September 30, 2021

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS TOGETHER WITH REPORTS OF INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

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REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

Board of Commissioners Fort Myers Beach Fire Control District Fort Myers Beach, FL

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Fort Myers Beach Fire Control District, (the "District") as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities of the District as of September 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information, and other required supplementary information, as provided in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated March 4, 2022 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters included under the heading INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS.

The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Ashley, Brown & Smith, CPAs

Punta Gorda, Florida March 4, 2022

Fort Myers Beach Fire Control District

Management's Discussion and Analysis

(unaudited)

This discussion and analysis of the Fort Myers Beach Fire Control District (the "District") financial statements is designed to introduce the basic financial statements and provide an analytical overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. The basic financial statements are comprised of the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements, and footnotes. We hope this will assist readers in identifying significant financial issues and changes in the District's financial position.

Financial Highlights

- At the close of the fiscal year the District's assets exceeded its liabilities, resulting in a net position of \$6,909,711.
- The District's total net position increased \$3,456,755 or 100.1%
- The District assigned/committed fund balance was 66% or \$6,864,420 of the District's total fund balance of \$10,400,208 at yearend. Additional information relating to fund balance can be found in Note I on page 32.
- Total revenues increased \$917,152, or 6.8%, in comparison to the prior year.
- Total expenses decreased \$2,069,451 or 15.9%, in comparison to the prior year.

Government-wide Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements (Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities found on pages 7 and 8) are intended to allow a reader to assess a government's operational accountability. Operational accountability is defined as the extent to which the government has met its operating objectives efficiently and effectively, using all resources available for that purpose, and whether it can continue to meet its objectives for the foreseeable future. Government-wide financial statements concentrate on the District as a whole and do not emphasize fund types.

The *Statement of Net Position* (Page 7) presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. The District's capital assets (property, plant and equipment) are included in this statement and reported net of their accumulated depreciation.

The *Statement of Activities* (Page 8) presents revenue and expense information showing how the District's net position changed during the fiscal year. Both statements are measured and reported using the economic resource measurement focus (revenues and expenses) and the accrual basis of accounting (revenue recognized when earned and expense recognized when a liability is incurred).

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

The accounts of the District are organized on the basis of governmental funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity or retained earnings, revenues, and expenditures. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Governmental fund financial statements (pages 9 and 11) are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting using the current financial resources measurement focus. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available as net current assets.

Fiduciary Funds

The Fiduciary fund (pages 13 and 14) is used to account for resources held in the Retiree Insurance Trust (VEBA) for the benefit of retired District employees. The fiduciary fund is not reflected in the governmentwide financial statements because the resources of the VEBA fund are not available to support the District's programs.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The *notes* to the financial statements explain in detail the data contained in the preceding statements and begin on page 15. These notes are essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

The government-wide financial statements were designed so that the user could determine if the District is in a better or worse financial condition from the prior year.

The following is a condensed summary of net position for the primary government for fiscal years 2021 and 2020:

Fort Myers Beach Fire Control District Summary of Net Position September 30, 2021 and 2020

Assets:	2021	2020
Current and other assets	\$ 10,864,669	\$ 8,131,766
Capital assets, net	12,374,888	12,842,915
Total Assets	23,239,557	20,974,681
Deferred outflows of resources - pensions	4,445,499	7,066,128
Liabilities:		
Current liabilities	759,094	752,417
Non-current Liabilities	9,762,103	23,216,060
Total liabilities	10,521,197	23,968,477
Deferred inflows of resources - pensions	10,254,148	619,376
Net position:		
Net investment in capital assets	11,086,167	11,267,748
Unrestricted (deficit)	(4,176,456)	(7,814,792)
Total net position	\$ 6,909,711	\$ 3,452,956

Current and other assets represent 46.8% of the total assets for fiscal year 2021. Current assets were comprised of cash and cash equivalents of \$2,088,488, investments of \$7,832,174, due from other governments of \$128,464, net receivables from ambulance transports of \$205,187, prepaid expenses of \$610,356.

Capital assets, net of depreciation, was \$12,374,888. Capital assets are comprised of land, buildings, equipment, and vehicles, net of accumulated depreciation. The unrestricted net position (deficit) of \$4,176,456 represents available resources to be used at the District's discretion.

The District has assigned \$6,864,420 of the General Fund fund balance for purposes such as disaster, equipment sustainment, building improvements, millage stabilization and post-employment benefits. On a Governmental fund-basis the District had a total – General Fund – fund balance of \$10,400,208.

Current liabilities at September 30, 2021 are comprised of accounts payable, accrued expenses and unearned revenue of \$464,461 and the current portion of long-term liabilities of \$294,633. Non-current liabilities are comprised of notes and leases payable of \$994,088, a Net OPEB obligation of \$4,106,052, compensated absences of \$427,353, and net pension liability of \$4,234,610. Total liabilities decreased \$13,447,280 or 56.1%, in comparison to the prior year. Additional information relating to long-term liabilities can be found in note F on pages 29-30.

The following schedule reports the revenues, expenses, and changes in net position for the District for fiscal years 2021 and 2020:

Fort Myers Beach Fire Control District

Summary of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

Years ended September 30, 2021 and 2020

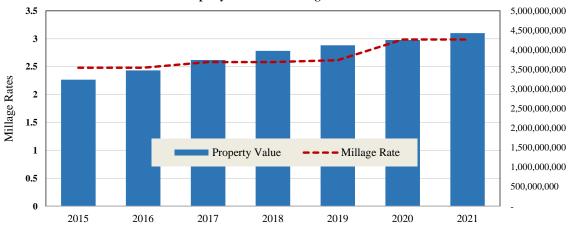
Revenues:	2021	2020
General Revenues		
Property taxes	\$ 12,835,065	\$ 12,322,291
Miscellaneous		
Impact fees	42,182	2,117
Interest	14,262	123,678
Other	224,568	62,588
Program Revenues		
Charges for services		
Ambulance	736,101	583,054
Inspection fees	407,305	310,967
Grants and contribuitions	178,066	115,702
Total Revenues	14,437,549	13,520,397
Expenses:		
Public Safety - Fire and Rescue Services	10,980,794	13,050,245
Increase (decrease) in net position	3,456,755	470,152
Net Position - Beginning of the year	3,452,956	2,982,804
Net Position - End of the year	\$ 6,909,711	\$ 3,452,956

In comparison to the prior year:

- Total revenues increased \$917,152, or 6.8%.
- Total expenses decreased \$2,069,451 or 15.9%.
- Assessed property values increased \$177,176,365 or 4.2%.
- Ad Valorem tax revenues increased \$512,774 or 4.2%.
- Impact fee revenues increased \$40,065 or 1892.5%.

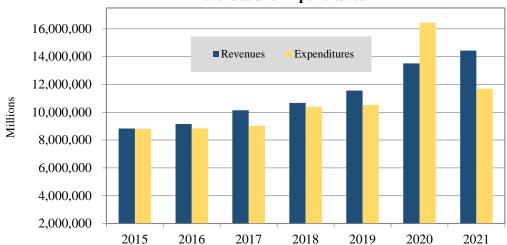
The District adopted a millage rate of 2.9851 mills per thousand, unchanged from the prior year. Property taxes represent 88.9% of total revenue.

The following chart compares the change in property value and millage rates for the past seven years:



Property Values and Millage Assessed

The following chart compares revenues and expenditures for the past seven years:



Revenues and Expenditures

Property Values

Budgetary Highlights

The following is a brief review of noteworthy budgeting changes from the original budget to the final budget for the General Fund (see supplementary information on pages 48-51). The final budget increased \$265,795, or 1.2% from the original budget. The increase to fund balance is a result of final accounting for the prior fiscal year and applied to designated reserves for equipment and building replacement.

Budget versus actual comparisons are reported in the required supplementary information other than management discussion and analysis on pages 48-51.

Capital Assets

Non-depreciable capital assets include land; depreciable assets include buildings, vehicles, equipment, furniture and fixtures.

The following is a schedule of the District's capital assets as of September 30, 2021 and 2020:

Fort Myers Beach Fire Control District Capital Assets September 30, 2021 and 2020

CAPITAL ASSETS	2021	2020
Land	\$ 5,437,744	\$ 5,437,744
Total Capital Assets not depreciated	5,437,744	5,437,744
Buildings	6,777,961	6,730,798
Vehicles	3,746,065	3,679,206
Equipment	1,526,688	1,437,113
Total Capital Assets being depreciated	12,050,714	11,847,117
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION		
Buildings	(2,442,418)	(2,264,551)
Vehicles	(1,636,309)	(1,290,577)
Equipment	(1,034,843)	(886,818)
Total accumulated depreciation	(5,113,570)	(4,441,946)
CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	\$ 12,374,888	\$ 12,842,915

Major capital asset purchases during the current fiscal year included the following:

- MedStat 500 Ambulance (beach accessible) at a cost of \$66,859.
- Communications equipment and radio software upgrades at a cost of \$48,630.
- Bay doors for Station 33 at a cost of \$40,813.
- Computers and security equipment at a cost of \$13,580.

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note E on page 28.

Debt Administration

The District's outstanding debt is comprised of notes and leases payable, compensated absences, a net OPEB (other post-employment benefit) obligation for retiree health insurance and net pension liability. The following is a summary schedule of the District's outstanding debt at September 30, 2021 and 2020:

Fort Myers Beach Fire Control District Debt Obligations September 30, 2021 and 2020

	2021	2020
Net pension liability	\$ 4,234,610	\$ 16,494,454
Notes and leases payable	1,288,721	1,575,167
Compensated Absences	427,353	471,225
Net OPEB obligation	4,106,052	4,961,660
Total outstanding debt	\$ 10,056,736	\$ 23,502,506

Compensated absences decreased by \$43,872 or 9.3% in comparison to the prior year. This liability represents the total amount the District has due at the termination of all employees' employment as of September 30, 2021. Notes and leases payable decreased by \$286,446 or 18.2% in comparison to the prior year. Net pension liability decreased by \$12,259,844 or 74.3% in comparison to the prior year. Net Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB) decreased by \$855,608 or 17.2% in comparison to the prior year.

Additional information on the District's debt obligations can be found in Note F on pages 29-30.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

The following factors were considered when next year's budget (2021-2022) was adopted:

- Overall property values within the District increased \$532,623,429 or 4.92% to \$4,647,261,505.
- The District adopted the millage rate of 2.9851, unchanged from the prior year, with the intention of allocating a portion of additional revenues generated by increased property values to fund personnel increases and the Station 31/Headquarters building project.

