



Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021







ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

BLUEPRINT INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGENCY

> For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021



PREPARED BY:

Tres Long, CPA, CIA, CGFM, Senior Accountant, Blueprint Intergovernmental Agency

AND:

Financial Services Department Financial Reporting Division City of Tallahassee, Florida

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL

ORGANIZATIONAL CHART

LIST OF DIRECTORS AND MANAGERS

LIST OF FINANCIAL REPORTING DIVISION STAFF

BLUEPRINT ()

May 11, 2022

To the Chairman and Members of the Board of the Blueprint Intergovernmental Agency

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report of the Blueprint Intergovernmental Agency (the Agency) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, is hereby submitted pursuant to Section 11.45, Florida Statutes and Chapter 10.550 Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida. This report represents the official report of the Agency's financial operations and condition to the citizens, the Agency's Board, the Agency's management, rating agencies, and other interested persons.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

The certified public accounting firm of MSL, P.A. has issued an unmodified opinion on the Agency's financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2021. The independent auditors' report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditors' report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it.

PROFILE OF THE AGENCY

On October 27, 2000, pursuant to Section 163.01 (7), Florida Statutes, Leon County, Florida, and the City of Tallahassee, Florida, created the Blueprint Intergovernmental Agency to govern the project management structure for the project planning and the construction of the Blueprint 2000 projects. These projects were to be funded from a 15-year discretionary one-cent sales tax extension approved by a voting majority of Leon County voters on November 7, 2000. The Board of County Commissioners and the City Commission constitute the Board of Directors (the Board) for the Agency. On December 9, 2015, the Board elected to change the name of the Agency to Blueprint Intergovernmental Agency. The County Administrator and the City Manager approve staffing for the Agency. Various committees provide professional advice and serve in advisory capacities.

Tallahassee, the capital city of Florida, was incorporated in 1825, twenty years before Florida was admitted to the Union. The City is governed by a Mayor and four Commissioners elected at-large. The City Commission appoints the City Manager, the City Treasurer-Clerk, the City Auditor, and the City Attorney. Collectively the appointed officials are responsible for all administrative aspects of the government, with most falling under the purview of the City Manager.

The Leon County Board of Commissioners consists of seven members, five of whom are elected within districts, with the remaining two elected at-large. Each Commissioner is elected to a fouryear term with the position of Chairperson selected annually on a rotating basis. A County Administrator administers all county offices not governed by elected County officials.

In 1989 the voters of Leon County approved an additional one-cent sales tax, increasing the sales tax total to seven and one-half cents. The additional penny tax, levied through the year 2004, was used for capital projects in the areas of transportation and law enforcement.

On November 7, 2000, voters approved a 15-year extension of the penny sales tax, with 80% of the proceeds to be used for a variety of transportation, stormwater, and environmental projects identified in Blueprint 2000, a study produced by a citizens group representing business and environmental interests, to help guide the community's future growth. The funds collected under this extension are the funds the Agency uses for projects.

On November 4, 2014, a majority of Leon County voters approved another extension of the penny sales tax through December 31, 2039. The tax collected will be used for projects designed to improve roads, reduce traffic congestion, protect lakes and water quality, reduce flooding, expand and operate parks and recreational areas, invest in economic development and other uses authorized under Florida law; and to seek matching funds for these purposes.

The Agency is required to adopt a final budget prior to the close of the fiscal year. This annual budget serves as the foundation for the Agency's financial planning and control. The annual budget process involves input and collaboration between the Director of PLACE, members of the Intergovernmental Agency, and input and review from the various committees.

FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITION

The economy of Leon County is strongly influenced by governmental and educational activities. The presence of the State Capital and two major universities help to shape Leon County's population as relatively young, well educated, and affluent.

Leon County is a racially diverse community. Minorities account for 38.5% of the population, with African-Americans comprising 32.0%.

Leon County residents have historically attained a very high level of education. Forty six percent of area residents aged 25 or older have completed at least four years of college.

The 2015-2019 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates report median family income in Leon County is \$53,106, which is comparable to the national median.

The level of governmental employment has a stabilizing effect on the economy and helps to minimize unemployment. In December 2021, the unemployment rate was 3.4% in Leon County as compared to the State's unemployment rate of 3.5%. The percentage of employees employed by local, state, and federal government is approximately 29.22% of the work force. The unemployment rate is one of many economic indicators utilized to evaluate the condition of the economy.

Year	Tallahassee	Unincorporated	Leon County
1960	48,174	26,051	74,225
1970	71,897	31,150	103,047
1980	81,548	67,104	148,652
1990	124,773	67,720	192,493
2000	150,624	88,858	239,482
2010	181,736	94,111	275,847
2020	198,627	100,857	299,484
2025	208,300	104,600	312,900
2030	216,900	106,100	323,000
2035	223,600	107,800	331,400
2040	229,300	109,200	338,500
2045	234,200	110,400	344,600

Population growth trends are presented in the following table:

As previously indicated, the Agency is primarily funded via a penny sales tax collection which is predicated on retail sales; the following chart indicates the trend in retail sales (in thousands) for Leon County:

Year	Amount	Year	Amount
2006	\$7,154,823	2014	\$7,686,804
2007	7,358,014	2015	7,510,613
2008	7,265,784	2016	7,751,449
2009	6,385,468	2017	8,026,814
2010	6,357,986	2018	8,290,351
2011	6,518,559	2019	8,652,367
2012	6,681,858	2020	8,354,156
2013	7,071,265	2021	9,230,547

CONSTRUCTION TRENDS

Residential Construction

Single-family residential building permits in Leon County were up 22% in fiscal year 2021, following a 13% increase in fiscal year 2020. Permits for multi-family units were up 16% in fiscal year 2021 following a 48% increase in fiscal year 2020. Year-over-year new multi-family construction can be volatile given the number of units included in each development.

Commercial Development

In fiscal year 2021, nearly \$63 million in new commercial construction was permitted in Leon County, below the approximately \$97 million permitted in fiscal year 2020. Larger new commercial permits in fiscal year 2021 include the estimated \$30 million, 250,000 square foot 4Forty North Monroe Mixed-Use Development, the \$6.6 million, 104,000 square foot Par Self-Storage Timberlane, and the \$6.4 million, 63 room Tallahassee Suites Hotel.

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

The Agency has prepared a Master Plan of the Blueprint 2000 and Blueprint 2020 projects that is reviewed and updated twice per year. Financing for these projects is continually evaluated in terms of pay-as- you-go financing (either sales tax collections or grants, when available) or long-term debt financing. The Agency adopted a long-term implementation plan in 2021 to program funding through the end of the sales surtax in 2039. The Agency planned for and secured a State Infrastructure Bank Loan totaling \$25.5 million and a 15-year bond totaling \$91 million during 2022 to implement the approved projects.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The preparation of this report on a timely basis could not be accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of the staff of the City of Tallahassee's Financial Reporting Division, who assisted with compiling this report. We would also like to thank the members of the City and County Commissions for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the Agency in a responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

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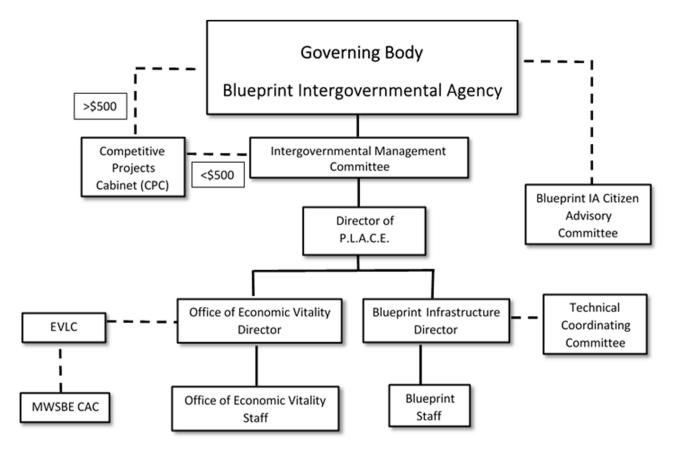
Ben Pingree Director of P.L.A.C.E. Blueprint Intergovernmental Agency

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BLUEPRINT INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGENCY

ORGANIZATION CHART



BLUEPRINT INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGENCY

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Nick Maddox, Chairman

Curtis Richardson, Vice-Chairman

Commissioner Carolyn Cummings Mayor John Dailey Commissioner Kristin Dozier Commissioner Jimbo Jackson Commissioner Jeremy Matlow Commissioner Rick Minor Commissioner Jacqueline Porter Commissioner Bill Proctor Commissioner Brian Welch Commissioner Diane Williams-Cox

INTERGOVERNMENTAL MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE

Vincent S. Long, Leon County Administrator Reese Goad, City Manager, City of Tallahassee

DIRECTOR OF PLANNING, LAND MANAGEMENT AND COMMUNITY ENHANCEMENT

Benjamin Pingree

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the Blueprint Intergovernmental Agency was produced by the combined efforts of Blueprint Accounting Staff and the Financial Reporting Division of the Financial Services Department. The following staff had primary responsibility for preparing and assuring the accuracy of this report:

Assistant City Manager Christian Doolin

Director, Financial Services

Patrick Twyman

Manager, Financial Reporting

Rita Stevens, CPA

Manager, Fixed Assets

Robert Bechtol, CPA

Senior Accountant, Blueprint Intergovernmental Agency Tres Long, CPA, CIA, CGFM

Linda Caines Latrenda Johnson Julie Paniucki Angela Roberts Mazie Crumbie Kereen Jones Lajja Patel, CPA Keith Srinivasan Rosie Tu Andrea Durham Vernessa McMillon George Robbins, CPA Emerson Thompson

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FINANCIAL SECTION

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Members of the Board Blueprint Intergovernmental Agency Tallahassee, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Blueprint Intergovernmental Agency (the "Agency") as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Agency's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Agency's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund, of the Agency as of September 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and Required Supplementary Information (other than MD&A), as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Agency's basic financial statements. The introductory section and statistical section, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements.

The introductory section and statistical section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 11, 2022, on our consideration of the Agency's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Agency's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

MSL, P.A.

Certified Public Accountants

Tallahassee, Florida May 11, 2022

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of the Agency's (or "Blueprint") annual financial report is designed to provide the reader with a better understanding of the financial activity for the fiscal year that ended September 30, 2021. It should be read in conjunction with the Transmittal Letter at the front of this report and the financial statements, which follow this section. Notes mentioned below are Notes to the Financial Statements, which follow the statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources at September 30, 2021 totaled \$236.1 million, representing a decrease of \$(44.1) million from the prior year. This decrease is primarily due to the transfer of the remaining Construction in Progress balance of Capital Circle Southwest to the State of Florida after completion of all remaining segments of that project.
- Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources at September 30, 2021 totaled \$25.5 million, representing an increase of \$11.6 million. This increase is primarily due to a \$10 million note issued by Regions Bank to fund the Florida A&M University Bragg Stadium Upgrades project.
- Total net position decreased \$(55.7) million during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 primarily as a result of current year operations.
- Revenues increased by \$5.6 million primarily because sales tax revenues increased by \$5.6 million as a result of the economic recovery from the COVID-19 pandemic and related fiscal stimulus measures.
- Expenses increased by \$74.5 million primarily because of the transfer of the remaining \$80 million of the Capital Circle Southwest project to the State of Florida after the project's completion. Expenses related to infrastructure projects are recorded as an asset, Construction in Progress, while under construction and the expense is recorded once the projects are transferred to another agency for perpetual maintenance.

AN OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Agency's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements. The focus of the financial statements is on both Blueprint's overall financial status and the major individual funds. The following briefly describes the component parts.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements are designed to report information about the Agency as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Position combines all of Blueprint's current financial resources with capital assets and long-term obligations. Net position, the difference between Blueprint's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, is one way to measure its financial health.

Blueprint is considered a single-function government with all activities classified as governmental rather than business-type. Consequently, the government-wide financial statements include only governmental activities. These are services that are financed primarily from shared revenues.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. All of Blueprint's funds are considered to be Governmental funds. Blueprint maintains three individual funds - a general fund, a special revenue fund and a debt service fund; all of which are considered major funds. The following chart describes the fund requirements.

- **Scope** Includes Blueprint's revenues from bond sales, shared revenues, investment income, operational expenditures, and approved community projects
- **Required financial statements** Balance Sheet; Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
- Accounting basis and measurement focus modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus
- **Type of asset/liability information** Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets are included
- **Type of inflow/outflow information** Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter. Activity consists of pension and OPEB-related deferred inflows/outflows.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position compared to the prior year. As indicated in the table, Blueprint's net position decreased by (\$55.7) million in fiscal year 2021. Total assets and deferred outflows of resources decreased by (\$44.1) million primarily due to the transfer of the Capital Circle Southwest project to the State of Florida. Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources increased by \$11.6 million primarily due to a \$10 million note received from Regions Bank to fund the Florida A&M University Bragg Stadium Repairs project.

