2021

Lehigh Acres Municipal Services Improvement District Financial Statements and Independent Auditor's Report September 30, 2021



FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

LEHIGH ACRES MUNICIPAL SERVICES IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT

SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Independent Auditor's Report	
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4-12
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	
Statement of Activities	
Fund Financial Statements:	
Governmental Funds:	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	15
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental	
Funds to the Statement of Net Position	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	
Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures,	
and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	
Notes to the Financial Statements	19-44
Required Supplementary Information	
Budget to Actual Comparison – General Fund:	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	
Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - General Fund	
Schedules of Pension and Other Postemployment Benefits:	
Schedule of Changes in the District's Total Other Postemployment	
Benefits Liability and Related Ratios	
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the	
Net Pension Liability	
Schedule of District's Contributions	-
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information	

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

LEHIGH ACRES MUNICIPAL SERVICES IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT

SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Supplementary Information	
Balance Sheet – Non-Major Governmental Funds	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes	
In Fund Balance – Non-Major Governmental Funds	51
Other Reports	
Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance	
Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance	
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major	
State Project and on Internal Control Over Compliance	
Required by Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General	
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs of State Financial Assistance Projects	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial	
Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an	
Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with	
Government Auditing Standards	
Management Letter	60-62
Independent Accountant's Report on Compliance with	
Florida Statute Section 218.415 - Investments of Public Funds	

PURVIS GRAY

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Commissioners Lehigh Acres Municipal Services Improvement District Lehigh Acres, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Lehigh Acres Municipal Services Improvement District (the District), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS Gainesville | Ocala | Tallahassee | Sarasota | Orlando | Lakeland purvisgray.com Members of American and Florida Institutes of Certified Public Accountants An Independent Member of the BDO Alliance USA Board of Commissioners Lehigh Acres Municipal Services Improvement District Lehigh Acres, Florida

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of September 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) and the required supplementary information, other than MD&A, as listed in the table of contents (collectively, the required supplementary information), be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of state financial assistance is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual non-major fund financial schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual non-major fund financial schedules and the schedule of expenditures of state financial assistance are the responsibility of management and were derived from, and relate directly to, the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual non-major fund schedules and the schedule of expenditures of state financial assistance are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Board of Commissioners Lehigh Acres Municipal Services Improvement District Lehigh Acres, Florida

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 21, 2022, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Purvis Gray

March 21, 2022 Sarasota, Florida

This Lehigh Acres Municipal Services Improvement District's (the District) discussion and analysis is designed to offer readers of the District's financial statements a narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. Readers are encouraged to read the Management's Discussion and Analysis in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which begin on page 13.

The District was created on June 10, 2015, by an act of the Florida Legislature. The act dissolved the East County Water Control District (the predecessor entity) and essentially transferred all assets, obligations, and rights, etc., of that entity to the new District.

Financial Highlights

- The assets (plus deferred outflows) of the District exceeded its liabilities (plus deferred inflows) at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$35,399,623 (*net position*). Of this amount, \$7,422,310 (*unrestricted net position*) may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- * The District's net position increased by \$1,932,548 for fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.
- * As of the close of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$9,599,668, an increase of \$2,095,241 from the previous fiscal year. Other than the non-spendable amount of \$1,675, the total amount of fund balance is *available for spending* at the District's discretion (*assigned and unassigned fund balance*).
- * At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$4,780,812.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the District's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event given rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected assessments and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements report only functions of the District that are principally supported by non-ad valorem assessments and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*). The governmental activity of the District is water control. The District has no business-type activities.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 13 and 14 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other governmental entities, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains five individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the major funds.

The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for all funds. To demonstrate compliance with the adopted budget, a budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund as *required supplementary information* which can be found on page 45 of this report.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 15 and 18 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 19 through 44 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets (plus deferred outflows) exceeded liabilities (plus deferred inflows) by \$35,399,623 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

Remainder of page intentionally left blank

The following schedule is a summary of the statement of net position found on page 13 of this report, with comparisons to the prior year.

Lehigh Acres Municipal Services Improvement	District's Net Position
---	--------------------------------

		Governmental Activities		Governmental Activities		
	-	2021		2020		
Assets:			-			
Current and other assets	\$	10,088,892	\$	9,917,898		
Capital assets	_	33,719,346		33,146,712		
	_	43,808,238	_	43,064,610		
Deferred Outflows		470.007		COF 002		
of Resources:	_	478,087	-	685,893		
Liabilities:						
Current and other liabilities		503,219		1,638,018		
Non-current liabilities		7,214,458		8,466,586		
	_	7,717,677	-	10,104,604		
	_					
Deferred Inflows						
of Resources:	_	1,169,025	_	178,824		
Net Position:						
Net investment in capital assets		27,977,313		26,230,412		
Unrestricted		7,422,310		7,236,663		
Total net position	\$	35,399,623	\$	33,467,075		

By far, the largest portion of the District's net position (79%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, improvements, equipment, intangible assets and construction in progress) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to carry out its statutory responsibilities; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Due to the fact that none of the District's net position is subject to external restrictions on how it may be used, \$7,422,310 is unrestricted and may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

When compared to last fiscal year, there was an increase of \$185,647 in the unrestricted net position in connection with the District's governmental activities.

During fiscal year 2021, the District's total net position increased by \$1,933,030. There was a decrease of (\$1,715,716) in intergovernmental receivables compared to fiscal year 2020, which is mainly attributed to recognizable grant funds due from various state and local governmental agencies in fiscal year 2020. The following table is a comparison of the current and prior fiscal years:

	 Governmental Activities 2021		Governmental Activities 2020
Revenues:	 		
Program Revenues:			
Charges for Services – Permit Fees	\$ 246,805	\$	70,700
Intergovernmental Revenue	1,541,836		1,291,523
General revenues:			
Non-Ad Valorem Assessments	5,969,013		6,004,436
Other	116,845		180,404
Total Revenues	 7,874,499	_	7,547,063
Expenses:			
Water Control	5,941,951		6,278,743
Total Expenses	 5,941,951	_	6,278,743
Change in Net Position	1,932,548		1,268,320
Net Position – Beginning	33,467,075		32,198,755
Net Position – Ending	\$ 35,399,623	\$	33,467,075

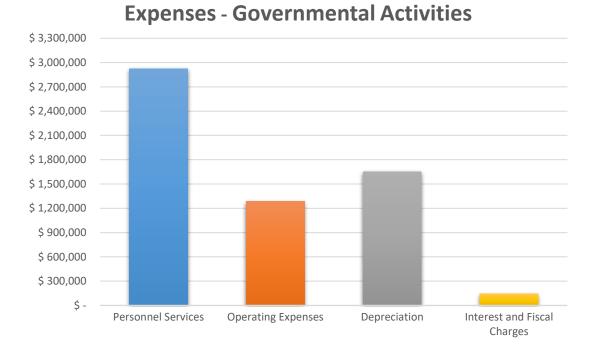
Lehigh Acres Municipal Services Improvement District's Changes in Net Position

Explanation of significant variances:

* Permit fees increased by \$176,105 from fiscal year 2020, due to an increase in construction right-of-way permits in fiscal year 2021.

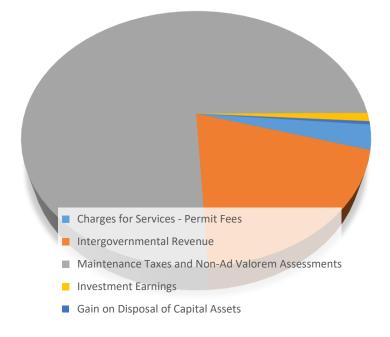
In fiscal year 2021 intergovernmental revenue increased by \$250,313 which was due to additional grant money received in fiscal year 2021 vs. fiscal year 2020.

- * Non-ad valorem assessments decreased in fiscal year 2021 by (\$35,423) compared to fiscal year 2020, which is primarily due to a decrease in non-ad valorem assessment collections in fiscal year 2021.
- * Other revenues decreased by (\$63,559) in fiscal year 2021 compared to fiscal year 2020 mainly due to a decrease in interest income derived from lower interest rates.
- * Total expenses decreased by (\$336,792) in fiscal year 2021 vs. fiscal year 2020.



Shown below are graphs of 2021 expenses and revenues:

Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities



Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the District's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At September 30, 2021, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$9,599,668, an increase of \$2,095,241 in fiscal year 2021 compared to fiscal year 2020. Of the year-end balance, \$1,675 is non-spendable and \$4,817,181 is assigned for various purposes. Approximately \$4,780,812 (49.8%) of the year-end balance constitutes *unassigned fund balance* and is available for spending at the District's discretion.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the District. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$4,780,812, an increase of \$246,022 when compared to fiscal year 2020. In addition, the general fund had a total fund balance of \$4,782,487 which was an increase of \$245,904 (5.42%) from fiscal year 2020.

The debt service fund has a total fund balance of \$1,171,644 at year-end, of which is all assigned.

The District maintains three capital project funds that have a combined total fund balance of \$3,645,537 in fiscal year 2021 which is a \$1,845,600 (102.5%) increase in fund balance compared to fiscal year 2020 mainly from grant revenue that was received in fiscal year 2021.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The District's capital assets, as of September 30, 2021, amount to \$33,719,346 (net of accumulated depreciation), which includes land, land improvements, buildings, equipment, intangible assets (easements and computer software), and construction in progress. There was an increase of \$572,634 in the District's capital assets in fiscal year 2021 vs. fiscal year 2020.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- * Construction in progress had a net decrease of (\$3,632,843).
- * Equipment additions for the year totaled \$1,228,554.

The schedule below shows the District's capital asset balances (book value) at the end of the current and prior year:

Lehigh Acres Municipal Services Improvement District's Capital Assets
(Net of Depreciation)

		Governmental Activities		Governmental Activities		
		2021		2020		
	~	2 200 005	<u> </u>	2 200 005		
Land	\$	3,290,885	\$	3,290,885		
Intangibles – easements		1,297		1,297		
Buildings, net		1,566,202		1,607,282		
Infrastructure, net		25,386,444		22,018,197		
Equipment, net		2,935,348		2,056,247		
Intangibles – software		2,786		3,577		
Construction in Progress		536,384		4,169,227		
Total assets	\$	33,719,346	\$	33,146,712		

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note E on page 30 of this report.

