

PENSACOLA, FLORIDA
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 AND 2021

ESCAMBIA COUNTY HOUSING FINANCE AUTHORITY

PENSACOLA, FLORIDA

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 AND 2021

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors Escambia County Housing Finance Authority Pensacola, Florida

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Escambia County Housing Finance Authority (the "Authority"), as of and for the years ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the Authority as of September 30, 2022 and 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Authority and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Authority's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Authority's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability - Florida Retirement System Pension Plan, the Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability - Health Insurance Subsidy Program, the Schedule of Contributions - Florida Retirement System Pension Plan, and the Schedule of Contributions - Health Insurance Subsidy Program be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Board of Directors Escambia County Housing Finance Authority

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements. The combining financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the financial statements. The other information comprises the schedules of guaranteed mortgage securities and does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

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In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 22, 2023, on our consideration of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Pensacola, Florida February 22, 2023

As management of the Escambia County Housing Finance Authority (the "Authority"), we offer readers of the Authority's general purpose external financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the Authority's financial activities for the fiscal year ended on September 30, 2022. The information contained in Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") is intended to highlight significant transactions, events and conditions and should be considered in conjunction with the Authority's basic financial statements and notes to financial statements found immediately following the MD&A.

Financial Highlights

The Authority's mission is to alleviate the shortage of affordable residential housing facilities for low-, moderate-, and middle-income families in Escambia County, Florida. In pursuit of its mission, the Authority borrows money through the issuance of bonds, notes, or other obligations to finance single family residential housing, student dormitories, and multi-family housing developments. The Authority also utilizes its funds to purchase mortgage-backed securities to finance single family residential housing. In addition, the Authority provides loans and grants for the acquisition, construction, renovation, and operation of residential housing facilities.

At times, the Authority finds it advantageous to retire an existing bond issue (i.e., through redemption and/or defeasance). Retirements of single-family bond issues may generate sizeable cash residuals for the Authority. The residuals may substantially impact the Authority's revenues in a single fiscal year and cause significant variation from year to year.

Oftentimes, a cash contribution is needed from the Authority to issue single family bonds. Such contributions may range from tens of thousands to several hundred thousand dollars. At times, the Authority finds it desirable to forgive loans or make grants to accomplish its public purpose. The contributions to bond issuance, loan forgiveness, and grants may substantially impact the Authority's expenses in a single fiscal year and cause significant variation from year to year.

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2022 are as follows:

- During fiscal year 2022, net position decreased by \$3,313,864, as compared with an increase of \$261,231 in fiscal year 2021, a decrease in the change of net position of \$3,575,095 or 1369%.
- As compared with fiscal year 2021, in fiscal year 2022, the Authority's operating revenues decreased from \$3,341,865 to \$2,290,190, a decrease of \$1,051,675 or 31.5%. The net decrease was primarily attributed to a \$1,373,438 decrease in First Time Homebuyer Program income, net of expenses and an increase of \$276,373 in fees and other income. Operating expenses decreased by \$792,081 or 30.5%. The decrease was primarily attributed to a decrease in non-amortizing second mortgage loan funding of \$880,650 offset by a \$71,367 increase in salaries and benefits. Nonoperating revenues (expenses), net decreased by \$3,315,501 or 685.1%. The net decrease was primarily attributed to a decrease in the fair value of restricted and unrestricted investments of \$3,327,380.
- The Authority's First Time Homebuyer Program continued to be successful during the current fiscal year despite the rising interest rates. As a result, the Authority did not have to use the budgeted reserves which was initially adopted in the fall of 2021.

Financial Highlights (Continued)

- Beginning with fiscal year 2017, Authority staff worked with current and/or former Participating Counties to secure Resolutions granting continued area of operation authority, thereby allowing the Authority to provide its array of Programs within each approving county. As of September 30, 2022 and 2021, the Authority had approved Area of Operations Resolutions with: Alachua, Bay, Bradford, Escambia, Franklin, Gadsden, Gulf, Hernando, Indian River, Jackson, Jefferson, Leon, Madison, Marion, Martin, Okaloosa, Santa Rosa, St. Lucie, Taylor, Wakulla, and Walton Counties. These Resolutions enabled the Authority to offer its First Time Homebuyer Programs on both a TBA and a bond financed basis in each participating county.
- In conjunction with the origination of mortgage loans under the Authority's First Time Homebuyer Program (See Note 15), during fiscal year 2022, the Authority funded \$642,840 (\$1,487,643 in fiscal year 2021) in deferred, non-amortizing second mortgages to provide down payment and related closing cost assistance to eligible homebuyers under the Authority's Master Down Payment Assistance Program (the "Assistance Program"). The income and expenses from the Authority's Assistance Program have been classified as "Non-amortizing second mortgage repayments" and "Non-amortizing second mortgage loan funding" in the accompanying basic financial statements (See Note 8).
- On February 8, 2022, the Authority approved Resolution No. 2022-01 which revised the Assistance Program parameters and authorized the appropriate officers of the Authority to take all actions necessary in connection with implementing and operating the Assistance Program. The February 2022 recommendation from staff and approved by the Authority increased the maximum down payment assistance payment to the greater of \$10,000 or 6% of the first mortgage loan. Florida Housing Finance Corporation ("FHFC") increased their down payment assistance amount to \$10,000, which increased the competitiveness of the model. Starting in May 2022, this change only included the base amount of the Classic 0%, 30-year deferred non-amortizing second mortgages. Due to the change in interest rates and market activity, the Authority increased the down payment assistance amount to \$10,000 but has not utilized the 6% option as of fiscal year end.
- The Authority authorized the issuance of not to exceed \$225,000,000 Single Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds and approved a Plan of Finance on October 12, 2021. The Tax Equity and Fiscal Responsibility Act ("TEFRA") hearing was held on Tuesday, October 7, 2021. The Escambia County Board of County Commissioners (the "Commissioners") approved Resolution No. 2021-195 on November 4, 2021. Because the Authority authorized the issuance of the Bonds and the Commissioners approved the Bonds prior to the end of calendar year 2021, the Authority was in a great position to obtain private activity bond allocation for calendar year 2022 that could be carried forward. Carryforward allocation can be used for up to three years (calendar years 2022-2024) for various priority projects, including multi-family residential rental projects. On January 19, 2022, the State of Florida Division of Bond Finance (the "State") confirmed a private activity bond allocation for the Authority in the amount of \$54,076,252. Of the \$125,000,000 originally requested from the State, \$70,923,767 remained on the pending list in the event any allocation became available at a later date.

Financial Highlights (Continued)

• The Authority was approached by its sister housing finance authority, the Orange County Housing Finance Authority ("OCHFA"), to consider financing the multi-family housing development, Kinneret Apartments in Orange County, Florida. Due to the Authority's available volume cap (OCHFA had no volume cap available for the development), bond counsel and general counsel recommended the Authority enter into an interlocal agreement with OCHFA. The Authority had allocation in the amount of \$51,300,000 that would expire at the end of calendar year 2022. On October 12, 2021, the Authority Board authorized the Interlocal Agreement with OCHFA that was also approved by OCHFA on November 3, 2021.

On November 18, 2021, a public hearing was held on behalf of the Orange County Board of County Commissioners ("Orange County Board") by OCHFA. The Orange County Board granted both TEFRA approval and area of operation authority at its December 14, 2021 board meeting. On February 8, 2022, the Authority's Board adopted Inducement Resolution No. 2022-03 indicating the intent to issue not to exceed \$62,500,000 Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds for multi-family rental housing located in Orange County, Florida. The bond issue successfully closed on September 23, 2022.

- The Authority adopted Inducement Resolution No. 2021-06 indicating the intent to issue not exceeding \$13,900,00 Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, Series 2021 on September 14, 2021 for Flint Gardens Apartments located in Gadsden County, Florida. The Gadsden County Board of County Commissioners adopted a resolution granting area of operation permission on September 21, 2021. The borrower then requested the maximum permitted amount of debt to be increased from \$13,900,000 to \$16,000,000 and the Authority approved Resolution No. 2021-09 on October 12, 2021. On February 8, 2022, the Authority approved Resolution No. 2022-04 indicating the issuance and sale of not to exceed \$16,000,000 of Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds for Flint Garden Apartments. The bond issue successfully closed on March 15, 2022 for \$14,050,000.
- The Authority held an emergency board meeting in December 2021 regarding the consideration of a multifamily housing development, College Trace Apartments, located in Escambia County, Florida. Due to the timing of the land acquisition and the Authority's regularly scheduled board meeting, a special meeting was advertised for Saturday, December 11, 2021, to allow the Authority Board to meet prior to the 60th day after the inducement of the project. Projects fees incurred within the 60-day window would not have been eligible for reimbursement by bond proceeds if the Authority had not met prior to the regularly scheduled December 14, 2021 board meeting. On December 11, 2021, the Authority approved the Inducement Resolution No. 2021-11 indicating the intent to issue not to exceed \$22,000,000 Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, Series 2022 (College Trace Apartments), and authorized a Memorandum of Agreement with College Trace Apartments, L.P. The bond issue successfully closed on November 17, 2022.

Financial Highlights (Continued)

- On February 8, 2022, the Authority was authorized to purchase up to \$4 million of mortgage-backed securities ("MBS") backed by bond-qualified mortgage loans. These MBS will enhance the efficiencies of the Big Splash Single Family (Multi-County) Program. As of September 30, 2022, the Authority purchased \$2,230,602 of MBS.
- On June 10, 2019, the Authority received from the Vestcor Companies an unsolicited proposal for the purchase and development of property owned by the Authority located at 625 East Olive Road, Pensacola, Florida. The purchase proposal was subject to obtaining tax credit financing from the FHFC. On June 14, 2019, the Authority released its Request for Proposal ("RFP") 2019-001 to encourage the submission of proposals from other developers, and publicly advertised the RFP on June 14, 2019 and June 21, 2019. No additional proposals were received. The Authority and Leah Gardens, LTD entered into a Contract for Purchase and Sale of Real Property owned by the Authority located at 625 East Olive Road, Pensacola, Florida on September 23, 2019. The Escambia County Board of County Commissioners approved the project as a Local Government Preference Project. In November 2019, November 2020 and again in November 2021, Vestcor submitted timely and accurate Leah Gardens Rental Development Applications to FHFC in accordance with their requirements for 9% Housing Tax Credits. Unfortunately, none of the applications were selected for funding by FHFC.

On February 8, 2022, the Authority approved extending the current Agreement through June 30, 2023, and authorized the Executive Director to further extend the Agreement if/as required to take advantage of FHFC's 2022-2023 Request for Applications ("RFAs"). This action will ensure that Vestcor can legally demonstrate control of the development site through the full 2022-2023 FHFC RFA cycle/process. Subsequent to year end, Vestor terminated its contract due to the project not being economically viable.

- On March 8, 2022, the Authority approved the payment of a fee in the amount of \$7,500 per bond issue to reimburse the Escambia County Office of the County Attorney for time spent in reviewing and processing of Authority related bond issue documents. The budgetary impact should be negligible since most Authority bond issues are conduit bond issues and costs are passed on to the borrowers on whose behalf the bonds are issued. If the Authority decides to issue additional single family mortgage revenue bonds, the costs can be built into the budget for the year the single-family bonds are issued.
- On March 25, 2022, the Authority moved approximately \$1.6 million of its investment pool with Florida Fixed Income Trust from the Enhanced Cash Pool to the Cash Pool to reduce the Authority's risk of fluctuating market rates and the SEC 30-day yield. The Authority met with its financial advisors David Jang, Ken Couch, and David Jones prior to the transaction in an effort to safeguard The Authority's funds.

