COCOA COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ended September 30, 2021

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Commissioners
Cocoa Community Redevelopment Agency

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and General Fund of the Cocoa Community Redevelopment Agency (the "CRA"), a component unit of the City of Cocoa, Florida as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the CRA's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the CRA's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the CRA's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and General Fund of the CRA as of September 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison schedule, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 18, 2022 on our consideration of the CRA's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the CRA's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

MSL, P.A.

Certified Public Accountants

Orlando, Florida May 18, 2022

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the Cocoa Community Redevelopment Agency (the "CRA"), we offer readers of the CRA's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the CRA's financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the CRA's basic financial statements. The CRA's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the CRA's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the CRA's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the CRA is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Also, capital assets are capitalized and depreciated on the statement of net position whereas related purchases are expended on government fund financial statements.

General Fund. The General Fund is used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, the General Fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of the General Fund is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for the General Fund with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the General Fund balance sheet and the General Fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between General Fund and governmental activities.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

Other Information. The CRA adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the CRA, assets exceeded liabilities by \$5,917,836 at the close of the most recent fiscal year. This compares with \$5,444,646 at the close of the previous fiscal year 2020, an increase of \$473,190. Cash increased \$496,022 due to decreased expenditures in comparison to the revenue received. Long-term liabilities were reduced by scheduled intergovernmental loan activity. Capital Assets decreased due to depreciation.

| | Net Po | sition | |
|--|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| | 2021 | 2020 | |
| Current and other assets | \$ 4,668,319 | \$ 4,290,390 | |
| Capital assets | 3,194,518 | 3,217,911 | |
| Total assets | 7,862,837 | 7,508,301 | |
| Short-term liabilities outstanding Long-term liabilities Total liabilities Net position: | 143,610 1,801,391 1,945,001 | 139,308 1,924,347 2,063,655 | |
| Net invested in capital assets | 1,393,127 | 1,293,564 | |
| Unrestricted | 4,524,704 | 4,151,082 | |
| Total net position | \$ 5,917,836 | \$ 5,444,646 | |

Governmental Activities. The components are as follows: Governmental activities increased the CRA's net position by \$473,185 in fiscal year 2021. A 7.4% increase in revenue was caused by increases in the City of Cocoa (the "City") and Brevard County (the "County") contributions to the CRA because of increased property values. Economic environment expenses decreased due to decreased activity in the current fiscal year.

| | Changes in | Changes in Net Position | | | |
|--------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| | 2021 | 2020 | | | |
| General revenues: | | | | | |
| Intergovernmental | \$ 1,398,502 | \$ 1,302,670 | | | |
| Investment income | 16,096 | 14,036 | | | |
| Miscellaneous revenues | 41,955 | 39,027 | | | |
| Total general revenues | 1,456,553 | 1,355,733 | | | |
| Expenditures/Expenses: | | | | | |
| Economic Environment | 755,594 | 1,180,421 | | | |
| Depreciation | 227,769 | 139,760 | | | |
| Total expenses | 983,368 | 1,320,181 | | | |
| Change in net position | 473,190 | 35,552 | | | |
| Net position – beginning | 5,444,646 | 5,409,094 | | | |
| Net position – ending | \$ 5,917,836 | \$ 5,444,646 | | | |

Financial Analysis of the General Fund

As noted earlier, the CRA uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

The purpose of the CRA's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the CRA's financing requirements. Fund balance is restricted for use on expenditures in accordance with the adopted CRA Master Plan.

The only difference between General Fund operations and governmental activities is the accounting presentation for capital outlay. Capital outlay is accounted for as an expenditure in the General Fund and, to the extent it relates to capital asset additions, is replaced by depreciation expense on the statement of activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Primary variances between the final budget and actual operating expenditure categories were as follows: intergovernmental revenue for TIF funding was \$73,121 below the budgeted amount due to TIF revenues being less than anticipated and expenditures for capital outlay were \$56,535 less than budget due to capital projects not being completed. Personal services were \$5,916 under budget, there was no spending in the CRA's contingency account (\$481,042) and professional services were \$51,358 under budget due to a wayfinding project not being completed.