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the District had total notes payable outstanding of \$5,728,058.

Lehigh Acres Municipal Services Improvement District Long-term Debt

	G	Governmental		Governmental	
		Activities		Activities	
		2021 2020		2020	
Notes payable	\$	5,728,058	\$	6,501,982	
Total	\$	5,728,058	\$	6,501,982	

The District's total debt saw a net decrease of (\$773,924) (11.9%) during the current fiscal year as a result of scheduled principal retirement.

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note F on pages 31 through 32 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The area in which the District operates shows signs of rapid population growth. During fiscal year 2021, with an estimated population of 112,279, the District was ranked as one of the fastest growing communities in the country, by population.

The District's primary source of funding is non-ad valorem assessments. The assessment rate for fiscal year 2021 (tax year 2020) was \$130.15 per acre. In fiscal year 2019, there was a \$10 per acre non-ad valorem assessment rate increase, which was mainly for the purpose of starting and funding a bridge fund for future bridge infrastructure projects. The majority of the landowners own one-quarter or one-half acres lots. The uncollectible rate remains budgeted at 3% of the total non-ad valorem assessed.

Unassigned fund balance continues to be budgeted at a minimum of 25% of budgeted operating expenditures.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the District Manager, 601 East County Lane, Lehigh Acres, Florida 33936.

Remainder of page intentionally left blank

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

LEHIGH ACRES MUNICIPAL SERVICES IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>		
Assets			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	10,062,992	
Due from Other Governments		19,325	
Other Receivables		4,900	
Utility Deposits		1,675	
Capital Assets:			
Non-Depreciable Land, Construction in Progress, and Easements		3,828,566	
Depreciable Buildings, Land Improvements, Furniture and Fixtures, and			
Equipment (Net of (\$38,287,493) Accumulated Depreciation)		29,890,780	
Total Assets		43,808,238	
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Deferred Outflows - Pension		478,087	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		478,087	
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources		44,286,325	
Liabilities			
Accounts and Contracts Payable		374,485	
Accrued Liabilities		114,738	
Accrued Interest on Long-Term Obligations		13,996	
Non-Current Liabilities:			
Due Within One Year		960,109	
Due in More than One Year		6,254,349	
Total Liabilities		7,717,677	
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Deferred Inflows - Pensions		1,169,025	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		1,169,025	
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources		8,886,702	
Net Position			
Net Investment in Capital Assets		27,977,313	
Unrestricted		7,422,310	
Total Net Position		35,399,623	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Infows and Net Position	\$	44,286,325	

LEHIGH ACRES MUNICIPAL SERVICES IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Governmental Activities
Expenses	
Water Control:	
Personnel Services	\$ 2,782,694
Operating Expenses	1,363,819
Depreciation	1,653,764
Interest and Fiscal Charges	141,674
Total Expenses	5,941,951
Program Revenue	
Charges for Services - Permit Fees	246,805
Intergovernmental Revenue	1,541,836
Total Program Revenue	1,788,641
Net Program Expenses	(4,153,310)
General Revenues	
Maintenance Taxes and Non-Ad Valorem Assessments	5,969,013
Interest Earnings and Miscellaneous	82,812
Gain on Disposal of Capital Assets	34,033
Total General Revenues	6,085,858
Change in Net Position	1,932,548
Net Position, Beginning of Year	33,467,075
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 35,399,623

LEHIGH ACRES MUNICIPAL SERVICES IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

ASSETS

	Major Funds			_		
			Capital	Non-Major	Total	
		Debt	Infrastructure	Governmental	Governmental	
	General	Service	Projects	Funds	Funds	
Assets						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 8,298,613	\$ 1,194,851	\$-	\$ 569,528	\$ 10,062,992	
Due from Other Governments	19,325	-	-	-	19,325	
Due from Other Funds	28,289	-	3,095,065	114,832	3,238,186	
Other Receivables	4,900	-	-	-	4,900	
Utility Deposits	1,675	-	-	-	1,675	
Total Assets	8,352,802	1,194,851	3,095,065	684,360	13,327,078	
	LIABILITIES	AND FUND BA	LANCE			
Liabilities						
Accounts and Contracts						
Payable	245,680	-	13,974	114,832	374,486	
Due to Other Funds	3,209,897	23,207	-	5,082	3,238,186	
Accrued Liabilities	114,738	-	-	-	114,738	
Total Liabilities	3,570,315	23,207	13,974	119,914	3,727,410	
Fund Balance						
Non-Spendable:						
Prepaid Items and						
Deposits	1,675	-	-	-	1,675	
Assigned for:						
Debt Service	-	1,171,644	-	-	1,171,644	
Capital Expenditures	-	-	3,081,091	-	3,081,091	
Bridge Replacement	-	-	-	564,446	564,446	
Unassigned	4,780,812	-	-	-	4,780,812	
Total Fund Balance	4,782,487	1,171,644	3,081,091	564,446	9,599,668	
Total Liabilities and						
Fund Balance	\$ 8,352,802	\$ 1,194,851	\$ 3,095,065	\$ 684,360	\$ 13,327,078	

LEHIGH ACRES MUNICIPAL SERVICES IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Total Fund Balances for Governmental Funds	\$ 9,599,668
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net	
position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources	
and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds:	
Land \$ 3,290,885	
Intangibles - Easements 1,297	
Construction in Progress 536,384	
Building, Infrastructure, Equipment, and Intangibles 68,178,273	
(Less Accumulated Depreciation) (38,287,493)	33,719,346
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period	
and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:	
Notes Payable (5,728,058)	
Accrued Interest (13,995)	
Compensated Absences (303,492)	(6,045,545)
The net pension liability and related deferred outflows and inflows	
of resources are not recorded in the fund financial statements	
because they do not utilize current resources:	
Net Pension Liability (950,964)	
Deferred Outflows of Resources 478,087	
Deferred Inflows of Resources (1,169,025)	(1,641,902)
The other postemployment benefits liability is not recorded in the	
fund financial statements because it does not utilize current resources:	
Other Postemployment Benefit Liability	(231,944)
Total Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 35,399,623

LEHIGH ACRES MUNICIPAL SERVICES IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

		Major Funds	i			
			Capital	Non-Major	Total	
		Debt	Infrastructure	Governmental	Governmental	
	General	Service	Projects	Funds	Funds	
Revenues						
Non-Ad Valorem Assessments	\$ 5,649,244	\$-	\$-	\$ 319,769	\$ 5,969,013	
Permits	-	-	-	246,805	246,805	
Intergovernmental	-	-	3,257,032	-	3,257,032	
Miscellaneous Revenue	6,067	-	17,591	9,637	33,295	
Interest Income	15,376	3,737		401	19,514	
Total Revenues	5,670,687	3,737	3,274,623	576,612	9,525,659	
Expenditures						
Current:						
Physical Environment:						
Personnel Services	2,986,785	-	-	-	2,986,785	
Operating Expenditures	1,355,742	-	1,539	5,082	1,362,363	
Capital Outlay	-	-	1,593,089	639,277	2,232,366	
Debt Service:						
Principal	-	773,924	-	-	773,924	
Interest and Physical Charges	-	143,525	-		143,525	
Total Expenditures	4,342,527	917,449	1,594,628	644,359	7,498,963	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	1,328,160	(913,712)	1,679,995	(67,747)	2,026,696	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers In	-	917,449	-	164,807	1,082,256	
Transfers (Out)	(1,082,256)	-	-	-	(1,082,256)	
Insurance Recoveries	-	-	-	30,000	30,000	
Proceeds from the Sale of						
Capital Assets			-	38,545	38,545	
Total Other Financing						
Sources (Uses)	(1,082,256)	917,449	-	233,352	68,545	
Net Change in Fund Balance	245,904	3,737	1,679,995	165,605	2,095,241	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	4,536,583	1,167,907	1,401,096	398,841	7,504,427	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 4,782,487	\$ 1,171,644	\$ 3,081,091	\$ 564,446	\$ 9,599,668	
·						

LEHIGH ACRES MUNICIPAL SERVICES IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Net Change in Fund Balance - Total Governmental Funds		\$ 2,095,241
The increase (change) in net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:		
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in governmental funds, revenues are recognized when they are earned, measurable, and available. In the statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis, revenues are recognized when they are earned and measurable.		(1,715,196)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets acquired is depreciated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense:		
Expenditures for Capital Assets Net Book Value of Capital Assets Disposed (Less Current Year Depreciation)	\$ 2,230,910 (4,512) (1,653,764)	572,634
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. In addition, principal payments are recorded as expenditures in the fund statements, and proceeds from debt issuances are recorded as other financing sources:		
Principal Payments		773,924
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available.		
Adjustments are as follows:		
Accrued Interest Compensated Absences	1,853 103,246	105,099
Change in the other postemployment liability does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported as an expenditure in governmental funds.		(37,419)
Changes in the net pension liability and pension related deferred outflows and inflows of resources do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		138,265
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 1,932,548

Note A - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Organization

The Lehigh Acres Municipal Services Improvement District (the District) is an independent special district in Lee and Hendry Counties created June 10, 2015, under Chapter 2015-202, Laws of Florida, and Chapter 2017-216, Laws of Florida. The District is organized and exists for all purposes and shall hold all powers set forth in its charter and chapters 189 and 197, Florida Statutes. The District charter may be amended only by special act of the Legislature. The District has the power to provide signage, drainage and water control, public improvements and community facilities; to designate, create, implement, and maintain conservation, mitigation, and wildlife habitats; to fund, plan, establish, acquire, construct or reconstruct, enlarge or extend, equip, operate, and maintain systems, facilities, and basic infrastructure for conservation areas, mitigation areas, and wildlife habitat, including the maintenance of any plant or animal species, and any related interest in real or personal property.

This District is governed by an at-large elected five (5) member Board of Commissioners (the Board) serving staggered four (4) year terms.

Predecessor Entity

Prior to June 10, 2015, the District was known as the East County Water Control District (ECWCD), an independent special taxing district originally created pursuant to a decree of the Twelfth (12th) Circuit Court, Lee County, entered in Chancery Number 12,429 on May 5, 1958. Laws of Florida, Chapter 63-1549 reaffirmed the ECWCD's creation and provided authorization to levy and enforce the ECWCD's taxation power in July of 1963, as amended under the provisions of Florida Statutes, Chapter 298. The enabling legislation was repealed, reenacted, and codified by Laws of Florida, Chapter 2000-423, effective July 3, 2000. The ECWCD subsequently amended its codification via Laws of Florida Chapter 2003-315, 2005-308, 2006-319, 2009-260, and 2012-254.

