200,315	1,095,472		
Expenses:				
Governmental activities:				
Community redevelopment	805,825	1,057,106		
Interest on long term debt		6,467		
Total expenses	805,825	1,063,573		
Change in Net Position	394,490	31,899		
Net position - Beginning	1,499,961	1,468,062		
Net position - Ending	\$ 1,894,451	\$ 1,499,961		

Statement of Activities (Summary) For the year ended September 30,

During 2021, the governmental activities' net position increased by \$394,490 compared to an increase of \$31,899 in the prior year. The main reason for the current year changes are as follows:

- Total property tax increment revenue increased by \$54,898 or 5% due to increased property values within the CRA District.
- Other CRA revenue improved by \$49,945 in 2021 when compared to 2020 because of a loss on disposition of capital assets in 2020 which was nonrecurring in 2021.
- Total expenses decreased by \$257,748 or 24% mainly due to an approximate decrease in project related expenses within the CRA district of \$245,000 representing a 72% decline in project related expenses.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CRA'S FUNDS

Governmental funds: The focus of the CRA's governmental fund (general fund) statements is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the CRA's financing requirements.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the CRA's sole fund, the general fund, reported ending fund balances of \$913,310 an increase of \$405,938 in comparison with the previously reported balance in the prior year of \$507,372. The prior year change in fund balances was a decline of \$132,757. The entire fund balance of the CRA's general fund is restricted for community development expenditures.

The major changes in the current year in comparison to the prior year are detailed above in the statement of activities section.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CRA'S FUNDS

Major differences between the increase in net position of \$394,490 and the decrease in fund balance of \$405,938 are as follows:

Expenses on the statement of activities not reported as expenditures on the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance:

• Depreciation expense - \$11,448

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Actual revenues and other financial sources were greater than budgeted resources by \$393 and actual expenditures were \$405,545 less than budgeted resulting in an overall favorable budget variance of \$405,938. The general fund budget was not amended during the year.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. The CRA's investment in capital assets included several parcels of land and a building whose cost, net of accumulated depreciation, totaled \$981,141 on September 30, 2021. This is compared to \$992,589 at the end of the prior year. The CRA disposed of land with a book value of \$57,727 during the year ended September 30, 2020 and reported no such disposals in 2021.

Additional information on the CRA's capital assets can be found in Note 5 of the Notes to the Financial Statements.

Long-term obligations. The CRA reported no long-term obligations at the end of the prior or current fiscal year.

Additional information on the CRA's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 of the Notes to the Financial Statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

Budget Highlights. The following significant item will affect the 2022 fiscal year:

- The approved budget for the fiscal year 2021-22 provides for an increase in tax revenue of the general fund in the amount of \$180,159 or 15% due to increases in the property values within the CRA district and an increase in the City's millage rate.
- The approved budget for the fiscal year 2021-22 provides for an increase in expenditures of the general fund in the amount of \$585,441 or 74% when compared to the 2021 actual expenditures. The increase is mainly due to increased project related expenditures budgeted for 2021-22.

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide users with a general overview of the CRA's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of the Finance Director, P. O. Box 1069, Bartow, Florida 33831 or telephone (863) 534-0100. You can also access our website at <u>www.cityofbartow.net</u>.

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(A Component Unit of the City of Bartow, Florida) Statement of Net Position September 30, 2021

	Governmental Activities		
ASSETS			
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	947,571	
Prepaid expenses		1,755	
Capital assets:			
Non-depreciable		561,396	
Depreciable, net		419,745	
TOTAL ASSETS		1,930,467	
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		36,016	
TOTAL LIABILITIES		36,016	
NET POSITION			
Investment in capital assets		981,141	
Restricted for:			
Community redevelopment		913,310	
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	1,894,451	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

(A Component Unit of the City of Bartow, Florida) Statement of Activities For the year ended September 30, 2021

				Program Revenues	5		
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	Ex	oenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grant and Contributions	Capital Grant and Contributions	Revei	let (Expense) nue and Changes Net Position
Governmental activities:						_	
Economic environment	\$	805,825	\$	- \$ -	\$	- \$	(805,825)
Total governmental activities		805,825				-	(805,825)
	GENER	AL REVENUE	S			_	
	Та	axes:					
		Property tax	es, levied for com	munity redevelopm	ent purposes		1,199,659
	In	vestment ear	nings				656
	Tota	l general reve	enues				1,200,315
	CHANC	GE IN NET PO	SITION				394,490
	NET PC	OSITION, begi	nning of year				1,499,961
	NET PC	OSITION, end	of year			\$	1,894,451