Request for information

This financial report is designed to provide the reader an overview of the District. Questions regarding any information provided in this report should be directed to: Fort Myers Beach Fire Control District, Jane Thompson, Director of Finance and Administrative Services, 100 Voorhis Street, Fort Myers, Florida, 33931, phone (239) 590-4200.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION September 30, 2021

	Governmental Activities	
ASSETS		
Current Assets:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 2,082,848	
Cash and Cash Equivalents - restricted	5,640	
Investments	7,832,174	
Due from Other Governments	128,464	
Receivables, net	205,187	
Prepaid Expenses	610,356	
Total Current Assets	10,864,669	
Noncurrent Assets:		
Capital Assets:		
Land	5,437,744	
Depreciable Buildings, Equipment, and Vehicles		
(Net of \$5,113,570 Accumulated Depreciation)	6,937,144	
Total Noncurrent Assets	12,374,888	
TOTAL ASSETS	23,239,557	
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES	4,445,499	
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	27,685,056	
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable	113,573	
Accrued Expenses	345,248	
Unearned Revenue	5,640	
Current Portion of Long-Term Obligations	294,633	
Total Current Liabilities	759,094	
Noncurrent Liabilities:		
Noncurrent Portion of Long-Term Obligations	9,762,103	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	10,521,197	
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES	10,254,148	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	20,775,345	
NET POSITION		
	11 006 167	
Investment in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt Unrestricted (deficit)	11,086,167	
	(4,176,456)	
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 6,909,711	

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Governmental Activities
PROGRAM EXPENSES	
Governmental Activities	
Public Safety - Fire Protection	
Personal Services	\$ 8,526,332
Operating Expenses	1,737,344
Interest and Fiscal Charges	45,494
Depreciation	671,624
TOTAL PROGRAM EXPENSES	10,980,794
PROGRAM REVENUES	
Charges for Services	
Ambulance	736,101
Inspection Fees	407,305
Operating Grants and Contributions	178,066
TOTAL PROGRAM REVENUES	1,321,472
NET PROGRAM EXPENSES	9,659,322
GENERAL REVENUES	
Ad Valorem Taxes	12,835,065
Impact Fees	42,182
Interest	14,262
Other	224,568
TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES	13,116,077
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET POSITION	3,456,755
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	3,452,956
NET POSITION, END OF THE YEAR	\$ 6,909,711

BALANCE SHEET September 30, 2021

	 General Fund
ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 2,082,848
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Restricted	5,640
Investments	7,832,174
Due from Other Governments	128,464
Receivables, net	205,187
Prepaid Expenses	 610,356
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 10,864,669
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	\$ 113,573
Accrued Expenses	345,248
Unearned Revenue	 5,640
TOTAL LIABILITIES	 464,461
FUND BALANCES	
Nonspendable	610,356
Assigned	6,864,420
Unassigned	2,925,432
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	 10,400,208
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 10,864,669

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION -GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2021

Total fund balances for governmental funds		\$ 10,400,208
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land		5,437,744
Capital assets being depreciated:		
Building, equipment, and vehicles	\$ 12,050,714	
Less: accumulated depreciation	(5,113,570)	6,937,144
Deferred outflows of resources are not recognized in the general fund; however, they are recorded in the statement of net position under full accrual accounting:		
OPEB (VEBA) Assumptions	197,725	
OPEB (Non-VEBA) Assumptions	970,843	
Pension Assumptions	3,276,931	4,445,499
Deferred inflows of resources are not recognized in the general fund; however, they are recorded in the statement of net position under full accrual accounting: OPEB (VEBA) Assumptions OPEB (Non-VEBA) Assumptions	(136,387) (1,018,748)	
Pension Assumptions	(1,018,748) (9,099,013)	(10,254,148)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(9,099,013)	(10,234,146)
Notes Payable	(227,795)	
Capital Leases	(1,060,926)	
Compensated Absences	(427,353)	
Net Pension Liability - FRS	(2,239,783)	
Net Pension Liability - HIS	(1,994,827)	
Net OPEB Liability	(4,106,052)	(10,056,736)
Total net position of governmental activities	<u>`</u>	\$ 6,909,711

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	 General Fund
REVENUES	
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$ 12,835,065
Intergovernmental Revenue:	
Firefighters Supplemental Income	20,773
State & Federal Grants	157,293
Charges for Services:	
Ambulance Transport	736,101
Inspection Fees	407,305
Impact Fees	42,182
Interest Income	14,262
Other income:	
Donations	5,020
Miscellaneous	 219,548
TOTAL REVENUES	 14,437,549
EXPENDITURES	
Public Safety	
Personal Services	9,430,256
Operating Expenditures	1,737,344
Capital Outlay	203,596
Debt Service:	
Principal Reduction	286,446
Interest and Fiscal Charges	 45,494
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	 11,703,136
EXCESS OF REVENUES	
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 2,734,413
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	2,734,413
FUND BALANCES - October 1, 2020	 7,665,795
FUND BALANCES - September 30, 2021	\$ 10,400,208

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Net change (expenditures in excess of revenues and other financing sources) in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 2,734,413
The increase (change) in net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
Plus: Expenditures for capital assets	\$ 203,596	
Less: Current year depreciation expense	(671,624)	(468,028)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to increase net position.		
The issuance of debt is reported as a financing source in governmental funds and thus contribute to the change in fund balance. In the statement of net position, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the statement of activities. Similarly, repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds but reduces the liability in the statement of net position.		
Repayments (principal retirement):		
Notes Payable	132,936	
Capital Leases	153,510	286,446
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental fund.		
Decrease in pension and OPEB expense related to amortization of		
deferred inflows and deferred outflows	860,052	
Decrease in compensated absences	43,872	 903,924
Increase (decrease) in net position of governmental activities		\$ 3,456,755

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION September 30, 2021

	Retiree Insurance Trust Fund VEBA Plan	
ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	12,079
Investments, at Fair Value:		
Domestic Equities - Common Stock & Options		900,450
Fixed Income Corporate Bonds		302,478
Government & GSE Bonds		190,746
TOTAL ASSETS		1,405,753
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION		
NET POSITION		
Held In Trust for VEBA Retiree Health Insurance Benefits		1,405,753
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	1,405,753

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION -For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Т	Retiree Insurance Trust Fund VEBA Plan	
ADDITIONS			
Employer Contributions	\$	22,906	
Investment Income:			
Net Realized Gain		25,441	
Net Unrealized Gain/(Loss)		209,308	
Interest and Dividends		18,375	
		253,124	
Less: Investment Expense		(11,461)	
Net Investment Income		241,663	
TOTAL ADDITIONS		264,569	
DEDUCTIONS			
Benefits Paid		97,971	
Administrative Expenses		19,351	
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS		117,322	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		147,247	
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF THE YEAR		1,258,506	
NET POSITION - END OF THE YEAR	\$	1,405,753	

NOTE A - ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organization

Fort Myers Beach Fire Control District (the "District") is an independent special district established on May 1, 1951, by Laws of Florida, Chapter 51-27676, as amended, under the provisions of Florida Statute Chapter 633. Laws of Florida, Chapter 2000-422 codified, reenacted, amended and repealed its prior enabling acts and was effective June 5, 2000. The District's codified act was amended by Laws of Florida, Chapter 2008-275 which was approved by the Governor on June 17, 2008. This law approved a change in District boundaries by removing certain lands from within the District. The District has the general and special powers prescribed by Florida Statutes Chapters 189, 191 and 633.15 as well as Laws of Florida, Chapter 97-340. The District was created for the purpose of providing fire control and protection services for a certain designated area along coastal Lee County. The District also provides emergency medical and crash and rescue services including transport (ambulance) services. The District's service area includes the Town of Fort Myers Beach and certain adjacent areas of unincorporated Lee County. The District is governed by an at-large elected five (5) member Board of Commissioners serving staggered four (4) year terms. The District operates three (3) stations plus its administrative offices.

During the year ended September 30, 2008, the District established The Retiree Health Insurance Trust Fund Plan Voluntary Employee Benefit Association (VEBA) for those who retired on or after October 1, 2008. This is presented as a fiduciary fund in the financial statements.

Reporting Entity

The District adheres to Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 14, "Financial Reporting Entity" (GASB 14), as amended by GASB Statement Number 39, "Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units" (GASB 39) and GASB Statement Number 61, "The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus - An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34" (GASB 61).

These Statements require the basic financial statements of the District (the primary government) to include its component units, if any. A component unit is a legally separate organization for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. Based on the criteria established in GASB 14, as amended, there are no component units required to be included. Therefore, no component units are included in the District's basic financial statements.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These statements report financial information for the District as a whole. Individual funds are not displayed, but the statements distinguish governmental activities, generally supported by intergovernmental and general revenues.

NOTE A - ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements, continued

The statement of activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the functional program. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. Program revenues include: (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, series, or privileges provided by a given function; and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operating activities or capital improvements of a particular function. Program revenues are considered to be revenues generated by services performed and/or by fees charged, such as inspection and ambulance fees, as well as operating and capital grants. Taxes and other revenue sources not properly included with program revenues are reported as general revenue.

The purpose of the government-wide financial statements is to allow the user to be able to determine if the District is in a better or worse financial position than the prior year.

The accounts of the District are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity or retained earnings, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Fund financial statements for the District's governmental and fiduciary funds are presented after the government-wide financial statements. These statements display information about major funds individually and nonmajor funds in aggregate for governmental funds. The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund and only governmental fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District, including any impact fees collected.

The insurance trust fund (VEBA) accounts for the activities of the Retiree Insurance Trust, which accumulates resources for the payment of post-employment benefits other than pension for qualified retirees. This fiduciary fund is not reported in the government-wide financial statements, as the assets in this fund are held in trust for retirees and are not available for the operations of the District.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP). The District's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements.

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the basic financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

NOTE A - ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation, continued

Government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements have been met.

Amounts paid to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets in the government-wide financial statements, rather than reported as expenditures. Proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as liabilities in the government-wide financial statements, rather than as other financing sources. Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness of the reporting government are reported as a reduction of the related liability in the government-wide financial statements, rather than as expenditures.

Non-current governmental assets, such as land and buildings, and non-current governmental liabilities, such as notes payable and capital leases, to be reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide Statement of Net Position.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period.

Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period and soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers tax revenues to be available if they are collected within sixty days of the end of the current fiscal period.

Revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, ambulance fees, interest on investments, and intergovernmental revenues. Property taxes are recorded as revenues in the fiscal year in which they are levied, provided they are collected in the current period or within sixty days thereafter. Interest on invested funds and ambulance fees are recognized when earned. Intergovernmental revenues that are reimbursements for specific purposes or projects are recognized when all eligibility requirements are met.

Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred. Exceptions to this general rule include: (1) principal and interest on the long-term debt, if any, which is recognized when due; and (2) expenditures, which are generally not divided between years by the recording of prepaid expenditures.

NOTE A - ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation, continued

The Fiduciary Fund - The Retiree Health Insurance Trust Fund Plan Voluntary Employee Benefit Association (VEBA) for those who retired on or after October 1, 2008 financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting and the economic resources measurement focus. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable.

Restricted assets and liabilities related to restricted assets which are current in nature are reported with current assets and current liabilities in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

Net Position

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted –net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

Net position in the government-wide fund financial statements are classified as net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted. Restricted net positions represent constraints on resources that are either a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or b) imposed by law through state statute.

