ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022



Issued By:

Lisa Williams-Taylor, Ph.D., Chief Executive Officer

Prepared By:

Debra Heim, Chief Financial Officer

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2300 High Ridge Road Boynton Beach, FL 33426

Tel: 561.740.7000 Fax: 561.835.1956

March 15, 2023

To the Honorable Chairperson and Council Members Children's Services Council of Palm Beach County 2300 High Ridge Road Boynton Beach, Florida

Dear Council Members:

We respectfully submit the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report ("Annual Report") of the Children's Services Council of Palm Beach County (the "Council") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022. Florida Statutes require that we prepare our financial statements in conformance with United States Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP") and that an external audit be performed by an independent certified public accounting firm in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and government auditing standards.

The financial statements included in this report conform to the generally accepted accounting principles in the United States ("GAAP") as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB"). The Council is responsible for the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures.

The financial statements have been audited by Marcum LLP. The independent auditors have issued unmodified opinions that this report fairly presents the financial position of the Council and complies with all reporting standards noted above.

The contents of this report are aimed at compliance with GASB pronouncements requiring the preparation of government-wide financial statements on a full accrual basis of accounting and for all funds on a modified accrual basis of accounting and including Management's Discussion and Analysis. Also included are additional and enhanced Statistical Tables required by GASB Statement No. 44.

Profile of the Council

Children's Services Council of Palm Beach County is a special district created by Palm Beach County voters in 1986 and reauthorized by nearly 85% of the voters in 2014. The Council provides leadership, funding, services and research on behalf of the County's children so they grow up healthy, safe and strong. The Council was created under Chapter 125 of the Florida Statutes, which authorizes counties to pursue a voter referendum that provides authority to tax property to fund programs for children and families.

To make the biggest impact possible, we focus on prenatal care and early childhood development, so more Palm Beach County children are born healthy, remain free from abuse and neglect, are ready for kindergarten, and have access to quality afterschool and summer programming. To reach these goals, we fund local nonprofit and other agencies which provide proven, high-quality services to our county's children and their families.

The ten member Council is comprised of five (5) individuals appointed by the Governor to four year terms and five (5) members appointed by virtue of the office or position they hold within the community. The Council members are responsible for setting policies and prioritizing programs affecting children. The Council has authority to levy taxes up to 1 mill of the assessed property tax value.

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The Council is not a component unit of any other governmental unit, nor does it meet the criteria to include any governmental organization as a component unit.

Management's Assertion

Responsibility for the integrity, objectivity, accuracy and completeness, and fairness of presentation of these financial statements rests with management. The financial statements were prepared in conformity with United States GAAP for governmental entities. The financial information is accurate in all material respects and is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position and operating results for the Council on a government-wide and fund level basis. This report includes all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the financial affairs of the Council.

In developing the Council's accounting system, consideration is given to the adequacy of internal accounting controls. Internal accounting controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance regarding:

- The safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition; and
- The reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability for assets.

The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of controls should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived, and the evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgment by management.

Financial Information:

Internal Controls

All internal control evaluations occur within the above framework. We believe the Council's internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

Budgetary Control

An annual appropriated budget is adopted for all governmental funds. In accordance with the Council's policy, the level of control at which expenditures may not legally exceed the budget is at the function level. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders and other commitments for the expenditure of funds are recorded in the accounting records, is utilized throughout the fiscal year.

Fund Balances/Net Position

Fund balances classified as restricted are those with externally enforceable limitations on use. Fund balances classified as committed can only be used for specific purposes determined by formal action of the Council Members through a resolution. Commitments can only be changed or lifted by the Council Members through the same formal action. Assigned fund balances are amounts that the Council intends to use for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. The authority to establish assigned fund balance may be delegated to the Chief Executive Officer or the Finance Committee by Council Members through resolution. Unassigned fund balance can be viewed as the net resources available at the end of the year.



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Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows in the government-wide financial statements. Investment in capital assets consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

Long Term Financial Planning

Palm Beach County voters gave overwhelming support for the county's children in November 2014 by reauthorizing the Children's Services Council. As a result of the reauthorization, the Council has been empowered to continue the work into the future for the children and the community. The Council relies on taxes levied based on property values in Palm Beach County. Property values are assessed as of January 1st each year. Budget forecasting will determine the future millage in order to provide the same levels of service to the children.

The unemployment rate in Palm Beach County increased in 2020 due to the impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic but has continued to decline since. The unemployment rate in Palm Beach County at September 30, 2022 and September 30, 2021, was 2.6% and 4.1%, respectively.

Property values in the county have continued to rise. Over the past five years, property values have increased between 5.6% and 7.0%. In March 2023, the research arm of the Florida Legislature, the Office of Economic and Demographic Research (EDR), projected property value increases in Palm Beach County for the next five years to range between 5.7% and 15.7%.

Independent Auditor

The Council's financial statements have been audited by Marcum LLP. The goal of the independent audit is to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the Children's Services Council for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, are free of material misstatement. The audit was conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. The independent audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditors concluded, based upon the audit, that the Council's financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, are fairly presented in all material respects, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

Section 11.45, Florida Statutes, requires the audit be performed under Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Government Auditing Standards require the independent auditors to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements but also on the Council's internal controls over financial reporting and compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. These reports are presented in the Reporting Section of this report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A"). This letter is designed to



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complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The Council's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada ("GFOA") awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Children's Services Council of Palm Beach County for its annual comprehensive financial report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. This was the tenth consecutive year that the Council has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the Council published an easily readable and efficiently organized Annual Report. This report satisfied both GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current Annual Report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting Program's requirements, and we will be submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Acknowledgments

The preparation of this report could not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire Finance Division. We would like to express our appreciation to all members of the division who assisted and contributed to its preparation. We also wish to thank the Finance Committee and Council Members for their dedicated service and support in planning the financial operations of the Council.

Respectfully submitted,

Lisa Williams-Taylor Lisa Williams-Taylor, Ph.D.

Chief Executive Officer

Debra Heim

Chief Financial Officer

Debra Heim

LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

COUNCIL MEMBERS

Thomas Bean, Chairperson

Jose Luis Rodriguez, Esq., Vice Chairperson

Vincent Goodman, Secretary

Thomas P. Weber

Mike Burke

Judge Kathleen J. Kroll

Elisa Cramer

Debra Robinson, M.D.

Maria Sachs

EXECUTIVE STAFF

Lisa Williams-Taylor, Ph.D., Chief Executive Officer

Debra Heim, Chief Financial Officer

Tanya Palmer, Chief Program Officer

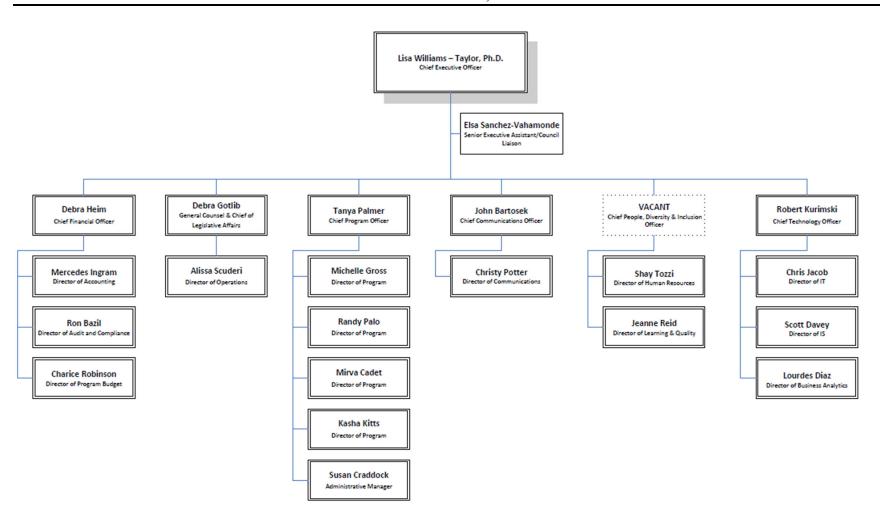
John Bartosek, Chief Communications Officer

Robert Kurimski, Chief Technology Officer

Debra Gotlib, General Counsel and Chief of Legislative Affairs

ORGANIZATION CHART

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

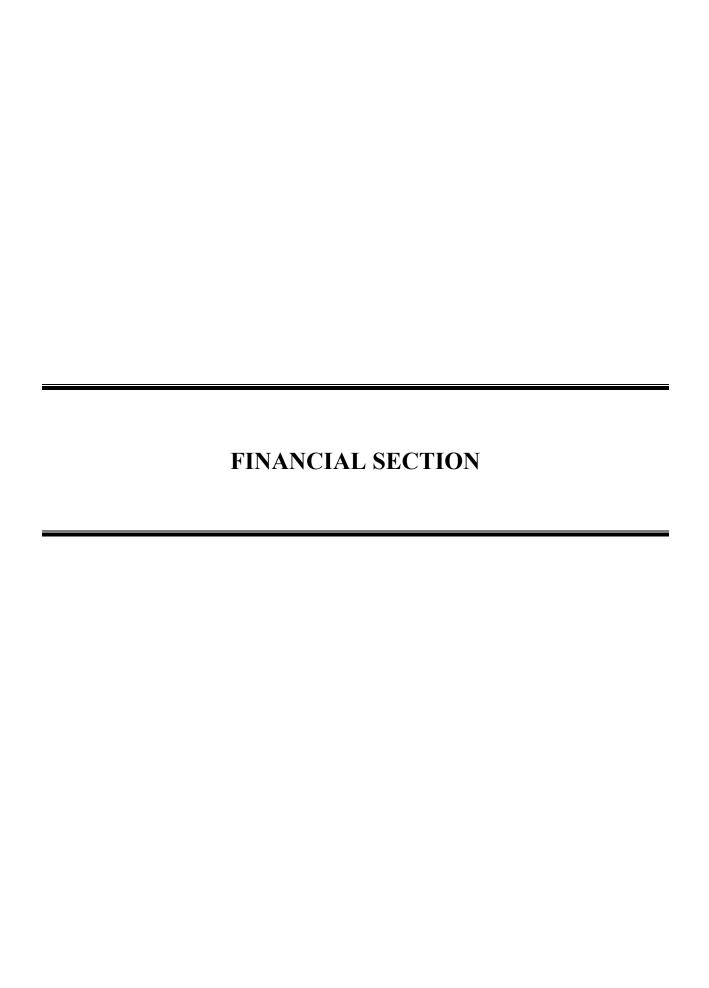
Children's Services Council of Palm Beach County Florida

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2021

Executive Director/CEO

Christopher P. Morrill







INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Finance Committee, Board Chair and Council Members Children's Services Council of Palm Beach County

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Children's Services Council of Palm Beach County (the "Council"), as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Council's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Council, as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Council and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Council's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Council's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant
 accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of
 the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Council's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 5 through 13, and the Schedule of Changes in Total Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Liability and Related Ratios on page 52 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary

information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Council's basic financial statements. The budget to actual schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulation Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the budget to actual schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 15, 2023 on our consideration of the Council's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing,

and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Council's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Council's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Marcunt LLP
West Palm Beach, FL

March 15, 2023



Management's Discussion and Analysis

Our discussion and analysis of the Children's Services Council of Palm Beach County's (the "Council" or "CSC") financial performance provide an overview of the Council's financial activities for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2022, and 2021. Please read it with the transmittal letter on page i and the Council's financial statements, which begin on page 14.

Using this Annual Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (on pages 14 and 15) provides information about the activities of the Council as a whole and present a long-term view of the Council's finances. Fund financial statements begin on page 16. Fund financial statements report the Council's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the Council's most significant funds. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term and what remains for future spending. The notes to the financial statements (on pages 22-51) provide additional information essential to a full understanding of data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements and are required by U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. This report also contains required supplementary information on page 52, other supplemental information on pages 53-58, statistical tables on pages 59-72, and internal control and compliance reports beginning on page 73.

Financial Highlights

- The Council's total assets and deferred outflows of financial resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of financial resources by \$80.5 million (total net position).
- Total net position includes the following:
 - o Investment in capital assets of \$14.7 million, net of accumulated depreciation, and
 - O Unrestricted net position of \$65.8 million
- The Council's net position increased by \$6.4 million from last fiscal year for a total of \$80.5 million.
- The Council's expenses were \$130.2 million, an increase of \$3.8 million from the prior year. The most significant expenses relate to contracts with providers for children's programs.
- The Council's governmental funds had a total fund balance of \$67.2 million, an increase of \$6.9 million, or 11.5%, from the prior year. Of this \$67.2 million fund balance, \$0.5 million is classified as non-spendable at September 30, 2022; \$8.9 million is classified as assigned for subsequent year expenditures, and \$57.9 million is available for spending at the Council's discretion (unassigned fund balance). The increase is primarily due to under-utilization from provider contracts.

Overview of the Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Council's finances. These statements include all assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all the Council's assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as *net position*.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the Council's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., earned but unused vacation and sick leave and other postemployment liabilities).

These two statements report the Council's net position and changes in net position. You can think of the Council's net position—the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources—as one way to measure the Council's financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the Council's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. Other non-financial factors, such as changes in the Council's property tax base, will also, over time, help to assess the overall financial health of the Council.

Fund Financial Statements

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts used to control resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Like other state and local governments, the Council uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds — All of the Council's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual basis of accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Council's general government operations and the basic services it provides.

Governmental fund information helps determine whether more or fewer financial resources can be spent in the near future to finance the Council's programs. The relationship (or difference) between governmental activities and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation at the end of the related fund financial statement.

While some funds are required to be established by state law, currently, the Council uses the General Fund and the Special Revenue Fund, as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB"). There are classifications for fund balances to enhance their usefulness and make their categories more easily understood. Additionally, all governments are required to present consistent fund balance classification/information, which improves financial reporting. More information on the fund balance categories and the respective amounts can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements, pages 28 to 30.

The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those required to be reported in another fund. The Special Revenue Fund is used to account for the activities of Prevention Partnerships for Children, Inc., a blended component unit.

The Council's not-for-profit "arm," Prevention Partnerships for Children, Inc. ("Prevention Partnerships"), was created in 2004 to allow certain entities to conduct business with a not-for-profit agency (such as foundations or government funders). The purposes for which Prevention Partnerships is organized are exclusively charitable, cultural, scientific and educational, within the meaning of Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, principally to support system coordination in Palm Beach County by building capacity of individuals and organizations and creating opportunities for system integration.

The Council adopts an annual appropriated budget for both of its governmental funds. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided for the General Fund and Prevention Partnerships and are on pages 20 and 21 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The *Notes to the Financial Statements* provide additional information essential to fully understanding the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The Notes to the Basic Financial Statements are on pages 22 to 51 of this report.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information*. The total other postemployment benefits plan schedule is presented on page 52.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Children's Services Council of Palm Beach County, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$80,511,660 at the close of the most recent year. This is an increase in net position of \$6,435,943, or 8.7%, from the prior year. The increase is primarily attributed to the under-utilization of provider contracts during the year.