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

(A Component Unit of the City of Bartow, Florida) Balance Sheet – Governmental Fund September 30, 2021

	General
ASSETS	 Fund
Equity in pooled cash and investments Prepaid expenditures	\$ 947,571 1,755
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 949,326
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	 36,016
TOTAL LIABILITIES	 36,016
FUND BALANCE	
Nonspendable: Prepaids Restricted for:	1,755
Community redevelopment	 911,555
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	 913,310
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$ 949,326
SUMMARY RECONCILIATION TO THE GOVERNMENT WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:	
FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENT FUND	\$ 913,310
Reconciling items:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities	
are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	981,141
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 1,894,451

(A Component Unit of the City of Bartow, Florida) Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Fund For the year ended September 30, 2021

		General
		Fund
REVENUES:	ć	4 400 650
Taxes	\$	1,199,659
Other		656
Total revenues		1,200,315
EXPENDITURES:		
Current:		
Economic environment		553,970
Debt service:		
Debt service subsidy to the City of Bartow, Florida		240,407
Total expenditures		794,377
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		405,938
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year		507,372
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$	913,310
SUMMARY RECONCILIATION TO THE GOVERNMENT WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUND	\$	405,938
Reconciling items:		
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures.		
However, in the statement of activities, the cost of these		
assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives		
and reported as depreciation expense.		
This is the amount of depreciation recorded in the current period.		(11,448
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$	394,490

The Bartow Community Redevelopment Agency's ("CRA") financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing U.S. GAAP for state and local governments through its statements (GASBS) and Interpretations (GASBI). The more significant accounting policies established by GAAP and used by the CRA are discussed below.

A. REPORTING ENTITY

The CRA is a dependent special district created by the City of Bartow, Florida (the "City") by City Ordinance 1547-A pursuant to Florida Statutes Chapter 163. The CRA was created to eliminate and prevent the spread of blight throughout the redevelopment area pursuant to the City of Bartow City Commission findings of blight, Chapter 163, Part III, of the Florida Statutes (The Florida Community Redevelopment Act) and the City of Bartow Community Redevelopment Plan adopted by the City of Bartow City Commission. The CRA's property taxes are levied under the taxing authority of the City and are included as part of the City's total tax levy. The Board of Directors of the CRA is comprised of seven citizens appointed by the City Commission.

While the City and the CRA are separate legal entities, the parties share the mutual goal of redevelopment within the CRA District. The City provides administrative support services in the same manner as provided by the City in the conduct of its own affairs or as otherwise provided by the CRA Plan. City Management has operational responsibility for the CRA.

For the year ended September 30, 2021, the City allocated one full-time employee to the CRA to provide administrative support services. The cost for these personnel services was approximately \$108,000 for the year ended September 30, 2021. City also allocated \$30,000 of expenditures to the CRA for Main Street custodial services. The CRA has also agreed to pay a portion of the debt service of a \$4.8 million City borrowing from 2005 in connection with a joint streetscape project between the City and the CRA and this totaled \$240,407 for the year ended September 30, 2021. See Note 6 for more information on the CRA's commitment to pay this debt service.

The accompanying financial statements present the CRA and its component units, entities for which the CRA is financially accountable. Criteria for determining if other entities are potential component units of the CRA which should be reported with the CRA's basic financial statements are identified and described in the GASB Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, Section 2100. The application of these criteria provides for identification of any entities for which the CRA is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the CRA are such that exclusion would cause the CRA's basic financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Based on these criteria, the financial reporting entity does not include or exclude any component units.

The City is financially accountable for the CRA and as such, the CRA is reported as a blended component unit in the City's basic financial statements.

B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The basic financial statements consist of the government-wide financial statements and fund financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements - The required government-wide financial statements are the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which report information on all the nonfiduciary activities of the CRA. The effects of interfund activity would have been removed from these statements if there were any interfund activity. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from Business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The CRA does not engage in any business-type activities.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment, including depreciation. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - The financial transactions of the CRA are recorded in individual funds. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, liabilities, deferred inflows and outflows of resources, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds in either the governmental or business-type activities categories. GASB Cod. Sec 2200 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets plus deferred outflows of resources, liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources, revenues or expenditures/expenses of either fund category or the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column and all non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Due to the CRA's fund structure, there were no non-major funds.

