Financial Report

September 30, 2021



Sun 'N Lake of Sebring Improvement District Sebring, Florida

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Supervisors Sun 'n Lake of Sebring Improvement District

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the *Sun 'n Lake of Sebring Improvement District, Sebring, Florida* (the "District"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The District's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of Sun 'n Lake of Sebring Improvement District, as of September 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis starting on page 3 and budgetary comparison information on pages 34 and 35 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued a report dated June 27, 2022, on our consideration of Sun 'n Lake of Sebring Improvement District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in Sun 'n Lake of Sebring Improvement District's internal control over financing reporting and compliance.

McDirmit Davis

Orlando, Florida June 27, 2022 Our discussion and analysis of Sun 'n Lake of Sebring Improvement District, Sebring, Florida's ("District") provides a narrative overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. Please read it in conjunction with the District's Independent Auditor's Report, basic financial statements, accompanying notes and supplementary information to the basic financial statements themselves.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the District exceeded its liabilities at September 30, 2021, resulting in a net position of \$34,043,466.
- The District's total net position in comparison with the prior year increased by \$1,063,300. The key components of the District's net position and change in net position are reflected in the table in the government-wide financial analysis section.
- At September 30, 2021, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balance of \$3,775,814, an increase of \$598,973 in comparison with the prior year.
- At September 30, 2021, the District's unassigned fund balance in the general fund was \$3,912,494 or 100% of total general fund balance which is available for spending at the District's discretion.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the District that are principally supported by assessments (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the District include general (administration, finance, and community services), public safety (code enforcement and security), transportation (roads and drainage) and culture and recreation. The business-type activities of the District include the Utility (water and sewer) operation.

Fund Financial Statements

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The District has two fund categories: governmental and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the governmentwide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a District's near-term financing requirements. Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund Balance Sheet and the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The District maintains two governmental funds for external reporting. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund Balance Sheet and in the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for the general, and golf special revenue funds. The general, and golf special revenue funds are considered to be major funds.

The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

The District also adopts an annual non-appropriated operating budget for the golf, and utility funds.

Proprietary Funds

The District maintains one type of proprietary fund: enterprise. An enterprise fund is used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The District maintains one enterprise fund. The District uses an enterprise fund to account for the operations of the water and sewer utility services within the District.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide information for the utility fund, which is considered a major fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain supplementary information regarding the District's budget and actual revenues and expenses of the General Fund.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Summary Schedule of Net Position

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets exceeded liabilities by \$34,043,466 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

Key components of the District's net position are reflected in the following table:

Statement of Net Position as of September 30:

	Governmental Activities		Business-Ty	vpe Activities	Total Primary Government				
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020			
Assets:									
Current and other assets	\$ 4,725,042	\$ 4,114,731	\$ 6,379,034	\$ 5,209,049	\$ 11,104,076	\$ 9,323,780			
Capital assets, net	16,612,371	16,916,291	8,271,166	8,480,844	24,883,537	25,397,135			
Total assets	21,337,413	21,031,022	14,650,200	13,689,893	35,987,613	34,720,915			
Liabilities:									
Current liabilities	961,029	939,242	232,695	267,147	1,193,724	1,206,389			
Long-term liabilities	725,234	492,401	25,189	41,959	750,423	534,360			
Total liabilities	1,686,263	1,431,643	257,884	309,106	1,944,147	1,740,749			
Net Position:									
Net investment in capital									
assets	15,986,858	16,534,516	8,271,166	8,480,844	24,258,024	25,015,360			
Restricted	-	-	4,128,516	3,961,062	4,128,516	3,961,062			
Unrestricted	3,664,292	3,064,863	1,992,634	938,881	5,656,926	4,003,744			
Total net position	position \$ 19,651,150 \$ 19,59		\$ 14,392,316	\$ 13,380,787	\$ 34,043,466	\$ 32,980,166			

The largest portion of the District's net position, \$24,258,024, (71%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, land improvements, equipment and infrastructure) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. These assets are used to provide services to residents; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The restricted portion, \$4,128,516, represents funds set aside for renewal and replacement and impact fee projects. Restrictions are made by enabling legislation for future capital renewal and replacement and expansion.

The results of this year's operations for the District as a whole are reported in the statement of activities. The net position of the District's governmental activities increased \$51,771 and the net position of the business-type activities increased \$1,011,529 in comparison with the prior year.

Schedule of Changes in Net Position

Key elements of the change in the District's net position are reflected in the following table:

	Governmental Activities		Business-Ty	/pe Activities	Total Primary Government			
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020		
Revenues:								
Program Revenues:								
Charges for services	\$ 7,836,825	\$ 6,762,455	\$ 2,939,530	\$ 2,778,577	\$ 10,776,355	\$ 9,541,032		
Operating grants and								
contributions	-	10,845	-	-	-	10,845		
Capital grants and								
contributions	-	94,706	139,800	69,600	139,800	164,306		
General Revenues:								
Investment earnings	20,344	38,834	28,650	56,167	48,994	95,001		
Other	378,905	62,451	-	13,300	378,905	75,751		
Total revenues	8,236,074	6,969,291	3,107,980	2,917,644	11,344,054	9,886,935		
Expenses:								
Governmental Activities:								
General government	1,393,013	1,577,666	-	-	1,393,013	1,577,666		
Public safety	305, 170	310,245	-	-	305,170	310,245		
Transportation	1,239,675	1,206,377	-	-	1,239,675	1,206,377		
Culture and recreation	5,220,772	4,438,077	-	-	5,220,772	4,438,077		
Interest	25,673	19,611	-	-	25,673	19,611		
Business - type Activities:								
Water and sewer utilities	-	-	2,096,451	2,085,974	2,096,451	2,085,974		
Total expenses	8,184,303	7,551,976	2,096,451	2,085,974	10,280,754	9,637,950		
Increase (Decrease) in								
Net Position Before								
Transfers	51,771	(582,685)	1,011,529	831,670	1,063,300	248,985		
Transfers	-	700,000	-	(700,000)	-	-		
Increase (Decrease) in Net position	51,771	117,315	1,011,529	131,670	1,063,300	248,985		
Net position, beginning	19,599,379	19,482,064	13,380,787	13,249,117	32,980,166	32,731,181		
Net position, end	\$ 19,651,150	\$ 19,599,379	\$ 14,392,316	\$ 13,380,787	\$ 34,043,466	\$ 32,980,166		

Governmental Activities

Charges for services accounted for 95% of the total governmental revenues, which consisted primarily of assessments for the current and prior year. The increase in charges for services from the previous year was \$1,074,370. The increase is primarily attributable to an increase in assessment payments received. The cost of all governmental activities during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 was \$8,184,303, which was an increase of 8% from the prior year. Culture and recreation services accounted for 64% of total expenses.

Business-Type Activities

The cost of the business-type activities was \$2,096,451, a 1% increase from the prior year. The costs of those activities were paid for by charges for services, which accounted for 95% of total business-type revenues.

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

Governmental Funds

The focus of the District's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The General Fund balance increased \$577,942 (17%) from the previous year and is reporting an ending balance of \$3,912,494. Of this balance \$3,912,494 is unassigned, which represents 123% of 2021 expenditures.

The Golf Special Revenue Fund reported a net increase in fund balance of \$21,031, after transfers in of \$671,652. The increase resulted in an ending fund balance deficit of \$(136,680).

Proprietary Funds

The *District's* proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

The Water and Sewer Utility Fund reported operating income of \$843,079, which is an increase of \$150,476 from the previous year. Of the total net position in the amount of \$14,392,316, included in this amount is \$4,128,516 restricted for capital and impact fee projects. The improvement in operating results is due to increased water rates and decreased expenditures in repairs & maintenance of equipment.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The differences between the 2021 original budget and the final amended budget are adopted by the Board throughout the year. The budget is adopted using the same basis of accounting that is used in preparation of the fund financial statements. The legal level of budgetary control, the level at which expenditures may not exceed budget, is in the aggregate.