Fund Balances

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are combined in a fund, expenditures are considered to be paid first from restricted resources, as appropriate, and then from unrestricted resources. The governmental fund financial statements the District maintains include nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned fund balances. Nonspendable fund balances are those that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Criteria include items that are not expected to be converted into cash, for example prepaid expenses.

The District's restricted fund balance consists of amounts that can be spent only on specific purposes stipulated by constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed fund balance consists of amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to resolution of the District Board. Committed fund balance may be redirected by the District Board to other purposes as long as the original constraint is removed by a similar resolution.

NOTE A - ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

Fund Balances, continued

The resolution giving rise to the committed fund balance must be imposed by the end of the fiscal year.

The District's assigned fund balances are a result of the District's Board approval. The District's intent is to maintain a minimum assigned fund balance level of three (3) months of prior year total expenditures. The assigned fund balance will serve as the District's operational reserve to carry the District's operations from October 1 through December 31 of the subsequent fiscal year. The Board's intent is to hold an assigned capital asset reserve for future capital asset needs as well as assigned fund balance amounts for disaster events (30 days all-out response). At September 30, 2021, fund balance is also assigned for a variety of specific items by District Board action. Any use of the assigned fund balance requires the District's Board approval.

Unassigned fund balance is fund balance that has not been reported in any other classification within the General Fund.

Impact Fees

Through an interlocal agreement, the District levies an impact fee on new construction within the District. The intent of the fee is for growth within the District to pay for capital improvements needed due to the growth. The fee is collected by both Lee County and the Town of Fort Myers Beach and is remitted to the District. The fee is refundable if not expended by the District within twenty (20) years from the date of collection. The District, therefore, records this fee as restricted cash and as unearned revenue, in the general fund, until the date of expenditure, at which time it is recognized as revenue and charged to growth related debt service in the fund financial statements and debt reduction in the government-wide financial statements.

During the year ended September 30, 2013, the District resolved to eliminate the Impact Fee Fund due to the small amount of impact fees collected annually. Impact fees imposed and collected by Lee County and the Town of Fort Myers Beach are based on new construction within the District. The fees are restricted and can only be used for certain capital expenditures and/or related debt associated with growth within the District. Any amounts collected are applied to the debt service of previously approved debt.

Investments

The District adheres to the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement Number 31, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools" (GASB 31), in which all investments are reported at fair value, other than those included in GASB Statement Number 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants," in which investments are reported at amortized cost. GASB Statement 40 "Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 3," and GASB Statement Number 72, "Fair Value Measurement and Application." Specifically, the District has adopted a policy to adhere to Chapter 218.415(17), Florida Statutes.

NOTE A - ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

Investments, continued

Investments held by the Retiree Health Insurance Trust Fund Plan Voluntary Employee Benefit Association (VEBA) for those who retired on or after October 1, 2008 may include marketable securities, bonds, time deposits, mutual funds, money market funds and depository accounts. On November 28, 2008, the VEBA fund adopted a separate investment policy from that of the District which was intended to be in compliance with Florida Statute Chapter 218.415(1-16).

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, vehicles, and equipment, are reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position, and are capitalized and depreciated. Expenditures for capital assets are recorded in the fund statements as current expenditures.

The District follows a capitalization policy which calls for capitalization of all capital assets that have a cost or donated value of \$1,000 or more and have a useful life in excess of one year.

All capital assets are valued at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are valued at acquisition value on the date donated. Public domain (infrastructure) capital assets consisting of certain improvements other than building, including curbs, gutters and drainage systems, are not capitalized, as the District generally does not acquire such assets. No debt-related interest expense is capitalized as part of capital assets.

Maintenance, repairs and minor renovations are not capitalized. The acquisition of land and construction projects utilizing resources received from Federal and State agencies is capitalized when the related expenditure is incurred. Expenditures that materially increase values, change capacities, or extend useful lives are capitalized. Upon sale or retirement, the cost is eliminated from the respective accounts.

Depreciable capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset	Years
Buildings and Improvements	20 - 40
Vehicles	5 - 20
Equipment	3 - 20

Compensated Absences

The District's employees accumulate annual leave based on the number of years of continuous service. Upon termination of employment, employees can receive payment of accumulated annual leave if certain criteria are met. The cost of personal leave benefits (compensated absences) are expended in the respective operating funds when payments are made to employees. However, the liability for all accrued personal leave benefits is recorded in the government-wide Statement of Net Position.

NOTE A - ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

Retirement Plans and Post Employment Benefits other than Pension (OPEB) Plans

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, liabilities are recognized for the District's proportionate share of each pension plan's net pension liability, the net OPEB liability for the Retiree Health Insurance Trust Fund Plan Voluntary Employee Benefit Association (VEBA) for those who retired on or after October 1, 2008, and the total OPEB liability for the OPEB for those who retired on or before September 30, 2008 and the Implicit Subsidy of the District. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Florida Retirement System (FRS) and the Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) defined benefit plan and additions to/deductions from fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plans. For this purpose, benefit payments, (including refunds of employees contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability and total OPEB liability of the District's two OPEB plans: The Retiree Health Insurance Trust Fund Plan Voluntary Employee Benefit Association (VEBA) for those who retired on or after October 1, 2008 (the "VEBA Plan") and OPEB for those who retired on or before September 30, 2008 and the Implicit Subsidy of the District (the Non-VEBA Plan"), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the plan, if applicable, and additions to/deductions from fiduciary net position of the plan, if applicable, have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plans. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

The District's retirement plans and OPEB plans and related amounts are described in a subsequent note.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized an as outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The deferred amount on pensions and OPEB is reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB are discussed in a subsequent note.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The deferred amount on pensions and OPEB is reported only in the government-wide Statement of Net Position.

NOTE A - ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, continued

A deferred amount on pension and OPEB results from the difference in the expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions, the net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments, employer specific amounts due to a change in employer proportion, and contributions subsequent to the measurement date. These amounts are deferred and amortized over time.

Budgetary Information

The District has elected to report budgetary comparison of major funds as required supplementary information (RSI).

The District has adopted an annual budget for the General Fund.

No budget was legally required for the Retiree Health Insurance Trust Fund Plan Voluntary Employee Benefit Association (VEBA) for those who retired on or after October 1, 2008

The District follows these procedures in establishing budgetary data for the General Fund:

- 1. During the summer of each year, the District Fire Chief submits to the Board of Commissioners a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing on the upcoming October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. The budget is adopted by approval of the Board of Commissioners.
- 4. Budget amounts, as shown in these financial statements, are as originally adopted or as amended by the Board of Commissioners.
- 5. The budget is adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.
- 6. The level of control for appropriations is exercised at the fund level.
- 7. Appropriations lapse at year-end.

NOTE A - ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is not employed by the District because, at present, it is not necessary in order to assure effective budgetary control or to facilitate effective cash planning and control.

Management Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Subsequent Events

Subsequent events have been evaluated through March 4, 2022, which is the date the basic financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTE B - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The District's deposit policy is in accordance with Florida Statute Chapter 218.415(17). At September 30, 2021, the District maintained deposits in checking accounts and money market savings accounts. These deposits were entirely covered during the year and at year-end by federal depository insurance or by collateral pursuant to the Public Depository Security Act of the State of Florida (Florida Statute Chapter 280). District depositories are banks designated as qualified depositories by the State Treasurer. As of September 30, 2021, the carrying amount of the District's deposits including investments in the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund- PRIME ("PRIME") administered by the Florida State Board of Administration ("SBA"), but exclusive of the Retiree Insurance Trust Fund VEBA was \$7,832,174, the bank balance was \$9,920,361 and cash on hand was \$300. Restricted cash consisted of \$5,640.

The Retiree Health Insurance Trust Fund Plan Voluntary Employee Benefit Association (VEBA) for those who retired on or after October 1, 2008, as later defined, held restricted cash and cash equivalents of \$12,079 (book and bank balance as well as deposits), at September 30, 2021, in a money market fund. This cash account is not subject to coverage under the Federal Depository Insurance (FDIC) or by collateral pursuant to the Public Depository Security Act of the State of Florida (Florida Statute 280).

NOTE C - INVESTMENTS

District Investments

Florida Statutes and District policy authorize investments in PRIME, an external 2a7-like investment pool. The Fund is publicly traded and may lose principal. PRIME is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but nevertheless has a policy that it will, and does, operate as a qualifying external investment pool. PRIME has a Standard & Poor's rating of AAAm at September 30, 2021 and meets all of the necessary criteria to elect to measure all of the investments in PRIME at amortized cost. In terms of interest rate risk, PRIME had a weighted average days to maturity (WAM) of 37 days and a weighted average life (WAL) of 85 days at September 30, 2021. PRIME was not exposed to any foreign currency risk nor did it participate in a securities lending program during the period from October 1, 2020 through September 30, 2021. There are currently no limitations as to the frequency of redemptions; however, PRIME has the ability to impose restrictions on withdrawals should a material event occur. Detailed information on the withdrawal restrictions that may be imposed and PRIME's responsibilities should such an event occur is described in Section 218.409(8)(a), Florida Statutes.

The District's investment in PRIME represented less than 1% of the PRIME's total investments. Investments held in PRIME include, but are not limited to, short-term federal agency obligations, treasury bills, repurchase agreements and commercial paper. These short-term investments are stated at cost, which approximates market. Investment income is recognized as earned and is allocated to participants of the Fund based on their equity participation.

At September 30, 2021, the District reported PRIME investments of \$7,832,174 at amortized cost.

The Retiree Health Insurance Trust Fund Plan Voluntary Employee Benefit Association (VEBA) for those who retired on or after October 1, 2008 (the "VEBA Plan")

Cash and cash equivalents and investments of the VEBA Plan totaled \$12,079 and \$1,393,674 respectively, at September 30, 2021. Such investments are controlled by the VEBA Plan's Board policy.

VEBA Plan Investment Authorization

The VEBA Plan's investment policy is determined by its Board of Trustees. The policy provides for the use of investment managers to oversee the investments of the Fund in a manner so that the assets will provide benefits to the participants and preserve capital while maximizing the rate of return.

The policy establishes certain investment objectives and asset class targets. The VEBA Plan is expected to earn a return over time exceeding the target rate of 7%. In addition, the VEBA Plan should earn a return greater than inflation, as measured by the Consumer Price Index, by 4% per year.

NOTE C - INVESTMENTS, CONTINUED

The Board of Trustees adopted the following asset class targets, based on market value:

	% Range	% Target
Large cap value equity	18.25-13.25%	15.75%
Large cap growth equity	18.25-13.25%	15.75%
SMID cap equity	17.00-12.50%	15.00%
International equity	18.50-13.50%	16.00%
Fixed income	32.50-22.50%	27.50%
Master limited partnership	15.00-0.00%	10.00%
		100.00%

VEBA Plan Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to change in market interest rates. As a means of limiting its exposure to interest rate risk, the VEBA Plan diversifies its investments by security type and institution, and limits holdings in any one type of investment with any one issuer with various durations of maturities.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the VEBA Plan's investments to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the VEBA Plan's investments by maturity at September 30, 2021, using the segmented time distribution method:

VEBA Plan Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that a security or a portfolio will lose some or all of its value due to a real or perceived change in the ability of the issuer to repay its debt. The VEBA Plan's investment policy utilizes portfolio diversification in order to control this risk.