The financial activities of the CRA are reported in a single governmental "general" fund. There are no other governmental funds, no proprietary funds nor any fiduciary funds.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisition under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period.

Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Imposed nonexchange resources (property taxes, fines) are reported as deferred inflows if received before the tax is levied or before the date when use is first permitted. Government mandated nonexchange transactions and voluntary nonexchange transactions are reported as liabilities until the eligibility requirements (excluding time requirements) are met and as deferred inflows if received before time requirements are met and all other eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET POSITION/FUND BALANCE

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - The City maintains a central pooled cash account that is used by all operating funds of the City, including the CRA. Interest income earned in the pooled cash and investments account is allocated to the individual funds based on their respective monthly balances. The CRA's "share" of the pooled cash and cash equivalent account is reported as a component of cash and cash equivalents on the accompanying balance sheet/statement of net position and includes a share of all deposits with banks and financial institutions including certificates of deposit and all highly-liquid investments (with original maturities of three months or less), including repurchase agreements, short-term commercial paper and investments in state pools of the City. The CRA also maintains two separate bank accounts outside of the City's centralized cash and cash equivalent pool.

INVESTMENTS – Investments are reported at fair value or amortized cost, which approximates fair value. Purchases and sales of investments are reflected on trade dates. Net realized gains or losses on sales of investments are based on the cost of investments applied on a first-in, first-out basis and are reflected in current operating results.

NOTES RECEIVABLE – Periodically the CRA will make loans to property owners to assist with mortgage down payments or to fund property improvements and these loans are secured by first mortgage liens on the related properties with payment terms extending to six years. In some cases, the notes will be forgiven if certain conditions are met by the property owner. Certain of the loans are non-interest bearing and have been discounted to reflect a 5% annual interest rate which is being amortized to income over the life of the related loans. There was no discount amortization for 2021. The notes, which have a face value of \$700,000, are reduced by an allowance representing management's estimate of uncollectible amounts which totaled \$700,000 on September 30, 2021 resulting in a carrying value of zero on September 30, 2021 and resulting in \$165,000 of community redevelopment expenditures/expense to reflect the total loans made during the year then ended.

CAPITAL ASSETS - In the government-wide financial statements, capital assets may include land, buildings, improvements, construction in progress, and furniture and equipment.

The CRA often engages in the construction, renovation, and/or acquisition of capital assets which may include land, buildings, improvements or furniture and equipment. None of these assets are titled to the CRA and the CRA does not have operational oversight nor obligation for ongoing repair and maintenance of the assets rather the assets are transferred to the City upon acquisition or upon completion of construction or renovation.

For long term construction or renovation projects, the costs are capitalized as construction in progress in the governmental activities of the CRA and are transferred to the City upon completion. Capital assets that are donated to the City are reported as a functional expense in the statement of activities.

In the event that capital assets are purchased and titled to the CRA or if the CRA is obligated for ongoing operational responsibility of a capital asset, the CRA would report these at historical cost, if purchased and at estimated acquisition value if donated. Capital assets are defined by City policy as those assets with an individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Major additions are capitalized while maintenance and repairs which do not improve or extend the life of the respective assets, are charged to expense.

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations or those that are, or will be, donated to the City are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition.

Capital asset depreciation is recognized using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives as follows:

<u>Asset Type</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings and improvements	40

INTEREST COSTS - Interest costs are recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred in the statement of activities or as an expenditure on a basis consistent with governmental fund accounting principles in the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance.

LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the bonds outstanding method. Debt issuance costs are reported as an expense in the period incurred. Bond premiums and discounts are reported, net of amortization, in the related debt balances shown in the financial statements. For current refundings and advance refundings resulting in defeasance of debt reported by governmental activities, business-type activities, and proprietary funds, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt is reported as a deferred outflow of resources or a deferred inflow of resources and recognized as a component of interest expense over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is the shorter. Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements; rather the debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payments of principal and interest are reported as expenditures.