Net position is comprised of two sections: investment in capital assets and unrestricted. Unrestricted net position totaled \$65,816,832 at September 30, 2022, an increase of \$6,998,342 or 11.9%. Investment in Capital Assets totaled \$14,694,828 at September 30, 2022, a decrease of \$562,399 or 3.7%, primarily related to depreciation expense for the period.

Summary of Net Position – Governmental Activities September 30, 2022 and 2021

	2022	2021
ASSETS		
Current and other assets	\$ 77,137,941	\$ 69,740,271
Capital assets, net	14,694,828	15,257,227
Total Assets	91,832,769	84,997,498
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	38,544	50,487
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities	9,896,609	9,440,872
Noncurrent liabilities	1,244,148	1,342,024
Total Liabilities	11,140,757	10,782,896
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	218,896	189,372
NET POSITION		
Investment in capital assets	14,694,828	15,257,227
Unrestricted	65,816,832	58,818,490
Total Net Position	\$ 80,511,660	\$74,075,717

Total Assets

Total assets increased in 2022 by \$6,835,271 or 8.04%, primarily due to the net effect of increases in cash and investments of \$8,340,257 and due from other governmental units of \$192,688 and decreases in other receivables of \$1,076,283 and net capital assets of \$562,399. The increase in cash and investments is primarily the result of under-utilization from provider contracts. The

decrease in other receivables and the increase in due from other governmental units is related to the amount and timing of monies reimbursed to the Council from HSC for program expenditures and from governmental units (Palm Beach County Property Appraiser and Tax Collector). Capital assets decreased primarily due to depreciation expense for the period.

Deferred Outflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net assets that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense or an expenditure) until such time. Deferred outflows of financial resources were related to the Council's other postemployment benefits (OPEB) plan and were \$38,544 at September 30, 2022, and \$50,487 at September 30, 2021.

Total Liabilities

Current liabilities increased by \$455,737, or 4.8%, primarily due to the timing of the receipt of provider invoices. Noncurrent liabilities decreased by \$97,876, or 7.3%, due to decreases in compensated absences and OPEB. See Notes 8 and 9 for additional information regarding compensated absences and OPEB.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until such time. Deferred inflows of resources were related to the Council's OPEB plan and were \$218,896 at September 30, 2022, and \$189,372 at September 30, 2021.

Net deferred outflows and inflows increased \$41,467 related to OPEB amounts recognized in the current year.

Revenues and Expenses

Revenues for general governmental functions totaled \$136,642,040 in fiscal year 2022, a decrease of 0.3% from 2021. Property taxes are the main source of revenue for the Council, and property taxes produced 97.77% of the revenues in fiscal year 2022 compared to 96.30% in 2021.

			Percent o	f Total
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Revenue sources:				
Ad valorem property taxes	\$ 133,598,896	\$ 131,993,293	97.77%	96.30%
Operating grants and contributions	3,958,583	4,675,921	2.90%	3.41%
Investment income & unrealized losses	(1,101,302)	240,379	(0.81%)	0.18%
Miscellaneous	185,863	 159,661	0.14%	0.12%
Total	\$ 136,642,040	\$ 137,069,254	100.00%	100.00%

Assessed property valuation for Palm Beach County of \$222,632,308,420 for fiscal year 2022, represented a 5.6% increase over \$210,847,123,009 for fiscal year 2021. The Council decreased its millage rate to the rolled-back rate for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, which was .6233.

The increase in ad valorem property taxes relates to taxable property values of new construction throughout the County. For fiscal years ended September 30, 2022, and September 30, 2021, the tax collection was 96.2% of the total tax levy for each year. The Council's maximum tax rate is \$ 1.00 per \$ 1,000 of assessed tax value.

Property values are assessed as of January 1 of each year and payable between November 1 of the year assessed and March 31 of the following year, with discounts of up to 4% for early payment. For fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, the COVID-19 pandemic did not significantly impact the Council's ad valorem tax revenues.

Operating grants and contributions include pass-through grants from HSC and direct grants to the Council from the Florida Department of Children and Families (DCF). HSC grants are awarded for Healthy Start statutory services through contracts with the Healthy Start MomCare Network (Network) and the State of Florida, Department of Health (DOH). The grant from DCF is for legal foster care services pursuant to Title IV-E of the Social Security Act. Total operating grants and contributions decreased by \$717,338, or 15.3%, primarily due to a decrease in services rendered under the Network grant, totaling \$657,309, due to a decrease in care coordination and assessments (units of service) provided.

The Council experienced investment income & unrealized losses totaling (\$1,101,302) at September 30, 2022, a decrease of \$1,341,681, or 558.2%. The decrease is primarily due to the reduction in market value of the investment portfolio. Due to the economic conditions caused by COVID-19, as the Federal Reserve increased the targeted federal funds rate, the market value of the investment portfolio declined.

Expenses for general governmental purposes totaled \$130,206,097 as compared to \$126,434,170 in the previous year. Changes in levels of expenses for major functions of the Council are shown in the following table:

						t of Total
		2022		2021	2022	2021
Expenses:		_				
Program services:						
Children's programs		\$ 111,892,090	\$	108,432,487	85.94%	85.76%
Administrative support		10,771,841		10,756,241	8.27%	8.51%
Administrative and general		 7,542,166		7,245,442	5.79%	5.73%
	Total	\$ 130,206,097	\$	126,434,170	100.00%	100.00%

Funding for children's programs increased \$3,459,603, or 3.2%, from the previous year. Administrative support and administrative and general expenses for the fiscal year 2022 totaled \$18,314,007 compared to \$18,001,683 for 2021, resulting in a \$312,324 increase, or 1.7%.

Several factors contribute to the net increase in children's programs expenses. There were increases related to salaries and benefits of the funded agencies, funding for new programs and expansions of existing programs, and repurposing under-expended monies to fund additional Summer Camp Scholarships and Great Ideas Initiative – Support for Recovery and Pipeline. These increases were offset by decreases in expenses resulting from under-utilization of provider contracts.

The combined increase in administrative support and administrative and general expenses is related to salary and general cost increases.

The table below presents a summary of the changes in net position for governmental activities for the years ended September 30, 2022, and 2021, as derived from the government-wide statement of activities:

Summary of Changes in Net Position Fiscal Years Ended September 30, 2022 and 2021

	2022	2021
REVENUES		
Program revenues:		
Operating grants and contributions	\$ 3,958,583	\$ 4,675,921
General Revenues:		
Ad valorem taxes	133,598,896	131,993,293
Investment income & unrealized losses	(1,101,302)	240,379
Miscellaneous	185,863	159,661
Total Revenues	136,642,040	137,069,254
EXPENSES		
Children's programs	111,892,090	108,432,487
Program administrative support	10,771,841	10,756,241
Administrative and general	7,542,166	7,245,442
Total Expenses	130,206,097	126,434,170
•		
Change in net position	6,435,943	10,635,084
Net position at beginning of year	74,075,717	63,440,633
Net position at end of year	\$ 80,511,660	\$ 74,075,717

Financial Analysis of the Government Funds

General Fund

As of September 30, 2022, the Council's governmental funds reported a total fund balance of \$67,224,845, an increase of \$6,944,788, or 11.5%, over the prior year, all of which relates to the general fund. General Fund revenues exceeded expenditures (including other financing uses) by \$6,944,788, primarily due to under-utilization from provider contracts.

Property values increased by 5.6% over the prior year, and the Council decreased the millage rate to the rolled-back rate from .6497 to .6233, resulting in an increase in ad valorem property tax revenue of \$1,605,603. Total operating grants and contributions decreased by \$717,338, or 15.3%,

compared to the prior year, primarily due to a decrease in services rendered under the Network grant, totaling \$657,309, due to a decrease in care coordination and assessments (units of service) provided.

Children's programs expenditures were less than budget by \$7,706,943 due to reimbursement-based providers having expenditures less than the contracted amounts, primarily due to staff vacancies during COVID-19.

An amount of \$4,537,830 was budgeted as a decrease in fund balance for the current year.

The total fund balance at September 30, 2022, included \$500,408 classified as non-spendable funds for prepaid items, \$8,868,237 classified as assigned from fund balance for program expenditures for the next fiscal year, and \$57,856,200 classified as unassigned.

Special Revenue Fund (Prevention Partnerships for Children, Inc.)

There is no fund balance associated with the Special Revenue Fund at September 30, 2022, or 2021 since all expenditures incurred are reimbursable through transfers from the General Fund.

Capital Assets and Long-Term Liabilities

At September 30, 2022, capital assets of governmental activities had a net book value of \$14,694,828, representing a \$562,399 decrease, net of depreciation, from September 30, 2021. The decrease was a result of \$14,175 of purchases, net of \$576,574 of depreciation expense for 2022. Additional information on the Council's capital assets can be found in Note 7 on page 42 of this report.

As presented in Notes 8 and 9 to the Financial Statements, the Council's long-term liabilities consist of compensated absences (vacation and sick leave) and an OPEB liability. Florida Statute prohibits the Council from issuing any type of debt instrument, including issuing bonds of any nature.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The Council's Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance for the General Fund, which compares the fiscal year's actual results to budget, can be found on page 20.

During the year, general fund revenue was less than budget by \$695,414, primarily due to increases in ad valorem taxes of \$382,847, grant income of \$208,583, and interest income of \$331,325, offset by a loss on investments of \$1,660,257 due to fluctuations in market values.

Total expenditures were less than budgeted appropriations by \$11,552,855, primarily related to children's programs expenditures and other general administrative expenditures. Children's programs expenditures were less than budget by \$7,706,943 due to the under-utilization of provider contracts primarily related to staff vacancies during COVID-19. Other general administrative expenses were less than budget by \$1,640,706 and are related to the costs charged by the Palm Beach County Property Appraiser and Tax Collector offices. Both offices return funds to the Council in excess of what is needed for the annual cost of each office.

Economic Factors, Next Year's Budget, and Tax Rates

The Council's revenues are determined predominantly by the property values in Palm Beach County. Property values have steadily increased over the past several years, and the current year saw an increase of 5.6%.

The unemployment rate has improved during the fiscal year. At September 30, 2022, Palm Beach County's unemployment rate was 2.6%, equal to the unemployment rate for the State of Florida and below the national average of 3.3%. At September 30, 2021, Palm Beach County's unemployment rate was 4.1%, also below the State of Florida and the national averages of 4.3% and 4.6%, respectively.

For fiscal year ending September 30, 2023, the Council has approved a budget combined for both the general and special revenue funds totaling \$148,584,356, of which \$135,296,992 is supported by ad valorem taxes, with the millage reduced to the rolled-back rate of .5508. Property values were not significantly impacted due to COVID-19 for fiscal year 2022-2023. Preliminary property values increased by 14.9%, attributed largely to the increase in residential property values. Of the total \$148,584,356 budgeted, \$137,452,495 is allocated to children's programs, of which \$125,385,384 is for contracted services and special funds and initiatives, and the remaining \$12,067,111 will be used to provide training, technical support, and evaluation services to providers of children's services in Palm Beach County.

The Council continues its efforts to expand revenues coming into Palm Beach County by seeking reimbursement for program funding through other Federal, State, and local grant funding sources.

Request for Information

This financial report has been designed to provide Palm Beach County's citizens, taxpayers, customers, and creditors with a general overview of CSC's finances and to show CSC's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, please contact the Chief Financial Officer at 2300 High Ridge Road, Boynton Beach, Florida 33426.



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 11,248,982
Investments	61,890,445
Due from other governmental units	1,607,740
Other receivables	1,873,879
Prepaid expenses	500,408
Investment in joint venture	16,487
Capital assets:	
Capital assets not being depreciated	2,781,948
Capital assets being depreciated, net	11,912,880
Total Assets	91,832,769
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred amounts related to OPEB	38,544
Liabilities	
Due to program service providers	9,625,497
Accounts payable and other liabilities	271,112
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Due within one year:	
Compensated absences	162,649
Due in more than one year:	
Compensated absences	923,104
Total other postemployment benefits	158,395
Total Liabilities	11,140,757
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred amounts related to OPEB	218,896
Net Position	
Investment in capital assets	14,694,828
Unrestricted	65,816,832
Total Net Position	\$ 80,511,660

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Functions/Programs	Expenses	Program Revenues Operating Contributions and Grants	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities	•		
Children's programs	\$ 111,892,090	\$ 3,958,583	\$ (107,933,507)
Program administrative support	10,771,841		(10,771,841)
Administrative and general	7,542,166		(7,542,166)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 130,206,097	\$ 3,958,583	(126,247,514)
	General Revenu	ies	
	Ad valorem tax	kes	133,598,896
	Investment inc	ome & unrealized losses	(1,101,302)
	Miscellaneous		185,863
	Total General R	Revenues	132,683,457
	Change in Net F	Position	6,435,943
	Net Position - B	eginning	74,075,717
	Net Position - En	nding	\$ 80,511,660

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

		General Fund	Special Revenue Fund Prevention Partnerships			Total Governmental Funds	
Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1	1,248,982	\$		\$	11,248,982	
Investments	6	1,890,445				61,890,445	
Due from other governmental units		1,607,740				1,607,740	
Other receivables		1,873,879				1,873,879	
Due from other funds		 500 400		365,561		365,561	
Prepaid expenses		500,408			_	500,408	
Total Assets	\$ 7	7,121,454	\$	365,561	\$	77,487,015	
Liabilities and Fund Balance							
Liabilities							
Due to program service providers	\$	9,259,936	\$	365,561	\$	9,625,497	
Accounts payable and other liabilities		271,112				271,112	
Due to other funds		365,561				365,561	
Total Liabilities		9,896,609		365,561		10,262,170	
Fund Balances							
Non-spendable:							
Prepaid expenses		500,408				500,408	
Assigned for:							
Subsequent year expenditures		8,868,237				8,868,237	
Unassigned	5′	7,856,200				57,856,200	
Total Fund Balances	6′	7,224,845		<u></u>		67,224,845	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 7	7,121,454	\$	365,561	\$	77,487,015	

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Fund Balance - Total Governmental Funds

\$ 67,224,845

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.

Governmental capital assets \$ 26,975,875 Less accumulated depreciation and amortization (12,281,047) 14,694,828

Investment in joint venture is not a financial resource and therefore is not reported in the governmental funds.

16,487

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to OPEB are reported in the statement of net position but are not reported in the governmental funds.

Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB 38,544

Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB (218,896) (180,352)

Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.