VEBA Plan Concentration of Credit Risk:

The investment policy of the Plan contains limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer as well as maximum portfolio allocation percentages. There were no individual investments that represented 10% or more of the fund's fiduciary net position at September 30, 2021.

VEBA Plan Custodial Credit Risk:

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Plan will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Consistent with the Plan's investment policy, the investments are held by Plan's custodial bank and registered in the Plan's name.

NOTE C - INVESTMENTS, CONTINUED

VEBA Plan Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that fluctuations in the currency exchange rate may affect transactions conducted in currencies other than US Dollars and the carrying value of foreign investments. The VEBA Plan's exposure to foreign currency risk derives mainly from its investments in international equity funds. The VEBA Plan reports international equity funds at market value of \$220,081.

VEBA Plan Fair Value Measurements

The framework for measuring fair value provided a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3).

The three levels of fair value hierarchy are described as follows:

Level 1 - Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets.

Level 2 - Inputs to the valuation methodology include:

- Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets;
- Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets;
- Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability;
- Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.
- If the asset or liability has a specified (contractual) term, the Level 2 input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level 3 - Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

The asset's or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques maximize the use of relevant observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

NOTE C - INVESTMENTS, CONTINUED

Following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for assets measured at fair value. There have been no changes in methodologies used at September 30, 2021.

- Common stock: Valued at the closing price reported on the New York Stock Exchange.
- US government securities: Valued at the closing price reported in the active market in which the individual security is traded.
- Corporate Bonds: Certain corporate bonds are valued at the closing price reported in the active market in which the bond is traded. Other corporate bonds are valued based on yields currently available on comparable securities of issuers with similar credit ratings. When quoted prices are not available for identical or similar bonds, the bond is valued under a discounted cash flow approach that maximizes observable inputs, such as current yields of similar instruments, but includes adjustments for certain risks that may not be observable, such as credit and liquidity risks.
- Master Limited Partnerships: Valued at the closing price reported on the New York Stock Exchange.

The following table sets forth by level, within the fair value hierarchy, the VEBA Plan's assets at fair value at September 30, 2021:

Asset Type		Level 1		Level 1		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Total
Common stock	\$	900,450	\$	-	\$	-	\$	900,450				
Corporate bonds		302,478		-		-		302,478				
Government securities		190,746		-		-		190,746				
Total at fair value	\$	1,393,674	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,393,674				

NOTE D - RECEIVABLES, NET

Receivables, net consist of the following at September 30, 2021:

	Amount
Ambulance receivables and other	\$ 479,718
Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts	(277,900)
Net ambulance receivables	201,818
Misc. receivable	3,369
Receivables, net	\$ 205,187

Receivables are considered doubtful when assigned to the third party collection agency. Subsequent payments recaptured on delinquent accounts are recorded when deposited and offset against the contra asset allowance for doubtful accounts.

NOTE E - CAPITAL ASSETS ACTIVITY

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets activity for the year ended September 30, 2021:

	Balance Oct. 1, 2020	Increases / Additions		
Capital Assets				
Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 5,437,744	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,437,744
Capital Assets				
Being Depreciated:				
Buildings	6,730,798	47,163	-	6,777,961
Equipment	1,437,113	89,575	-	1,526,688
Vehicles	3,679,206	66,859	-	3,746,065
Total Capital Assets				
Being Depreciated	11,847,117	203,597		12,050,714
Less: Accumulated				
Depreciation				
Buildings	(2,264,551)	(177,867)	-	(2,442,418)
Equipment	(886,818)	(148,025)	-	(1,034,843)
Vehicles	(1,290,577)	(345,732)	-	(1,636,309)
Total Accumulated				
Depreciation	(4,441,946)	(671,624)		(5,113,570)
Total Capital Assets				
Being Depreciated, Net	7,405,171	(468,027)	-	6,937,144
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 12,842,915	\$ (468,027)	\$ -	\$ 12,374,888

Depreciation expense was charged to the following functions during the year ended September 30, 2021:

	Amount
General Government	\$ 671,624
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 671,624

NOTE F - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended September 30, 2021:

	Balance Oct. 1, 2020	 Additions	Retirements/ Adjustments	Balance Sept. 30, 2021	Dı	Amounts ue Within One Year
Notes Payable	\$ 360,731	-	\$ (132,936)	227,795	\$	135,728
Capital Leases	1,214,436	-	(153,510)	1,060,926		158,905
Compensated Absences	471,225	571,645	(615,517)	427,353		-
Net Pension Liability - FRS	14,571,021	-	(12,331,238)	2,239,783		-
Net Pension Liability - HIS	1,923,433	228,987	(157,593)	1,994,827		-
Net OPEB Liability	4,961,660	447,663	(1,303,271)	4,106,052		-
	\$23,502,506	\$ 1,248,295	\$(14,694,065)	\$10,056,736	\$	294,633

Long-term liabilities are comprised of the following at September 30, 2021:

Note Payable

\$1,255,000 Revenue Note Series 2013 issued April 23, 2013, to refinance the original note used for the construction of Station #33. The note requires monthly payments of \$11,598, bearing interest at a rate of 2.08%. Final payment due on May 1, 2023.

227,795

25,448

1,035,478

427,353

S

Capital Leases

\$96,000 capital lease to a leasing company for the purchase of bunker gear was entered into on August 15, 2018. The first payment of \$6,521 was due on November 15, 2018 and quarterly thereafter over four years with an annual interest rate of 3.99%, with a final payment on August 15, 2022. The lease is collateralized by the bunker gear itself.

\$1,410,000 capital lease payable to a financial institution for the purchase of two fire trucks was entered into on September 27, 2018. The first payment of \$41,670 was due on December 27, 2018 and quarterly thereafter over ten years with an annual interest rate of 3.37%, with a final payment due September 27, 2028. The lease is collateralized by the respective fire trucks.

Total Capital Leases	1,060,926

Compensated absences, Employees of the District are entitled to paid leave based on length of service and job classification.

Net pension liability - FRS pension plan. This amount is actuarially determined through
calculation based upon the audited financial statements of the Florida FRS Plan.2,239,783

NOTE F - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES, CONTINUED

Net pension liability - HIS pension plan. This amount is actuarially determined through calculation based upon the audited financial statements of the Florida FRS Plan.	1,994,827
Net OPEB liability. Cumulative difference between annual OPEB cost and District payments toward the cost of post employment benefits other than pensions since GASB	
No. 75 transition date of September 30, 2021.	4,106,052
Total long-term liabilities	\$10,056,736

Year Ending								
September 30,	F	Principal		Principal		Interest		Total
2022	\$	294,633	\$	37,308	\$	331,941		
2023		230,076		29,386		259,462		
2024		142,722		23,956		166,678		
2025		147,593		19,085		166,678		
2026		152,630		14,048		166,678		
2027		157,839		8,839		166,678		
2028		163,228		3,452		166,680		
		1,288,721		136,074		1,424,795		
Net Pension Liability - FRS		2,239,783						
Net Pension Liability - HIS		1,994,827						
Net OPEB Liability		4,106,052						
Compensated Absences		427,353						
Total long-term liabilities	\$1	0,056,736						

The annual debt service requirements at September 30, 2021, were as follows:

Interest expenditures for the year ended September 30, 2021 totaled \$45,494 and was recorded in the General Fund, of which \$42,182 was paid with impact fee revenue.

NOTE G - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied after formal adoption of the District's budget and become due and payable on November 1 of each year and are delinquent on April 1 of the following year. Discounts on property taxes are allowed for payments made prior to the April 1 delinquent date. Tax certificates are sold to the public for the full amount of any unpaid taxes and must be sold not later than June 1 of each year. The billing, collection, and related recordkeeping of all property taxes is performed for the District by the Lee County Tax Collector. No accrual for the property tax levy becoming due in November 2021 is included in the accompanying financial statements, since such taxes are collected to finance expenditures of the subsequent period.

NOTE G - PROPERTY TAXES, CONTINUED

Procedures for collecting delinquent taxes, including applicable tax certificate sales and tax deed sales, are provided for by Florida Statutes. The enforceable lien date is approximately two years after taxes become delinquent and occurs only upon request of a holder of a delinquent tax certificate. As of September 30, 2021, \$86,099 was due from the Lee County Tax Collector to the District for ad valorem taxes and excess fees.

Important dates in the property tax cycle are as follows:

Assessment roll certified	July 1
Millage resolution approved	No later than 93 days following certification of assessment roll
Taxes due and payable (Levy date)	November, with various discount provisions through March 31
Property taxes payable - maximum discount (4.00 %)	30 days after levy date
Beginning of fiscal year for which taxes have been levied	October 1
Due date	March 31
Taxes become delinquent (lien date)	April 1
Tax certificates sold by the Lee County Tax Collector	Prior to June 1

For the year ended September 30, 2021, the Board of Commissioners of the District levied ad valorem taxes at a millage rate of \$2.9851 per \$1,000 of the 2020 net taxable value of real property located within the District.

NOTE H - IMPACT FEE ACTIVITY

During the year ended September 30, 2021, the District had the following transactions related to Impact Fees:

Unearned revenue, October 1, 2020	\$ -
Impact fee receipts	42,182
Debt service interest	(42,182)
Unearned revenue, September 30, 2021	\$ -

NOTE I - FUND BALANCE ALLOCATIONS

Fund balance was allocated the following purposes at September 30, 2021:

Nonspendable Fund Balance	Amounts
General Fund	
Prepaids	\$ 610,356
Total Nonspendable Fund Balance	\$ 610,356
Assigned Fund Balance	
General Fund	
Millage Sustainment	\$ 1,265,476
Emergency/disaster (30-45 days)	1,200,000
Capital Sustainment	3,583,094
Firefighter Cancer Plan	50,000
OPEB costs	765,850
Total Assigned Fund Balance - General Fund	\$ 6,864,420

NOTE J - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

Insurance programs for general/professional liability, automobile, and property are insured by commercial insurance. The District retains the risk of loss up to a deductible amount (ranging from \$1,000 to 5% of loss) with the risk of loss in excess of this amount transferred to the insurance carrier with limits of liability of \$1,000,000.

Insurance programs for health, dental, vision, long-term disability, short-term disability and life are also insured through third party commercial insurance.

On April 1, 2010, the District elected to obtain a third party, fully insured group health, vision and dental plan administered by the Lee County Board of County Commissioners. The District paid premiums of \$1,349,889 which are net amounts paid by employees and retirees, during the year ended September 30, 2021. The District also provides life and disability insurance for the District's employees. The District incurred costs of \$34,303 for these additional coverages.