Table 1 Statement of Net Position As of September 30 Governmental Activities (in thousands)

	 2021	2020	\$ Change
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Current Assets	\$ 118,664	\$ 97,367	\$ 21,297
Noncurrent Assets	114,661	180,500	(65,839)
Deferred Outflow of Resources	 2,736	2,308	428
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 236,061	\$ 280,175	\$ (44,114)
Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Current Liabilities	\$ 5,494	\$ 2,388	\$ 3,106
Noncurrent Liabilities	19,219	11,049	8,170
Deferred Inflows of Resources	 754	454	300
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	 25,467	13,891	11,576
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	105,081	180,500	(75,419)
Restricted	 105,513	85,784	19,729
Total Net Position	210,594	266,284	(55,690)
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position	\$ 236,061	\$ 280,175	\$ (44,114)

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

Blueprint's total revenues were \$46.1 million in fiscal year 2021, comprised primarily of shared revenues of \$39.8 million, grants and contributions of \$5.1 million, investment earnings of \$1.2 million and miscellaneous revenues of \$9,000 representing an increase of \$5.6 million compared to fiscal year 2020. The increase was due primarily to the effects of economic stimulus related to the COVID-19 pandemic and increased consumer spending.

The following table shows revenues and expenses by sources and programs and the resulting change in net position.

Table 2 Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities (in thousands)

	2021	2020	\$ Change
Program revenue			
Operating Grants and Contributions	\$ 4,667	\$ 557	\$ 4,110
Capital Grants and Contributions	387	2,596	(2,209)
General Revenues			
Shared Revenues	39,813	34,256	5,557
Net Investment Revenue	1,179	2,441	(1,262)
Miscellaneous	 9	599	(590)
Total Revenues	 46,055	40,449	5,606
Expenses			
Transportation	94,563	22,884	71,679
Economic Development	7,014	4,293	2,721
Interest on long-term debt	142	43	99
Depreciation	 26	26	-
Total Expenses	 101,745	27,246	74,499
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	 (55,690)	13,203	(68,893)
Net Position - October 1	 266,284	253,081	13,203
Net Position - September 30	\$ 210,594	\$ 266,284	\$ (55,690)

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

All activities are classified as governmental because expenditures are funded by shared revenues, grants, and income on invested funds. The cost of all activities in fiscal year 2021 was \$101.7 million while revenues were \$46.1 million resulting in a decrease in net position of (\$55.7) million.

Revenue Impacts:

- Collection of shared revenues during fiscal year 2021 were \$5.6 million greater than fiscal year 2020, reflecting the economic stimulus and increased spending due to the subsidence of the COVID-19 pandemic.
- Operating and capital grants and contributions during fiscal year 2021 were \$1.9 million greater than fiscal year 2020. This is primarily due to \$1.7 million in contributions received from Leon County for the federal CARES Act grant program as well as \$2.5 million received from Leon County for revenue replacement funds related to the federal ARPA grant program. These grants were both direct grants from Leon County to the Agency and are not considered federal grants to the Agency.

Expense Impacts:

• Expenses in fiscal year 2021 include interest on bonds and loans, personnel and operating costs of administering the Blueprint program, and contractual and professional services and other expenses related to approved Blueprint projects, which do not meet the definition of a capital asset.

The following table summarizes the change in fund balance for the governmental funds:

 Total Fund Balances
 \$ 87,256
 \$ 103,836
 \$ 83,602

Table 3										
Financial Analysis of the Agency's Governmental Funds										
(in thousands)										
Sources										
		Fund						Over		Fund
	Ва	alances					(I	Jnder)	В	alances
Fund	9/	30/2020	S	ources	Uses		Uses		9/30/20	
General Fund	\$	5,869	\$	44,472	\$	52,817	\$	(8,345)	\$	(2,476)
Special Revenue		81,387		59,312		30,168		29,144		110,531
Debt Service		-		52		617		(565)		(565)

- . . .

As of September 30, 2021, Blueprint reported combined ending fund balances of \$107.5 million, which is \$20.2 million greater than last year. Of this amount, \$107.5 million is restricted for infrastructure.

\$ 20,234 \$ 107,490

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Relative to the differences between final budgets and actual results, shared revenues were \$5.2 million above estimates due to a conservative budget, additional governmental stimulus for consumers, and the termination of many travel restrictions in place during the prior year.

CAPITAL ASSETS

Blueprint's capital assets, consisting primarily of construction in progress on road projects, were \$114.6 million as of September 30, 2021. This represents a decrease of (\$65.8) million from prior year. Please see Note I.B and III.B for more information about the Agency's capital assets.

Major capital acquisitions and improvements during the year included the following:

- Construction work continued on Capital Cascades Segments 3 and 4. Land and construction in progress related to this project as of the close of the fiscal year was \$46.5 million.
- Construction work continued on the Magnolia Drive Trail project, with land and construction in progress related to this project totaling \$5.9 million.
- Construction work continued on the Northeast Gateway: Welaunee Boulevard project, with land and construction in progress for the project totaling \$5.1 million.

LONG-TERM DEBT

At September 30, 2021, Blueprint had \$9.6 million in general long-term debt outstanding, comprised of a \$10 million note issued during the year by Regions Bank to fund the Florida A&M University Bragg Stadium project as well as \$292,000 representing compensated absences payable. During the year, Blueprint's total debt increased by a net amount of \$9.7 million due to the Regions Bank note netted with the first loan payment. For more information about Blueprint's Long-Term Debt, see the Notes to the Financial Statements, Note III.D.

ECONOMIC AND OTHER FACTORS THAT MAY IMPACT BLUEPRINT'S FINANCIAL POSITION

Blueprint's funding from the local option one-cent sales tax is impacted by the local economy. The following factors and indicators will have a positive impact on Tallahassee and Leon County's economy.

- The creation of a Community Redevelopment Agency, revising regulations to encourage more redevelopment, obtaining federal and state funds to assist in redevelopment and affordable housing, and making needed transportation and stormwater improvements.
- The presence of two state universities, a community college and the state government provides a stabilizing influence on the Leon County's financial position. In December 2021, the unemployment rate in Leon County was 3.4% as compared to the state's unemployment rate of 3.5%. For December 2020, Leon County's unemployment rate was 5.2% as compared with the statewide rate of 4.2%. The percentage of employees employed by local, state, and federal government in Leon County is approximately 29.22% of the work force.
- As with any capital county, the health of the state government will continue to have a substantial impact on the economic or financial health of the Leon County.
- Alongside the state workforce, Leon County's institutions of higher learning continue to be major economic drivers in the community. Ongoing partnerships between Blueprint Intergovernmental Agency and these institutions represents significant economic and development opportunities for the Community. Most recently, increased partnership between the universities and the Agency have helped attract companies to relocate to Tallahassee, especially those companies that are interested in the research being performed by Florida State University's National High Magnetic Field Laboratory as well as the Florida A&M University Florida State University College of Engineering. Furthermore, while the cost of college education has come under increased scrutiny in the past couple of years, tuition at the state universities remains affordable when compared to public universities in other states.
- The Agency is actively involved in recruiting new businesses and employers to the area by providing a number of incentives and funding for eligible businesses as well as planning tools designed to promote economic development. This strategy has been successful in attracting new businesses as well as helping existing businesses remain in the County. The increasing number of new developments that have occurred throughout the County highlights this. In Innovation Park, Danfoss Turbocor announced the construction of a new manufacturing facility that is expected to create 240 new jobs. Another sign of economic development is the number of new developments that have been completed or are under construction throughout the County. The Cascades Project, a mixed-use development adjacent to Cascades Park downtown, is nearly complete, including a new hotel, 161 apartments and office space. There will be a second phase featuring townhomes, 100 apartments and 40,000 square feet of office space to be completed in 2023. Another downtown redevelopment project, 4Forty North Apartments, will feature 231 apartments, 17 townhouses and 15,000 square feet of retail space, expected to be completed in 2023. The Canopy Project, a mixeduse development of 505 acres, part of the Welaunee property in the City's northeast section, will feature hundreds of new single-family homes, and there are various commercial and residential developments around the universities. New subdivisions continue their construction of single family homes in the City's northeast, northwest and east sectors as well as on the south side. Construction of new apartment complexes is planned or underway in Midtown, downtown and on the west, southeast and south sides, with new condominium units planned in the western and eastern parts of the community.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

On November 4, 2014, a majority of voters in Leon County voted to extend the local option sales tax another 20 years until 2039. In response to the passage of the extension, the Agency also opened the Office of Economic Vitality whose purpose is to invest in and cultivate the evolving economic development landscape. The goal is to align the resources of supporting organizations, partners, community stakeholder and planning bodies to better optimize what the area affords and to provide opportunity for all. This investment in the community is expected to increase sales tax collections.

FISCAL YEAR 2022 BUDGET

Blueprint Intergovernmental Agency's General Fund Budget for fiscal year 2022 totals \$122.8 million, consisting of \$6 million for administration, a \$1.1 million transfer to the Debt Service Fund, and a \$115.6 million transfer to the Construction and Economic Development Funds for projects. Funding for the budget is primarily based upon \$35.6 million of shared revenues and the planned issuance of a bond for \$86.5 million.

FINANCIAL CONTACT

This financial report is designed to provide residents, taxpayers, customers, and creditors with a general overview of Blueprint Intergovernmental Agency's finances and to demonstrate the Agency's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about the report or need additional financial information, contact the Agency's Accounting Staff at 315 South Calhoun Street Suite 450, Tallahassee, FL 32301-1837 or via the web at www.BlueprintIA.org.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These basic financial statements provide a summary overview of the financial position as well as the operating results of the Blueprint Intergovernmental Agency. They also serve as an introduction to the more detailed statements and schedules that follow in subsequent sections:

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

BLUEPRINT INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGENCY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION September 30, 2021 (in thousands)

ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Accounts Receivable \$ Accrued Interest Due From Other Governments	6 3 11,000 106,803 559
	11,000 106,803
Due From Other Governments	106,803
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Restricted	559
Securities Lending Collateral - Restricted	
Accrued Interest - Restricted	293
Capital Assets:	
Land and Construction in Progress	114,403
Other, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	258
Total Assets	233,325
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred Outflows - OPEB	614
Pension Related Deferred Outflows	2,122
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	2,736
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources \$	236,061
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION	
LIABILITIES	
Accounts and Retainage Payable \$	224
Compensated Absences	103
Accounts and Retainage Payable - Restricted	3,998
Obligations Under Securities Lending - Restricted	559
Bonds and Loans Payable	610
Due to Other Governments	6,607
Compensated Absences - Noncurrent	189
Net OPEB Liability	905
Net Pension Liability	2,548
Bonds and Loans Payable - Noncurrent	8,970
Total Liabilities	24,713
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred Inflows - OPEB	180
Pension Related Deferred Inflows	574
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	754
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	25,467
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	105,081
Restricted for:	
Infrastructure	105,513
Total Net Position	210,594
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position \$	236,061

BLUEPRINT INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGENCY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 (in thousands)

		(ousan	usj				
							Net	(Expense)
					Re۱	venue and		
				Program	Changes in Net			
							- <u>F</u>	<u>Position</u>
			Ор	erating	Capital Gra	ants		
			Ор	erating	Capital Gra	ants		
			Gra	ants and	and		Gov	ernmental
	Ex	oenses	Cont	ributions	Contributi	ons	А	ctivities
FUNCTION/PROGRAMS								
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:								
Transportation	\$	94,563	\$	2,494	\$	387	\$	(91,682)
Economic Development		7,014		2,173		-		(4,841)
Unallocated Depreciation on								
Infrastructure		26		-		-		(26)
Interest on Long-Term Debt		142		-		-		(142)
Total Primary Government	\$	101,745	\$	4,667	\$	387		(96,691)
	Gener	al Revenu	es:					
	Sha	ared Rever	nues					39,813
	Ne	t Investme	nt Inc	ome				1,417
	Cha	ange in Fai	r Valu	e of Investi	ments			(238)
	Mis	scellaneou	s					9
		Total Gene			41,001			
	Chang	e in Net P	ositior	ı				(55,690)
	Netp	osition - O	ctober	1				266,284
	Netp	osition - Se	eptem	ber 30			\$	210,594

BLUEPRINT INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGENCY BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2021 (in thousands)

		General	Infi	rastructure	De	bt Service	Go	Total vernmental Funds
ASSETS								
Accounts Receivable	\$	6	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6
Accrued Interest		3		-		-		3
Due From Other Governments		11,000		-		-		11,000
Due From Other Funds		-		11,092		-		11,092
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Restricted		-		106,803		-		106,803
Securities Lending Collateral - Restricted		-		559		-		559
Accrued Interest - Restricted	<u> </u>	-		293		-		293
Total Assets	\$	11,009	\$	118,747	\$	-	\$	129,756
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
Accounts and Retainage Payable	\$	225	Ś	-	\$	-	\$	225
Accounts and Retainage Payable - Restricted	Ŧ		Ŧ	3,782	Ŧ	-	Ŧ	3,782
Obligations Under Securities Lending - Restricted		-		559		-		559
Due to Other Funds		10,528		-		565		11,093
Due to Other Governments		2,732		3,875		-		6,607
Total Liabilities		13,485		8,216		565		22,266
FUND BALANCES Restricted for:								<u> </u>
Infrastructure		-		110,531		-		110,531
Unassigned		(2,476)		-		(565)		(3,041)
Total Fund Balances		(2,476)		110,531		(565)		107,490
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	11,009	\$	118,747	\$	-	\$	129,756

BLUEPRINT INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGENCY RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION September 30, 2021 (in thousands)