Financial Highlights (Continued)

- On September 16, 2022, the Authority submitted a Letter of Intent to Baptist Health Care regarding participation in the offered Baptist Community Redevelopment Opportunity (Moreno property location). The letter of intent outlined the Authority's intent to purchase two (2) acres of available land for redevelopment for up to twelve (12) single family homes (the "Proposed Purchase") built by the Authority's Urban Infill Program Builders at a price up to \$60,000 per acre. The Proposed Purchase would be subject to contingencies including availability of necessary infrastructure development, successful completion of detailed due diligence by the Authority, supportive appraisals, and mutually agreeable location and price discussions. As of fiscal year end, the Authority has not purchased any land from Baptist Health Care.
- In 2014, the Authority appropriated funds for a Multi-Family Development Loan Initiative which included both a Multi-Family Development Loan Program and a scattered site Urban Infill Revolving Loan Program. In the fiscal year 2019, the Urban Infill revolving loan allocation was increased to \$2,000,000 beginning October 1, 2018. The allocation supports both the Urban Infill Revolving Loan Program and the Small/Mini Home Program. This Program seeks to develop affordable homes that feature small footprints and sustainable design. The revolving loan allocation for the Urban Infill Program was increased from \$1,500,000 to \$2,000,000 effective October 1, 2018, and then was increased to a maximum of \$3,000,000 on January 12, 2021. The Urban Infill Program continues to be popular and successful.
- The Authority's Urban Infill Revolving Loan Program and Small/Mini Home initiatives remain exclusive to Escambia County, Florida. These revolving fund loans are repayable upon the sale of the Urban Infill home at an affordable housing price. As of September 30, 2022, approximately \$8,400,000 (85 loans) of low-cost capital was provided to qualified, small local builders. Since the inception of the program, sixty (60) infill homes have been completed and sold. There was an increase of nearly \$9,800,000 in taxable property values for the 60 homes sold in Escambia County, Florida. As of September 30, 2022, nine (9) homes were under construction, and fifteen (15) lots were pending construction. As of September 30, 2022, completed homes were sold for an average sales price of \$212,980.
- Following approval of the Board on September 12, 2017, the Pensacola City Council approved an Interlocal Agreement with the Authority on October 12, 2017, establishing a partnership whereby the City of Pensacola (the "City") will make suitable surplus properties available to the Authority for development of affordable homes through the Urban Infill Program. On January 12, 2021, the Authority acknowledged receipt of a lot located at the 100 block of East Jordan Street from the City and authorized staff to work with one of the Authority's Participating Builders for this parcel as a demonstration project for a prefabricated/packaged system intended to reduce cost of construction.

During fiscal year 2022, the project was cancelled, and the property was deeded back to the Authority. The Jordan Street project is on the Authority's priority list to find a new builder. The Authority purchased 707 East Scott Street from Escambia County during fiscal year 2021. Plans for the project are currently underway.

Financial Highlights (Continued)

• As of September 30, 2022, the Authority's Urban Infill Program had nine (9) active participating builders, including two (2) non-profit agencies. During fiscal year 2022 and 2021, the income recognized attributable to the Multi-Family Initiative was \$22,423 and \$55,211, respectively. During fiscal year 2022 and 2021, the expenses (excluding any allocation of a portion of the Authority personnel services expense and general counsel fees) incurred attributable to the Initiative were \$560 and \$10,120, respectively. The income and expenses have been classified as "Multi-Family Development Initiative Income, net of expenses" in the accompanying basic financial statements.

The Authority

The Authority was created as a public body corporate and politic in accordance with the Florida Housing Finance Authority Law, Part IV of Chapter 159, Florida Statutes, as amended, and Ordinance No. 80-12 enacted by the Board of County Commissioners of Escambia County, Florida on May 29, 1980, as amended by Ordinance No. 2003-8 enacted on March 20, 2003 (the "Act"). The Authority has no component units.

The Authority is authorized, in furtherance of the public purposes described in the Act, to alleviate the shortage of affordable residential housing facilities and to provide capital for investment in such facilities for low-, moderate-, and middle-income families by issuing revenue bonds.

These revenue bonds are issued either by the Authority directly to fund its single-family mortgage loan programs, including its popular multi-county First Time Homebuyer Program ("Single Family Mortgage Loan Revenue Bonds") or are issued on a conduit basis to fund loans to third party borrowers who are owners or developers of multi-family rental housing facilities ("Multi-Family Mortgage Loan Revenue Bonds").

The Authority operates a multi-county First Time Homebuyer Mortgage Loan program which provides funds to eligible borrowers to finance the purchase of qualifying single-family residences throughout the Authority's twenty-one county Area of Operation. Historically, the First Time Homebuyer Program was funded through the issuance of Single Family Mortgage Loan Revenue Bonds by the Authority; however, for the period 2012 through 2018, the First Time Homebuyer Program was funded on a "to be announced" or TBA basis. The Authority financed its governmental program option (FHA, RD and VA) loans through the issuance of Single Family Mortgage Loan Revenue Bonds from November 2018 through February 2020, and then returned to primarily using the TBA method. (See Note 15). In February 2022, the Authority was authorized to purchase up to \$4 million of MBS backed by bond-qualified mortgage loans. These MBS will enhance the efficiencies of the Big Splash Single Family (Multi-County) Program. As of September 30, 2022, the Authority purchased \$2,230,602 of MBS. With the approximately \$2.2 million, eleven mortgages were secured and \$105,000 in down payment and closing cost assistance was provided.

The Authority's Multi-Family Mortgage Loan Revenue Bonds are not included in the Authority's financial statements because the developer or owner that is the borrower of the conduit bond funds, and not the Authority, is obligated to pay principal and interest on the bonds. The Authority's Single Family Mortgage Loan Revenue Bonds are included in the Authority's financial statements because the Authority is obligated to pay principal and interest on the bonds, but only from the designated trust funds pledged to secure the bonds. All bonds issued by the Authority are limited or special obligations of the Authority payable solely from the trust funds pledged for their payment and do not and shall never constitute indebtedness, liability, general or moral obligation, or a pledge of the faith or loan of credit of the Authority or of the County. (See Note 1 and Note 10).

The Authority (Continued)

Overview of the Financial Statements

The financial statements consist of two parts: management's discussion and analysis and the basic financial statements. The basic financial statements also include notes that explain in more detail some of the information in the financial statements.

The Authority accounts for its financial activities through the use of an enterprise fund. (See Note 1 to the basic financial statements for a summary of the Authority's significant accounting policies.) The Authority's basic financial statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when incurred; however, the Authority recognizes Authority contributions to its revenue bond issues as expenses when the contribution is made and recognizes unused contributions and residuals from the issues as revenue when received.

Basic Financial Statements

All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position. This statement measures the success of the Authority's operations over the past year and can be used to determine the Authority's profitability and creditworthiness and whether the Authority has successfully recovered all of its expenses through fees and other income.

The basic financial statements of the Authority report information using accounting methods similar to those used by private sector companies. The most important question users of an entity's financial statements ask, "Is an entity as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the current year's activities?" These statements offer short-term and long-term financial information about its activities in a way that will help users of the financial statements answer this question.

The Statement of Net Position includes all of the Authority's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources and provides information about the nature and amounts of investments in resources (assets and deferred outflows of resources) and the obligations to Authority creditors (liabilities and deferred inflows of resources). The assets and liabilities are presented in a classified format which distinguishes between current and long-term assets and liabilities. It also provides the basis for computing various financial ratios, evaluating the capital structure of the Authority, and assessing the liquidity and financial flexibility of the Authority.

All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position. This statement measures the success of the Authority's operations over the past year and can be used to determine the Authority's profitability and creditworthiness and whether the Authority has successfully recovered all of its expenses through fees and other income.

The final basic financial statement is the Statement of Cash Flows. The purpose of this statement is to provide information about the Authority's cash receipts and cash payments during the reporting period. The statement reports cash receipts, cash payments, and net changes in cash resulting from operating, financing, and investing activities and provides answers to such questions as where cash came from, what was cash used for, and what was the change in cash balance during the reporting period.

Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Together the Statement of Net Position (the balance sheet) and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position (the income statement) report information about the Authority's revenues and expenses and the resulting change in net position. Over time, increases or decreases in the Authority's net position is an indicator of whether the Authority's financial health is improving or deteriorating. When evaluating changes in the Authority's financial health, other non-financial factors should also be considered. These include factors such as changes in interest rates, economic conditions, new or changed government legislation and regulations, and the fulfillment of the Authority's public purpose.

Net Position

A summary of the Authority's Statements of Net Position is presented in Table A.

TABLE A
Condensed Statements of Net Position

		2022		(Restated) 2021		Dollar Change	Total Percent Change
Cymport agasta	\$	16 567 145	\$	10 014 466	\$	(2 247 221)	16 40/
Current assets	Ф	16,567,145	Ф	19,814,466	Ф	(3,247,321)	-16.4%
Noncurrent assets		25,797,520	_	33,545,409		(7,747,889)	-23.1%
Total assets		42,364,665		53,359,875		(10,995,210)	-20.6%
Total deferred outflows							
ofresources		180,937		187,441		(6,504)	-3.5%
Total assets and deferred							
outflows of resources	\$	42,545,602	\$	53,547,316	\$	(11,001,714)	-20.5%
Current liabilities	\$	2,407,094	\$	2,602,056	\$	(194,962)	-7.5%
Noncurrent liabilities		23,104,419		30,320,274		(7,215,855)	-23.8%
Total liabilities		25,511,513		32,922,330		(7,410,817)	-22.5%
Total deferred inflows		- /- /		-)-)		(1) 1)1	
of resources		59,978		337,011		(277,033)	-82.2%
		2 2 32 7 2				(= / / / / / /	<u> </u>
Net investment in capital assets		828,212		876,318		(48,106)	-5.5%
Restricted		5,255,839		9,260,495		(4,004,656)	-43.2%
Unrestricted		10,890,060		10,151,162		738,898	7.3%
Total net position		16,974,111		20,287,975		(3,313,864)	-16.3%
Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and net position	\$	42,545,602	\$	53,547,316	\$	(11,001,714)	-20.5%

Net Position (Continued)

During fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, current assets decreased by \$3,247,321 or 16.4%. The net decrease was primarily attributed to a \$333,803 decrease in restricted cash and cash equivalents offset by an increase of \$1,139,904 in unrestricted cash and cash equivalents, a decrease of \$4,155,595 in restricted investments, and an increase of \$123,614 in unrestricted investments.

During the same period, noncurrent assets decreased by \$7,747,889 or 23.1%. The decrease was primarily attributed to a decrease in restricted and unrestricted investments of \$7,621,473, which includes restricted mortgage-backed certificates (see Note 4), a \$66,310 decrease in amortizing second mortgages receivable, net of allowance for loan losses, and a \$56,528 decrease in leased right-to-use-asset, net of accumulated amortization.

During fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, current liabilities decreased by \$194,962 or 7.5%, which is primarily attributed to a decrease in bonds payable of \$97,509 and a decrease in bond interest payable of \$80,553. Noncurrent liabilities decreased by \$7,215,855 or 23.8%, which is primarily due to a decrease in bonds payable of \$7,456,818 offset by an increase of \$294,684 in net pension liability.

As shown in Table A, net investment in capital assets decreased by \$48,106, restricted net position decreased by \$4,004,656, and unrestricted net position increased by \$738,898, for a total decrease in net position of \$3,313,864 or 16.3%.