INDIRECT COST ALLOCATION - The City allocates charges for indirect services provided by General Fund departments based on a cost allocation plan. The costs are included in the program expense reported by functional activity in the Statement of Activities.

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EQUITY CLASSIFICATIONS -

Government-wide Statements - The difference between (a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- *Restricted net position* Consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position Consists of the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted component of net position.

When both restricted and unrestricted net position is available for use, it is the CRA's policy to use restricted net position first, and then unrestricted net position as they are needed.

Fund Statements - The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the CRA is bound to honor the constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Spendable resources are to be shown as restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned as considered appropriate in the CRA's circumstances. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

- *Nonspendable* This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the
 resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through a debt covenant), grantors,
 contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional
 provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to
 constraints imposed by formal action of the CRA Board of Directors. These amounts cannot be used for
 any other purpose unless the CRA Board of Directors removes or changes the specified use by taking the
 same type of action that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also
 includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for
 use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

- Assigned This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the CRA's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent can be expressed by the CRA Board of Directors or through the CRA Board of Directors delegating this responsibility to the City Manager through the budgetary process. This classification also includes the remaining positive fund balance for all governmental funds except for the General Fund.
- Unassigned This classification is used for (a) negative unrestricted fund balances in any governmental fund, or (b) fund balances within the general fund that are not restricted, committed, or assigned.

The details of the fund balances are included in the governmental fund's balance sheet. The CRA uses restricted funds first, followed by committed resources, and then assigned resources, as opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend unassigned resources first.

USE OF ESTIMATES – The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, as applicable to government entities, requires management to make use of estimates that affect the reported amounts in the basic financial statements. Actual results could differ from estimates.

NOTE 2 - PROPERTY TAX CALENDAR AND INCREMENTAL PROPERTY TAX REVENUE

Under Florida Law, the assessment of all properties and the collection of all county, municipal and school board property taxes are consolidated in the offices of the County Property Appraiser and County Tax Collector. The tax levy of the City is established by the City Commission prior to October 1 of each year and the Polk County Property Appraiser incorporates the millages into the total tax levy, which includes the municipalities, the County, independent districts and the County School Board tax requirements. State statutes permit cities to levy property taxes at a rate of up to 10 mills.

The CRA's primary source of revenue is tax-increment funds. This revenue is computed by applying the respective operating tax rates for the City and Polk County, Florida (the "County") multiplied by the increased value of property located within the boundaries of the redevelopment areas of the CRA in excess of the base property value, minus 5%. The City and County are required to fund this amount annually by January 1 of each year without regard to tax collections or other obligations.

The City and County millage rates in effect for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 were 3.0862 and 6.8990, respectively.

The tax levy of the City/County is established by the City/County Commission prior to October 1 of each year. All property is reassessed according to its fair market value January 1 of each year. Each assessment roll is submitted to the Executive Director of the State Department of Revenue for review to determine if the rolls meet all of the appropriate requirements of Florida Statutes.

All taxes are due and payable on November 1 (levy date) of each year and unpaid taxes become delinquent on April 1 following the year in which they are assessed. Discounts are allowed for early payment as follows: 4% in of November, 3% in December, 2% in January, 1% in February. The taxes paid in March are without discount. Delinquent taxes on real and personal property bear interest of 18% per year. On or prior to June 1 following the tax year, certificates are sold for all delinquent taxes on real property.

NOTE 3 - BUDGETARY LAW AND PRACTICE

The budget is approved by the Board of Directors of the CRA and then formally adopted by Resolution on a Citywide basis for all City funds, including the CRA, on or before October 1 of each year as required by State Statute. Because the City has operational responsibility for the CRA, the CRA utilizes the City's budgetary level of control policy which establishes the legal level of budgetary control at the department level for all the CRA's funds. Expenditures may not exceed appropriations at this level. The budgets for all CRA funds are adopted on the modified basis of accounting.

All final budget amounts presented in the accompanying supplementary information have been adjusted for legally authorized amendments.

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

DEPOSITS IN FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS – As previously discussed, the amounts reported as cash and cash equivalents include the CRA's claim on the cash and cash equivalent pool maintained by the City. The remainder of this note refers to City investment and risk policies. Because City Management has operational responsibility for the CRA and because a portion of the CRA funds is combined with other City funds for investment purposes, references to the City apply to the CRA because of this arrangement.

