ONE DAYTONA COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Supervisors, One Daytona Community Development District:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the One Daytona Community Development District (the District), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The District's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District, as of September 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position thereof the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated June 24, 2022, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

James Maore : Co., P.L.

Daytona Beach, Florida June 24, 2022

One Daytona Community Development District Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the One Daytona Community Development District (the District), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the One Daytona Community Development District exceeded its liabilities at the close of the 2021 fiscal year by \$2,166,213 (net position). Of this amount, \$2,213,969 is net investment in capital assets.
- The District's total long-term liabilities decreased by \$246,135 during the 2021 fiscal year. This reflects the repayment of bonds. The District paid interest expenditures of \$207,856.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave). The governmental activities of the District include general government. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 8-9 of this report.

Fund financial statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District are governmental funds.

Governmental funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains 2 individual governmental funds, including the General Fund and Debt Service Fund. The General Fund and Debt Service Fund are reported as major funds.

Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the major funds.

The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 10-13 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 14-20 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

The following is a summary of the District's governmental activities net position for each of the past two years:

	2021		2020		Change	
ASSETS				_		
Current and other assets	\$	27,835	\$	34,055	\$	(6,220)
Capital assets, net		17,859,903		18,671,717		(811,814)
Total assets	\$	17,887,738	\$	18,705,772	\$	(818,034)
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities	\$	72,427	\$	72,898	\$	(471)
Other liabilities		15,645,934		15,892,069		(246,135)
Total liabilities	\$	15,718,361	\$	15,964,967	\$	(246,606)
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	\$	2,213,969	\$	2,779,648	\$	(565,679)
Restricted for:						
Debt service		4		6,074		(6,070)
Unrestricted		(44,596)		(44,917)		321
Total net position	\$	2,169,377	\$	2,740,805	\$	(571,428)

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets exceeded liabilities by \$2,166,213 at the close of the 2021 fiscal year. By far the largest portion of the District's net position, \$2,213,965, reflects its investment in capital assets (infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding.

The following is a summary of the changes in the District's governmental activities net position for each of the past two years:

	2021		2020		Change	
Revenues:		_				_
Program revenues:						
Grants and contributions	\$	510,934	\$	417,229	\$	93,705
General revenues:						
Interest and other revenues		7_		205		(198)
Total revenues	\$	510,941	\$	417,434	\$	93,507
Expenses:						
General government	\$	874,513	\$	881,591	\$	(7,078)
Interest		207,856		259,244		(51,388)
Total expenses	\$	1,082,369	\$	1,140,835	\$	(58,466)
Change in net position Net position, beginning	\$	(571,428) 1,922,572	\$	(723,401) 2,645,973	\$	151,973 (723,401)
Net position, ending	\$	1,351,144	\$	1,922,572	\$	(571,428)

Governmental activities

Governmental activities decreased the District's net position by \$574,592. This amount is primarily attributable to the large amount of depreciation expense relating to infrastructure.

- The District's total revenues related to governmental activities increased by \$93,507 from the prior year. Factors that contributed to a increase in revenues are an increase in ad valorem and real property tax revenue.
- Expenses related to governmental activities decreased by \$58,466 from the prior year. This is primarily related to a decrease in interest expense relating to debt.

Governmental funds

As of the end of the fiscal year 2021, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$5,211, a decrease of approximately (\$10,562) in comparison with the prior year.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The District's investment in capital assets for its governmental funds as of September 30, 2021, amounts to \$17,859,903 (net of accumulated depreciation). This represents a net decrease of \$811,814 due to an additional year of depreciation being taken. The District had no projects under construction at the end of 2021.

The following summarizes the District's capital assets as of September 30, 2021 and 2020:

	2021	2020	 Change
Infrastructure	\$ 20,295,345	\$ 20,295,345	\$ -
Total, prior to depreciation	20,295,345	20,295,345	-
Accumulated depreciation	(2,435,442)	(1,623,628)	(811,814)
Net capital assets	\$ 17,859,903	\$ 18,671,717	\$ (811,814)

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note (4) on page 18 of this report.