Compensated absences (1,085,753)
Total OPEB liability (158,395)

Net Position of Governmental Activities \$80,511,660

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

		Special Revenue Fund	Total
	General	Prevention	Governmental
	Fund	Partnerships	Funds
Revenues			
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 133,598,896	\$	\$ 133,598,896
Grant income	3,958,583		3,958,583
Income from tenants	67,201		67,201
Interest income	558,955		558,955
Loss on investments Sponsorship fees and other income	(1,660,257) 117,162	1,500	(1,660,257) 118,662
Sponsorship rees and other income	117,102	1,300	110,002
Total Revenues	136,640,540	1,500	136,642,040
Expenditures			
Program services and support:			
Children's programs	109,856,674	2,035,416	111,892,090
Program administrative support	10,410,072		10,410,072
General administration:			
Administrative and general	5,459,269		5,459,269
Other	1,921,646		1,921,646
Capital outlay	14,175		14,175
Total Expenditures	127,661,836	2,035,416	129,697,252
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	8,978,704	(2,033,916)	6,944,788
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Transfers in		2,033,916	2,033,916
Transfers out	(2,033,916)		(2,033,916)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(2,033,916)	2,033,916	
Net Change in Fund Balances	6,944,788		6,944,788
Fund Balances - Beginning	60,280,057		60,280,057
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 67,224,845	\$	\$ 67,224,845

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds

\$ 6,944,788

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However,

Change in OPEB liability and related deferred outflows and inflows

in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is capitalized and depreciated or amortized over their estimated useful lives.		
Expenditures for capital assets Current year depreciation and amortization	\$ 14,175 (576,574)	(562,399)
Revenue in the statement of activities that does not provide current financial resources is not reported as revenue in the governmental funds.		
Change in investment in joint venture		(2,855)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.		
Change in compensated absences	44,858	

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ 6,435,943

56,409

11,551

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Ad valorem taxes	\$133,216,049	\$133,216,049	\$133,598,896	\$ 382,847
Grant income	3,750,000	3,750,000	3,958,583	208,583
Income from tenants	72,275	72,275	67,201	(5,074)
Interest income	227,630	227,630	558,955	331,325
Loss on investments	70.000	70.000	(1,660,257)	(1,660,257)
Sponsorship fees and other income	70,000	70,000	117,162	47,162
Total Revenues	137,335,954	137,335,954	136,640,540	(695,414)
Expenditures Program services and support: Children's programs	117,563,617	117,563,617	109,856,674	7,706,943
Program administrative support	11,275,319	11,374,381	10,410,072	964,309
General administration:	11,273,317	11,574,501	10,410,072	704,507
Administrative and general	6,103,403	6,197,293	5,459,269	738,024
Other	3,562,352	3,562,352	1,921,646	1,640,706
Contingency	500,000	500,000		500,000
Capital outlay	210,000	17,048	14,175	2,873
Total Expenditures	139,214,691	139,214,691	127,661,836	11,552,855
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(1,878,737)	(1,878,737)	8,978,704	10,857,441
Other Financing Sources Transfers out	(2,659,093)	(2,659,093)	(2,033,916)	625,177
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (4,537,830)	\$ (4,537,830)	6,944,788	\$ 11,482,618
Fund Balance - Beginning			60,280,057	
Fund Balance - Ending			\$ 67,224,845	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - PREVENTION PARTNERSHIPS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

D	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues Interest & other income	\$	\$	\$ 1,500	\$ 1,500
Expenditures Program services and support				
Children's programs	2,659,093	2,659,093	2,035,416	623,677
Total Expenditures	2,659,093	2,659,093	2,035,416	623,677
Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures	(2,659,093)	(2,659,093)	(2,033,916)	625,177
Other Financing Sources Transfers in	2,659,093	2,659,093	2,033,916	(625,177)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	\$		\$
Fund Balance - Beginning				
Fund Balance - Ending			\$	



NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 1 – ORGANIZATION

The Children's Services Council of Palm Beach County (the "Council"), is an independent special district authorized under the Laws of Florida Statutes Chapter 86-196. The Council, which was created by Palm Beach County voters in 1986, provides leadership, funding, services and research on behalf of the County's children so they grow up healthy, safe and strong. To make the biggest impact possible, the Council focuses on prenatal care and early childhood development so that more Palm Beach County children are born healthy, safe from abuse and neglect, ready to learn when they enter school, and have access to quality afterschool and summer programs. To reach these goals, the Council funds local not-for-profit organizations and other agencies, which provide evidence-based and other high-quality services to our County's children and their families.

The Council's not-for-profit "arm", Prevention Partnerships for Children, Inc. ("Prevention Partnerships"), was created in 2004 to allow certain entities to conduct business with a not-for-profit agency (such as foundations or government funders). The purposes for which Prevention Partnerships is organized are exclusively charitable, cultural, scientific and educational, within the meaning of Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, principally to support system coordination in Palm Beach County by building capacity of individuals and organizations, and creating opportunities for system integration.

Prevention Partnerships is a blended component unit of the Council for accounting purposes and is included as a "special revenue fund" in the Council's annual comprehensive financial report. Council members are also members of the Board of Directors of Prevention Partnerships, for the same period of time they are Council members. The Officers for Prevention Partnerships are the same as the Council's Officers, with the addition of a Treasurer. The Officers are typically elected in February of each year at the Annual Meeting. In addition, there is a financial burden imposed on the Council to finance deficits and provide financial support to Prevention Partnerships. The financial burden is evidenced by the annual budgeted transfers - other financing sources (uses). Therefore, management has determined that the component unit, Prevention Partnerships, functions as an integral part of the Council. Separate financial statements are not issued by Prevention Partnerships.

The Council acts as the fiscal administrative and programmatic agent for the Healthy Start Coalition of Palm Beach County, Inc. ("Coalition"), a not-for-profit organization, as defined by section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, which was established to implement the provisions of the Healthy Start legislation in Florida. The Coalition receives grants from the U.S. Government, state and local government and all funds from the Coalition are passed through to the Council, which in turn contracts with sub-recipients to provide services. At

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 1 – ORGANIZATION (CONTINUED)

September 30, 2022, the Council has a receivable balance from the Coalition in the amount of \$1,367,045. The Coalition is identified as a separate organization with its own governing board, with no direct financial benefit/burden relationship and therefore is not included as a part of the Council's financial reporting entity.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements conform to U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("U.S. GAAP") for governmental entities as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") and other recognized authoritative sources. The significant accounting policies are summarized in the following paragraphs.

FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

As required by U.S. GAAP, the accompanying financial statements present the primary government, the Council, and its blended component unit (entity for which the Council is considered financially accountable). Blended component units, while legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the primary government's operations.

Thus, blended component units are appropriately presented as funds of the primary government. There is one blended component unit, as described in Note 1, included in the Council's reporting entity, and thus, it is appropriately presented as a special revenue fund of the primary government.

The "Governing Board" of the Council is composed of ten members, five of whom are designated by Florida Statute and five of whom are appointed by the Governor of Florida. The Council has complete authority to hire management and all other employees and to delegate those responsibilities. The Council is empowered by Florida Statute to levy ad valorem taxes against property owners in Palm Beach County (the "County"). The Council's property tax levy is independent of the levies of the County. The County has no claim to Council surpluses and has no budgetary authority. Based upon application of these criteria, the Children's Services Council of Palm Beach County has determined that the Council is a primary government and, accordingly, is not a component unit of the County.

While the Council provides funding for various agencies, each agency is financially independent of the Council. The Council has no authority to appoint or hire management of the agencies nor does it have responsibility for routine operations of the agencies. Accordingly, these various funded agencies are excluded from the reporting entity.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on the primary government. *Governmental activities*, which are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely significantly on fees and charges for support. Eliminations have been made to reduce the effect of interfund activities. The Council has no business-type activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for the governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenue is recognized in the period in which it becomes both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available when it is collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The Council considers property taxes to be available if they are collected within sixty (60) days of the end of the current fiscal year. A six-month availability period is used for all other governmental fund revenues. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION (CONTINUED)

period in which the fund liability is incurred. However, expenditures related to compensated absences and other postemployment benefits are recorded only when a payment is due.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided; and 2) operating grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

The Council reports the following major governmental funds:

- The General Fund is the Council's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the Council.
- The Prevention Partnerships Special Revenue Fund presents the operations of Prevention Partnerships for Children, Inc., which is a blended component unit as discussed previously. The revenue sources are comprised of other financing sources, including transfers from the General Fund, to pay for children's programs. The Council has designated Prevention Partnerships as a major fund.

BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with U.S. GAAP. The reported budgetary data represents the original and the final amended budgets as approved by the Governing Board. Budgets are adopted for all funds. The level of control at which expenditures may not legally exceed the budget is at the function level (i.e. children's programs, administrative support, administrative and general, other, reserves for uncollectibles, contingency and capital outlay).

ENCUMBRANCES

Encumbrance accounting is employed as an extension of the formal budgetary process to reflect the estimated amount of future expenditures arising from the issuance of purchase orders, contracts or other forms of legal commitments existing at year-end, which will be paid in the future. Encumbrances do not constitute expenditures or liabilities since goods and services have not been received. Encumbrances lapse at year-end and there were no outstanding encumbrances at September 30, 2022.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

IMPLEMENTATION OF NEW GASB STATEMENTS

During fiscal year 2022, the Council implemented GASB Statement No. 87 – Leases and GASB Statements No. 97 – Certain component unit criteria and section 457 plans. The implementation of these statements did not have a significant impact on the Council.

PROPERTY TAXES

The Council is permitted by Florida Statutes to levy taxes up to 1 mill (\$1.00 per \$1,000) of assessed valuation. The rate levied for the Council for fiscal year 2022 was 0.6233 mills. Property taxes are levied each November 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for real and personal property located within Palm Beach County. The assessed value at January 1, 2021, upon which the fiscal year 2022 levy was based, was approximately \$222.6 billion.

A four percent discount is allowed if the taxes are paid in November, with the discount declining by one percentage point each month thereafter, until March which is without discount. Taxes become delinquent April 1 of each year. Delinquent property tax certificates are sold to the public beginning June 1, at which time a lien is attached to the property. By fiscal year end, virtually all property taxes are collected either directly or through tax certificate sales. All property taxes are collected by the Palm Beach County Tax Collector and remitted to the Council. Property tax revenues are recognized by the Council at the time monies are received from the County Tax Collector.

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents consist of petty cash, checking accounts, money market accounts and money market mutual funds.

INVESTMENTS

The Council has an investment strategy to maximize the rate of return on its available cash balances and provide for its operating cash needs. The investment strategy provides for longer term investments in U.S. Government obligations and other fixed income securities, which provide for interest at a fixed rate. Earnings from such investments are recorded as investment/interest income. All investments are stated at fair value, except for certain investments reported at amortized costs.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

PREPAIDS

Payments made to vendors for services or products that will benefit future periods subsequent to September 30, 2022, are recorded as prepaid expenses/items in the government-wide and fund statements. The Council uses the consumption method to account for these costs.

CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets are defined by the Council as assets (tangible and intangible) with an estimated useful life in excess of one year and an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000. Capital assets are recorded at cost or, if donated, acquisition value at the date of the donation. Expenditures that materially extend useful lives of existing assets are capitalized. Maintenance, repairs and minor renovations are expensed when incurred.

The Council records impairment losses on long-lived assets used in operations when events and circumstances indicate the assets might be impaired. No impairment losses have been recorded.

Depreciation and amortization is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of all reported capital assets except land. Estimated useful lives assigned to categories of assets are as follows:

Buildings40 yearsImprovements7-15 yearsFurniture and equipment5-10 yearsIntangible assets – software and database7 years

COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The cost of vacation and sick leave benefits (compensated absences) is budgeted and expended in the General Fund when payments are made to employees. The Council records expenditures at employment termination in the applicable fiscal year. The estimated liability for all accrued and vested vacation and sick leave benefits is recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

As required by Florida Statutes, the Council offers retired employees the option of participating in the health insurance plan provided to Council employees. Premiums for insurance coverage of retirees are paid by the retirees.

DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

In addition to assets and liabilities, the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental funds balance sheet may report a separate section for deferred outflows or deferred inflows of resources. The separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until that time. The Council reports a deferred outflow of resources on the government-wide statement of net position related to its other postemployment benefits (OPEB) obligation. The deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB results from differences between expected and actual experience. The amounts are deferred and amortized to OPEB expense in a systematic and rational manner over a period equal to the average expected remaining service lives of employees that are eligible for benefits through the OPEB plan.

The separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Council's deferred inflows reported on the government-wide statement of net position are related to its OPEB obligation. The deferred inflow of resources related to OPEB results from changes in assumptions. These amounts are deferred and amortized to OPEB expense in the same manner as deferred outflows related to OPEB.

FUND BALANCE

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund equity classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the Council is legally bound to honor the specific purposes for which amounts in the funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

Nonspendable - Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

FUND BALANCE (CONTINUED)

Restricted - Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have been restricted to specific purposes either by (a) constraints placed on the use of the resources by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The Council has no restricted fund balance at September 30, 2022.

Committed - Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes as determined by formal action of the Governing Board itself, using its highest level of decision making authority (i.e., a Council resolution). These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) that was employed when the funds were initially committed. The Council has no committed fund balance at September 30, 2022.

Assigned - Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the Council's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent can be expressed by the governing body, or by an official (Chief Executive Officer), or body (Finance Committee), to which the Governing Board delegated authority. The Governing Board has delegated this authority and responsibility through a fund balance policy, approved via resolution. Council management makes recommendations concerning the assignment of fund balance to the Finance Committee. In general, the Finance Committee either approves the recommendations as presented or modifies them and presents the final recommendation to the full Governing Board for their approval. The Governing Board may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. This classification also includes the remaining positive fund balance for all governmental funds except for the General Fund, as applicable. Normally, no additional action needs to be taken for the removal of an assignment. The Governing Board has assigned fund balance of \$8,868,237 at September 30, 2022, for subsequent year's expenditures.

Unassigned - Unassigned fund balance is only applicable to the General Fund, includes amounts that have not been assigned to other funds and that have not been restricted, committed or assigned to specific purposes.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

FUND BALANCE (CONTINUED)

Fund Balance Flow Assumption

When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the Council considers restricted funds to have been spent first unless there are legal documents/contracts that prohibit doing this, such as grant agreements requiring dollar for dollar spending. When expenditures are incurred for which committed, assigned or unassigned fund balance is available, the Council considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the Governing Board, or delegated official, or body has provided otherwise.

Minimum Fund Balance Policy

The Council's policy is to maintain a minimum unassigned General Fund balance to meet seasonal shortfalls in cash flow and reduce susceptibility to emergency and unanticipated expenditures and/or revenue shortfalls. The Governing Board has adopted a financial standard to maintain a minimum unassigned fund balance of 27.5% of the subsequent year's total budgeted expenditures. If the unassigned fund balance falls below the minimum 27.5% of the proposed annual operating budgeted expenditures for the subsequent year, in each year of a three year period, a specific amount will be allocated in the Council's annual budget to be used to replenish the fund to the 27.5% floor. The unassigned fund balance as of September 30, 2022 was approximately \$58 million (40%).