The ECWCD had been formed for the purpose of preserving and protecting water resources by drainage, reclamation, conservation, mitigation, irrigation, and water management in the eastern portion of Lee County and the western portion of Hendry County. The ECWCD also had authority under Laws of Florida, Chapter 67-901 to construct, maintain, and regulate navigational and boating facilities within the District. As a result of the codification (Laws of Florida, Chapter 2000-423), the ECWCD also had the authority to operate and maintain certain recreational parks within the District.

On June 10, 2015, the Legislature of the State of Florida passed an act, Chapter 2015-202, which dissolved ECWCD and created the District, primarily for the purpose of expanding the potential powers of the predecessor entity. According to the act, "As of the effective date of this act, all property, whether real, personal, or mixed, that is owned, possessed, or controlled by the ECWCD and all other assets, contracts, obligations, and liabilities of the ECWCD are hereby transferred and vested in the Lehigh Acres Municipal Services Improvement District. All contracts and obligations of the ECWCD existing on the effective date of this act shall remain in full force and effect, and this act shall in no way affect the validity of such contracts or obligations." Also, according to the act, "the members of the former Board of Commissioners of the ECWCD shall constitute the five-member Board of District Commissioners of the Lehigh Acres Municipal Services Improvement District, with existing 4-year terms of office to remain intact." On June 6, 2017, the Florida Legislature amended Chapter 2015-202, Laws of Florida, by enacting Chapter 2017-216, Laws of Florida, to expand the District boundaries.

Reporting Entity

The District's financial statements were prepared in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements related to *The Financial Reporting Entity*, which establishes standards for defining and reporting on the financial reporting entity. The financial reporting entity is defined as the District, organizations for which the District is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of the relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The District is financially accountable for a component unit if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the District. Based on criteria established by GASB Statements, there are no potential component units required to be included in the District's financial statements.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The basic financial statements consist of the government-wide financial statements, the fund financial statements, and the notes to the financial statements. The government-wide financial statements (the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. These activities are supported by general governmental and intergovernmental revenues.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function; and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds with the major individual funds reported in separate columns.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Since the governmental fund financial statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements' governmental activities column, a reconciliation is presented on the page following each statement, which briefly explains the adjustments necessary to reconcile the fund based financial statements to the governmental activities column of the government-wide presentation.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from nonexchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 33, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Non-Exchange Transactions*. Amounts paid to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets in the government-wide financial statements, rather than reported as expenditures. Proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as liabilities in the government-wide financial

statements, rather than as other financing sources. Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness of the reporting government are reported as a reduction of the related liability in the government-wide financial statements, rather than as expenditures. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Non-ad valorem assessments are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements have been met.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period, or soon enough thereafter, to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within sixty days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred.

Exceptions to this general rule include principal and interest on long-term debt, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, which are recognized when due.

Revenues susceptible to accrual are assessments, expenditure reimbursements, and intergovernmental revenues. These have been recognized as revenues in the period they meet the availability criteria. In addition, revenue from federal and state reimbursement type grants are recognized as revenue when the availability and eligibility requirements have been met. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the District receives cash.

Major Funds and Basis of Presentation

The accounts of the District are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund balance, revenues, and expenditures. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

The District's major funds are presented in separate columns on the governmental fund financial statements. The definition of a major fund is one that meets certain criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements-and Management's Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local Governments* (GASB Statement No. 34). The funds that do not meet the criteria of a major fund are considered non-major funds and are combined into a single column on the governmental fund financial statements.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

- **General Fund**—The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- Debt Service Fund—The Debt Service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for the payment of long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

• **Capital Infrastructure Projects**—to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of major capital facilities or infrastructure.

Additionally, the District reports the following non-major funds:

- **Capital Equipment Fund**—to account for the accumulation of resources for capital equipment expenditure, maintenance, and replacement.
- Bridge Renewal and Replacement Fund—to account for the accumulation of resources for bridge renewal and replacement.

The effect of all interfund activity (transfers in/out and due from/due to) between governmental funds has been removed from the government-wide financial statements.

Amounts reported as program revenues include: 1) revenues generated by fees charged for permits that allow drainage into the District systems or for the use of District rights-of-way, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all assessments.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed, unless there are legal documents/contracts that prohibit doing this, such as in grant agreements requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the District would first use committed fund balance, followed by assigned fund balance, and then unassigned fund balance when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and investments. The District's investments consist of the Florida State Board of Administration's (SBA) Florida PRIME (formerly known as the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund Pooled Investment Account) and the Florida Cooperative Liquid Assets Securities System (FLCLASS). PRIME Fund and FLCLASS are external investment pool reported at amortized cost, which approximates fair value.

Interfund Receivables and Payables

During the course of its operations, the District has numerous transactions between funds to construct or acquire assets and service debt. Transactions between funds that were not paid for or received as of September 30, 2021, have been recorded as due from and due to other funds in the fund financial statements.

<u>Receivables</u>

Accounts receivable are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible, when appropriate. Receivables, including due from other governments, are reported at the net realizable value.

Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Restricted Assets

Certain assets of governmental funds are restricted as to use. Such assets, consisting primarily of cash and receivables, may include debt proceeds, state and federal grants, and amounts held for debt service.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, easements, buildings, infrastructure, and equipment are reported in the government-wide financial statements in the statement of net position.

The District has adopted a minimum capitalization threshold for capital expenditures of \$5,000. Assets purchased with a cost of less than \$5,000 are included as operating expenditures in the appropriate fund.

All purchased capital assets are valued at cost where historical records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. The costs of substantially all capital assets acquired or constructed prior to 1998 have been estimated. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date donated. Public domain (infrastructure) capital assets consisting of certain improvements other than buildings, including canals, curbs, culverts, and excavations are capitalized.

The District has segregated the cost of land under and surrounding its canals into the "land" category of capital assets, and as such, it is not depreciated. The cost of excavation of those canals is categorized as "infrastructure." The District continually maintains its canals and drainage system, and has elected to depreciate such system improvements over periods ranging 10-50 years. No debt-related interest expense is capitalized as part of capital assets in accordance with GASB Statement No. 34.

Maintenance, repairs, and minor renovations are not capitalized. The acquisition of land and construction projects utilizing resources received from federal and state agencies are capitalized when the related expenditure is incurred.

Expenditures that materially increase values, change capacities, or extend useful lives are capitalized. Upon sale or retirement, the cost is eliminated from the respective accounts.

Expenditures for capital assets are recorded in the fund statements as current expenditures. However, such expenditures are not reflected as expenditures in the government-wide statements but rather capitalized and depreciated.

Depreciable capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	10-50
Infrastructure	10-50
Equipment	4-25

Compensated Absences

The District's employees accumulate annual leave, based on the number of years of continuous service. Upon termination of employment, employees can receive payment of accumulated annual leave, sick leave benefits, personal time, and compensatory time if certain criteria are met. The costs of vacation, sick leave benefits, personal time, and compensatory time (compensated absences) are expended in the respective operating funds when payments are made, but are accrued as incurred in the government-wide financial statements – statement of net position as non-current liabilities.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities statement of net position, increased, or reduced, by related unamortized premiums or discounts. In the fund financial statements the face amount of debt issued, plus any premium or net of any discount, is reported as other financing sources in the year of issuance.

Issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures in the year of issuance.

Fund Balance

The District implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, (GASB Statement No. 54) during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2011, as required. The purpose of GASB Statement No. 54 was to improve the consistency and usefulness of fund balance information to the financial statement user. The statement establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the organization is bound to honor constraints on the specific purpose for which amounts in the funds can be spent. Based on the extent to which these external or internal constraints have on the spending of fund balances, they are classified as the following:

- Non-Spendable Fund Balance—Amounts that are: 1) not in spendable form or 2) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- **Restricted Fund Balance**—Amounts that have externally enforceable limitations on use.
- Committed Fund Balance—Amounts that have self-imposed limitations (via Board Resolution) set in place prior to the end of the reporting period.
- Assigned Fund Balance—Pursuant to Resolution 2011-08 adopted by the Board on July 18, 2011, assigned fund balances include "spendable fund balance amounts established by management of the District that are intended to be used for specific purposes and are neither considered restricted or committed." In addition, residual balances in the capital projects and debt service funds are considered assigned for the general purpose of the respective fund.
- Unassigned Fund Balance—The residual net resources for the general fund in excess of non-spendable, restricted, committed, and assigned fund balance (i.e., surplus). Unassigned fund balance may also include negative balances if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed, or assigned (i.e., deficit).

Minimum Level of Unassigned Fund Balance

Board Resolution 2011-08 adopted July 18, 2011, also specified certain actions to be taken when unassigned fund balance in the general fund fell below certain minimum levels. If, after the annual audit, prior committed or assigned fund balance causes the unassigned fund balance to fall below 25% of general fund operating expenditures, the District manager will so advise the Board in order for the necessary action to be taken to restore the unassigned fund balance to 25% of general fund operating expenditures. The District manager will prepare and submit a plan for committed and/or assigned fund balance reductions, expenditure reductions, and/or revenue increases to the Board. The District shall take action necessary to restore the unassigned fund balance to acceptable levels within two years.

Net Position

Equity in the government-wide statement of net position is displayed in three categories: 1) net investment in capital assets, 2) restricted, or 3) unrestricted. The net investment in capital assets component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation reduced by the outstanding debt incurred to acquire, construct, or improve those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital assets or related debt are also included in this component of net position. The restricted component of net position consist of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted component of net position.

Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded as reservations of budget, is not employed by the District because presently, it's not necessary to assure effective budgetary or cash planning control.

Other Policies

Management Estimates

The preparation of basic financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the District to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, fund equity, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the basic financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Non-Ad Valorem Maintenance and Benefit Assessments

Maintenance assessments, Florida Statute 298.54, and benefit assessments, Florida Statute 298.36, are levied each November 1 after formal adoption of the District's budget and become due and payable upon receipt of the Notice of Levy. Non-ad valorem assessments are based on the size of real property parcels that are provided by the Lee County and Hendry County Property Appraisers. The current year's levy is based on 46,970.34 acres. Discounts are allowed for payment of the assessments prior to March 1 of the following year. Assessments become delinquent on April 1 and are subject to the issuance of tax sale certificates if unpaid by June 1.