Capital Asset Administration

The CRA's capital assets as of September 30, 2021 amounts to \$3,194,518, a decrease of \$23,393. Additional information on the CRA's capital assets can be found in Note 4 *Capital Assets* in the footnote section of this report.

Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

| | 2021 | 2020 |
|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| CIP | \$ 72,347 | \$ 191,742 |
| Land | 4,980 | 4,980 |
| Buildings | 268,108 | 284,933 |
| Improvements | 2,783,797 | 2,725,720 |
| Equipment | 65,286_ | 10,536 |
| Total | \$ 3,194,518 | \$ 3,217,911 |

Economic Factors and Conditions

Median home prices increased approximately 21% from the previous year, which is in keeping with the local real estate market for Florida's Space Coast. The City's taxable property value increase was FY21 of 6.5%, which is expected to continue into 2022. At the same time, the unemployment rate was 5.5% in Brevard County as compared to the state unemployment rate of 4.9% and a national unemployment rate of 4.8% at the end of the fiscal year. Plans for development of a hotel in the Cocoa CRA is anticipated to be approved next year. Construction is expected to take approximately two years.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the CRA's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information should be addressed to the Finance Director, 65 Stone St., Cocoa, FL 32922.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AND GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET

September 30, 2021

| Sopre | General Fund | | • | | | Statement of Net Position | | |
|---|-----------------|-------------|--------|---------|----|------------------------------|--|--|
| ASSETS | | | | | | | | |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | \$ | 3,193,699 | \$ | - | \$ | 3,193,699 | | |
| Prepaid items | | 6,878 | | - | | 6,878 | | |
| Deposits | | 4,350 | | - | | 4,350 | | |
| Deferred Charges | | 1,191,501 | | - | | 1,191,501 | | |
| Other Receivables | | 271,891 | | - | | 271,891 | | |
| Capital Assets | | | | | | - | | |
| Nondepreciable | | - | | 77,327 | | 77,327 | | |
| Depreciable, net | | - | 3,1 | 117,191 | | 3,117,191 | | |
| TOTAL ASSETS | | \$4,668,319 | \$3,1 | 194,518 | · | \$ 7,862,837 | | |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ | 18,727 | | - | | 18,727 | | |
| Accrued payroll and related liabilities | | 1,927 | | - | | 1,927 | | |
| Due to other governments | | 122,956 | | - | | 122,956 | | |
| Advance from other governments | | 1,801,391 | | | | 1,801,391 | | |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | | 1,945,001 | | | | 1,945,001 | | |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | | | | | | |
| Deferred inflow - Whitley Marina | | | | | | | | |
| Settlement Revenue | | 271,891 | (2 | 71,891) | | - | | |
| TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS | | | | | | | | |
| OF RESOURCES | | 271,891 | (2 | 71,891) | | - | | |
| FUND BALANCES/NET POSITION | | | | | | | | |
| Fund balances: | | | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable | | 6,878 | | (6,878) | | - | | |
| Restricted | | 2,444,544 | (2,4 | 44,544) | | - | | |
| TOTAL FUND BALANCES | | 2,451,422 | (2,4 | 51,422) | | - | | |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES | | \$4,668,319 | | | | | | |
| Net position: | | | | | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | | | 1.3 | 393,127 | | 1,393,127 | | |
| Restricted | | | | 524,709 | | 4,524,709 | | |
| | | | - | | Φ. | | | |
| TOTAL NET POSITION | | | \$ 5,9 | 917,836 | \$ | 5,917,836 | | |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND GOVERNMENTAL FUND REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

Year Ended September 30, 2021

| | General Fund | Adjustments (Note 2) | Statement of Activities |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| REVENUES | | | |
| Intergovernmental | \$ 1,398,502 | \$ - | \$ 1,398,502 |
| Investment Income | 16,096 | - | 16,096 |
| Miscellaneous Revenues | 41,955 | | 41,955 |
| TOTAL REVENUES | 1,456,553 | | 1,456,553 |
| EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES | | | |
| Economic Environment | 755,594 | - | 755,594 |
| Capital Outlay | 204,376 | (204,376) | - |
| Depreciation | | 227,770 | 227,770 |
| TOTAL EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES | 959,970 | 23,394 | 983,363 |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER | | | |
| (UNDER) EXPENDITURES | 496,583 | (496,583) | |
| CHANGE IN NET POSITION | - | 473,190 | 473,190 |
| FUND BALANCES/NET POSITION | | | |
| Beginning of the year | 1,954,844 | 3,489,802 | 5,444,646 |
| End of the year | \$ 2,451,427 | \$ 3,466,409 | \$ 5,917,836 |
| | | | |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ended September 30, 2021