Total Fund Balances per the Governmental Fund Financial Statements	\$ 107,490
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Loans payable are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(9,580)
Annual leave liabilitiy is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported in the funds.	(290)
Net Pension Liability is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported in the funds.	(2,548)
Pension related deferred outflows and inflows of resources are deferred and amortized over time and are not reported in the funds.	1,548
Net OPEB Liability is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported in the funds.	(905)
OPEB related deferred outflows and inflows of resources are deferred and amortized over time and are not reported in the funds.	434
Retainage on long-term contracts is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported in the funds.	(216)
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	 114,661
Total Net Position per the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position	\$ 210,594

BLUEPRINT INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGENCY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 (in thousands)

	General	Sp	ecial Revenue	De	ebt Service	Total
REVENUES						
Intergovernmental	\$ 44,480	\$	387	\$	- \$	44,867
Net Investment Revenue	172		1,245		-	1,417
Miscellaneous	3		6		-	9
Change in Fair Value of Investments	 (238)		-		-	(238)
Total Revenues	 44,417		1,638		-	46,055
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Transportation	3,264		24,986		-	28,250
Economic Development	1,827		5,182		-	7,009
Debt Service:						
Principal	-		-		475	475
Interest	 -		-		142	142
Total Expenditures	 5,091		30,168		617	35,876
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over Expenditures	 39,326		(28,530)		(617)	10,179
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers In From General Fund	-		47,674		52	47,726
Transfers To Special Revenue Fund	(47,674)		-		-	(47,674)
Transfers To Debt Service Fund	(52)		-		-	(52)
Proceeds From Loans	 55		10,000		-	10,055
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (47,671)		57,674		52	10,055
Net Change in Fund Balances	 (8,345)		29,144		(565)	20,234
Fund Balances - October 1	 5,869		81,387		-	87,256
Fund Balances - September 30	\$ (2,476)	\$	110,531	\$	(565) \$	107,490

BLUEPRINT INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGENCY RECONCILIATION OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 (in thousands)

Net Changes in Fund Balances per the Governmental Fund Financial Statements	\$ 20,234
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This includes the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period as well as the donation of completed projects to other governments.	(65,957)
The change in compensated absences which is reported in the Statement of Activities does not require the use of current financial resources and therefore is not reported as an expenditure in governmental funds.	(32)
Repayment of bond and loan principal is reported as an expenditure in governmental funds. Principal payments reduce the liability in the Statement of Net Position and does not result in an expense in the Statement of Activities.	
	475
Pension related items reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as an expenditure in governmental funds.	(291)
OPEB related items reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as an expenditure in governmental funds.	(64)
The issuance of long term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds. However, the issuance of debt increases the liability in the Statement of Net Position and does not result in an expense in the Statement of	
Activities.	 (10,055)
Total Change in Net Position per the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position	\$ (55,690)

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES NOTE II - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY NOTE III - DETAILED NOTES (ALL FUNDS) NOTE IV - OTHER INFORMATION

BLUEPRINT INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGENCY

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2021

NOTE I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

This Summary of Significant Accounting Policies is presented to assist the reader in interpreting the financial statements. The policies are considered essential and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements. The accounting policies of the Blueprint Intergovernmental Agency (Agency) conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. This report, the accounting systems, and classification of accounts conform to standards of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

A. REPORTING ENTITY

In October 2000, the Agency was created through an inter-local agreement between the City of Tallahassee (City) and Leon County, Florida (County) as authorized by Section 163.01(7) Florida Statutes. It was created to provide project management for the planning and construction of various specified projects included in the inter-local agreement. The City Commission and the Board of County Commissioners constitute the Agency's Board of Directors and jointly govern the organization. It is not a component unit of the County, the City, or any other entity. In addition, the Agency has not identified any other entities for which the Agency has operational or financial relationships that would require them to be included as component units of the Agency.

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements report information on all of the activities of the Agency. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from the government-wide statements. These statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

Separate fund financial statements are also provided for the individual governmental funds of the Agency. The Agency has no other types of funds. All funds are treated as major funds and are therefore presented in separate columns in the fund financial statements. The fund financial statements include the Balance Sheet and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues are revenues that derive from the program itself or from parties outside the reporting government's taxpayers or citizenry. Program revenues reduce the net cost of the function to be financed from the governmental revenues. Program revenues in the current year consisted primarily of grant revenues from the American Rescue Plan Act, Leon County's disbursement of CARES Act funds, and grants from the Florida Department of Transportation and Florida Department of Environmental Protection. These grants were used to fund the Agency's ongoing projects. The Leon County grants were both direct grants from Leon County to the Agency and are not considered federal grants to the Agency.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues, expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2021

NOTE I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting.

When an expense or expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available, it is the Agency's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Investment revenues associated with the current fiscal period are considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available by the Agency.

The Agency reports the following major governmental funds:

•General Fund - is the Agency's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the Agency, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

•Infrastructure Fund - accounts for bond proceeds, loan proceeds, and various grant revenues expended for Agency projects.

•**Debt Service Fund** - is used for the accumulation of resources for the payment of interest and principal on the bonds, notes, and State Infrastructure Bank loans.

D. ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND NET POSITION

1. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - RESTRICTED

The Agency considers cash on hand, demand deposits, liquid investments with an original maturity of 90 days or less, other liquid investments, and balances included within the City of Tallahassee's (City) cash and investments pool to be cash and cash equivalents. The City's cash and investments pool is an internal cash management pool used to obtain efficiencies of operation and improved financial performance, and includes certain non-pension cash, cash equivalent, and investment securities. The Agency maintains a share in the equity of the pool which is reported as cash and cash equivalents in the statement of net position since cash may be withdrawn from the pool at any time without penalty. Interest earned by the cash and investments pool is distributed to the Agency monthly based on daily balances. Liquid investments classified as cash and cash equivalents include repurchase agreements purchased under the terms of the City's depository contract, open repurchase agreements, certificates of deposit, banker's acceptances, commercial paper, U.S. Treasury direct and agency obligations, and the Florida Department of Treasury Special Purpose Investment Account (SPIA). Investments are carried at fair value, except for those investments for which net asset value or amortized cost is the most appropriate measurement.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2021

NOTE I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

D. ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND NET POSITION

1. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - RESTRICTED

The Agency's bank balances are insured by federal depository insurance and, for the amount in excess of such federal depository insurance, by the State of Florida's Public Depository Act (the Act). Provisions of the Act require that public deposits may only be made at qualified public depositories. The Act requires each qualified public depository to deposit with the State Treasurer eligible collateral equal to or in excess of the required collateral as determined by the provisions of the Act. In the event of a failure by a qualified public depository, losses, in excess of federal depository insurance and proceeds from the sale of the securities pledged by the defaulting depository, are assessed against the other qualified public depositories of the same type as the depository in default. When other qualified public depositories are assessed additional amounts, they are assessed on a pro-rata basis. The Agency categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are guoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Investments classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets. Investments classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are based upon observable, market-based inputs for similar, but not identical, investments. Debt securities classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices. Investments classified in Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy are based upon extrapolated data, proprietary pricing models and indicative quotes for similar securities. The Agency has investments totaling \$279,000 classified as Level 3.

2. RESTRICTED ASSETS

Certain amounts are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is restricted by the Agency.

3. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets include land, equipment, and infrastructure assets. Infrastructure assets are defined as public domain assets and include items such as roads, bridges curbs and gutters, streets and sidewalks, and drainage systems that are immovable and of value only to the government. Capital assets, other than infrastructure assets, are defined as assets with a cost of \$1,000 or more and an estimated useful life greater than one year; infrastructure assets are capitalized when they have an expected cost of at least \$100,000. Capital assets are recorded at cost when purchased. Donated capital assets, which generally consist of land and easements, are recorded at the estimated fair market value at the date of donation based on appraisals or donor's cost. Equipment is depreciated using the straight-line method over an estimated useful life of 5 to 10 years. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Included within the Agency's construction in progress is the construction and/or acquisition of infrastructure assets for the City, the County, and the State of Florida. The Agency accumulates these costs while it manages the particular project. Upon completion of the project, the assets (e.g., land, right-of-way, facilities, etc) are transferred from the Agency to the appropriate government and such government is thereafter responsible for maintaining the transferred assets.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2021

NOTE I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

D. ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND NET POSITION

4. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Employees earn vacation and sick leave starting with the first day of employment. Vacation leave is earned based on creditable service hours worked as follows:

	<u>Execu</u>	<u>tive</u>	<u>Senior Man</u>	<u>agement</u>	<u>Gene</u>	<u>ral</u>
	Creditable	Leave earned	Creditable	Leave earned	Creditable	Leave earned
_	Service Hours	per hour	Service Hours	per hour	Service Hours	perhour
	0 - 2,079	0.057693	0 - 2,079	0.057693	0 - 10,400	0.057693
	2,080 - 10,400	0.080770	2,080 - 10,400	0.069231	10,401 - 20,800	0.069231
	10,401 - 20,800	0.923080	10,401 - 20,800	0.080770	20,801 - 41,600	0.080770
	over 20,800	0.103847	20,801 - 41,600	0.092308	over 41,600	0.092308
			over 41,600	0.103847		

A maximum of 344 hours of vacation leave time may be carried over from one calendar year to the next for executive employees and a maximum of 264 hours for senior management and general employees. An employee who terminates employment with the Agency is paid for any unused vacation leave accumulated to the time of termination.

Sick leave is earned at the rate of .023077 hours for each hour of service with no maximum limit on the number of hours which may be accumulated.

An employee who terminates from the Agency for any reason other than termination for cause will be paid one half of the total amount of sick leave (without regard to catastrophic illness leave) accumulated by the employee on the effective date of termination. If the employee dies, the sick leave amount will be paid to the employee's beneficiary or estate. Retiring employees can elect the option of using the accumulated sick leave amount to purchase single coverage health insurance in lieu of receiving payment for such accumulated sick leave.

Accumulated current and long-term vacation and sick leave amounts are accrued when earned in the governmentwide financial statements. A liability of the accumulated vacation and sick leave is reported in the governmental funds only if it is expected to be paid as a result of employee resignation or retirement as of September 30, 2021.

5. NET POSITION AND FUND BALANCE

In the government-wide financial statements, net position represents net investment in capital assets, amounts restricted for debt service payments, and amounts restricted for capital projects as required by enabling legislation. For governmental fund financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions (GASB 54). This statement defines the different types of fund balances that a governmental entity must use for fund financial reporting purposes. GASB 54 requires the fund balance amounts to be properly reported within one of the fund balance categories listed below:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2021

NOTE I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

D. ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND NET POSITION

5. NET POSITION AND FUND BALANCE

- **Nonspendable**, such as fund balance associated with inventories, prepaids, long-term loans and notes receivable, and property held for resale (unless the proceeds are restricted, committed or assigned),
- **Restricted** fund balance category includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation,
- **Committed** fund balance classification included amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Agency Board (the Agency's highest level of decision-making authority),
- **Assigned** fund balance classification is intended to be used by the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed, and
- **Unassigned** fund balances is the residual classification for the government's general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications.

The Agency was created through an interlocal agreement authorized by Section 163.01(7) Florida Statutes and all money collected by the Agency is restricted in its use to funding the projects agreed to in the interlocal agreement, therefore all fund balances of the Agency are classified as restricted.

NOTE II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. BUDGETARY INFORMATION

Annual budgets are adopted on a budgetary basis for the general fund. The difference between budgetary revenues and expenditures and modified accrual basis revenues and expenditures as reported in the fund financial statements are explained in the budgetary comparison schedule notes in the Required Supplementary Information of this report. The Board of Directors must approve any revision that alters the total expenditures of the Agency's operating budget. At year-end, unencumbered appropriations are carried forward for use in future years.

Encumbrance accounting, under which requisitions, purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditures of resources are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as assigned fund balance, and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be re-appropriated and honored during the subsequent year.

B. COMPLIANCE WITH FINANCE - RELATED LEGAL AND CONTRACTUAL PROVISIONS

The Agency had no material violations of finance-related legal or contractual provisions.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2021

NOTE III. DETAILED NOTES - ALL FUNDS

A. RESTRICTED CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, INVESTMENTS AND SECURITIES LENDING TRANSACTIONS

1. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The Agency has adopted the City's Non-Pension Investment Policy, therefore, the investment policies used by the Agency are the investment policies of the City. As discussed in Note I.D., the Agency participates in the City's cash and investments pool.

The City's Non-Pension Investment Policy, which is approved by the City Commission, governs the investment of all non-pension monies of the City, including the cash and investments pool. The Non-Pension Investment Policy provides for a Core Portfolio, governing the investment of all monies held or controlled by the City not otherwise classified as Specialized or Pension Fund monies. The Non-Pension Investment Policy specifies the investments that are authorized for purchase within the Core Portfolio. The City's Core Portfolio includes investments administered internally by the City (internal) and an external portfolio administered by Galliard Asset Management (Galliard). The Agency's funds are included within the City's Core Portfolio. In addition to authorizing investment instruments, the City's investment policies also identify various portfolio parameters addressing issuer diversification, term to maturity and liquidity, and requirement of "purchase versus delivery" perfection for securities held by a third party on behalf of and in the name of the City. Under the Non-Pension Investment Policy, the City Treasurer-Clerk is designated to invest all monies belonging to the City pursuant to the policy, and is responsible for managing the day-to-day investment of all monies.