The variance between budgeted and actual general fund revenues for the 2021 fiscal year was \$67,542, as the District collected more assessments than anticipated and had lower investment revenues. The actual general fund expenditures for the 2021 fiscal year were \$454,303 lower than budgeted amounts due primarily to lower overall expenditures than anticipated.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

(Net of Accumulated Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities			В	usiness-Ty	pe A	Activities	Total Primary Government				
		2021	2020			2021		2020		2021		2020
Land	\$	520,477	\$	520,477	\$	184,842	\$	184,842	\$	705,319	\$	705,319
Construction in												
Progress		35,413		70,201		-		19,177		35,413		89,378
Buildings, Infrastructure												
& Improvements	1	1,856,171	1	2,180,512		7,922,381		8,080,704		19,778,552	2	20,261,216
Machinery and												
Equipment		1,349,000		1,320,764		163,943		196,121		1,512,943		1,516,885
Golf Course												
& Improvements		2,851,310		2,824,337		-		-		2,851,310		2,824,337
Total	\$ 1	6,612,371	\$ 1	6,916,291	\$	8,271,166	\$	8,480,844	\$ 2	24,883,537	\$ 2	25,397,135

Capital Assets

At September 30, 2021, the District had \$24,883,537, net of accumulated depreciation, invested in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities. This investment in capital assets includes land, land improvements, infrastructure improvements, buildings, improvements other than buildings, vehicles, equipment and water and sewer system.

Capital assets decreased from the prior year in the amount of \$513,598 due to disposals and depreciation expense exceeding additions. The District's major projects completed during the year include lifts station grinders, culvert installations, and ditch cleaning. Culvert installations and replacements are the major projects under construction at year end.

Long-Term Debt

At September 30, 2021, the *District* had a capital lease payable of \$625,513 outstanding for its governmental activities. See Note 9 and Note 10 for additional information.

Economic Factors, Next Year's Budget, and Rates

The District's strategic objective for the 2020/2021 budget focused on sustaining exemplary levels of services and amenities offered to our residents while investing in the community's infrastructure and enhancing marketing to promote development and growth. Highlights include:

- The General Fund budget was adopted at \$4,127,500, a decrease of \$162,500 in comparison to the previous year's original adopted budget. Of the \$4.127 million, roughly \$3.65 million is operating revenues which have remained consistent year over year. The District Operation and Maintenance assessment revenues constitute for 91% of the operating revenues. The overall general fund budget is made whole utilizing a transfer in from the Utility Fund in the amount of \$470,000. There are no General Fund reserves included. There are minimal prior year carryover projects forecasted.
- The economic conditions in the housing market continue to grow in the District with an increase of 300% in new construction over the prior year. This results in not only additional one-time revenues, such as permit fees, but new annual recurring revenues, such as increased assessments and utility service charges. Additionally, the District completed the foreclosure on Unit 12 which is comprised of approximately 182 acres of vacant land. The District's intent is to market and promote this area to a large developer to capitalize further on market conditions. The property is under contract in the amount of \$500,000 at the commencement of the fiscal year and is in the due diligence period.
- The Utility Fund was adopted at just over \$2.6 million, a increase of 3% and does not include any prior year reserves to balance the budget. This year's budget does not include any increases to the water and sewer base charge fees. This year the Board budgeted to fund the Capital Improvement Fund, previously known as the URRIF (Utility Renewal Replacement Improvement Fund), in the amount of \$100,000. Of the \$2.6 million, there is \$392,000 budgeted for capital outlay. There is a forecasted carryover project in the amount of \$131,000 for the lift station grinders enhancements at two manhole locations.
- The Golf Fund was adopted at \$4.5 million in contrast to the previous year's \$4.4 million budget. Operationally, revenues are expected to remain constant for golf operations only increasing roughly \$41,000 and decreasing only by \$25,000 in restaurant operations due to the new kitchen renovation. Golf membership and public green fees both sustained increases. Additionally, the Food and Beverage operations had a complete menu and pricing overhaul. Lasting affects to both golf and restaurant operations from the COVID pandemic were strongly considered throughout the budgeting and forecasting process. Of the \$4.4 million, \$547,000 was budgeted for capital improvement projects for the golf courses and clubhouse. The operational subsidy was set at \$180,000 in comparison to the \$222,500 in the prior fiscal year. There are no future carryover projects.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the financial resources it manages and the stewardship of the facilities it maintains. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Sun 'n Lake of Sebring Improvement District's Finance Department located at 5306 Sun 'n Lake Blvd., Sebring, FL 33872, or visit our website at *snldistrict.org*.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

		Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total
Assets:	¢	4 040 022	۴	0.000.040	¢	2 000 004
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$	1,012,933 3,481,718	\$	2,068,048 3,186,109	\$	3,080,981 6,667,827
Receivables, net		5,461,718 12,819		394,985		407,804
Internal balances		99,297		(99,297)		407,004
Inventories		109,420		(33,237)		109,420
Prepaid costs		8,855		4,000		12,855
Restricted Assets:		0,000		4,000		12,000
Cash and cash equivalents		-		825,189		825,189
Capital Assets:				0_0,.00		0_0,100
Not being depreciated		555,890		184,842		740,732
Depreciable, net		16,056,481		8,086,324		24,142,805
Total capital assets		16,612,371		8,271,166	1	24,883,537
Total assets		21,337,413		14,650,200		35,987,613
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		442,235		69,470		511,705
Accrued interest payable		11,801		-		11,801
Unearned revenues		442,228		-		442,228
Customer deposits and other liabilities Noncurrent Liabilities:		64,765		163,225		227,990
Due within one year		356,675		2,519		359,194
Due in more than one year		368,559		22,670		391,229
Total liabilities		1,686,263		257,884		1,944,147
Net Position						
Net investment in capital assets		15,986,858		8,271,166		24,258,024
Restricted for:						
Capital projects		-		3,466,552		3,466,552
Impact fee projects		-		661,964		661,964
Unrestricted		3,664,292		1,992,634		5,656,926
Total net position	\$	19,651,150	\$	14,392,316	\$	34,043,466

							et (Expense		venue and Cha Position	anges	s in Net
		Program Revenue				Primary Government					
			Opera	ating	Capital Grants						
		Charges for	Grants		and		ernmental	Bu	isiness-type		
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contribut	ions	Contributions		Activities	_	Activities	_	Total
Primary Government											
Governmental Activities:											
General government	\$ 1,393,013	\$ 1,431,817	\$	-	\$-	\$	38,804	\$	-	\$	38,804
Public safety	305,170	265,743		-	-		(39,427)		-		(39,427)
Transportation	1,239,675	1,046,018		-	-		(193,657)		-		(193,657)
Culture and recreation	5,220,772	5,093,247		-	-		(127,525)		-		(127,525)
Interest on long-term debt	25,673			-			(25,673)		-		(25,673)
Total governmental activities	8,184,303	7,836,825		-			(347,478)		-		(347,478)
Business-type Activities:											
Water and Sewer	2,096,451	2,939,530		-	139,800		-		982,879		982,879
Total business-type activities	2,096,451	2,939,530		-	139,800		-		982,879		982,879
Total primary government	\$ 10,280,754	\$ 10,776,355	\$	_	\$ 139,800		(347,478)		982,879		635,401
	General Revenue	es:									
	Unrestricted inv	estment earnings					20,344		28,650		48,994
	Miscellaneous	0					30,743		-		30,743
	Gain on dispose	al of capital assets	5			_	348,162		-		348,162
	Total ge	neral revenues a	nd transfers	;			399,249		28,650		427,899
	Change	in net position					51,771		1,011,529		1,063,300
	Net posi	tion, beginning				1	9,599,379		13,380,787		32,980,166
	Net pos	ition, ending				\$ 19	9,651,150	\$	14,392,316	\$	34,043,466

The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

	(General Fund	Golf Special Revenue Fund	G	Total Governmental Funds
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables, net Due from other funds Inventories Prepaid costs	\$	452,232 3,481,718 - 207,653 - -	\$ 560,701 - 12,819 - 109,420 8,855	\$	1,012,933 3,481,718 12,819 207,653 109,420 8,855
Total assets	\$	4,141,603	\$ 691,795	\$	4,833,398
Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued expenses Due to other funds Unearned revenues Customer deposits	\$	172,860 48,254 5,095 2,900	\$ 88,650 132,471 108,356 437,133 61,865	\$	261,510 180,725 108,356 442,228 64,765
Total liabilities		229,109	 828,475		1,057,584
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Unassigned Total fund balances (deficit)		3,912,494 3,912,494	 118,275 (254,955) (136,680)		118,275 3,657,539 3,775,814
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	4,141,603	\$ 691,795	\$	4,833,398