NET POSITION

The government-wide financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is categorized as follows:

Investment in Capital Assets - This component of net position consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation/amortization and if applicable, reduced by the outstanding balance of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted - This component of net position consists of constraints placed on the use of net position by external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The Council has no restricted net position at September 30, 2022.

Unrestricted - This component of net position consists of net position that does not meet the definition of Investment in Capital Assets or Restricted.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Transactions between funds during the year consisted of loans and transfers. Loans are reported as *Due from Other Funds* and *Due to Other Funds* as appropriate and are eliminated in the government-wide financial statements. Transfers are a result of transferring monies from one fund to another. Transfers are eliminated in the government-wide financial statements.

GRANTS

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by those agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already received, might constitute a liability of the Council for the return of those funds. As of September 30, 2022, management does not believe that there are any disallowed expenditures that would require a return of grant funds.

RISK MANAGEMENT

The Council is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Council purchases commercial insurance for the risk of losses to which it is exposed. Retention of risks is limited to the excess of those risks that are insured, those risks that are uninsurable, and deductibles ranging from \$1,000 (damage) to \$1,000,000 (natural disaster) per occurrence. Policy limits and deductibles are reviewed annually by management and established at amounts to provide reasonable protection from significant financial loss. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage for fiscal year 2022. Review of the past three years reveals settled claims have not exceeded insurance coverage. In addition, under Florida law, the Council is covered by the constitutional doctrine of Sovereign Immunity for general liability claims. Sovereign Immunity generally limits liability to \$200,000 per person/\$300,000 per incident unless a claims bill is approved by the Florida Legislature awarding damages in excess of that amount.

USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, deferred inflows/outflows, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

DEPOSITS

As of September 30, 2022, the Council's cash and cash equivalents consisted of deposits with financial institutions with a carrying value of \$11,248,982.

The deposits with financial institutions were entirely covered by a combination of federal depository insurance and a collateral pool pledged to the State Treasurer of Florida by financial institutions that comply with the requirements of Florida Statutes and have been designated as a qualified public depository by the State Treasurer. Qualified public depositories are required to pledge collateral to the State Treasurer with a fair value equal to a percentage of the average daily balance of all government deposits in excess of any federal deposit insurance. In the event of a default by a qualified public depository, all claims for government deposits would be satisfied by the State Treasurer from the proceeds of federal deposit insurance, pledged collateral of the public depository in default and, if necessary, a pro rata assessment to the other qualified public depositories in the collateral pool. Accordingly, all deposits with financial institutions are considered fully insured or collateralized.

INVESTMENTS

In accordance with Florida Statutes Section 218.415 and the Council's investment policy, the Council is authorized to invest in U.S. Treasury and U.S. Government guaranteed securities, U.S. Government agency and instrumentality debt obligations, Supranationals, corporate and municipal debt obligations, Federal agency mortgage-backed securities, collateralized mortgage obligations and mortgage-backed securities, asset-backed securities, non-negotiable certificates of deposit, bank savings accounts, overnight bank deposit accounts, commercial paper, repurchase agreements, money market mutual funds and local government investment pools. The Council may also invest in certain other investment products if authorized by statute and approved in advance by the governing body.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

As of September 30, 2022, the Council had the following investments:

Investments		Fair Value
Money market mutual funds	\$	3,191,383
Florida Public Assets for Liquidity Management		29,167,441
U.S. Treasury notes/bonds		12,157,056
U.S. Government agency securities		2,056,729
Federal agency mortgage-backed securities		299,825
Collateralized mortgage obligations		80,741
Collateralized mortgage-backed securities		1,605,810
Consumer asset-backed securities		3,946,694
Commercial asset-backed securities		494,682
Corporate debt obligations		6,776,360
Non-corporate debt obligations		2,113,724
Total	<u>\$</u>	61,890,445

The money market mutual fund consists of an investment in an open end, institutional, money market fund complying with Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) Rule 2a-7 and investing in liquid, high-quality debt securities issued by the U.S. government. Rule 2a-7 allows SEC registered mutual funds to use amortized cost rather than fair value to report net assets used to compute share prices if certain conditions are met. Those conditions include restrictions on the types of investments held, restrictions on the term-to-maturity of individual investments and the dollar-weighted average of the portfolio, requirements for portfolio diversification, and requirements for divestiture considerations in the event of security downgrades and defaults, and required actions if the fair value of the portfolio deviates from amortized cost by a specified amount.

The Council participates in a pooled investment fund. Therefore, in accordance with GASB Statement 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants, which established criteria for an external investment pool for making the selection to qualify to measure its investments at amortized cost, this pool is exempt from the GASB 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application hierarchy disclosures and are reported at amortized cost.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Detailed information for this pooled investment fund is as follows:

The Florida Public Assets for Liquidity Management (FL PALM) is organized under Florida Statutes Section 163.01, the Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act, by Florida public agencies for the purpose of operating an independent investment pool for local governments in Florida and is administered by a Board of Trustees elected by the participants in the pool. The Council invests in the FL PALM Fund, a 2a-7 like pool valued at amortized cost. Audited financial statements for FL PALM may be obtained at www.fl-palm.com.

FAIR VALUE OF INVESTMENTS

The Council follows the provisions of GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, which establishes a framework for measuring the fair value of investments in a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under GASB Statement No. 72 are described below:

- Level 1 Investments whose values are based on unadjusted quoted prices for identical investments in active markets that the Council has the ability to access.
- Level 2 Investments whose inputs other than quoted prices are observable either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 Investments whose inputs are unobservable.

The fair value measurement of an asset within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. The categorization of an investment within the fair value hierarchy is based upon the pricing transparency of the investment and does not necessarily correspond to the Council's perceived risk of that investment.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

FAIR VALUE OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Valuation Methodologies

The following valuation methods and assumptions were used by the Council in estimating the fair value of financial instruments that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis under GASB Statement No. 72.

U.S. Treasury notes/bonds, U.S. Government agency securities, mortgage and asset-backed securities, collateralized mortgage obligations, and corporate and non-corporate debt obligations: Valued at the closing price reported on the active exchange on which the individual securities are actively traded. Securities that are not actively traded are valued by the investment manager or broker using a matrix-pricing technique based on the securities' relationship to quoted benchmark prices. These are all Level 2 investments.

The methods and assumptions described above may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. Furthermore, while the Council believes its valuation methodologies are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date. There were no changes in the methods and assumptions used for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

FAIR VALUE OF INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Valuation Methodologies (continued)

The financial assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis included the Council's investments. There were no liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis at September 30, 2022. The fair value of the Council's investments at September 30, 2022 is summarized as follows:

		September 30, 2022				
	Total		Level 1	Level 2		Level 3
Investments by Fair Value Level						
U.S. Government agency securities	\$ 2,056,729	\$		\$ 2,056,729	\$	
U.S. Treasury notes/bonds	12,157,056			12,157,056		
Federal agency mortgage-backed						
securities	299,825			299,825		
Collateralized mortgage obligations	80,741			80,741		
Collateralized mortgage-backed						
securities	1,605,810			1,605,810		
Asset-backed securities	4,441,376			4,441,376		
Corporate and non-corporate						
debt obligations	8,890,084			8,890,084		
Total Debt Securities by Fair						
Value Level	29,531,621	\$		\$ 29,531,621	\$	
Investments Reported at Amortized Cost						
Money market mutual fund Florida Public Assets for	3,191,383					
Liquidity Management	29,167,441					
Total Investments	\$ 61,890,445					

INTEREST RATE RISK

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the time to maturity, the greater the exposure to interest rate risk. The Council's investment policy states that (a) investments of current operating funds shall have maturities of no longer than twelve months and (b) investments of reserves, project funds and other non-operating funds shall have a term not to exceed five and one-half years. The Council's money market mutual fund and FL PALM have weighted

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

INTEREST RATE RISK (CONTINUED)

average maturities of less than 90 days. At September 30, 2022, the Council's investments in debt securities had the following maturities:

	Less 7		One to Five Years	Six to Ten Years	More than Ten Years	Total
	Onc	I Cai	Tive Tears	TCII T Cais	TCII TCars	Total
U.S. Government agency securities U.S. Treasury notes/bonds	\$		\$ 2,056,729 12,157,056		\$	\$ 2,056,729 12,157,056
Federal agency mortgage-backed securities Collateralized mortgage obligations		 	299,825 80,741	 	 	299,825 80,741
Collateralized mortgage-backed securities Asset-backed securities		 	1,605,810 4,441,376		 	1,605,810 4,441,376
Corporate and non-corporate debt obligations			8,890,084			8,890,084
Total	\$		\$ 29,531,621	\$	\$	\$ 29,531,621

CREDIT RISK

Credit risk is the risk that a debt issuer will not fulfill its obligations. Management's intent is to limit the Council's investment to the highest credit quality ratings from a nationally recognized rating agency in order to control credit risk. The Council's investment policy limits its investments to certain minimum Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organization (NRSRO) ratings which are generally the highest short term or the three highest long term rating categories. The NRSRO ratings for the Council's fixed income investments at September 30, 2022 are summarized as follows.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

CREDIT RISK (CONTINUED)

		Fair
	NSRO Rating	Value
Money market mutual fund	AAA	\$ 3,191,383
Florida Public Assets for Liquidity Management	AAA	29,167,441
U.S. Government agency securities	AA+ - Aaa	2,056,729
U.S. Treasury notes/bonds	Aaa	12,157,056
Federal agency mortgage-backed securities	AA+	299,825
Collateralized mortgage obligations	Aaa	80,741
Collateralized mortgage-backed securities	Aaa	1,605,810
Consumer asset-backed securities	AAA - Aaa	3,946,694
Commercial asset-backed securities	AAA - Aaa	494,682
Corporate debt obligations	A - BBB+	6,776,360
Non-corporate debt obligations	A+ - AAA	2,113,724
Total		\$ 61,890,445

CUSTODIAL CREDIT RISK

Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that the Council may not recover cash and investments held by another party in the event of a financial failure. At September 30, 2022, all investment securities were held in an independent custodial safekeeping account. The money market mutual fund and FL PALM are considered unclassified pursuant to GASB Statements, because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book-entry form. Coverage for cash and securities in protected counterparty client accounts is provided from two sources. The Securities Investor Protection Corporation ("SIPC") protects up to \$500,000, of which \$250,000 may be cash. The counterparty has obtained additional private insurance protection for the remaining balance, if any, of the cash and securities in the investment account. These coverages do not insure the quality of the investments or protect against losses from fluctuating fair value.

CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK

Concentration of credit risk is defined as the risk of loss attributable to the magnitude of an investment in a single issuer. The Council's investment policy requires diversification of investments to minimize potential losses on individual securities. Investments in securities of a single issuer are generally limited to 5% to 25% (depending on the security) of the fair value of the investment portfolio, with certain Federal agency security maximums of 40% and no maximum for U.S. Treasury securities.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOREIGN CURRENCY RISK

Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. There was no exposure to foreign currency risk in the Council's investments at September 30, 2022.

RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

Due to the various risks associated with certain investments, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the values of investments will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the accompanying financial statements. The value, liquidity, and related income of certain securities with contractual cash flows, such as asset-backed securities, collateralized mortgage obligations, and commercial mortgage-backed securities, or pooled funds investing in these securities, are particularly sensitive to changes in economic conditions, including real estate value, delinquencies or defaults, or both, and may be adversely affected by shifts in the market's perception of the issuers and changes in interest rates.

NOTE 4 – RECEIVABLES

Governmental activities and General Fund receivables consist of the following at September 30, 2022:

Due from Other Governmental Units	
Palm Beach County	\$ 1,607,740
Other Receivables	
Healthy Start Coalition of Palm Beach County	\$ 1,367,045
Contract providers	284,232
Grant receivable	100,567
Interest income receivable	118,318
Other	3,717
Total Other Receivables	\$ 1,873,879

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 5 – INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund receivables and payables consist of the following at September 30, 2022:

	I	nterfund	Interfund		
	Re	eceivables	I	Payables	
General Fund	\$		\$	365,561	
Special Revenue Fund		365,561			
Total	\$	365,561	\$	365,561	

The general fund provides financial support by extending loans and transfers to Prevention Partnerships to meet its obligations to providers. The amount remains as a loan between the general fund and Prevention Partnerships until Prevention Partnerships remits payment to the providers, at which time, the general fund records the payment as a transfer. At September 30, 2022, the loan amount by the general fund to Prevention Partnerships was \$365,561 related to the timing of payments to providers for August and September services.

During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, the General Fund transferred \$2,033,916 to the Special Revenue Fund for the purpose of providing annual support to the Special Revenue Fund for quality childcare and healthy beginnings programs administered by Prevention Partnerships.

NOTE 6 – INVESTMENT IN JOINT VENTURE

The Council participates in the Services and Activity Management Information System ("SAMIS") Collaborative which is a joint venture with eight other children's services organizations in Florida: (1) The Children's Services Council of Broward County, (2) The Kids Hope Alliance, (3) Children's Services Council of Martin County, (4) The Children's Trust (Miami-Dade County), (5) Palm Beach Community Services, (6) United Way of Broward County, (7) Broward County Children's Services Administration, and (8) Children's Services Council of Port Saint Lucie. SAMIS is a web based, funder information, data collection system designed and developed to measure client level services and performance measures, and to be a tool for tracking funds distributed through contracts for the purposes of determining the effectiveness of programs funded by Children's Services Councils and related human services agencies in the State of Florida.

The Florida Alliance of Children's Councils & Trusts, Inc. has been designated as the operating agent and is the sole owner of the SAMIS program. The joint venture is governed by a management committee consisting of one staff member from each of the eight joint venture members. Each member has one vote. The management committee approves the annual budget of the joint venture and makes all management decisions for the operation of the joint venture.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 6 – INVESTMENT IN JOINT VENTURE (CONTINUED)

Each of the joint venture members contributed an initial membership fee of \$50,000 and then pay an annual operating cost allocation determined by the "Assessment Formula" set forth in the operating agreement. The Council's current operating cost allocation percentage (equity interest) is 10.09%. A joint venture member may terminate their agreement without cause or further liability to the other parties. Upon termination, the joint venture member has the option of either (a) obtaining a perpetual, nonexclusive license to internally use SAMIS in its existing form as of the date of termination or (b) obtaining its portion of the annual fund balance allocation based on its percentage of operating cost allocation for the year of termination.

In accordance with U.S. GAAP, the Council is required to account for this joint venture using the equity method of accounting. Accordingly, the Council recorded its initial investment at cost and records its proportionate share of the joint venture's income or loss, as well as contributions made or distributions received. At September 30, 2022, the Council's 10.09% equity interest in the joint venture totaled \$16,487, This investment is reported in the Statement of Net Position as Investment in Joint Venture.

