FISCAL YEAR 2022 CITY OF PENSACOLA COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY

(A Component Unit of the City of Pensacola, Florida)

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ending September 30, 2022



City of Pensacola, Florida Grover C. Robinson, IV, Mayor GIA

CITY OF PENSACOLA COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY (A Component Unit of the City of Pensacola, Florida)

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

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AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022



Prepared by: Financial Services Department

> Amy Lovoy Finance Director

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CITY OF PENSACOLA COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY (A Component Unit of the City of Pensacola, Florida)

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Independent Auditors' Report	1-3
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4-12
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Government-wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	13
Statement of Activities	14
Fund Financial Statements	
Governmental Funds Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet	15-16
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position	17
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	18-19
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	20
Notes to Financial Statements	
Note I – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies	21-29
Note II – Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability	29
Note III – Detail Notes on All Funds	30-36
Note IV – Other Information	37-41
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (OTHER THAN MD&A)	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – Community Redevelopment Agency Fund	42
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – Urban Core Redevelopment Agency Fund	43
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – Eastside Tax Increment Financing District Fund	44
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – Westside Tax Increment Financing District Fund	45

CITY OF PENSACOLA COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY (A Component Unit of the City of Pensacola, Florida)

TABLE OF CONTENTS (CONTINUED)

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – CRA Debt Service Fund	46
COMPLIANCE SECTION	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	47-48
Independent Accountants' Report on Examination of Compliance Requirements in Accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.	49
Management Letter	50-52



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board Members Community Redevelopment Agency City of Pensacola, Florida

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the City of Pensacola Community Redevelopment Agency (the "Agency"), a component unit of the City of Pensacola, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Agency's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Agency as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Agency and to meet our ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relation to our audit. We believe the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Agency's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report

that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exits. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Agency's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison schedules, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Supplementary Information

The budgetary comparison schedule for the debt service fund is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated March 23, 2023, on our consideration of the Agency's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Agency's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Warren averett. LLC

Pensacola, Florida March 23, 2023

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis

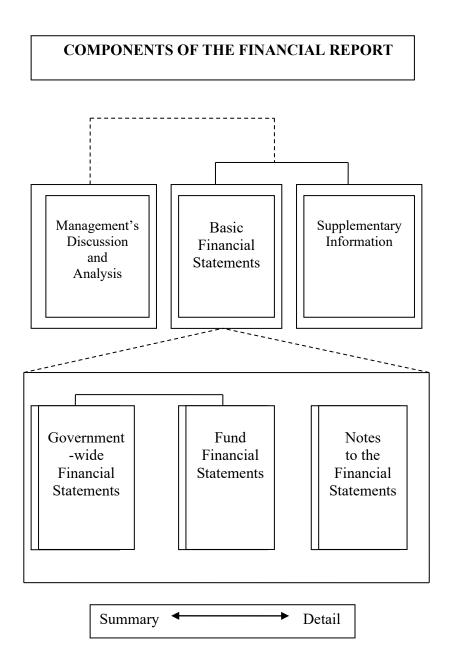
The Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") of the City of Pensacola Community Redevelopment Agency (the "Agency") is designed to provide the reader a narrative overview of the Agency's financial activity for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. Specifically, this information is designed to assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, provide an overview of the Agency's financial activity and identify any changes in the Agency's financial position. This MD&A should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes.

Financial Highlights

- As shown on the Statement of Net Position, the Agency's liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded its assets (net position) as of September 30, 2022, by \$62,305,698. The negative net position is a result of the various interlocal agreements whereby the Agency has pledged Tax Increment Revenues to repay long-term obligations which do not result in an asset for the Agency. These obligations included notes payable of \$66,760,248 and due to other governments of \$6,500,00. The Agency projects sufficient future Tax Increment Revenues to repay such obligations in full before the sunset of the Community Redevelopment Areas. Until then these obligations will continue to negatively impact unrestricted net position for future periods until all obligations have been paid in full.
- As shown on the Statement of Activities, the Agency's negative net position of \$62,305,698 improved by \$4,652,502 (6.9%) over the fiscal year 2021 negative net position of \$66,958,200. The primary reason for the increase in net position was related to a \$3,248,068 reduction in long term obligations as a result of annual payments and an increase of \$1,067,268 in community redevelopment project funding as a result of unspent project funds.
- As shown on the Balance Sheet, the Agency's assets exceeded its liabilities (fund balance) as of September 30, 2022 by \$12,352,202. Of the \$12,352,202 in fund balance, \$136 is related to prepaid insurance cost and therefore is considered non-spendable, \$8,242,502 is restricted to be spent on community redevelopment projects due to enabling legislation and \$4,109,564 is committed to be spent on community redevelopment projects due to Agency action. For an explanation on the fund balance restrictions, refer to the Fund Balance section of Notes.
- As shown on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances, the Agency's fund balance of \$12,352,202 increased by \$1,410,822 (12.9%) over the fiscal year 2021 fund balance of \$10,941,380. Total revenues increased by \$1,615,918 over the prior fiscal year. Tax Increment Revenues increased by \$1,020,389 due to increased property values. Agency fund expenditures and other financing uses increased over the prior fiscal year by \$1,619,704 mainly due to increases in principal and interest payments on long-term obligations. For a detailed explanation of these fluxes by fund refer to the Government-Wide Financial Analysis section of Management's Discussion and Analysis.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Agency's basic financial statements. These statements have three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements. Following is a chart that illustrates the components of the report.



Government-Wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Agency's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents financial information on all the Agency's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. This statement combines and consolidates governmental funds current financial resources (short-term spendable resources) with capital assets and long term obligations. Over time, increases and decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Agency is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the Agency's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of the related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal years (e.g., revenue in connection with receivables which are not considered available to liquidate liabilities of the current period).

Both the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Agency that are principally supported by tax increment revenues (intergovernmental revenues). The governmental activities of the Agency include general government and community development. The Agency has no business-type activities.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Agency, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate legal compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The Agency utilizes four special revenue funds and one debt service fund. Monies from each of the special revenue funds are transferred as needed, based upon the bond covenants, to the debt service fund.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Since the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. This allows readers to better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund

statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Governmental fund information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the Community Redevelopment Agency Fund, Urban Core Redevelopment Trust Fund, Eastside Tax Increment Financing District Fund, Westside Tax Increment Financing District Fund and CRA Debt Service Fund, all of which are considered to be major funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to gain a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes can be found after the financial statements of this report.

Other information

This report additionally includes Required Supplementary Information (RSI) containing budgetary comparisons schedules of the Agency's Community Redevelopment Agency Fund, Urban Core Redevelopment Trust Fund, Eastside Tax Increment Financing District Fund and Westside Tax Increment Financing District Fund. It is useful to compare the information and amounts presented for governmental funds with its corresponding budget to ensure compliance with the budget and provide an analysis of significant budgetary variances. Other Supplementary Information (OSI) contains budgetary comparisons schedules of the Agency's debt service funds.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

The Agency adopted the government-wide financial statement presentation. This reporting structure and measurement focus using accrual accounting for all of the government's activities was mandated by the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments*.

The following pages include a summary version of the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Changes in Net Position as reported in the basic financial statements section for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2022 and 2021. Over time, the Agency's net position and changes thereof may serve as a useful indicator of the Agency's financial position.

Any debt issued to finance capital at the request of the Agency, for use in accordance with the redevelopment plan, is issued by the City of Pensacola, Florida ("City"). Capital assets acquired with debt proceeds are contributed to the City. Therefore, any outstanding debt issued to finance such capital will have a negative effect on the Agency's net position until such debt is paid off.

CITY OF PENSACOLA COMMUNITY REDEVLOPMENT AGENCY (A Component Unit of the City of Pensacola) Summary Statement of Net Position As of September 30,

		Governmental Activities					
	_	2022	_	2021			
Current and other assets	\$	12,769,281	\$	11,056,027			
Total assets	_	12,769,281	_	11,056,027			
Current and other liabilities		4,740,837		4,425,705			
Noncurrent liabilities		70,012,180		73,260,248			
Total liabilities	_	74,753,017	_	77,685,953			
Total deferred inflows of resources		321,962	_	328,274			
Net position:							
Restricted		12,352,202		10,941,380			
Unrestricted		(74,657,900)		(77,899,580)			
Total net position	\$	(62,305,698)	\$	(66,958,200)			

The Agency's total net position increased by \$4.65 million. The increase in assets is a result of increased cash and investments while the decrease in liabilities is a result of decreases in debt service obligations and due to other governments.