In fiscal year 2022, the Authority adopted GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, which establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the principle that leases are financings of the right to use asset. This pronouncement requires the recognition of a lease asset and liability that was previously classified as an operating lease. The Authority adopted this pronouncement on a retrospective basis, which decreased fiscal year 2021's ending net position by \$8,623. As a result, fiscal year 2021's net position was restated.

Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

A summary of the Authority's Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position is presented in Table B.

TABLE B
Condensed Statements of Revenues,
Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

		(T)		D #	Total
		(Restated)		Dollar	Percent
	2022	 2021		Change	Change
Operating revenues	\$ 2,290,190	\$ 3,341,865	\$	(1,051,675)	-31.5%
Operating expenses	1,804,580	2,596,661		(792,081)	-30.5%
Operating income	485,610	745,204		(259,594)	34.8%
Non-operating revenues (expenses)	 (3,799,474)	(483,973)	_	(3,315,501)	685.1%
Change in net position	(3,313,864)	261,231		(3,575,095)	-1368.6%
Beginning net position	 20,287,975	20,026,744		261,231	1.3%
Total net position	\$ 16,974,111	\$ 20,287,975	\$	(3,313,864)	-16.3%

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position provides information as to the nature and source of the changes in net position. During fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, net position decreased by \$3,313,864. The decrease in net position was primarily attributed to a decrease of \$3,315,501 in net non-operating revenues (expenses).

During fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, the \$1,051,675 net decrease in operating revenues was primarily attributed to a \$1,373,438 decrease in First Time Homebuyer Program income, net of expenses, and an increase of \$276,373 in fees and other income. Operating expenses decreased by \$792,081 or 30.5%. The net decrease was primarily attributed to a decrease in non-amortizing second mortgage loan funding of \$880,650 offset by a \$71,367 increase in salaries and benefits. Non-operating revenues (expenses), net decreased by \$3,315,501 or 685.1%. The net decrease was primarily attributed to a decrease in fair value of restricted and unrestricted investments of \$3,327,380.

Cash Flows

A summary of the Authority's Statements of Cash Flows is presented in Table C. It presents the major sources and uses of cash and cash equivalents for the past two years. For purposes of the Statements of Cash Flows, the Authority considers all currency, demand deposits, money market funds, and other highly liquid debt instruments with an original maturity when purchased of three months or less to be cash and cash equivalents.

TABLE C
Condensed Statements of Cash Flows

	 2022	 (Restated)	Dollar Change	Total Percent Change
Net cash provided by				
operating activities	\$ 609,865	\$ 720,846	\$ (110,981)	-15.4%
Net cash used in noncapital				
financing activities	(8,529,974)	(13,387,464)	4,857,490	36.3%
Net cash used in capital and				
related financing activities	(61,679)	(57,748)	(3,931)	-6.8%
Net cash provided by				
investing activities	 8,787,889	 9,873,524	 (1,085,635)	-11.0%
Net increase (decrease) in cash				
and cash equivalents	806,101	(2,850,842)	3,656,943	128.3%
Cash and cash equivalents at				
the beginning of the year	12,774,190	15,625,032	(2,850,842)	-18.2%
Cash and cash equivalents			_	
at the end of the year	\$ 13,580,291	\$ 12,774,190	\$ 806,101	6.3%

Cash and cash equivalents increased \$806,101 during the year ended September 30, 2022. The increase in cash and cash equivalents was the result of \$609,865 being provided by operating activities, \$8,529,974 being used in noncapital financing activities, \$61,679 being used in capital and related financing activities, and \$8,787,889 being provided by investing activities.

Capital Assets

A summary of the Authority's investment in capital assets is presented in Table D.

TABLE D
Capital Assets

			Dollar	Total Percent
	 2022	 2021	 Change	Change
Office equipment	\$ 36,066	\$ 36,066	\$ -	0.0%
Land and improvements	581,274	569,843	11,431	2.0%
Right-to-use asset	358,012	358,012	-	0.0%
Total capital assets	975,352	963,921	11,431	1.2%
Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization				
Right-to-use asset	(113,056)	(56,528)	(56,528)	-100.0%
Office equipment	(34,084)	(31,075)	(3,009)	-9.7%
	(147,140)	(87,603)	(59,537)	
Net capital assets	\$ 828,212	\$ 876,318	\$ (48,106)	-5.5%

As of September 30, 2022, the Authority's investment in capital assets totaled \$828,212, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization. As compared with fiscal year 2021, the investment in capital assets decreased in fiscal year 2022 by \$48,106 or 5.5%.

Long-Term Debt

From time to time, the Authority has issued bonds and bond anticipation notes to finance single family residential housing and qualified multi-family housing developments. The financial assistance was provided to stimulate the acquisition and construction of residential housing for low-, moderate-, and middle-income individuals and families. The Authority's bonds are secured by specific revenues and securities as described in each of the respective trust indentures and official statements. In no case is the Authority, Escambia County, the State of Florida, or any political subdivision thereof obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. (See Note 1 and Note 10).

Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Portions of the Authority's operating revenues are derived from fees and incomes generated by the single family and multi-family bond programs issued and administered by the Authority. Historically, these fees and incomes have usually exceeded the financial contributions made by the Authority to the bond programs. The fees/incomes and contributions may substantially impact the Authority's revenues and expenses in a single fiscal year and cause significant variation from year to year (See the preceding Financial Highlights section).

As of September 30, 2022, the Authority had issued and outstanding the following bonds pursuant to its authorization:

		Issue Amount	Outstanding Amour	
Direct Borrowings -				
Single Family Mortgage Revenue				
and Refunding Bonds:				
Series 2019A Bonds	\$	15,000,000	\$	6,255,000
Series 2019B Bonds		14,000,000		9,425,000
Series 2019C Bonds		6,481,473		3,812,444
Series 2016A Bonds		16,861,686		3,515,553
Series 2014B Bonds		4,335,000		1,140,961
Subtotal		56,678,159		24,148,958
Other Debt -				
Multi-Family Housing Revenue				
and Refunding Bonds:				
Orange Blossom Village Apartments, Series 2021		8,700,000		7,446,442
Taylor Pointe Apartments, Series 2019A		11,320,000		11,157,941
Taylor Pointe Apartments, Series 2019B-1		2,548,572		2,548,572
Taylor Pointe Apartments, Series 2019B-2		1,911,428		1,911,428
Delphin Downs Apartments, Series 2018		7,950,000		3,327,558
Johnson Lakes Project, Series 2006		9,000,000		3,835,714
Kinneret Apartments, Series 2022A		49,927,000		47,927,000
Kinneret Apartments, Series 2022B		5,373,000		5,373,000
Flint Gardens, Series 2022		14,050,000		10,619,168
Series 1985		20,000,000		190,283
Subtotal	_	130,780,000		94,337,105
Total	\$	187,458,159	\$	118,486,063

Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Audited financial statements and operating data for the Authority's single family bond programs are available at the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board's Electronic Municipal Marketplace Access ("EMMA") website.

During the past five years, the Authority has complied with the requirements of the continuing disclosure agreements (the "CDA") entered into with respect to its Series 2014B, 2016A, 2019A, 2019B, and 2019C Bonds.

As of September 30, 2022, the Authority was unaware of and had received no notice of default from the trustees for any of its single family, dormitory, and multi-family bond programs other than the financial difficulties and default occurring on December 1, 2016, with respect to the Authority's Single Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Series 1985 (the "1985 Bonds"), as set forth below.

Single Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Series 1985

On December 18, 1985, the Authority issued its \$20,000,000 Single Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds (the "1985 Bonds"). The 1985 Bonds were secured by a defined Trust Estate and a policy of bond insurance (the "Policy") issued by Financial Guaranty Insurance Company ("FGIC") at the time of issuance. The Policy was to provide insurance for payment when due of principal and interest (including accreted value) on the 1985 Bonds in the event other assets of the trust estate were insufficient.

In 1985, \$15,000,000 of the principal amount of the 1985 Bonds was refunded and payments were made from the 1985 Bonds Trust Estate as required to pay principal and interest on the remaining unrefunded portion of the 1985 Bonds through December 1, 2006. However, a small portion of the final maturity of the 1985 Bonds, which was structured as a capital appreciation bond maturing December 1, 2016, in the amount of \$410,000 (the "1985 CAB"), remained outstanding. Because the value of the 1985 CAB accreted at a higher interest rate than was supported by the remaining mortgage loans securing the 1985 Bonds and because there were mortgage related expenses paid from mortgage revenues, it was expected that there would be a shortfall of money available to pay debt service at maturity. It was further expected that the only source of funds to pay the shortfall would be the Policy.

Single Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Series 1985 (Continued)

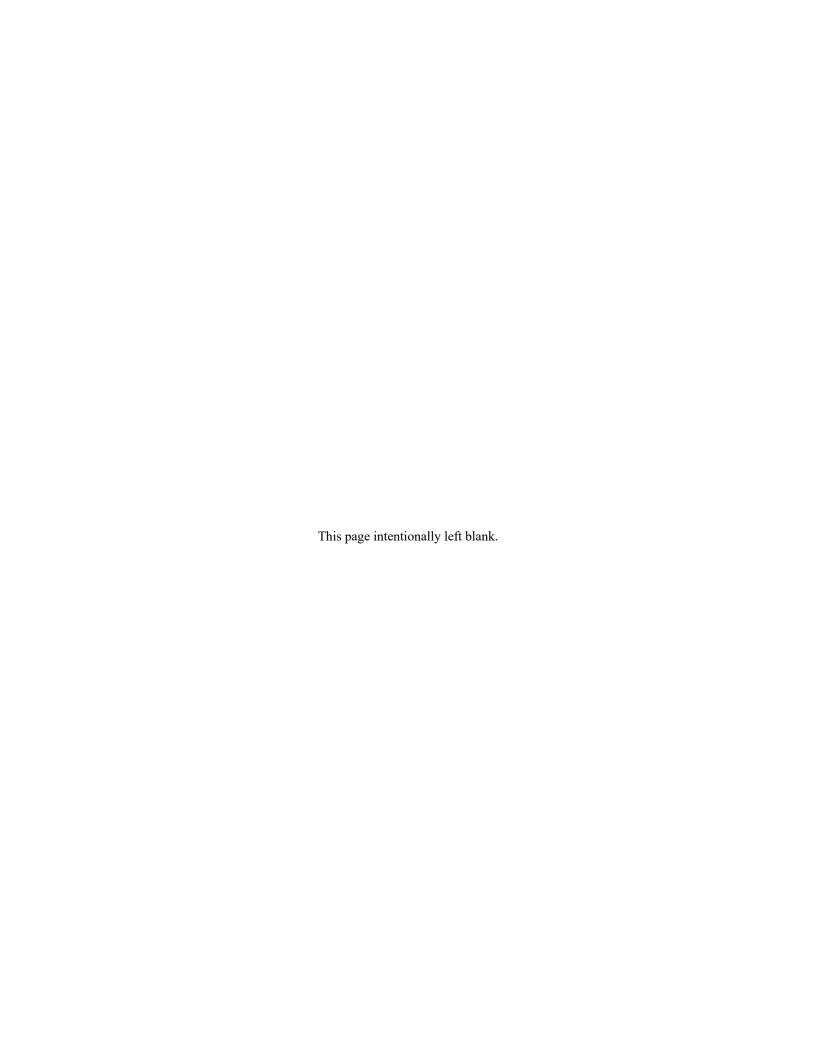
On March 25, 2009, Moody's Investors Services ("Moody's") withdrew its rating for FGIC, and thereafter FGIC began working with its regulators to develop a plan for restructuring and rehabilitation. In a notice to Holders of Bonds Insured by FGIC dated September 23, 2013, the Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, serving as successor Trustee to Barnett Banks Trust Company, N.A. (the "Trustee"), advised all owners of the Bonds insured by FGIC (including the 1985 CAB) of the effective date of the FGIC Plan of Rehabilitation. The Rehabilitation Petition, the Rehabilitation Order, and the Rehabilitation Plan Papers can be found at http://www.fgicrehabilitation.com.