The following table presents the Agency's cash and cash equivalent balances at September 30, 2021 carried at fair value by level within the valuation hierarchy, financial assets carried at net asset value or amortized cost, and other cash and cash equivalent balances. The amounts presented in this table are intended to permit reconciliation of the fair value hierarchy to the amounts presented in the statement of net position (in thousands).

		Quoted Prices in	Significant	
		Active Markets	Other	Significant
		for Identical	for Identical Observable	
	Total	Assets Level 1	Inputs Level 2	2 Inputs Level 3
Cash equivalents type by fair value level				
Debt Securities	\$103,066	\$ 3,377	\$ 99,410	\$ 279
Total cash equivalents at fair value	103,066	3,377	99,410	279
Other cash and cash equivalent balances	3,737			
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$106,803			

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2021

NOTE III. DETAILED NOTES - ALL FUNDS

B. RESTRICTED CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, INVESTMENTS AND SECURITIES LENDING TRANSACTIONS

Credit Risk related to the cash and investments pool: The structure of the City's non-pension portfolio is designed to minimize credit risk. To limit risk against possible credit losses, a maximum of 5% of the total portfolio may not be held at any one time in all securities of any corporate entity, inclusive of commercial paper, medium term notes, or corporate notes and bonds. No corporate entity represented more than 5% of the portfolio at September 30, 2021. The investment policy also provides that the majority of the securities held to be those of the highest available credit quality ratings. The portfolio's credit quality is measured using the Standard & Poor's rating scale.

As of September 30, 2021, the Agency had the following investments subject to credit risk in the internal and Galliard portion of the portfolio:

Quality	Portfolio
Breakdown	Percentage
US Treasury	11.28%
US Agency	22.60%
AAA	18.32%
AA	18.47%
А	17.86%
BBB	10.98%
Other	0.49%
Total	100.00%
Total	100.00%

Interest Rate Risk related to the cash and investments pool: In accordance with the City's Non-Pension Investment Policy, there are established maturity limitations for each authorized investment category. The maximum duration of the various investments within the internally managed portion of the non-pension portfolio ranges from 60 days to 3.5 years. The maximum duration for externally managed investments ranges from 3.0 years to 6.0 years. The option-adjusted duration of the non-pension portfolio as of September 30, 2021 was 2.29 years.

As of September 30, 2021, the Agency had the following investments on a time-segmented basis (in thousands):

Investment Type	Fai	r Value	<	1 Year	1-	5 Years	6 - 3	10 Years	10)+ Years
US Treasury	\$	12,548	\$	1,711	\$	10,226	\$	611	\$	-
US Agency		33,195		58		10,066		5,135		17,936
Asset Backed		9,394		4		4,733		648		4,009
Corporate Bonds		34,227		1,762		27,708		4,516		241
Municipal		12,856		2,477		9,181		588		610
Other		846		846		-		-		-
Subtotal		103,066		6,858		61,914		11,498		22,796
Commingled		3,737								
Total	\$	106,803								

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2021

NOTE III. DETAILED NOTES - ALL FUNDS

1.SECURITIES LENDING TRANSACTIONS

The Agency participates in securities lending transactions through its participation in the City's cash and investment pool. In accordance with Section 51 of the City Charter, the City Treasurer-Clerk or his designee may authorize investment transactions that he considers prudent. Accordingly, the City participates in securities lending transactions via a Securities Lending Agreement with The Northern Trust Company ("Northern") that authorizes the banking institution to lend securities to approved broker-dealers and banks in order to generate additional income. Gross income from securities lending transactions and the fees paid to Northern are reported in the Agency's statements. Assets and liabilities include the value of the collateral held.

During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, Northern loaned, at the direction of the City's Treasurer-Clerk, securities and received cash, securities issued or guaranteed by the United States government, and irrevocable bank letters of credit as collateral. Northern does not have the ability to pledge or sell collateral securities delivered absent a borrower default. Borrowers were required to deliver cash collateral for each loan equal to at least 102% of the initial market value of the loaned securities or if the borrowed securities and the collateral were denominated in different currencies, equal to 105% of the market value of the securities.

There are no restrictions on the amount of securities that may be loaned. The Agreement requires Northern to indemnify the City for losses attributable to violations by Northern of the Standard of Care set out in the Agreement. There were no such violations during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. Moreover, there were no losses during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 resulting from a default of any borrower.

During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the City and each borrower maintained the right to terminate all securities lending transactions on demand. The cash collateral for lending activity was invested in a liquid assets portfolio institutional account. Because the loans are terminable at will, their duration did not generally match the duration of the investments made with the cash collateral. The average term of the loan was approximately 177 days, while the average duration of the investment pool as of September 30, 2021 was 11 days. On September 30, 2021, there was no credit risk exposure to borrowers.

As of September 30, 2021, the Agency's collateral held and the market value of securities on loan were \$559,000 and \$559,000, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2021

NOTE III. DETAILED NOTES - ALL FUNDS

B. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 was as follows (in thousands):

	Be	eginning				E	Ending
	B	Balance	In	creases	Decreases	B	Balance
Governmental Activities							
Non-Depreciable Assets:							
Land	\$	43,105	\$	-	\$-	\$	43,105
Construction in Progress		137,112		14,645	(80,458)		71,299
Total Non-Depreciable Assets		180,217		14,645	(80,458)		114,404
Depreciable Assets:							
Equipment		46		-	-		46
Vehicles		68		-	-		68
Infrastructure		375		-	-		375
Total Depreciable Assets		489		-	-		489
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Equipment		(47)		(1)	-		(48)
Vehicles		(38)		(6)	-		(44)
Infrastructure		(121)		(19)	-		(140)
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(206)		(26)	-		(232)
Capital Assets, net	\$	180,500	\$	14,619	\$ (80,458)	\$	114,661

Depreciation expense of \$26,000 was charged to the transportation function of the Agency during the year ended September 30, 2021.

C. LEASE COMMITMENTS

On September 4, 2015, the Agency entered into a new ten-year operating lease for their office facility with two additional consecutive renewal terms of five years. They also entered into a tenant's improvements lease with the same party for ten years. On June 20, 2019, the Agency entered into an additional six-year operating lease with the same landlord for the Office of Economic Vitality, which will expire on December 31, 2025 to correspond with the Agency's initial lease. Total rental expense for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 was \$344,000. The future minimum lease obligations of these leases are as follows (in thousands):

Year Ending		
September 30,	-	
2022	\$	356
2023		360
2024		364
2025		368
2026		97
Total	\$	1,545

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2021

NOTE III. DETAILED NOTES - ALL FUNDS

D. LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of the changes in Long-Term Debt for the year ended September 30, 2021 (in thousands):

	Begi	nning					Ending	Du	e Within
	Bal	ance	Α	dditions	Re	ductions	Balance	С	ne Year
Governmental Activities:									
Regions Bank Note	\$	-	\$	10,055	\$	(475)	\$ 9,580	\$	610
Total Bonds and Loans		-		10,055		(475)	9,580		610
Compensated Absences		166		189		(63)	292		103
Total Long-Term Debt	\$	166	\$	10,244	\$	(538)	\$ 9,872	\$	713

Compensated absences are generally liquidated by the general fund.

SUMMARY OF INDIVIDUAL BOND ISSUES, NOTES, AND LOANS

REGIONS BANK NOTE – On December 16, 2020, the Agency obtained a Sales Tax Revenue Note from Regions Bank for use in the financing of the Florida A&M University Bragg Stadium Repairs project. The note amount was for \$10,055,000 and the note accrues an interest rate of 1.78%. The term of the note is for fifteen years, and the final payment will become due on October 1, 2035.

SCHEDULE OF ANNUAL DEBT SERVICE ON ALL BOND ISSUES, NOTES, AND LOANS

					Pri	ncipal &
Fiscal Year	Pr	incipal	I	nterest	lr	nterest
2022	\$	610	\$	171	\$	781
2023		620		160		780
2024		630		149		779
2025		640		137		777
2026		655		126		781
2027		665		114		779
2028		675		103		778
2029		690		91		781
2030		700		78		778
2031		715		66		781
2032		725		53		778
2033		740		40		780
2034		750		27		777
2035		765		14		779
Total	\$	9,580	\$	1,329	\$	10,909

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2021

NOTE III. DETAILED NOTES - ALL FUNDS

E. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

At September 30, 2021, interfund transfers were as follows (in thousands):

Transfer in from General Fund	\$47	,726
Transfer to Special Revenue Fund for project costs	(47	,674)
Transfer to Debt Service Fund for required payments		(52)
Net Transfers	\$	-

F. NET POSITION

Net position invested in capital assets (net of related debt) is intended to reflect the portion of net position which is associated with non-liquid, capital assets less outstanding capital asset related debt. Related debt includes the outstanding balance of sales tax revenue bonds and other borrowings attributable to the acquisition of capital assets.

At September 30, 2021, net position invested in capital assets (net of related debt) is as follows (in thousands):

Capital assets, net	\$114,661
Capital assets related debt, net	(9,580)
Net investment in capital assets	\$105,081

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2021

NOTE IV. OTHER INFORMATION

A. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Agency is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; automobile liability; forgery and alteration; and fraud for which the Agency carries commercial insurance. The primary coverage limits include bodily injury and property damage of \$1,000,000 per occurrence, no aggregate; Employee Benefits Liability of \$1,000,000 per occurrence, no aggregate; Public Officials Liability of \$1,000,000; \$1,000,000 aggregate; Employee Related Practices of \$1,000,000; \$1,000,000 aggregate; and Auto Liability of \$1,000,000.

Liabilities for losses would be recorded when a loss occurs and the amount can be reasonably estimated. There are no such losses as of September 30, 2021. Since the inception of the Agency, there have been no claims.

B. PENSION PLAN OBLIGATIONS

1. RETIREMENT PLANS

Employees of the Agency have the option of participating in either the City of Tallahassee or the Leon County benefits program. Employees electing to participate in the Leon County benefits program are eligible for the Florida Retirement System (FRS), which includes the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program (HIS). Employees electing to participate in the City of Tallahassee program are eligible for the City's General Employees' Pension Plan (City Plan). The aggregate amount of net pension liabilities, related deferred inflows and outflows of resources, and pension expense for the Agency's defined benefit pension plans are summarized below:

	Leon County			City of Tallahasse			
Plan Obligations and Expenses (in thousands):	FRS		HIS	City Plan		•	Total
Net Pension Liability	\$ 86	\$	103	\$	2,359	\$	2,548
Pension Related Deferred Outflows	124		19		1,979		2,122
Pension Related Deferred Inflows	330		8		236		574
Pension Expense	(80)		2		369		291
Member Statistics							
Retirees and beneficiaries, if deceased retirees currently receiving benefits	-	1			0		1
Terminated employees entitled to benefits, not yet receiving benefits	0			1			1
Active Employees	I ,	5		23			28

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2021

NOTE IV. OTHER INFORMATION

B. PENSION PLAN OBLIGATIONS

FLORIDA STATE RETIREMENT SYSTEM

The FRS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit plan administered by the State of Florida, Department of Administration, Division of Retirement. The FRS provides retirement, in-line-of-duty or regular disability and survivors benefits. Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, establishes the authority for benefit provisions and contribution requirements. Changes to the law can only occur through an act of the Florida Legislature. The FRS issues financial statements and required supplementary information for the System, which may be obtained by writing to:

Department of Management Services Division of Retirement Bureau of Research and Member Communications P.O.Box 9000 Tallahassee, Florida 32315-900 850-488-4706 or toll free at 877-377-1737

In addition, a copy of the System's ACFR as of June 30, 2021 is available online at: <u>http://www.dms.myflorida.com/workforce_operations/retirement/publications/annual_reports</u>.

Currently, there are five (5) employees for the Agency participating in the FRS defined benefit plan out of a total of 635,266 active FRS participants in the defined benefit plan. Active employees are required to contribute 3% of their gross compensation to the retirement plan. The Agency is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. Agency participants who were members as of June 30, 2011 in the FRS are members of the Regular Class with a normal retirement benefit at age 62 or at least 30 years of service; the benefit accumulates at 1.60% times average compensation (5 highest years) times years of creditable service; vesting occurs after 6 years of creditable service. Agency participants who joined the System after June 30, 2011 are members of the Regular Class with a normal retirement benefit at age 65 or at least 33 years of service; the benefit accumulates at 1.60% times average compensation (8 highest years) times years of creditable service; vesting occurs after 8 years of creditable service. Employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2020 was 10.0%, and July 1, 2021 was 10.82%.

The Agency also participates in the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program, a cost-sharing, multiemployer defined benefit pension plan established under Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. The benefit is a monthly cash payment to assist retirees of state-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs. The HIS Program is funded by required contributions from FRS participating employers as set by the State Legislature. Employer contributions are a percentage of gross compensation for all active FRS employees. Employees are not required to contribute. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the contribution rate was 3.30% of payroll pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes.

In addition to the above benefits, the FRS administers a Deferred Retirement Option Program ("DROP"). This program allows eligible employees to defer receipt of monthly retirement benefit payments while continuing employment with a Florida Retirement System employer for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate. DROP benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2021

NOTE IV. OTHER INFORMATION

B. PENSION PLAN OBLIGATIONS

Net Pension Liability – At September 30, 2021, the Agency reported for its share of the FRS and HIS plans the amount of the net pension liability as shown below (in thousands):

	FRS	HIS	Total
June 30, 2020 - measurement date	\$ 86	\$ 103	\$ 189

The net pension liability for each plan was determined by the plans' actuary and reported in the plans' valuations dated July 1, 2021 for the net pension liability as of June 30, 2021.