Restricted net position are resources subject to external restriction on how they may be used. Such restrictions could include reserves for debt service or community redevelopment projects. Any residual resources flow to unrestricted net position. Unrestricted net position for governmental activities is negative as a result of the various interlocal agreements whereby the Agency has pledged Tax Increment Revenues to repay long-term obligations which do not result in an asset for the Agency. The Agency projects sufficient future Tax Increment Revenues to repay such obligations in full before the sunset of the Community Redevelopment Areas. These obligations will continue to negatively impact unrestricted net position for future periods until all obligations have been paid in full. These obligations include the Agency's long-term contribution to the Emerald Coast Utilities Authority and the Agency's various Notes Payable. Detailed information on these obligations can be found in Notes to the Financial Statements; Note III.D and Note IV.B.

The Statement of Activities as presented on the following page shows changes in the Agency's net position for fiscal years ended September 30, 2022 and 2021. All changes in the net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Revenues and expenses are reported in this statement, for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

CITY OF PENSACOLA COMMUNITY REDEVLOPMENT AGENCY (A Component Unit of the City of Pensacola) Summary Statement of Changes in Net Position Year Ended September 30,

		Governmental Activities					
	-	2022		2021			
Revenues:	-		-				
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$	15,829	\$	9,262			
General revenues:							
Tax increment revenues		9,580,913		8,560,524			
Investment earnings		44,115		55,229			
Other		25,000					
Total revenues	-	9,665,857	-	8,625,015			
Expenses:							
General government		2,810,491		1,755,782			
Interest on long-term debt	_	2,202,864	_	2,264,221			
Total expenses	-	5,013,355		4,020,003			
Change in Net Position	-	4,652,502		4,605,012			
Net position at beginning of year	-	(66,958,200)	· -	(71,563,212)			
Net position at end of year	\$	(62,305,698)	\$	(66,958,200)			

The Agency's change in net position of \$4,652,502 improved by \$47,490 over the prior fiscal year. The primary reason for the increase in net position was related to a revenue increase of \$1,040,842 and expense increase of \$993,352 over the prior fiscal year. Tax Increment Revenues increased by \$1,020,389 due to increased property values. Expenditures increased by \$1,054,709 related to the ongoing Agency's projects.

Financial Analysis of the Agency's Funds

The Agency uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the Agency's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of expendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Agency's financing requirements. In particular, the ability for the Agency to meet current operating needs. As of September 30, 2022, the Agency's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$12,352,202, an increase of \$1,410,822 (12.9%) over the prior fiscal year total of \$10,941,380.

Below is a comparative chart of revenues verses expenditures for the Agency's funds; Community Redevelopment Agency Fund (CRA Fund), Urban Core Redevelopment Trust Fund (Urban Core Fund), Eastside Tax Increment Financing District Fund (Eastside Fund), Westside Tax Increment Financing District Fund (Westside Fund) and CRA Debt Service Fund.

Urban Core								CRA Debt
		CRA Fund	Fund		Eastside Fund		Westside Fund	Service Fund
Fiscal Year 2022								
Revenues and other sources	\$	4,054,169 \$	8,083,603	\$	297,742	\$	1,208,895 \$	4,473,098
Expenditures and other outlays		(3,622,597)	(8,083,603)	_	(227,200)	_	(643,741)	(4,129,544)
Increase (decrease) in fund balance	\$	431,572 \$	0 5	\$_	70,542	\$	565,154 \$	343,554
Fiscal Year 2021								
Revenues and other sources	\$	3,434,917 \$	7,508,831 \$	\$	241,469	\$	818,284 \$	4,498,088
Expenditures and other outlays		(2,918,586)	(7,508,831)	_	(163,702)	_	(356,237)	(4,139,625)
Increase (decrease) in fund balance	\$	516,331 \$	0 5	\$_	77,767	\$	462,047 \$	358,463

The Community Redevelopment Agency Fund was created to account for the development projects in the Urban Core Community Redevelopment Area as well as administrative cost associated with running the program. The Community Redevelopment Agency had a total fund balance at fiscal year-end of \$6,250,988, an increase of \$431,572. All funds are restricted to be spent on CRA operations, community development projects in the Urban Core CRA district and repayment of debt. The increase in revenues of \$619,252 is due to increase in tax increment revenues. The expenditures increased by \$704,011 from the prior year. The majority of the increase can be explained by the increase of expenditures related to community redevelopment projects. In addition, the personnel service increased \$185,560 due to one additional position added in fiscal year 2022 and an increase in salaries.

The Urban Core Redevelopment Trust Fund was created to account for the tax increment receipts collected in the Urban Core Community Redevelopment Area. The receipts collected throughout the year are transferred to the Community Redevelopment Agency Fund and the CRA Debt Service Fund in order to pay for CRA operations, debt service and community development projects in the Urban Core CRA district. The Urban Core Redevelopment Trust Fund had a total fund balance at year-end of \$0.

The Eastside Tax Increment Financing District Fund was created to account for the tax increment receipts and development projects in the Urban Infill and Redevelopment Area as well as administrative cost associated with running the program. The Eastside Tax Increment Financing District Fund had a total fund balance at fiscal year-end of \$822,812, an increase of \$70,542. All funds are restricted to be spent on operations, community development projects and repayment of debt in the Eastside CRA district. The increase in revenues over the prior fiscal year is due to increased property values. Expenditures increased \$53,370 related to community development projects.

The Westside Tax Increment Financing District Fund was created to account for the tax increment receipts and development projects in the Urban Infill and Redevelopment Area as well as administrative cost associated with running the program. The Westside Tax Increment Financing District Fund had a total fund balance at fiscal year-end of \$1,449,783 an increase of \$565,154. All funds are restricted to be spent on operations, community development projects and repayment of debt in the Westside CRA district. The increase in revenues over the prior

fiscal year is due to increased property values. The increase in expenditures is related to an increase in façade grants and street projects.

The CRA Debt Service Fund had a total fund balance at fiscal year-end of \$3,828,619 which is restricted for debt service payments on the Eastside Redevelopment Revenue Bond, Series 2017, Westside Redevelopment Revenue Bond, Series 2017, Urban Core Redevelopment Revenue Bond, Series 2017 and Urban Core Redevelopment Refunding and Improvement Revenue Bond, Series 2019. The fund balance increase of \$343,554 is related to an increase in the debt service reserves on the Urban Core Redevelopment Refunding and Improvement Revenue Bond, Series 2019. The increase in revenues and expenditures is related to the increase in debt services payments.

Agency Budgetary Highlights

Agency bylaws state that unless expressly provided otherwise by law or action of the Agency, ordinances, policies and rules of procedure for the City of Pensacola shall apply to the Agency. As part of the City's budget procedures, budget is controlled within each fund are at the line item. As long as the total appropriations of the fund are not changed, amounts may be transferred between line items within a fund, provided no transfer shall be made contrary to Florida Statute. In order to be compliant with Florida Statutes, any budget transfer that changes the total appropriations of the fund requires Agency and City action through a budget resolution or amendment.

The final appropriations in the Community Redevelopment Agency Fund as compared with the original budget increased by \$4,817,840 in fiscal year 2022. The primary reason for the increase relates to carryforwards from the prior fiscal year budget to cover open encumbrances and projects.

The final appropriations in the Eastside Tax Increment Financing District Fund as compared with the original budget increased by \$752,269 in fiscal year 2022. The primary reason for the increase relates to carryforwards from the prior fiscal year budget to cover open encumbrances and projects.

The final appropriations in the Westside Tax Increment Financing District Fund as compared with the original budget increased by \$884,629 in fiscal year 2022. The primary reason for the increase relates to carryforwards from the prior fiscal year budget to cover open encumbrances and projects.