On December 1, 2016, the 1985 CAB matured, and the Trustee made demand on FGIC for the final maturity amount in accordance with the 1985 Bonds Indenture, the Policy and the Rehabilitation Plan. Because the amounts available were less than the amounts due to the owners of the 1985 CAB (the "1985 Bond owners"), the Trustee provided a Notice of Event of Default dated December 13, 2016, to the 1985 Bond owners (the "Notice"). The Notice advised that the Trustee was communicating with FGIC and FGIC's claims paying agent to coordinate the final reconciliation of claims for the 1985 Bonds, the process for presentation and cancellation of physical certificates, the initial distribution of claims amounts to 1985 Bond owners and the distribution of future amounts under the Rehabilitation Plan through the 40-year Run Off Period. As of September 30, 2022, FGIC's claims paying agent has paid \$219,717, leaving a balance outstanding of \$190,283. Additional amounts are expected to be paid in the future.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Authority's finances and to demonstrate the Authority's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Authority's Executive Director, 700 South Palafox Street, Suite 310, Pensacola, Florida 32502.





ESCAMBIA COUNTY HOUSING FINANCE AUTHORITY STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 AND 2021

ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS

			(Restated)
	 2022		2021
Current Assets:		_	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,179,543	\$	6,039,639
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted	6,400,748		6,734,551
Accrued interest and other receivables	102,077		119,453
Issuer fees receivable	17,821		13,378
Interest income receivable	81,102		107,917
Investments	345,997		222,383
Investments - restricted	1,754,739		5,910,334
Bank participation agreements	12,000		12,000
First mortgages receivable	637,135		629,123
Amortizing second mortgages receivable	 35,983		25,688
Total current assets	 16,567,145		19,814,466
Noncurrent Assets:			
Investments	3,293,365		3,768,855
Investments - restricted	21,479,365		28,625,348
Bank participation agreements	89,543		101,543
Amortizing second mortgages receivable, net of			
allowance for loan losses	107,035		173,345
Depreciable capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	1,982		4,991
Leased right-to-use asset, net of accumulated amortization	244,956		301,484
Non-depreciable capital assets, net of land valuation allowance	 581,274		569,843
Total noncurrent assets	25,797,520		33,545,409
Total assets	42,364,665		53,359,875
Deferred Outflows of Resources:			
Pensions	 180,937		187,441
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows	\$ 42,545,602	\$	53,547,316

LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND NET POSITION

Current Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued expenses Net pension liability Lease liability Bonds payable Bond interest payable Total current liabilities	220,823 171 53,720 1,843,915 288,465 2,407,094 593,237 206,139	\$	240,221 1,145 50,248 1,941,424 369,018 2,602,056
Net pension liability Lease liability Bonds payable Bond interest payable	171 53,720 1,843,915 288,465 2,407,094	.	1,145 50,248 1,941,424 369,018 2,602,056
Lease liability Bonds payable Bond interest payable	53,720 1,843,915 288,465 2,407,094 593,237		50,248 1,941,424 369,018 2,602,056
Bonds payable Bond interest payable	1,843,915 288,465 2,407,094 593,237		1,941,424 369,018 2,602,056
Bond interest payable	288,465 2,407,094 593,237		369,018 2,602,056
	2,407,094 593,237		2,602,056
	593,237		
	•		
Noncurrent Liabilities:	•		
Net pension liability	206.139		298,554
Lease liability	200,100		259,859
Bonds payable	22,305,043		29,761,861
Total noncurrent liabilities	23,104,419		30,320,274
Total liabilities	25,511,513		32,922,330
Deferred Inflows of Resources:	50.050		227.011
Pensions	59,978		337,011
Net Position:			
Net investment in capital assets	828,212		876,318
Restricted	5,255,839		9,260,495
Unrestricted	10,890,060		10,151,162
Total net position	16,974,111		20,287,975
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Net Position \$ 4	42,545,602	\$	53,547,316

ESCAMBIA COUNTY HOUSING FINANCE AUTHORITY STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 AND 2021

	 2022	(Restated) 2021
Operating Revenues:		
Fees and other income	\$ 397,648	\$ 121,275
FTH Program income, net of expenses	593,378	1,966,816
Non-amortizing second mortgage repayments	1,260,557	1,193,220
Multi-Family Development Initiative income,		
net of expenses	21,863	45,091
Reduction to loan losses	 16,744	15,463
Total operating revenues	 2,290,190	 3,341,865
Operating Expenses:		
Salaries and related benefits	867,385	796,018
Legal, accounting, advisory, and consulting fees	123,397	115,342
General operating and administrative	68,511	85,405
Travel, lodging, and meal costs	27,322	120
Depreciation and amortization	59,537	59,537
Memberships, dues, and subscriptions	13,368	20,366
Educational conference fees and training costs	27,400	20,480
Bond issuance and monitoring costs	10,667	11,750
Non-amortizing second mortgage loan funding	606,993	1,487,643
Total operating expenses	1,804,580	2,596,661
Operating Income	 485,610	 745,204
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):		
Interest income	175,939	135,873
Interest income - restricted	1,227,307	1,555,340
Other expense	(567)	(10,789)
Net decrease in fair value of investments	(346,074)	(41,685)
Net decrease in fair value of investments - restricted	(3,950,449)	(927,458)
Interest on bonds	 (905,630)	(1,195,254)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses), net	 (3,799,474)	 (483,973)
Change in Net Position	(3,313,864)	261,231
Net Position - Beginning of Year	 20,287,975	 20,026,744
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 16,974,111	\$ 20,287,975

ESCAMBIA COUNTY HOUSING FINANCE AUTHORITY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 AND 2021

	2022	2021
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:		
Cash received from mortgagors and others	\$ 1,765,760	\$ 1,404,982
Cash received for FTH Program income, net of expenses	593,378	1,966,816
Cash payments to employees for services	(821,281)	(827,007)
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	(282,917)	(210,550)
Cash payments to mortgagors and others	(645,075)	(1,613,395)
Net cash provided by operating activities	609,865	720,846
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities:		
Proceeds from bank participation agreements	12,000	13,000
Payment of bond principal	(7,554,327)	(12,041,123)
Payment of bond interest	(987,647)	(1,359,341)
Net cash used in noncapital financing activities	(8,529,974)	(13,387,464)
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities:		
Acquisition of capital assets	(11,431)	(9,843)
Payments under lease agreements	(50,248)	(47,905)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(61,679)	(57,748)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:		
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments	1,600,727	-
Purchases of investments	(2,307,618)	(1,944,282)
Collection of interest income	1,661,795	1,751,637
Cash received for FTH Program MBS principal	12,689,179	33,014,869
Cash payments for FTH Program MBS principal	(12,689,179)	(33,014,869)
Collection of MBS principal	7,832,985	10,066,169
Net cash provided by investing activities	8,787,889	9,873,524
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	806,101	(2,850,842)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	12,774,190	15,625,032
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$ 13,580,291	\$ 12,774,190
Displayed As:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,179,543	\$ 6,039,639
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted	6,400,748	6,734,551
	\$ 13,580,291	\$ 12,774,190

ESCAMBIA COUNTY HOUSING FINANCE AUTHORITY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 AND 2021 (Continued)

	2022		2021
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash			
Provided by Operating Activities:			
Operating income	\$	485,610 \$	745,204
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash			
provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation and amortization		59,537	59,537
Reduction to loan losses		(16,744)	(15,463)
Changes in:			
Accrued interest and other receivables		17,376	(29,592)
Issuer fees receivable		(4,443)	7,715
First mortgages receivable		(8,012)	(114,002)
Amortizing second mortgages receivable		72,759	67,273
Deferred outflows of resources		6,504	54,954
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		(19,398)	21,697
Net pension liability		293,709	(394,956)
Deferred inflows of resources		(277,033)	318,479
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	609,865 \$	720,846



NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting principles and policies of Escambia County Housing Finance Authority, ("the Authority") conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"), as applicable to governmental entities. The following is a summary of the significant accounting principles and policies used in the preparation of the accompanying financial statements.

The Reporting Entity:

The Authority was created as a public body corporate and politic in accordance with the Florida Housing Finance Authority Law, Part IV of Chapter 159, Florida Statutes (the "Act"), as amended, and Ordinance No. 80-12 enacted by the Board of County Commissioners (the "Board") of Escambia County, Florida on May 29, 1980, as amended by Ordinance No. 2003-8 enacted on March 20, 2003 (collectively the "Ordinance"). The Authority is authorized, in furtherance of the public purposes described in the Act and the Ordinance, to alleviate the shortage of affordable residential housing facilities and to provide capital for investment in such facilities for low-, moderate-, and middle-income families by issuing its revenue bonds. The Authority issues bonds for single family programs and enters into mortgage-backed security forward sales contracts that provide funds to eligible borrowers to finance the purchase of qualifying single-family residences. The Authority also issues bonds for the acquisition and construction of qualifying multi-family housing projects. Prior to issuance by the Authority, the Board approves bond financings, when required by the Ordinance, federal tax law, or regulations governing the issuance of tax-exempt bonds.

The financial statements also include the funds and accounts of the Authority's Single Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds (Multi-County Program) Series 2019A (Non-AMT) ("Series 2019A Bonds"), Single Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds (Multi-County Program) Series 2019B (Non-AMT) ("Series 2019B Bonds"), Single Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds (Multi-County Program) Series 2019C (Federally Taxable Pass-Through) ("Series 2019C Bonds"), Single Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds (Multi-County Program) Series 2016A (Federally Taxable Pass-Through) ("Series 2016A Bonds"), and Series 2014B (Non-AMT) ("Series 2014B Bonds") (collectively, the "Bonds"). All interfund transactions and balances have been eliminated in the financial statements.

The Authority issued its Series 2019A Bonds on April 30, 2019, in the principal amount of \$15,000,000, its Series 2019B Bonds on November 26, 2019, in the principal amount of \$14,000,000, its Series 2019C Bonds on November 26, 2019, in the principal amount of \$6,481,473, its Series 2016A Bonds on April 26, 2016, in the principal amount of \$16,861,686, and its Series 2014B Bonds on August 29, 2014, in the principal amount of \$4,335,000. The Bonds were issued to provide funds to purchase mortgage securities backed by mortgage loans made to finance the acquisition of single-family residential facilities intended for use as principal residences of persons and families of low-, moderate-, and middle-income. For the Series 2016A Bonds and Series 2014B Bonds, the mortgaged properties are located in the counties of Alachua, Bradford, Escambia, Gadsden, Indian River, Leon, Marion, Martin, Okaloosa, Santa Rosa, St. Lucie, Wakulla, and Walton. For the Series 2019A Bonds, Series 2019B, and Series 2019C Bonds, the mortgaged properties are located in the previously mentioned counties plus Bay, Franklin, Gulf, Hernando, Jackson, and Jefferson (collectively, the "Counties").