The joint venture does not issue separate audited financial statements. Summarized financial information relating to the joint venture as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, is as follows:

Mat Dagitian

Net Position	
Total assets Total liabilities	\$ 163,323
Net Position	\$ 163,323
Change in Net Position	
Charges for services Operating expenses	\$ 317,000 327,440
Change in Net Position	(10,440)
Net Position - Beginning	 173,763
Net Position - Ending	\$ 163,323

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS

The Council's capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2022, was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balances	Increase	Decrease	Balances
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated				
Land	\$ 2,781,948	\$	\$	\$ 2,781,948
Total Non-Depreciable Capital Assets	2,781,948			2,781,948
Depreciable Capital Assets				
Buildings and improvements	19,698,635	7,000		19,705,635
Furniture and equipment	2,030,398	7,175	1,484	2,036,089
Intangibles - software and database	2,452,203			2,452,203
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	24,181,236	14,175	1,484	24,193,927
Less: Accumulated Depreciation/				
Amortization for:				
Buildings and improvements	7,277,724	535,555		7,813,279
Furniture and equipment	1,976,030	41,019	1,484	2,015,565
Intangibles - software and database	2,452,203			2,452,203
Total Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization	11,705,957	576,574	1,484	12,281,047
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	12,475,279	(562,399)		11,912,880
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$15,257,227	\$ (562,399)	\$	\$14,694,828

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to the following functions during the year:

Governmental Activities	
Program administrative support	\$ 397,836
Administrative and general	 178,738
Total	\$ 576,574

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 8 - COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The following is a summary of compensated absences for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

									An	ounts Due
	I	Beginning						Ending		Within
		Balance		Increases	Γ	ecreases		Balance	C	ne Year
Compensated Absences										
Vacation accrual	\$	882,500	\$	634,254	\$	686,486	\$	830,268	\$	125,972
Sick leave accrual		248,111	_	460,651	_	453,277	_	255,485		36,677
Totals	\$	1,130,611	\$	1,094,905	\$	1,139,763	\$	1,085,753	\$	162,649

Compensated absences are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

NOTE 9 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

PLAN DESCRIPTION

The Council offers a single-employer defined benefit health care plan (the "Plan") that provides optional health care coverage (medical, prescription, vision and dental) to eligible retired employees and their dependents. Retirees have a one-time option to continue coverage upon retirement and premiums for coverage are paid 100% by the retiree. The Council has the authority to establish and amend the premiums for and the benefit provisions of the Plan. Life insurance benefits are portable and the retiree must pay premiums to the carrier directly. The Plan is financed on a "pay-as-you-go" basis and is not administered as a formal qualifying trust. The Plan does not issue a separate, publicly available, audited financial report.

FUNDING POLICY

The Council is required by Florida Statute 112.0801 to allow retirees to buy healthcare coverage at the same group insurance rates that current employees are charged resulting in an implicit healthcare benefit. The State of Florida prohibits the Plan from separately rating retirees and active employees. The Plan therefore charges both groups an equal, blended rate premium. Although both groups are charged the same blended rate premium, U.S. GAAP requires the actuarial figures to be calculated using age adjusted premiums approximating claim costs for retirees separate from active employees. The use of age adjusted premiums results in the addition of an implicit rate subsidy into the actuarial accrued liability. Plan members receiving benefits contribute 100% of the monthly premium ranging from a minimum of \$840 to a maximum of \$1,945.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 9 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

PLAN MEMBERSHIP

Membership in the Plan was comprised of the following at September 30, 2022:

Total Members	95
Inactive employees, not yet receiving benefits	
Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits	
Active employees	95

TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY

The Council's total OPEB liability of \$158,395 was measured as of September 30, 2021, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2021.

Actuarial Methods and Significant Assumptions

The actuarial methods and significant assumptions used to determine the Council's total OPEB liability for the current year are summarized as follows:

Valuation date	October 1, 2021
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
Postretirement benefit increases	None
Healthcare cost trend rates	7.5% per year initially, reduced annually to an ultimate rate of 4.5% in fiscal 2040
Amortization method	Average of expected remaining service lives of all participants – Closed
Asset valuation method	N/A (1)
Actuarial assumptions: Discount rate – September 30, 2021	2.26% (2)
Projected salary increases*	2.5%
* Includes inflation rate	2.5%

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 9 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Methods and Significant Assumptions (continued)

Mortality rates Pub – 2010 Public Retirement Plans General

Mortality table projected generationally with

Scale MP-2021

- The plan is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is not administered as a formal qualifying trust. There were no plan assets as of September 30, 2022.
- Since there are currently no invested plan assets held in trust to finance the OPEB obligation, the discount rate is the long-term expected rate of return on tax-exempt, high quality municipal bonds based on the S&P municipal bond 20 year high grade rate index as of the measurement date.

CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY

The changes in the total OPEB liability based on the reporting date were as follows for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022:

Total OPEB Liability at September 30, 2021	\$ 211,413
Changes for the Current Year	
Service cost	11,605
Interest	4,878
Difference between expected and actual experience	(69,306)
Changes in assumptions	4,293
Benefit payments	 (4,488)
Net Changes	 (53,018)
Total OPEB Liability at September 30, 2022	\$ 158,395

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 9 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY (CONTINUED)

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Council, calculated using the discount rate of 2.26%, as well as what the Council's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher than the current rate:

	1.0%	(Current		1%		
Ι	Decrease	Ι	Discount	count Increase			
((1.26%)		Rate (2.26%)		Rate (2.26%)		3.26%)
\$	176,835	\$	158,395	\$	142,123		

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following table presents the total OPEB liability of the Council calculated using the current healthcare cost trend rate of 7.5% decreasing to 4.5%, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is one percentage point lower (6.5% decreasing to 3.5%) or one percentage point higher (8.5% decreasing to 5.5%) than the current rate:

	1.0%	Heal	thcare Cost		1.0%
Γ	Decrease	Tr	end Rate]	Increase
(6.5%	6 decreasing	(7.5%	decreasing	(8.5%	6 decreasing
t	o 3.5%)	(6) to 4.5%)		t	o 5.5%)
\$	139,616	\$	158,395	\$	180,301

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 9 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

OPEB EXPENSE AND DEFERRED INFLOWS/OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES RELATED TO OPEB

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, the Council recognized revenue from OPEB of \$11,551. At September 30, 2022, the Council reported deferred inflows/outflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows			Deferred Inflows
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions	\$	12,407 26,137	\$	55,445 163,451
Totals	\$	38,544	\$	218,896

Amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

For the Year Ending		
September 30,	2	Amount
2023	\$	(23,545)
2024		(22,181)
2025		(34,726)
2026		(37,144)
2027		(24,139)
Thereafter		(38,617)
Total	<u>\$</u>	(180,352)

The Council recognizes the total OPEB liability and OPEB expense in the financial statements, along with the related deferred outflows and inflows of resources. All associated OPEB liabilities are liquidated within the general fund.

NOTE 10 - DUE TO PROGRAM SERVICE PROVIDERS

The balance of \$9,625,497 in due to program service providers represents reimbursement for expenditures by funded agencies and other contracted programmatic consulting services substantially performed in August and September 2022.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 11 - COMMISSIONS OF PROPERTY APPRAISER AND TAX COLLECTOR

The budget of the Property Appraiser's office, as approved by the Department of Revenue, is the basis upon which taxing authorities of the County (except municipalities and the district school board) are billed by the Property Appraiser for services rendered. Each taxing authority is billed an amount that bears the same proportion to the total amount of the budget as its share of ad valorem taxes bear to the total levied for the preceding year. The Council paid fees of approximately \$822,000 to the Property Appraiser for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, which are recorded as general and administrative expenses/expenditures.

The Tax Collector's actual costs of collection must not exceed 2% of the tax revenues collected. The Council's fees and charges for the year amounted to approximately \$1,099,000 or 0.8% of tax revenues collected and are recorded as general and administrative expenses/expenditures.

NOTE 12 - RETIREMENT PLAN AND DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

RETIREMENT PLAN

The Council sponsors a defined contribution retirement plan administered by an independent company. The Governing Board may amend benefits and other plan provisions. A defined contribution retirement plan provides retirement benefits in return for services rendered, provides an individual account for each participant, and specifies how contributions to the individual's account are to be determined instead of specifying the amount of benefits the individual is to receive. Under a defined contribution retirement plan, the benefits a participant will receive depend solely on the amount contributed to the participant's account and the returns earned on investment of those contributions. Forfeitures offset the Council's contributions and are not reallocated to other participants' accounts. There were no Forfeitures used to offset Council's contributions for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

Eligible employees must have completed one year of service or at least 1,000 hours, and be at least 18 years old. Any employment in the non-profit health or social services field during the three year period immediately preceding employment with the Council will count as service for purposes of active participation. The plan's vesting schedule is as follows: 25% after two years of service, 50% after three years of service, 75% after four years of service and 100% after five years of service. In addition, a plan participant who is an employee of the Council on or after the normal retirement age of 65 or who meets the early retirement age of 55 shall be 100% vested. Finally, if an employee of the Council becomes totally or permanently disabled or dies, they become fully vested.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 12 - RETIREMENT PLAN AND DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN (CONTINUED)

RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

The Council is required to contribute a percentage of the covered employee's regular salary based on the date of hire and employee elections. For employees hired prior to January 1, 2012, the Council contributes 13% of the covered employee's regular salary for employees employed less than ten years, 15% for employees employed ten to fourteen years, 17% for employees employed fifteen to nineteen years, and 19% for employees with twenty or more years of employment. For employees hired on or after January 1, 2012 the Council contributes 5% of the covered employee's regular salary and matches employee contributions 100% up to an additional 5% of their regular salary.

During the year, the Council's required contributions amounted to approximately \$1,218,451 which was 13.4% of the current year's covered payroll. Contributions to the retirement plan are made monthly. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, the Council's total payroll (not including accrued benefits) for all employees was approximately \$9,136,211 and the Council's contributions to the plan were based on a payroll of approximately \$9,078,000.

The plan is administered by Alerus Financial, N.A. and all assets and income of the plan are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of participants and the Council has no fiduciary responsibility for the plan. Accordingly, the assets and liabilities of the plan are not included in the Council's financial statements.

DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

Employees of the Council may participate in a deferred compensation plan adopted under the provisions of Internal Revenue Code Section 457 (Deferred Compensation Plans with Respect to Service for State and Local Governments). The Governing Board may amend benefits and other plan provisions. The deferred compensation plan is available to all employees of the Council.

Under the plan, employees may elect to defer a portion of their salaries and avoid paying taxes on the deferred portion until the withdrawal date. In general, the deferred compensation amount is not available for withdrawal by employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 12 - RETIREMENT PLAN AND DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN (CONTINUED)

DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN (CONTINUED)

The plan provisions provide that all assets of the plan be held in trust, or under one or more appropriate annuity contracts or custodial accounts, for the exclusive benefit of plan participants and their beneficiaries. The deferred compensation plan is administered by Alerus Financial, N.A. and all assets and income of the plan are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of participants and the Council has no fiduciary responsibility for the plan. Accordingly, the assets and liabilities of the plan are not included in the Council's financial statements. Council contributions to the plan for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022 were \$0.

NOTE 13 – RETIREMENT HEALTH SAVINGS PLAN

The Council adopted a Retirement Health Savings Plan ("RHS") administered by ICMA Retirement Corporation effective January 1, 2006. The Governing Board may amend benefits and other plan provisions. The RHS is to be used for qualified health expenses during retirement. All assets and income of the plan are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of participants and the Council has no fiduciary responsibility for the plan. Under the terms of the plan, there will be no forfeitures.

Participation in the plan is mandatory for all full time employees and part-time employees who work an average of 21 hours per week (90 day minimum period of service and over 18 years of age). The plan is a defined contribution plan and is funded based on the amount of the employees' accrued sick leave. All contributions to the plan are on a pre-tax basis and withdrawals are tax-free if used by the participant, spouse or dependent for qualified expenses. Annual mandatory employee sick leave contributions are as follows: 0% if less than 100 hours accrued, 20% if 100-150 hours accrued, 25% if 151-200 hours accrued, 30% if 201-250 hours accrued, and 35% if 251 or more hours accrued. Council contributions to the plan for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022 were approximately \$209,000.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 14 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCY

OPERATING LEASES

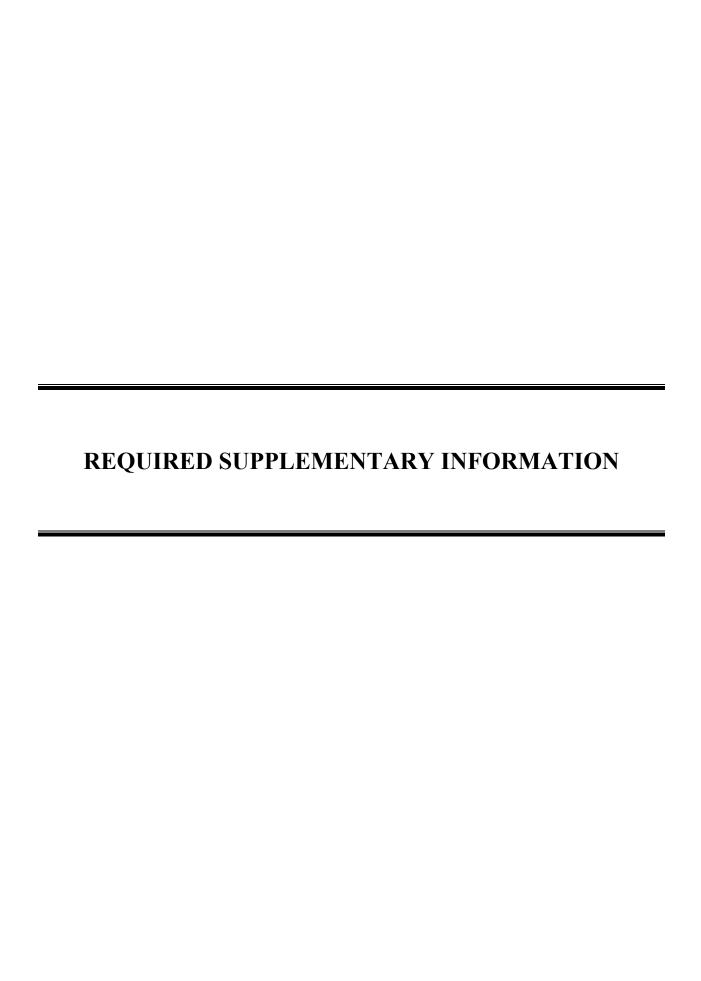
The Council leases equipment under various operating lease agreements expiring through September 2025. Total rent expense in connection with these agreements amounted to approximately \$30,500 for the year ended September 30, 2022. These leases were not subject to GASB No. 87.