Long-term Debt

As of September 30, 2022, the Agency had total bonded debt of \$66,760,248 million a reduction of \$1,892,571 from the prior fiscal year. The decrease in long-term debt is a result of scheduled principal payments. Total bonded debt includes:

	 Governmental Funds					
	2022	2021				
Eastside Redevelopment Revenue Bond, Series 2017	\$ 1,043,000 \$	1,096,000				
Westside Redevelopment Revenue Bond, Series 2017	3,258,000	3,423,000				
Urban Core Redevelopment Revenue Bond, Series 2017	7,310,000	7,465,000				
Urban Core Redevelopment Revenue Bond, Series 2019	55,149,248	56,668,819				
Total	\$ 66,760,248 \$	68,652,819				

As of September 30, 2022, the only bonded debt the Agency had outstanding were bank issued. Therefore, there will not be any ratings on these issues unless the City specifically request a review by one of the rating agencies. Additional detail about long-term debt can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements; Note III, Long-term liabilities.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The Agency primarily relies on TIF revenues to assist with the operations of the Agency. Based on estimated property valuations, the Agency's budget for fiscal year 2023 versus the fiscal year 2022 beginning budget includes an increase in Tax Increment Financing ("TIF") revenues of 13% in the Urban Core Tax Increment Financing District, 28% in the Eastside Tax Increment Financing District and a 33% increase in the Westside Tax Increment Financing District. Focus will continue to be placed on redevelopment programs and projects which include affordable housing, complete streets, and parks and public space projects and residential and commercial property improvement programs. For fiscal year 2023, the following table shows the composition of the total budgeted expenditures:

	1	Urban Core	_	Eastside	_	Westside	_	Total
Core operations	\$	2,383,100	\$	115,200	\$	145,200	\$	2,643,500
Development programs and projects		1,380,700		172,100		1,177,500		2,730,300
Debt service payments and reserves		5,353,700		89,800		279,500		5,723,000
Total Expenditures	\$	9,117,500	\$	377,100	\$	1,602,200	\$	11,096,800

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Agency's finances for all those with an interest in the Agency's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of the Finance Director, PO Box 12910, Pensacola, Florida 32521. The City of Pensacola's website address is www.cityofpensacola.com.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT

CITY OF PENSACOLA COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY (A Component Unit of the City of Pensacola, Florida) STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Current assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,649,587
Investments	3,257,913
Prepaids and deposits	136
Accrued Interest	9
Lease Receivable	11,462
Restricted assets	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	2,851,888
Investments	1,998,286
Total assets	12,769,281
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities	•
Accounts payable	\$ 15,745
Contracts payable	258,597
Contracts payable - retainage	2,997
Due to other governments	27,065
Compensated absences payable	
Deposits	101,000
Payable from restricted assets	
Due to other governments	1,300,000
Notes payable	1,948,068
Accrued interest payable	1,087,365
Total current liabilities	4,740,837
Noncurrent liabilities	
Due to other governments	5,200,000
Notes payable	64,812,180
Total noncurrent liabilities	70,012,180
Total liabilities	74,753,017
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred gain on early retirement	310,287
Related to leases	11,675
Total deferred inflows of resources	321,962
NET POSITION	
Restricted for	
Debt service	3,828,619
Community redevelopment	8,523,583
Unrestricted (deficit)	(74,657,900)
Total net position (deficit)	\$ (62,305,698)
	* (02,000,000)

CITY OF PENSACOLA COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY (A Component Unit of the City of Pensacola, Florida) STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Function/Programs Governmental activities:		Expenses	Cha	m Revenues arges for ervices		Net (Expenses) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	
General government	\$	2,810,491	\$	15,829	\$	(2,794,662)	
Interest on long-term debt		2,202,864				(2,202,864)	
Total governmental activities		5,013,355		15,829		(4,997,526)	
	Gener a Tax Inter Insu Tot		9,580,913 44,115 25,000 9,650,028 4,652,502				
	Change in net position						
	Net po		(66,958,200)				
	Net po	\$_	(62,305,698)				

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CITY OF PENSACOLA COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY (A Component Unit of the City of Pensacola, Florida) BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Community Redevelopment Agency		Urban Core Redevelopment Trust	Ē	Eastside Tax Increment inancing District
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Prepaids and deposits Accrued Interest Lease Receivable Restricted assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,272,757 2,293,185 136 9 11,462 600,671	\$	\$	498,196 349,080
Investments		420,884			
Total assets	\$	6,599,104	\$ 0	\$	847,276
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable Contracts payable Contracts payable - retainage Due to other funds Deposits	\$	10,654 198,253 2,997 23,537 101,000	\$	\$	5,008 18,344 1,112
Total liabilities		336,441	0	_	24,464
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Related to leases Total deferred inflows of resources	-	11,675 11,675	0	-	0
FUND BALANCE					
Non-spendable Restricted Committed		136 2,141,288 4,109,564			822,812
Total fund balances		6,250,988	0	_	822,812
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	6,599,104	\$ 0	\$	847,276
					(continued)

(continued)

CITY OF PENSACOLA COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY (A Component Unit of the City of Pensacola, Florida) BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Westside Tax Increment Financing District			CRA Debt Service Fund	-	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	878,634	\$		\$	4,649,587
Investments		615,648				3,257,913
Prepaids and deposits						136
Accrued Interest						9
Lease Receivable						11,462
Restricted assets				0.054.047		0.054.000
Cash and cash equivalents				2,251,217		2,851,888
Investments			-	1,577,402	-	1,998,286
Total assets	\$	1,494,282	\$_	3,828,619	\$	12,769,281
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	83	\$		\$	15,745
Contracts payable		42,000				258,597
Contracts payable - retainage						2,997
Due to other funds		2,416				27,065
Deposits			_		-	101,000
Total liabilities		44,499	-	0	-	405,404
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Related to leases			_		-	11,675
Total deferred inflows of resources		0	-	0	-	11,675
FUND BALANCE						
Non-spendable						136
Restricted		1,449,783		3,828,619		8,242,502
Committed			-		-	4,109,564
Total fund balances		1,449,783	-	3,828,619	-	12,352,202
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	1,494,282	\$_	3,828,619	\$	12,769,281

CITY OF PENSACOLA COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY (A Component Unit of the City of Pensacola, Florida) RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Ending fund balance - governmental funds	:	\$ 12,352,202
Amounts reported in the governmental activities in the Statement of Net different because:	Position are	
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period an are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Notes payable	(66,760,248)	
Deferred gain on refunding	(310,287)	
Due to other governments	(6,500,000)	
Accrued interest payable	(1,087,365)	 (74,657,900)
Net Position (deficit)		\$ (62,305,698)

CITY OF PENSACOLA COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY (A Component Unit of the City of Pensacola, Florida) STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Community Redevelopment Agency	Urban Core Redevelopment Trust	Eastside Tax Increment Financing District	
Revenues:				
Tax increment revenues	\$	\$ 8,083,603	\$ 294,629	
Charges for services	15,829	. , ,	. ,	
Interest earnings	22,974		3,113	
Other	25,000		·	
Total revenues	63,803	8,083,603	297,742	
Expenditures:				
Current -				
General government	3,622,597		122,754	
Debt service -				
Principal retirement				
Interest			15,000	
Total expenditures	3,622,597	0	137,754	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(3,558,794)	8,083,603	159,988	
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	3,990,366			
Transfers (out)		(8,083,603)	(89,446)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	3,990,366	(8,083,603)	(89,446)	
Net Change in fund balances	431,572	0	70,542	
Fund balances at beginning of year	5,819,416	0	752,270	
Fund balances at end of year	\$6,250,988	\$0	\$822,812_	
			(continued)	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CITY OF PENSACOLA COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY (A Component Unit of the City of Pensacola, Florida) STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Westside Tax Increment Financing District			CRA Debt Service Fund		Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:			-		-	
Tax increment revenues	\$	1,202,681	\$		\$	9,580,913
Charges for services						15,829
Interest earnings		6,214		11,814		44,115
Other					_	25,000
Total revenues		1,208,895	_	11,814	-	9,665,857
Expenditures:						
Current -						
General government		365,140				4,110,491
Debt service -						
Principal retirement				1,892,571		1,892,571
Interest			_	2,236,973	_	2,251,973
Total expenditures		365,140	_	4,129,544	-	8,255,035
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures		843,755	_	(4,117,730)	-	1,410,822
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in				4,461,284		8,451,650
Transfers (out)		(278,601)	_		_	(8,451,650)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(278,601)	_	4,461,284	-	0
Net Change in fund balances		565,154	-	343,554	-	1,410,822
Fund balances at beginning of year		884,629	_	3,485,065	-	10,941,380
Fund balances at end of year	\$	1,449,783	\$_	3,828,619	\$_	12,352,202

CITY OF PENSACOLA COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY (A Component Unit of the City of Pensacola, Florida) RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 1,410,822
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	1,892,571
Repayment of long-term amounts due to other governments are expenditures in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces the liability in the statement of net position.	1,300,000
Accrued interest expense, reported in the statement of activities, does not require the use of current financial resources in governmental funds.	 49,109
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 4,652,502

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

NOTE I. - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The summary of significant accounting policies of the City of Pensacola Community Redevelopment Agency (Agency) is presented to assist the reader in interpreting the basic financial statements. The policies are considered essential and should, therefore, be read in conjunction with the basic financial statements.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting. Statements and Interpretations of the GASB have been applied in the preparation of these financial statements.

A. Reporting Entity

Community Redevelopment Agencies (CRA) are a common governmental tool for redevelopment in the State of Florida and operate on a budget generated by an increase in property taxes within a defined area. Once a CRA is established, an amount equal to a percentage of the increase in property taxes goes to the CRA. This tax increment is used to finance the redevelopment projects and administration of the Agency outlined in the Community Redevelopment Plan. The principal purpose of the Agency, as defined by Florida Statute, is to eliminate and prevent blight, rehabilitate and conserve the redevelopment areas, preserve or enhance the tax base, create affordable housing, reduce crime and to prepare and administer the City's adopted community redevelopment plans.