Municipalities in Florida are required by State Statute Chapter 280 - "Security for Public Deposits Act", to deposit operating funds only with financial institutions who are members of the State of Florida collateral pool ("qualified public depositories"). The State of Florida collateral pool is a multiple financial institution collateral pool with the ability to make additional assessments to satisfy the claims of governmental entities if any member financial institution fails. This ability provides protection which is similar to depository insurance.

The captions on the government-wide statement of net position for "equity in pooled cash and investments" is comprised of the following:

Cash deposits in financial institutions:	
Insured or fully collateralized bank deposits	\$ 500,632
CRA's share of City cash and investments pool	 446,939
Total equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 947,571

On September 30, 2021, 93% of the City's cash and investments pool consisted of deposits in financial institutions and the remaining 7% consisted of investments in the Florida Safe and FLCLASS local government investment pools.

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The "Florida Safe" and "FLCLASS" investment pools are similar to a money market investment in that it strives to maintain a net asset value of \$1.00 per share and meets the criteria in GASB Cod. Sec. In5 to measure all of pooled investments at amortized cost. The City's investment in the pools is not exposed to custodial credit risk because the investments are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

- The FL Safe Stable NAV Fund is S&P rated AAAm with a weighted maturity of 76 days as of September 30, 2021.
- The FLCLASS local government investment pool is rated AAAm with a weighted maturity of 47 days as of September 30, 2021.

All investments reported in the City's cash and cash equivalent pool are reported at amortized costs and therefore are not required to be categorized in the fair value hierarchy established by GASB Cod. Sec. 3100.

INVESTMENTS - The types of investments that the City may invest are governed by the City's investment policy which sets forth the following allowable investments and certain other specific criteria related to maximum permitted concentrations, maturities (interest rate risk), and minimum credit quality ratings (credit risk):

Authorized Investments	Maximum Portfolio Concentration	Maximum Maturity	Maximum Issuer Concentration	Lowest Permitted S&P Rating
Florida Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund	100%			
U. S. Government securities	100%	5 years		
U. S. Government Agency securities	50%	5 years	25%	
Federal Instrumentalities securities	80%	5 years	40%	
Non-negotiable interest-bearing deposits in				
qualified public depositories	20%	2 years	15%	
Repurchase agreements 102% secured by securities of				
the U.S. Government its Agencies or Instrumentalities	50%	90 days	25%	
Commercial paper of any U.S. company	25%	270 days	15%	A-1
Corporate notes of any U.S. company	15%	2 years	5%	AA
Bankers Acceptances	25%	180 days	10%	A-1
State or local government obligations	20%	3 years		AA
Mutual funds (registered investment companies)	50%	90 days	25%	AAA
Intergovernmental investment pools	20%			

(A Component Unit of the City of Bartow, Florida) Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2021

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended September 30, 2021, was as follows:

	Oct	alance tober 1, 2020	Inc	reases	Decreases	Se	Balance ptember 30, 2021
Governmental Activities:							
Capital assets, not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	561,396	\$	-	\$	\$	561,396
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		561,396		-			561,396
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Buildings		457,905		-			457,905
Total capital assets, being depreciated		457,905				<u> </u>	457,905
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings		(26,712)		(11,448)		-	(38,160)
Total accumulated depreciation		(26,712)		(11,448)			(38,160)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		431,193		(11,448)		<u> </u>	419,745
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	992,589	\$	(11,448)	\$	\$	981,141

Depreciation expense is allocated entirely to the economic environment function.

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NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Debt Service Subsidy to the City of Bartow, Florida – The CRA has agreed to pay a portion of the debt service of a \$4.8 million City borrowing in 2005 in connection with a joint streetscape project between the City and the CRA.

The debt is an obligation of the City and not the CRA and the long-term liability related to this loan is reported by the City in their entity-wide financial statements and not reported in the CRA. The CRA's debt service commitment to maturity is set forth below:

Fiscal Year Ending	Commitment		
2022	\$	237,488	
2023		236,762	
2024		238,174	
2025		239,423	
Total	\$	951,847	

NOTE 7 – RISK MANAGEMENT LITIGATION

During the ordinary course of its operations, the CRA may be exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. The CRA is covered by the City's insurance plans. The City maintains commercial insurance coverage in amounts management feels is adequate to protect and safeguard the assets of the City. In the opinion of the City's management and legal counsel, legal claims and litigation are not anticipated to have material impact on the financial position of the CRA.