Total Fund Balance, governmental funds	\$ 3,775,814
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in this fund financial statement, but are reported in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position. Long term liabilities such as capital lease, compensated absences, and accrued interest payable are not due and payable in the current period and are not included in the fund financial statement, but are included in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position.	16,612,371
Capital lease payable Compensated absences payable Accrued interest payable Net Position of Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position	\$ (625,513) (99,721) (11,801) 19,651,150

Revenues:		General Fund	Golf Special Revenue Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Assessments	\$	3,728,737	\$-	\$ 3,728,737
Penalty and interest on assessments	Ψ	201,564	Ψ	201,564
Fees and fines		8,245	-	8,245
Licenses and permits		45,300	-	45,300
Charges for services		155,858	3,697,121	3,852,979
Investment earnings		20,344	-	20,344
Miscellaneous		29,994		29,994
Total revenues		4,190,042	3,697,121	7,887,163
Expenditures: Current: General government: Financial and administrative Community services Facilities and grounds		843,248 165,066 301,938	-	843,248 165,066 301,938
Total general government		1,310,252		1,310,252
Code enforcement and security Roads and drainage Recreation and leisure		302,818 1,070,202 265,554	3,676,090	302,818 1,070,202 3,941,644
Debt Service: Principal Interest and other charges Capital Outlay		- - 232,371	353,046 15,224 900,166	353,046 15,224 1,132,537
Total expenditures		3,181,197	4,944,526	8,125,723
Excess (deficiency) of Revenues over expenditures		1,008,845	(1,247,405)	(238,560)
Other Financing Sources (uses): Sale of capital assets Sale of land purchased for resale Capital lease proceeds Transfers in Transfers out		240,000 749 - - (671,652)	- 596,784 671,652 -	240,000 749 596,784 671,652 (671,652)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(430,903)	1,268,436	837,533
Net change in fund balances		577,942	21,031	598,973
Fund balances, beginning		3,334,552	(157,711)	3,176,841
Fund balances, ending	\$	3,912,494	\$ (136,680)	\$ 3,775,814

Sun 'n Lake of Sebring Improvement District, Sebring, Florida Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

Net Change in Fund Balances - total governmental funds: \$ 598,973 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because: Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. 1,086,118 Capital outlay (1,498,200)Less: Depreciation expense The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Capital lease proceeds (596, 784)Debt repayments 353,046 The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales and donations) is to increase net position. 108,162 The change in compensated absences reported in the statement of activities does not require the use of current financial resources and is not reported as an expenditure in governmental funds. 10,905 Accrued interest reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds (10, 449)**Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities** \$ 51,771

	Water and Sewer Utility
Assets:	
Current Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$ 2,068,048 3,186,109
Accounts receivable, net Prepaid expenses	394,985 4,000
Restricted Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	825,189
Total current assets	6,478,331
Noncurrent Assets: Capital Assets:	
Land Infrastructure Buildings	184,842 18,873,471 52,192
Machinery and equipment Less accumulated depreciation	600,983 (11,440,322)
Total capital assets, net	8,271,166
Total assets	14,749,497
Liabilities: Current Liabilities:	
Accounts payable Due to other funds	69,470 00-207
Customer deposits payable	99,297 163,225
Compensated absences	2,519
Total current liabilities	334,511
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Compensated absences	22,670
Total noncurrent liabilities	22,670
Total liabilities	357,181
Net Position:	
Net investment in capital assets	8,271,166
Restricted for capital projects	3,466,552
Restricted for impact fee projects	661,964
Unrestricted	1,992,634
Total net position	\$ 14,392,316

	Water and Sewer Utility
Revenues: Charges for water and sewer services Other	\$ 2,823,655 115,875
Total operating revenues	2,939,530
Operating Expenses: Salaries and benefits Contractual services, maintenance and supplies Depreciation	569,288 926,171 600,992
Total operating expenses	2,096,451
Operating income	843,079
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses): Interest and investment income Impact fees	28,650 139,800
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	168,450
Change in net position	1,011,529
Net position, beginning	13,380,787
Net position, ending	\$ 14,392,316

		Water and Sewer Utility
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Receipts from customers and users Payments to employees Payments to suppliers of goods and services	\$	2,853,066 (586,058) (974,148)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		1,292,860
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities: Decrease in due to other funds		43,721
Net cash provided by (used in) non-capital financing activities		43,721
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: Impact fees Purchases of capital assets		139,800 (391,314)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities		(251,514)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Interest earnings Purchase of investments		28,650 (264,784)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		(236,134)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		848,933
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning		2,044,304
Cash and cash equivalents, ending	\$	2,893,237
Classified As: Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,068,048 825,189
Total	\$	2,893,237
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (used in) Operating Activities:		
Operating income	\$	843,079
Adjustments Not Affecting Cash: Depreciation and amortization Change in Assets and Liabilities:		600,992
Increase in accounts receivable		(95,989)
Decrease in prepaids / inventory		(4,000)
Decrease in accounts payable		(43,977)
Increase in customer deposits Increase in compensated absences		9,525 (16,770)
Total adjustments		449,781
Net Cash Provided by (used in) Operating Activities	\$	1,292,860
	Ψ	1,202,000

Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 1 NATURE OF ORGANIZATION AND REPORTING ENTITY

Reporting Entity

Sun 'n Lake of Sebring Improvement District (the "District") was established by the Board of County Commissioners of Highlands County, Florida on April 16, 1974. The District is located between the City of Sebring, Florida and the City of Avon Park, Florida on U.S. Highway 27. It encompasses approximately 5,700 acres. Highlands County Ordinance No. 74-4 created the District, fixed the boundaries, provided for a governing body, and provided for the powers, functions, and duties of the District and its governing body. This ordinance, as amended by Ordinance No. 77-4, is referred to as the District Charter. The District Charter further provides for the acquisition or construction of improvements which can be financed by the levying of assessments on the benefited properties.

The District is defined as an independent special district under the Uniform Special District Accountability Act of 1989, otherwise known as Chapter 189 of the Florida Statutes. Chapter 189 mandates certain requirements for the formation, dissolution and reporting of special districts.

The District's major activities include operation and maintenance of the golf clubhouse, golf course and driving range, tennis courts, a water and sewer utility system, a network of arterial and neighborhood roads, community center with pool, fitness center, and a general purpose District office.

The District is governed by the Board of Supervisors ("Board"), which is composed of five members. The Supervisors are elected by the landowners and qualified electors residing within the District. The Board of Supervisors of the District exercise all powers granted to the District pursuant to Florida Statutes.

The Board has the final responsibility for:

- 1. Assessing and levying assessments.
- 2. Approving budgets.
- 3. Exercising control over facilities and properties.
- 4. Controlling the use of funds generated by the District.
- 5. Approving the employment of the general manager.
- 6. Financing improvements.

The financial statements were prepared in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statements 14, 39 and 61. Under the provisions of those standards, the financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the District Board of Supervisors is considered to be financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that, if excluded, the financial statements of the District would be considered incomplete or misleading. There are no entities considered to be component units of the District; therefore, the financial statements include only the operations of the District.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The basic financial statements include both government-wide and fund financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by assessments and general revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment. Operating-type special assessments for maintenance and debt service are treated as charges for services, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. The major governmental and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Assessments are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are to be recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Unbilled service revenue is accrued in the enterprise funds.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

Assessments, licenses and permits, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized in revenues for the current period. Only the portion of assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue for the current period. All other revenue items (licenses and permits and miscellaneous) are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund

The general fund is the general operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Golf Fund

This special revenue fund is used to account for the operations of the golf course and related amenities. The costs of providing services to the residents are recovered primarily through user charges.