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Financial Reporting Entity

The Cocoa Community Redevelopment Agency (the "CRA") is a blended component unit of the City of Cocoa, Florida (the "City") comprised of a seven-member governing board of the CRA consists of five City of Cocoa Council members and two additional members who reside or are engaged in business in the limits of the City.

The CRA was created pursuant to Section 163.356, Florida Statutes, through ordinances passed by the City and the County. It was created by City Resolution 10-81, dated April 14, 1981. Its primary activities include the rehabilitation, conservation, or redevelopment of slum or blighted areas within the City. The City provides accounting and administrative support to the CRA without charge; the CRA does not have personnel or administrative facilities.

Pursuant to Florida Statute 163.387, the CRA is funded primarily by incremental ad valorem tax revenues levied and remitted in amounts proportionate to property tax values for each participating entity. The CRA is economically dependent on such revenue.

The accounting policies of the CRA conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

These financial statements present the financial position and results of operations controlled by or dependent upon the CRA. In evaluating the CRA as a reporting entity, management has addressed all potential component units for which the CRA may or may not be financially accountable and, as such, be includable in the CRA's financial statements. No component units exist which would require inclusion in the CRA's financial statements.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The CRA has only governmental activities and only one function, and, as such, it is eligible for special-purpose financial statement presentation; accordingly, the government-wide financial statements are presented together with the governmental fund financial statements, described below, with an adjustment column presented to reconcile the two sets of statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ended September 30, 2021

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

Governmental Fund Financial Statements - The CRA has one governmental fund type, which is the General Fund. The General Fund is the primary operating fund used to account for all resources and operations. Governmental funds are accounted for on a "spending" or "financial flow" measurement focus. This means that only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. Governmental fund operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current position.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the CRA considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the CRA's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources, as they are needed. When both assigned and unassigned resources are available for use, it is the CRA's policy to use assigned resources first, then unassigned resources, as they are needed.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ended September 30, 2021

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Budgets and the Budgetary Process

The CRA's Board adopts an annual operating budget, which can be amended by the Board throughout the year.

At the fund level, actual expenditures cannot exceed the budgeted amounts; however, with proper approval by the Board, budgetary transfers between line items can be made.

The accompanying Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual for the General Fund reflects the original and final budget authorization amounts, which includes all amendments. Appropriations lapse at the close of the fiscal year.

The CRA's management cannot amend or transfer appropriations.

For the year ended September 30, 2021, the CRA's budget was prepared on a modified accrual basis.

Pooled Cash and Equivalents

Cash and equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Cash and equivalents are stated at fair value.

Capital Assets

Capital Assets purchased in the General Fund are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase. It is the policy of the CRA to capitalize property and equipment over \$5,000 or more for equipment or an individual cost of \$25,000 or more for buildings, improvements other than buildings, and infrastructure with an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Lesser amounts are expensed. The CRA does not have donated capital assets.

Depreciation has been recorded over the following estimated useful lives using the straight-line method.

| <u>Assets</u> | <u>Years</u> |
|----------------|--------------|
| Buildings | 30 |
| Infrastructure | 11 - 50 |
| Equipment | 3 - 20 |
| Vehicles | 5 - 20 |

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ended September 30, 2021

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Prepaids

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid, using the consumption method, in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. Expenditures are incurred during the period benefited by the prepayment.

Fund Balance

The CRA has classified governmental fund balances as follows:

- Nonspendable Fund Balance Amounts that are inherently not spendable because of their form (such as inventory) and/or that cannot be readily convertible to cash (such as prepaid assets or the long-term portion of loans receivable).
- <u>Restricted Fund Balance</u> Amounts that have externally enforceable limitations on their use. These amounts are constrained to the specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, or higher levels of government pursuant to enabling legislation, e.g., gas tax revenues that must be used for road repairs).