The billing and collection of all maintenance and benefit assessments is performed for the District by the Tax Collectors for Lee and Hendry Counties. These non-ad valorem assessments are recognized as revenue when received from the Tax Collectors.

Under the provisions of Chapter 2015-202, Laws of Florida, and applicable provisions of Chapter 298 of the Florida Statutes, the Board levied a uniform maintenance tax of approximately \$130.15 per acre of land within Lee County and Hendry County. The maintenance assessment proceeds are used by the District to pay the operating costs for the year ended September 30, 2021. These costs include stormwater operations, surveys, engineering, legal and accounting fees, and other expenses as judged necessary by the Board.

There were no non-ad valorem assessments levied under the provisions of Chapter 298.36, Florida Statutes, for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021; instead, maintenance assessments are used to pay debt service for replacement of existing infrastructure.

GASB Statements No.'s. 68 and 71

The District participates in the Florida Retirement System (FRS) defined benefit pension plan and the Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) defined benefit plan administered by the Florida Division of Retirement. As a participating employer, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions* (GASB Statement No. 68), and GASB No. 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date* (GASB Statement No. 71), as required during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015. GASB Statement No. 68 requires employers participating in cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans to report the employers' proportionate share of the net pension liabilities and related pension amounts of the defined benefit pension plans. GASB Statement No. 71 requires employers to defer pension contributions made after the "measurement date". The District's proportionate share of the net pension liabilities at June 30, 2021, was \$950,964.

Note B - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are legally adopted for the general fund and the debt service fund. The adoption of the annual budget also includes capital project funds, for the respective year, along with approval of the five-year capital improvement plan.

Reports that compare the budget to actual results for all funds of the District are prepared and presented to the Board on a monthly basis to ensure control through fund management.

Budgets for all funds are prepared on a modified accrual basis of accounting. This means that revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available, and expenditures are recognized when they are incurred. Presentation of budget versus actual results is contained in the budgetary comparison schedules.

The District follows these procedures in establishing budgetary data for the general fund, debt service fund, and capital project funds:

During the summer of each year, District management submits to the Board a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing on October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.

- Public hearings are conducted to obtain public comments.
- The budget is adopted by resolution of the Board.
- Budgets for all funds are prepared on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.
- Budget transfers can be made throughout the year between expenditure accounts by approval of the Board. The level of control for appropriations is exercised at the fund level.
- Budget amounts, as shown in these basic financial statements, are as originally adopted or as amended by the Board.
- Appropriations lapse at year-end.
- Supplemental appropriations made during the fiscal year are included in the "Final Budget" columns on the budgetary comparison schedules for all governmental funds. Supplemental budgetary appropriations made during the year included the following:

There was no change between the final and original budget.

Note C - Cash and Investments

At September 30, 2021, unrestricted cash was \$4,864,647 (including cash on hand of \$5,170). Cash and Cash Equivalents at September 30, 2021, include investments in local government investment pools of \$5,198,345.

Deposits

At September 30, 2021, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$10,062,992, and the bank balances were \$10,079,196. The difference is due to cash on hand and checks that had been written but not yet paid by the bank.

Investments

The District has adopted an investment policy in accordance with Chapter 218.415, Florida Statutes, to establish guidelines for the efficient management of its cash reserves. The District is authorized to invest in: any intergovernmental investment pool authorized pursuant to the *Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act*; Securities and Exchange Commission registered money market funds with the highest credit quality rating from a nationally recognized rating agency; interest-bearing time deposits or savings accounts in qualified public depositories; direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury; and any other investments authorized by law or by resolution of the District.

The District's investments at year-end are listed below. The District held no other types of investments during the year ended September 30, 2021.

	Mar	ket/Carrying	
General Fund		Amount	 Cost
Local Government			
Surplus Funds:			
Trust Fund (SBA):			
Florida PRIME	\$	1,453,715	\$ 1,453,715
Florida Cooperative			
Liquid Assets			
Securities System (FLCLASS)		3,744,630	 3,744,630
Total Investments	\$	5,198,345	\$ <u>5,198,345</u>

The Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund (the State Pool) is an external investment pool. The State Pool is administered by the SBA, who provides regulatory oversight. The trust was created in December 1991 to provide a means for public entities to pool surplus funds to maximize net earnings. The trust invests in money market, U.S. treasury notes, collateralized mortgage obligations, asset backed securities, agency notes, agency ARM pass-through, corporate bonds, government related securities, and certificates of deposit. The trust reports all share information at net asset value. Financial statements for SBA can be found at sbafl.com.

As a Florida PRIME participant, the District invests in a pool of investments whereby the District owns a share of the respective pool, not the underlying securities.

The District's investment in Florida PRIME is reported at amortized cost. The fair value of the position in the pool is equal to the value of the pool shares.

The FLCLASS, an independent local government investment pool designed to provide a safe and competitive investment alternative for Florida governmental entities. FLCLASS does not meet the requirements of GASB Statement No. 79 and is measured at net asset value, which approximates fair value.

Following is a list of investments held at September 30, 2021 (Ratings from Standard & Poor's):

_	Maturity	 Fair Value	Rating
Investments			
Investment Pools:			
FLCLASS	47 days	\$ 3,744,630	AAAm
Florida PRIME Local Government Surplus Trust	49 days	 1,453,715	AAAm
Total Investments		\$ 5,198,345	

The District's investment in the State Pool exposes it to credit risk and interest rate risk, as defined below:

- Credit Risk—The risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The District's investment policy limits the maximum percentage that may be invested in any one entity or instrument at any one time.
- Interest Rate Risk—The risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment.

Florida PRIME is considered a stable value investment pool. The account balances approximate fair value, and balances are available for immediate withdrawal. The weighted average maturity (WAM) of Florida PRIME at September 30, 2021, is 49 days. The weighted average life (WAL) of Florida PRIME at September 30, 2020, is 64 days. Florida PRIME has a Standard & Poor's rating of AAAm.

FLCLASS minimizes risk by managing the portfolio in a manner that emphasizes the preservation of principal. Portfolio maturity and duration parameters are established to provide for the liquidity need of the participants. The WAM of FLCLASS at September 30, 2021, is 47 days. The WAL of FLCLASS at September 30, 2020, is 84 days. FLCLASS has a Standard & Poor's rating of AAAm.

Neither fund was exposed to foreign currency risk during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.

Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Fund Financial Statements							
Cash and Investments, per Note C		Amount					
Cash on Hand	\$	5,170					
Cash in Bank		4,859,477					
Investments		5,198,345					
Total Cash and Investments	<u>\$</u>	10,062,992					
Cash and Investments, per Balance Sheet							
Unrestricted:							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	<u>\$</u>	10,062,992					
Total Cash and Investments	\$	10,062,992					

Fair Value Measurement

The District holds assets that are defined as short-term investments. The District's investments are recorded at fair value unless the investment qualifies as an external investment pool under the guidance in GASB Statement No. 79. None of the investments are subject to a fair value hierarchy valuation.

Note D - Receivables and Accrued Liabilities

Receivables as of September 30, 2021, for the District's governmental activities are as follows:

		rnmental unds
Receivables		
Other Receivables	\$	4,900
Intergovernmental		19,325
Net Total Receivables	<u>\$</u>	24,225

Accrued liabilities at September 30, 2021, were as follows:

	Ger	eral Fund
Accrued Liabilities		
Payroll	\$	114,738
Total Accrued Liabilities	<u>\$</u>	114,738

Note E - Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2021:

	Balance at October 1, 2020	Additions	Deletions	Balance at September 30, 2021
Capital Assets not Being Depreciated				
Land (Including Canals)	\$ 3,290,885	\$-	\$-	\$ 3,290,885
Intangibles - Easements ¹	1,297	-	-	1,297
Construction in Progress	4,169,227	1,593,464	(5,226,307)	536,384
Total Capital Assets not Being Depreciated	7,461,409	1,593,464	(5,226,307)	3,828,566
Capital Assets Being Depreciated				
Buildings	2,062,036	-	-	2,062,036
Land Improvements	55,383,315	4,635,199	(155,112)	59,863,402
Equipment	5,352,734	1,228,554	(384,086)	6,197,202
Intangibles - Software ¹	55,633			55,633
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	62,853,718	5,863,753	(539,198)	68,178,273
Less Accumulated Depreciation				
Buildings	(454,754)	(41,080)	-	(495,834)
Land Improvements	(33,365,118)	(1,266,952)	155,112	(34,476,958)
Equipment	(3,296,487)	(344,941)	379,574	(3,261,854)
Intangibles - Software	(52,056)	(791)	-	(52,847)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(37,168,415)	(1,653,764)	534,686	(38,287,493)
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	25,685,303	4,209,989	(4,512)	29,890,780
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 33,146,712	\$ 5,803,453	\$ (5,230,819)	\$ 33,719,346

⁽¹⁾ GASB Statement No. 51 (GASB Statement No. 51), *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Intangible Assets*, states that retroactive reporting of intangible assets considered to have indefinite useful lives as of the effective date of the statement is not required but should be permitted. GASB Statement No. 51 also states that retroactive reporting of internally generated intangible assets is not required. The District chose not to apply GASB Statement No. 51 retroactively; however, the District did reclassify easements and internally generated software as intangible assets that had been capitalized in the land and equipment classifications.

Depreciation expense in the amount of \$1,653,764, was reported as a separate line item in the Statement of Activities.

Construction Commitments

The District has several construction projects in progress as of September 30, 2021. The District's commitments at year-end are as follows:

		kpended - To-Date	Remaining Commitment		
Construction Projects					
C.R.E.S.T. Project	\$	167,177	\$	87,146	
GS-10 Land Caloosahtachee Crosslink Project		6,060		378,940	
Weir S-VL-1		6,363		21,137	
Total Construction Projects	<u>\$</u>	179,600	<u>\$</u>	487,223	

Note F - Long-Term Debt

All of the District's notes payable as of September 30, 2021, arose through direct borrowings.