The District reports the following major proprietary fund:

Water and Sewer Fund

This enterprise fund is used to account for the operations of the water and sewer utility services within the District. The costs of providing services to the residents are recovered primarily through user charges.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to the general rule are internal receivable and payable balances between governmental and business-type activities.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District's enterprise fund are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses of the enterprise fund include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first for qualifying expenditures, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

Restricted Assets

Restricted assets in the enterprise funds consist of water and sewer impact fees and other net position for renewal, replacement and improvements which have been restricted by enabling legislation.

Deposits and Investments

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand and demand deposits.

Investments for the District are reported at fair value within the fair value hierarchy established in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, except for the position in the Florida State Board of Administration's and Florida Safe's Local Government Surplus Investment Pools (LGIP). In accordance with state law, the LGIP's operate in conformity with all of the requirements of the Securities and Exchange Commission's (SEC) Rule 2a7 as promulgated under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended. Accordingly, the LGIP's qualify as a 2a7-like pools and are reported at the net asset value per share (which approximates fair value) even though it is calculated using the amortized cost method. The Florida State Board of Administration is subject to regulatory oversight by the State of Florida, although it is not registered with the SEC.

Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories for the golf fund are valued at cost which approximates market value using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Receivables and Payables

During the course of operations, transactions occur between individual funds. Any residual balances outstanding between governmental activities and business-type activities for internal borrowing are reported in the government-wide statements as "internal balances".

Accounts receivable and assessments receivable are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible amounts. These receivables will be recognized as revenue as they are collected. For the golf fund, accounts receivable outstanding in excess of 90 days, that are material, comprise the allowance. For water and sewer accounts receivable, amounts outstanding in excess of 90 days comprise the allowance. The assessment receivable allowance in the general and debt service funds is equal to 100% of outstanding delinquencies except for amounts outstanding in excess of five years which are written off.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, golf course, and recreation facilities, water and sewer improvements, machinery and equipment and infrastructure (roads, sidewalks, etc.), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment of the District are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Land improvements	5-20
Buildings	10-40
Infrastructure	10-20
Roads and sidewalks	10-40
Golf course and improvements	20
Utility plant and infrastructure	5-40
Machinery and equipment	5-10

In the governmental fund financial statements, amounts incurred for the acquisition of capital assets are reported as fund expenditures. Depreciation expense is not reported in the governmental fund financial statements.

Compensated Absences

The District's policy permits employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. Time accrues based on the level and length of service. Upon termination, unused sick time is paid out at up to 35%, based on length of service, and unused vacation time is paid at 100%. Accumulated paid personal time off is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for those amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, as a result of employee resignation or retirement.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Note premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized ratably over the life of the Notes. Notes payable are reported net of premiums or discounts.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize premiums and discounts, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category for the year ended September 30, 2020.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District does not have any items that qualifies for reporting in this category for the year ended September 30, 2021.

Assessments

Assessments are non-ad valorem assessments on all platted lots within the district. Assessments are levied each November 1 on property as of the previous January 1 to pay for the operations and maintenance of the district and debt service on the notes. The fiscal year for which annual assessments are levied begins on October 1 with discounts available for payments through February 28 and become delinquent on April 1. Penalties are assessed to delinquent lot owners at a rate of 1% per month on the outstanding delinquent balance.

Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

Fund Balance Flow Assumption

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

Fund Balance Policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The District itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification includes fund balance amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. The Board of Supervisors is the highest level of decision-making authority for the government that can, by adoption of an ordinance or resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance or resolution remains in place until a similar action is taken to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The Board of Supervisors has authorized the District Manager to assign amounts for specific purposes. The Board of Supervisors may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

New Accounting Standards

In fiscal year 2021, the District has not implemented any new accounting standards with a material effect on the District's financial statements.

NOTE 3 BUDGETARY INFORMATION

The District is required to establish a budgetary system and an approved Annual Budget. Annual Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the general fund All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Each year, the General Manager submits to the District Board a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain public comments.
- 3. Prior to October 1, the budget is legally adopted by the District Board.
- 4. The General Manager may approve amendments under \$25,000 that do not increase reserve funding. All other budget changes must be approved by the District Board.
- 5. The budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles.
- 6. Unused appropriation for annually budgeted funds lapse at the end of the year.

The District also prepares annual operating budgets for the golf and utility funds.

NOTE 4 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash

The District's cash balances were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by a collateral pool pledged to the State Treasurer. Florida Statutes Chapter 280, "Florida Security for Public Deposits Act", requires all qualified depositories to deposit with the Treasurer or another banking institution eligible collateral equal to various percentages of the average daily balance for each month of all public deposits in excess of any applicable deposit insurance held. The percentage of eligible collateral (generally, U.S. Governmental and agency securities, state or local government debt, or corporate bonds) to public deposits is dependent upon the depository's financial history and its compliance with Chapter 280. In the event of a failure of a qualified public depository, the remaining public depositories would be responsible for covering any resulting losses.

Investments

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset, or paid to transfer a liability, in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

Instead of establishing a written investment policy, the District elected to limit investments to those approved by Florida Statutes. Authorized District investments include, but are not limited to:

- 1. The State Board of Administration Local Government Investment Pool (SBA);
- 2. Securities and Exchange Commission Registered Money Market Funds with the highest credit quality rating from a nationally recognized rating agency;
- 3. Savings accounts and certificates of deposit in state-certified qualified public depositories.
- 4. Direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury.

Investments made by the District at September 30, 2021 are summarized below. In accordance with GASB 31, investments are reported at amortized cost, which approximates fair value.

Investment Type	Fair Value	Credit Rating	Maturity
Investment in Florida FIT	\$ 3,854,294	AAA	8 Days
Investment in Florida Prime	799,786	AAAm	49 Days
Certificate of Deposit	104,357	Not rated	1/17/2022
Certificate of Deposit	1,135,313	Not rated	2/25/2022
Certificate of Deposit	 774,077	Not rated	2/25/2022
Total Investments	\$ 6,667,827		

Credit Risk

The District's investment policy limits credit risk by restricting authorized investments to those described. Investments in U.S. Government securities and agencies must be backed by the full faith and credit of the United States Government. Short term bond funds shall be rated by a nationally recognized ratings agency and shall maintain the highest credit quality rating.

NOTE 4 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Custodial Credit Risk

In the case of deposits, this is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's investment policy requires that bank deposits be secured as provided by Chapter 280, Florida Statutes. This law requires local governments to deposit funds only in financial institutions designated as qualified public depositories by the Chief Financial Officer of the State of Florida, and creates the Public Deposits Trust Fund, a multiple financial institution pool with the ability to assess its member financial institutions for collateral shortfalls if a default or insolvency has occurred. At September 30, 2021, all of the District's bank deposits were in qualified public depositories.

For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the government will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At September 30, 2021, none of the investments listed are exposed to custodial credit risk because their existence is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The District's investment policy does not specify limits on the amount the District may invest in any one issue.

Interest Rate Risk

The District's investment policy does not specifically address interest rate risk; however, the general investment policy is to apply the prudent-person rule: Investments are made as a prudent person would be expected to act, with discretion and intelligence, to seek reasonable income, preserve capital, and in general, avoid speculative investments. The District manages its exposure to declines in fair values by investing primarily in pooled investments that have a weighted average maturity of less than three months.

NOTE 5 INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund receivables and payables at September 30, 2021 were as follows:

		Receiva	ble fund	:
	C	General Fund		Total
Payable Fund:				
Golf fund	\$	108,356	\$	108,356
Water and Sewer Utility		99,297		99,297
Total	\$	207,653	\$	207,653

The outstanding balances between funds result primarily from the time lag between the dates that transactions are recorded in the accounting system and payments between funds are made. Balances between funds are for services paid by the General Fund to be reimbursed.

NOTE 5 INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS (CONTINUED)

Interfund transfers for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 include \$671,652 transferred from the General fund to the Golf fund.

Transfers were used to move revenues from the fund where collection occurs to the fund where funds have been reallocated for use. The general fund pays for certain costs for the golf fund, by either directly paying vendors or transferring cash to the golf fund to pay vendors. The general fund also pays costs on behalf of the utility fund and is subsequently reimbursed by the utility fund.