NOTE K - DEFICIT UNRESTRICTED NET POSITION

During the year ended September 30, 2017, the District's unrestricted net position (net assets) balance was a deficit and totaled \$(319,519), due substantially to recording the current year actuarially determined net pension liability of \$10,406,289. The District's total available fund balance remains approximately equal to ten (10) months of actual expenditures. However, the Board assigned \$5,546,602 of the \$7,593,310 for specific purposes.

During the year ended September 30, 2018, the District's unrestricted net position (net assets) balance was again a deficit and totaled \$(998,675), due substantially to recording the current year actuarially determined net OPEB liability of \$3,155,012. The District's total available fund balance remains approximately equal to eleven (11) months of actual expenditures. However, the Board assigned \$6,502,632 of the \$9,375,252 for specific purposes.

During the year ended September 30, 2019, the District's unrestricted net position (net assets) balance was again a deficit and totaled \$(3,192,895), due substantially to recording the current year actuarially determined net OPEB liability of \$4,290,827. The District's total available fund balance remains approximately equal to eleven (11) months of actual expenditures. However, the Board assigned \$7,568,636 of the \$10,413,458 for specific purposes.

During the year ended September 30, 2020, the District's unrestricted net position (net assets) balance was again a deficit and totaled \$(7,814,792), due substantially to recording the current year Pension liability and actuarially determined net OPEB liability of \$2,940,928 and \$670,833, respectively. The District's total available fund balance remains approximately equal to eight(8) months of actual personal services and operating expenditures.

During the year ended September 30, 2021, the District's unrestricted net position (net assets) balance was again a deficit and totaled \$(4,176,456), due substantially to recording the current year Pension liability and actuarially determined net OPEB liability of \$12,259,844 and \$855,608, respectively. The District's total available fund balance remains approximately equal to ten (10) months of actual personal services and operating expenditures.

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NOTE L - RETIREMENT PLANS

General Information about the Florida Retirement System

The District participates in two defined benefit pension plans that are administered by the State of Florida, Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement. The plans provide retirement, disability or death benefits to retirees or their designated beneficiaries. Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, establishes the authority for benefit provisions. Changes to the law can only occur through an act of the Florida Legislature. The State of Florida issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plans. That report is available from the Florida Department of Management Services' website (www.dms.myflorida.com).

The Florida Retirement System (FRS) Pension Plan is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a Deferred Retirement Option Program ("DROP") available for eligible employees. The FRS was established with joint and survivor payment options. FRS membership is compulsory for employees filling regularly established positions in a state agency, county agency, state university, state college, or district school board, unless restricted from FRS membership under Sections 121.053 or 121.122, Florida Statutes, or allowed to participate in a defined contribution plan in lieu of FRS membership. Participation by cities, municipalities, special districts, charter schools and metropolitan planning organizations is optional.

The Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of the state-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs. To be eligible to receive a HIS benefit, a retiree under a state-administered retirement system must provide proof of eligible health insurance coverage, which can include Medicare.

Benefits Provided

Benefits under the FRS Pension Plan are computed on the basis of age and/or years of service, average final compensation, and service credit. Credit for each year of service is expressed as a percentage of the average final compensation. For members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the five highest fiscal years' earnings; for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the five highest fiscal years' earnings; for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the eight highest fiscal years' earnings. The total percentage value of the benefit received is determined by calculating the total value of all service, which is based on the retirement plan and/or class to which the member belonged when the service credit was earned.

Eligible retirees and beneficiaries receive a monthly HIS payment equal to the number of years of service credited at retirement multiplied by \$5. The minimum payment is \$30 and the maximum payment is \$150 per month, pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes.

NOTE L - RETIREMENT PLANS, CONTINUED

Contributions

The contribution requirements of plan members and the employer are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. Employees are required to contribute 3.00% of their salary to the FRS Pension Plan. The employer's contribution rates as of September 30, 2021, were as follows:

	FRS	HIS
Regular class	10.82%	1.66%
Special risk class	25.89%	1.66%
Senior management service class	29.01%	1.66%
DROP from FRS	18.34%	1.66%

The employer's contributions for the year ended September 30, 2021, were \$1,170,530 to the FRS Pension Plan and \$98,873 to this HIS Program.

Pension Liabilities and Pension Expense

In its financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2021, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of the FRS Pension Plan and its proportionate share of the net pension liability of the HIS Program. The net pension liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2021. The District's proportions of the net pension liabilities were based on its share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined.

	FRS	HIS
Net pension liability	\$ 2,239,783	\$ 1,994,827
Proportion at:		
Current measurement date	0.029651%	0.016262%
Prior measurement date	0.033619%	0.015753%
Pension (benefit) expense	\$ (1,185,961)	\$ 80,778

NOTE L - RETIREMENT PLANS, CONTINUED

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At September 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	FRS		Н		HIS			
		Deferred	De	eferred	Ι	Deferred		Deferred
	О	utflows of	Inf	lows of	Ou	utflows of	Ι	nflows of
	I	Resources	Re	sources	R	esources	I	Resources
Differences between expected and								
actual experience	\$	383,902	\$	-	\$	66,752	\$	(836)
Change of assumptions		1,532,571		-		156,749		(82,192)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan								
investments		-	(7,	814,041)		2,080		-
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and								
proportionate share of contributions		560,635	(1,	154,204)		197,593		(47,740)
District contributions subsequent to the								
measurement date		349,207		-		27,442		-
	\$	2,826,315	\$ (8,	968,245)	\$	450,616	\$	(130,768)

Deferred outflows of resources related to employer contributions paid subsequent to the measurement date, and prior to the employer's fiscal year-end will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the reporting period ending September 30, 2022. Other pension-related amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal year ending September 30:	FRS	 HIS
2022	\$ (1,095,653)	\$ 75,943
2023	(1,317,854)	43,016
2024	(1,703,803)	58,649
2025	(2,234,243)	70,930
2026	(139,584)	36,223
Thereafter	-	7,645
	\$ (6,491,137)	\$ 292,406

NOTE L - RETIREMENT PLANS, CONTINUED

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for each of the defined benefit plans was measured as of June 30, 2021. The total pension liability for the FRS Pension Plan was determined by an actuarial valuation dated July 1, 2021. The individual entry age normal actuarial cost method was used for each plan, along with the following significant actuarial assumptions:

	FRS	HIS
Inflation	2.40%	2.40%
Salary increases	3.25%	3.25%
Investment rate of return	6.80%	N/A
Discount rate	6.80%	2.16%

Mortality assumptions for both plans were based on the PUB-2010 with Projection Scale MP-2018.

For both plans, the actuarial assumptions were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2018.

The following changes in key actuarial assumptions occurred in 2021:

FRS: Decreasing the maximum amortization period to 20 years for all current and future amortization bases.

HIS: The municipal bond index rate used to determine total pension liability decreased from 3.21% to 2.16%.

The long-term expected investment rate of return was not based on historical returns, but instead was based on a forward-looking capital market economic model. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption. For the FRS Pension Plan, the table below summarizes the consulting actuary's assumptions based on the long-term target asset allocation.

 $\overline{}$

1

2.4%

Asset Class	Target Allocation (1)	Annual Arithmetic Return	Compound Annual (Geometric) Return	Standard Deviation
Cash	1.0%	2.1%	2.1%	1.1%
Fixed income	20.0%	3.8%	3.7%	3.3%
Global equity	54.2%	8.2%	6.7%	17.8%
Real estate (property)	10.3%	7.1%	6.2%	13.8%
Private equity	10.8%	11.7%	8.5%	26.4%
Strategic investments	3.7%	5.7%	5.4%	8.4%
Total	100.0%			

Assumed Inflation - Mean

NOTE L - RETIREMENT PLANS, CONTINUED

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for the FRS Pension Plan was 6.80%. FRS's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return.

Because the HIS Program is essentially funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, a municipal bond rate of 2.16% was used to determine the total pension liability for the program. The Bond Buyer General Obligation Bond 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index was used as the applicable municipal bond index.

Sensitivity Analysis

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The sensitivity analysis shows the impact to the employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability if the discount rate was 1.00% higher or 1.00% lower than the current discount rate.

		FRS	
		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(5.80%)	(6.80%)	(7.80%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$10,016,460	\$ 2,239,783	\$ (4,260,647)
		HIS	
		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(1.16%)	(2.16%)	(3.16%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 2,306,213	\$ 1,994,827	\$ 1,739,716

Pension Plans' Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plans' fiduciary net position is available in the state's separately issued financial reports.

Defined Contribution Plan

Pursuant to Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, the Florida Legislature created the Florida Retirement Investment Plan ("FRS Investment Plan"), a defined contribution pension plan qualified under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The FRS Investment Plan is an alternative available to members of the Florida Retirement System in lieu of the defined benefit plan. There is a uniform contribution rate covering both the defined benefit and defined contribution plans, depending on membership class. FRS Investment Plan contributions for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 totaled \$214,389.

NOTE M - POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS, CONTINUED

The District has two post employment other than pension (OPEB) plans:

The Retiree Health Insurance Trust Fund Plan Voluntary Employee Benefit Association (VEBA) for those who retired on or after October 1, 2008, pursuant to GASB 74.

OPEB for those who retired on or before September 30, 2008, pursuant to GASB 75.

The measurement date for GASB 74 and GASB 75 reporting is September 30, 2021. The reporting period is October 1, 2020 through September 30, 2021. The actuarial valuation date is October 1, 2020.

Retiree Health Insurance Trust Fund Plan Voluntary Employee Benefit Association (VEBA) for those who retired on or after October 1, 2008, pursuant to GASB 74

Plan Description

The District's Retiree Health Insurance Trust Fund Plan Voluntary Employee Benefit Association (VEBA) for those who retired on or after October 1, 2008 (the "VEBA Plan") is a single-employer defined benefit postemployment health care Plan that covers eligible retired employees of the District. The VEBA Plan, which is administered by the District, allows employees who retire and meet retirement eligibility requirements to receive a monthly reimbursement, regardless of whether the retiree continues insurance coverage in the District's Plan.