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The Reporting Entity (Continued):

The mortgage-backed securities, funded with proceeds of the Bonds, are pledged as security for the payment of the principal and interest on the Bonds.

Financial oversight and accountability to the citizens of Escambia County is provided by the Board. Pursuant to the Act and the Ordinance, the Board appoints, and may remove, the Housing Finance Authority members. The Authority members serve four-year terms and may be reappointed. If an Authority member's term expires, they continue to hold office until their replacement is appointed by the Board. The Authority has no oversight responsibilities for any other government agencies.

The accompanying financial statements present the financial position, changes in financial position, and cash flows of the operating fund and the Bonds, which makes up all of the funds controlled by the Authority. These financial statements are not intended to present the financial position of Escambia County. The Authority has no component units.

The Bonds, together with interest thereon, are not general or moral obligations of the Authority and do not constitute an obligation, either general or special, of the State of Florida (the "State") or any of the Local Authorities (as defined in the next paragraph) other than the Authority, or any political subdivision thereof, but are special limited obligations of the Authority payable solely from the revenues and securities identified and pledged pursuant to the Master Trust Indenture dated August 1, 2014 as well as the 2019A, 2019B, 2019C, 2016A, and 2014B Series Supplements (the "Trust Indentures"). The Bonds are in no event payable from the general revenues of the Authority or the Local Authorities or the Counties and do not constitute a debt, liability, general or moral obligation or a pledge of the faith or loan of credit of any of the Local Authorities, the Counties, the State or any political subdivision of the State within the meaning of any constitutional or statutory provisions; neither the Local Authorities, the Counties, the State nor any political subdivision thereof nor any of the participating mortgage lending institutions shall be liable thereon; nor in any event will such Bonds be payable out of any funds or properties other than those of the Authority, and then only to the extent provided in the Trust Indentures. Neither the faith and credit nor the revenues or taxing power of the Local Authorities, the Counties, the State or any political subdivision thereof is pledged to the payment of the principal of the Bonds or the interest thereon or other costs incident thereto. The Bonds are not a debt of the United States of America or any agency thereof, or Government National Mortgage Association ("GNMA"), Federal National Mortgage Association ("FNMA"), or Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation ("FHLMC") and are not guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America. The Authority has no taxing power. The Bonds are not insured.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The Reporting Entity (Continued):

The Board has duly created the Authority and has determined that it was in the best interest of the County to authorize the Authority to issue the Bonds. The Authority issues multi-family revenue bonds to provide funds to qualified entities to finance the acquisition, construction, and/or rehabilitation of qualified multi-family housing projects in Escambia County and other counties requesting such assistance. In addition, the Authority operates a program to provide short-term financing to assist builders in providing for the construction of new homes for low-, moderate- and middle-income persons and families in Escambia County.

The Authority has been authorized by a number of other local housing finance authorities and counties within the State of Florida to operate its programs within their respective jurisdictions (the "Participating Counties") with the objective of alleviating the shortage of housing in such counties (the "Area of Operation Authorizations"). The Area of Operation Authorizations permit the Authority to operate its Mortgage Credit Certificate Program and its First Time Homebuyer Single Family Mortgage Loan Program (the "First Time Homebuyer Program" or "FTH Program"), both on a to be announced ("TBA") financed basis and a bond-financed basis in their respective jurisdictions.

The trustee for the Bonds is U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association ("Trustee").

Basis of Presentation:

The Authority accounts for its operating fund activities and the Bonds through the use of enterprise funds. An enterprise fund is used to account for activities similar to those found in the private sector, where the determination of a change in financial position is necessary or useful for sound financial administration. Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. The accompanying financial statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The Authority recognizes and records revenues when earned and expenses when incurred. However, the Authority recognizes Authority contributions to revenue bond programs as expenses when the contribution is made and recognizes receipts of unused contributions from the program as revenue when received. In addition, because of the long-term deferred repayment of non-amortizing second mortgage loans, the Authority recognizes the funding of such loans as a current operating expense and repayments are recognized as revenue when received.

Cash and Cash Equivalents:

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Authority considers all currency, demand deposits, money market funds, and other highly liquid debt instruments with an original maturity when purchased of three months or less to be cash and cash equivalents.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Investments:

The Authority's Investment Policy is designed to ensure the prudent management of the Authority's funds and the availability of operating and capital funds when required while earning a competitive return on the funds within the policy framework. The primary objectives of investment activity in order of priority are safety of principal, liquidity, and investment yield.

<u>Interest Rate Risk:</u> As a means of managing its exposure to losses arising from changing interest rates, the Authority's investment policy includes maximum percentage of holdings for each type of investment and requires diversification, to the extent practical. The Authority also minimizes interest rate risk by investing operating funds primarily in money-market funds.

<u>Credit Risk:</u> For the purpose of generating income, the Authority's policy permits investment of operating funds in the following types of accounts. The maximum percentage of holdings is shown parenthetically following each type of account. Investments in certain securities are to be made in a manner to match investment maturities and/or withdrawal terms to known cash needs and anticipated cash flow requirements.

- Direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury (100%)
- Government agency notes and bonds (100%)
- Treasury strips (10%)
- United States Government Agency Mortgage-backed securities (100%)
- Federal instrumentalities (U.S. Government sponsored) (100%)
- Interest bearing time deposits or savings accounts (non-negotiable certificates of deposit from state or national financial institutions provided the deposits are secured by the Florida Security for Public Deposits Act, Chapter 280, Florida Statutes, unless exempted therefrom as provided in the Statute. Additionally, the bank shall not be listed with any recognized credit watch information service unless 100% insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") (100%)
- Money market accounts (Bank/FDIC insured) (100%)
- Commercial paper (Rated "P-1"/"A-1" or better by at least one Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organization ("NRSRO")) (25%)
- Corporate notes/bonds (Rated single "Aa"/"AA" or better by at least one NRSRO) (20%)
- Banker's acceptances (Rated "P-1"/"A-1" or better by at least one NRSRO) (25%)
- Taxable or tax-exempt (general obligation ("GO" or revenue) bonds (Rated "Aa"/"AA" (MIG-2 or SP-2 for short-term) or better by at least one NRSRO) (25%)
- Money market mutual funds (SEC registered and rated "AAAm" by S&P or the equivalent by another rating agency. Due diligence requirement must be met (i.e., thorough/regular reviews) and share value must equal to \$1.00) (25%)

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Investments (Continued):

- Intergovernmental investment pools Local Government Funds Surplus Funds Trust Fund (Florida PRIME) or any governmental investment pool authorized pursuant to the Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act of 1969, as provided in Chapter 163.01, Florida Statutes (Rated "AAAm" by S&P or the equivalent by another rating agency). Due diligence requirement must be met (i.e., thorough/regular reviews) (25%)
- Other investments or securities, which may be specifically approved from time to time by action of the Authority at a public meeting. Following approval of additional types of securities, an addendum to the Authority's Investment Policy is to be prepared and attached to the Authority's Investment Policy describing the securities.

The Authority may also enter into transactions made for its organizational purposes. These transactions include investments in mortgage loans receivable, mortgage-backed securities ("MBS"), MBS forward sales contracts, or other qualifying housing development loans made pursuant to Chapter 159, Part IV, Florida Statutes.

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk:</u> Pursuant to the Authority's Investment Policy, investments are to be diversified to the extent practical to control the risk of loss resulting from over concentration of assets in a specific maturity, issuer, instrument, or dealer/financial institution, through which the financial instruments are bought and sold. The Authority's Investment Policy also places limits on the amount invested in any one of the types of investment accounts authorized. The maximum percentage of holdings is shown parenthetically above, following each type of investment account.

<u>Valuation:</u> Highly liquid market investments with maturities of one year or less at time of purchase are stated at amortized cost. All other investments are stated at fair value or net asset value ("NAV"). Market value is used as an estimate of fair value, for those securities for which market quotations are readily available. The NAV is used as a practical expedient to estimate fair market value for the local government investment pools, which are not categorized within the fair value hierarchy.

Arbitrage Rebate Liability:

Arbitrage is the ability to obtain tax-exempt bond proceeds and invest the funds in higher yielding taxable securities, resulting in a profit. In accordance with the United States tax code and regulations, the arbitrage earnings (i.e., profit) must be rebated to the Internal Revenue Service. The arbitrage which must be rebated is essentially the difference between the amount actually earned on certain investments and the amount which would have been earned had those funds been invested at a yield equal to the originally calculated yield on the bonds.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Arbitrage Rebate Liability (Continued):

The Authority has entered into agreements with Integrity Public Finance Consulting LLC to perform ongoing rebate liability analysis with respect to the Series 2019A, Series 2019B, and Series 2014B Bonds.

Loans Receivable:

Loans receivable are carried at original cost, less principal collections. Loans receivable which are deemed by management to be uncollectable are written off in the period in which the determination is made.

Since the real properties that collateralize the Authority's first and amortizing second mortgages receivable are concentrated within one geographic location (the Participating Counties are all located in the State of Florida), there is a significant concentration of credit risk. In an effort to minimize this risk, it is the Authority's policy to consider certain existing conditions in the geographic location and to record liens on the real properties at the time the mortgage loans are originated.

Allowance for Loan Losses:

Additions to the allowance for loan losses are made by provisions charged to current operations. The determination of the need for an allowance and the amount of the allowance, if needed, is based on an evaluation of the Authority's loan portfolio(s), current economic conditions, and other factors relevant to a determination of the collectability of the loans and reflects an amount that, in management's judgment, is adequate to provide for potential losses.

Capital Assets:

Capital assets are stated at historical cost. The Authority capitalizes items with an estimated life exceeding one year and original cost greater than \$2,000. Donated capital assets are reported at estimated fair market value at the time received. The right-to-use lease asset ("lease asset") is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability.

Office equipment and the lease asset are depreciated/amortized using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of the assets ranging from three to seven years.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources:

The Statements of Net Position report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until future periods. The Authority has one item that qualifies for reporting as deferred outflows of resources, the deferred outflows related to pensions. The deferred outflows related to pensions are an aggregate of items related to pensions as calculated in accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions ("GASB 68"). The deferred outflows related to pensions will be recognized as either pension expense or a reduction in the net pension liability in future reporting years.

The Statements of Net Position also report a separate section for *deferred inflows of resources*. This separate financial statement element represents the acquisition of net position that will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until future periods. The Authority has one item that qualifies for reporting as deferred inflows of resources, the *deferred inflows related to pensions*. The deferred inflows related to pensions are an aggregate of items related to pensions as calculated in accordance with GASB 68. The deferred inflows related to pensions will be recognized as a reduction to pension expense in future reporting years.

Pensions and Net Pension Liability:

Net pension liability represents the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability of the cost-sharing pension plans in which it participates. The proportionate amount represents a share of the present value of projected benefit payments to be provided through the cost-sharing plan to current active and inactive employees that is attributed to those employees' past periods of service (total pension liability), less the amount of the cost-sharing pension plan's fiduciary net position. The Authority's regular employees participate in both the Florida Retirement System ("FRS") pension plans and the Health Insurance Subsidy Program ("HIS") defined benefit plan administered by the Florida Division of Retirement (collectively, "FRS/HIS"). The Authority's board members serve on a voluntary, noncompensated basis, and do not participate in the FRS/HIS.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the FRS/HIS and additions to/deductions from the FRS/HIS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by FRS/HIS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Leases:

The Authority recognizes a lease liability and a lease asset in the Statements of Net Position. The Authority recognizes lease liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$2,000 or more. At the commencement of the lease, the Authority initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made.