Long-term Debt. At the end of the 2021 fiscal year, the District had total bonded debt and notes payable principal outstanding of \$15,645,934

The following summarizes the District's long-term debt as of September 30, 2021 and 2020:

	2021	2020	Change
Series 2018 bonds payable	\$ 8,145,938	\$ 8,392,069	\$ (246,131)
Deferred obligation	7,500,000	7,500,000	-
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 15,645,938	\$ 15,892,069	\$ (246,131)

The District's long-term liabilities decreased by \$246,135 during the current fiscal year. This decrease was attributable to ongoing payments on the 2018 bonds.

Additional information on the District's long-term liabilities can be found in Notes (5) beginning on page 19 of this report.

Other Factors

One Daytona Community Development District is an independent special district that operates under the provisions of Chapter 190, Florida Statutes. The District operates under an elected Board of Supervisors, which establishes policy and sets assessment rates. Budgeted developer contributions and user fee revenues for fiscal year 2021 were established to provide for the operations of the district as well as the necessary debt service requirements.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the One Daytona Community Development District's management company at 3501 Quadrangle Blvd, Suite 207., Orlando, Florida 32817.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

ONE DAYTONA COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,067
Due from developer	18,600
Restricted assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	4
Capital assets:	
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	17,859,903
Total assets	\$ 17,884,574
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 12,195
Unearned revenue	7,265
Accrued interest payable	52,967
Due in more than one year:	
Bonds and notes payable	15,645,934
Total liabilities	\$ 15,718,361
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 2,213,969
Restricted for:	
Debt service	4
Unrestricted	(47,760)
Total net position	\$ 2,166,213

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

ONE DAYTONA COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

				Progr	am Revenues	S		Re	t (Expense) evenue and Changes Net Position
Functions/Programs	Expenses		arges for ervices	G	perating rants and ntributions	Gra	apital nts and ributions		vernmental Activities
Governmental activities: General government Interest on long-term debt Total governmental activities	\$ 874,513 207,856 \$ 1,082,369	\$	- - -	\$	52,274 455,496 507,770	\$	- - -	\$	(822,239) 247,640 (574,599)
	General revenue Interest income Change in net p Net position - b Net position - e	ne osition eginnin	ng of year					\$	7 (574,592) 2,740,805 2,166,213

ONE DAYTONA COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	General Fund		Debt Service Fund		Total Government Funds	
ASSETS	ø	(0(7	ď.	4	¢.	(071
Cash and cash equivalents Due from developer	\$	6,067 18,600	\$	- -	\$	6,071 18,600
Total assets	\$	24,667	\$	4	\$	24,671
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	12,195	\$	-	\$	12,195
Unearned revenue		7,265				7,265
Total liabilities		19,460				19,460
FUND BALANCES						
Restricted for:				4		4
Debt service		5,207		4		4 5 207
Unassigned	-					5,207
Total fund balances		5,207		4		5,211
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	24,667	\$	4	\$	24,671

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

ONE DAYTONA COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	5,211
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and,		
therefore, are not reported in the funds		
Total governmental capital assets 20,295	,345	
Less: accumulated depreciation (2,435)	,442)	17,859,903
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and notes payable, are not due and payable		
in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. These liabilities,		
deferred outflows, and other debt-related deferred charges consist of the following:		
Bonds and notes payable		(15,645,934)
Accrued interest payable		(52,967)
Net position of governmental activities	\$	2,166,213

ONE DAYTONA COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	_	General Fund	 Debt Service Fund	Gov	Total vernmental Funds
Revenues Developer contributions Intergovernmental	\$	52,274	\$ - 455,496	\$	52,274 455,496
Interest income		3	 4		7
Total revenues		52,277	 455,500		507,777
Expenditures					
Current:		62 600			62 600
General government		62,699	-		62,699
Debt service: Principal retirement		-	246,135		246,135
Interest and fiscal charges		-	209,505		209,505
Total expenditures		62,699	455,640		518,339
Net change in fund balances		(10,422)	(140)		(10,562)
Fund balances, beginning of year		15,629	144		15,773
Fund balances, end of year	\$	5,207	\$ 4	\$	5,211