Actuarial Assumptions:

The Total OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2020 using the following actuarial assumptions:

Discount rate	7.00% per annum, this rate was used to discount all future benefit payments and is based on the expected long-term return on assets
Expected long-term	
return on assets	7.00% per annum, (2.51% per annum is attributable to long-term inflation)
Salary increases	3.00% per annum
Mortality basis	Sex-distinct rates set forth in the PUB-2010 Mortality Table (without income adjustments) for general and public safety employees, with full generational improvements in mortality using Scale MP-2020
Retirement	For firefighters, retirement is assumed to occur at the earlier of age 55 with six years of service or at any age with 25 years of service; for general employees, retirement is assumed to occur at the earlier of age 62 with six years of service or at any age with 30 years of service
Other decrements	Assumed employment termination is based on the Scale 155 table; assumed disability is based on the Wyatt 1985 Disability Study (Class 4 rates were used for firefighters and Class 1 rates were used for general employees)
Changes	No assumptions were changed since the prior measurement date

NOTE M - POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS, CONTINUED

Retiree Health Insurance Trust Fund Plan Voluntary Employee Benefit Association (VEBA) for those who retired on or after October 1, 2008, pursuant to GASB 74, Continued

Determination of the Long-Term Expected Rate of Return on Plan Assets

Investment Category	Target Allocation	Real Return
Large cap equity	35.00%	6.00% per annum
SMID cap equity	12.50%	6.75% per annum
International equity	12.50%	6.75% per annum
Convertibles	10.00%	2.50% per annum
Intermediate fixed income	20.00%	2.25% per annum
Short-term fixed income	10.00%	0.00% per annum
Total or weighted arithmetic average	100.00%	4.49% per annum

Covered Individuals

At October 1, 2020, the following employees were covered by the benefit term:

Inactive Plan Members, Dependent Spouses, or	
Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits	23
Inactive Plan Members Entitled to But Not Yet Receiving Benefits	-
Active Plan Members	52
Total Covered Individuals	75

Contributions

The District makes periodic contributions to the VEBA Plan. No employee contributions are required.

Description of the Benefit Terms

Eligibility: Regular, full-time employees of the District who retire on or after October 1, 2008 with at least 15 years of service.

Retirement benefit provided: The VEBA Plan will provide \$450 per month for those individuals who have earned at least 25 years of service; benefit is reduced by 4% per year for each year of service less than 25; benefit is further reduced by 50% at age 65.

Payment frequency: Subsidy payments to eligible retirees are made annually as of each January 1.

Changes: The benefit ters did not change from the prior measurement date.

NOTE M - POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS, CONTINUED

Retiree Health Insurance Trust Fund Plan Voluntary Employee Benefit Association (VEBA) for those who retired on or after October 1, 2008, pursuant to GASB 74, Continued

Net OPEB (VEBA) Liability as of September 30, 2021:

Total OPEB Liability	\$1,281,742 *
Less: Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(1,405,991)
District's Net OPEB (Asset)/Liability	\$ (124,249)

*This amount has been rolled forward from October 1, 2020.

OPEB Expense for the 2020/21 Fiscal Year:

Service cost	\$ 24,570
Other recognized changes in net pension liability:	
Expected interest growth	987
Investment gain/loss	(21,246)
Demographic gain/loss	26,829
Administrative expenses	29,827
Assumption changes	2,243
OPEB Expense	\$ 63,210

Deferred Inflow and Outflow of Resources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources			erred Inflows Resources
Balance as of September 30, 2020	\$	\$ 228,022		10,546
Change due to:				
Amortization payments		(45,253)		(37,427)
Investment gain/loss		-		163,268
Demographic gain/loss		14,956		-
Total Change		(30,297)		125,841
Balance as of September 30, 2021	\$	197,725	\$	136,387

NOTE M - POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS, CONTINUED

Retiree Health Insurance Trust Fund Plan Voluntary Employee Benefit Association (VEBA) for those who retired on or after October 1, 2008, pursuant to GASB 74, Continued

Balance Equation:

Net OPEB liability as of September 30, 2020	\$ (8,415)
Plus OPEB expense for the 2020/21 fiscal year	63,210
Minus employer contribution for the 2020/21 fiscal year	(22,906)
Plus change in balance of deferred outflows of resources	(30,297)
Minus change in balance of deferred inflows of resources	 (125,841)
Net OPEB (VEBA) (asset)/liability as of September 30, 2021	\$ (124,249)

Changes in Net OPEB (VEBA) (Asset)/Liability

	Increase (Decrease)					
		Total OPEB Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net OPEB (Asset)/ Liability (a) - (b)
Balance as of September 30, 2020	\$	1,250,091	\$	(1,258,506)	\$	(8,415)
Change due to:						
Service Cost		24,570		-		24,570
Expected interest growth		85,627		(84,640)		987
Unexpected investment income		-		(163,268)		(163,268)
Demographic experience		14,956		-		14,956
Employer contributions		-		(22,906)		(22,906)
Benefit payments and refunds		(93,502)		93,502		-
Administrative expenses		-		29,827		29,827
Net Changes		31,651		(147,485)		(115,834)
Balance as of September 30, 2021	\$	1,281,742	\$	(1,405,991)	\$	(124,249)

NOTE M - POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS, CONTINUED

Retiree Health Insurance Trust Fund Plan Voluntary Employee Benefit Association (VEBA) for those who retired on or after October 1, 2008, pursuant to GASB 74, Continued

Comparison of Net OPEB (Asset)/Liability Using Alternative Discount Rates

	Discount Discount		Discount			
	Rate Minus Rate		Rate Minus			Rate Plus
	_	1.00%	7.00%		1.00%	
Total OPEB Liability	\$	1,409,426	\$	1,281,742	\$	1,173,543
Less fiduciary net position		(1,405,991)		(1,405,991)		(1,405,991)
Net OPEB (Asset)/Liability	\$	3,435	\$	(124,249)	\$	(232,448)

Comparison of Net OEPB (Asset)/Liability Using Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

	Trend 7.00% graded		Trend			
	Rate Minus		down to			Rate Plus
	_	1.00%	5.00%		5.00% 1.00%	
Total OPEB Liability	\$	1,281,742	\$	1,281,742	\$	1,281,742
Less fiduciary net position		(1,405,991)		(1,405,991)		(1,405,991)
Net OPEB (Asset)/Liability	\$	(124,249)	\$	(124,249)	\$	(124,249)

OPEB for those who retired before September 30, 2008, pursuant to GASB 75

Plan Description

The District's OPEB for those who retired on or before September 30, 2008 (the "Non-VEBA Plan") is an unfunded single-employer defined benefit postemployment health care Plan that covers eligible retired employees of the District. The Non-VEBA Plan, which is administered by the District, allows employees who retire and meet retirement eligibility requirements under one of the District's retirement plans to continue medical, dental and/or vision insurance coverage as a participant in the District's Non-VEBA Plan. For purposes of applying Paragraph 4 under Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, the Non-VEBA Plan does not meet the requirements for an OPEB plan administered through a trust, as no assets are accumulated. The contributions made to the program are assumed to be the benefits paid to retirees and administrative expenses. Any retiree that continues coverage on the District's health insurance still potentially may have an implicit cost, including any retiree eligible for the VEBA Plan which is reflected in these results.

NOTE M - POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS, CONTINUED

OPEB for those who retired before September 30, 2008, pursuant to GASB 75, Continued

Actuarial Assumptions:

The Total OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2020 using the following actuarial assumptions:

Discount rate:	2.43% per annum, this rate was used to discount all future benefit payments and is based on the return on the S&P Municipal Bond 20-year High Grade Index as of the measurement date.
Salary increases:	3.00% per annum
Cost of living increases:	Retiree contributions, health insurance premiums, and the implicit subsidy have been assumed to increase in accordance with the healthcare cost trend rates.
Healthcare cost trend rates:	Increases in healthcare costs are assumed to be 6.50% for the 2020/21 fiscal year graded down by 0.50% per year to 5.00% for the 2023/24 and later fiscal years.
Age related morbidity:	Healthcare costs are assumed to increase at the rate of 3.50% for each year of age.
Implied health subsidy:	Because the insurance carrier charges the same monthly rate for health insurance regardless of age, an implied monthly subsidy of \$800 for the retiree and \$650 for the retiree's spouse has been assumed at age 62 for the 2020/21 fiscal year. At other ages, the implied subsidy was developed based on the age-related morbidity assumption and, for other fiscal years, the implied subsidy was increased in accordance with the healthcare cost trend rates.
Mortality basis:	Sex-distinct rates set forth in the PUB-2010 Mortality Table (without income adjustments) with full generational improvements in mortality using Scale MP-2020.
Other decrements:	Assumed employment termination is based on the Scale 155 table; assumed disability is based on the Wyatt 1985 Disability Study (Class 4 rates were used for firefighters and Class 1 rates were used for general employees).
Spouses and dependents:	Husbands are assumed to be three years older than wives. Retirees are not assumed to have any dependent children.
Retirement:	For firefighters, retirement is assumed to occur at the earlier of age 55 with six years of service or at any age with 25 years of service; for general employees, retirement is assumed to occur at the earlier of age 62 with six years of service or at any age with 30 years of service.

NOTE M - POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS, CONTINUED

OPEB for those who retired before September 30, 2008, pursuant to GASB 75, Continued

Actuarial Assumptions, continued:

Health coverage election:	50% of eligible future retirees are assumed to elect coverage for themselves upon retirement or disability until age 65. Current retirees who retired on or before September 30, 2008 are assumed to continue coverage for life. Current retirees who retired on or after October 1, 2008 are assumed to continue coverage until age 65. Spousal coverage is assumed in accordance with the employee's or retiree's current election.
COBRA	Future healthcare coverage provided solely pursuant to COBRA was not included in the OPEB valuation because the COBRA premium is determined periodically based on the plan experience. The COBRA premium to be paid by the participant is assumed to fully cover the cost of providing healthcare coverage during the relevant period.
Changes:	Since the prior measurement date, the discount rate increased from 2.14% per annum to 2.43% per annum and the implied monthly subsidy at age 62 for the retiree and his spouse for the 2020/21 fiscal year was decreased from \$829.25 and \$802.50, respectively, to \$800 and \$650, respectively.

Covered Individuals

At October 1, 2020, the following employees were covered by the benefit term:

Inactive Plan Members, Dependent Spouses, or Beneficiaries	
Currently Receiving Benefits	27
Active Plan Members	52
Total	79

Contributions

There are no required employer or employee contributions other than the amount required to be paid by the District as an explicit subsidy.

Description of the Benefit Terms

Explicit subsidy: Individuals who retired prior to October 1, 2008 receive an explicit subsidy from the District and/or from the Florida Retirement System (FRS) to pay for all or a portion of their health insurance premium for single coverage; the explicit subsidy from the District varies depending on the collective bargaining agreement that was applicable at the time of retirement; three individuals who retired on or before September 30, 2008 receive a subsidy equal to 100% of the single premium but must turn over to the District their FRS subsidy; two individuals who retired on or before September 30, 2008 receive a subsidy.

NOTE M - POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS, CONTINUED

OPEB for those who retired before September 30, 2008, pursuant to GASB 75, Continued

Net OPEB (Non-VEBA) Liability as of September 30, 2021:

Total OPEB Liability	\$4,230,301	*
Less: Plan Fiduciary Net Position	-	
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 4,230,301	

*This amount has been rolled forward from October 1, 2020.