Notes payable outstanding at September 30, 2021, consist of the following for governmental activities:

	Collateral ⁽¹⁾	Purpose of Issue	Amount Issued	Amount Outstanding	Interest Rate	Maximum Annual Debt Service
FDEP ECARP 2.2						
SW109010	Lien on					
Direct Borrowing	Maintenance Taxes	Construction	\$ 182,418	\$ 29,719	2.96% - 3.09%	\$ 12,426
FDEP ECARP 2.3						
SW109020	Lien on					
Direct Borrowing	Maintenance Taxes	Construction	348,830	62,017	2.86% - 3.09%	21,727
FDEP 2005						
SW10903P	Lien on					
Direct Borrowing	Maintenance Taxes	Construction	318,023	147,924	2.34%	20,383
FDEP 2005						
SW109030	Lien on					
Direct Borrowing	Maintenance Taxes	Construction	2,146,951	1,010,571	2.94%	142,680
	11					
FDEP SW109040	Lien on Maintenance Taxes	Construction	212,976	103,442	2.68%	12 (90
Direct Borrowing	Maintenance Taxes	Construction	212,976	103,442	2.08%	13,689
FDEP SW109041	Lien on					
Direct Borrowing	Maintenance Taxes	Construction	1,913,708	931,582	2.68%	123,284
Series 2017	Lien on					
Direct Borrowing	Maintenance Taxes	Construction	5,457,854	3,442,803	2.00%	583,260
Total			\$ 10,580,760	\$ 5,728,058		
			. , , ,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		

(1) All notes are secured by a lien on maintenance taxes.

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021:

		Balance						Balance	А	mounts
	C	October 1,					Sej	otember 30,	Du	e Within
		2020 Additions		Additions		Reductions		2021	One Year	
Notes Payable	\$	6,501,982	\$	-	\$	(773,924)	\$	5,728,058	\$	791,653
Compensated Absences		406,738		253,953		(357,199)		303,492		165,156
Net Pension Liability		2,287,236		-		(1,336,272)		950,964		3,300
Other Postemployment										
Benefits		194,525		54,871		(17,452)		231,944		-
	\$	9,390,481	\$	308,824	\$	(2,484,847)	\$	7,214,458	\$	960,109

The following are the annual requirements to service the notes payable outstanding at September 30, 2021:

Year Ending			
September 30,	 Principal	 Interest	 Total
2022	\$ 791,653	\$ 125,794	\$ 917,447
2023	809,804	107,646	917,450
2024	822,050	89,187	911,237
2025	812,807	70,458	883,265
2026	831,255	52,034	883,289
2027-2031	 1,660,489	 60,505	 1,720,994
Total	\$ 5,728,058	\$ 505,624	\$ 6,233,682

Note G - Interfund Activity

Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers at September 30, 2021, are as follows:

	Transfer-In Funds						
Transfer-Out Fund	Debt Service Fund			on-Major vernmental	Total		
General	\$	917,449	\$	164,807	\$	1,082,256	
Total Transfers	Ş	917,449	Ş	164,807	Ş	1,082,256	

Transfers are used to: 1) move revenues from the fund with collection authorization to the debt service fund for future debt service principal and interest payments, or 2) move unrestricted general fund revenues to finance various programs that the government must account for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations, including amounts provided as subsidies or matching funds for various grant programs.

Interfund Receivables and Payables

Interfund Due to and Due From at September 30, 2021, are as follows:

		Due From Funds						
Due To			Inf	Capital frastructure	N	on-Major		
Funds	(General Projects		Governmental		Total		
General	\$	-	\$	3,095,065	\$	114,832	\$	3,209,897
Debt Service		23,207		-		-		23,207
Non-Major Governmental		5,082		-		-		5,082
	\$	28,289	\$	3,095,065	\$	114,832	\$	3,238,186

The interfund amounts are primarily the result of: 1) temporary loans to cover debt services and 2) exchange activities for labor and equipment across funds. These amounts are expected to be repaid within 1 year.

Note H - Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the District carries commercial insurance.

The District has also purchased commercial excess coverage for workers' compensation which covers claims as presented below:

	 Amount
Each Accident	\$ 1,000,000
Each Employee	1,000,000
Policy Limit	1,000,000

Note I - Commitments and Contingencies

Litigation, Claims, and Assessments

The District is involved from time to time in certain routine litigation, the substance of which, either as liabilities or recoveries, would not materially affect the financial position of the District. Although the final outcome of the lawsuits and claims or the exact amount of costs and/or potential recovery is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the District's legal counsel, the resolution of these matters will not have a materially adverse effect on the financial condition of the District. The District plans to contest these matters unless first settled. Potential losses, if any, may be recovered through third-party insurance.

Grants

Amounts received from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Note J - Employee Retirement Plan

General Information about the Florida Retirement System (FRS)

The FRS was created in Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, to provide a defined benefit pension plan for participating public employees. The FRS was amended in 1998 to add the Deferred Retirement Option Program under the defined benefit plan and amended in 2000 to provide a defined contribution plan alternative to the defined benefit plan for FRS members effective July 1, 2002. This integrated defined contribution plan is the FRS Investment Plan. Chapter 112, Florida Statutes, established the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, to assist retired members of any state-administered retirement system in paying the costs of health insurance.

Essentially all regular employees of the District are eligible to enroll as members of the State-administered FRS. Provisions relating to FRS are established by Chapters 121 and 122, Florida Statutes; Chapter 112 Part IV, Florida Statutes; Chapter 238, Florida Statutes; and FRS Rules, Chapter 60S, *Florida Administrative Code*; wherein eligibility, contributions, and benefits are defined and described in detail. Such provisions may be amended at any time by further action from the Florida Legislature. The FRS is a single retirement system administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, and

consists of two cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plans and other non-integrated programs. A comprehensive annual financial report of the FRS, which includes its financial statements, required supplementary information, actuarial report, and other relevant information, is available from the Florida Department of Management Services' web site (www.dms.myflorida.com).

The District's contributions totaled \$209,065 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 (all plans).

Payables to the Pension Plan

The District reported a payable of \$19,866 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the plan required for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.

FRS Pension Plan

Plan Description

The FRS Pension Plan (Plan) is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer qualified defined benefit pension plan with a Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) available for eligible employees. The general classes of membership applicable to the District are as follows:

- Regular Class Members of the FRS who do not qualify for membership in the other classes
- Senior Management Service Class (SMSC) Members in senior management level positions
- Elected Officers Class (EOC) Elected officers

Employees enrolled in the Plan prior to July 1, 2011, vest at six years of creditable service and employees enrolled in the Plan on or after July 1, 2011, vest at eight years of creditable service. All vested members enrolled prior to July 1, 2011, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 62 or at any age after 30 years of service, except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 55 or at any age after 25 years of service. All members enrolled in the Plan on or after July 1, 2011, once vested, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 65 or any time after 33 years of creditable service, except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 65 or any time after 33 years of creditable service, except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 60 or at any age after 30 years of service. Members of the Plan may include up to four years of credit for military service toward creditable service.

The Plan also includes an early retirement provision; however, there is a benefit reduction for each year a member retires before his or her normal retirement date. The Plan provides retirement, disability, death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments to eligible participants.

DROP, subject to provisions of Section 121.091, Florida Statutes, permits employees eligible for normal retirement under the Plan to defer receipt of monthly benefit payments while continuing employment with an FRS employer. An employee may participate in DROP for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate, except that certain instructional personnel may participate for up to 96 months. During the period of DROP participation, deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest. The net pension liability does not include amounts for DROP participants, as these members are considered retired and are not accruing additional pension benefits.

Benefits Provided

Benefits under the Plan are computed on the basis of age and/or years of service, average final compensation, and service credit. Credit for each year of service is expressed as a percentage of the average final compensation. For members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the five highest fiscal years' earnings; for members initially enrolled on or

after July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the eight highest fiscal years' earnings. The total percentage value of the benefit received is determined by calculating the total value of all service, which is based on the retirement class to which the member belonged when the service credit was earned. Members are eligible for in-line-of-duty or regular disability and survivors' benefits. The following chart shows the percentage value for each year of service credit earned:

Class, Initial Enrollment, and	Percent
Retirement Age/Years of Service	Value
Regular Class Members Initially Enrolled Before July 1, 2011:	
Retirement up to age 62 or up to 30 years of service	1.60
Retirement at age 63 or with 31 years of service	1.63
Retirement at age 64 or with 32 years of service	1.65
Retirement at age 65 or with 33 or more years of service	1.68
Regular Class Members Initially Enrolled on or After July 1, 2011:	
Retirement up to age 65 or up to 33 years of service	1.60
Retirement at age 66 or with 34 years of service	1.63
Retirement at age 67 or with 35 years of service	1.65
Retirement at age 68 or with 36 or more years of service	1.68
Senior Management Service Class	2.00
Elected Officers Class – Others	3.00

As provided in Section 121.101, Florida Statutes, if the member is initially enrolled in the FRS before July 1, 2011, and all service credit was accrued before July 1, 2011, the annual cost-of-living adjustment is 3% per year. If the member is initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, and has service credit on or after July 1, 2011, there is an individually calculated cost-of-living adjustment. The annual cost-of-living adjustment is a proportion of 3% determined by dividing the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by 3%. Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will not have a cost-of-living adjustment after retirement.

Contributions

The Florida Legislature establishes contribution rates for participating employers and employees. Contribution rates during the District's 2020-21 fiscal year were as follows:

_		l June 30, 2021 f Gross Salary	Year Ended June 30, 2022 Percent of Gross Salary			
Class	Employee	Employer (2)	Employee	Employer (2)		
FRS, Regular	3.00	8.28	3.00	9.10		
FRS, Senior Management						
Services	3.00	25.57	3.00	27.29		
Elected Officers	3.00	47.46	3.00	49.70		
DROP – Applicable to						
Members from All of						
the Above Classes	0.00	15.32	0.00	16.68		
FRS, Reemployment						
Retiree	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)		

Notes: (1) Contribution rates are dependent upon retirement class in which reemployed.

(2) These rates include the normal cost and unfunded actuarial liability contributions but do not include the contribution for Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy of 1.66% and the fee of 0.06% for administration of the FRS Investment Plan and provisions of education tools for both plans.

The District's contributions to the Plan totaled \$153,109 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. This excludes the HIS defined benefit pension plan contributions.