The Agency represents 0.306% of Leon County's proportionate share of the FRS net pension liability. At September 30, 2021, the Agency's and Leon County's proportionate share of the employer portion of the FRS and HIS net pension liability are shown below:

	Age	ncy	Leon C	County
	FRS	HIS	FRS	HIS
June 30, 2021	0.0011418201%	0.0008379344%	0.3736606168%	0.2742140194%
June 30, 2020	0.0012063198%	0.0008382277%	0.3947681660%	0.2743100165%
Increase/Decrease	(0.0000644997%)	(0.000002933%)	(0.0211075492%)	(0.0000959971%)

The Agency's and Leon County proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the County's 2020-2021 fiscal year contributions relative to the 2019-2020 fiscal year contributions of all participating members of FRS.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions – Actuarial Assumptions for both defined benefit plans are reviewed by the Florida Retirement System Actuarial Assumptions Conference on an annual basis. The FRS Pension Plan has an annual Valuation in accordance with 121.031(3), Florida Statutes while the Health Insurance Subsidy HIS program is valued biennially and updated for GASB reporting in the year a valuation is not performed. The most recent experience study for the FRS Pension Plan was completed in 2019 for the period July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2018. The HIS program is funded on a pay as you go basis and thus no experience study has been completed for this program. The actuarial assumptions that determined the total pension liability for the HIS Program were based on certain results of the most recent experience study for the FRS Pension estudy for the FRS Pension Plan.

The total pension liability for each of the defined benefit plans was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021, using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Inflation increases for both plans is assumed at 2.40%. Payroll growth for both plans is assumed at 3.25%.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2021

NOTE IV. OTHER INFORMATION

B. PENSION PLAN OBLIGATIONS

The plan's fiduciary net position was projected as available for all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. The discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the long term expected rate of return. Both the discount rate and the long term expected rate of return on investments used by System is 6.8% for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan. The HIS Program uses a pay-as-you-go funding structure, thus it utilized a municipal bond rate of 2.16% for its discount rate to determine the total pension liability for the program (Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index). The 2.16% was a decrease from 2.21% used in 2020. Mortality assumptions for both plans were based on the Generational RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB Tables. The actuarial assumptions that determined the total pension liability as of June 30, 2021 were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2018 and are shown below.

Valuation Date	July 1, 2021
Measurement Date	June 30, 2021
Payroll Growth	3.25%
Inflation	2.40%
Salary Increase including inflation	Varies by Years of Service
Rate of Return	6.80%
HIS Municipal Rate	2.16%
Mortality	Generational RP-2000 with
	Projection Scale BB
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal

Investments - To develop an analytical basis for the selection of the long-term expected rate of return assumption, in October 2020 the FRS Actuarial Assumptions conference reviewed long-term assumptions developed by capital market assumptions team from both Milliman, the System's actuary, and Aon Hewitt Investment Consulting, investment consultant to the Florida State Board of Administration. The table below shows the assumptions for each of the asset classes in which the plan was invested at that time based on the long-term target asset allocation. The allocation policy's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption. These assumptions are not based on historical returns, but instead are based on a forward-looking capital market economic model.

	Target	Annual
	Allocation	Arithmetic Rate
Asset Class	Percentage(1)	of Return
Cash	1.0%	2.1%
Fixed Income	20.0%	3.8%
Global Equity	54.2%	8.2%
Real Estate	10.3%	7.1%
Private Equity	10.8%	11.7%
Strategic Investments	3.7%	5.7%
Total	100.0%	

Assumed Inflation - Mean 2.4%

(1) As in the FRS Pension Plan's investment policy

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2021

NOTE IV. OTHER INFORMATION

B. PENSION PLAN OBLIGATIONS

Discount Rates – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.80%, which is the same rate used to determine the total pension liability in the prior year. The Pension Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculation of the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return.

The tables below represent the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The sensitivity analysis shows the Agency's proportionate share of the FRS and HIS net pension liability if the discount rate is 1.00% higher or 1.00% lower than the current discount rates (in thousands):

Agency Net Pension Liability - FRS							
1% Decrease 5.80% Current Discount Rate 6.80% 1% Increase 7.80%							
\$	386	\$	86	\$	(164)		
Agency Net Pension Liability - HIS							
1% Decrease 1.21% Current Discount Rate 2.21% 1% Increase 3.21%							
\$	118	\$	103	\$	89		

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources – In accordance with GASB 68, paragraphs 54 and 71, changes in the net pension liability are recognized as pension expense in the current measurement period, except as shown below. For each of the following, a portion is recognized in pension expense in the current measurement period, and the balance is amortized as deferred outflows or inflows of resources using a systematic and rational method over a closed period, as defined below:

- Differences between expected and actual experience with regard to economic and demographic factors which are amortized over the average expected remaining service life of all employees that are provided with pensions through the pension plan, both active and inactive.
- Changes of assumptions or other inputs which are amortized over the average expected remaining service life of all employees that are provided with pensions through the pension plan, both active and inactive.
- Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions which are amortized over the average expected remaining service life of all employees that are provided with pensions through the pension plan, both active and inactive.
- Differences between expected and actual earnings on pension plan investments are amortized over five years.

The average expected remaining service life of all employees provided with pensions through the pension plans at June 30, 2021 was 5.9 years for FRS and 7.2 for HIS. The components of collective pension expense reported in the pension allocation schedules for the year ended June 30, 2021 are presented for each plan.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2021

NOTE IV. OTHER INFORMATION

B. PENSION PLAN OBLIGATIONS

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the Agency recognized pension expense of (\$80,000) and \$2,000 for the FRS plan and HIS plan, respectively. In addition, the Agency reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following (in thousands):

	FRS			HIS					
Description	Deferr Outflow		Defer Inflow		Deferre Outflows		Defe Inflov		Total
	Resour	ces	Resour	rces	Resource	es	Resou	irces	
Difference between									
expected and actual	\$	15	\$	-	\$	3	\$	-	\$ 18
experience									
Change of assumptions		59		-		8		4	63
Net difference between									
projected and actual				301					(301)
earnings on FRS Plan		-		201		-		-	(301)
investments									
Changes in proportion and									
differences between									
Agency FRS and HIS Plan		7		29		3		4	(23)
contributions and		'		29		5		4	(23)
proportionate share of									
contributions									
Contributions made by the									
Agency subsequent to the		43		-		5		-	48
measurement date									
Total	\$	124	\$	330	\$	19	\$	8	\$ (195)

Deferred outflows of resources related to the FRS Plan of \$43,000 and to the HIS Plan of \$5,000 resulting from Agency contributions to the plan paid subsequent to the measurement date and prior to the employer's fiscal year, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the City Plan's pension expense will be recognized in future pension expense as follows (in thousands):

	FRS / HIS Net		
Year Ending		Deferred	
September 30,	Outflows/(Inflows)		
2022	\$	(38)	
2023		(46)	
2024		(60)	
2025		(77)	
2026		(22)	
Total	\$	(243)	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2021

NOTE IV. OTHER INFORMATION

B. PENSION PLAN OBLIGATIONS

CITY OF TALLAHASSEE GENERAL EMPLOYEES PENSION PLAN (CITY PLAN) - The City Plan is a cost sharing multiple- employer plan established by Chapter 14 of the City Code of Ordinances. Changes to the City Plan can only occur through a change in the law by the City Commission. The City Plan is administered by the City of Tallahassee Treasurer- Clerk's Office, under guidance from the City Plan's Board of Trustees, which is composed of the members of the City Commission and one City police officer or firefighter. The City Plan includes defined benefit and defined contribution provisions. Currently, there are twelve (20) employees for the Agency participating in the City Plan.

The Defined Benefit and Defined Contribution provisions are combined and reported as one plan in the City of Tallahassee's financial statements. The City does not issue a stand-alone financial report on the City Plan. The City's financial statements may be obtained by writing to Financial Services Division, 300 South Adams Street, Tallahassee, Florida 32301. The annual financial statements and required supplemental information of the City Plan may also be obtained at www.talgov.com/transparency/annualrprts.aspx.

DEFINED BENEFIT PROVISION

The City Plan is established in Chapter 14 of the City Code of Ordinances, through Parts A, B, C and D in Articles II, for general employees with Parts A, B and C closed to new participants. Effective April 1, 2013, the City Commission approved changes to the City's General Employees' Pension Plan creating Part D participants. Part D provides coverage to all new employees hired after that date. All members of the City Plan are covered by one of these parts depending upon employment date. These parts provide a detailed description of the various defined benefit provisions. These provisions include the types of employees covered, benefit provisions, employee eligibility requirements for normal, early and/or vested retirements, and the related benefits of these retirements, preretirement death benefits, and provisions for disability retirements. There are also post retirement cost-of-living adjustments (COLA) and health care supplements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2021

NOTE IV. OTHER INFORMATION

B. PENSION PLAN OBLIGATIONS

	City Plan	
Normal Retirement Benefits:	Part C-Employees hired prior to April 1, 2013	Part D-Employees hired after April 1, 2013
Age	62 (or 30 years of Credited	65 (or 33 years of Credited
	Service, regardless of age)	Service, regardless of age)
Years of Credited Service (minimum)	5	5
Benefit Calculation	2.25% x AFC x Years of Credited Service	2.25% x AFC x Years of Credited Service
Average Final Compensation	Higher of: 1) final 3 yrs; 2) any	Average of the highest
(AFC)	consecutive 3 yrs - 1/1987 to	consecutive 5 years of Credited
	12/2005, escalated by 3%; or 3)	Service
	any consecutive 3 yrs during	
	1/1987 to the date of	
	retirement	
Maximum Benefit	81% of AFC	81% of AFC
COLA	3% increase in benefits each	3% increase in benefits each
	10/1 starting at the later of	10/1 starting at the later of
	normal retirement date, or age	normal retirement date of age
	55 (under age and service	65
	eligibility); or age 50 (under	
	service eligibility)	
Early Retirement	If a member is retiring under the	age and service eligibility
	Normal Retirement Benefit is re	
	year by which the Early Retireme	
	Retirement date.	
	If a member is retiring under the	e service eligibility, the Normal
	Retirement Benefit is reduced b	y 5% per year for each year by
	which the Early Retirement date	precedes the Normal
	Retirement date.	
Disability	Five years of Credited Service for	r non-service connected
	disability. None for service conn	ected disability.
	Benefit: The greater of 1) the me	
		's benefit with service projected
		o exceed 50% of AFC in effect on
	the date of disability.	
	y determined as of September 30), 2021
City	23.99%	
Employee	5.00%	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2021

NOTE IV. OTHER INFORMATION

B. PENSION PLAN OBLIGATIONS

DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PROVISION

The City Plan's defined contribution provisions are described in Article V. All employees may elect to contribute a portion of their salary to the defined contribution plan, also known as the Matched Annuity Plan (MAP). Employees can contribute up to, but not exceed, the maximum amount allowed by the Internal Revenue Service. The Agency contributes 5% to each employee's MAP account. Upon reaching normal retirement age or retiring, a participant shall be paid his contributions, together with accrued earnings. If an employee uses the contributions and accrued earnings to purchase an annuity contract, the Plan will increase the amount of funds (only on the Agency's 5%, employee flex matched contribution and employees' contribution up to the 5%) used by the participant by a factor of 50 percent. Employee and the employer's 5% contribution, plus accrued earnings thereon, are 100% refundable to the employee if the employee elects to terminate his vesting rights or is not vested at the date of employment termination.

Employer contributions required to support the benefits under Article V (MAP Program) are actuarially determined. Contributions are based on rates of covered payroll of 7.14% (5% employer contribution and 2.14% actuarial contribution) for the Agency. There were no forfeitures reflected in the employer's contribution amounts.

Net Pension Liability – The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2020, using a measurement date of September 30, 2021. The net pension liability was also determined using a measurement date of September 30, 2021.

The Agency's proportionate share of the City Plan is based on the covered pensionable payroll, since that was the basis for determining employer contributions. The Agency's portion of the net pension liability of the City Plan as of September 30, 2021 was as follows:

Total pension liability	\$ 20,738
Plan fiduciary net position	18,379
Net pension liability	2,359
Plan fiduciary net position as a % of total pension liability	88.62%
Agency's proportion of the net pension liability	1.54%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2021

NOTE IV. OTHER INFORMATION

B. PENSION PLAN OBLIGATIONS

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions – The Agency's total pension liability and contribution rates were determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2020, using the following significant actuarial assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement. The actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of October 1, 2019, which is two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported. The actuarially determined contribution is projected to the contribution year using conventional actuarial projection methods.

	City Plan
Valuation Date	September 30, 2020
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age, normal
Amortization Method	Level percent of pay (with 0.94% payroll growth assumption), closed
Remaining Amortization Period	30 years
Asset Valuation Method	20% of the difference between expected actuarial value (based on assumed return) and market value is recognized annually with a 20% corridor around market value
Inflation Rate	2.50%
Salary Increase	A range of 2.95% to 5.00%, depending on completed years of service, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.50%
Mortality Rate	RP-2000 Combined Healthy Participant Mortality Table (for pre-retirement mortality), with mortality improvements projected to all future years after 2000 using Scale BB. For males, the base mortality rates include a 50% blue collar adjustment and a 50% white collar adjustment. For females, the base mortality rates include a 100% white collar adjustment.
Experience Study	The last experience study was prepared on June 24, 2016. Assumption changes resulting from this experience study were implemented for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2017.

