Financial Report Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

CORAL SPRINGS COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY (A Component Unit of the City of Coral Springs, Florida)

THE ORGANIZATION

The Coral Springs Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA) was created in accordance with Chapter 163.356 of the Florida Statutes. The City established a Redevelopment Trust Fund for the purpose of utilizing future tax incremental revenue and other qualified funds in connection with the implementation of the CRA Plan.

The Commission of the City of Coral Springs, Florida appointed the Board of Directors. Board members of the CRA for the year ended September 30, 2021, were as follows:

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Germain Bebe Lorna E. Brown-Burton Andrew Kasten Mike Del Pozo William L. Vasquez

CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD

John Walsh

Table of Contents

Independent auditor's report	1-2
Basic financial statements:	
Government-wide financial statements: Statement of net position	3
Statement of activities Fund financial statements:	4
General fund: Balance sheet	5
Statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances	6
Notes to financial statements	7-10
Required supplementary information (unaudited):	
Schedule of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balances – budget to actual (budgetary basis) – General Fund	11
Notes to required supplementary information	12
	12
Other reports: Independent auditor's report	
on internal control over financial reporting and on compliance and other matters based on an audit	
of financial statements performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards	13-14
Management Letter in Accordance	
with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida	15-16
	15-10
Independent Accountant's Report on Compliance with Sections 163.387(6) and 163.387(7), Florida Statutes	17



RSM US LLP

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Directors Coral Springs Community Redevelopment Agency Coral Springs, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of the Coral Springs Community Redevelopment Agency (the CRA), a component unit of the City of Coral Springs, Florida (the City), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the CRA's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the major fund of the CRA as of September 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 28, 2022 on our consideration of the CRA's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the CRA's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the CRA's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

RSM US LLP

Fort Lauderdale, Florida March 28, 2022

Statement of Net Position September 30, 2021

	Governmenta Activities
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,257,190
Capital assets, net	57,217
Total assets	\$ 1,314,407
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	_\$ 3,782
Total liabilities	3,782
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	57,217
Restricted for redevelopment projects	882,533
Unrestricted	370,875
Total net position	\$ 1,310,625

Statement of Activities Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Expenses	Net Revenue (Expense) and Changes in Net Position Total Governmental Activities		
Functions:	•			
Governmental activities:				
Community redevelopment \$	376,073	\$	(376,073)	
Total governmental activities	376,073		(376,073)	
General revenues:				
Tax increment financing			638,747	
Investment and other income			1,721	
Total general revenues			640,468	
Change in net position			264,395	
Net position, beginning			1,046,230	
Net position, ending		\$	1,310,625	

General Fund Balance Sheet September 30, 2021

Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,257,190
Liabilities and Fund Balances	
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	3,782
Total liabilities	3,782
Fund balance:	
Restricted for redevelopment projects	882,533
Unassigned	370,875
Total fund balance	1,253,408
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 1,257,190
Reconciliation of the governmental fund balance sheet to the statement	
of net position:	
Total fund balance – General Fund	\$ 1,253,408
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources	
and therefore are not reported in the general fund.	57,217
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 1,310,625

General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

Revenues:	
Tax increment financing	\$ 638,747
Investment and other income	 1,721
Total revenues	 640,468
Expenditures:	
Current:	
Community redevelopment	 374,885
Total expenditures	 374,885
Net change in fund balance	265,583
Fund balance, beginning	 987,825
Fund balance, ending	\$ 1,253,408
Reconciliation of change in fund balance to change in net position of governmental activities:	
Net change in fund balance – General fund	\$ 265,583
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However,	
in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over	
their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Current year depreciation expense	 (1,188)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 264,395

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Financial Reporting Entity

In November 2001, the Coral Springs Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA) was established by the City of Coral Springs, Florida (the City), by Ordinance No. 2001-128 as a public body organized pursuant to Part III of Chapter 163 of the Florida Statutes. The CRA's stated purpose is to intervene in the decline of the economic and physical character of the redevelopment area and transformation of the existing conditions into a functional and vibrant urban center. The governing body of the CRA is the Board of Directors, composed of seven members.

The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies applicable to the CRA:

The accounting policies of the CRA conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the standard setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements report information on all of the governmental activities of the CRA. The government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the CRA as an entity and the change in aggregate financial position resulting from the activities of the fiscal period. The fund financial statements focus on short-term results of operations and financing decisions at a specific fund level. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given functional category are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific functional category. Program revenues include operating and capital grants and contributions. In 2021, the CRA did not have any program revenues. The CRA reports one function which is community redevelopment. Taxes and other items not included as program revenues are reported as general revenues.

C. <u>Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation</u>

The basic financial statements consist of the government-wide financial statements and fund financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Tax increment financing from property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year when levied for. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Only current assets and deferred outflows of resources and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources are generally included on their balance sheet. Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide governmental activities column, a reconciliation is sometimes necessary to explain the adjustments needed to reconcile the fund based financial statements to the governmental activities column of the government-wide presentation.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Their operating statements present sources (revenue and financing sources) and uses (expenditures and other financing uses) of available spendable resources during the period. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the CRA considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting, except for debt service expenditures, which are recognized when due.