OPEB (Non-VEBA) Expense for the 2020/21 Fiscal Year:

Service cost	\$ 252,480
Other recognized changes in net pension liability:	
Expected interest growth	124,843
Investment gain/loss	-
Demographic gain/loss	(84,936)
Benefit payments & refunds	(170,955)
Administrative expenses	-
Assumption changes	86,171
OPEB (Non-VEBA) Expense	\$ 207,603

Deferred Inflow and Outflow of Resources:

		rred Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Balance as of September 30, 2020		1,151,692	\$	252,220
Change due to:				
Amortization payments		(180,849)		(179,614)
Demographic gain/loss		-		353,127
Assumption changes		-		593,015
Total Change		(180,849)		766,528
Balance as of September 30, 2021	\$	970,843	\$	1,018,748
Balance Equation:				
Net OPEB (Non-VEBA) liability as of September	30, 2020		\$	4,970,075
Plus OPEB expense for the 2020/21 fiscal year				207,603
Plus change in balance of deferred outflows of reso	ources			(180,849)
Minus change in balance of deferred inflows of res	sources			(766,528)
Net OPEB (Non-VEBA) liability as of September	30, 2021		\$	4,230,301

NOTE M - POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS, CONTINUED

OPEB for those who retired before September 30, 2008, pursuant to GASB 75, Continued

Changes in Net OPEB (Non-VEBA) Liability

		Increase (Decrease)PlanTotal OPEBFiduciaryNet OPEBLiabilityNet PositionLiability(a)(b)(a) - (b)							
Balance as of September 30, 2020	\$	4,970,075	\$	-	\$	4,970,075			
Change due to:									
Service Cost		252,480		-		252,480			
Expected interest growth		124,843		-	124,843				
Demographic experience		(353,127)		-		(353,127)			
Benefit payments and refunds		(170,955)		-		(170,955)			
Assumption changes		(593,015)		-		(593,015)			
Net Changes		(739,774)		-		(739,774)			
Balance as of September 30, 2021	\$	4,230,301	\$	-	\$	4,230,301			

Comparison of Net OPEB (Non-VEBA) Liability Using Alternative Discount Rates

	Discount		Discount	Discount			
	Rate Minus 1.00%		Rate	Rate Plus 1.00%			
			2.43%				
Total OPEB Liability	\$	4,793,802	\$ 4,230,301	\$	3,757,066		
Less fiduciary net position		-	-		-		
Net OPEB Liability	\$	4,793,802	\$ 4,230,301	\$	3,757,066		

Comparison of Net OEPB Liability Using Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

	Trend		6	.50% graded	Trend			
	Rate Minus 1.00%			down to	Rate Plus			
				5.00%	1.00%			
Total OPEB Liability	\$	3,672,822	\$	4,230,301	\$	4,905,018		
Less fiduciary net position		-		-		-		
Net OPEB (Asset)/Liability	\$	3,672,822	\$	4,230,301	\$	4,905,018		

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FORT MYERS BEACH FIRE CONTROL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND - SUMMARY STATEMENT September 30, 2021

	General Fund									
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)						
REVENUES										
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$ 12,575,814	\$ 12,575,814	\$ 12,835,065	\$ 259,251						
Impact Fees	5,000	5,000	42,182	37,182						
Intergovernmental Revenues:										
Firefighters Supplemental Income	28,680	28,680	20,773	(7,907)						
State & Federal Grants	-	-	157,293	157,293						
Charges for Services:										
Ambulance Transport	702,000	702,000	736,101	34,101						
Inspection Fees	358,000	358,000	407,305	49,305						
Interest Income	85,000	85,000	14,262	(70,738)						
Other income:										
Donations	-	-	5,020	5,020						
Miscellaneous	155,000	155,000	219,548	64,548						
Subtotal - Revenues	13,909,494	13,909,494	14,437,549	528,055						
Cash brought forward	7,400,000	7,665,795		(7,665,795)						
TOTAL REVENUES	21,309,494	21,575,289	14,437,549	(7,137,740)						
EXPENDITURES										
Public Safety										
Personal Services	11,057,399	11,057,399	9,430,256	1,627,143						
Operating Expenditures	2,770,080	2,770,080	1,737,344	1,032,736						
Capital Outlay	551,390	551,390	203,596	347,794						
Debt Service										
Principal Reduction	286,500	286,500	286,446	54						
Interest and Fiscal Charges	45,500	45,500	45,494	6						
Reserves	6,598,625	6,864,420	-	6,864,420						
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	21,309,494	21,575,289	11,703,136	9,872,153						
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ -	\$ -	2,734,413	\$ 2,734,413						
FUND BALANCE - October 1, 2020			7,665,795							
FUND BALANCE - September 30, 2021			\$ 10,400,208							

FORT MYERS BEACH FIRE CONTROL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND - DETAILED STATEMENT September 30, 2021

	General Fund							
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)				
REVENUES								
Ad Valorem taxes	\$ 12,575,814	\$ 12,575,814	\$ 12,835,065	\$ 259,251				
Intergovernmental revenues:								
Firefighters supplement income	28,680	28,680	20,773	(7,907)				
State & Federal Grants	-	-	157,293	157,293				
Charges for services:								
Ambulance transport	702,000	702,000	736,101	34,101				
Inspection fees	358,000	358,000	407,305	49,305				
Impact fees	5,000	5,000	42,182	37,182				
Interest income	85,000	85,000	14,262	(70,738)				
Other income:								
Donations	-	-	5,020	5,020				
Miscellaneous	155,000	155,000	219,548	64,548				
Subtotal - Revenues	13,909,494	13,909,494	14,437,549	528,055				
Cash brought forward	7,400,000	7,665,795	-	(7,665,795)				
TOTAL REVENUES	21,309,494	21,575,289	14,437,549	(7,137,740)				
EXPENDITURES								
Public Safety								
Personal Services:								
Salaries:								
Elected officials	30,000	30,000	30,000	_				
Firefighters & admin.	6,945,369	6,945,369	5,937,890	1,007,479				
Payroll Taxes:	0,910,009	0,910,009	5,557,650	1,007,179				
Social Security & Medicare	533,600	533,600	447,933	85,667				
Benefits:	555,000	555,000	117,955	00,007				
Retirement	1,652,000	1,652,000	1,388,176	263,824				
Heath & life insurance	1,424,000	1,424,000	1,349,889	74,111				
Occupational health	44,600	44,600	34,303	10,297				
VEBA trust contribution	79,030	44,000 79,030	22,906	56,124				
	79,030	79,030	22,900					
Unemployment compensation	-	249 900		(231)				
Workers compensation Total - Personal Services	348,800 11,057,399	348,800 11,057,399	<u>218,928</u> 9,430,256	<u>129,872</u> 1,627,143				
	11,001,000	11,001,000	,,	1,027,110				
Operating Expenditures:								
Professional & Contracted Services:								
Professional Fees	843,850	843,850	115,551	728,299				
Legal Fees	95,325	95,325	64,083	31,242				
Property Appraiser Fees	85,580	85,580	74,215	11,365				
Contracted services	42,000	42,000	31,647	10,353				
Tax Collector Fees	264,800	264,800	256,789	8,011				
Auditing and Accounting	32,100	32,100	27,294	4,806				
Medical Director	32,000	32,000	32,000	-				
Total - Professional & Contracted Services	1,395,655	1,395,655	601,579	794,076				
	1,575,055	1,000,000	001,577	// 1,070				

FORT MYERS BEACH FIRE CONTROL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND - DETAILED STATEMENT September 30, 2021

	General Fund								
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable					
Operating Expenditures:	Dudget	Budget	Actual	(Unravorable					
General Operations:									
Travel	54,400	54,400	8,275	46,125					
Telephone	19,000	19,000	17,107	1,893					
Communication fees & maintenance	88,640	88,640	83,676	4,964					
Postage and freight	1,600	1,600	741	859					
Cable	11,300	11,300	11,556	(250					
Electricity	35,700	35,700	35,807	(107					
Garbage	10,400	10,400	10,193	207					
Water and Sewer	13,500	13,500	18,263	(4,763					
Insurance - commercial & property	165,200	165,200	153,701	11,499					
EMS equipment maintenance	20,840	20,840	18,856	1,984					
Suppression equipment	21,000	21,000	24,454	(3,454					
Vehicle maintenance	105,000	105,000	100,125	4,87					
Office equipment maintenance	4,900	4,900	2,155	2,74					
Building maintenance	165,165	165,165	158,868	6,29					
Miscellaneous - operations	28,690	28,690	14,524	14,16					
Legal advertising	5,700	5,700	3,759	1,94					
Office supplies	13,000	13,000	7,525	5,47					
EMS - medical supplies	87,600	87,600	89,624	(2,02					
Fuel and oil	40,700	40,700	40,218	48					
Rescue	1,500	1,500	260	1,24					
Prevention	9,700	9,700	5,191	4,50					
Suppression and protective gear	51,850	51,850	13,229	38,62					
Communications	12,540	12,540	786	11,75					
Training	5,000	5,000	1,348	3,65					
Uniform expenses	44,600	44,600	22,654	21,94					
Facilities & Housekeeping supplies	17,800	17,800	17,055	74					
Furniture and fixtures under \$1,000	42,400	42,400	30,415	11,98					
Software licenses and updates	75,100	75,100	75,377	(27					
Education - Career development	38,100	38,100	23,323	14,77					
In-service training	57,400	57,400	25,325	32,07					
Conferences	18,700	18,700	1,465	17,23					
Licenses & certifications	8,050	8,050	5,312	2,73					
Dues, memberships & subscriptions	11,000	11,000	10,244	75					
Emergency Disaster Supplies	1,550	1,550	36,137	(34,58					
Ambulance billing	46,200	46,200	44,728	1,47					
Aid to other organizations	24,000	24,000	23,190	810					
Community outreach programs	16,600	16,600	299	16,30					
Total - General Operations	1,374,425	1,374,425	1,135,765	238,660					
tal - Operating Expenditures	2,770,080	2,770,080	1,737,344	1,032,736					

FORT MYERS BEACH FIRE CONTROL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -**BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND - DETAILED STATEMENT** September 30, 2021

		General Fund									
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)							
Capital Outlay:											
Land	-	-		-							
Building improvements	20,990	20,990	47,163	(26,173)							
Rolling equipment	415,000	415,000	66,859	348,141							
Medical equipment	8,530	8,530	8,528	2							
Suppression, rescue and											
protective equipment	4,960	4,960	18,836	(13,876)							
Communication equipment	92,910	92,910	48,630	44,280							
Training	9,000	9,000	-	9,000							
IT - hardware and software	-		13,580	(13,580)							
Total - Capital Outlay	551,390	551,390	203,596	347,794							
Debt Service:											
Principal Reduction	286,500	286,500	286,446	54							
Interest and Fiscal Charges	45,500	45,500	45,494	6							
Total - Debt Service	332,000	332,000	331,940	60							
Reserves:											
Assigned:											
Cap Sustainment/Op Bridge	3,317,299	3,583,094	-	(3,583,094)							
Millage sustainment	1,265,476	1,265,476	-	(1,265,476)							
Disaster/Emergency	1,200,000	1,200,000	-	(1,200,000)							
Firefighter Cancer Plan	50,000	50,000	-	(50,000)							
OPEB	765,850	765,850	-	(765,850)							
Total - Reserves	6,598,625	6,864,420		(6,864,420)							
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	21,309,494	21,575,289	11,703,136	(3,856,687)							
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES			2,734,413	(3,281,053)							
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ -	\$ -	2,734,413	\$ (3,281,053)							
FUND BALANCE - October 1, 2020			7,665,795								
FUND BALANCE - September 30, 2021			\$ 10,400,208								