Approximate future minimum lease payments applicable to these leases are as follows:

For the Year Ending	
September 30,	Amount
2023	\$ 30,528
2024	30,178
2025	10,969
Total	\$ 71,675

LITIGATION

From time to time, the Council is involved in certain litigation which arises in the normal course of operations. Management believes the ultimate outcome of such litigation, if any, would not have any material adverse effect on the financial condition of the Council.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

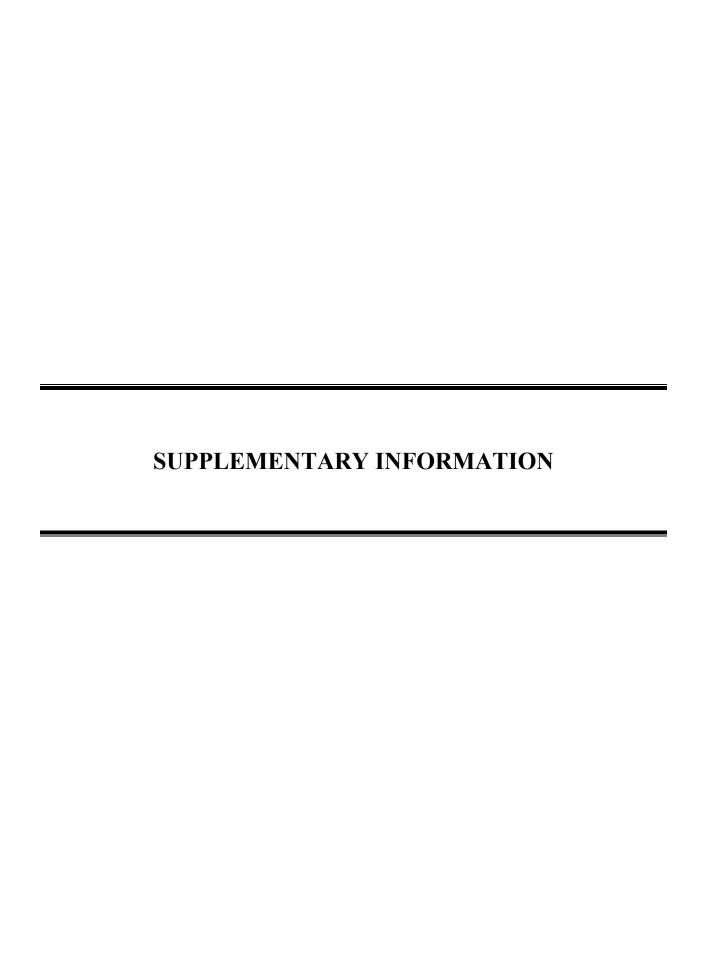
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

Measurement Date, September 30,	2	021	2020		2019		2018	2017
Total OPEB Liability								
Service cost	\$	11,605	\$ 10,404	\$	9,688	\$	10,172	\$ 32,597
Interest		4,878	5,285		5,274		4,166	11,186
Differences between expected and actual experience	((69,306)			24,067			4,884
Changes of assumptions		4,293	12,083		38,632		(6,804)	(284,891)
Benefit payments		(4,488)	 (9,314)		(2,367)		(8,072)	
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	((53,018)	18,458		75,294		(538)	(236,224)
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	2	211,413	 192,955	_	117,661	_	118,199	 354,423
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$ 1	58,395	\$ 211,413	\$	192,955	\$	117,661	\$ 118,199
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 8,9	941,000	\$ 8,771,000	\$	8,206,000	\$	7,991,700	\$ 7,232,000
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll		1.77%	2.41%		2.35%		1.47%	1.63%

Notes to Schedule

The plan is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is not administered as a formal qualifying trust. There were no plan assets as of the date of the most recent valuation. Since there are currently no invested plan assets held in trust to finance the OPEB obligation, the discount rate is the long-term expected rate of return on tax-exempt, high quality municipal bonds based on the S&P municipal bond 20-year high grade rate index as of the measurement date.

This schedule is presented as required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, however, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years available.



SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULES OF CHILDREN'S PROGRAMS EXPENDITURES **BUDGET TO ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND**

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
Quality Childcare Programs			
Afterschool Program Development	\$ 3,774,390	\$ 3,706,370	\$ 68,020
Community Empowerment Program	35,000	32,000	3,000
CSC Scholarship Initiative	30,153,974	30,153,974	·
Early Head Start Administration/FCCH Technical			
Assistance/GOLD	591,213	470,239	120,974
Early Headstart Match	349,664	332,640	17,024
Expanded Learning Opportunities	3,277,172	3,250,194	26,978
Head Start Match	4,824,221	4,807,249	16,972
Match Funding	148,192	143,060	5,132
Professional Development System	2,650,763	2,445,618	205,145
SEEK Scholarships	1,250,000	1,069,850	180,150
STEAM Program	365,000	349,759	15,241
Summer Camp Scholarships	3,350,000	3,301,724	48,276
Tier Reimbursement Supplements	4,000,000	3,800,230	199,770
Training Registry Management	211,431	199,309	12,122
Total Quality Childcare Programs	54,981,020	54,062,216	918,804
Healthy Beginnings Programs			
211 of Palm Beach/Treasure Coast, Inc.	239,980	239,980	
Centering Pregnancy	441,394	389,075	52,319
Child First	2,956,230	2,533,955	422,275
Community Voice	785,937	722,252	63,685
Counseling for Parents and Young Children	966,671	644,141	322,530
Early Intervention Assessment Team	601,955	562,876	39,079
Early Literacy Book Distribution	220,726	217,831	2,895
Early Steps	1,901,768	1,688,724	213,044
Entry Agency (Birth-5)	3,987,504	3,610,382	377,122
Entry Agency (Prenatal)	4,011,895	3,709,278	302,617
Environmental Opioid and Marijuana Prevention	50,000	50,000	,
Fetal Infant Mortality Review	234,408	173,690	60,718
First Step to Success	1,910,446	1,630,964	279,482
Forward Leaps	210,082	186,377	23,705
Growing Smart	463,504	415,052	48,452
Healthy Beginnings Nurses	3,606,040	3,507,638	98,402
Healthy Families Florida	1,671,497	1,547,141	124,356
Healthy Steps	1,327,412	1,183,369	144,043
Help Me Grow	256,843	243,681	13,162
Mental Health Services	422,175	330,748	91,427
Nurse Family Partnership	1,392,544	1,268,387	124,157
Nutrition Services for Women and Families	265,325	221,052	44,273
Subtotal Healthy Beginnings Programs	\$ 27,924,336	\$ 25,076,593	\$ 2,847,743

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULES OF CHILDREN'S PROGRAMS EXPENDITURES BUDGET TO ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED)

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Final		
	Budget	Actual	Variance
Healthy Beginnings Programs (continued)	Buager	Hotaai	Variance
Parent Child+	\$ 2,719,202	\$ 2,607,778	\$ 111,424
Parent Child+ Program Supplies	184,668	184,668	Ψ 111,121
Primary Project	711,479	700,816	10,663
Project DULCE	376,243	364,828	11,415
Reach Out and Read	346,616	338,809	7,807
Teen Triple P	916,321	781,437	134,884
Transportation Services	308,168	286,741	21,427
Triple P	1,648,189	1,472,682	175,507
WHIN Nurses	550,402	524,060	26,342
Wyman's Teen Outreach	1,127,292	1,063,802	63,490
., ,		1,000,002	
Total Healthy Beginnings Programs	36,812,916	33,402,214	3,410,702
Bridges Program			
Bridges Program	6,331,561	5,757,856	573,705
Initiatives			
Access for Success	170,128	141,619	28,509
ACCESS Positions	125,000	90,000	35,000
BeWellPBC	50,000	50,000	33,000
Birth to 22	50,000	6,903	43,097
Children's Advocacy Project	4,309,966	4,306,106	3,860
Community Based Supports	370,700	366,274	4,426
Drowning Prevention	100,000	96,556	3,444
Glades Family Education Program	75,915	72,260	3,655
Great Ideas Initiative - Support For Recovery	1,000,000	974,971	25,029
Great Ideas Initiative Support for Recovery	281,500	281,500	25,027
Hunger Relief Infrastructure and Program Support	30,000	30,000	
Mentoring	2,204,726	2,115,927	88,799
Other Program Services	1,053,250	2,113,727	1,053,250
Palm Beach County Circle Campaign	122,476	122,476	
Palm Beach County Food Bank	501,637	501,637	
Provider Cyber Security	20,000		20,000
Provider Personal Protective Equipment	150,000	51,216	98,784
Public Education/Awareness	1,610,020	1,335,540	274,480
Resident Leadership	175,000	4,737	170,263
Resource Depot	100,000	100,000	
Safe Kids	338,771	324,013	14,758
Scholastic Books	480,000	459,361	20,639
Special Needs	1,365,620	1,365,620	,
Special Projects	231,643	184,102	47,541
Total Initiatives	\$ 14,916,352	\$ 12,980,818	\$ 1,935,534
Total Initiatives	φ 17,710,332	ψ 12,700,010	ψ 1,933,334

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULES OF CHILDREN'S PROGRAMS EXPENDITURES BUDGET TO ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED)

		Final				
		Budget		Actual		Variance
Training and Accountability						
Agency Accreditation and Management Services	\$	1,153,613	\$	1,036,271	\$	117,342
Application, Maintenance and Development		85,000		75,437		9,563
Child First Program Fees		238,200		236,532		1,668
Child First RCT Evaluation		42,772		42,771		1
Computer Inventory Replacement		300,000		130,003		169,997
Continuous Improvement Initiative		225,000		83,770		141,230
Data Entry		697,130		622,229		74,901
HB System Evaluation		50,000		32,702		17,298
HB Workforce Scholarships		150,000		79,867		70,133
Healthy Beginnings Data Systems		577,000		565,183		11,817
Issue Trak		4,800		4,800		
Non Profit Legal Assistance Project		64,000		64,000		
Nurse Family Partnership Fees		3,202		3,202		
ParentChild Plus National Program Office (Director)		151,976		151,976		
Program Evaluations		50,000		25,331		24,669
Racial Equity Institute		90,000		72,000		18,000
Registry Website Hosting and Maintenance		105,000		66,563		38,437
SAMIS		42,000		33,776		8,224
Server Hosting		45,000		44,100		900
SmartSoft Address Verification		800		695		105
System Training and Materials		123,000		66,135		56,865
Touchpoints and IMH		196,275		130,772		65,503
Triple P		120,000		117,513		2,487
Wyman's Fees		7,000	_	7,000	_	<u></u>
Total Training and Accountability		4,521,768		3,692,628		829,140
Prior Year Contracted Programs Refunds				(39,058)		39,058
Total Program Services Expenditures -						
Children's Programs	\$ 1	17,563,617	\$ 1	09,856,674	\$	7,706,943

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULES OF ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENDITURES -BUDGET TO ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

		n Administrati	ve Su	pport	Administrative and General					
	Final	1		.		nal		A . 1	***	
Administrative Expenditures	Budget	Actual		Variance	Bu	dget		Actual		Variance
<u>-</u>										
Personal Services										
Salaries	\$ 6,483,242	\$ 6,240,190		243,052		77,846	\$	2,896,021	\$	281,825
FICA	491,658	465,038		26,620		33,579		204,091		29,488
Retirement	1,020,397	956,723		63,674	4	99,489		470,476		29,013
Florida reemployment	9,891	5,44		4,447		4,969		2,538		2,431
Worker's compensation	15,346	9,572		5,774		6,692		3,742		2,950
Health/Life/AD&D	2,028,135	1,732,40		295,728		65,852		633,587		232,265
Temporary personnel	19,261	12,630)	6,631		37,740		42,914		(5,174)
Tuition reimbursement		-	-			25,000		4,583		20,417
Other fringe benefits	86,904	78,268	<u> </u>	8,636		37,896	_	26,347		11,549
Total Personal Services	10,154,834	9,500,272	2 _	654,562	4,8	89,063	_	4,284,299		604,764
Travel										
Travel-in-area	10,410	1,212	,	9,198		1,865		334		1,531
CEO Auto Allowance	10,110	1,217		J,170 		7,950		7,933		1,551
Conferences/staff development	115,779	30,640		85,139		95,445		35,626		59,819
Council member travel	113,777	50,040		05,157		1,000		33,020		1,000
Council member traver						1,000	_		_	1,000
Total Travel	126,189	31,852	<u> </u>	94,337	1	06,260	_	43,893		62,367
Building	471,923	382,186	5	89,737	1	88,018	_	151,849		36,169
Communications										
Telephones	44,325	41,193	3	3,132		17,660		16,285		1,375
Postage		-	-			15,500		14,072		1,428
Total Communications	44,325	41,193		3,132		33,160		30,357	-	2,803
Total Communications	11,323		<u> </u>	3,132	-	33,100	_	30,337	_	2,003
Printing and Supplies										
Printing	1,055	110)	945		545		615		(70)
Supplies	45,740	8,299		37,441		27,060	_	26,828		232
Total Printing and Supplies	46,795	8,409	<u> </u>	38,386		27,605		27,443		162
Contractual Services										
Professional	122,613	78,743	3	43,870	3	02,823		310,444		(7,621)
Other										
Insurance		-	-		2	28,034		227,624		410
Dues and subscriptions	121,975	114,049)	7,926		93,342		71,011		22,331
Rewards and recognition		_				7,450		3,946		3,504
Public notices, employment	750	_	_	750		8,050		5,440		2,610
Advertising and background checks		_	_			2,000		496		1,504
Copier equipment	30,625	22,029		8,596		12,200		8,749		3,451
Computer maintenance	254,352	231,339		23,013	1	01,336		95,766		5,570
Banking services			-	25,015		5,000		5,000		J,J 10
Non-depreciable furniture and equipment	 		-		1	92,952		192,952		
Total Other		367,41					_			
	407,702			40,285		50,364	_	610,984	.	39,380
Total Expenditures	\$ 11,374,381	\$ 10,410,072	<u>\$</u>	964,309	\$ 6,1	97,293	\$	5,459,269	\$	738,024

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULES OF OTHER EXPENDITURES AND CAPITAL OUTLAY -BUDGET TO ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
Other Expenditures			
Property Appraiser fees	\$ 898,031	\$ 822,165	\$ 75,866
Tax Collector fee	2,664,321	1,099,481	1,564,840
Total Other Expenditures	\$ 3,562,352	\$ 1,921,646	\$ 1,640,706
Capital Outlay Furniture, fixtures and equipment	\$ 17,048	\$ 14,175	\$ 2,873
Total Capital Outlay	\$ 17,048	\$ 14,175	\$ 2,873

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHILDREN'S PROGRAMS EXPENDITURES BUDGET TO ACTUAL - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