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of</u> <u>Resources Related to Pensions</u>

At September 30, 2021, the District reported a liability of \$296,610 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021. The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the District's 2020-21 fiscal year contributions relative to the fiscal year 2020-21 fiscal year contributions of all participating members. At June 30, 2021, the District's proportion was 0.0039266%, which was an increase of 0.0001279111 from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

For the year ended September 30, 2021, the District recognized pension expense of \$(159,336) related to the Plan. At September 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Description	0	Deferred utflows of	Deferred Inflows of
Description		esources	 Resources
Employer Contributions after Measurement Date	\$	43,074	\$ -
Difference Between Expected and Actual			
Experience		50,839	-
Changes of Assumptions		202,955	-
Changes in Proportion and Difference Between			
District Contributions and Proportionate Share of			
Contributions		57,637	73,345
Net Difference between Projected and Actual Earnings			
on Pension Plan Investments		_	 1,034,798
Total	\$	354,505	\$ 1,108,143

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date, totaling \$43,074 will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year				
Ending	A	Amount		
2022	\$	(142,626)		
2023		(162,347)		
2024		(218,064)		
2025		(280,271)		
2026		6,596		
Thereafter				
Total	<u>\$</u>	(796,712)		

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the July 1, 2021, actuarial valuation was determined using the individual entry age cost method, and the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	2.40%
Salary Increases	3.25% Average, Including Inflation
Discount Rate	6.80%
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return,	
Net of Investment Expense	6.80%

Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 based table, which varies by member category and sex, projected generationally with Scale MP-2018.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2020, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2018.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was not based on historical returns, but instead is based on a forward-looking capital market economic model. The allocation policy's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic and geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation (1)	Annual Arithmetic Return	Compound Annual (Geometric) <u>Return</u>	Standard Deviation
Cash	1.0%	2.1%	2.1%	1.1%
Fixed Income	20.0%	3.8%	3.7%	3.3%
Global Equity	54.2%	8.2%	6.7%	17.8%
Real Estate	10.3%	7.1%	6.2%	13.8%
Private Equity	10.8%	11.7%	8.5%	26.4%
Strategic Investments	3.7%	5.7%	5.4%	8.4%
Total	100%			
Assumed Inflation – Me	an		2.4%	1.2%

Note: (1) As Outlined in the Plan's Investment Policy.

<u>Discount Rate</u>

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.80%. The Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return. The discount rate was 6.80% in the July 1, 2020, valuation.

<u>Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Position Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate</u> The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of (6.80%), as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.80%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.80%) than the current rate:

FRS – District:

				Current			
		1%		Discount		1%	
	Decrease (5.80%)		_	Rate (6.80%)		Increase (7.80%)	
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	<u>\$</u>	1,326,460	<u>\$</u>	296,610	\$	(564,229)	

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State Administered Systems Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

HIS Pension Plan

Plan Description

The HIS Pension Plan (HIS Plan) is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. The Florida Legislature established and amends the contribution requirements and benefit terms of the HIS program. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of state-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs.

Benefits Provided

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment equal to the number of years of service credited at retirement multiplied by \$5. The minimum payment is \$30 and the maximum payment is \$150 per month, pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive a HIS Plan benefit, a retiree under one of the state-administered retirement systems must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which may include Medicare.

Contributions

The HIS Plan is funded by required contributions from FRS participating employers as set by the Florida Legislature. Employer contributions are a percentage of gross compensation for all active FRS members. For the Plan fiscal years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, the contribution rates were 1.66% of payroll, pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. The District contributed 100% of its statutorily required contributions for the current and preceding four years. HIS Plan contributions are deposited in a separate trust fund from which payments are authorized. HIS Plan benefits are not guaranteed and are subject to annual legislative appropriation.

In the event the legislative appropriation or available funds fail to provide full subsidy benefits to all participants, benefits may be reduced or canceled.

The District's contributions to the HIS Plan totaled \$31,420 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of</u> <u>Resources Related to Pensions</u>

At September 30, 2021, the District reported a net pension liability of \$654,354 for its proportionate share of the HIS Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021. The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the District's 2020-21 fiscal year contributions relative to the total 2020-21 fiscal year contributions of all participating members. At June 30, 2021, the District's proportionate share was .0053344786%, which was an increase of .0000860220 from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2020.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the District recognized pension expense of \$52,492 related to the HIS Plan. In addition, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Description	0	Deferred Itflows of esources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Employer Contributions after Measurement Date	\$	8,235	\$	-
Difference Between Expected and Actual				
Experience		21,896		274
Changes of Assumptions		51,418		26,961
Changes in Proportion and Difference between				
District Contributions and Proportionate Share of				
Contributions		41,351		33,647
Net Difference between Projected and Actual Earnings				
on Pension Plan Investments		682		_
Total	<u>\$</u>	123,582	<u>\$</u>	60,882

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, resulting from District contributions to the HIS Plan subsequent to the measurement date totaling \$8,235, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	A	mount
2022	\$	16,287
2023		8,765
2024		12,805
2025		10,925
2026		4,595
Thereafter		1,088
Total	<u>\$</u>	54,465

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the July 1, 2021, actuarial valuation was determined using the individual entry age cost method, and the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	2.40%
Salary Increases	3.25% Average, Including Inflation
Discount Rate	2.16%
Municipal Bond Index	2.16%

Mortality rates were based on the Generational PUB-2010 with Projection Scale MP-2018.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2020, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2018.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 2.16%. In general, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the single rate equivalent to discounting at the long-term expected rate of return for benefit payments prior to the projected depletion date. Because the HIS benefit is essentially funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, the depletion date is considered to be immediate, and the single equivalent discount rate is equal to the municipal bond rate selected by the HIS Plan sponsor. The Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index was adopted as the applicable municipal bond index.

<u>Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate</u> The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of (2.16%), as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.16%) or percentage-point higher (3.16%) than the 1-current rate:

		Current		
	1%	Discount	1%	
	Decrease (1.16%)	Rate (2.16%)	Increase (3.16%)	
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 756.497	Ś 654.354	\$ 570.671	

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the HIS Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State Administered Systems Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

FRS – Defined Contribution Pension Plan

The District contributes to the FRS Investment Plan (Investment Plan), a defined contribution pension plan, for its eligible employees electing to participate in the Investment Plan. The Investment Plan is administered by the SBA and is reported in the SBA's annual financial statements and in the State of Florida Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. Service retirement benefits are based upon the value of the member's account upon retirement.

As provided in Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of the FRS defined benefit plan. District employees participating in DROP are not eligible to participate in the Investment Plan. Employer and employee contributions, including amounts contributed to individual member's accounts, are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the

Investment Plan are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Investment Plan is funded with the same employer and employee contribution rates that are based on salary and membership class (Regular Class, Elected County Officers, etc.), as the FRS defined benefit plan contributions are directed to individual member accounts, and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. Allocations to the investment member's accounts during the 2020-21 fiscal year were as follows:

		une 30, 2021 s Compensation	Year Ended June 30, 2022 Percent of Gross Compensation			
Class	Employee	Employer	Employee	Employer		
FRS, Regular Class	3.00	3.30	3.00	3.30		
FRS, Senior Management Service Class	3.00	4.67	3.00	4.67		
FRS, Elected County Officers	3.00	8.34	3.00	8.34		

For all membership classes, employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and are vested after one year of service for employer contributions and investment earnings. If an accumulated benefit obligation for service credit originally earned under the FRS Pension Plan is transferred to the Investment Plan, the member must have the years of service required for FRS Pension Plan vesting (including the service credit represented by the transferred funds) to be vested for these funds and the earnings on the funds. Non-vested employer contributions are placed in a suspense account for up to five years. If the employee returns to FRS-covered employment within the five-year period, the employee will regain control over their account. If the employee does not return within the five-year period, the employee will forfeit the accumulated account balance. Costs of administering the Investment Plan, including the FRS Financial Guidance Program, are funded through employer contributions of 0.06% of payroll and by forfeit benefits of Investment Plan members. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the information for the amount of forfeitures was unavailable from the SBA; however, management believes that these amounts, if any, would be immaterial to the District.

After termination and applying to receive benefits, the member may rollover vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the Investment Plan, receive a lump-sum distribution, leave the funds invested for future distribution, or any combination of these options. Disability coverage is provided; the member may either transfer the account balance to the FRS Pension Plan when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the FRS Pension Plan, or remain in the Investment Plan and rely upon that account balance for retirement income.

The District's Investment Plan contributions totaled \$24,536 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.

Note K - Deferred Compensation Plan

The District offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Service (IRS) Code Section 457. The plan, available to all District employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or hardship distribution criteria as defined in IRS Code Section 457. Because the assets of the plan are held in trust and are the sole property of the participants, no balances or financial information relative to the plan is reported in the basic financial statements.

Note L - Other Postemployment Benefits

Plan Description

The District's Retiree Health Care Plan (OPEB Plan) is a single-employer defined benefit postemployment health care plan that covers eligible retired employees of the District. Under the provisions of the OPEB Plan, which was established by practice, is administered by the District and allows employees who retire and meet retirement eligibility requirements under one of the District's retirement plans to continue medical insurance coverage as a participant in the District's OPEB Plan. The OPEB Plan does not issue a stand-alone report.

Participant data as of the most recent actuarial valuation date is shown below:

	September 30,
	2020
Inactive Plan Members or Beneficiaries	
Currently Receiving Benefits	2
Active Employees	38
Total	40

Benefits Provided

The benefits provided are the same as those provided for active employees. Spouses and dependents of eligible retirees are also eligible for medical coverage. All employees of the District are eligible to receive postemployment health care benefits. The retiree is responsible for paying the entire monthly premium for healthcare coverage and that of any covered spouse or eligible dependents.

Funding Policy

For the OPEB Plan, contribution requirements of the District are established and may be amended through action from the Board of District Commissioners. Currently the District's OPEB benefits are unfunded. The required contributions are based on pay-as-you-go financing requirements. There is no separate trust fund or equivalent arrangement into which the District would make contributions to advance-fund the obligation, as it does for its pension plan, the FRS. Therefore, ultimate subsidies which are provided over time are financed directly by general assets of the District, which are invested in very short-term income instruments.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

In any long-term actuarial valuation, certain demographic, economic, and behavioral assumptions are made concerning the population, the investment discount rates, and the benefits provided. These actuarial assumptions form the basis for the actuarial model which is used to project the future population, the future benefits provided, and the contributions collected. Then the investment discount rate assumption is used to discount those projected net OPEB benefits to a present value. This and other related present values are used to calculate the annual OPEB cost.