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

ONE DAYTONA COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ (10,562)
Differences in amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Depreciation expense	(811,814)
Bond and loan proceeds are reported as financing sources in the governmental funds. However, the issuance of debt is reported as long-term debt payable in the statement of net position. Repayment of bond and note principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment of debt principal reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. These amounts are as follows:	
Principal repayment of general long-term debt	246,135
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. In addition, interest on long-term debt is not recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting until due, rather than as it accrues. These adjustments are as follows:	
Change in accrued interest on long-term debt	1,649
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ (574,592)

(1) **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:**

The financial statements of the One Daytona Community Development District (the District), have been prepared in conformance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted body for promulgating governmental accounting and financial reporting principles and the District has adopted the GASB Codification. The following is a summary of the District's significant accounting policies:

(a) **Reporting entity**—The One Daytona Community Development District (the "District") was established on February 5, 2014 pursuant to the Uniform Community Development District Act of 1980, otherwise known as Chapter 190, Florida Statutes, by the District of Daytona Beach. The Act provides, among other things, the power to manage basic services for community development, power to borrow money and issue bonds, and to levy and assess non-ad valorem assessments for the financing and delivery of capital infrastructure

The District was established for the purposes of financing and managing the acquisition, construction, maintenance, and operation of a portion of the infrastructure necessary for community development within the District.

The District is governed by a Board of Supervisors (the Board), which is comprised of five members. The Supervisors are elected on an at-large basis by the owners of the property within the District. The Board exercises all powers granted to the District pursuant to Chapter 190, Florida Statutes. Certain Board members are affiliated with Daytona Beach Property Holdings Retail, LLC (the Developer).

The Board has the final responsibility for allocating and levying assessments, approving budgets, exercising control over facilities and properties, controlling the use of funds generated by the District, approving the hiring and firing of key personnel, financing improvements, and other key matters of the District.

In evaluating how to define the government, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include or exclude a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth by Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Based on the foregoing criteria, no potential component units were found.

(b) Government-wide and fund financial statements—The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of changes in net position) report aggregated information for the overall government for all of the activities of the primary government. These statements do not report fiduciary funds or fiduciary component units such as retirement trust funds. Those activities are reported only in fund financial statements. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

Governmental activities, which normally are supported by assessments, are reported separately from business-type activities, which are financed wholly or partially by fees charged to external parties for goods or services and are reported in enterprise funds. However, at September 30, 2021, the District did not have any significant business-type activities. Therefore, no business-type activities are reported.

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Indirect costs are included in the program expense reported for individual functions and activities. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Assessments and other items not properly included as program revenues (i.e., charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods or services) are reported as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for each governmental fund. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

(c) Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation—The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Assessments are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period except for grant revenues which are considered earned when expenditures are incurred. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

Developer contributions, user fee revenue, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. Certain grant funds have been received in advance and are considered unearned revenue until such time as they are expended as part of the infrastructure construction project.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund—The General Fund is the principal fund of the District which accounts for all financial transactions not accounted for in other funds. The majority of current operating expenditures of the District are financed through revenues received by the General Fund.

Debt Service Fund—The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for the annual payment of principal and interest on long-term debt.

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

As a general rule, the effect of the District's interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments (when applicable). Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

(d) **Budgets and budgetary accounting**—The District is required to establish a budgetary system and an approved annual budget. Annual budgets are legally adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP for the General Fund. Any revision to the budget must be approved by the Board. The budgets are compared to actual expenditures. In instances where budgeted appropriations and estimated revenues have been revised during the year, budget data presented in the financial statements represent final authorization amounts. The legal level of control is at the fund level.

The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1) Each year the District Manager submits to the District Board a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1.
- 2) A public hearing is conducted to obtain comments.
- 3) Prior to October 1, the budget is legally adopted by the District Board.
- 4) All budget changes must be approved by the District Board.
- 5) Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.
- (e) **Deposits and investments**—The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.
- (f) **Prepaid items**—Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.
- (g) Capital assets—Capital assets, which include primarily infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, sidewalks, water management systems and similar items), are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial/individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost and estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Capital assets of the primary government are depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives. Estimated useful lives for financial reporting purposes are as follows:

	Assets	Years
Infrastructure		25 years

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

In the governmental fund financial statements, amounts incurred for the acquisition of capital assets are reported as fund expenditures. Depreciation expense is not reported in the governmental fund financial statements.