NOTE 6 RECEIVABLES

The District has recorded the assessment receivables for past due amounts. During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, a portion of prior year assessments were collected. Unpaid assessments receivable total \$5,688,008, including penalties and interest. The District is in the process of foreclosing on certain properties which have not paid the amounts owed. Due to the uncertainty related to the cost of foreclosure and the ultimate realization from the sale of foreclosed properties, the receivables have been shown with a 100% allowance, except for collectible amounts.

During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, there was a decrease in the amount of delinquent assessments and corresponding allowance. The District is continuing with foreclosure proceedings on certain delinquent accounts.

Receivables in the golf fund are considered fully collectible, therefore no allowance for uncollectibles is recorded.

Receivables in the water and sewer fund are reported net of uncollectible amounts. Total accounts receivable and uncollectible amounts at September 30, 2021 are as follows:

Accounts Receivable for Utility Sales Allowance for uncollectibles	\$ 402,485 (7,500)
Net receivables	\$ 394,985

NOTE 7 CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2021 was as follows:

		Beginning Balance		Increases		Reductions		Transfers		Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:										
Capital assets not being depreciated:										
Land	\$	520,477	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	520,477
Construction in progress		70,201		42,813		-		(77,601)		35,413
Total capital assets not being										
depreciated		590,678		42,813		-		(77,601)		555,890
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:										
Buildings		11,079,535		92,488		(15,720)		-		11,156,303
Infrastructure		1,429,946		200,608				77,601		1,708,155
Roads and sidewalks		5,169,208		-		-		-		5,169,208
Golf course and improvements		7,558,634		209,739		(23,978)		-		7,744,395
Machinery and equipment		3,559,741		819,970		(592,263)		-		3,787,448
Total capital assets being										
depreciated		28,797,064		1,322,805		(631,961)		77,601		29,565,509
Less accumulated depreciation for:										
Buildings		(3,164,639)		(407,099)		15,720		-		(3,556,018)
Infrastructure		(505,237)		(75,677)		-		-		(580,914)
Roads and sidewalks		(1,828,301)		(212,262)		-		-		(2,040,563)
Golf course and improvements		(4,734,297)		(182,766)		23,978		-		(4,893,085)
Machinery and equipment		(2,238,977)		(620,396)		420,925		-		(2,438,448)
Total accumulated depreciation		(12,471,451)		(1,498,200)		460,623	1	-	1	(13,509,028)
Total capital assets, being										
depreciated, net		16,325,613		(175,395)		(171,338)		77,601		16,056,481
Government activities capital assets, net	\$	16,916,291	\$	(132,582)	\$	(171,338)	\$	-	\$	16,612,371
assets, net	Ψ	10,010,201	Ψ	(102,002)	Ψ	(171,000)	Ψ		Ψ	10,012,011
	Den	reciation Alloca	ation:							
		eral government			\$	84,531				
		ic safety			Ŷ	6,580				
		sportation				429,634				
		ure and recreation	on			977,455				
					\$	1,498,200				
					T	.,				

NOTE 7 CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Reductions	Transfers	Ending Balance
Business-type Activities: Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land Construction in progress	\$ 184,842 19,177	\$ - 129,809	\$ - 	\$ - (148,986)	\$ 184,842
Total capital assets not being depreciated	204,019	129,809		(148,986)	184,842
Capital Assets, Being depreciated: Buildings	52,192	-	-	-	52,192
Utility plant and infrastructure Machinery and equipment	18,518,554 584,222	244,744 16,761	(38,813) -	148,986 -	18,873,471 600,983
Total capital assets being depreciated	19,154,968	261,505	(38,813)	148,986	19,526,646
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Utility plant and infrastructure	(42,716) (10,447,326) (388,101)	(861) (551,192) (48,939)	- 38,813		(43,577) (10,959,705) (437,040)
Machinery and equipment Total accumulated depreciation	(10,878,143)	(40,939)			(437,040) (11,440,322)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	8,276,825	(339,487)		148,986	8,086,324
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 8,480,844	\$ (209,678)	\$-	\$-	\$ 8,271,166
	Depreciation All Utility	ocation:	\$ 600,992		
	Total deprecia	tion expense	\$ 600,992		

NOTE 8 PROPERTIES HELD FOR SALE

Acting in a fiduciary capacity, as required by the special assessment Bond and Note, through various means, the District has become the owner of record of many undeveloped plots of land within the District. The District is required by the debt agreements to attempt to market and sell these properties with any sale proceeds used to satisfy the related debt encumbered upon the properties. These properties are encumbered by debt liens that exceed the fair market value of the underlying property and are therefore not recorded as an asset on the District's financial statements. The District is also not liable for the encumbered debt due to its actions as fiduciary, as specified in the Bond and Note agreements. As a result of the liens exceeding the value of the properties, the District has been unsuccessful in its attempts to sell these properties.

NOTE 8 PROPERTIES HELD FOR SALE (CONTINUED)

Because the District is the owner of record of these properties, it is billed ad valorem and other taxes by the County. The District does not intend to pay these taxes. The District has determined, with the assistance of legal counsel, that it will never be held financially liable for the past due taxes and that the only consequence of nonpayment of the taxes would be the loss of the underlying properties.

Due to the totality of these circumstances, the District has recorded no asset or liability relating to these actions on the financial statements.

NOTE 9 LEASE OBLIGATIONS

The District has entered into lease agreements as a lessee for financing the acquisition of certain equipment. These lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and, accordingly, have been recorded at the present value of future minimum lease payments as of the inception date. The aggregate cost and accumulated depreciation of assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

	 Governmental Activities
Machinery and equipment Less accumulated depreciation	\$ 1,261,774 (566,770)
Net	\$ 695,004

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of the minimum lease payments as of September 30, 2021, were as follows:

Year ending September 30:	Government Activitie
2022	\$ 368,27
2023	
Total minimum lease payments	655,924
Less: amount representing interest	(30,41
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$ 625,513

NOTE 10 LONG TERM LIABILITIES

Changes in long-term liability activity for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 were as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions/ Transfers	F	Reductions/ Transfers	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities Capital leases Compensated absences	\$ 381,775 110,626	\$ 596,784 80,569	\$	(353,046) (91,474)	\$ 625,513 99,721	\$ 346,703 9,972
Total	\$ 492,401	\$ 677,353	\$	(444,520)	\$ 725,234	\$ 356,675
Business-Type Activities Compensated absences	\$ 41,959	\$ 23,940	\$	(40,710)	\$ 25,189	\$ 2,519
Total	\$ 41,959	\$ 23,940	\$	(40,710)	\$ 25,189	\$ 2,519

NOTE 11 SPECIAL ASSESSMENT DEBT

Series 2008 Special Assessment Note

In August 2006, the District issued Special Assessment Bond Anticipation Note Series 2006 in the amount of \$8,798,065. The purpose of the 2006 Note was to provide interim funding for the costs associated with the construction of central water and sewer services for Areas "A" and "C" of Unit 16 of the District. On or about March 2008, the District issued Special Assessment Note Series 2008 in the amount of \$10,000,000. The purpose of the 2008 Note was to redeem the 2006 Note, to fund a debt service reserve fund, and to pay the cost of issuing the Note. The District did in fact redeem the 2006 Note. The construction of the central water and service areas for Areas "A" and "C" of Unit 16 was in fact completed. The Note is secured by first lien on all revenues received from special assessments levied and collected on parcels benefited from the Unit 16 A & C project, all monies on deposit in the funds and accounts established, and on any proceeds from Bonds Issued. The interest rate will be equal to 68% of the 180 day LIBOR rate plus 325 basis points. Principal and interest on the Note will be payable on each May 1 and November 1 commencing November 1, 2008. In May 2009, the due date of the Series 2008 Note was extended from March 29, 2009 to March 28, 2010.

The District collections from property owners were insufficient to pay the principal and interest due during the current and prior year. Because the District itself is not liable for nonpayment of the Note, it is not in default.

In accordance with GASB Cod. Sec. S40, *Special Assessments*, the outstanding liability for this Note and the related balances are not included in the District's financial statements because the District's only obligation under the Note agreement is to collect and remit assessments to the Note holder.