On September 25, 1980, the City Council made the determination that a blighted area existed in the City, and that there was a need for a redevelopment agency to implement the revitalization of this blighted area. Therefore, Resolution No. 54-80 created the Pensacola Inner City Community Redevelopment Area (reaffirmed by Resolution No. 65-81) and based on this determination, the City Council declared itself the Community Redevelopment Agency (Agency) pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 163, Part III, Florida Statutes (the "Redevelopment Act"). This action, adopted by Resolution No. 55-80, reaffirmed by Resolution No. 65-81 and amended by Resolution 22-10, also outlined the rights, powers, duties, privileges and immunities invested in the Agency. The Agency exists until dissolved by action of the City Council. The City Council selects a chair and a vice-chair from the seven-members of the Agency and approves the annual operating budget. The Agency is considered a blended component unit since the Agency and City has the same governing body and management of the primary government has operational responsibility for the Agency. The Agency is reported as a special revenue fund within the City of Pensacola's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. Florida Statute Section 163.387(8) requires an independent audit of the fund each fiscal year, and submission of a report of such audit.

NOTE I. - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The Pensacola Inner City Community Redevelopment Area is a 1,237-block, 4,611-acre area that encompasses the area bounded by 17th Avenue on the east, Pensacola Bay on the south, Bayou Chico and the City limit line on the west and the city limit line on the north. It accounts for about 31.8% of the City's total land area. Within the Pensacola Inner City Community Redevelopment Area, there exists three Redevelopment Areas. The Urban Core Community Redevelopment Area; the Westside Community Redevelopment Area; and the Urban Infill and Redevelopment Area which is also referred to herein as the Eastside Neighborhood Redevelopment Area.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Agency's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents financial information on all the Agency's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. This statement combines and consolidates governmental funds current financial resources (short-term spendable resources) and long term obligations. Over time, increases and decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Agency is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the Agency's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal years (e.g., earned but unused vacation leave and revenue in connection with receivables which are not considered available to liquidate liabilities of the current period).

Individual fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds which are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

NOTE I. - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Basis of Accounting, Measurement Focus and Financial Presentation

The basis of accounting refers to when revenues, expenditures/expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers for goods, services, or privileges provided, and fines and forfeitures, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Those revenues not clearly defined as program revenues are categorized as general revenue. General revenues include resources such as tax increment revenues, investment earnings, and sale of assets. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity is eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, revenues are considered to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Tax increment revenues, charges for services and investment earnings associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and therefore have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received.

The Agency reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>Community Redevelopment Agency</u> - to administer the programs and projects identified in Urban Core Community Redevelopment Area.

NOTE I. - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

<u>Urban Core Redevelopment Trust</u> - to account for the tax increment development receipts derived from the Urban Core Community Redevelopment Area of which the balance of the fund is transferred to the Community Redevelopment Agency fund and/or the CRA Debt Service fund.

<u>Eastside Tax Increment Financing District</u> - to administer and account for the tax increment revenues associated with programs and projects identified in Eastside Community Redevelopment Area.

<u>Westside Tax Increment Financing District</u> – to administer and account for the tax increment revenues associated with programs and projects identified in Westside Community Redevelopment Area.

<u>CRA Debt Service Fund</u> - to provide monies for payment of the Redevelopment Revenue Bond(s) financed with tax increment financing revenues derived from the Urban Core, Eastside and Westside Tax Increment Financing Districts.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Agency uses restricted resources first, and then use unrestricted resources.

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Agency has defined *cash and cash equivalents* as cash held at a depository and cash on hand for operating purposes and those investments which are short term and highly liquid. Cash equivalents normally consist of treasury bills, certificates of deposit and money market funds.

All monies, which are not legally restricted to separate administration, are pooled together for investment purposes while each individual fund and/or account is maintained on a daily transaction basis. Investment earnings are distributed in accordance with the participating funds' relative equity.

2. Investments

Investments are held by the City on behalf of the Agency. All investments held by the City of Pensacola are reported at fair value.

3. Accounts Receivables

All receivables are shown net of allowance for doubtful accounts.

NOTE I. - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

4. Prepaid Insurance

The Agency accounts for property insurance premiums using the consumption method. Property insurance premiums for both governmental and enterprise funds are paid quarterly, with a term year beginning May 1st resulting in a prepaid insurance premium for the month of October.

5. Restricted Assets

Certain assets are restricted by specific provisions of bond resolutions or agreements with outside parties. Assets such as these are restricted since their use is limited.

6. Capital Assets

The Agency does not have title to any capital assets as any improvements made with its funding sources are contributed to the City of Pensacola, Florida.

7. Leases

The Agency is a lessor for noncancellable lease of land. The Agency recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources in the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements.

At the commencement of the lease, the Agency initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of the payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of the lease payments received. The deferred inflow is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflow is recognized as revenue over the term of the lease.

The Agency uses its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for the leases.

The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease receipts included in the measurement of the lease receivable is comprised of the following:

- Fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments), plus variable payments from the lessee. For land and building leases that include variable payments, those payments include common area maintenance.
- Residual value guarantee payments that are fixed in substance.
- Any lease incentives.

NOTE I. - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Variable payments that depend on an index or a rate such as the Consumer Price Index or a market rate interest rate are initially measured using the index or market rate at the commencement of the lease.

The Agency monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of the lease receivable and a deferred inflows of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable.

8. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Agency has no items that would qualify for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Agency has two items that qualify for reporting in this category, a deferred gain on refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred gain on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The second is deferred recognition of revenue associated with long-term receivables for the leases of land and buildings. The amount is deferred and amortized over the life of the lease.

9. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as prepaid issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bond issuance costs are expensed when paid. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond refunding gains and losses are deferred and amortized over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter, using the effective interest method. Bond refunding gains are presented as deferred inflows of resources while losses are presented as deferred outflows of resources.

NOTE I. - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recoginize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs (whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received), during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

10. Fund Balance

GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting Governmental Fund Type Definitions, establishes accounting and financial reporting requirements for governmental funds and criteria for classifying fund balances. Accordingly, the governmental fund financial statements report fund equity classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the Agency is legally bound to honor the specific purposes for which amounts in fund balance may be spent. Amounts which are restricted to specific purposes either by a) constraints placed on the use of resources by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation are classified as fund balances. Fund balances for governmental funds are displayed in the following classifications depicting the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used. In accordance with Governmental Accounting and Financial Standards Board Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions,* the Agency classifies fund balance as follows.

Non-Spendable Fund Balance – Amounts that are not in a spendable form or are required to be maintained intact (such as prepaids).

Restricted Fund Balance – Amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by external resource providers or enabling legislation. Restrictions may be changed or lifted only with the consent of the resource providers. Pursuant to Chapter 163, Part III, Florida Statutes, intergovernmental revenues derived from the Tax Increment Revenues fall into this category as well as interest earned on those revenues.

Committed Fund Balance – Amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Agency's highest level of decision-making authority. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by the Agency taking the same formal action that imposed the constraint originally. A Resolution adopted by the Agency establishes a fund balance commitment.

Assigned Fund Balance – Amounts the Agency intends to use for a specific purpose. Assignments of fund balances are made by management based upon the direction of the Board.

NOTE I. - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Unassigned Fund Balance – The residual classification includes amounts that are not contained in the other classifications. Unassigned amounts are the portion of fund balance which is not obligated or specifically designated and is available for any purpose.

For classification of fund balance 1) when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, restricted fund balance is considered to have been spent first 2) when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of unrestricted fund balance classifications can be used, committed amounts should be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts and then unassigned amounts.

11. Net Position

The government-wide financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is categorized as net investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted.

Net Investment in Capital Assets is intended to reflect the portion of net position, which is associated with non-liquid, capital assets less outstanding capital asset related debt. Since The Agency does not have title to any capital assets the Agency has no items that would qualify for reporting in this category.

Restricted Net Position are liquid assets (generated from revenues and net bond proceeds) which are not accessible for general use because of third-party (statutory, bond covenant or granting agency) limitations.

Unrestricted Net Position represents unrestricted assets.

12. Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

NOTE I. - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

13. New Accounting Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 87

In June 2017, the GASB issued Statement NO. 87, "Leases." This Statement requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that were previously classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. As a result of this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. As such, implementation of the Statement occurred in the Agency's fiscal year ending September 30, 2022.

NOTE II. - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

General Budget Policies

In accordance with the City Charter, the Mayor prepares and submits the annual budget and capital program to City Council. In order to be compliant with Florida Statutes, the Agency is required to take action on all budget resolutions and budget amendments of the Agency. Once the budget has been adopted by the Agency, it is then adopted by City Council. Budget amendments are administered in accordance with Chapter 166.241, Florida Statutes, and the procedure established in the Financial Planning and Administration Policy adopted by City Council Resolution. The Agency follows that policy for budget amendments.