The Total OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2020, using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	2.50%
Discount Rate	2.14%
Initial Trend Rate	7.00%
Ultimate Trend Rate	4.00%
Years to Ultimate	54

For all lives, mortality rates were PubG-2010 Healthy mortality, projected 5 years past the valuation date with Scale MP-2018.

Given the District's decision not to fund the program, all future benefit payments were discounted using a high-quality municipal bond rate of 2.14%. The high-quality municipal bond rate was based on the week closest, but not later than, the measurement date of the Bond Buyer 20-Bond Index as published by the Federal Reserve. The 20-Bond Index consists of 20 general obligation bonds that mature in 20 years. The average rating of the 20 bonds is roughly equivalent to Moody's Investors Service's Aa2 rating and Standard & Poor's Corp.'s AA rating.

Total OPEB Liability

The District's total OPEB liability was measured as of September 30, 2020, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2020. The census information used in the October 1, 2020 valuation was based on information provided by the District on October 1, 2020.

The District's annual OPEB expense pursuant to GASB Statement No. 75 is based on the change in the annual total OPEB liability. The District has elected to calculate the total OPEB liability and related information using the alternative measurement method permitted by GASB Statement No. 75 for employers in plans with fewer than one hundred plan participants. The total OPEB liability represents the total actuarial calculation as of September 30, 2020. The following table shows the change in the District's OPEB liability:

		Total
	(OPEB Liability
Balance at September 30, 2020	<u>\$</u>	194,525
Changes for the Year		
Service Cost		14,226
Interest		7,363
Difference Between Expected and Actual		(11,266)
Changes of Assumptions		33,282
Benefit Payments		<u>(6,186</u>)
Net Changes		37,419
Balance at September 30, 2021	<u>\$</u>	231,944

Changes in assumptions reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.58% for the reporting period ended September 30, 2020, to 2.14% for the reporting period ended September 30, 2021.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.14%) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.14%) than the current discount rate:

		1%		oiscount		1%	
	D	Decrease		Rate	Increase		
		1.14%)	(2.14%)		(3.14%)	
Total OPEB Liability	<u>\$</u>	259,478	\$	231,944	\$	207,433	

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability for the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (7.00% decreasing to 3.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (9.00% decreasing to 5.00%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1%	Healthcare	1%
	Decrease	Cost Trend	Increase
	(6.50%	Rates (7.50%	(8.00%
	Decreasing	Decreasing	Decreasing
	to 3.00%)	to 4.00%)	to 5.00%)
Total OPEB Liability	<u>\$ 199,957</u>	<u>\$ 231,944</u>	<u>\$ 270,458</u>

OPEB Expense

Under GASB Statement No. 75, as it applies to plans that qualify for the Alternative Measurement Method, changes in the total OPEB liability are not permitted to be included in deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB. These changes will be immediately recognized through OPEB expense. For the year ended September 30, 2021, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$45,605.

Note M - Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the District expended \$804,963 in State Financial Assistance; therefore, a Single Audit in accordance with the *Florida Single Audit Act* was required.

There were no expenditures for Federal Awards; therefore, an audit in accordance with Title 2 (Uniform Guidance) U.S. *Code of Federal Regulation* Part 200 was not required.

Note N - <u>Subsequent Events</u>

In connection with the preparation of these financial statements, the District has evaluated subsequent events through March 21, 2022, the date of the financial statements. No subsequent events occurred which would have a material impact on the District's financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

LEHIGH ACRES MUNICIPAL SERVICES IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	F	Variance Favorable Infavorable)
Revenues					
Non-Ad Valorem Assessments	\$ 5,382,886	\$ 5,382,886	\$ 5,649,244	\$	266,358
Miscellaneous Revenue	4,000	4,000	6,067		2,067
Interest Income	50,000	50,000	15,376		(34,624)
Total Revenues	 5,436,886	 5,436,886	 5,670,687		233,801
Expenditures					
Current:					
Physical Environment:					
Personnel Services	3,233,941	3,233,941	2,986,785		247,156
Operating Expenditures	1,254,774	1,254,774	1,355,742		(100,968)
Total Expenditures	 4,488,715	 4,488,715	 4,342,527		146,188
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	 948,171	 948,171	 1,328,160		379,989
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers (Out)	(1,226,450)	(1,226,450)	(1,082,256)		144,194
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (1,226,450)	 (1,226,450)	 (1,082,256)		144,194
Net Change in Fund Balance	(278,279)	(278,279)	245,904		524,183
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	2,781,656	3,086,251	4,536,583		1,450,332
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 2,503,377	\$ 2,807,972	\$ 4,782,487	\$	1,974,515

LEHIGH ACRES MUNICIPAL SERVICES IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE DISTRICT'S TOTAL OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS*

Total OPEB Liability	2021		2021 2020		2019		2018	
Service Cost	\$	14,226	\$	12,514	\$	11,875	\$	11,585
Interest		7,363		7,456		6,099		5,175
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience		(11,266)		11,589		(6,266)		-
Changes of Assumptions or other Inputs		33,282		-		2,781		(13,781)
Benefit Payments		(6,186)		(5,728)		(2,906)		(6,819)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability		37,419		25,831		11,583		(3,840)
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning		194,525		168,694		157,111		160,951
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$	231,944	\$	194,525	\$	168,694	\$	157,111
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	1,842,449	\$	1,826,218	\$	1,823,219	\$	1,583,812
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage								
of Covered-Employee Payroll		12.59%		10.65%		9.25%		9.92%
Discount Rate		2.14%		3.58%		4.18%		3.64%

*The District implemented GASB Statement No. 75 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019. As a result, this schedule will present 10 years as information is available.

LEHIGH ACRES MUNICIPAL SERVICES IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM AND HEALTH INSURANCE SUBSIDY PENSION PLANS LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS

Year Ended June 30,	District's Proportion of the FRS Net Pension Plan	District's Proportion Share of the FRS Net Pension Plan Liability	District's Covered- Employee Payroll (FYE June 30)	District's Proportionate Share of the FRS Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll	FRS Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	Discount Rate for FRS Pension Plan
2014	0.003811159%	\$ 232,537	\$ 1,447,143	16.07%	96.09%	7.65%
2015	0.004237539%	547,335	1,565,135	34.97%	92.00%	7.65%
2016	0.003917377%	989,141	1,550,321	63.80%	84.88%	7.60%
2017	0.003896250%	1,152,485	1,607,812	71.68%	83.89%	7.10%
2018	0.004126695%	1,242,982	1,776,565	69.97%	84.26%	7.00%
2019	0.004213234%	1,450,979	1,888,358	76.84%	82.61%	6.90%
2020	0.003798690%	1,646,408	1,821,586	90.38%	78.85%	6.80%
2021	0.003926601%	296,610	1,864,621	15.91%	96.40%	6.80%

FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN

HEALTH INSURANCE SUBSIDY PENSION PLAN

Year Ended June 30,	District's Proportion of the HIS Net Pension Plan	Ρ	District's Proportion hare of the HIS Net Pension Liability	Emp	rict's Covered- ployee Payroll YE June 30)	District's Proportionate Share of the HIS Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll	HIS Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	Discount Rate for HIS Pension Plan
2014	0.004870627%	\$	455,416	\$	1,447,143	31.47%	0.99%	4.29%
2015	0.005158911%		526,128		1,565,135	33.62%	0.50%	3.80%
2016	0.004969450%		579,169		1,550,321	37.36%	0.97%	2.85%
2017	0.004969945%		539,343		1,607,812	33.55%	1.64%	3.58%
2018	0.005439247%		575,696		1,776,565	32.41%	2.15%	3.87%
2019	0.005646287%		631,763		1,888,358	33.46%	2.63%	3.50%
2020	0.005248454%		640,828		1,821,586	35.18%	3.00%	2.21%
2021	0.005334476%		654,354		1,864,621	35.09%	3.56%	2.16%

Note:

Additional information will be provided annually until ten years' data is presented.

LEHIGH ACRES MUNICIPAL SERVICES IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM AND HEALTH INSURANCE SUBSIDY PENSION PLANS LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS

Year Ended September 30,	Contractually Required Contribution		Required Required D		FRS Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		rict's Covered- bloyee Payroll September 30)	FRS Contributions as a Percentage of Covered- Employee Payroll	
2014	\$	103,315	\$	(103,315)	\$	-	\$	1,455,319	7.10%
2015		103,130		(103,130)		-		1,584,448	6.51%
2016		101,827		(101,827)		-		1,584,071	6.43%
2017		104,759		(104,759)		-		1,693,445	6.19%
2018		119,538		(119,538)		-		1,790,432	6.68%
2019		131,304		(131,304)		-		1,873,644	7.01%
2020		130,752		(130,752)		-		1,828,977	7.15%
2021		153,109		(153,109)		-		1,892,344	8.09%

FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN

HEALTH INSURANCE SUBSIDY PENSION PLAN

Year Ended September 30,	Contractually Required Contribution		Required Required Deficiency		bution ciency	Emp	ict's Covered- loyee Payroll September 30)	HIS Contributions as a Percentage of Covered- Employee Payroll	
2014	\$	19,721	\$	(19,721)	\$	-	\$	1,455,319	1.36%
2015		21,430		(21,430)		-		1,584,448	1.35%
2016		26,033		(26,033)		-		1,584,071	1.64%
2017		28,117		(28,117)		-		1,693,445	1.66%
2018		29,727		(29,727)		-		1,790,432	1.66%
2019		31,109		(31,109)		-		1,873,644	1.66%
2020		30,367		(30,367)		-		1,828,977	1.66%
2021		31,420		(31,420)		-		1,892,344	1.66%

Note:

Additional information will be provided annually until ten years' data is presented.

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LEHIGH ACRES MUNICIPAL SERVICES IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT

Changes in Benefit Terms and Assumptions

Changes in Benefit Terms:

No significant changes.