NOTE 11 SPECIAL ASSESSMENT DEBT (CONTINUED)

Phase V Bond

Background

The Phase V Bond was initially issued in 1992. As many of the properties subject to the bond were marketed to foreigners by the prior developer of the District, the District experienced a high number of properties that did not honor the bond obligation. This was largely due to promised developer improvements that were never made, coupled with a down turn in economies of their respective countries. Rather than declare the Phase V Bond in default, the Phase V Bond holder - Van Kampen Merritt - elected to enter into an agreement with the District to work out the bond payments. The bondholder also owned a number of properties subject to the Phase V Bond, which it received from the bankrupt developer. The carrying cost for the property was relatively high (all properties owned by the bondholder were subject to District operating and maintenance assessments) which only made a bad situation worse. To remove the obligation of carrying costs for the District assessments, as well as employing some mechanism to work out the prior indebtedness to the District for the previously levied operation and maintenance assessments (\$700,000), Sun 'n Lake, Inc. (the company that was wholly owned by the bondholder and owned properties within the District) was joined to the agreement between the bondholder and the District.

The District accepted delivery of a deed in lieu of foreclosure for all the company's lots, and as lots were now under District ownership, no assessments were levied against the property, because the District does not assess property it owns. The bondholder further agreed to make a payment of \$100,000 upon execution of the agreement toward the back assessment arrearages, and an additional \$100,000 per year (with back assessments on a given lot credited against such amount when property was sold) until the remaining \$600,000 was paid. All company owned lots were placed into a District "lot pool" with an option to repurchase the lots for \$1.00 each upon sale by Sun 'n Lake, Inc. The District received each annual payment and the \$700,000 delinquency was fully satisfied. Pursuant to the agreement, the bondholder agreed to take no action against the District, and the bondholder agreed that the net proceeds from the lot sales and future collection of assessments would be accepted as full payment for the amount due under the Phase V Bond. The lien of the Phase V Bond, however, remained in full force and effect.

The bondholder ultimately elected to transfer the Phase V Bond and all remaining properties on which it had the option to purchase through the lot pool, and successfully found a purchaser for both the properties and the bond in National Recreational Properties, Inc. ("NRPI"). During 2004, the properties and the bond were sold but NRPI realized that in order to successfully market the property, it would require that the delinquent payments and accrued penalties and interest be restructured, as the accumulated delinquent principal, interest and penalties were simply too great for the property to be affordable on an easy low down payment basis. The Phase V Bond restructuring was approved by the Circuit Court in and for Highlands County, Florida, Case Number GC04-448, by Order dated September 2, 2004.

Land Sale and Purchase Agreement

In addition to the Sun 'n Lake, Inc. "lot-pool" lots, NRPI was further interested in acquiring the property inventory of the District which had been accumulated over the years due to foreclosure of delinquent operations and maintenance assessments. A land sale agreement and purchase agreement was negotiated during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2005, and the District lot inventory of foreclosed property was transferred to NRPI in several transactions for several million dollars. These funds were realized in the form of cash payments to the District, and liquidation of other debts owed by the District, inclusive of delinquent ad valorem taxes on the foreclosed properties, debt the District owed on its golf courses, and similar operation debts. The District continues to actively monitor properties which have delinquent assessments owed either for the Phase V project or operations and maintenance assessments of the District.

The land sale and purchase agreement, as well as the Phase V Bond agreement, were amended. In the last agreement by the District with NRPI, NRPI agreed that it would not only pay assessments on all property owned within the District on an ongoing basis (in exchange for a reduction in the amount it agreed to pay for the new golf course clubhouse), but further agreed that it had the obligation to purchase all properties foreclosed upon the District as part of its inventory available for resale. NRPI is delinquent in payment of its annual assessments and is believed to be an inactive corporation.

NOTE 11 SPECIAL ASSESSMENT DEBT (CONTINUED)

In accordance with GASB Cod. Sec. S40, *Special Assessments*, the outstanding liability for these bonds and the related balances are not included in the District's financial statements because the District's only obligation under the Bond agreement is to collect and remit assessments to the Bondholder.

NOTE 12 COMMITMENTS

The District entered into a management agreement on October 1, 2014, with Indigo Golf Partners to supervise, direct and control the management, development, marketing and operation of the Sun 'n Lake Golf and Country Club. The agreement has no ending date and provides that either party may terminate the agreement with 180 days' notice. The monthly management fee is \$10,000 per month. During fiscal year 2021, the District paid \$120,000 to Indigo Golf Partners as management fees under this agreement.

NOTE 13 RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and environmental remediation. The District has obtained commercial insurance from independent third parties to mitigate the costs of these risks; coverage may extend to all situations. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage over the past three years.

NOTE 14 DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLANS

The District has a 401(a) Money Purchase Plan which is a defined contribution plan established to provide benefits at retirement for all full-time employees. At September 30, 2021, there were 26 participants. The District is required to make matching contributions of employee contributions to the 457 deferred compensation plan up to 6% of eligible employee salary. Employees are 50% vested after one year of service and fully vested after two years of service. The District contributes an amount equal to 10% of the District Manager's salary, in accordance with her employment contract. Plan provisions and contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the District Board.

District matching contributions to the plan were \$66,364 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.

The District also has a 457 deferred compensation plan established to provide benefits at retirement to all employees. All nonseasonal employees are eligible, and the District matches contributions as noted above. At September 30, 2021 there were 28 participants. Plan provisions and contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the District Board.

The plan assets are administered by Nationwide Financial Services, Inc. Participants have access to the information regarding their account balances through Nationwide. The District does not exercise any control over the plan assets.

The District has no post-employment benefits for healthcare or insurance.