Through an Interlocal Agreement, the Agency's activities and administrative services are provided by City of Pensacola. Therefore, budget amendments for the Agency follow the budget policies outlined in the City's Financial Planning and Administration Policy allowing the Mayor (or designee) to authorize budget amendments if the total appropriations of the fund are not changed. Specifically, the Mayor (or designee) shall have the authority to transfer appropriations between expenditure categories and between departments or programmatic activities except that amounts appropriated for capital outlay cannot be transferred to any other expenditure category provided no transfer shall be made from the appropriations that are contrary to Florida Law. Further, management has established budgetary control within each fund at the line-item level.

Authorized staff within the Agency and Financial Services Department may request budget amendments between line items or between departments within a fund subject to final determination by the Finance Director as the Mayor's designee.

Additionally, in accordance with Chapter 166.241, Florida Statutes, appropriations within a fund may only be decreased or increased by resolution with City Council approval. Prior to City Council's adoption of any Agency supplemental budget resolutions a supplemental budget resolution will be approved and confirmed by the Agency. Expenditures for each fund may not legally exceed the total fund appropriation.

NOTE II. – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (Continued)

A legally adopted budget is employed as a control device for the Agency Funds and is budgeted on a limited non-GAAP basis for management control purposes.

Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration. The budget for the subsequent year provides a re-appropriation of funds to complete transactions for outstanding encumbrances.

NOTE III. - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Deposits and Investments

The Agency's investments of \$5,256,199 are in a money market account and certificates of deposits with maturities that range from October 2022 to July 2023 and have a weighted average maturity of one year. These investments are not subject to level disclosure in the fair value hierarchy.

B. Tax Increment Revenues

The Agency's primary source of revenue is tax increment revenues derived from each of the redevelopment areas. This revenue is calculated by taking ninety-five percent of the difference between the amount of ad valorem real property taxes levied by the taxing authority, excluding school districts, water management districts and other taxing entities enumerated in Section 163.387(l)(c), Florida Statutes, each year within each redevelopment area and the amount which would have been produced by the same levy on the assessed value of taxable real property in such redevelopment area in the base year which is the year in which the Redevelopment Trust Fund was established (the "Tax Increment" or "Tax Increment Revenues"). Each taxing authority is required to fund this amount annually, by December 31st, without regard to tax collections or other obligations.

The base year for calculation of the Tax Increment for the Urban Core Community Redevelopment Area is 1983 and the Tax Increment Revenues total \$87,926,570 for the City and Escambia County and \$49,010,270 for the DIB. The sunset date for the Tax Increment Revenues being paid into the Urban Core Community Redevelopment Trust Fund is December 31, 2043 (Fiscal Year 2044).

The base year for calculation of the Tax Increment for the Westside Community Redevelopment Area is 2013 and the Tax Increment Revenues total \$121,903,783. The sunset date for the Tax Increment Revenues being paid into the Westside Community Redevelopment Trust Fund is December 31, 2037 (Fiscal Year 2038).

NOTE III. - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

The base year for calculation of the Tax Increment for the Eastside Neighborhood Redevelopment Area is 2005 and the Tax Increment Revenues total \$19,243,104. The sunset date for the Tax Increment Revenues being paid into the Eastside Neighborhood Redevelopment Trust Fund is December 31, 2045 (Fiscal Year 2046).

C. Accounts Receivable

4. Lease Receivables

The Agency leases building space to third party. As of September 30, 2022, The Agency's leases receivables were valued at \$11,462 and the deferred inflow of resources associated with the leases that will be recognized as revenue over the term of the leases were \$11,645. The lease term is from September 2022 through September 2025 with an option for renewal for a term of 3 years and annual payments of 4,000 plus interest rate of 3%. Revenue recognized in fiscal year 2022 related to the lease was \$121.

	Governmental Activities											
]	Principal	In	terest								
Fiscal Year												
2023	\$	3,707	\$	302								
2024		3,819		181								
2025		3,936		64								
	\$	11,462	\$	547								

D. Interfund Transfers

During the course of operations, transactions occur between individual funds based to revenues received and then transferred to other funds pursuant to debt covenants or operational needs. For the year ended September 30, 2022, interfund transfers are as follows:

Governmental activities:	_	Transfer In	 Transfer Out
Community Redevelopment Agency	\$	3,990,366	
Urban Core Redevelopment Trust			\$ 8,083,603
Eastside Tax Increment Financing District			89,446
Westside Tax Increment Financing District			278,601
CRA Debt Service	_	4,461,284	
Total	\$	8,451,650	\$ 8,451,650

NOTE III. - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Funds from the Urban Core Redevelopment Trust fund is first transferred to the CRA Debt Service fund is to pay debt service on the Urban Core Redevelopment Revenue Bond, Series 2017 and the Urban Core Redevelopment Refunding and Improvement Revenue Bond, Series 2019. Any remaining funds are transferred to the Community Redevelopment Agency fund to pay for operational and capital requirements. Funds from the Eastside Tax Increment Financing District fund is transferred to the CRA Debt Service fund is to pay debt service on the Eastside Redevelopment Revenue Bond, Series 2017. Funds from the Westside Tax Increment Financing District fund is transferred to the CRA Debt Service fund is to pay debt service on Westside Redevelopment Revenue Bond, Series 2017.

E. Long-term Liabilities

1. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Following is a summary of changes in the long-term liabilities for the Agency's year ended September 30, 2022:

Governmental activities:	_	Beginning Balance	 Increases		Decreases	Ending Balance	 Due Within One Year
Due to other governments Notes payable	\$	7,800,000 68,652,819	\$	\$	(1,300,000) \$ (1,892,571)	6,500,000 66,760,248	\$ 1,300,000 1,948,068
Governmental activity long-term liabilities	\$	76,452,819	\$ -	_\$	(3,192,571) \$	73,260,248	\$ 3,248,068

Due to other governments includes an Interlocal agreement between the City of Pensacola and the Agency which committed the Agency to contribute Tax Increment Revenues derived from the Urban Core Community Redevelopment Area to the Main Street Wastewater Treatment Plant Replacement Project (the Project). The Agency committed \$19.5 million towards the project, payable to Emerald Coast Utilities Authority (ECUA) in annual installments of \$1.3 million. The annual \$1.3 million payment is included in general government expenditures since the payment is not considered debt service. For accounting purposes, this is a voluntary non-exchange transaction. In December 2012, ECUA provided documentation which showed all eligibility criteria had been met as of September 30, 2012. Therefore, the long-term liability and expenditure was recorded in the Agency's government-wide financial statements. Since the long-term liability is not due and payable in the current period it is not recorded in the fund financial statements.

NOTE III. - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Notes payable include Interlocal agreements between the City of Pensacola and the Agency which committed the Agency to contribute Tax Increment Revenues derived from the Urban Core Community Redevelopment Area to pay debt service on the Urban Core Redevelopment Revenue Bond, Series 2017 and the Urban Core Redevelopment Refunding and Improvement Revenue Bond, Series 2019; Tax Increment Revenues derived from the Eastside Neighborhood Redevelopment Area to pay debt service on the Eastside Redevelopment Revenue Bond, Series 2017; and Tax Increment Revenues derived from the Westside Community Redevelopment Area to pay debt service on the Eastside Redevelopment Revenue Bond, Series 2017; and Tax Increment Revenues derived from the Westside Community Redevelopment Area to pay debt service on the Westside Redevelopment Revenue Bond, Series 2017. The Agency's outstanding notes payable do not contain any significant events of default with finance-related consequences, termination events with finance related consequences, or subjective acceleration clauses.

2. Individual Notes Payable

Below are the Agency's obligation towards the City's individual long-term notes payable which were outstanding on September 30, 2022:

Governmental activities:

\$1,307,000 Eastside Redevelopment Revenue Bond, Series 2017 was issued for the purpose of financing certain community redevelopment capital improvements in the Eastside Neighborhood Redevelopment Area included in the Eastside Neighborhood Plan and the costs of issuance on the borrowing. The bond has a fixed interest rate of 3.33% commencing April 1, 2018, to and including April 1, 2037, payable each April 1 and October 1 of each year. Principal payments commenced on April 1, 2018, payable April 1 of each year. Debt service payments are secured with Tax Increment Financing (TIF) revenues derived from the Eastside Redevelopment Area and in the event that these revenues are insufficient, the Local Business Tax. Final maturity of principal occurs on April 1, 2037.