The CRA may be contingently liable with respect to lawsuits and other claims which arise in the ordinary course of carrying out its public service. Management believes that any losses not covered by insurance which may ultimately be incurred as a result of the suits and claims will not be material, with the exception of attorney's fees which are not determinable.

NOTE 8 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Compliance with Finance Related Legal and Contractual Provisions - the CRA had no material violations of finance related legal and contractual provisions.

Deficit Fund Balance or Net Position of Individual Funds - As of September 30, 2021, no individual fund had a deficit fund balance or net position deficit.

Excess of Expenditures Over Budget Appropriations in Individual Funds - For the year ended September 30, 2021, no budgetary fund had an excess of expenditures over appropriations.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

(A Component Unit of the City of Bartow, Florida)

Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget to Actual – General Fund For the year ended September 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts					Variance with Final Budget Positive	
		Original	Final	Actual		(Negative)	
REVENUES:							
Taxes	\$	1,197,922	\$ 1,197,922	\$	1,199,659	\$	1,737
Other		2,000	2,000		656		(1,344)
Total revenues		1,199,922	1,199,922		1,200,315		393
EXPENDITURES:							
Economic environment		959,514	959,514		553,970		405,544
Debt service		240,408	240,408		240,407		1
Total expenditures		1,199,922	1,199,922		794,377		405,545
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	_	\$ -	\$	405,938	\$	405,938

Note 1 – Budgetary Procedures and Budgetary Accounting

The CRA adheres to the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the accompanying financial statements:

Prior to September 30, the CRA Administrator submits, to the Board of Directors, a proposed operating budget for the General Fund for the fiscal year commencing October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means for financing them.

The CRA budget is also include in the City's budget and is presented to the City Commission for ratification prior to September 30.

CRA management is authorized to transfer budget amounts. Revision that alters the total expenditures must be approved by the CRA Board. Legal level of budgetary control is maintained at the department level.

GOVERNMENT AUDITING SECTION

PURVIS GRAY

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors Community Redevelopment Agency City of Bartow, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of the Community Redevelopment Agency (the CRA), a component unit of the City of Bartow, Florida (the City), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the CRA's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 20, 2022.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the CRA's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the CRA's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the CRA's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the antity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the CRA's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of non-compliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the CRA's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the CRA's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

wrives Gray

June 20, 2022 Sarasota, Florida

PURVIS GRAY

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH FLORIDA STATUTE SECTION 218.415 – INVESTMENTS OF PUBLIC FUNDS

To the Board of Directors Community Redevelopment Agency City of Bartow, Florida

We have examined the Community Redevelopment Agency's (the CRA) compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, as required by Section 10.556 (10)(a), *Rules of the Auditor General*. Management is responsible for the CRA's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the CRA's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the CRA complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the CRA complied with specific requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgement, including an assessment of the risks of material non-compliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination of the CRA's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the CRA complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2021.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, federal and other granting agencies and pass-through entities, the CRA Board members, and applicable management, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

wrwws Gray

June 20, 2022 Sarasota, Florida

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH FLORIDA STATUTE SECTION 163.387(6) and (7) – REDEVELOPMENT TRUST FUND

To the Board of Directors Community Redevelopment Agency City of Bartow, Florida

We have examined the Community Redevelopment Agency's (the CRA) compliance with Section 163.387(6) and (7), Florida Statutes, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, as required by Section 10.556 (10)(a), *Rules of the Auditor General*. Management is responsible for the CRA's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the CRA's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the CRA complied, in all material respects with the requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the CRA complied with the specific requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material non-compliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination of the CRA's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, except for the non-compliance noted below, the CRA complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2021.

2021-1 Budget Submission

Criteria—*Se*ction 163.387(6)(b), Florida Statutes requires the CRA to submit its original budget and any subsequent budget amendments to the Board of County Commissioners (or applicable taxing authority) in which the CRA is located within 10 days of adoption.

Condition—Due to transitions in staffing, the CRA did not submit its budget to the taxing authority (Polk County) within 10 days of adoption.

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Effect—By not submitting the CRA's budget or any budget amendments within 10 days of adoption, the CRA is not in compliance with Section 163.387(6)(b), Florida Statutes.