Required Supplementary Information

Original Final Assessments \$ 3,325,000 \$ 3,655,000 \$ 3,728,737 \$ 73,737 Penalty and interest on assessments 70,000 185,000 201,564 16,564 Fees and fines 7,500 7,500 8,245 745 Licenses and permits 9,500 29,900 45,300 15,800 Charges for services 175,500 175,500 156,858 (19,642) Investment earnings 50,000 20,000 29,994 9,994 Total revenues 20,000 20,000 29,994 9,994 Total revenues 3,657,500 4,122,500 4,190,042 67,542 Expenditures: Current: Financial and administrative 772,850 869,350 843,248 26,102 Community services 198,625 198,625 198,625 103,038 5,062 Code enforcement and security 309,125 314,125 302,013 301,938 5,062 Code enforcement and security 398,825 1,013,225 1,070,202 (56,87			Budgeted	Ame			Actual Amounts, Budgetary Basis		ariance with nal Budget - Positive (Negative)
Assessments \$ 3,325,000 \$ 3,655,000 \$ 3,728,737 \$ 73,737 Penalty and interest on assessments 70,000 185,000 201,564 16,564 Fees and fines 7,500 7,500 8,245 745 Licenses and permits 9,500 29,500 45,300 158,000 Charges for services 175,500 175,500 155,858 (19,642) Investment earnings 50,000 20,000 20,000 20,994 9,994 Total revenues 20,000 20,000 20,000 29,994 9,994 Financial and administrative 772,850 869,350 843,248 26,102 Community services 198,625 198,625 165,066 33,559 Facilities and grounds 302,000 307,000 301,938 5,062 Code enforcement and security 309,125 1,4125 302,818 11,307 Roads and drainage 983,825 1,013,325 1,070,202 (56,877) Recreation and leisure 246,575 346,575 265,55	-		Original		Final				
Penalty and interest on assessments 70,000 185,000 201,564 16,564 Fees and fines 7,500 7,500 8,245 745 Licenses and permits 9,500 29,500 45,300 15,800 Charges for services 175,500 175,500 155,858 (19,642) Investment earnings 50,000 50,000 20,000 29,994 9,994 Total revenues 3,657,500 4,122,500 4,190,042 67,542 Expenditures: Current: Financial and administrative 772,850 869,350 843,248 26,102 Community services 198,625 165,066 33,559 Facilities and grounds 302,000 307,000 301,338 5,062 Code enforcement and security 309,125 314,125 302,818 11,307 Recreation and leisure 3,46,575 346,575 265,554 81,021 Capital outlay 487,500 3,635,500 3,181,197 454,303 Excess of revenues over expenditures 257,000 487,000		¢	2 205 000	¢	2 055 000	۴	0 700 707	¢	70 707
Fees and fines 7,500 7,500 8,245 745 Licenses and permits 9,500 29,500 45,300 15,800 Charges for services 175,500 175,500 155,858 (19,642) Investment earnings 50,000 20,000 20,000 20,000 20,000 20,000 29,994 9,994 Total revenues 3,657,500 4,122,500 4,190,042 67,542 Expenditures: Current: Financial and administrative 772,850 869,350 843,248 26,102 Community services 198,625 198,625 165,066 33,559 Facilities and grounds 302,000 307,000 301,938 5,062 Code enforcement and security 309,125 314,125 302,818 11,307 Roads and drainage 983,825 1,013,325 1,070,202 (56,877) Recreation and leisure 3,400,500 3,635,500 3,181,197 454,303 Excess of revenues over expenditures 257,000 487,000 1,008,845 521,845		\$		\$		\$		\$	
Licenses and permits 9,500 29,500 45,300 15,800 Charges for services 175,500 175,500 155,858 (19,642) Investment earnings 50,000 20,000 29,994 (29,656) Miscellaneous 20,000 20,000 29,994 9,994 Total revenues 3,657,500 4,122,500 4,190,042 67,542 Expenditures: Current: Financial and administrative 772,850 869,350 843,248 26,102 Community services 198,625 198,625 165,066 33,559 Facilities and grounds 302,000 307,000 301,938 5,062 Code enforcement and security 309,125 314,125 302,818 11,307 Roads and drainage 983,825 1,013,235 1,070,202 (56,877) Recreation and leisure 3,400,500 3,635,500 232,371 354,129 Total expenditures 3,400,500 3,635,500 3,181,197 454,303 Excess of revenues over expenditures 257,000 <t< td=""><td>•</td><td></td><td>,</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	•		,						
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Investment earnings 50,000 20,000 20,000 29,994 9,994 Total revenues 3,657,500 4,122,500 4,190,042 67,542 Expenditures: Current: Financial and administrative 772,850 869,350 843,248 26,102 Community services 198,625 198,625 165,066 33,559 Facilities and grounds 302,000 307,000 301,938 5,062 Code enforcement and security 309,125 314,125 302,818 11,307 Roads and drainage 983,825 1,013,325 1,070,202 (56,877) Recreation and leisure 3,46,575 346,575 265,554 81,021 Capital outlay 487,500 586,500 232,371 354,129 Total expenditures 3,400,500 3,635,500 3,181,197 454,303 Excess of revenues over expenditures 257,000 487,000 1,008,845 521,845 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Sale of land purchased for resale - - 749 749	•						,		
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Current: Financial and administrative 772,850 869,350 843,248 26,102 Community services 198,625 198,625 165,066 33,559 Facilities and grounds 302,000 307,000 301,938 5,062 Code enforcement and security 309,125 314,125 302,818 11,307 Roads and drainage 983,825 1,013,325 1,070,202 (56,877) Recreation and leisure 346,575 346,575 265,554 81,021 Capital outlay 487,500 586,500 232,371 354,129 Total expenditures 3,400,500 3,635,500 3,181,197 454,303 Excess of revenues over expenditures 257,000 487,000 1,008,845 521,845 Other Financing Sources (Uses): - 240,000 - - Sale of capital assets - 240,000 - - Transfers in 470,000 - - - Total other financing sources (uses) (257,000) (487,000) (430,903)	l otal revenues		3,657,500		4,122,500		4,190,042		67,542
Community services 198,625 198,625 165,066 33,559 Facilities and grounds 302,000 307,000 301,938 5,062 Code enforcement and security 309,125 314,125 302,818 11,307 Roads and drainage 983,825 1,013,325 1,070,202 (56,877) Recreation and leisure 346,575 346,575 265,554 81,021 Capital outlay 487,500 586,500 232,371 354,129 Total expenditures 3,400,500 3,635,500 3,181,197 454,303 Excess of revenues over expenditures 257,000 487,000 1,008,845 521,845 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Sale of capital assets - 240,000 - - Sale of land purchased for resale - - 749 749 Transfers in 470,000 - - - Total other financing sources (uses) (257,000) (487,000) (430,903) 56,097 Net change in fund balance* - - 577,942 <th>•</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>	•								
Facilities and grounds 302,000 307,000 301,938 5,062 Code enforcement and security 309,125 314,125 302,818 11,307 Roads and drainage 983,825 1,013,325 1,070,202 (56,877) Recreation and leisure 346,575 346,575 265,554 81,021 Capital outlay 487,500 586,500 232,371 354,129 Total expenditures 3,400,500 3,635,500 3,181,197 454,303 Excess of revenues over expenditures 257,000 487,000 1,008,845 521,845 Other Financing Sources (Uses): 240,000 - - - Sale of capital assets - 240,000 - - Transfers in 470,000 - - - Transfers out (727,000) (727,000) (671,652) 55,348 Total other financing sources (uses) (257,000) (487,000) (430,903) 56,097 Net change in fund balance* - - 577,942 577,942 577,942<	Financial and administrative		772,850		869,350		843,248		26,102
Code enforcement and security 309,125 314,125 302,818 11,307 Roads and drainage 983,825 1,013,325 1,070,202 (56,877) Recreation and leisure 346,575 346,575 265,554 81,021 Capital outlay 487,500 586,500 232,371 354,129 Total expenditures 3,400,500 3,635,500 3,181,197 454,303 Excess of revenues over expenditures 257,000 487,000 1,008,845 521,845 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Sale of capital assets - 240,000 - - Sale of land purchased for resale - - 749 749 Transfers out (727,000) (727,000) (671,652) 55,348 Total other financing sources (uses) (257,000) (487,000) (430,903) 56,097 Net change in fund balance* - - 577,942 577,942 577,942 Fund balance, beginning 3,334,552 3,334,552 3,334,552 - -	Community services		198,625		198,625		165,066		33,559
Roads and drainage 983,825 1,013,325 1,070,202 (56,877) Recreation and leisure 346,575 346,575 265,554 81,021 Capital outlay 487,500 586,500 232,371 354,129 Total expenditures 3,400,500 3,635,500 3,181,197 454,303 Excess of revenues over expenditures 257,000 487,000 1,008,845 521,845 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Sale of capital assets - 240,000 - Sale of land purchased for resale - - 749 749 Transfers in 470,000 - - - Total other financing sources (uses) (257,000) (487,000) (430,903) 56,097 Net change in fund balance* - - 577,942 577,942 577,942 Fund balance, beginning 3,334,552 3,334,552 3,334,552 - -	Facilities and grounds		302,000		307,000		301,938		5,062
Recreation and leisure 346,575 346,575 265,554 81,021 Capital outlay 487,500 586,500 232,371 354,129 Total expenditures 3,400,500 3,635,500 3,181,197 454,303 Excess of revenues over expenditures 257,000 487,000 1,008,845 521,845 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Sale of capital assets - 240,000 240,000 - Sale of capital assets - 240,000 - - - - Transfers in 470,000 - <t< td=""><td>Code enforcement and security</td><td></td><td>309,125</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>302,818</td><td></td><td>11,307</td></t<>	Code enforcement and security		309,125				302,818		11,307
Capital outlay 487,500 586,500 232,371 354,129 Total expenditures 3,400,500 3,635,500 3,181,197 454,303 Excess of revenues over expenditures 257,000 487,000 1,008,845 521,845 Other Financing Sources (Uses): 240,000 - - - Sale of capital assets - 240,000 240,000 - Sale of land purchased for resale - - 749 749 Transfers in 470,000 - - - - Total other financing sources (uses) (257,000) (487,000) (430,903) 56,097 Net change in fund balance* - - - 577,942 577,942 Fund balance, beginning 3,334,552 3,334,552 3,334,552 - -	5								· · · /
Total expenditures 3,400,500 3,635,500 3,181,197 454,303 Excess of revenues over expenditures 257,000 487,000 1,008,845 521,845 Other Financing Sources (Uses): - 240,000 - - Sale of capital assets - 240,000 - - Sale of land purchased for resale - - 749 749 Transfers in 470,000 - - - - Transfers out (727,000) (727,000) (671,652) 55,348 Total other financing sources (uses) (257,000) (487,000) (430,903) 56,097 Net change in fund balance* - - 577,942 577,942 Fund balance, beginning 3,334,552 3,334,552 - -			346,575				,		81,021
Excess of revenues over expenditures 257,000 487,000 1,008,845 521,845 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Sale of capital assets - 240,000 - - Sale of capital assets - 240,000 240,000 - - Sale of land purchased for resale - - 749 749 Transfers in 470,000 - - - Transfers out (727,000) (727,000) (671,652) 55,348 Total other financing sources (uses) (257,000) (487,000) (430,903) 56,097 Net change in fund balance* - - 577,942 577,942 577,942 Fund balance, beginning 3,334,552 3,334,552 3,334,552 - -	Capital outlay		487,500		586,500		232,371		354,129
Other Financing Sources (Uses): 240,000 240,000 - Sale of capital assets - 240,000 - <	Total expenditures		3,400,500		3,635,500		3,181,197		454,303
Sale of capital assets - 240,000 240,000 - Sale of land purchased for resale - - 749 749 Transfers in 470,000 - - - - Transfers out (727,000) (727,000) (671,652) 55,348 Total other financing sources (uses) (257,000) (487,000) (430,903) 56,097 Net change in fund balance* - - 577,942 577,942 Fund balance, beginning 3,334,552 3,334,552 3,334,552 -	Excess of revenues over expenditures		257,000		487,000		1,008,845		521,845
Sale of land purchased for resale - - 749 749 Transfers in 470,000 - <td>•</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>240.000</td> <td></td> <td>240.000</td> <td></td> <td></td>	•		-		240.000		240.000		
Transfers in Transfers out 470,000 (727,000) - - - Total other financing sources (uses) (727,000) (727,000) (671,652) 55,348 Net change in fund balance* - - - 577,942 577,942 Fund balance, beginning 3,334,552 3,334,552 3,334,552 - -	•		-		,				749
Transfers out (727,000) (727,000) (671,652) 55,348 Total other financing sources (uses) (257,000) (487,000) (430,903) 56,097 Net change in fund balance* - - 577,942 577,942 Fund balance, beginning 3,334,552 3,334,552 3,334,552 -			470,000		-		-		-
Net change in fund balance* - 577,942 577,942 Fund balance, beginning 3,334,552 3,334,552 3,334,552 -	Transfers out				(727,000)		(671,652)		55,348
Fund balance, beginning 3,334,552 3,334,552 3,334,552 -	Total other financing sources (uses)		(257,000)		(487,000)		(430,903)		56,097
	Net change in fund balance*		-		-		577,942		577,942
Fund balance, ending \$ 3,334,552 \$ 3,334,552 \$ 3,912,494 \$ 577,942	Fund balance, beginning		3,334,552		3,334,552		3,334,552		-
	Fund balance, ending	\$	3,334,552	\$	3,334,552	\$	3,912,494	\$	577,942