\$4,082,000 Westside Redevelopment Revenue Bond, Series 2017 was issued for the purpose of financing certain community redevelopment capital improvements in the Westside Neighborhood Redevelopment Area included in the Westside Neighborhood Plan and the costs of issuance on the borrowing. The bond has a fixed interest rate of 3.33% commencing April 1, 2018, to and including April 1, 2037, payable each April 1 and October 1 of each year. Principal payments commenced on April 1, 2018, payable April 1 of each year. Debt service payments are secured with Tax Increment Financing (TIF) revenues derived from the Westside Redevelopment Area and in the event that these revenues are insufficient, the Local Business Tax. Final maturity of principal occurs on April 1, 2037.

1,043,000

3,258,000

NOTE III. - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

\$8,000,000 Urban Core Redevelopment Revenue Bond, Series 2017 was issued for the purpose of financing certain community redevelopment capital improvements in the Urban Core Redevelopment Area included in the Urban Core Community Redevelopment Plan and the costs of issuance on the borrowing. The bond has a fixed interest rate of 3.60% commencing April 1, 2018, to and including April 1, 2040, payable each April 1 and October 1 of each year. Principal payments commenced on April 1, 2018, payable April 1 of each year. Debt service payments are secured with Tax Increment Financing (TIF) revenues derived from the Urban Core Redevelopment Area and in the event that these revenues are insufficient, a covenant to budget and appropriate non-ad valorem revenues of the City. Final maturity of principal occurs on April 1, 2040.

\$58,140,000 Urban Core Redevelopment Refunding and Improvement Revenue Bond, Series 2019 was issued for the purpose of refunding the outstanding principal balance of the Redevelopment Revenue Bonds, Series 2009B, as well as financing certain community redevelopment capital improvements in the Urban Core Redevelopment Area included in the Urban Core Community Redevelopment Plan and the costs of issuance on the borrowing. The bond has a fixed interest rate of 3.40% commencing October 1, 2019, to and including December 31, 2043, payable each April 1 and October 1 of each year. Principal payments commenced on April 1, 2021, payable April 1 of each year. Debt service payments are secured with Tax Increment Financing (TIF) revenues derived from the Urban Core Redevelopment Area and in the event that these revenues are insufficient, a covenant to budget and appropriate non-ad valorem revenues of the City. Final maturity of principal occurs on December 31, 2043.

55,149,248

7,310,000

Total Governmental Activities

\$ 66,760,248

NOTE III. - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

3. Summary of Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the Agency's long-term notes are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending				Total Principal
September 30,		Principal	Interest	and Interest
2023	\$	1,948,068 \$	2,174,732 \$	4,122,800
2024		2,007,612	2,110,609	4,118,221
2025		2,062,981	2,044,467	4,107,448
2026		2,120,901	1,976,447	4,097,348
2027		2,187,210	1,906,401	4,093,611
2028-2032		14,188,993	8,291,945	22,480,938
2033-2037		16,600,520	5,874,977	22,475,497
2038-2042		17,614,410	3,163,718	20,778,128
2043-2044		8,029,553	377,555	8,407,108
Total		66,760,248	27,920,851	94,681,099
Less: Current	_	1,948,068	-	1,948,068
Total government debt	\$	64,812,180 \$	27,920,851 \$	92,733,031

Governmental Long-Term Debt

4. Revenues Pledged for Debt Repayment

The Agency has pledged future Tax Increment Revenues derived from the Urban Core Redevelopment Area to repay \$8,000,000 in Bond issued in 2017 and a \$56,140,000 Bond issued in 2019. Proceeds from the 2019 bond provided financing to refund \$38,925,000 in outstanding 2009 bonds which financed the construction of a Community Maritime Park. Proceeds of the 2017 bond and remaining proceeds from the 2019 bond provided financing for certain community redevelopment capital improvements in the Urban Core Community Redevelopment Area included in the Urban Core Community Redevelopment Area Plan. The bonds are secured by Tax Increment Revenues derived from the Urban Core Redevelopment Area and in the event that these revenues are insufficient and the City has advanced (an "Advance") non-ad valorem revenues budgeted and appropriated for the payment thereof the Agency shall repay the amount of such Advance to the City plus interest and are payable through 2043. Principal and interest paid for the current year on the 2017 bond was \$314,751 and the 2019 bonds was \$3,446,311 and Tax Increment Revenues for the current year were \$8,083,603.

NOTE III. - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

The Agency has pledged future Tax Increment Revenues derived from the Eastside Redevelopment Area to repay a \$1,307,000 Bond issued in 2017. Proceeds of the bond provided financing for certain community redevelopment capital improvements in the Eastside Neighborhood Redevelopment Area included in the Eastside Neighborhood Plan. The bond is secured by Tax Increment Revenues derived from the Eastside Redevelopment Area and in the event that these revenues are insufficient, the Local Business Tax and are payable through 2037. Principal and interest paid for the current year were \$89,496 and Tax Increment Revenues for the current year were \$294,629.

The Agency has pledged future Tax Increment Revenues derived from the Westside Redevelopment Area to repay a \$4,082,000 Bond issued in 2017. Proceeds of the bond will provide financing for certain community redevelopment capital improvements in the Westside Neighborhood Redevelopment Area included in the Westside Neighborhood Plan. The bond is secured by Tax Increment Revenues derived from the Westside Redevelopment Area and in the event that these revenues are insufficient, the Local Business Tax, and are payable through 2037. Principal and interest paid for the current year were \$278,986 and Tax Increment Revenues for the current year were \$1,202,681.

F. Net Position Deficit

The Agency has a negative net position on the Government-wide Financial Statements of \$62,305,698 as of September 30, 2022. This amount is the result of the various interlocal agreements whereby the Agency has pledged Tax Increment Revenues to repay long-term obligations which do not result in an asset for the Agency.

These obligations included notes payable of \$66,760,248 and due to other governments of \$6,500,000. Based on current projects, the Agency projects sufficient future Tax Increment Revenues to repay such obligations in full before the sunset of the Community Redevelopment Areas. Detailed information on these obligations can be found in Note III.D and Note IV.B of this report.

NOTE IV. – OTHER INFORMATION

A. Related Party Commitments

- 1. Interlocal Agreement Downtown Improvement Board. On September 11, 2020, the Agency and the Pensacola Downtown Improvement Board (DIB) entered into an Interlocal Agreement whereby the Agency agreed to contribute to the DIB an annual amount equal to the funds paid into the Urban Core Redevelopment Trust Fund by the DIB during the most recent tax year, less \$100,000. The primary purpose of the contribution is for economic development, marketing, public realm enhancement and beautification, community policing innovations and to support multi-modal enhancements of Downtown Pensacola, provided such functions are reasonably consistent and compatible with the long-term goals and objectives outlined in the Urban Core Redevelopment Plan. The annual installments to the DIB are paid from Tax Increment Revenues derived from the Urban Core Redevelopment Area. Payments for the year ended September 30, 2022 totaled \$357,534.
- 2. Interlocal Agreement Main Street Wastewater Treatment Plant. On June 26, 2009, the City and the Agency entered into an Interlocal Agreement whereby the Agency agreed to pay the Emerald Coast Utilities Authority \$19.5 million towards the relocation of the Main Street Wastewater Treatment Plant. The obligation was recorded in fiscal year 2012 upon project completion. Annual installments to the Authority of \$1.3 million began in fiscal year 2013 and will extend through fiscal year 2027. The annual installments to the Authority will be paid from Tax Increment Revenues derived from the Urban Core Redevelopment Area and any shortfall paid by the City will be reimbursed by the Agency when funds are available. Payments for the year ended September 30, 2022 totaled \$1,300,000.
- 3. Interlocal Agreement Westside Redevelopment Revenue Bond, Series 2017. On August 15, 2017, the City and the Agency entered into an Interlocal Agreement whereby the Agency agreed that to the extent that Tax Increment Revenues derived from the Westside Community Redevelopment Area are insufficient to fully pay the principal of and interest on the 2017 Westside Bond, and the City has advanced Local Business Tax for the payment thereof in accordance with the terms of Resolution No. 17-38 (the "Westside Bond Resolution") adopted by the City on August 10, 2017 (an "Advance"), the Agency shall repay the amount of such Advance to the City plus interest. The obligation of the Agency to pay the City the amount of any Advance and interest thereon shall be junior and subordinate in all respects to the Agency 's obligation to make payments sufficient to pay the 2017 Westside Bond and any Additional Obligations issued in accordance with the Westside Bond Resolution.