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY -FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN

For the Last Eight Fiscal Years Ended June 30,										
District's proportion of the net pension liability	2021 0.0296508%	2020 0.0336191%	2019 0.0341294%	2018 0.0294330%	2017 0.0301141%	2016 0.0296856%	2015 0.0247499%	2014 0.0260567%		
District's proportion share of the net pension liability	\$ 2,239,783	\$ 14,571,021	\$ 11,753,697	\$ 8,865,373	\$ 8,910,612	\$ 7,495,637	\$ 3,196,778	\$ 1,589,840		
District's covered - employee payroll	\$ 4,776,050	\$ 4,486,420	\$ 4,491,069	\$ 3,694,401	\$ 3,628,598	\$ 3,617,072	\$ 3,404,639	\$ 3,501,676		
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	46.90%	324.78%	261.71%	239.97%	245.57%	207.23%	93.89%	45.40%		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	96.40%	78.85%	82.61%	84.26%	83.89%	84.88%	92.00%	96.09%		
SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN										
For the Last Eight Fiscal Years Ended September 3	30, 2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014		
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,170,530	\$ 1,011,961	\$ 1,044,334	\$ 852,309	\$ 799,467	\$ 731,434	\$ 611,946	\$ 600,356		
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	1,170,530	1,011,961	1,044,334	852,309	799,467	731,434	611,946	600,356		
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 4,945,676	\$ 4,510,786	\$ 4,443,346	\$ 4,015,272	\$ 3,682,187	\$ 3,587,646	\$ 3,340,918	\$ 3,492,130		
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	23.67%	22.43%	23.50%	21.23%	21.71%	20.39%	18.32%	17.19%		

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY -HEALTH INSURANCE SUBSIDY (HIS) PENSION PLAN

For the Last Eight Fiscal Years Ended June 30,									
District's proportion of the net pension liability	2021	2020 0.0157531%	2019 0.0160857%	2018 0.0137621%	2017 0.0140167%	2016	2015 0.0137827%	2014	
District's proportion of the net pension natinity	0.010202470	0.013733170	0.010085770	0.013702170	0.0140107%	0.0143700%	0.0137827%	0.0137032370	
District's proportion share of the net pension									
liability	\$ 1,994,827	\$ 1,923,433	\$ 1,799,826	\$ 1,456,600	\$ 1,498,734	\$ 1,674,769	\$ 1,405,621	\$ 1,287,084	
District's covered - employee payroll	\$ 5,757,242	\$ 5,503,793	\$ 5,381,736	\$ 4,494,949	\$ 4,467,813	\$ 4,450,811	\$ 4,182,011	\$ 4,089,872	
District's proportionate share of the net pension									
liability as a percentage of its covered-employee	04.6504	24.05%	22.1.10/	22.4104	22.554	27 (20)	22 (14)	21.470/	
payroll	34.65%	34.95%	33.44%	32.41%	33.55%	37.63%	33.61%	31.47%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the									
total pension liability	3.56%	3.00%	2.63%	2.15%	1.64%	0.97%	0.50%	0.99%	
SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - HEALTH INSURANCE SUBSIDY (HIS) PENSION PLAN									
For the Last Eight Fiscal Years Ended September	30,								
	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	
Contractually required contribution	\$ 98,873	\$ 91,855	\$ 87,659	\$ 81,026	\$ 74,599	\$ 74,164	\$ 56,135	\$ 50,133	
Contributions in relation to the contractually									
required contribution	98,873	91,855	87,659	81,026	74,599	74,164	56,135	50,133	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ -	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	
			<u> </u>			-	<u> </u>		
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 5,956,233	\$ 5,533,436	\$ 5,280,660	\$ 4,881,075	\$ 4,493,936	\$ 4,467,715	\$ 4,123,409	\$ 4,122,582	
Contributions as a percentage of covered-									
employee payroll	1.66%	1.66%	1.66%	1.66%	1.66%	1.66%	1.36%	1.22%	

Retiree Health Insurance Trust Fund Plan Voluntary Employee Benefit Association (VEBA) for those who retired on or after October 1, 2008, pursuant to GASB 74

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - VEBA POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS

For the fiscal year:

Measurement Date	9/	30/2021	9/	30/2020	9/	30/2019	9/.	30/2018
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$	22,906	\$	97,000	\$	97,000	\$	85,600
Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution		22,906		97,000		97,000		85,600
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

Notes to Schedule

Actuarially determined contribution rates shown above are calculated as of October 1 of the current fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Until a full 10-year trend is compiled governments should present information for only years for which information is available.

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Retiree Health Insurance Trust Fund Plan Voluntary Employee Benefit Association (VEBA) for those who retired on or after October 1, 2008, pursuant to GASB 74

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - VEBA POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS

Measurement Date	9/30/2021		9/30/2020		9/30/2019		9/30/2018	
Total OPEB Liability- VEBA								
Service Cost	\$	24,570	\$	30,056	\$	28,553	\$	20,105
Interest		85,627		82,416		70,283		70,022
Demographic Experience		14,956		37,721		148,840		21,920
Benefits paid		(93,502)		(94,922)		(94,922)		(115,700)
Assumption changes		-		(1,578)		20,993		-
Net change in Total OPEB Liability - VEBA		31,651		53,693		173,747		(3,653)
Total OPEB Liability - VEBA, Beginning	1	,250,091	1	,196,398	1	,022,651	1	,026,304
Total OPEB Liability - VEBA, Ending	1	,281,742	1	,250,091	1	1,196,398	1	,022,651
Plan Fiduciary Net Position								
Employer contributions		22,906		97,000		97,000		85,600
Net investment income		247,908		68,348		21,063		102,593
Benefits paid		(93,502)		(94,922)		(94,922)	((115,700)
Administrative expenses		(29,827)		(35,815)		(20,199)		(9,371)
Net change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		147,485		34,611		2,942		63,122
Plan Fiduciary Net Position, Beginning	1	,258,506	1	,223,895	1	,220,953	1	,157,831
Plan Fiduciary Net Position, Ending	1	,405,991	1	,258,506	1	,223,895	1	,220,953
Net OPEB Liability/(Asset) - VEBA	\$	(124,249)	\$	(8,415)	\$	(27,497)	\$	(198,302)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a percentage of the								
Total OPEB Liability - VEBA		109.69%		100.67%		102.30%		119.39%

Until a full 10-year trend is compiled governments should present information for only years for which information is available.

OPEB for those who retired before September 30, 2008, pursuant to GASB 75

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - NON-VEBA POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS

Measurement Date	9/30/2021	9/30/2020	9/30/2019	9/30/2018	
Total OPEB Liability					
Service Cost	\$ 252,480	\$ 354,254	\$ 264,344	\$ 127,897	
Interest	124,843	98,031	126,449	120,273	
Demographic Experience	(353,127)	59,414	(333,580)	-	
Assumption Changes	(593,015)	324,441	1,080,448	-	
Benefits paid	(170,955)	(184,389)	(172,651)	(141,049)	
Net change in Total OPEB Liability	(739,774)	651,751	965,010	107,121	
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	4,970,075	4,318,324	3,353,314	3,246,193	
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$4,230,301	\$4,970,075	\$4,318,324	\$3,353,314	

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Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Board of Commissioners Fort Myers Beach Fire Control District Fort Myers Beach, FL

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities of Fort Myers Beach Fire Control District, (the "District") as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 4, 2022 for the purpose of compliance with Section 218.39(2), Florida Statutes, and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General – Local Governmental Entity Audits.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting, continued

Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Ashley, Brown & Smith, CPAs

Punta Gorda, Florida March 4, 2022



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S MANAGEMENT LETTER

Board of Commissioners Fort Myers Beach Fire Control District Fort Myers Beach, FL

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the Fort Myers Beach Fire Control District, (the "District") as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, and have issued our report thereon dated March 4, 2022.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards and Independent Accountant's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with AICPA Professional Standards, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports and schedule, which are dated March 4, 2022, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no recommendations made in the preceding audit report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The District discloses this information in the notes to the financial statements.

Financial Condition and Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require us apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the District has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identification of the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the District did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures. It is management's responsibility to monitor the District's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendation to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Special District Component Units

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.c., Rules of the Auditor General, requires, if appropriate, that we communicate the failure of a special district that is a component unit of a county, municipality, or special district, to provide the financial information necessary for proper reporting of the component unit within the audited financial statements of the county, municipality, or special district in accordance with Section 219.39(3)(b), Florida Statues. In connection with our audit, we determined that there are no special district component units required to report to the District.

Specific Information

As required by Section 218.39(3)(c), Florida Statutes, and Section 10.554(1)(i)6, Rules of the Auditor General, the District reported:

- **a.** The total number of district employees compensated in the last pay period of the district's fiscal year were 61.
- **b.** The total number of independent contractors to whom nonemployee compensation was paid in the last month of the district's fiscal year is 3.
- **c.** All compensation earned by or awarded to employees, whether paid or accrued, regardless of contingency is \$5,828,024.
- **d.** All compensation earned by or awarded to nonemployee independent contractors, whether paid or accrued, regardless of contingency is \$158,416.
- e. The District did not have any construction project with a total cost of at least \$65,000 in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.
- **f.** A budget variance based on the budget adopted under Section 189.016(4), Florida Statutes, before the beginning of the fiscal year being reported if the district amends a final adopted budget under Section 189.016(6), Florida Statutes, as can be found on page 50 of the financial statements.

Specific Information, Continued

As required by Section 218.39(3)(c), Florida Statutes, and Section 10.554(1)(i)7, Rules of the Auditor General, the (name of district) reported:

- **a.** The millage rate imposed by the district as 2.9851.
- **b.** The total amount of ad valorem taxes collected by or on behalf of the district is \$12,835,065.
- c. The District had no outstanding bonds as of September 30, 2021.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the District Board of Commissioners, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Ashley, Brown & Smith CPA's, P.A.

Punta Gorda, FL March 4, 2022



REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT ON COMPLIANCE WITH LOCAL GOVERNMENT INVESTMENT POLICIES

Board of Commissioners Fort Myers Beach Fire Control District Fort Myers Beach, FL

We have examined the Fort Myers Beach Fire Control District's (the "District") compliance with Section 218.415, *Florida Statutes*, the Local Government Investment Policies, Article V Requirements, during the year ended September 30, 2021. Management is responsible for the District's compliance with the specified requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the standards applicable to attestation engagements contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the District complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the District complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgement, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements during the year ended September 30, 2021.

The purpose of this report is to comply with the local investment policy requirements of Section 218.415, *Florida Statutes*, the Local Government Investment Policies, Article V Requirements, and Rules of the Auditor General.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Florida Auditor General, the District, and applicable management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties

Ashley, Brown & Smith, CPAs

Punta Gorda, Florida March 4, 2022