Changes in Assumptions:

- **FRS**—No significant changes.
- **HIS**—The municipal rate used to determine total pension liability decreased from 2.21% to 2.16%.
- **OPEB**—The municipal rate used to determine the OPEB liability decreased from 3.58% to 2.14%.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

LEHIGH ACRES MUNICIPAL SERVICES IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

ASSETS

		Bridge Capital Renewal and Equipment Replacement			Total Non-Major Governmental Funds	
Assets						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	-	\$	569,528	\$	569,528
Due from Other Funds		114,832		-		114,832
Total Assets	\$	114,832	\$	569,528	\$	684,360
L Accounts and Contracts Payable Due to Other Funds Total Liabilities	IABILITIES AND I	FUND BALANCE 114,832 	E	- 5,082 5,082		114,832 5,082 119,914
Fund Balance Assigned for: Bridge Replacement				564,446		564,446
Total Fund Balance		-		564,446		564,446
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	114,832	\$	569,528	\$	684,360

LEHIGH ACRES MUNICIPAL SERVICES IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Capital uipment	Rei	Bridge newal and placement	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds		
Revenues						
Non-Ad Valorem Assessments	\$ 34,769	\$	285,000	\$	319,769	
Permits	246,805		-		246,805	
Miscellaneous Revenue	9,637		-		9,637	
Interest Income	 -		401	1	401	
Total Revenues	 291,211		285,401		576,612	
Expenditures						
Current:						
Physical Environment:						
Operating Expenditures	-		5,082		5,082	
Capital Outlay	639,277		-		639,277	
Total Expenditures	 639,277		5,082		644,359	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	 (348,066)		280,319		(67,747)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers In	164,807		-		164,807	
Insurance Recoveries	30,000		-		30,000	
Proceeds from the Sale of						
Capital Assets	38,545		-		38,545	
Total Other Financing						
Sources (Uses)	 233,352		-		233,352	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(114,714)		280,319		165,605	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	114,714		284,127		398,841	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ -	\$	564,446	\$	564,446	

OTHER REPORTS

LEHIGH ACRES MUNICIPAL SERVICE IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

State Agency/Pass-Through Grantor State Project	CSFA	Award Amount	Contract/ Grant Number	Expenditures
Florida Department of Environmental Protection				
State-Wide Surface Water Restoration and Wastewater Projects	37.039 37.039 37.039	\$517,300 1,970,000 87,000	NS041 LPQ0001 LPA0064	\$
Total Department of Environmental Protection		- ,		804,963
Total Expenditures of State Financial Assistance				\$ 804,963

LEHIGH ACRES MUNICIPAL SERVICES IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of state financial assistance includes the state grant activity of Lehigh Acres Municipal Services Improvement District (the District), and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of the *Florida Single Audit Act* and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General.*

Note 2 - <u>Reporting Entity</u>

The District reporting entity is defined in Note A to the District's basic financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2021. All state financial assistance received from state agencies, as well as passed through other governmental agencies, is included in this schedule.

Note 3 - Contingencies

Grant monies received and disbursed by the District are for specific purposes and are subject to review by the grantor agencies. Such audits may result in requests for reimbursement due to the disallowance of expenditures. Based upon prior experience, the District does not believe that such disallowances, if any, would have a material effect on the financial position of the District.

PURVIS GRAY

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR STATE PROJECT AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY CHAPTER 10.550, *RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL*

Board of Commissioners Lehigh Acres Municipal Services Improvement District Lehigh Acres, Florida

Report on Compliance for Each Major State Project

We have audited the Lehigh Acres Municipal Services Improvement District's (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *Florida Department of Financial Services' State Project Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the District's major state project for the year ended September 30, 2021. The District's major state project is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the federal statutes, regulations, contracts, and the terms and conditions of its state projects.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major state projects based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*. Those standards and rules require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether non-compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major state project occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major state project. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major State Project

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major state project for the year ended September 30, 2021.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS Gainesville | Ocala | Tallahassee | Sarasota | Orlando | Lakeland purvisgray.com Members of American and Florida Institutes of Certified Public Accountants An Independent Member of the BDO Alliance USA Board of Commissioners Lehigh Acres Municipal Services Improvement District Lehigh Acres, Florida

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR STATE PROJECT AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY CHAPTER 10.550, *RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL*

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major state project to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major state project, and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, non-compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state project on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material non-compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state project will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state project will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state project that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Purvis Gray

March 21, 2022 Sarasota, Florida

LEHIGH ACRES MUNICIPAL SERVICES IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE PROJECTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

PART A - SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

- 1. The independent auditor's report expresses an unmodified opinion on the financial statements of the Lehigh Acres Municipal Services Improvement District (the District), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021.
- 2. No material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting were disclosed during the audit of the basic financial statements (see independent auditor's report on internal control over financial reporting and on compliance and other matters based on an audit of financial statements performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*).
- 3. No instances of non-compliance material to the financial statements of the District were disclosed during the audit (see the same report referenced in 2).
- 4. No material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over major state financial assistance were disclosed (see independent auditor's report on compliance for each major state project and on internal control over compliance required by Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*).
- 5. An unmodified opinion was issued on compliance over the major state project (see the same report referenced in 4).
- 6. Audit findings relative to the major state financial assistance, if any, are reported in Part D of this schedule.
- 7. The project tested as being major was the following:
 - Major State Projects
 Florida Department of Environmental Protection:
 - Statewide Surface Water Restoration and Wastewater Project, CSFA: 37.039
- 8. The threshold for distinguishing Type A and Type B projects was \$750,000 for major state projects.

PART B - FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

There are no financial statement findings reported.

PART C - FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR STATE ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS

There are no findings or questioned costs.

LEHIGH ACRES MUNICIPAL SERVICES IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE PROJECTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

PART D - OTHER ISSUES

No summary schedule of prior audit findings is required because there were no prior audit findings related to state financial assistance projects.

No corrective action plan is required because there was no Federal Single Audit and there were no current year findings under the Florida Single Audit.

PURVIS GRAY

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Commissioners Lehigh Acres Municipal Services Improvement District Lehigh Acres, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the basic financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Lehigh Acres Municipal Services Improvement District (the District), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 21, 2022.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the antity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS Gainesville | Ocala | Tallahassee | Sarasota | Orlando | Lakeland purvisgray.com Members of American and Florida Institutes of Certified Public Accountants An Independent Member of the BDO Alliance USA Board of Commissioners Lehigh Acres Municipal Services Improvement District Lehigh Acres, Florida

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of non-compliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

wris Gray

March 21, 2022 Sarasota, Florida

PURVIS GRAY

MANAGEMENT LETTER

Board of Commissioners Lehigh Acres Municipal Services Improvement District Lehigh Acres, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the Lehigh Acres Municipal Services Improvement District (the District), as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, and have issued our report thereon dated March 21, 2022.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards;* Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major State Project and Report on Internal Control over Compliance; Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs and Independent Auditor's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with AICPA Professional Standards, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General.* Disclosures in those reports and schedule, which are dated March 21, 2022, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no findings or recommendations made in the preceding financial audit report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. See Note A of the District's financial statements for this information. There are no component units related to the District.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS Gainesville | Ocala | Tallahassee | Sarasota | Orlando | Lakeland purvisgray.com Members of American and Florida Institutes of Certified Public Accountants An Independent Member of the BDO Alliance USA Board of Commissioners Lehigh Acres Municipal Services Improvement District Lehigh Acres, Florida

MANAGEMENT LETTER

Financial Condition and Management

Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), *Rules of the Auditor General,* require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the District met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the District did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), *Rules of the Auditor General*, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the District. It is management's responsibility to monitor the District's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Specific Information

The specific information below has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

As required by Section 218.39(3)(c), Florida Statutes, and Section 10.554(1)(i)6, *Rules of the Auditor General*, the District reported:

- a. The total number of District employees compensated in the last pay period of the District's fiscal year as 35.
- b. The total number of independent contractors to whom non-employee compensation was paid in the last month of the District's fiscal year as 2.
- c. All compensation earned by or awarded to employees, whether paid or accrued, regardless of contingency as \$1,958,909.
- d. All compensation earned by or awarded to non-employee independent contractors, whether paid or accrued, regardless of contingency, as \$524,418.
- e. Each construction project with a total cost of at least \$65,000 approved by the District that are scheduled to begin on or after October 1 of the fiscal year being reported, together with the total expenditures for such project as:

C.R.E.S.T. – Dog/Hendry Connection	\$ 79,323
GS-10 Caloosahatchee Crosslink Project	\$ 385,000
Weir S-VL-1 Water Control Structure Replacement	\$ 648,859

Board of Commissioners Lehigh Acres Municipal Services Improvement District Lehigh Acres, Florida

MANAGEMENT LETTER

f. A budget variance report based on the budget adopted under Section 189.016(4), before the beginning of the fiscal year being reported if the District amends a final adopted budget under Section 189.016(6), Florida Statutes, as revenue being over budget by \$140,973 and expenditures being under budget by \$432,410.

As required by Section 218.39(3)(c), Florida Statutes, and Section 10.554(1)(i)7, *Rules of the Auditor General*, the District reported:

- a. The rate of non-ad valorem special assessments imposed by the District as of September 30, 2021, as an average rate of \$130.15.
- b. The total amount of special assessments collected by or on behalf of the District as of September 30, 2021, as \$5,969,013.
- c. No outstanding bonds as of September 30, 2021.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires us to communicate non-compliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, federal and other granting agencies, the Board of Commissioners of the District, and applicable management, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We wish to take this opportunity to thank you and your staff for the cooperation and courtesies extended to us during the course of our audit. Please let us know if you have any questions or comments concerning this letter, our accompanying reports, or other matters.

"wrives Gray

March 21, 2022 Sarasota, Florida

PURVIS GRAY

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH FLORIDA STATUTE SECTION 218.415 – *INVESTMENTS OF PUBLIC FUNDS*

Board of Commissioners Lehigh Acres Municipal Services Improvement District Lehigh Acres, Florida

We have examined the Lehigh Acres Municipal Services Improvement District's (the District) compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. Management is responsible for the District's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the District complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material non-compliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2021.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Florida Auditor General, the Board of Commissioners of the District, and applicable management, and is not intended, to be and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

urvis Gray

March 21, 2022 Sarasota, Florida

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS Gainesville | Ocala | Tallahassee | Sarasota | Orlando | Lakeland purvisgray.com Members of American and Florida Institutes of Certified Public Accountants An Independent Member of the BDO Alliance USA