	Fir Bud		Actual	V	ariance
Quality Childcare Programs					
Bridges Liaison	\$ 6	51,618	\$ 54,937	\$	6,681
Research Specialist	11	17,743	115,327		2,416
Technical Assistance Specialists	1,50	9,732	1,024,315		485,417
Tier Reimbursement Supplements	97	70,000	 840,837		129,163
Total Quality Childcare Programs	2,65	59,093	 2,035,416		623,677
Total Children's Programs Expenditures	\$ 2,65	59,093	\$ 2,035,416	\$	623,677



STATISTICAL SECTION

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NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

		Fiscal Year											
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022			
Governmental Activities:													
Investment in capital assets	\$ 21,672,402	\$ 20,832,932	\$ 19,554,398	\$ 18,952,794	\$ 18,124,662	\$ 17,098,171	\$ 16,451,202	\$ 15,841,371	\$ 15,257,227	\$ 14,694,828			
Restricted													
Unrestricted	68,309,881	59,971,908	52,177,351	46,929,507	49,446,120	45,693,760	42,833,131	47,599,262	58,818,490	65,816,832			
Total Governmental													
Activities, Net Position	\$ 89,982,283	\$ 80,804,840	\$ 71,731,749	\$ 65,882,301	\$ 67,570,782	\$ 62,791,931	\$ 59,284,333	\$ 63,440,633	\$ 74,075,717	\$ 80,511,660			

CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

					Fisc	al Year				
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Expenses:										
Governmental activities:										
Program services:										
Children's programs	\$ 83,045,576	\$ 86,686,474	\$ 91,703,086	\$ 96,768,722	\$ 98,148,862	\$ 105,869,659	\$ 108,485,981	\$ 108,849,511	\$ 108,432,487	\$ 111,892,090
Program administrative support	8,626,141	9,611,044	9,497,225	10,599,901	10,379,993	10,715,687	11,011,891	11,036,773	10,756,241	10,771,841
	91,671,717	96,297,518	101,200,311	107,368,623	108,528,855	116,585,346	119,497,872	119,886,284	119,188,728	122,663,931
Governmental activities:										
Administrative and general	6,490,256	7,095,790	6,842,174	6,051,019	6,178,127	6,150,243	6,250,241	6,502,293	7,245,442	7,542,166
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	\$ 98,161,973	\$103,393,308	\$ 108,042,485	\$ 113,419,642	\$ 114,706,982	\$ 122,735,589	\$ 125,748,113	\$ 126,388,577	\$ 126,434,170	\$ 130,206,097
Program Revenues:										
Governmental activities:										
Operating grants and contributions	\$ 5,419,242	\$ 5,640,202	\$ 7,599,171	\$ 7,493,464	\$ 6,445,350	\$ 4,218,387	\$ 3,084,099	\$ 3,799,318	\$ 4,675,921	\$ 3,958,583
Total Governmental Activities										
Program Revenues	\$ 5,419,242	\$ 5,640,202	\$ 7,599,171	\$ 7,493,464	\$ 6,445,350	\$ 4,218,387	\$ 3,084,099	\$ 3,799,318	\$ 4,675,921	\$ 3,958,583
Net (Expense)/Revenue										
Governmental activities	\$ (92,742,731)	\$ (97,753,106)	\$ (100,443,314)	\$ (105,926,178)	\$ (108,261,632)	\$ (118,517,202)	\$ (122,664,014)	<u>\$ (122,589,259)</u>	\$ (121,758,249)	\$ (126,247,514)
General Revenues:										
Governmental activities:										
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 88,251,774	\$ 88,197,559	\$ 90,722,502	\$ 99,018,241	\$ 108,983,420	\$ 112,434,398	\$ 116,172,110	\$ 124,840,675	\$ 131,993,293	\$ 133,598,896
Investment income & unrealized losses	242,572	138,674	245,095	663,892	562,469	1,193,296	2,731,230	1,655,314	240,379	(1,101,302)
Miscellaneous	213,803	239,430	345,084	394,597	404,224	268,646	253,076	249,570	159,661	185,863
	-		·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		·	·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 88,708,149	\$ 88,575,663	\$ 91,312,681	\$ 100,076,730	\$ 109,950,113	\$ 113,896,340	<u>\$ 119,156,416</u>	\$ 126,745,559	\$ 132,393,333	\$ 132,683,457
Change in Net Position Governmental activities	\$ (4,034,582)	\$ (9,177,443)	\$ (9,130,633)	\$ (5,849,448)	\$ 1,688,481	\$ (4,620,862)	\$ (3,507,598)	\$ 4,156,300	\$ 10,635,084	\$ 6,435,943
Governmental activities	<u>\$ (4,034,362)</u>	\$ (7,1//,443)	φ (2,130,033)	<u>\$ (3,849,448)</u>	φ 1,000, 4 01	<u>φ (4,020,802)</u>	<u>\$ (3,307,398)</u>	⇒ 1,130,300	<u>\$ 10,033,084</u>	ş 0,433,943

FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

Fiscal Year	Noı	nspendable	Assigned	Unassigned	Total General Fund
2013	\$	262,539	\$ 43,647,017	\$ 25,186,108	\$ 69,095,664
2014	*	203,056	20,907,835	39,611,139	60,722,030
2015		363,852	14,843,281	37,636,510	52,843,643
2016		356,262	9,076,761	38,301,542	47,734,565
2017		381,695	10,281,153	39,699,676	50,362,524
2018		382,312	12,210,846	34,268,051	46,861,209
2019		556,567	8,187,008	35,311,707	44,055,282
2020		461,225	4,175,989	44,340,636	48,977,850
2021		556,545	4,537,830	55,185,682	60,280,057
2022		500,408	8,868,237	57,856,200	67,224,845

Note: The above table consists of the General Fund only, since the Special Revenue Fund fund balance is zero for all years.

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

					Fisca	l Year				
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Revenues:										
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 88,250,774	\$ 88,197,559	\$ 90,722,502	\$ 99,018,241	\$108,983,420	\$112,434,398	\$116,172,110	\$124,840,675	\$131,993,293	\$133,598,896
Grant income	5,419,242	5,640,202	7,599,171	7,493,464	6,445,350	4,218,387	3,084,099	3,799,318	4,675,921	3,958,583
Income from Tenants			74,938	75,267	76,220	71,479	69,978	70,414	72,473	67,201
Interest income	242,572	138,674	210,550	615,075	701,549	1,114,625	2,047,884	1,338,938	481,596	558,955
Appreciation/(loss) on investments			34,545	48,817	(139,080)	78,671	683,346	316,376	(241,217)	(1,660,257)
Sponsorship fee and other income	213,803	239,430	261,230	347,883	341,604	199,564	183,098	173,255	84,959	118,662
Total Revenues	94,126,391	94,215,865	98,902,936	107,598,747	116,409,063	118,117,124	122,240,515	130,538,976	137,067,025	136,642,040
Expenditures:										
Program services - children's programs	83,045,576	86,686,474	91,703,086	96,768,722	98,148,862	105,869,659	108,485,980	108,849,511	108,432,487	111,892,090
Program services - administrative support	7,897,886	8,768,331	8,644,106	9,752,600	9,553,792	9,911,338	10,499,513	10,464,612	10,251,890	10,410,072
Administrative and general	4,293,928	5,281,209	4,731,723	4,167,502	4,325,147	4,208,879	4,463,883	4,571,047	5,009,994	5,459,269
Other	1,671,844	1,456,604	1,670,970	1,554,011	1,531,680	1,628,563	1,591,267	1,708,738	2,039,310	1,921,646
Capital outlay	172,265	296,881	31,438	464,993	221,623		5,800	22,500	31,137	14,175
Total Expenditures	97,081,499	102,489,499	106,781,323	112,707,828	113,781,104	121,618,439	125,046,443	125,616,408	125,764,818	129,697,252
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	\$ (2,955,108)	\$ (8,273,634)	\$ (7,878,387)	\$ (5,109,081)	\$ 2,627,959	\$ (3,501,315)	\$ (2,805,928)	\$ 4,922,568	\$ 11,302,207	\$ 6,944,788
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Transfers in	3,003,778	2,154,113	2,187,492	2,434,322	2,321,507	2,402,932	2,389,399	2,282,325	2,162,306	2,033,916
Transfers out	(3,003,778)	(2,154,113)	(2,187,492)	(2,434,322)	(2,321,507)	(2,402,932)	(2,389,399)	(2,282,325)	(2,162,306)	(2,033,916)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (2,955,108)	\$ (8,273,634)	\$ (7,878,387)	\$ (5,109,081)	\$ 2,627,959	\$ (3,501,315)	\$ (2,805,928)	\$ 4,922,568	\$ 11,302,207	\$ 6,944,788

ASSESSED VALUE AND ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year Ended September 30,	Residential Property	Commercial Property	Industrial Property	Other (1)	L	ess: Tax-Exempt Property	Tota Taxal Assessed	ble	Total Council Tax Rate (2)
2013	\$ 118,762,130,930	\$ 16,080,951,616	\$ 4,252,615,724	\$12,107,122,102	\$	25,758,906,056	\$ 125,443	,914,316	0.7300
2014	133,838,509,211	18,192,107,879	3,538,728,868	2,816,124,507		28,063,972,313	130,321	,498,152	0.7025
2015	131,648,730,012	21,696,599,907	4,639,356,160	9,717,953,437		28,145,414,755	139,557	,224,761	0.6745
2016	133,814,975,922	27,834,485,582	3,863,326,594	14,562,044,405		27,380,431,109	152,694	,401,394	0.6677
2017	148,666,146,189	24,863,246,181	4,785,621,547	17,195,822,292		30,001,580,138	165,509	,256,071	0.6833
2018	158,815,174,719	26,298,973,436	5,218,098,747	18,350,304,182		31,422,380,077	177,260	,171,007	0.6590
2019	167,919,886,180	27,513,330,447	5,720,723,948	19,443,932,202		32,342,268,448	188,255	,604,329	0.6403
2020	177,522,913,919	28,867,118,253	6,246,551,684	20,617,680,153		33,776,951,035	199,477	,312,974	0.6497
2021	188,866,489,278	28,757,953,562	6,735,109,304	20,956,654,222		34,469,083,357	210,847	,123,009	0.6497
2022	195,929,740,678	32,538,768,032	7,850,127,167	23,268,291,499		36,954,618,956	222,632	,308,420	0.6233

Note: The basis of assessed value is approximately one hundred percent (100%) of actual value. Property in Palm Beach County is reassessed annually.

Source: Palm Beach County Property Appraiser USECODE-P
(1) Amount includes agricultural property, institutional, government, leasehold interests, non-agricultural acreage and other miscellaneous items.

⁽²⁾ The Council's maximum base rate is \$ 1.00 per \$ 1,000 of assessed taxable value.

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (RATE PER \$1,000 OF ASSESSED VALUE)

_		Council		Overlapping Rates (a)									
Fiscal Year	Basic Direct Rate	Debt Service Rate	Total Rate	Palm Beach County (a)	Palm Beach County School Board (b)	South Florida Water Management District (c)	Florida Inland Navigation District	Health Care District of Palm Beach County					
2013	0.7300	_	0.7300	4.7815	7.5860	0.4289	0.0345	1.0800					
2014	0.7025	_	0.7025	4.9729	7.5940	0.4110	0.0345	1.0800					
2015	0.6745	_	0.6745	4.9729	7.5940	0.3842	0.0345	1.0800					
2016	0.6677	-	0.6677	4.9277	7.5120	0.3551	0.0320	1.0426					
2017	0.6833	-	0.6833	4.9142	7.0700	0.3307	0.0320	0.8993					
2018	0.6590	-	0.6590	4.9023	6.7690	0.3100	0.0320	0.7808					
2019	0.6403	-	0.6403	4.8980	6.5720	0.2936	0.0320	0.7261					
2020	0.6497	-	0.6497	4.8580	7.1640	0.2795	0.0320	0.7261					
2021	0.6497	-	0.6497	4.8124	7.0100	0.2675	0.0320	0.7261					
2022	0.6233	-	0.6233	4.8149	6.8750	0.2572	0.0320	0.7261					

Source: Palm Beach County, Palm Beach County School Board, South Florida Water Management District, Florida Inland Navigation District and Health Care District of Palm Beach County.

- (a) Includes levies for operating and debt service costs.
- (b) Includes local and state board.
- (c) Includes District-at-Large, Okeechobee Basin and Everglades Construction Project Basin.

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		2022			2013	
			Percent			Percent
			to Aggregate			to Aggregate
	Taxes		Taxes	Taxes		Taxes
Taxpayer	Levied	Rank	Levied	Levied	Rank	Levied
Florida Power & Light	\$ 4,074,620	1	2.94%	\$2,310,692	1	2.52%
Town Center at Boca Raton Trust	396,357	2	0.29%	216,261	2	0.24%
Breakers Palm Beach, Inc.	246,129	3	0.18%	131,041	6	0.14%
Gardens Venture LLC	226,306	4	0.16%	143,510	5	0.16%
Boca Owner LLC	211,892	5	0.15%	•		
Blossom Way Holdings LLC	176,248	6	0.13%			
Publix Super Markets Inc	154,650	7	0.11%			
777 South Flagler Associates LLC	149,483	8	0.11%			
U.S. Sugar Corporation	72,265	9	0.05%	155,195	4	0.17%
Minto PBLH LLC	61,817	10	0.04%			
Okeelanta Corporation				104,228	7	0.11%
Bellsouth Telecommunications				174,205	3	0.19%
Comcast				102,214	8	0.11%
TJ Palm Beach Assoc. LTD Partners				89,643	10	0.10%
Panthers BRHC LTD				101,732	9	0.11%
Total Principal Taxpayers	\$ 5,769,767		4.16%	\$3,528,721		3.84%

Source: Palm Beach County, Office of the Tax Collector

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Collected within the Fiscal

			Year of the	Levy			Total Collections to Date			
Fiscal Year Ended September 30,	Taxes Levied for the Fiscal Year	Amount		Percentage of Levy	Collections in Subsequent Years		Amount	Percentage of Levy		
2013	\$ 91,574,057	\$	87,810,006	95.9%	\$	283,203	\$ 88,093,209	96.2%		
2014	91,550,852		87,982,941	96.1%		544,415	88,527,356	96.7%		
2015	94,131,348		90,722,502	96.4%		529,301	91,251,803	96.9%		
2016	101,954,052		99,018,241	97.1%		142,628	99,160,869	97.3%		
2017	113,092,475		108,551,468	96.0%		76,839	108,628,307	96.1%		
2018	116,814,453		112,369,084	96.2%		47,630	112,416,714	96.2%		
2019	120,540,063		115,991,509	96.2%		187,618	116,179,127	96.4%		
2020	129,600,410		124,648,664	96.2%		89,056	124,737,720	96.2%		
2021	136,987,376		131,809,385	96.2%		43,282	131,852,667	96.2%		
2022	138,766,718		133,480,066	96.2%			133,480,066	96.2%		

Source:

Palm Beach County Tax Collector. The Children's Services Council - Finance Division.