Investments – Plan assets are managed in accordance with the City of Tallahassee Pension Investment Policy. The table below presents the adopted asset allocation as of September 30, 2021.

	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Percentage	Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	36%	4.5%
International Equity	10	5.0
Emerging Markets Equity	5	6.4
Fixed Income	19	1.6
Real Estate	15	5.0
Private Equity	5	8.0
Private Credit	5	6.8
Timber	5	4.7
Total	100%	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2021

NOTE IV. OTHER INFORMATION

B. PENSION PLAN OBLIGATIONS

The City Plan's investments are managed by various investment managers under contract with the Board who have discretionary authority of the assets managed by them and within the City Plan's investment guidelines as established by the Board. The investments are held in trust by the City Plan's custodian in the City Plan's name. The City of Tallahassee Sinking Fund Commission is responsible for making investment policy changes. These assets are held exclusively for the purpose of providing benefits to members of the City Plan and their beneficiaries.

For the year ended September 30, 2021, the annual money-weighted rate of return on the City Plan's investments, net of investment expense, was 25.5%. The money-weighted rate of return takes into account cash flows into and from the various investments of the City Plan. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is based upon an asset allocation study that was conducted for the City Plan by its investment consultant toward the end of fiscal year 2018. The study was prepared by the City Plan's investment consultant and went through numerous iterations before a final asset allocation was established. The study looked at expected rates of return for twenty-one (21) different asset classes, as well as examining expected standard deviations and correlations among these various asset classes.

Discount Rates – A single discount rate of 7.50% was used to measure the total pension liability for the City Plan. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between the total actuarially determined contribution rates and the employee rate. Based on these assumptions, the City Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on investments (7.50%) was applied to all periods of projected benefits payments to determine the total pension liability.

The table below represents the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The sensitivity analysis shows the City Plan and the Agency's proportionate share if the discount rate calculated is 1% higher or 1% lower than the current discount rate (in thousands):

Measurement year ending			С	urrent Discount		
September 30, 2020	1% D	ecrease (6.5%)		Rate (7.50%)	1% lı	ncrease (8.50%)
City Plan	\$	312,937	\$	145,141	\$	7,121
Agency's Proportionate Share		5,087		2,359		116

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources – In accordance with GASB 68, paragraphs 54 and 71, changes in the net pension liability are recognized as pension expense in the current measurement period, except as shown below. For each of the following, a portion is recognized in pension expense in the current measurement period, and the balance is amortized as deferred outflows or inflows of resources using a systematic and rational method over a closed period, as defined below:

- Differences between expected and actual experience with regard to economic and demographic factors which are amortized over the average expected remaining service life of all employees that are provided with pensions through the pension plan, both active and inactive.
- Changes of assumptions or other inputs which are amortized over the average expected remaining service life of all employees that are provided with pensions through the pension plan, both active and inactive.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2021

NOTE IV. OTHER INFORMATION

B. PENSION PLAN OBLIGATIONS

- Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions which are amortized over the average expected remaining service life of all employees that are provided with pensions through the pension plan, both active and inactive.
- Differences between expected and actual earnings investments are amortized over five years.

For the year ended September 30, 2021, the Agency recognized pension expense of \$291,000 for its proportionate share of the City Plan. At September 30, 2021, the Agency reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the City Plan from the following sources (in thousands):

			Net Deferred	
City Plan	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows of	Outflows (Inflows)	
	of Resources	Resources	of Resources	
Differences between				
expected and actual	\$ 301	\$ 18	\$ 283	
experience				
Assumption Changes	328	-	328	
Change in Cost	750	46	704	
Allocation Percentage	750	40	704	
Net difference				
between projected and				
actual earnings on	333	172	161	
pension plan				
investments				
Contributions to the				
plan subsequent to the	267	-	267	
measurement date				
Total	\$ 1,979	\$ 236	\$ 1,743	

Deferred outflows of resources related to the City Plan of \$267,000 resulting from Agency contributions to the plan paid subsequent to the measurement date and prior to the employer's fiscal year, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the City Plan's pension expense will be recognized in future pension expense as follows (in thousands):

	City Plan			
Year Ending	Net	Deferred		
September 30,	Ou	utflows		
2022	\$	469		
2023		455		
2024		347		
2025		192		
2026		13		
Total	\$	1,476		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2021

NOTE IV. OTHER INFORMATION

C. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

1. **OPEB PLAN DESCRIPTION**

As discussed in Note IV.B., employees of the Agency have the option of participating in either the County's or the City's benefit programs. The Agency, through the City's Retiree Medical Insurance Plan (OPEB Plan), provides health insurance and prescription drug coverage to its active and retired employees. Pursuant to Section 112.0801, Florida Statutes, the Agency is required to permit participation in the health insurance program by retirees and their eligible dependents at a cost to the retiree that is no greater than the cost at which coverage is available for active employees. In addition, the Agency, via its participation in the City's program, has elected to provide a partial subsidy to its retirees to offset the cost of such health insurance. As of September 30, 2020, there were two retired employees of the Agency receiving benefits under the OPEB Plan. The City does not issue a stand alone financial report on the OPEB Plan. The City of Tallahassee Other Post Employment Benefit Plan is described in more detail in the City's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report along with the Schedule of Funding Progress. That report may be obtained by writing to Department of Financial Services, 300 South Adams Street, Tallahassee, Florida 32301 or by calling 850-891-8520.

The Agency's proportionate share of the City's OPEB Plan is 1.14% and was determined based on the amount of covered payroll as an estimate for determining each employer's proportionate share. The aggregate amounts, reported by the Agency as of September 30, 2021, of net OPEB liabilities, related deferred inflows and outflows of resources, and OPEB expenses using a valuation date and measurement date of September 30, 2020 are summarized as follows (in thousands):

OPEB Plan	Agency Share of
Obligations and Expenses	City Plan Amounts
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 905
OPEB Related Deferred Outflows	614
OPEB Related Deferred Inflows	180
OPEB Expense	64

Benefits - A member receives a reduced rate on the health insurance premium for the City's health insurance plan. All reduced rate premiums will be deducted from the retiree's pension benefit. If the health insurance premium exceeds the pension benefit amount, the member will pay the City for the difference.

Eligibility - A member may continue on the City's health insurance plan upon retirement if the member is drawing a pension for Normal Retirement, Early Retirement or Disability Retirement. The retiree may continue to cover any qualified dependents that were on the City's health insurance plan at the time of retirement. A member who is a Deferred Retiree (eligible to retire upon termination but chooses to defer the commencement of a pension benefit) may choose to remain on the City's health insurance plan and pay the reduced health insurance premium until the commencement of a pension benefit.

Funding Policy - The contribution requirements of OPEB Plan members and the City are established and may be amended by the City Commission. These contributions are neither mandated or guaranteed. The City has retained the right to unilaterally modify its payment for retiree health care benefits. Effective October 1, 2010, the City implemented a "cap" on employer contributions for retirees. Accordingly, the City's subsidy was frozen at the 2010 levels, and retirees must absorb all future premium rate increases.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2021

NOTE IV. OTHER INFORMATION

C. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

Net OPEB Liability - At September 30, 2021, the Agency reported a liability of \$905,000 for its employees' proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of September 30, 2020.

The total OPEB liability and contribution rate was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2020. The total OPEB liability was rolled forward one year. The significant assumptions used were as follows:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Normal Inflation	2.25%
Discount Rate	2.49%, the resulting Single Discount Rate based on the expected rate of
	return on OPEB Plan investments as of September 30, 2020 at 7.40% and the
	long term municipal bond rate as of September 28, 2020 at 2.41%
Salary Increases	2.95% to 6.40%, including inflation; varies by plan type and years of service.
Retirement Age	Experience based table of rates that are specific to the plan and type of
	eligibility condition.
Mortality	Mortality Tables used for Regular Class members in the July 1, 2019 actuarial
	valuation of the Florida Retirement System (FRS), with generational
	projections using scale BB. They are based on the results of a statewide
	experience study covering the period 2008 through 2013.
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	Based on the Getzen Model, with trend starting at 1.3% for 2021 and 4.2% for
	2022 (based on actual premium increases), followed by 5.75% for 2023, and
	then gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 3.99%.
Aging factors to Death Expenses	Based on the 2013 SOA Study "Health Care Costs From Birth to Death"
Other Information Note	There were no benefit changes during the year. Assumption changes reflect
	the change in the Single Discount Rate from the beginning of the year at
	2.81% to the end of the year at 2.49%. Per capita costs and premiums updated
	based on information provided. The additional trend to model the excise
	("Cadillac") tax was removed as a result of the repeal of the excise tax
	effective December 20, 2019.

Sensitivity of net OPEB Liability to changes in the Single Discount Rate - The following presents the plan's net OPEB liability, calculated using a Single Discount Rate of 2.49%, as well as what the plan's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a Single Discount Rate that is one percent lower or one percent higher (in thousands):

	1% Decrease		rent Single Discount Rate	1% Increase		
1.49%		Assumption 2.49%		3.49%		
\$	1,034	\$	905	\$	797	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2021

NOTE IV. OTHER INFORMATION

C. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates - The following presents the plan's net OPEB liability, calculated using the assumed trend rates as well as what the plan's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is one percent lower or one percent higher (in thousands):

	(Current Healthcare Cost	
 1% Decrease		Trend Rate Assumption	1% Increase
\$ 827	\$	905	\$ 999

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources Related to OPEB - In accordance with GASB 75, changes in the net OPEB liability are recognized as OPEB expense in the current measurement period, except as shown below. For each of the following, a portion is recognized in OPEB expense in the current measurement period, and the balance is amortized as deferred outflows or inflows of resources using a systematic and rational method over a closed period, as defined below:

- Differences between expected and actual experience with regard to economic and demographic factors which are amortized over the average expected remaining service life of all employees that are provided with benefits through the OPEB plan, both active and inactive
- Changes of assumptions or other inputs which are amortized over the average expected remaining service life of all employees that are provided with benefits through the OPEB plan, both active and inactive.
- Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions which are amortized over the average expected remaining service life of all employees that are provided with benefits through the OPEB plan, both active and inactive.
- Differences between expected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments are amortized over five years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2021

NOTE IV. OTHER INFORMATION

C. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

Based on a valuation date and measurement date of September 30, 2020, the Agency recognized OPEB expenses of \$64,000 for the year ended September 30, 2021. At September 30, 2021, the Agency reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB plan from the following sources (in thousands):

	Deferred	Deferred	Net Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of	Outflows of
OPEB Plan	Resources	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$-	\$ 56	\$ (56)
Assumption Changes	63	114	(51)
Change in Net OPEB Liability due to change in cost-			
sharing allocation percentage	502	-	502
Net difference between projected and actual earnings			
on OPEB plan investments	2	10	(8)
Contributions to the plan after the measurement date	47	-	47
Total	\$ 614	\$ 180	\$ 434

Deferred outflows of resources related to the plan of \$47,000, resulting from Agency contributions to the plan paid subsequent to the measurement date and prior to the Agency's fiscal year, will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as OPEB related deferred outflows and inflows of resources will be recognized in future OPEB expense, as follows:

Year ending	Net A	mount	
September 30,	(in tho	usands)	
2022	\$		
2023		77	
2024		78	
2025		80	
2026		44	
Thereafter		32	
Total	\$	387	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2021

NOTE IV. OTHER INFORMATION

D. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

1.COMMITMENTS

OUTSTANDING CONTRACTS - The Agency has outstanding commitments on various contracts for design and construction of Agency projects. As of September 30, 2021, these commitments totaled \$16,273,000. Forty percent (40%) of the outstanding commitments relate to outstanding design contracts for Northeast Corridor Connector: Bannerman Road, while thirty percent (30%) relate to the Florida A&M University Bragg Stadium Repairs project, and eighteen percent (18%) relate to the final contracts required for the completion of Capital Cascades Trail Segment 3: FAMU Way.

2.CONTINGENCIES

FEDERAL AND STATE GRANTS - Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor, cannot be determined at this time although the Agency expects such amounts to not be significant.

Blueprint is subject to various claims, arising from the normal course of operations. The outcome of these claims is not presently determinable.

E. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Related party transactions during the year ended September 30, 2021 included the following:

- The City of Tallahassee and Leon County each contributed \$213,828 toward the shared operating costs of OEV's Minority, Women, and Small Business Enterprise division.
- Leon County contributed \$1,745,500 in federal CARES Act funding to reimburse OEV for payments made in accordance with the CEDR and LEAN business and nonprofit grant programs. The County also contributed \$2,494,488 in revenue replacement funding under the federal ARPA grant program. These grants were both direct grants from Leon County to the Agency and are not considered federal grants to the Agency.
- The Agency repaid the City of Tallahassee and Leon County \$500,000 each for advance funding provided to assist with startup costs for the Office of Economic Vitality. The City's remaining balance of advance funds is \$1,641,195.
- The Interlocal Agreement provides for annual payments to Leon County and the City of Tallahassee for specific uses including the operating costs of Blueprint funded parks, water quality enhancements, sidewalk enhancements, StarMetro enhancements, and airport growth and development.