Tax increment financing revenue, when levied for and interest associated with the current fiscal period, are both considered to be measurable and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal year, if available.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the CRA's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

The CRA reports the general fund as a major governmental fund. The general fund is used to account for all financial resources received by the CRA. The general fund serves as the primary operating fund of the CRA. The CRA does not have any non-major funds.

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net position

<u>Cash and cash equivalents</u>: Cash and cash equivalents is comprised of deposits with financial institutions.

<u>Capital assets</u>: Capital assets include public art and equipment. Balances are reported in governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. The CRA capitalizes all capital assets with a cost in excess of a \$1,000 threshold and an estimated life greater than one year. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized but are expensed as incurred.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the related assets. Equipment has been assigned a useful life ranging from 3 to 10 years.

Nature and purpose of fund balance: In the fund financial statements the governmental fund reports fund classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the CRA is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the fund can be spent. Amounts that are restricted to specific purposes either by: a) constraints placed on the use of resources by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments, or b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation are classified as restricted fund balances. Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by the CRA Board through an ordinance or resolution are classified as committed fund balances. Amounts that are constrained by the CRA's intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed are classified as assigned fund balances. Assignments are made by the CRA Board or the City Manager. Non-spendable fund balances include amounts that cannot be spent because they are either: a) not in spendable form, or b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Unassigned fund balance represents fund balance that is not restricted, committed or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Unspent tax increment financing revenues are restricted for future redevelopment projects and are reported as restricted fund balance in the financial statements. Unassigned fund balance represents fund balance that has not been restricted, committed or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

<u>Net position</u>: The government-wide statements utilized a net position presentation. Net investment in capital assets is that portion of net position that relates to the CRA's capital assets reduced by accumulated depreciation. Restricted net position are unspent tax increment financing revenues that are restricted for future redevelopment projects. Unrestricted net position represents the net position of the CRA that is not restricted for any project or purpose.

<u>Use of estimates</u>: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statement and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

<u>Risk management</u>: The CRA is adequately insured for general liability and directors and officers insurance through the purchase of a commercial insurance policy. The amount of settlements has not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

Note 2. Deposits and Investments

At year-end, the CRA's bank deposits were \$1,262,990 and carrying amount was \$1,257,190. These are defined as public deposits. All CRA public deposits are held in qualified public depositories pursuant to Chapter 280, Florida Statutes, "Florida Security for Public Deposits Act." Under the act, all qualified public depositories are required to pledge eligible collateral having a market value equal to or greater than the average daily or monthly balance of all public deposits times the depository's collateral pledging level. The collateral pledging level may range from 25% to 200% depending upon the depository's financial condition and the length of time that the depository has been established. All collateral must be deposited with an approved financial institution. The Public Depository Security Trust Funds have a procedure to allocate and recover losses in the event of default or insolvency. The CRA's bank balances were insured either by the federal depository insurance corporation or collateralized in the bank's participation in the Florida Security for Public Deposits Act.

The CRA does not have a separate deposit and investment policy and therefore it follows the deposit and investment policies of the City. Florida Statute 218.415 and the City's investment policy authorize investments in certificates of deposit, interest-bearing time deposits or savings accounts in qualified public depositories, obligations of the U.S. Treasury, its agencies and instrumentalities, prime commercial paper, money market mutual funds, state and local taxable and tax-exempt debt, corporate notes and pooled investments of the SBA.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 3. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2021, follows:

	Beginning						Ending
	Balance Increases		Decreases		Balance		
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Public art	\$	55,610	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 55,610
Capital assets being depreciated: Equipment		6.144		_		(1,401)	4,743
Less accumulated depreciation		(3,349)		(1,188)		1,401	(3,136)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		2,795		(1,188)		-	1,607
Total capital assets, net	\$	58,405	\$	(1,188)	\$	-	\$ 57,217

Note 4. Tax Increment Financing Revenue

The CRA is primarily funded through tax-increment financing revenue. This revenue is computed by applying the operating tax for the City, Broward County, the North Broward Hospital District, and the Children's Services Council of Broward County multiplied by the increased value of property in the district over the base property value minus 5%. The City, Broward County, the North Broward Hospital District and the Children's Services Council are required to fund this amount annually without regard to tax collections or other obligations.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