NOTE IV. – OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

- 4. Interlocal Agreement Eastside Redevelopment Revenue Bond, Series 2017. On August 15, 2017, the City and the Agency entered into an Interlocal Agreement whereby the Agency agreed that to the extent that Tax Increment Revenues derived from the Eastside Neighborhood Redevelopment Area are insufficient to fully pay the principal of and interest on the 2017 Eastside Bond, and the City has advanced Local Business Tax for the payment thereof in accordance with the terms of Resolution No. 17-43 (the "Eastside Bond Resolution") adopted by the City on August 10, 2017 (an "Advance"), the Agency shall repay the amount of such Advance to the City plus interest. The obligation of the Agency to pay the City the amount of any Advance and interest thereon shall be junior and subordinate in all respects to the Agency 's obligation to make payments sufficient to pay the 2017 Eastside Bond and any Additional Obligations issued in accordance with the Eastside Bond Resolution.
- 5. Interlocal Agreement Eastside Redevelopment Loan. On September 30, 2016, as amended on August 10, 2017, the City and the Agency entered into an Interlocal Agreement which established the terms and conditions by which the City would provide a loan to the Agency in the principal amount of \$500,000 to finance a portion of the cost associated with the design, construction and acquisition of the General Daniel "Chappie" James, Jr. Museum and Youth Flight Academy. The loan was made from the City's Insurance Retention Fund to the Agency's Eastside TIF District and has a thirty (30) year term with interest only being paid until the twenty (20) year Eastside Redevelopment Revenue Bond, Series 2017 has matured. Principal payments begin December 31, 2037 and end on December 31, 2045. Since the principal repayment on the loan does not start until December 31, 2037, the full interfund balance was reduced and a transfer between the Eastside TIF District Fund and the City was recorded. At the point of repayment, the full long term liability will be recorded and the transfer reversed.
- 6. Interlocal Agreement Urban Core Redevelopment Revenue Bond, Series 2017. On November 15, 2017, the City and the Agency entered into an Interlocal Agreement whereby the Agency agreed that to the extent that Tax Increment Revenues derived from the Urban Core Community Redevelopment Area are insufficient to fully pay the principal of and interest on the 2017 Urban Core Bond, and the City has advanced (an "Advance") non-ad valorem revenues budgeted and appropriated for the payment thereof in accordance with the terms of Resolution No. 33-09 adopted on October 8, 2009 (the "Original Bond Resolution" and as amended and supplemented, the "Bond Resolution"), and the 2017 Urban Core Bond Resolution, the Agency shall repay the amount of such Advance to the City plus interest. The obligation of the Agency to pay the City the amount of any Advance and interest thereon shall be junior and subordinate in all respects to the Agency's obligation to make payments sufficient to pay the 2017 Urban Core Bond, the 2019 Urban Core Bond and any Additional Obligations issued in accordance with the Bond Resolution.

NOTE IV. – OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

- 7. Interlocal Agreement Urban Core Redevelopment Refunding and Improvement Revenue Bond, Series 2019. On July 25, 2019, the City and the Agency entered into an Interlocal Agreement whereby the Agency agreed that to the extent that Tax Increment Revenues derived from the Urban Core Community Redevelopment Area are insufficient to fully pay the principal of and interest on the 2019 Urban Core Bond, and the City has advanced (an "Advance") non-ad valorem revenues budgeted and appropriated for the payment thereof in accordance with the terms of the Original Bond Resolution and Resolution No. 2019-31 adopted by the City on July 25, 2019, the Agency shall repay the amount of such Advance to the City plus interest. The obligation of the Agency to pay the City the amount of any Advance and interest thereon shall be junior and subordinate in all respects to the Agency's obligation to make payments sufficient to pay the 2017 Urban Core Bond, the 2019 Urban Core Bond and any Additional Obligations issued in accordance with the Bond Resolution.
- 8. Interlocal Agreement Administrative Services. On September 22, 2017, as amended on August 13, 2019, the City and the Agency entered into an Interlocal Agreement whereby the City agreed to provide administrative services to the Agency through December 31, 2045. Administrative services include personnel, financial, legal, engineering, planning, purchasing, construction, insurance, title and construction services. All personnel assigned by the City are employees of the City and are not officers, employees or agents of the Agency. As such, the Agency has no pension obligation, other post-employment obligations or other liabilities related to personnel. In consideration of the services, the Agency reimburse the City based on the actual cost of services. Payments for the year ended September 30, 2022 totaled \$692,142.
- 9. Interlocal Agreement Urban Core Maintenance Services. On September 22, 2017, the City and the Agency entered into an Interlocal Agreement whereby the City agreed to provide landscape, park and public space enhancements and accessibility improvement maintenance services on the Agency's behalf through December 31, 2043. These services include the cost to maintain any improvements to various public facilities within the Urban Core Community Redevelopment Area which, pursuant to the Urban Core Community Redevelopment Plan, the Agency has made. In consideration of the services, the Agency will reimburse the City based on the actual cost of services. Payments for the year ended September 30, 2022 totaled \$350,966.

NOTE IV. - OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

- 10. Interlocal Agreement Eastside Maintenance Services. On November 15, 2017, the City and the Agency entered into an Interlocal Agreement whereby the City agreed to provide landscape, park, property management, leasing, accessibility improvement, public space enhancement, and facilities maintenance services on the Agency's behalf through December 31, 2045. These services include the cost to maintain any improvements to various public facilities within the Eastside Community Redevelopment Area which, pursuant to the Eastside Community Redevelopment Plan, the Agency has made. In consideration of the services, the Agency will reimburse the City based on the actual cost of services. Payments for the year ended September 30, 2022 totaled \$17,149.
- 11. Interlocal Agreement Community Policing Innovations. On September 26, 2019, the City and the Agency entered into an Interlocal Agreement whereby the City agreed to provide additional policing services within the Urban Core Community Redevelopment Area through September 30, 2020. These services aim to reduce crime by reducing opportunities for, and increasing perceived risk of engaging in, criminal activity through visible presence of police. In consideration of the services, the Agency will reimburse the City based on the actual cost of services. Payments for the year ended September 30, 2022 totaled \$92,138.
- 12. *CRA Interlocal Agreement Community Maritime Park Stadium Improvements*. On July 23, 2021, the City and the Agency entered into an Interlocal Agreement whereby the Agency agreed to contribute up to \$2,000,000 to fund certain improvements at the Vince Whibbs Sr. Community Maritime Park Blue Wahoos Stadium. Such improvements include, but are not limited to, the conversion of the Blue Wahoos Stadium baseball field from natural grass to synthetic turf and any irrigation changes need to accommodate the conversion, the conversion of the Blue Wahoos Stadium lights to LED, the removal of existing bullpens and construction of new bullpens, the construction of new batting cages, the purchase of additional training tables, dishwashers and surveillance equipment, internet and phone upgrades, replacement of HWC chairs, painting, repairs to seats, flooring, electrical outlets and elevators all in furtherance of maximizing the use and impact of the Vince Whibbs Sr. Community Maritime Park improvements paid for with tax increment revenues derived from the Urban Core Community Redevelopment Area. As of September 30, 2022, \$1,689,068 has been paid towards improvements.

NOTE IV. - OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

B. Risk Management

The Agency is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions and natural disasters. As part of the Interlocal Agreement for administrative services, the City manages the Agency's insurance needs. The City is self-insured with respect to general, auto liability and workers' compensation claims but does carry public official's liability insurance as well as property insurance. The coverage limits and deductibles are as follows:

Primary Coverage	Coverage	Deductible
Public officials	2,000,000	50,000
Property	200,000,000	100,000/3% named wind storm

C. Litigation

The Agency is contingently liable with respect to other lawsuits and other claims incidental to the ordinary course of its operations. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of management, based on the advice of counsel, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the Agency.

D. Contractual, Construction, and Equipment Commitments

The Agency has outstanding commitments for contractual services and for the construction and acquisition of property, plant and equipment at year end. The commitments represent the difference between the contract prices of the various projects and the amounts paid on each contract. Outstanding commitments by fund on September 30, 2022 were:

Community Redevelopment Agency	\$ 261,595
Total	\$ 261,595

NOTE V. – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

No other significant events occurred subsequent to the balance sheet date, as of the date of this report that would have a material impact on the financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF PENSACOLA COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY (A Component Unit of the City of Pensacola, Florida) SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Revenues:	_	Original Budget	_	Final Budget	_	Actual	F	Variance with Final Budget - Positive/(Negative)
Tax increment revenues	\$		\$		\$		\$	
Intergovernmental revenues								
Charges for services		16,000		16,000		15,829		171
Investment earnings		0		0		22,974		22,974
Other		0	_	0	_	25,000	-	
Total revenues	_	16,000	_	16,000	_	63,803	-	23,145
Expenditures:								
Current -								
General government		4,000,300		8,818,140		3,622,597		5,195,543
Debt service -								
Principal retirement								
Interest			_		_		-	
Total expenditures	_	4,000,300	-	8,818,140		3,622,597	-	5,195,543
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures	_	(3,984,300)	_	(8,802,140)	_	(3,558,794)	_	5,218,688
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in		3,984,300		3,984,300		3,990,366		6,066
Transfers (out)		0,001,000		0,001,000		0,000,000		0,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	3,984,300	-	3,984,300	_	3,990,366	-	6,066
Net change in fund balances	\$_	0	\$_	(4,817,840)	_	431,572	\$	5,224,754
Fund balances at beginning of year						5,819,416		
Fund balances at end of year					\$	6,250,988		
-					=			