The Authority monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Revenues and Expenses:

Operating revenues and expenses consist of those revenues and expenses that result from the ongoing principal operations of the Authority. Operating revenues consist primarily of fees earned from the issuance and administration of single family and multi-family revenue bond programs and the portion of the Authority's First Time Homebuyer Program that is financed on a TBA basis. Operating revenues also include bond program residuals. Non-operating revenue consists of revenue related to investing activity. Operating expenses include expenses and cash contributions incurred in connection with the structuring and issuance of bond issues and other housing initiatives to promote safe, decent, and affordable housing in the Authority's area of operation. The mortgage-backed security purchase premium and settlement fee were recognized as expenses when paid, rather than as an increase in carrying value.

Advertising Costs:

Costs for producing and communicating advertising in connection with the Authority's First Time Homebuyer Program are expensed when incurred. During the years ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, such advertising expense totaled \$12,287 and \$10,183, respectively, and was netted against FTH Program income.

Developer Deposits:

Pursuant to the Authority's Multi-Family Tax Exempt Mortgage Revenue Bond Program Policy and Procedures, fees collected by the Authority prior to closing are minimal and are generally refundable until the proposed project is approved by State subsidies. At the point the fees become nonrefundable, the deposited monies are utilized to pay fees and expenses incurred to structure and close the bond financing. Unused monies are recognized as income following either the termination of an inducement agreement or the closing of the bond financing.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Net Position:

The Authority reports equity as net position in three components: net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted. The following explains each:

The *net investment in capital assets* classification is used to indicate a segregation of a portion of net position equal to the value of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, reduced by accumulated depreciation/amortization and by any outstanding debt incurred to acquire, construct, or improve those assets.

The *restricted net position* classification is used to indicate a segregation of a portion of net position equal to the value of assets with limits on their use that are either (1) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or (2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

The *unrestricted net position* classification relates to that portion of net position not restricted for the purposes described above.

Designations are used to indicate a segregation of a portion of unrestricted net position at the discretion and by official action of the Authority, which are to be used for specific purposes and not for general operations. These amounts are included in unrestricted net position for financial reporting purposes. When uses for a specific purpose may be funded with either restricted or unrestricted net position, the Authority's policy is to first use restricted net position.

Use of Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements:

In fiscal year 2022, the Authority adopted GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, which establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the principle that leases are financings of the right-to-use asset. This pronouncement requires the recognition of a lease asset and liability that was previously classified as an operating lease. The Authority adopted this pronouncement on a retrospective basis, which decreased fiscal year 2021's ending net position by \$8,623. As a result, fiscal year 2021's net position was restated. The required disclosures regarding the lease liability have been added to Note 11.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Recent Accounting Pronouncements (Continued):

In fiscal year 2022, the Authority early adopted GASB Statement No. 99, *Omnibus 2022*. This pronouncement affected the Authority as it clarified the measurement of lease liability when variable payments exist. The adoption of this pronouncement did not have an impact on the Authority's net position for the year ended September 30, 2022.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

At September 30, 2022 and 2021, cash and cash equivalents consisted of the following:

		2022		2021
Bank demand deposit accounts	\$	1,577,019	\$	1,673,910
Bank money market accounts	Ф	8,798,904	Ф	9,509,102
Florida Cash Pool ("FL-FIT Cash Pool")		1,600,728		-
Florida Cooperative Liquid Securities System ("FLCLASS")		1,603,640		1,591,178
Total	\$	13,580,291	\$	12,774,190

The Authority manages custodial credit risk by depositing moneys in demand deposit accounts, money market accounts, and highly liquid investments held only by qualified public depositories or within trust custodial accounts, all of which its board members have approved for use. Investments classified as cash equivalents include amounts placed with FLCLASS and FL-FIT Cash Pool, local government investment pools. Authorized investments, as provided by the Authority's investment policy, are summarized in Note 1.

Along with federal depository insurance, the bank demand deposit accounts and bank money market accounts are secured as provided by Chapter 280, Florida Statutes. This law requires local governments to deposit funds only in financial institutions designated as qualified public depositories by the Chief Financial Officer of the State of Florida and creates a trust fund, a multiple financial institution pool with the ability to assess its member financial institutions for collateral shortfalls if a default or insolvency has occurred.

At September 30, 2022 and 2021, restricted cash and cash equivalents totaled \$6,400,748 and \$6,734,551, respectively. At September 30, 2022 and 2021, \$5,000,000 was restricted for the purchase and temporary holding (pending sale) of mortgage-backed securities in connection with the Authority's First Time Homebuyer Program. At September 30, 2022 and 2021, \$1,400,748 and \$1,734,551, respectively, were restricted for repayment of the Bonds.

NOTE 3 - INVESTMENTS

At September 30, 2022 and 2021, operating fund investments consisted of the following:

	 2022	 2021
Mortgage-backed securities Florida Fixed Income Trust Enhanced Cash Pool ("FL-FIT")	\$ 3,639,362	\$ 2,393,228 1,598,010
Total	\$ 3,639,362	\$ 3,991,238

Mortgage-Backed Securities:

In connection with the retirement of certain single family mortgage revenue bond programs, the Authority has received residuals consisting in part of mortgage-backed securities. In addition, the Authority acquires and sells mortgage-backed securities, in connection with its First Time Homebuyer Program.

The mortgage-backed securities are fully modified securities, guaranteed as to timely payment of monthly principal and interest by the Government National Mortgage Association backed by pools of qualifying FHA-insured, VA-guaranteed, or RD-guaranteed mortgage loans or single pool mortgage-backed securities guaranteed as to timely payment of monthly principal and interest by the Federal National Mortgage Association or the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation backed by pools of qualifying conventional mortgage loans insured by private mortgage insurance in certain circumstances. The mortgage-backed securities are valued at fair value. At September 30, 2022 and 2021, the mortgage-backed securities bear interest at the rates of 1.50% through 7.00%. The mortgage-backed securities mature during the period from August 2023 through August 2052 and August 2023 through August 2051 for the years ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. The weighted average maturity was 24.09 years and 17.31 years at September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. The mortgage-backed securities are rated Aaa by Moody's Investor Services at September 30, 2022 and 2021.

NOTE 3 - INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Local Government Investment Pools:

FLCLASS, FL-FIT Cash Pool, and FL-FIT Enhanced Cash Pool are independent local government investment pools and are authorized investments consistent with Section 218.415(16)(a), Florida Statutes, and the Authority's investment policy. At September 30, 2022, information regarding the interest rate and credit risks were as follows:

	Weighted		
	Average	Credit	Credit
	Maturity	Rating	Rating Agency
FLCLASS	26 days	AAAm	Standard & Poor's
FL-FIT Cash Pool	12 days	AAAf/S1	Fitch

Weighted average maturity ("WAM") measures the sensitivity of the portfolio to interest rate changes.

The Authority's local government investment pools qualify as external investment pools under the guidance in GASB Statement No. 79, *Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants*. The Statement allows qualifying external investment pools to elect to measure all investment at amortized cost if the pool meets certain criteria and subsequently allows pool participants to record an investment in the pool at amortized cost.

NOTE 4 - RESTRICTED INVESTMENTS

Restricted investments consist of amounts held in relation to the Bonds. The Trustee may be directed by the Authority with an officer's certificate to invest any amounts on deposit in the Bonds' trust accounts in permitted investments (as defined in the following paragraph) so as to enable the Trustee to withdraw funds to make all payments required to be made when due with respect to the Bonds pursuant to the terms thereof and in accordance with the Trust Indentures. Absent such officer's certificate from the Authority, the Trustee should hold all such funds uninvested. The Authority issued officer's certificates directing the Trustee to invest amounts on deposit in the Bonds' trust accounts in U.S. Bank money market deposit accounts at the time of issuance of the Series 2019A and Series 2019B Bonds; however, the Trustee was directed to invest these amounts in First American Treasury Obligations Fund Class Y Shares as of November 2019.

NOTE 4 - RESTRICTED INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Pursuant to the Trust Indentures, permitted investments include the following investment obligations, provided such obligations at the time of investment are legal obligations with respect to such investment under the laws of the State of Florida:

- a) government obligations or mutual funds fully secured by government obligations;
- b) bonds, debentures, notes, or other evidences of indebtedness issued or guaranteed by any of the following federal agencies: FHLMC (senior debentures only), GNMA, FNMA, or Federal Home Loan Banks:
- c) shares of money market mutual funds that invest only in the obligations described in (a) and (b) above, including money market mutual funds of the Trustee bank meeting such criteria;
- d) master repurchase agreements with entities whose short-term unsecured debt is rated P-1 by Moody's Investors Service and which agreements are secured by government obligations which have a fair market value of 102% of the cash paid for such investment;
- e) certificates of deposit, savings accounts, deposit accounts or depository receipts having original maturities of not more than 365 days of federally or state chartered banks or trust companies (including the Trustee or affiliates thereof), savings and loan associations and mutual savings banks with capital surplus and undivided profits of not less than \$100,000,000, provided the unsecured obligations of any such institution are rated in one of the top two rating categories by Moody's Investors Service;
- f) direct obligations of banks, insurance companies and other financial institutions with ratings sufficient to maintain the ratings on the Bonds outstanding; and
- g) any other investment authorized by the Act.

However, permitted investments should be limited to those investments whose rating is sufficient to maintain the existing rating of the Bonds.

The mortgage certificates are fully modified mortgage-backed securities, guaranteed as to timely payment of monthly principal and interest by the GNMA and backed by pools of qualifying FHA-insured, VA-guaranteed, or USDA/RD-guaranteed mortgage loans or by single pool mortgage-backed pass-through securities, issued by FNMA or FHLMC, who also guarantee timely payment of monthly principal and interest. FNMA and FHLMC securities are backed by pools of qualifying conventional mortgage loans.

NOTE 4 - RESTRICTED INVESTMENTS (Continued)

The GNMA mortgage certificates securing the Series 2019A Bonds and purchased from proceeds of the Series 2019A Bonds bear interest at pass-through rates from 3.50% to 5.00%, with a weighted average pass-through rate of 4.53%. They were outstanding in the principal amount of \$6,783,261 and \$8,712,127 at September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. At September 30, 2022 and 2021, the weighted average remaining maturity was 316 months or 26.3 years and 329 months or 27.4 years, respectively. An amount equal to 100% of the aggregate unpaid principal balance of the underlying mortgage loans comprising pools backing the GNMA securities was paid from proceeds of the Series 2019A Bonds and premium on purchase not in excess of 1% was paid from other moneys available to the Authority. The Series 2019A Bonds are also secured by the 2019A Contributed MBS, which were outstanding in the amount of \$331,312 and \$507,616 at September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. The 2019A Contributed MBS bear interest at pass-through rates from 5.35% to 6.05%, with a weighted average pass though rate of 5.94%. At September 30, 2022 and 2021, the weighted average remaining maturity was 54 months or 4.5 years and 63 months or 5.3 years, respectively. The 2019A Contributed MBS were previously owned by the Authority and were contributed as security for the Series 2019A Bonds in order to assure a high-quality rating for the Series 2019A Bonds and to establish a master indenture program. The mortgage-backed certificates for the Series 2019A Bonds mature during the period from June 2027 through November 2049.