Recommendation—We recommend the CRA submit its budget and any subsequent amendments to Polk County within 10 days of adoption.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, federal and other granting agencies and pass-through entities, the CRA Board members, and applicable management, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Purvis Gray

June 20, 2022 Sarasota, Florida

PURVIS GRAY

MANAGEMENT LETTER

To the Board of Directors Community Redevelopment Agency City of Bartow, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the Community Redevelopment Agency (the CRA), a component unit of the City of Bartow, Florida (the City), as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, and have issued our report thereon dated June 20, 2022.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; and Independent Accountant's Reports on an examination conducted in accordance with AICPA *Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated June 20, 2022, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding financial audit report. There were no findings or recommendations made in the preceding annual financial report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. This is disclosed in Note 1 of the financial statements.

Financial Condition and Management

Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), *Rules of the Auditor General*, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the CRA has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the CRA did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

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MANAGEMENT LETTER

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), *Rules of the Auditor General*, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the CRA. It is management's responsibility to monitor the CRA's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Special District Component Unit

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.c., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires, if appropriate, that we communicate the failure of a special district that is a component unit of a county, municipality, or special district, to provide the financial information necessary for proper reporting of the component unit within the audited financial statements of the county, municipality, or special district in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we determined that the special district component unit provided the necessary information for proper reporting in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statutes.

As required by Section 218.39(3)(c), Florida Statutes, and Section 10.554(1)(i)6, *Rules of the Auditor General*, the CRA reported:

UNAUDITED

- a. The total number of district employees compensated in the last pay period of the district's fiscal year was 0. As disclosed in Note 1 of the financial statements, the CRA has no employees but receives administrative, engineering, and project management support from City staff.
- b. The total number of independent contractors to whom nonemployee compensation was paid in the last month of the district's fiscal year was 4.
- c. All compensation earned by or awarded to employees, whether paid or accrued, regardless of contingency was \$0. As described in Note 1 of the financial statements, the CRA reimburses the City for support provided by City employees. During the fiscal year, the CRA reimbursed the City for payroll and related benefits totaling \$108,065 for work performed by City employees on behalf of the CRA.
- d. All compensation earned by or awarded to non-employee independent contractors, whether paid or accrued, regardless of contingency was \$313,394.
- e. Each construction project with a total cost of at least \$65,000 approved by the district that is scheduled to begin on or after October 1, of the fiscal year being reported, together with the total expenditures for such project. There were no construction projects to report.
- f. A budget variance based on the budget adopted under Section 189.016(4), Florida Statutes, before the beginning of the fiscal year being reported if the district amends a final adopted budget under Section 189.016(6), Florida Statutes. The CRA did not amend the original budget for the year ended September 30, 2021.

To the Board of Directors Community Redevelopment Agency City of Bartow, Florida

MANAGEMENT LETTER

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we communicate non-compliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, and the Board of Directors and management of the CRA, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

wrives Gray

June 20, 2022 Sarasota, Florida



June 20, 2022

Auditor General's Office Local Government Section Claude Denson Pepper Building 111 West Madison Street Tallahassee, FL 32399-1450

RE: Response to Auditor's Comments on Compliance with FS Section 163.187

The following is the City of Bartow Community Redevelopment Agency's response to the independent auditor's management letter comments.

2021-1 Budget Submission

Criteria: Section 163.387(6)(b), Florida Statutes requires the Agency to submit its original budget and any subsequent budget amendments to the board of county commissioners (or applicable taxing authority) in which the CRA is located within 10 days of adoption.

Condition: Due to transitions in staffing, the Agency did not submit its budget and budget amendments to the taxing authority (Polk County) within 10 days of adoption.

Effect: By not submitting the District's budget or any budget amendments within 10 days of adoption, the Agency is not in compliance with Section 163.387(6)(b), Florida Statutes.

Recommendation: We recommend the Agency submit its budget and any subsequent amendments to Polk County within 10 days of adoption.

Management's Response to Comment 2021-1 Budget Submission

The Agency and City agree with the auditor's comments and will implement the recommendation.

The CRA Director resigned during the budget process in 2021. An interim director was appointed a few months later. A search for a permanent replacement is currently in process. Procedures have been implemented to the budget preparation process to ensure compliance with Statutory reporting requirements.