- (h) **Long-term obligations**—In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Original issue bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line or effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize premiums and discounts, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuance are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.
- (i) **Fund equity**—In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Those classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable – The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation (i.e., when the government assesses, levies, charges, or otherwise mandates payment of resources (from external resource providers) and includes a legally enforceable requirement that those resources be used only for the specific purposes stipulated in the legislation

Committed – Fund balance amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by ordinance of the District Board are reported as committed fund balance.

Assigned – Fund balance amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed, are reported as assigned fund balance, except for stabilization arrangements.

Unassigned – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. When committed, assigned, or unassigned resources are available for use in the governmental fund financial statements, it is the government's policy to use committed resources first, followed by assigned resources, then unassigned resources as needed.

(j) **Net position flow assumption**—Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources. In order to determine amounts reported as restricted and unrestricted net position, it is the District's policy to consider restricted net position to have been used before unrestricted net position is applied.

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

- (k) **Impact fees**—The District has not adopted any ordinances or resolutions to levy impact fees in accordance with Section 163.31801, Florida Statutes.
- (1) **Use of estimates**—Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported revenue and expenses. Actual results could vary from the estimates assumed in preparing the financial statements.

(2) Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements:

- (a) Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position—Following the governmental fund balance sheet is a reconciliation between fund balance total governmental funds and net position governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A detailed explanation of these differences is provided in this reconciliation.
- (b) Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities—Following the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances, there is a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances total governmental funds and changes in net position of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. A detailed explanation of these differences is provided in this reconciliation.

(3) Deposits and Investments:

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of legally authorized demand deposits in accordance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes. The institutions in which these deposits are kept are certified as Qualified Public Depositories under the Florida Public Deposits Act. Therefore, in addition to applicable Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance, these balances on deposit at September 30, 2021, are insured or collateralized through the Bureau of Collateral Management, Florida Department of Financial Services. The District was exposed to no significant custodial credit or other risk related to its cash and investment activities.

(4) Capital Assets:

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, is as follows:

Beginning Balance		Increases		Decreases		Ending Balance	
•	20 205 345	•		•		\$	20,295,345
Ψ	20,293,343	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	20,293,343
	(1,623,628)		(811,814)				(2,435,442)
\$	18,671,717	\$	(811,814)	\$	-	\$	17,859,903
	\$	\$ 20,295,345 (1,623,628)	\$ 20,295,345 \$ (1,623,628)	Balance Increases \$ 20,295,345 \$ - (1,623,628) (811,814)	Balance Increases D \$ 20,295,345 \$ - \$ (1,623,628) (811,814)	Balance Increases Decreases \$ 20,295,345 \$ - \$ - (1,623,628) (811,814) -	Balance Increases Decreases \$ 20,295,345 \$ - \$ - \$ (1,623,628) (811,814)

Depreciation expense of \$811,814 was charged to the general government function on the statement of activities.

(5) **Long-Term Liabilities:**

Long-term liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2021, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year	
Governmental activities:						_
Bonds payable:						
Series 2018	\$ 8,392,069	\$ -	\$ 246,135	\$ 8,145,934	1 \$	-
Deferred Obligation	7,500,000			7,500,000	<u> </u>	-
Governmental activities – Total long-term liabilities	\$ 15,892,069	\$ -	\$ 246,135	\$ 15,645,934	\$	

Bonds and notes payable in the District's governmental activities at September 30, 2021, were comprised of the following obligations:

Series 2018 Capital Improvement Bond, was issued to fund the acquisition of infrastructure, due in full plus interest at 2.625% compounded annually year until final maturity on October 1, 2046. Pledged by economic incentive grant payments received from the City of Daytona Beach.