The GNMA mortgage certificates securing the Series 2019B Bonds and purchased from proceeds of the Series 2019B Bonds bear interest at pass-through rates from 1.5% to 4.13%, with a weighted average pass-through rate of 3.59%. They were outstanding in the principal amount of \$9,024,564 and \$10,937,637 at September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Their weighted average remaining term was 330 months or 27.5 years and 342 months or 28.5 years, respectively. An amount equal to 100% of the aggregate unpaid principal balance of the underlying mortgage loans comprising pools backing the GNMA securities was paid from proceeds of the Series 2019B Bonds and premium on purchase not in excess of 1% was paid from other moneys available to the Authority. The Series 2019B Bonds are secured on a parity with the Series 2019A Bonds. The mortgage-backed certificates for the Series 2019B Bonds mature during the period from August 2049 through August 2051.

The GNMA mortgage certificates securing the Series 2019C Bonds and purchased from proceeds of the Series 2019C Bonds bear interest at pass-through rates from 4.00% to 4.50%, with a weighted average pass-through rate of 4.67%. They were outstanding in the principal amount of \$3,805,277 and \$4,767,940 at September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Their weighted average remaining term was 318 months or 26.5 years and 332 months or 27.7 years, respectively. An amount equal to 100% of the aggregate unpaid principal balance of the underlying mortgage loans comprising pools backing the GNMA securities was paid from proceeds of the Series 2019C Bonds and premium on purchase not in excess of 1% was paid from other moneys available to the Authority. The mortgage-backed certificates for the Series 2019C Bonds mature during the period from July 2049 through October 2049.

NOTE 4 - RESTRICTED INVESTMENTS (Continued)

The mortgage certificates for the Series 2016A Bonds bear interest at the pass-through rates of 4.69% and 4.89%. They were outstanding in the principal amount of \$3,497,383 and \$5,636,144 on September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. At September 30, 2022 and 2021, the weighted average remaining maturity for the 2016A MBS was 167 months or 13.9 years and 178 months or 14.8 years, respectively. The mortgage-backed certificates for the Series 2016A Bonds were purchased at an amount equal to 100.00% of the aggregate unpaid principal balance of the underlying mortgage loans comprising the pools backing GNMA certificates, 100.00% of the aggregate unpaid principal balance of the underlying mortgage loans comprising the pools backing FNMA securities, and 100.00% of the aggregate unpaid principal balance of the underlying mortgage loans comprising pools backing FHLMC securities. On April 26, 2016 (date of inception), Bond funds were used to purchase mortgage-backed certificates with par values (i.e., face amounts) totaling \$16,861,686 at the price of \$16,861,686. The mortgage-backed certificates for the Series 2016A Bonds mature during the period from July 2037 through April 2038.

The mortgage-backed certificate for the Series 2014B Bonds bears interest at the pass-through rate of 4.00%. They were outstanding in the principal amount of \$1,137,538 and \$1,368,992 on September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. At September 30, 2022 and 2021, the weighted average remaining maturity for the Series 2014B Bonds was 247 months or 20.6 years and 264 months or 22 years, respectively. The mortgage-backed certificate for the Series 2014B Bonds was purchased at an amount equal to 101.22% of the aggregate unpaid principal balance of the underlying mortgage loans comprising the pool backing the GNMA certificate. On August 29, 2014 (date of inception), Bond funds were used to purchase the mortgage-backed certificate with a par value (i.e., face amount) totaling \$4,330,894 at the premium price of \$4,383,731. The mortgage-backed certificate for the Series 2014B Bonds is recorded at fair market value and matures in July 2044.

The mortgage certificates are backed by mortgage loans made to qualified persons or families of low-, moderate-, or middle-income to finance the purchase of single-family residences in the Counties and certain other counties designated by the Authority for participation in the program. The mortgage loans have a fixed interest rate ranging from 4.00% to 5.38% (Series 2019A Bonds), 5.85% to 7.55% (Series 2019A Bonds - Contributed MBS), 2.00% to 4.63% (Series 2019B Bonds), 4.61% to 5.00% (Series 2019C Bonds), 5.19% or 5.39% (Series 2016A Bonds), and 4.25% (Series 2014B Bonds), have level monthly payments and a term that does not exceed thirty years, and are assumable, but only if certain conditions are met.

The U.S. Bank money market deposit accounts are bank deposit accounts and direct obligations of U.S. Bank National Association. The money market deposit accounts are not rated, pay a variable market rate of interest, and are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. Authority management believes the carrying value (i.e., cost) approximates fair value. At September 30, 2022 and 2021, U.S. Bank National Association's long-term bank deposit rating and short-term bank deposit rating were Aa2/P-1.

NOTE 4 - RESTRICTED INVESTMENTS (Continued)

At September 30, 2022 and 2021, restricted investments consisted of the following:

	2022	2021
Mortgage-backed certificates - Series 2019A Bonds	\$ 6,921,294	\$ 10,052,151
Mortgage-backed certificates - Series 2019B Bonds	8,142,569	11,617,271
Mortgage-backed certificates - Series 2019C Bonds	3,671,053	5,246,371
Mortgage-backed certificates - Series 2016A Bonds	3,401,839	6,125,031
Mortgage-backed certificates - Series 2014B Bonds	1,097,349	1,494,858
	23,234,104	34,535,682
Less current portion	1,754,739	5,910,334
Total	\$ 21,479,365	\$ 28,625,348

At September 30, 2022 and 2021, the mortgage-backed certificates at par value were as follows:

	2022			2021
Mortgage-backed certificates at fair value Less: Net unrealized gain	\$	23,234,104 1,345,231	\$	34,535,682 (2,605,226)
Mortgage-backed certificates at par value	\$	24,579,335	\$	31,930,456

NOTE 5 - BANK PARTICIPATION AGREEMENTS

The Authority has purchased non-interest-bearing participation agreements from various commercial banks to provide funds for Habitat for Humanity. These agreements are collateralized by mortgages held by Habitat for Humanity and security deposits with the bank.

The Authority participates in these agreements so that Habitat for Humanity will have cash available to continue to build and finance affordable housing for low-income families in the community. Because these mortgages are not acquired primarily for the purpose of obtaining income or profit, they are not treated as investments. At September 30, 2022 and 2021, the principal balance outstanding totaled \$101,543 and \$113,543, respectively.

NOTE 6 - MULTI-FAMILY DEVELOPMENT INITIATIVE

The Authority's Multi-Family Development Initiative includes the Multi-Family Development Loan Program (the "Multi-Family Development Program") and the Urban Infill Revolving Loan Program (the "Urban Infill Program") (collectively, the "Initiative").

A. Multi-Family Development Program

On December 9, 2014, the Authority appropriated funds for the Multi-Family Development Program in an effort to help alleviate the shortage of affordable multi-family housing in Escambia County. In connection therewith, the Board approved and appropriated \$1,000,000 to finance the acquisition and development of properties suitable for multi-family affordable housing. During the years ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, there were no income or expenses related to this program.

B. Urban Infill Program

On December 9, 2014, the Authority also appropriated funds for the Urban Infill Program in an effort to help alleviate the shortage of affordable single family detached and attached (e.g., townhomes and duplexes) housing within Escambia County ("Infill Housing").

Twenty-four (24) homes were at various stages of completion at September 30, 2022 and 2021. Since the inception of the program, sixty (60) homes have been completed and sold as of September 30, 2022. The outstanding principal balance of each mortgage loan is limited to a maximum amount of \$150,000 (initially \$75,000) and is payable in full from the proceeds of the sale of the home and lot. Mortgage loans made to participating builders for the construction of Infill Housing do not bear interest and may be prepaid in whole or in part at any time without penalty. Pursuant to the Urban Infill Loan Agreement, as amended and executed by each participating builder, the construction of each infill home must be fully completed and ready for occupancy within 150 days of the date of the Notice of Commencement, unless extended by the Authority for good cause shown.

The sale of each infill home must occur within 60 days of receiving a certificate of occupancy (the "Sixty Day Deadline"). In the event a home is not sold to an eligible homebuyer by the Sixty-Day Deadline, participating builders are required to repay the total amount of interim construction financing advanced by the Authority within 10 days.

NOTE 6 - MULTI-FAMILY DEVELOPMENT INITIATIVE (Continued)

B. Urban Infill Program (Continued)

The Authority earns an administrative fee equal to either 2.5% of the sales price of infill homes constructed on Authority owned parcels or 1.5% of the sales price of infill homes constructed on builder owned parcels. Administrative fees along with the repayments of mortgage loans are processed and paid directly to the Authority by the closing agent from the sale proceeds of each home. Administrative fee income for the years ended September 30, 2022 and 2021 totaled \$22,423 and \$26,216, respectively. Correspondingly, during the years ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, the expenses (primarily legal and maintenance, but excluding any allocation of a portion of the Authority personnel services expense and general counsel fees), incurred in connection with the Urban Infill Program were \$560 and \$10,120, respectively. The Authority considers the mortgage loans made to participating builders to be fully collectible. Therefore, no allowance for loan losses is considered necessary.

The moneys appropriated for the two components of the Initiative may be used, under the respective programs, to either acquire parcels of land suitable for multi-family housing or to fund interest-free first mortgage loans for small local builders as an incentive to construct the Infill Housing previously described. At September 30, 2022 and 2021, first mortgage loans receivable extended in connection with the Initiative were as follows:

	2022	 2021	
Urban Infill Program Less: Unfunded amounts	\$ 2,535,500 (1,898,365)	\$ 2,176,575 (1,547,452)	
Total	\$ 637,135	\$ 629,123	

Moneys appropriated for the Urban Infill Program may also be utilized to fund the acquisition of properties which can be banked for subsequent transfer to participating builders (via Warranty Deed) for the future construction of Infill Housing (the "Banked Parcels"). As of September 30, 2022, the Authority had two banked properties valued at \$21,274. One of the two properties was deeded back to the Authority after the participating builder cancelled their mortgage in May 2022. As of September 30, 2021, the Authority had one banked property valued at \$9,843.

NOTE 7 - AMORTIZING SECOND MORTGAGES RECEIVABLE

At September 30, 2022 and 2021, amortizing second mortgages receivable were as follows:

		2021		
Non-interest bearing second mortgages	\$	218,849	\$	291,608
Less: Allowance for loan losses		(75,831)		(92,575)
	-	143,018		199,033
Less: Current portion		(35,983)		(25,688)
Noncurrent portion	\$	107,035	\$	173,345

As of September 30, 2022 and 2021, the Authority had appropriated and made available \$6,903,040 to fund second mortgage loans in connection with its 2004A, 2006A, 2007A, 2007B, and GSE-R Single Family Mortgage Revenue Bond programs. As of September 30, 2022 and 2021, the Authority had used \$6,053,665 of these moneys to make ten and twenty year amortizing second mortgage loans to provide borrowers with down payment and closing cost assistance.