F. EVALUATION OF SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Agency has evaluated subsequent events through May 11, 2022, the date the financial statements were available to be issued. On March 8, 2022, the Agency sold \$91 million of sales tax revenue bonds with a term of sixteen years and a true interest cost of 2.55% to fund a number of the Agency's capital projects. On March 7, 2022, the Agency entered into an agreement with the Florida Department of Transportation State Infrastructure Bank to secure a \$25.5 million loan with a term of fifteen years and an interest rate of 1.85% to fund the Northeast Gateway: Welaunee Boulevard project.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Budgetary Comparison Schedule-General Fund Note to Required Supplementary Information Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability - City Plan Schedule of Contributions and Notes to Schedule of Contributions - City Plan Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability - Florida Retirement System Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability - Health Insurance Subsidy Program Schedule of Contributions - Florida Retirement System Schedule of Contributions - Health Insurance Subsidy Program Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Schedule of Contributions – OPEB

BLUEPRINT INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGENCY Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2021 (in thousands) (Unaudited)

	Budgeted Original	Amo	unts Final	Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis)	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance - October 1 Resources	\$ -	\$	8,440	\$ 8,440	\$	
Taxes	33,004		34,564	39,813		5,249
Intergovernmental Revenues	4,996		11,008	4,667		(6,341)
Interest Earned	-		-	171		171
Miscellaneous	 -		-	3		3
Amounts Available for Appropriations	 38,000		54,012	53,094		(918)
Charges to Appropriations						
Transportation	3,262		3,246	3,016		(230)
Economic Development	1,992		2,047	1,766		(281)
Transfers to Other Funds	 32,746		47,726	47,726		-
Total Charges to Appropriations	 38,000		53,019	52,508		(511)
Budgetary Fund Balance, September 30	\$ -	\$	993	\$ 586	\$	(407)

BLUEPRINT INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGENCY Note to Required Supplementary Information General Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2021 (in thousands) (Unaudited)

Explanation of Differences between Budgetary Inflows and Outflows and GAAP Revenues/Transfers In and Expenditures/Transfers Out

Inflows of Resources

Actual amounts (budgetary basis) available for appropriation from the budgetary comparison schedule	\$ 53,094
Differences - budget to GAAP	
The fund balance at the beginning of the year is a budgetary resource but is not a current year revenue for financial reporting purposes. The decrease in the fair market value of investments is a decrease in	\$ (8,440)
revenue for financial reporting purposes but is not considered a negative budgetary inflow.	(238)
Miscellaneous items treated as revenues for financial reporting purposes but not as budgetary inflow.	1
Total Revenues/Transfers In as reported on the statement of revenues,	
expenditures, and changes in fund balances.	\$ 44,417
Outflows of Resources	
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) total charges to appropriations from the	
budgetary comparison schedule.	\$ 52,508
Differences - budget to GAAP	
The change in compensated absences which is reported in the Statement of Activities does not require the use of current financial	
resources and therefore is not reported as an expenditure in the	22
governmental funds. Miscellangous itoms tracted as expenditures for financial reporting	32
Miscellaneous items treated as expenditures for financial reporting purposes but not as budgetary outflows.	277
Total Expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues,	211
expenditures, and changes in fund balances.	\$ 52,817

BLUEPRINT INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGENCY PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY - CITY PLAN (BASED ON MEASUREMENT PERIOD ENDING SEPTEMBER 30)

(in thousands) (Unaudited)

Measurement year ending September 30,	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a) - (b)	\$ 2,359	\$ 1,638	\$ 1,061	\$ 582	\$ 130	\$ 174	\$ (37)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability	88.62%	87.65%	92.12%	95.03%	97.48%	95.85%	101.66%
Employer's proportion of the Net Pension							
Liability	1.54%	1.01%	1.09%	1.04%	0.51%	0.43%	0.43%
Covered Employee Payroll Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered	\$ 1,728	\$ 1,080	\$ 1,104	\$ 1,148	\$ 571	\$ 470	\$ 634
Employee Payroll	136.52%	151.67%	96.11%	50.70%	22.77%	37.02%	-5.84%

Note: The Total Pension Liability, the Plan Fiduciary Net Position, the Net Pension Liability, and the Pension Expense are allocated by department based on the covered pensionable payroll for each department, since that was the basis of determining employer contributions

BLUEPRINT INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGENCY SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - CITY PLAN Last Ten Fiscal Years (in thousands) (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year Ending	Actuarially Determined	Actual	Contribution	Covered	Actual Contribution as a % of Covered
September 30	Contribution	Contribution	Deficiency (Excess)		
September 50			· ·	Payroll	Payroll
2012	\$ 42	\$ 42	\$-	\$ 390	10.77%
2013	64	64	-	478	13.39%
2014	70	70	-	460	15.22%
2015	71	71	-	470	15.11%
2016	75	75	-	571	13.14%
2017	150	150	-	1,148	13.07%
2018	205	205	-	1,104	18.57%
2019	222	222	-	1,080	20.60%
2020	411	411	-	1,728	23.76%
2021	267	267	-	1,728	15.93%

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - CITY PLAN

Valuation Date:

Measurement Date:

September 30, 2020 September 30, 2020

Notes: Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of September 30, 2020 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. The actuarially determined contribution is projected to the contribution year using conventional actuarial projection methods.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

assumption), Closed
assumption), Closed
rial value (based on d each year with 20%
leted years of service,
ic to the type of
ry Table (for ality Table for mortality er 2000 using Scale BB. % blue collar For females, the base istment.
d le ic y al er

BLUEPRINT INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGENCY PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM Last Ten Fiscal Years* (in thousands) (Unaudited)

Year Ending	Proportion of the Net Pension	Proportionate Share of the Net		Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a percentage of its Covered Employee	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a percentage of the Total Pension
September 30,	Liability	Pension Liability	Payroll	Payroll	Liability
2015	0.0001829300%	\$ 24	\$ 45	53.05%	92.00%
2016	0.0009706057%	245	101	243.52%	84.88%
2017	0.0012409525%	367	237	155.16%	83.89%
2018	0.0012273080%	370	393	94.12%	84.26%
2019	0.0012394670%	427	397	107.65%	82.61%
2020	0.0012063200%	523	303	172.72%	78.85%
2021	0.0011418200%	86	330	26.13%	96.40%

*The amounts for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30, 2021 except for the covered payroll determined as of September 30, 2021. The schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as the information becomes available.

BLUEPRINT INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGENCY PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY HEALTH INSURANCE SUBSIDY PROGRAM Last Ten Fiscal Years* (in thousands) (Unaudited)

Year Ending September 30,	Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	Сол	vered Employee Payroll	Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a percentage of its Covered Employee Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a percentage of the Total Pension Liability
2015	0.0001315800%	\$ 13	\$	45	30.13%	0.50%
2016	0.0006517394%	76		101	75.47%	0.97%
2017	0.0084513800%	90		237	38.20%	1.64%
2018	0.0085452500%	90		393	23.03%	2.15%
2019	0.0008605210%	96		397	24.28%	2.63%
2020	0.0008382280%	102		303	33.81%	3.00%
2021	0.0008379340%	103		330	31.14%	3.56%

*The amounts for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30, 2021 except for the covered payroll determined as of September 30, 2021. The schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as the information becomes available.

BLUEPRINT INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGENCY SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM Last Ten Fiscal Years* (in thousands) (Unaudited)

	Contractually	I	Contribution in Relation to the Contractually					Contributions as a
Year Ending	Required		Required		Contribution			Percentage of
September 30,	Contribution		Contribution	De	ficiency (Excess)	(Covered Payroll	Covered Payroll
2015	\$ 4	\$	4	\$	-	\$	45	10.02%
2016	24		24		-		101	23.47%
2017	32		32		-		237	13.66%
2018	35		35		-		393	8.91%
2019	38		38		-		397	9.69%
2020	40		40		-		303	13.24%
2021	43		43		-		330	13.18%

*The amounts for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30, 2021 except for the covered payroll determined as of September 30, 2021. The schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as the information becomes available.

BLUEPRINT INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGENCY SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS HEALTH INSURANCE SUBSIDY PROGRAM Last Ten Fiscal Years* (in thousands) (Unaudited)

Year Ending	Contractually Required	Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required	_	Contribution		Contributions as a Percentage of
September 30,	Contribution	Contribution	D	eficiency (Excess)	Covered Payroll	Covered Payroll
2015	\$ 1	\$ 1	\$		\$ 45	1.13%
2016	3	3		-	101	3.31%
2017	4	4		-	237	1.89%
2018	5	5		-	393	1.18%
2019	5	5		-	397	1.21%
2020	5	5		-	303	1.60%
2021	5	5		-	330	1.49%

*The amounts for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30, 2021 except for the covered payroll determined as of September 30, 2021. The schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as the information becomes available.

See Independent Auditors' Report

BLUEPRINT INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGENCY SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS (BASED ON MEASUREMENT PERIODS ENDING SEPTEMBER 30) (in thousands)

(Unaudited)

Measurement year ending September 30,	2020	2019	2018	2	2017
Total OPEB Liability					
Service Cost	\$ 26	\$ 13	\$ 17	\$	9
Interest on the total OPEB Liability	33	27	24		12
Changes in assumptions	(109)	89	(22)		(19)
Changes in allocation percentages	370	25	291		-
Benefit payments	 (72)	(41)	(9)		(17)
Net Change in total OPEB liability	248	113	301		(15)
Total OPEB Liability - beginning	 774	661	360		375
Total OPEB Liability - ending (a)	\$ 1,022	\$ 774	\$ 661	\$	360
Plan Fiduciary Net Position					
Contribution - employer	\$ 23	\$ 15	\$ 15	\$	8
Net investment income	16	1	8		5
Benefit Payments	 11	(13)	12		(9)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	50	3	35		4
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	 67	64	29		25
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 117	\$ 67	\$ 64	\$	29
Net OPEB Liability (a)-(b)	\$ 905	\$ 707	\$ 597	\$	331
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage					
of the total OPEB liability	11.52%	8.77%	9.62%		8.04%
Covered employee payroll	\$ 1,728	\$ 1,080	\$ 1,104	\$	571
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of					
covered employee payroll	52.35%	65.42%	54.13%	[58.06%

Notes to Schedule:

Changes in assumptions:

Assumption changes reflect the change in the Single Discount Rate from the beginning of the year at 3.54% to the end of the year at 2.41% (the resulting Single Discount Rate based on the expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments as of September 30, 2020 at 7.40% and the long-term municipal bond rate as of September 30, 2020 at 2.41%.

Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB 75 is applicable. Future years' information will be displayed up to 10 years as information becomes available.

See Independent Auditors' Report

BLUEPRINT INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGENCY SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - OPEB Last Ten Fiscal Years* (in thousands) (Unaudited)

								Actual
								Contribution as a
	1	Actuarially						percentage of
Fiscal Year Ended	D	etermined	Actual		Contribution	Cov	vered Employee	covered employee
September 30,	Cont	ribution (ADC)	Contribution	D	eficiency (Excess)		Payroll	payroll
2017	\$	20	\$ 8	\$	12	\$	571	1.35%
2018		40	14		26		1,104	1.31%
2019		40	15		25		1,080	1.41%
2020		69	23		46		1,728	1.34%

Notes to Schedule:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of October 1, which is 24 months prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are made and reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contributions:

Actuarial Cost Method:	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method:	Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed
Remaining Amortization Period:	24 Years
Asset Valuation Method:	Market Value
Inflation:	2.25%
Salary Increases:	2.95% to 6.40%, including inflation; varies by plan and years of service
Investment Rate of Return:	2.49%, net of OPEB plan expense, including inflation
Retirement Age:	Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition.
Mortality:	RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, with mortality improvements projected to all future years after 2000 using Scale BB. See Note IV.B for details.
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates:	Based on the Getzen Model, with trend starting at 1.30% and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 3.99%.
Aging Factors:	Based on the 2013 SOA Study "Health Care Costs - From Birth to Death".
Expenses:	Investment returns are net of the investment expenses and administrative expenses are included in premium costs.
Notes:	There were no benefit changes during the year.