\$ 8,145,934

There are no annual debt service requirements to maturity for the District's governmental activities as the bond is a capital appreciation bond with the principal and interest paid in one lump sum on the maturity date. In general, an event of default will occur if the District fails to make a payment of principal and interest when such amounts are due and payable or if the District fails to punctually perform any of the material covenants, conditions, agreements and provisions contained in a debt indenture. In the event of default, the bond or noteholders shall be entitled to sue for, enforce payment for, and receive any and all amounts due from the District for principal and interest.

Certain costs advanced by the Developer for capital improvements exceeded the original principal amount of the Series 2018 Note. The difference is evidenced by a non-interest-bearing Deferred Obligation payable from economic incentive grant revenues after the obligations represented by the Series 2018 Bond have been paid. At September 30, 2021, the balance of this deferred obligation totaled \$7,500,000.

(6) Risk Management:

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters, all of which is satisfactorily insured by limited risk, high deductible commercial general liability insurance. Commercial insurance policies are also obtained for other risks of loss, including employee health and accident insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

(7) Management Company:

The District has contracted with a management company to perform management advisory services, which include financial and accounting advisory services. Certain employees of the management company also serve as officers (Board appointed non-voting positions) of the District. Under the agreement, the District compensates the management company for management, accounting, financial reporting, and other administrative costs. For the period ended September 30, 2021, the District paid the management company \$30,000 and had a payable to the management company for \$8,179 at year end.

(8) Related Party Transactions:

The Developer contributed \$52,274 during the year for operations and maintenance costs in connection with an agreement to fund certain expenditures as they are incurred. Approximately \$18,600 is due from the Developer at September 30, 2021. In addition, as detailed in Note (5), the District has a remaining Deferred Obligation payable to the Developer in the amount of \$7,500,000.

A significant portion of the District's activity is dependent upon the continued involvement of the Developer, Daytona Beach Property Holdings Retail, LLC, the loss of which could have a material adverse effect on the District's operations.

(9) Interlocal Agreement:

In 2016, the District entered into agreements with the City of Daytona Beach (the City) and Volusia County (the County) to receive funding for the construction, operation, and maintenance of a phased high quality, mixed-use retail and entertainment development to be known as "One Daytona." Estimated construction costs for the development total \$812,500,000, including estimated public infrastructure costs totaling \$52,906,000.

The City has agreed to make an economic incentive grant payment of \$2,000,000 to the District within 30 days after issuance of a construction permit and has agreed for an incentive grant of up to \$18,000,000 during the years under the grant period, which includes years 2016-2046. The incentive grants will be based on the increase over the 2013 base year value in the ad valorem real and personal property tax revenues collected on properties located within the District. During the year ended September 30, 2021, the District received \$455,496 in grant funding from the City.

(10) Commitments and Contingencies:

During the year ended September 30, 2021, local, U.S., and world governments have encouraged self-isolation to curtail the spread of the global pandemic, coronavirus disease (COVID-19), by mandating temporary work stoppage in many sectors and imposing limitations on travel and size and duration of group meetings. Most industries are experiencing disruption to business operations and the impact of reduced consumer spending. There is unprecedented uncertainty surrounding the duration of the pandemic, its potential economic ramifications, and any government actions to mitigate them. Accordingly, while management cannot quantify the financial and other impact to the District as of June 24, 2022, management believes that an impact on the District's net position and results of future operations is reasonably possible.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

ONE DAYTONA COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts					Final Bu		iance with al Budget -
	Original		Final		Actual		Positive (Negative)	
Revenues Developer contributions Interest income	\$	106,530	\$	106,530	\$	52,274 3	\$	(54,256) 3
Total revenues		106,530		106,530		52,277		(54,253)
Expenditures Current: General government		106,530		106,530		62,699		43,831
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures			_			(10,422)		(10,422)
Net change in fund balances		-		-		(10,422)		(10,422)
Fund balances, beginning of year		15,629		15,629		15,629		-
Fund balances, end of year	\$	15,629	\$	15,629	\$	5,207	\$	(10,422)

OTHER REPORTS



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Supervisors, One Daytona Community Development District:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the One Daytona Community Development District (the District), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 24, 2022.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

June 24, 2022

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

James Maore : 6., P.L.