CITY OF PENSACOLA COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY (A Component Unit of the City of Pensacola, Florida) SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL URBAN CORE REDEVELOPMENT TRUST FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Revenues:	_	Original Budget	-	Final Budget	_	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive/(Negative)
Tax increment revenues Intergovernmental revenues Charges for services Investment earnings Other	\$	8,083,800	\$	8,083,800	\$	8,083,603	\$ (197)
Total revenues	_	8,083,800	-	8,083,800	_	8,083,603	(197)
Expenditures: Current - General government Debt service - Principal retirement Interest							
Total expenditures	_	0	-	0		0	0
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	_	8,083,800	-	8,083,800	_	8,083,603	(197)
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in							
Transfers (out) Total other financing sources (uses)	_	(8,083,800) (8,083,800)	-	(8,083,800) (8,083,800)	_	(8,083,603) (8,083,603)	197 197
Net change in fund balances	\$_	0	\$_	0	_	0	\$0
Fund balances at beginning of year						0	
Fund balances at end of year					\$_	0	

CITY OF PENSACOLA COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY (A Component Unit of the City of Pensacola, Florida) SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL EASTSIDE TAX INCREMENT FINANCING DISTRICT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

_	_	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Po	Variance with Final Budget - ositive/(Negative)
Revenues:	•	004 700	•	004700	•	004.000	•	
Tax increment revenues	\$	294,700	\$	294,700	\$	294,629	\$	(71)
Intergovernmental revenues								
Charges for services		0		0		0.440		0.440
Investment earnings		0		0		3,113		3,113
Other		004 700	_	004 700	_	007 740		0.040
Total revenues		294,700		294,700		297,742		3,042
Expenditures:								
Current -								
General government		190,200		942,469		122,754		819,715
Debt service -								
Principal retirement								
Interest		15,000		15,000		15,000		0
Total expenditures		205,200		957,469		137,754		819,715
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		89,500		(662,769)		159,988		822,757
		,				,		,
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in								
Transfers (out)		(89,500)		(89,500)		(89,446)		54
Total other financing sources (uses)		(89,500)		(89,500)		(89,446)		54
				<i></i>				
Net change in fund balances	\$_	0	\$_	(752,269)		70,542	\$	822,811
Fund balances at beginning of year						752,270		
Fund balances at end of year					\$_	822,812		

CITY OF PENSACOLA COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY (A Component Unit of the City of Pensacola, Florida) SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL WESTSIDE TAX INCREMENT FINANCING DISTRICT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Povenuesi	_	Original Budget	_	Final Budget	_	Actual	Ē	Variance with Final Budget - Positive/(Negative)
Revenues: Tax increment revenues	\$	1,202,300	\$	1,202,300	\$	1,202,681	\$	381
Intergovernmental revenues	Ψ	1,202,000	Ψ	1,202,000	Ψ	1,202,001	Ψ	001
Charges for services								
Investment earnings		0		0		6,214		6,214
Other			_		_		_	
Total revenues	_	1,202,300		1,202,300		1,208,895	-	6,595
Expenditures:								
Current -								
General government		923,300		1,807,929		369,140		1,438,789
Debt service -								
Principal retirement								
Interest Total expenditures		923,300	-	1,807,929	-	369,140	-	1,438,789
·	_	923,300	_	1,007,929	_	309,140	-	1,430,709
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		279,000		(605,629)		839,755		1,445,384
		279,000		(003,029)		039,733	-	1,443,304
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in								
Transfers (out)		(279,000)	_	(279,000)	_	(278,601)	_	399
Total other financing sources (uses)		(279,000)	_	(279,000)	_	(278,601)	-	399
Net change in fund balances	\$_	0	\$	(884,629)	_	561,154	\$_	1,445,783
Fund balances at beginning of year						884,629		
Fund balances at end of year					\$_	1,445,783		

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF PENSACOLA COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY (A Component Unit of the City of Pensacola, Florida) SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Revenues:	_	Original Budget	_	Final Budget	_	Actual	P	Variance with Final Budget - ositive/(Negative)
Tax increment revenues	\$		\$		\$		\$	
Intergovernmental revenues	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	0
Charges for services								0
Investment earnings		0		0		11,814		(11,814)
Other								
Total revenues	_	0	_	0	_	11,814	_	(11,814)
Expenditures:								
Current -								
General government								
Debt service -								
Principal retirement		2,230,900		2,230,900		1,892,571		338,329
	_	2,237,100		2,237,100	_	2,236,973		127
Total expenditures	_	4,468,000	-	4,468,000		4,129,544		338,456
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures	-	(4,468,000)	-	(4,468,000)	-	(4,117,730)		326,642
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in		4,468,000		4,468,000		4,461,284		6,716
Transfers (out)	_							
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	4,468,000		4,468,000		4,461,284		6,716
Net change in fund balances	\$_	0	\$_	0	_	343,554	\$	333,358
Fund balances at beginning of year					_	3,485,065		
Fund balances at end of year					\$_	3,828,619		

COMPLIANCE SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board Members Community Redevelopment Agency City of Pensacola, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the City of Pensacola Community Redevelopment Agency (the "Agency"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Agency's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 23, 2023.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Agency's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Agency's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Agency's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements.

However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Warren averett, LLC

Pensacola, Florida March 23, 2023



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON EXAMINATION OF COMPLIANCE REQUIREMENTS IN ACCORDANCE WITH CHAPTER 10.550, RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL

Board Members Community Redevelopment Agency City of Pensacola, Florida

We have examined the City of Pensacola Community Redevelopment Agency (the "Agency") compliance with the following requirements for the year ended September 30, 2022:

- (1) Florida Statute 218.415 in regards to investments
- (2) Florida Statutes 163.387(6) and (7) in regards to community redevelopment agencies

Management is responsible for the Agency's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Agency's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Agency complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the Agency complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

We are required to be independent and to meet our ethical responsibilities in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to the examination engagement.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Agency's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Agency has complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2022.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Agency and the Auditor General, State of Florida, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Warren averett, LLC

Pensacola, Florida March 23, 2023



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MANAGEMENT LETTER

Board Members Community Redevelopment Agency City of Pensacola, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the City of Pensacola Community Redevelopment Agency (the "Agency"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and have issued our report thereon dated March 23, 2023.

Auditors' Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550 *Rules of the Florida Auditor General*.

Other Reports Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; and Independent Accountants' Report on Examination of Compliance Requirements in Accordance with Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General.* Disclosures in those reports, which are dated March XX, 2022, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. No findings were reported in the City of Pensacola's audit in the prior year.

Financial Condition and Management

Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), *Rules of the Auditor General*, require that we apply appropriate procedures and report the results of our determination as to whether or not the Agency has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identification of the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the Agency did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), *Rules of the Auditor General*, we applied financial condition assessment procedures. It is management's responsibility to monitor the Agency's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Specific Information

As required by Section 218.39(3)(c), Florida Statutes, and Section 10.554(1)(i)6, *Rules of the Auditor General*, the CRA reported:

a. The total number of CRA employees compensated in the last pay period of the CRA's fiscal year was 0.

b. The total number of independent contractors to whom nonemployee compensation was paid in the last month of the CRA's fiscal year was 0.

c. All compensation earned by or awarded to employees, whether paid or accrued regardless of contingency was \$0.

d. All compensation earned by or awarded to nonemployee independent contractors, whether paid or accrued, regardless of contingency was \$0.

e. The CRA has the projects noted below, which are ongoing in 2023.

Devillers Streetscape reconstruction \$511,844 budget. No expenditures incurred during year.

Hollice Williams Skate Park \$300,000 budget. \$59,948 in expenditures incurred during fiscal year ending September 30, 2022.

Chappie James Streetscape \$442,731 budget. \$63,986 in expenditures incurred during fiscal year ending September 30, 2022.

A Street Revitalization \$2,059,493 budget. \$140,846 in expenditures incurred during fiscal year ending September 30, 2022.

Lee Street \$1,489,763 budget. No expenditures incurred during year.

f. A budget variance based on the budget adopted under Section 189.016(4), Florida Statutes, before the beginning of the fiscal year being reported if the CRA amends a final adopted budget under Section 189.016(6), Florida Statutes, as included in the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance- Budget to Actual reported on pages 41 through 45.

The specific information reported in the previous paragraph has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554 (1)(i)3., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, and applicable management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Warren averett, LLC

Pensacola, Florida March 23, 2023