Estimates and Assumptions

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Receivables

All accounts receivable are shown net of allowance for uncollectible accounts.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ended September 30, 2021

NOTE 2 - RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Adjustments were made to include capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) and a deferred inflow related to the Whitley Marina Legal Settlement on the statement of net position. This resulted in a net difference between the ending General Fund balances and the total net position of \$3,489,802.

| Total fund balance | \$ 2,451,427 |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|
| Capital assets, net | 3,194,518 |
| Deferred inflow – Whitley Marina | 271,891 |
| Total net position | \$ 5,917,836 |

Adjustments were made to include depreciation expense and eliminate capital outlay expenditures, recognize unavailable revenue, and expense uncompleted project in CIP, on the statement of activities. This resulted in a net difference between "excess revenues over expenditures" and "change in net position" of \$35,552.

| Excess of revenues over expenditures | \$ 496,583 |
|--------------------------------------|------------|
| Capital outlay | 204,376 |
| Less: Depreciation expense | (227,769)_ |
| Change in net position | \$ 473,190 |

NOTE 3 - POOLED CASH AND EQUIVALENTS

The CRA's cash and equivalents account is combined with the pooled cash of the City. The City's cash accounts consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition, all of which were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by a multiple financial institution collateral pool pursuant to the Public Depository Security Act of the State of Florida. This Act requires that the City maintain deposits only in "qualified public depositories." All qualified public depositories must deposit with the State Treasurer eligible collateral in such amounts as required by the Act. In addition, qualified public depositories are required under the Act to assume mutual responsibility against loss caused by the default or insolvency of other qualified public depositories of the same type. Should a default or insolvency occur, the State Treasurer will implement procedures for payment of losses according to the validated claims of the City.

Earnings from the pooled funds are allocated to the CRA based on the CRA's proportionate share of the pool.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ended September 30, 2021

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in the CRA's capital assets during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021:

| | Balance October 1, 2020 | Additions and Transfers | Deletions and Transfers | Balance September 30, 2021 |
|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Governmental Activities | | | | |
| Land | \$4,980 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 4,980 |
| CIP | 191,742 | 59,196 | (178,591) | 72,347 |
| Total capital assets, not | | | | |
| being depreciated | 196,722 | 59,196 | (178,591) | 77,327 |
| Capital assets being depreciated: | | | | |
| Buildings | 521,897 | - | - | 521,897 |
| Equipment | 55,310 | 60,800 | - | 116,110 |
| Infrastructure | 3,754,508 | 262,972 | - | 4,017,480 |
| Less: Accumulated | | | | |
| depreciation | (1,310,526) | (227,780) | | (1,538,296) |
| Total capital assets being depreciated | 3,021,189 | 95,992 | | 3,117,191 |
| Total capital assets | \$ 3,217,911 | \$ 155,188 | \$ (178,591) | \$ 3,194,518 |

Depreciation expense amounted to \$227,769 during fiscal year 2021, which is included on the statement of activities.

NOTE 5 - ADVANCE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

The balance due to the City by the Cocoa Redevelopment Agency Fund represents a loan to pay for the purchase of certain real property within the boundaries of the redevelopment area.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ended September 30, 2021

NOTE 6 - LITIGATION

The City was involved in a lawsuit filed by the Petitioner against the Florida Department of Environmental Protection and the City to obtain a 25-year sovereign submerged land lease related to a boardwalk and promenade constructed jointly by the City and the Petitioner. On November 8, 2005, the parties reached a settlement agreement whereby the Petitioner agreed to reimburse the City for its portion of construction costs in the amount of \$607,837 to be paid in installments through 2009. In accordance with the settlement agreement, the City received \$135,946 and \$200,000 during 2007 and 2006, respectively. During 2008, the Petitioner suspended payments, as the note payable to the City is subordinate to other debt of the Petitioner. At such time as the priority debt is paid by the Petitioner, they will resume payments to the City. A receivable for the remaining amount due, \$271,891, is recorded as of September 30, 2021 in the CRA fund as a settlement receivable. The related revenue has been deferred in the governmental fund financial statements, as it is not collectible soon enough to pay liabilities of the current period.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