Daytona Beach, Florida



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' MANAGEMENT LETTER REQUIRED BY CHAPTER 10.550, RULES OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA OFFICE OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL

To the Board of Supervisors, One Daytona Community Development District:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the One Daytona Community Development District, as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, and have issued our report thereon dated, June 24, 2022.

Auditors' Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Florida Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; and Independent Accountant's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated June 24, 2022, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no such findings and recommendations.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The legal authority for the primary government of the reporting entity is disclosed in Note (1) of the basic financial statements.

Financial Condition and Management

Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the District has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identification of the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the District did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the District. It is management's responsibility to monitor the District's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Special District Component Units

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.c., Rules of the Auditor General, requires, if appropriate, that we communicate the failure of a special district that is a component unit of a county, municipality, or special district, to provide the financial information necessary for proper reporting of the component unit within the audited financial statements of the county, municipality, or special district in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we did not note any special district component units that failed to provide the necessary information for proper reporting in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statutes.

Specific Special District Information - One Daytona Community Development District

The following items have been provided to us to comply with state reporting requirements and have not been audited by us. We did not audit the following information within this section, nor were we required to perform any procedures to verify the accuracy or the completeness of the information provided by management. We do not express an opinion, a conclusion, nor provide any form of assurance on this data.

As required by Section 218.39(3)(c), Florida Statutes, and Section 10.554(1)(i)6, Rules of the Auditor General, the One Daytona Community Development District reported the following unaudited data:

- a) The total number of district employees compensated in the last pay period of the district's fiscal year: 0.
- b) The total number of independent contractors to whom nonemployee compensation was paid in the last month of the district's fiscal year: 3.
- c) All compensation earned by or awarded to employees, whether paid or accrued, regardless of contingency: \$0.
- d) All compensation earned by or awarded to nonemployee independent contractors, whether paid or accrued, regardless of contingency: \$35,439.
- e) Each construction project with a total cost of at least \$65,000 approved by the district that is scheduled to begin on or after October 1 of the fiscal year being reported, together with the total expenditures for such project as:
 - a. No such projects noted.
- f) A budget variance based on the budget adopted under Section 189.016(4), Florida Statutes, before the beginning of the fiscal year being reported if the district amends a final adopted budget under Section 189.016(6), Florida Statutes, as follows: there were no amendments between the original and final total district expenditure budget.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, and applicable management and the Board of Supervisors, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

James Moore ; Co., P.L.

Daytona Beach, Florida June 24, 2022



James Maore : 6., P.L.

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' EXAMINATION REPORT

To the Board of Supervisors, One Daytona Community Development District:

We have examined the One Daytona Community Development District's (the District) compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, Local Government Investment Policies, for the year ended September 30, 2021. Management is responsible for the District's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the District complied with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, Local Government Investment Policies, for the year ended September 30, 2021, in all material respects. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of risks of material noncompliance with those requirements, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2021.

Daytona Beach, Florida June 24, 2022



June 24, 2022

To the Board of Supervisors,
One Daytona Community Development District:

We have audited the financial statements of One Daytona Community Development District (the District) as of and for the years ended September 30, 2021, and have issued our report thereon dated June 24, 2022. Professional standards require that we advise you of the following matters relating to our audit.

Our Responsibility in Relation to the Financial Statement Audit

As communicated in our engagement letter dated July 24, 2019, our responsibility, as described by professional standards, is to form and express an opinion about whether the financial statements that have been prepared by management with your oversight are presented fairly, in all material respects, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our audit of the financial statements does not relieve you or management of your respective responsibilities.

Our responsibility, as prescribed by professional standards, is to plan and perform our audit to obtain reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit of financial statements includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, as part of our audit, we considered the internal control of the District solely for the purpose of determining our audit procedures and not to provide any assurance concerning such internal control.

We are also responsible for communicating significant matters related to the audit that are, in our professional judgment, relevant to your responsibilities in overseeing the financial reporting process. However, we are not required to design procedures for the purpose of identifying other matters to communicate to you.

Planned Scope and Timing of the Audit

We conducted our audit consistent with the planned scope and timing we previously communicated to you.