See Independent Auditors' Report

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STATISTICAL SECTION

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT CHANGES IN NET POSITION FUND BALANCES CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES RETAIL SALES AND TAX COLLECTION HISTORY RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LEON COUNTY DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT AGENCY EMPLOYEES PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE CAPITAL ASSETS BY FUNCTION

BLUEPRINT INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGENCY NET POSITION BY COMPONENT Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (in thousands)

Governmental activities	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013 as restated	2012 as restated
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 105,081	\$ 180,500	\$ 173,363	\$ 152,292	\$ 123,192	\$ 243,743	\$ 210,872	\$ 168,789	\$ 111,032	\$ 85,199
Restricted	105,513	85,784	79,718	63,447	59,807	62,029	68,878	78,848	101,632	88,387
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 210,594	\$ 266,284	\$ 253,081	\$ 215,739	\$ 182,999	\$ 305,772	\$ 279,750	\$ 247,637	\$ 212,664	\$ 173,586

BLUEPRINT INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGENCY CHANGES IN NET POSITION Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (in thousands)

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Expenses										
Transportation	\$ 94,563	\$ 22,884	\$ 4,269	\$ 3,284	\$ 156,015	\$ 8,642	\$ 3,464	\$ 5,176	\$ 11,588	\$ 24,316
Economic Development	7,014	4,293	1,435	1,478	1,252	586	-	-	-	-
Amortization of Bond Issue Costs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	129	128
Depreciation Expense	26	26	27	30	29	27	28	16	5	4
Interest on Long-Term Debt	142	43	-	516	1,182	1,601	2,498	3,179	3,835	5,059
Total Expenses	101,745	27,246	5,731	5,308	158,478	10,856	5,990	8,371	15,557	29,507
Revenues										
Program Revenues										
Operating Grants and Contributions	4,667	557	805	727	922	649	-	-	-	-
Capital Grants and Contributions	387	2,596	1,875	960	75	1,345	3,751	7,807	19,869	11,662
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenue	5,054	3,153	2,680	1,687	997	1,994	3,751	7,807	19,869	11,662
General Revenues										
Shared Revenues	39,813	34,256	37,444	35,643	34,227	33,570	32,491	31,044	29,574	28,232
Investment Income	1,417	2,285	2,547	1,167	853	1,137	1,121	991	1,261	2,360
Net Securities Lending Income	-	3	3	1	-	-	777	3,000	5,000	3,000
Net Increase (Decrease) in Fair Market Value of										
Investments	(238)	153	173	(484)	(145)	150	(44)	72	(1,473)	(3)
Miscellaneous	9	599	226	34	30	27	113	435	1,327	1
Total Revenues	46,055	40,449	43,073	38,048	35,962	36,878	38,209	43,349	55,558	45,252
Changes in Net Position	\$ (55,690)	\$ 13,203	\$ 37,342	\$ 32,740	\$(122,516)	\$ 26,022	\$ 32,219	\$ 34,978	\$ 40,001	\$ 15,745

BLUEPRINT INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGENCY FUND BALANCES Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (in thousands)

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
General Fund Restricted for Infrastructure	\$ (2,476)	\$ 5,869	\$ 2,933	\$ 651	\$ 4,762	\$ 3,679	\$ 5,239	\$ 75,750	\$ 86,993	\$ 10,130
Special Revenue Fund										
Infrastructure	110,531	81,387	77,926	55,458	50,845	53,504	58,398	-	-	87,972
Debt Service Fund										
Restricted for Future Debt Service	-	-	20	8,319	8,315	8,319	786	7,600	7,881	7,447
Unassigned	(565)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Fund Balances	\$ 108,055	\$ 87,256	\$ 80,879	\$ 64,428	\$ 63,922	\$ 65,502	\$ 64,423	\$ 83,350	\$ 94,874	\$ 105,549

BLUEPRINT INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGENCY CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (in thousands)

	20	021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Revenues:											
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$4	4,867	\$ 37,408	\$ 40,124	\$ 37,254	\$ 35,224	\$ 35,564	\$ 36,242	\$ 38,851	\$ 49,443	\$ 39,894
Investment Income		1,417	2,291	2,020	1,169	856	1,139	1,121	997	1,279	1,808
Advance Repayments		-	-	-	-	-	-	777	3,000	5,000	3,000
Net Inc (Dec) in the Fair Value of Investments		(238)	153	-	(484)	(145)	150	(44)	72	(1,474)	106
Miscellaneous Revenues		9	599	226	110	31	29	111	435	1,327	818
Total Revenues	4	6,055	40,451	42,370	38,049	35,966	36,882	38,207	43,355	55,575	45,626
Expenditures:											
Transportation	2	8,250	27,035	6,010	17,417	17,701	23,460	30,933	35,180	47,523	34,097
Economic Development		7,009	4,278	1,441	1,491	1,209	527	-	-	-	-
Securities Lending Expense:											
Interest		-	3	6	1	2	1	-	4	15	34
Agent Fees		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	3
Debt Service:											
Principal Retired		475	2,141	17,797	17,037	16,314	16,129	15,666	15,034	14,432	14,237
Interest and Fiscal Charges		142	43	838	1,597	2,320	2,686	3,534	4,658	4,278	5,059
Total Expenditures	3	5,876	33,500	26,092	37,543	37,546	42,803	50,133	54,878	66,250	53,430
Other Financing Sources (Uses):											
Issuance of Debt	1	.0,055	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 2	0,234	\$ 6,951	\$ 16,278	\$ 506	\$ (1,580)	\$ (5,921)	\$ (11,926)	\$ (11,523)	\$ (10,675)	\$ (7,804)
Debt Service as a Percentage of Noncapital											
Expenditures		12%	46%	482%	432%	448%	236%	449%	361%	396%	561%

BLUEPRINT INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGENCY RETAIL SALES AND TAX COLLECTION HISTORY Last Ten Fiscal Years (in thousands)

			Infr	astructure Sales Tax	Agency's Sh	are of
				Revenue	Sales Ta	ах
 Fiscal Year	Reta	ail Sales(1)		Collected (1)	Revenue Colle	ected (2)
2012	\$	6,682,000	\$	35,290	\$	28,232
2013		7,071,000		36,968		29,574
2014		7,686,000		38,805		31,044
2015		7,511,000		40,614		32,491
2016		7,751,000		41,963		33,570
2017		8,027,000		42,784		34,227
2018		8,290,000		44,554		35,643
2019		8,652,367		46,805		37,444
2020		8,354,156		42,820		34,256
2021		9,230,547		51,042		39,813

(1) Florida Department of Revenue - Leon County Gross and Taxable Sales

(2) The Agency received 80% of the sales tax collected in Leon County under the 15 year 1% Infrastructure Sales Surtax which began on December 1, 2004. Beginning on January 1, 2020, the Agency received 78% of the sales tax collected in Leon County under the Blueprint 2020 extended 1% Infrastructure Sales Surtax. The Infrastructure Sales Surtax extension is set to expire on December 31, 2039. The sales tax is collected on all retail sales of tangible personal property subject to certain exceptions and exemptions and certain dealer allowances.

BLUEPRINT INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGENCY RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE Last Ten Fiscal Years (in thousands)

Fiscal Year	Sales Tax	State					Percentage of		
Ended	Revenue	Infrastucture	Private	То	tal Debt	Leon County	Personal	Per Ca	ipita As
Sept. 30,	Bonds	Bank Loans	Bank Loans	Out	tstanding	Population (1)	Income	Res	tated
2012	\$84,849	\$ 29,702	\$-	\$	114,551	278,000	1.2%	\$	412.05
2013	74,410	25,709	-		100,119	278,000	1.0%		360.14
2014	63,445	21,640	-		85,085	281,000	0.9%		302.79
2015	51,930	17,489	-		69,419	284,000	0.8%		244.43
2016	39,905	13,385	-		53,290	288,000	0.6%		185.03
2017	27,265	9,711	-		36,976	288,000	0.0%		128.39
2018	13,975	5,963	-		19,938	292,332	0.0%		68.20
2019	-	2,141	-		2,141	296,499	0.0%		7.22
2020	-	-	-		-	299,484	0.0%		-
2021	-	-	9,580		9,580	292,198	0.0%		32.79

(1) Office of Economic and Demographic Research, State of Florida

BLUEPRINT INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGENCY LEON COUNTY, FLORIDA DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Estimated	Retail Sales	Personal Income	Per Capita	School	Unemple	oyment Rat	e %(4)
Year	Population(1)	thousands)(2)(thousands)(1)	Income(1)	Enrollment(3)	Leon County	Florida	United States
2012	283,806	\$ 6,681,858	\$ 10,554,213	\$ 37,188	34,157	7.1	8.6	7.8
2013	282,070	7,071,265	10,371,148	36,768	33,327	5.3	6.4	7.0
2014	284,054	7,686,804	10,942,350	38,522	34,955	4.7	5.4	5.6
2015	286,189	7,510,613	11,355,730	39,679	34,797	4.6	5.0	5.1
2016	287,819	7,751,449	11,730,939	40,758	33,300	4.5	4.7	4.9
2017	287,899	8,026,814	N/A	N/A	33,993	3.6	4.0	4.1
2018	292,332	8,290,351	N/A	N/A	33,873	2.8	3.5	3.7
2019	296,449	8,652,367	N/A	N/A	34,032	2.6	2.9	3.5
2020	299,484	8,354,156	N/A	N/A	N/A	5.2	4.2	6.7
2021	292,198	9,230,547	N/A	N/A	N/A	3.4	3.5	3.9

(1) Office of Economic and Demographic Research, State of Florida

(2) Florida Department of Revenue - Leon County Gross and Taxable Sales

(3) Leon County Public School Board

(4) Florida Research and Economic Information Database Application

N/A - Data not available

BLUEPRINT INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGENCY FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT AGENCY EMPLOYEES AS OF SEPTEMBER 30 Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
-										
Transportation	18	17	13	13	13	10	7	7	7	4
Economic Development	10	10	8	7	12	7	-	-	-	-
Total	28	27	21	20	25	17	7	7	7	4

BLUEPRINT INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGENCY PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE Last Ten Fiscal Years (in thousands)

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Sales Tax Revenues (1)	\$ 39,813	\$ 34,256	\$ 33,570	\$ 32,491	\$ 31,044	\$ 29,574	\$ 28,232	\$ 27,554	\$ 27,126	\$ 27,828
Annual Debt Service on Sales										
Tax Revenue Bonds	-	-	14,694	14,693	14,693	14,696	14,696	14,696	14,694	14,691
Actual Coverage on Sales Tax										
Revenue Bonds	N/A	N/A	2.55	2.43	2.33	2.28	2.21	2.11	2.01	1.92
Annual Debt Service on All										
Outstanding Debt	617	-	18,562	18,564	18,564	19,072	19,072	19,279	19,278	19,275
Actual Coverage on All										
Outstanding Debt	64.53	N/A	1.81	1.75	1.67	1.55	1.48	1.43	1.41	1.44

BLUEPRINT INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGENCY CAPITAL ASSETS BY FUNCTION Last Ten Fiscal Years (in thousands)

Function	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Transportation	\$ 114,661	\$ 180,500	\$ 175,504	\$ 173,487	\$ 162,622	\$ 300,624	\$ 285,303	\$ 259,586	\$ 228,843	\$ 189,196

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OTHER REPORTS

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Independent Accountants' Report

Management Letter



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

Honorable Members of the Board Blueprint Intergovernmental Agency Tallahassee, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents, of the Blueprint Intergovernmental Agency (the "Agency") as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, and have issued our report thereon dated May 11, 2022.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Agency's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Agency's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain other matters that we reported to management in a separate letter dated May 11, 2022.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Agency's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

MSL, P.A.

Certified Public Accountants

Tallahassee, Florida May 11, 2022



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT

Honorable Members of the Board Blueprint Intergovernmental Agency Tallahassee, Florida

We have examined the compliance of the Blueprint Intergovernmental Agency (the "Agency") with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. Management is responsible for the Agency's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Agency's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Agency complied with those requirements in all material respects. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about the Agency's compliance with those requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Agency's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Agency complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.

MSL, P.A.

Certified Public Accountants

Tallahassee, Florida May 11, 2022



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S MANAGEMENT LETTER

Honorable Members of the Board Blueprint Intergovernmental Agency Tallahassee, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the basic financial statements of the Blueprint Intergovernmental Agency (the "Agency") as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, and have issued our report thereon dated May 11, 2022.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States of America and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards;* Independent Accountant's Report on an examination conducted with AICPA *Professional Standards,* AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General.* Disclosures in those reports, which are dated May 11, 2022, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. Corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding financial audit report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The legal authority is disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

Financial Condition and Management

Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), *Rules of the Auditor General*, require that we apply appropriate procedures and report the results of our determination as to whether or not the Agency has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identification of the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the Agency did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), *Rules of the Auditor General*, we applied financial condition assessment procedures. It is management's responsibility to monitor the Agency's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based, in part, on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Special District Component Units

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.c., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires, if appropriate, that we communicate the failure of a special district that is a component unit of a county, municipality, or special district, to provide the financial information necessary for proper reporting of the component unit within the audited financial statements of the county, municipality, or special district in accordance with Section 218.38(3)(b), Florida Statues. In connection with our audit, we did not note any special district component units that failed to provide the necessary information for proper reporting in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statues.

As required by Section 218.39(3)(c), Florida Statutes, and Section 10.554(1)(i)6, *Rules of the Auditor General*, the Agency reported:

- a. The total number of Agency employees compensated in the last pay period of the Agency's fiscal year as 33.
- b. The total number of independent contractors to whom nonemployee compensation was paid in the last month of the Agency's fiscal year as 0.
- c. All compensation earned by or awarded to employees, whether paid or accrued, regardless of contingency as \$2,514,375.
- d. All compensation earned by or awarded to nonemployee independent contractors, whether paid or accrued, regardless of contingency as \$0.
- e. Each construction project with a total cost of at least \$65,000 approved by the Agency that is scheduled to begin on or after October 1 of the fiscal year being reported, together with the total expenditures for such projects as listed below:
 - i. Airport Gateway \$900,000
 - ii. Market District Placemaking \$661,000
 - iii. Monroe-Adams Placemaking \$155,000
 - iv. Skateable Art Amenity \$94,000
 - v. History and Culture Trail \$287,000
- f. A budget variance based on the budget adopted under Section 189.016(4), Florida Statutes, before the beginning of the fiscal year being reported if the Agency amends a final adopted budget under Section 189.016(6), Florida Statutes, as see page 62.

Honorable Members of the Board Blueprint Intergovernmental Agency

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, federal and other granting agencies, the Agency's Board, and applicable management, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

MSL, P.A.

Certified Public Accountants

Tallahassee, Florida May 11, 2022