* The net change in fund balance was included in the budget as an appropriation of fund balance.

The District is required to establish a budgetary system and an approved annual budget for the general fund. The District's budgeting process is based on estimates of cash receipt and cash expenditures which are approved by the Board. The budget approximates a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (generally accepted accounting principles).

The differences between the 2021 original budget and the final amended budget are adopted by the Board throughout the year. The budget is adopted using the same basis of accounting that is used in preparation of the fund financial statements. The legal level of budgetary control, the level at which expenditures may not exceed budget, is in the aggregate.

The positive variance between budgeted and actual general fund revenues for the 2021 fiscal year was \$67,542, as the District collected more assessments than anticipated. The actual general fund expenditures for the 2021 fiscal year were \$454,303 lower than budgeted amounts due primarily to lower overall expenditures than anticipated.

The District adopts a non-appropriated operating budget for the Golf Special Revenue Fund that is used for internal planning, control, and review purposes only. Generally accepted accounting principles only require the presentation of appropriated budgets adopted to meet legal requirements as required supplementary information. Because the District is not legally required to adopt an appropriated budget for these funds, this information is not presented.

Compliance Section



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Supervisors Sun 'n Lake of Sebring Improvement District

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, and each major fund, of the *Sun 'n Lake of Sebring Improvement District, Sebring, Florida*, as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 27, 2022.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests on its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The result of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance, or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

McDismit Davis

June 27, 2022 Orlando, Florida



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 218.415, FLORIDA STATUTES

To the Board of Supervisors Sun 'n Lake of Sebring Improvement District

We have examined Sun 'n Lake of Sebring Improvement District's (the "District") compliance with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, during the year ended September 30, 2021. Management is responsible for the District's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the standards applicable to attestation engagements contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, Sun 'n Lake of Sebring Improvement District complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2021.

McDirmit Davis

Orlando, Florida June 27, 2022



MANAGEMENT LETTER

To the Board of Supervisors Sun 'n Lake of Sebring Improvement District, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the Sun 'n Lake of Sebring Improvement District, Florida, as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, and have issued our report thereon dated June 27, 2022.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and Independent Accountant's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated June 27, 2022, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, require that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no such findings in the preceding annual financial report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. This information has been disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

Financial Condition and Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the District has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identification of the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the District, did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the District. It is management's responsibility to monitor the District's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and review of financial information provided by same. In connection with our audit, we determined that the District, Florida did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Specific Information

As required by Section 218.39(3)(c), Florida Statutes, and Section 10.554(1)(i)6, Rules of the Auditor General, the District reported:

- a. The total number of District employees compensated in the last pay period of the District's fiscal year as 48.
- b. The total number of independent contractors to whom nonemployee compensation was paid in the last month of the District's fiscal year as 104.

- c. All compensation earned by or awarded to employees, whether paid or accrued, regardless of contingency as \$1.4 million.
- d. All compensation earned by or awarded to nonemployee independent contractors, whether paid or accrued, regardless of contingency as \$4.87 million.
- Each construction project with a total cost of at least \$65,000 approved by the District that is scheduled to begin on or after October 1 of the fiscal year being reported, together with the total expenditures for such project as: Road Paving- \$105,443 Utility Repairs- \$240,178 Water Plant- \$196,639 Generator Installation- \$105.668

Water Services- \$76,280 Wastewater Grinders- \$87,878

Irrigation System- \$119,850

f. A budget variance based on the budget adopted under Section 189.016(4), Florida Statutes, before the beginning of the fiscal year being reported if the District amends a final budget under Section 189.016(6), Florida Statutes, as included in the general fund budget statement.

As required by Section 218.39(3)(c), Florida Statutes, and Section 10.554(1)(i)7, Rules of the Auditor General, the District reported:

- a. The rate or rates of non-ad valorem special assessments imposed by the District see attached schedule.
- b. The total amount of special assessments collected by or on behalf of the District as \$3.325 million.
- c. The total amount of outstanding bonds issued by the District and the terms of such bonds as disclosed in the notes.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the members of the Board of Supervisors, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

MCDirmit Davis

Orlando, Florida June 27, 2022



2020-2021

DISTRICT ASSESSMENT RATES

Property Type	Description	Rate
Lots		
	Unimproved lot	\$140.00
	Lot with road/drainage	\$350.00
*Acreage will be assesse	ed on a 3.5 lot equivalent fact	2
Residential Properties	÷.	, .
	Single family	\$700.00
	Condominium	\$700.00
	Multi-family <10 units	\$700.00
	Time share	\$700.00
	Miscellaneous	\$700.00
Additional for Lots on t	he Golf Course	\$70.00
Commercial Properties		
	Retirement Home (per room)	\$385.00
	Stores, 1 story	\$686.00
	Community shopping	\$917.00
	Office building, one story	\$791.00
	Multi-story, non-professional	\$791.00
	Professional building	\$1,281.00
	Financial institution	\$707.00
	Vehicle sales/service /rent	\$735.00
	Park lots, mobile home lots	\$518.00
	Golf courses	\$518.00
	Hotel (Per Room)	\$385.00
	Mixed Use (Per Unit)	\$385.00
	Light manufacturing	\$686.00
	*Churches	\$651.00
	Utilities	\$308.00
	Warehousing/distribution	\$903.00
	Industrial storage	\$518.00
	Private School	\$581.00
	Private Hospitals:	\$385.00
Tanglewood Special Pu	rpose User Rate	\$818.00

*Churches assessed at 25% of the approved rate.