Compliance with All Ethics Requirements Regarding Independence

The engagement team, others in our firm, as appropriate, our firm has complied with all relevant ethical requirements regarding independence.

We have applied safeguards related to our preparation of the District's financial statements, including, but not limited to, an assessment of management's skill, knowledge, and experience, and by obtaining a completed financial statement disclosure checklist from management.

To the Board of Supervisors, One Daytona Community Development District June 24, 2022 Page 2

Qualitative Aspects of the Entity's Significant Accounting Practices

Significant Accounting Policies

Management has the responsibility to select and use appropriate accounting policies. A summary of the significant accounting policies adopted by the District is included in Note 1 to the financial statements. There have been no initial selection of accounting policies and no changes in significant accounting policies or their application during 2021. No matters have come to our attention that would require us, under professional standards, to inform you about (1) the methods used to account for significant unusual transactions and (2) the effect of significant accounting policies in controversial or emerging areas for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus.

Significant Accounting Estimates

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's current judgments. Those judgments are normally based on knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ markedly from management's current judgments.

The most sensitive accounting estimates affecting the financial statements are:

Management's estimate of the useful lives for depreciation was based on past history within each capital asset class. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the fair value estimate and determined that it is reasonable in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole and in relation to the applicable opinion units.

Financial Statement Disclosures

Certain financial statement disclosures involve significant judgment and are particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial statement users. The most sensitive disclosures affecting the District's financial statements relate to:

Note 5 to the financial statements summarizes the District's long-term debt obligations, including future debt service payments.

Note 8 to the financial statements summarizes the District's related party transactions.

Significant Difficulties Encountered during the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management relating to the performance of the audit.

To the Board of Supervisors, One Daytona Community Development District June 24, 2022 Page 3

Uncorrected and Corrected Misstatements

For purposes of this communication, professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that we believe are trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Further, professional standards require us to also communicate the effect of uncorrected misstatements related to prior periods on the relevant classes of transactions, account balances or disclosures, and the financial statements as a whole and each applicable opinion unit. Management has corrected all identified misstatements.

In addition, professional standards require us to communicate to you all material, corrected misstatements that were brought to the attention of management as a result of our audit procedures. None of the misstatements identified by us as a result of our audit procedures and corrected by management were material, either individually or in the aggregate, to the financial statements taken as a whole or applicable opinion units.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, professional standards define a disagreement with management as a matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, concerning a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, which could be significant to the District's financial statements or the auditor's report. No such disagreements arose during the course of the audit.

Representations Requested from Management

We have requested certain written representations from management, which are included in the management representation letter dated June 24, 2022.

Management's Consultations with Other Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters. Management informed us that, and to our knowledge, there were no consultations with other accountants regarding auditing and accounting matters.

Other Significant Matters, Findings, or Issues

In the normal course of our professional association with the District, we generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, operating and regulatory conditions affecting the entity, and operational plans and strategies that may affect the risks of material misstatement. None of the matters discussed resulted in a condition to our retention as the District's auditors.

To the Board of Supervisors, One Daytona Community Development District June 24, 2022 Page 4

Other Information in Documents Containing Audited Financial Statements

Pursuant to professional standards, our responsibility as auditors for other information in documents containing the District's audited financial statements does not extend beyond the financial information identified in the audit report, and we are not required to perform any procedures to corroborate such other information. However, in accordance with such standards, we have read the introductory and statistical sections, as outlined in the table of contents, for material consistency with its presentation in the financial statements.

Our responsibility also includes communicating to you any information which we believe is a material misstatement of fact. Nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that such information or its manner of presentation, is materially inconsistent with the information, or manner of its presentation, appearing in the financial statements.

Other Matters

With respect to the supplementary information accompanying the financial statements, we made certain inquiries of management and evaluated the form, content, and methods of preparing the information to determined that the information complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the method of preparing it has not changed, from the prior period, and the information is appropriate and complete in related to our audit of the financial statements. We compared and reconciled the supplementary information to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Supervisors and management of the One Daytona Community Development District, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Respectfully,

JAMES MOORE & CO., P.L.

James Maore ; Co., P.L.