Required Supplementary Information – General Fund Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget to Actual (Budgetary Basis) – Unaudited Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual	Variance with		
	c	riginal		Final		Amounts	Fi	nal Budget	
Revenues:									
Tax increment financing:									
City of Coral Springs	\$	390,136	\$	390,136	\$	388,917	\$	(1,219)	
Broward County		142,594		141,452		141,452		-	
North Broward Hospital District		68,579		76,050		76,050		-	
Children's Services Council of Broward County		32,429		32,328		32,328		-	
Investment and other income		3,500		3,500		1,721		(1,779)	
Total revenues		637,238		643,466		640,468		(2,998)	
Expenditures									
Administrative:									
Administrative services		108,150		108,150		108,150		-	
CRA legal counsel		45,000		45,000		42,053		2,947	
Professional services:									
Architectural services		50,000		50,000		7,515		42,485	
Banking Charges		_		-		79		(79)	
Grants		100,000		100,000		14,524		85,476 [°]	
Financial audit and other professional services		14,500		14,500		18,400		(3,900)	
Marketing and promotion		16,113		16,113		6,184		9,929	
Engineering		1,000		1,000		-		1,000	
Property maintenance		5,000		5,000		400		4,600	
Appraisals		5,000		5,000		-		5,000	
Events		60,000		60,000		41,782		18,218	
Other professional services		135,000		141,330		39,744		101,586	
Operating expenditures:		.00,000		,		00,111		101,000	
Advertisements		3,000		3,000		_		3,000	
Meeting expenses		1,250		1,250		1,067		183	
Postage		100		100		-		100	
Printing and publishing		1,500		1,500		935		565	
Special events		2,500		2,500		-		2,500	
Membership		495		495		495		2,500	
Insurance premiums		6,025		6,025		6,416		(391)	
Registration and educational		0,023		0,023		4,613		(4,613)	
Other expenditures:		-		-		4,013		(4,013)	
•		32,430		32,328		32,328			
Children's Services Council of Broward County		32,430 175		175		•		(25)	
Special district fee		536,684		616,950		200		(25) 616,950	
Capital outlay Debt service:		550,064		010,930		-		010,930	
		50,000		50,000		50,000			
Debt service contribution						50,000			
Total expenditures		1,173,922		1,260,416		374,885		885,531	
Appropriated fund balance	_	536,684	Φ.	616,950		-	Φ.	(616,950)	
Net change in fund balance	\$	-	\$	-	=	265,583	\$	265,583	
Fund balance, beginning						987,825	_		
Fund balance, ending					\$	1,253,408	=		

See notes to required supplementary information.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

Note 1. Budgetary Procedures and Budgetary Accounting

The CRA adheres to the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the accompanying financial statements:

Prior to September 30th, the CRA Administrator submits, to the Board of Directors, a proposed operating budget for the General Fund for the fiscal year commencing October 1st. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.

The CRA budget is also included in the City's budget and is presented to the City Commission for ratification prior to September 30th.

CRA management is authorized to transfer budget amounts. Revisions that alter the total expenditures must be approved by the CRA Board. Legal level of control is maintained at the fund level. There were budget amendments in the current year in the amount of \$86,494, which resulted in total budgeted expenditures of \$1,260,416.





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Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Directors Coral Springs Community Redevelopment Agency Coral Springs, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of the Coral Springs Community Redevelopment Agency (the CRA), a component unit of the City of Coral Springs, Florida (the City), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the CRA's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 28, 2022.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the CRA's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the CRA's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the CRA's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the CRA's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the CRA's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing* Standards in considering the CRA's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

RSM US LLP

Fort Lauderdale, Florida March 28, 2022



RSM US LLP

Management Letter in Accordance with Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General* of the State of Florida

To the Board of Directors Coral Springs Community Redevelopment Agency Coral Springs, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the Coral Springs Community Redevelopment Agency (the CRA), a component unit of the City of Coral Springs, Florida (the City), as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, and have issued our report thereon dated March 28, 2022.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government AuditingStandards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. Disclosures in that report, which is dated March 28, 2022, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding financial audit report. There were no findings or recommendations made in the preceding annual financial report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. This is disclosed in Note 1 of the financial statements.

Financial Condition and Management

Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the CRA met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the CRA did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the CRA. It is management's responsibility to monitor the CRA's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Special District Component Units

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.c., Rules of the Auditor General, requires, if appropriate, that we communicate the failure of a special district that is a component unit of a county, municipality, or special district, to provide the financial information necessary for proper reporting of the component unit within the audited financial statements of the county, municipality, or special district in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we did not note any special district component units that failed to provide the necessary information for proper reporting in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statutes.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Board of Directors, and applicable CRA management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Fort Lauderdale, Florida March 28, 2022

RSM US LLP



RSM US LLP

Independent Accountant's Report on Compliance with Sections 163.387(6) and 163.387(7), Florida Statutes

To the Board of Directors Coral Springs Community Redevelopment Agency Coral Springs, Florida

We have examined the Coral Springs Community Redevelopment Agency's (the CRA), a component unit of the City of Coral Springs, Florida compliance with *Sections 163.387(6)* and *163.387(7)*, *Florida Statutes* regarding the redevelopment trust for the year ended September 30, 2021. Management of the CRA is responsible for the CRA's compliance with the specified requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the CRA's compliance with the specified requirements based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the CRA complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the CRA complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the CRA's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the CRA complied, in all material respects, with *Sections 163.387(6) and 163.387(7), Florida Statutes* regarding the redevelopment trust for the year ended September 30, 2021. This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Florida Auditor General and the Board of Directors and management of the CRA, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

RSM US LLP

Fort Lauderdale, Florida March 28, 2022