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

Year	Population (1)	1		Median Age	Unemployment Rate (3)		
2013	1,345,652	\$ 79,564,774	\$ 57,985	43.90	177,797	7.10%	
2014	1,360,183	93,526,272	66,914	44.20	180,172	6.00%	
2015	1,378,417	97,806,900	68,743	44.30	183,447	5.20%	
2016	1,391,741	103,876,015	71,946	44.00	186,291	5.10%	
2017	1,414,144	109,973,732	74,754	44.40	189,320	3.60%	
2018	1,433,367	118,519,249	79,760	44.40	190,021	3.10%	
2019	1,447,857	124,632,614	83,268	44.20	190,146	3.20%	
2020	1,466,494	131,881,463	87,478	44.20	192,669	7.00%	
2021	1,502,495	150,737,459	100,627	44.30	186,915	4.10%	
2022	1,518,152	N/A	N/A	N/A	190,754	2.60%	

Source:

- (1) Florida Legislature Office of Economic and Demographic Research http://edr.state.fl.us/Content/area-profiles/county/palmbeach.pdf
- (2) The School District of Palm Beach County Annual Comprehensive Financial Report https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1 BZrmCklgvG46lYphPb3hTmD93q2zlQ3
- (3) Business Development Board Palm Beach County https://www.bdb.org/facts-figures/palm-beach-county-labor-trends/
- N/A Not Available

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT AND NINE YEARS AGO

		2022	2013				
	Number of Employees (1)	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment (1)	Number of Employees (1)	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment (1)	
Palm Beach County School District	22,426	1	2.90%	20,810	1	3.30%	
Palm Beach County Government	5,753	2	0.74%	11,000	2	1.70%	
Tenet Healthcare Corp	5,734	3	0.74%	6,100	3	1.00%	
NextEra Energy, Inc.	5,330	4	0.69%	3,804	4	0.60%	
Florida Atlantic University	5,059	5	0.65%	2,980	6	0.50%	
Boca Raton Regional Hospital	3,135	6	0.41%	2,250	10	0.40%	
Veterans Health Administration	2,600	7	0.34%	2,700	8	0.40%	
Hospital Corporation of America (HCA)	2,419	8	0.31%	2,714	7	0.40%	
The Breakers	2,300	9	0.30%				
Baptist Health South Florida *	2,282 *	10	0.30%				
Bethesda Memorial Hospital	´-			2,643	9	0.40%	
G4S	-			3,000	5	0.50%	
Total	57,038		7.38%	58,001		9.20%	

Source:

(1) Business Development Board. https://www.bdb.org/facts-figures/top-employers *Updated figures unavailable at date of publication

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Full-Time Equivalent Employees as of September 30,	Executive Administration and Operations	Talent	Finance	Program Services	Communications	Information Management	Grand Total
2013	3	13	14	49	16	-	95
2014	3	13	13	47	18	-	94
2015	3	14	15	48	7	11	98
2016	3	12	15	50	6	11	97
2017	3	13	15	48	8	13	100
2018	3	13	14	48	8	15	101
2019	3	12	15	50	8	15	103
2020	3	12	15	49	7	15	101
2021	3	12	15	48	6	14	98
2022	8	7	14	45	6	14	94

Source: Children's Services Council of Palm Beach County, Finance Administration.

Note: Communications and Information Management were separated in FY 2015.

Talent and Operations were separated in FY 2022; Operations is included with Executive Administration.

OPERATING INDICATORS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Utilization

Contract/Direct Services:

	Amount Under	Actual Expenditures	Under-
Fiscal Year	Contract (a)	(b)	utilized (c)
2013	100%	94%	6%
2014	100%	97%	3%
2015	100%	93%	7%
2016	100%	95%	5%
2017	100%	93%	7%
2018	100%	96%	4%
2019	100%	96%	4%
2020	100%	93%	7%
2021	100%	91%	9%
2022	100%	93%	7%

- (a) Percentage of contract/direct services budget under contract.
- (b) Percentage of contract/direct services budget spent.
- (c) Percentage of contract/direct services budget contracted but not spent.

General Fund Total Expenditures & Transfers Out as a Percentage of Revenues

Fiscal Year	Budget (d)	Actual (e)			
2013	113%	103%			
2014	114%	109%			
2015	120%	108%			
2016	114%	105%			
2017	108%	98%			
2018	110%	103%			
2019	110%	102%			
2020	106%	96%			
2021	103%	92%			
2022	103%	95%			

- (d) Budgeted expenditures & transfers out as a percent of budgeted revenue.
- (e) Actual expenditures & transfers out as a percent of actual revenue.

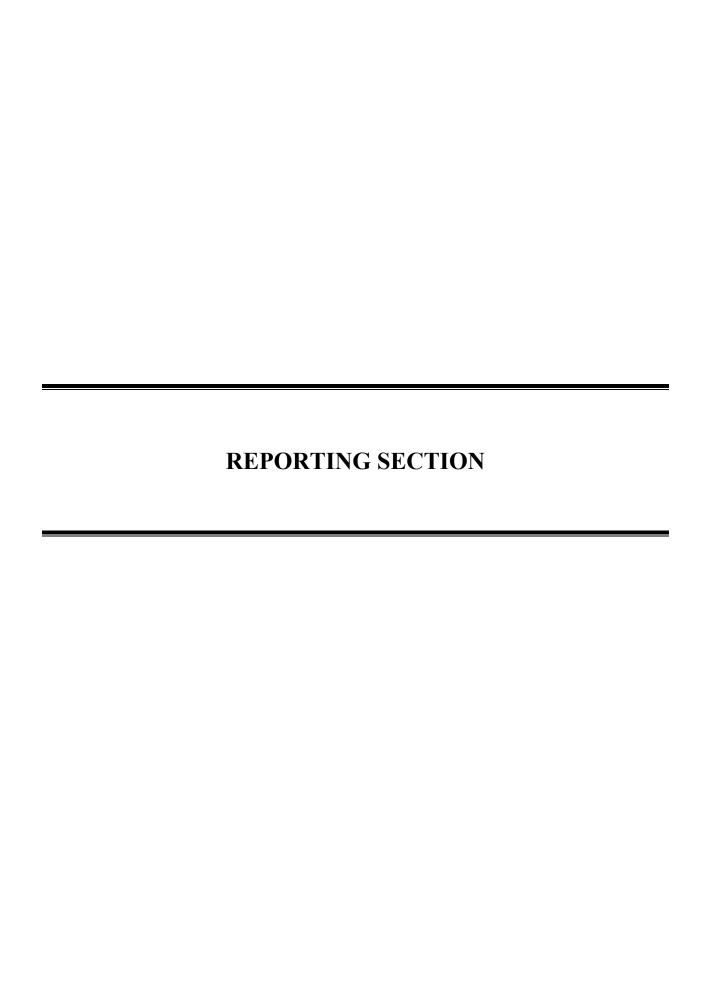
Source: The Children's Services Council - Finance Division

OPERATING BUDGET TRENDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year											
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022		
	Budget											
Quality Childcare Programs	\$ 46,707,039	\$ 48,211,355	\$ 53,676,049	\$ 53,299,633	\$ 54,183,328	\$ 57,533,215	\$ 56,646,666	\$ 56,419,864	\$ 56,239,942	\$ 57,640,113		
Healthy Beginnings Programs	24,841,747	25,346,575	27,206,284	29,405,411	29,570,527	32,826,063	34,753,513	35,451,886	36,432,864	36,812,916		
Bridges Programs	5,420,763	5,367,319	5,558,334	5,815,484	5,673,797	5,952,934	6,032,884	6,163,624	6,111,677	6,331,561		
Initiatives *	11,038,370	10,270,255	12,461,337	12,176,334	10,062,994	10,809,643	11,959,010	13,978,514	15,331,515	14,916,352		
Training & Accountability					4,510,982	3,539,610	3,804,392	4,453,665	4,665,782	4,521,768		
Administration	13,904,622	14,363,086	14,869,273	14,906,468	14,760,324	15,279,336	15,812,683	16,357,988	16,599,714	17,571,674		
Total	\$101,912,541	\$103,558,590	\$113,771,277	\$115,603,330	\$118,761,952	\$125,940,801	\$129,009,148	\$132,825,541	\$135,381,494	\$137,794,384		

Source: Children's Services Council, Finance Division

^{*} Includes \$500,000 Contingency Budget used for Covid-19 Relief in FY 2020.





INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Finance Committee, Board Chair and Council Members Children's Services Council of Palm Beach County

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Children's Services Council of Palm Beach County (the Council) as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Council's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 15, 2023.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Council's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Council's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Council's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Council's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Council's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Council's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

West Palm Beach, FL

Marcun LLP

March 15, 2023



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR THE MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Finance Committee, Board Chair and Council Members Children's Services Council of Palm Beach County

Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

Opinion on the Major Federal Program

We have audited the Children's Services Council of Palm Beach County's (the "Council) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the Council's major federal program for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. The Council's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the Council complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on the Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (Government Auditing Standards); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Council and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Council's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the Council's federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Council's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Council's compliance with the requirements the major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the Council's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of the Council's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Council's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of

compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

West Palm Beach, FL

Marcun LLP

March 15, 2023

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal AL Number	Grant Number/ Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Total Expenditures	Passed Through to Subrecipients
FEDERAL AWARDS				
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Passed through from Healthy Start Coalition of Palm Beach County, Inc. d/b/a Healthy Beginnings of Palm Beach County:				
Medicaid Cluster Medical Assistance Program	93.778	FP076-28	\$ 2,141,231	\$ 2,113,794
Total Medicaid Cluster			2,141,231	2,113,794
Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant to the States	93.994	COSGS	1,181,159	1,161,518
Passed through from Florida Department of Children and Families: Foster Care Title IV-E	93.658	YLJ77	622 042	622.042
	93.038	Y LJ / /	633,942	633,942
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			3,956,332	3,909,254
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 3,956,332	\$ 3,909,254

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 1 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of Children's Services Council of Palm Beach County (the "Council") under programs of the federal government for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Council, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position of the Council.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE 3 – MATCHING REQUIREMENTS

Certain grants funded by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services ("HHS") include State matching funds and maintenance of effort funding requirements. The Medical Assistance Program (CFDA 93.778) under Contract FP076-28 and the Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant to the States (CFDA 93.994) under Contract COSGS include State matching funding from the State of Florida Department of Health ("DOH"). The State matching amounts are considered part of the federal award and therefore are not considered State financial assistance subject to Section 215.97, Florida Statutes, the Florida Single Audit Act. The amounts designated as matching funds for federal award programs are summarized as follows:

	CFDA	
Federal Award	Number	Amount
Medical Assistance Program (Cluster)	93.778	\$ 731,016
Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant		
to the States	93.994	880,787
Totals		\$ 1,611,803

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 4 – INDIRECT COST RATE

The Council has elected not to use the 10% de minimus indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

SECTION I – SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS						
Type of auditors' report issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with GAAP: Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified?	Unmodified Opinion Yes X No					
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	Yes X None Reported					
Noncompliance material to financial statement noted?	Yes <u>X</u> No					
FEDERAL AWARDS						
Internal control over its major federal program: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	Yes X No Yes X None Reported					
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for its major federal program:	Unmodified Opinion					
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	Yes <u>X</u> No					
IDENTIFICATION OF MAJOR PROGRAM						
Federal Program	AL No.					
Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant to to the States	93.994					
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	<u>\$ 750,000</u>					
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	<u>X</u> YesNo					

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

None

SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARDS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

None

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

I. PRIOR YEAR FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

None

II. PRIOR YEAR FEDERAL AWARDS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

None



MANAGEMENT LETTER IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA

To the Finance Committee, Board Chair and Council Members Children's Services Council of Palm Beach County, FL

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the Children's Services Council of Palm Beach County (the Council), Florida, as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, and have issued our report thereon dated March 15, 2023.

Auditors' Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance); and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control over Compliance Required By Uniform Guidance; Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs; Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings; and Independent Accountants' Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports and schedules, which are dated March 15, 2023, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding financial audit report. There were no recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The Council is a special independent taxing district authorized under the Laws of Florida Statutes Chapter 86-196. Also, as discussed in Note 1, the Council included Prevention Partnerships for Children, Inc. a not-for-profit 501(c)(3) corporation, as a blended component unit of the Council.

Financial Condition and Management

Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the Council met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the Council did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the Council. It is management's responsibility to monitor the Council's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and review of financial information provided by same. The assessment was done as of the fiscal year end.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Special District Component Units

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.c., Rules of the Auditor General, requires, if appropriate, that we communicate the failure of a special district that is a component unit of a county, municipality, or special district, to provide the financial information necessary for proper reporting of the component unit within the audited financial statements of the county, municipality, or special district in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we did not note any special district component units that failed to provide the necessary information for proper reporting in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statutes.

Specific Information

As required by Section 218.39(3)(c), Florida Statutes, and Section 10.554(1)(i)6, Rules of the Auditor General, the Council reported:

- a. The total number of employees compensated in the last pay period of the Council's fiscal year as 96.
- b. The total number of independent contractors to whom nonemployee compensation was paid in the last month of the Council's fiscal year as 43.

- c. All compensation earned by or awarded to employees, whether paid or accrued, regardless of contingency as \$9,136,211.
- d. All compensation earned by or awarded to nonemployee independent contractors, whether paid or accrued, regardless of contingency as \$1,973,156.
- e. Each construction project with a total cost of at least \$65,000 approved by the Council that is scheduled to begin on or after October 1 of the fiscal year being reported, together with the total expenditures for such project as none.
- f. A budget variance based on the budget adopted under Section 189.016(4), Florida Statutes, before the beginning of the fiscal year being reported if the Council amends a final adopted budget under Section 189.016(6), Florida Statutes, as noted in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget to Actual General Fund.

Specific Information for an Independent Special District That Imposes Ad Valorem Taxes

As required by Section 218.39(3)(c), Florida Statutes, and Section 10.554(1)(i)7, Rules of the Auditor General, the Council reported:

- a. The millage rate or rates imposed by the Council as .6233.
- b. The total amount of ad valorem taxes collected by or on behalf of the Council as \$133,598,896.
- c. The total amount of outstanding bonds issued by the Council and the terms of such bonds as none.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Finance Committee, the Board Members, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

West Palm Beach, FL

Marcun LLP

March 15, 2023



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE PURSUANT TO SECTION 218.415 FLORIDA STATUTES

To the Finance Committee, Board Chair and Council Members Children's Services Council of Palm Beach County

We have examined Children's Services Council of Palm Beach County's (the "Council") compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, Local Government Investment Policies, for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. Management of the Council is responsible for the Council's compliance with the specified requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Council's compliance with the specified requirements based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Council complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the Council complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Council's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Council complied, in all material respects, with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

This report is intended solely to describe our testing of compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, and is not suitable for any other purpose.

West Palm Beach, FL March 15, 2023

Marcune LLP