| | Budgeted Amounts | | | Actual Amounts | | Variance with Final Budget | | |
|--|-------------------------|-----------------|----|-------------------|----|----------------------------|----|----------|
| | Original Final | | | | | | | |
| GENERAL FUND | | | | | | | | |
| Revenues: | | | | | | | | |
| Intergovernmental | \$ | 1,471,623 | \$ | 1,471,623 | \$ | 1,398,502 | \$ | (73,121) |
| Investment Income | | - | | - | | 16,096 | | 16,096 |
| Miscellaneous Revenues | | 42,248 | | 42,248 | | 41,955 | | (293) |
| TOTAL REVENUES | | 1,513,871 | | 1,513,871 | | 1,456,553 | | (57,318) |
| EXPENDITURES Current: | | | | | | | | |
| Economic Environment | | 1,073,336 | | 954,974 | | 755,594 | | 199,380 |
| Depreciation | | | | 260,911 | | 204,376 | | 56,535 |
| TOTAL EXPENDITURES | | 1,073,336 | | 1,215,885 | | 959,970 | | 255,915 |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES | | 440,535 | | 297,986 | | 496,583 | | 198,597 |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE | | 440,535 | | 297,986 | | 496,583 | | 198,597 |
| FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING | | 1,641,264 | | 1,163,682 | | 1,954,844 | | |
| FUND BALANCE - ENDING | \$ | 2,081,799 ED | \$ | 1,461,668 | \$ | 2,451,427 | \$ | 198,597 |
| | | | | | | | | |

COMPLIANCE SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Commissioners
Cocoa Community Redevelopment Agency

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Cocoa Community Redevelopment Agency (the "CRA") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the CRA's financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated May 18, 2022.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the CRA's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the CRA's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the CRA's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow man-agement or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

To the Board of Commissioners
Cocoa Community Redevelopment Agency

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the CRA's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, grant agreements and contracts, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests dis-closed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Pursuant to provisions of Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*, we reported certain matters to management of the CRA in a separate management letter and Independent Accountant's Report dated May 18, 2022.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the CRA's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

MSL, P.A.

Certified Public Accountants

Orlando, Florida May 27, 2022



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT

To the Board of Commissioners
Cocoa Community Redevelopment Agency

We have examined the Cocoa Community Redevelopment Agency's (the "CRA") compliance with the requirements of Sections 163.387(6) and (7) and 218.415, Florida Statutes, during the year ended September 30, 2021. Management is responsible for the CRA's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the CRA's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examina-tion to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the CRA is in accordance with those requirements, in all material respects. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about the CRA's compliance with those requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the CRA's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the CRA complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2021.

MSL, P.A.

Certified Public Accountants

Orlando, Florida May 18, 2022



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S MANAGEMENT LETTER

To the Board of Commissioners
Cocoa Community Redevelopment Agency

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the basic financial statements of the Cocoa Community Redevelopment Agency (the "CRA") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and have issued our report thereon dated May 18, 2022.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, and Independent Accountant's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated May 18, 2022 should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no recommendations made in the preceding audit report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The legal authority is dis-closed in the notes to the financial statements.

To the Board of Commissioners
Cocoa Community Redevelopment Agency

Financial Condition

Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), *Rules of the Auditor General*, require that we apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the CRA has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the CRA did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the CRA. It is management's responsibility to monitor the CRA's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Special District Component Units

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.c., Rules of the Auditor General, requires, if appropriate, that we communicate the failure of a special district that is a component unit of a county, municipality, or special district, to provide the financial information necessary for proper reporting of the component unit within the audited financial statements of the county, municipality, or special district in accordance with Section 218.38(3)(b), Florida Statues. In connection with our audit, we did not note any special district compon-ent units that failed to provide the necessary information for proper reporting in accordance with Section 218.39(3) (b), Florida Statutes.

Specific information of the CRA, a dependent district of the City of Cocoa, Florida, that is required by Section 218.39(3)(c), Florida Statutes, and Section 10.544(1)(i)6, *Rules of the Auditor General*, is reported in the City of Cocoa's management letter for the year ended September 30, 2021.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, federal and other granting agencies, the CRA Board Members, and applicable management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

MSL, P.A.

Certified Public Accountants