As of September 30, 2022, the amount of moneys made available and used and the outstanding balances of the amortizing second mortgage loans were as follows:

Single Family Program	M	Moneys Made Money			Loans		
(Maximum Loan Amount)		Available	Used			utstanding	
Series 2004A (\$10,000)	\$	1,175,000	\$	1,101,777	\$	-	
Series 2006A (\$10,000)		1,603,040		1,491,700		12,023	
Series 2007A (\$7,000)		1,125,000		921,283		7,736	
Series 2007B (\$7,000)		1,000,000		958,856		13,354	
Series GSE-R (\$8,000)		2,000,000		1,580,049		185,736	
September 30, 2022	\$	6,903,040	\$	6,053,665	\$	218,849	

NOTE 7 - AMORTIZING SECOND MORTGAGES RECEIVABLE (Continued)

As of September 30, 2021, the amount of moneys made available and used and the outstanding balances of the amortizing second mortgage loans were as follows:

Single Family Program	M	Moneys Made Moneys			Loans					
(Maximum Loan Amount)		Available	Used		Used		Used		<u>O</u>	utstanding
G : 2004 (010 000)	Ф	1 177 000	Ф	1 101 777	Ф					
Series 2004A (\$10,000)	\$	1,175,000	\$	1,101,777	\$	-				
Series 2006A (\$10,000)		1,603,040		1,491,700		11,982				
Series 2007A (\$7,000)		1,125,000		921,324		7,777				
Series 2007B (\$7,000)		1,000,000		958,815		13,313				
Series GSE-R (\$8,000)		2,000,000		1,580,049		258,536				
September 30, 2021	\$	6,903,040	\$	6,053,665	\$	291,608				

Since the real properties, that collateralize the Authority's amortizing second mortgages receivable, are concentrated within one geographic location (participating Florida counties), there is a significant concentration of credit risk. In an effort to minimize this risk, it is the Authority's policy to consider certain existing conditions in the geographic location and to record liens on the real properties, at the time amortizing second mortgage loans are originated.

NOTE 8 - NON-AMORTIZING SECOND MORTGAGES RECEIVABLE

From time to time, the Authority has implemented non-amortizing second mortgage loan programs (the "Assistance Programs"). At September 30, 2022 and 2021, the Authority had outstanding non-amortizing second mortgage loans made in connection with its Single Family Mortgage Revenue Bond Program, Series 1995, 1996, 1997, 1998, 1999, 2000, 2001, 2002, 2004, 2014B, 2019A, 2019B and 2019C, in addition to loans originated under the TBA model for the FTH Program. Loan amounts under the non-amortizing second mortgage programs were periodically established by the Authority based on market conditions at the time the respective programs were structured and have ranged from \$1,700 to \$10,000 over the years. This is referred to as the Classic Product. During March 2020, additional loan amounts were established for first time homebuyer loans through the TBA model as a percentage of the first mortgage amount, which included 3%, 4% and 5% loans (the "Percentage Based Product"). Loans for the Percentage Based Product sometimes exceeded \$10,000, but on the average were somewhat less than the Classic Product.

NOTE 8 - NON-AMORTIZING SECOND MORTGAGES RECEIVABLE (Continued)

The majority of the non-amortizing second mortgage loans (i.e., both those made in connection with the Authority's Single Family Mortgage Revenue Bond Programs and the FTH Program through the TBA model) are non-interest bearing, have a stated term of 30 years, with principal due at the time the mortgagors' first mortgage loan is either repaid in full, is refinanced, or is in default. However, the Percentage Based Product loans are forgivable, but are required to be repaid if the home is sold or the affiliated first mortgage is paid or refinanced before the expiration of the forgiveness term. As of September 30, 2022 and 2021, \$332,977 of the non-amortizing second mortgages not assigned to bond issues are forgivable after five years, and \$1,278,004 and \$1,109,955, respectively, of these second mortgages are forgivable after ten years.

During fiscal year ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, the Authority funded \$627,817 and \$1,487,643, respectively, in non-amortizing second mortgages under the Assistance Program.

Excluding loans assigned to the Series 2019A and 2019B Bonds, as of September 30, 2022 and 2021, non-amortizing second mortgage loans (net of write-offs) outstanding totaled \$9,360,587 and \$9,909,897, respectively.

To mitigate credit risk associated with the non-amortizing loans, the Authority records liens on the real properties at the time non-amortizing second mortgage loans are originated. Because of the long-term deferred repayment of such loans, the Authority accounts for the funding of the loans as a current operating expense and repayments are recognized as revenue when received.

For the years ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, the amount of non-amortizing second mortgage loan receipts recorded as operating revenue totaled \$1,260,557 and \$1,193,220, respectively.

For the years ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, the amount of non-amortizing second mortgage loan funding recorded as operating expense totaled \$606,993 and \$1,487,643, respectively.

NOTE 9 - CAPITAL ASSETS

The following tables provide a summary of changes in capital assets for the years ended September 30, 2022 and 2021:

		Beginning Balance		Increases		Decreases		Ending Balance
Capital assets	Ф	26.066	Ф		Φ		Ф	26.066
Office equipment	\$	36,066	\$	-	\$	-	\$	36,066
Land and improvements		569,843		11,431		-		581,274
Right-to-use asset		358,012		-		-		358,012
Total capital assets		963,921		11,431		-	_	975,352
Accumulated depreciation and amortization								
Office equipment		(31,075)		(3,009)		-		(34,084)
Right-to-use asset		(56,528)		(56,528)		-		(113,056)
Total accumulated depreciation and amortization	1	(87,603)		(59,537)		-		(147,140)
September 30, 2022	\$	876,318	\$	(48,106)	\$	-	\$	828,212
		Beginning Balance		Additions		Disposals		Ending Balance
Capital assets								
Office equipment	\$	38,094	\$	-	\$	(2,028)	\$	36,066
Land and improvements		560,000		9,843		-		569,843
Right-to-use asset		358,012		-		-		358,012
Total capital assets		956,106		9,843		(2,028)		963,921
Accumulated depreciation and amortization								
Office equipment		(30,094)		(3,009)		2,028		(31,075)
Right-to-use asset		-		(56,528)		-		(56,528)
Total accumulated depreciation and amortization	1	(30,094)		(59,537)		2,028		(87,603)
September 30, 2021	\$	926,012	\$	(49,694)	\$	_	\$	876,318

NOTE 10 - BONDS PAYABLE

From time to time, the Authority has issued revenue bonds and other obligations to provide financial assistance to individuals, families, and private-sector entities. The financial assistance was provided to encourage the investment of private capital and stimulate the acquisition and construction of residential housing for low-, moderate-, and middle-income individuals and families. The bonds and other obligations are secured by the assets, revenues, receipts, and other resources of the bond programs and/or the properties financed.

Neither the Authority, Escambia County, the State of Florida, nor any political subdivision thereof is obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds and other obligations.

As of September 30, 2022, the Authority had issued and outstanding the following bonds pursuant to its authorization:

	Issue Amount	Outstanding Amount			
Direct Borrowings -					
Single Family Mortgage Revenue					
and Refunding Bonds:					
Series 2019A Bonds	\$ 15,000,000	\$	6,255,000		
Series 2019B Bonds	14,000,000		9,425,000		
Series 2019C Bonds	6,481,473		3,812,444		
Series 2016A Bonds	16,861,686		3,515,553		
Series 2014B Bonds	 4,335,000		1,140,961		
Subtotal	56,678,159		24,148,958		
Other Debt -					
Multi-Family Housing Revenue					
and Refunding Bonds:					
Orange Blossom Village Apartments, Series 2021	8,700,000		7,446,442		
Taylor Pointe Apartments, Series 2019A	11,320,000		11,157,941		
Taylor Pointe Apartments, Series 2019B-1	2,548,572		2,548,572		
Taylor Pointe Apartments, Series 2019B-2	1,911,428		1,911,428		
Delphin Downs Apartments, Series 2018	7,950,000		3,327,558		
Johnson Lakes Project, Series 2006	9,000,000		3,835,714		
Kinneret Apartments, Series 2022A	49,927,000		47,927,000		
Kinneret Apartments, Series 2022B	5,373,000		5,373,000		
Flint Gardens, Series 2022	14,050,000		10,619,168		
Series 1985	20,000,000		190,283		
Subtotal	 130,780,000		94,337,105		
Total	\$ 187,458,159	\$	118,486,063		

NOTE 10 - BONDS PAYABLE (Continued)

The Authority's Multi-Family Mortgage Loan Revenue Bonds are not included in the Authority's financial statements because the developer or owner is the borrower of the conduit bond funds, not the Authority, and is obligated to pay principal and interest on the bonds. The Authority's Single-family Mortgage Loan Revenue Bonds are included in the Authority's financial statements because the Authority is obligated to pay principal and interest on the bonds, but only from the designated trust funds pledged to secure the bonds.

As of September 30, 2022, the Authority was unaware of and had received no notice of default from the trustees for any of its single family, dormitory, and multi-family bond programs, except for the Single-Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Series 1985 ("Series 1985 Bonds"). Due to the structure of the capital appreciation bond, \$410,000 remained outstanding at December 1, 2016, the maturity date. The Series 1985 Bonds were secured by bond insurance issued by Financial Guaranty Insurance Company ("FGIC"), and FGIC was expected to pay the remaining balance.

However, in March 2009, Moody's Investor's Services withdrew its rating for FGIC, who worked with regulators to create a plan for restructuring and rehabilitation. Holders of bonds insured by FGIC were notified of the rehabilitation plan. Under FGIC's rehabilitation plan, FGIC's claims paying agents agreed to distribute payments through a 40-year run off period to the bond holders. As of September 30, 2022 and 2021, the outstanding balance due to bond holders was \$190,283 and \$212,682, respectively.

NOTE 10 - BONDS PAYABLE (Continued)

The following is a summary of changes in bonds payable:

	 Balance October 1, 2021	Increases Decreases		 Balance September 30, 2022	 Due Within One Year	
Series 2019A Bonds Series 2019B Bonds Series 2019C Bonds	\$ 8,610,000 11,285,000 4,775,888	\$ - - -	\$	(2,355,000) (1,860,000) (963,444)	\$ 6,255,000 9,425,000 3,812,444	\$ 155,000 175,000
Series 2016A Bonds Series 2014B Bonds	 5,659,751 1,372,646	 -		(2,144,198) (231,685)	 3,515,553 1,140,961	 1,325,598 188,317
	\$ 31,703,285	\$ -	\$	(7,554,327)	\$ 24,148,958	\$ 1,843,915

Bonds payable consisted of the following at September 30:

	 2022	2021
Series 2019A Bonds - \$15,000,000 serial and term bonds bearing interest ranging from 1.75% to 4.75% payable April 1 and October 1 of each year, maturing on April 1, 2050	\$ 6,255,000	\$ 8,610,000
Series 2019B Bonds -		
\$14,000,000 serial and term bonds bearing interest ranging from 1.50% to 3.50% payable April 1 and October 1 of		
each year, maturing on April 1, 2051	9,425,000	11,285,000
Series 2019C Bonds -		
\$6,481,473 term bonds bearing interest at 3.00% payable monthly, maturing December 1, 2049	3,812,444	4,775,888
December 1, 204)	3,012,777	7,773,000

NOTE 10 - BONDS PAYABLE (Continued)

	2022	2021
Series 2016A Bonds - \$16,681,686 term bonds bearing interest at 2.85% payable monthly, maturing on November 1, 2038	3,515,553	5,659,751
Series 2014B Bonds -		
\$4,335,000 term bonds bearing interest		
at 3.125% payable monthly, maturing		
on August 1, 2044	1,140,961	1,372,646
	24,148,958	31,703,285
Less current portion	1,843,915	1,941,424
Total	\$ 22,305,043	\$ 29,761,861

Series 2019A Bonds debt service requirements on bonds payable are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	 Principal Interest		 Total	
2023	\$ 155,000	\$	542,538	\$ 697,538
2024	160,000		530,526	690,526
2025	160,000		517,630	677,630
2026	170,000		504,106	674,106
2027	145,000		489,633	634,633
2028-2032	755,000		2,279,365	3,034,365
2033-2037	927,500		1,935,225	2,862,725
2038-2042	1,240,000		1,478,395	2,718,395
2043-2047	1,610,000		885,181	2,495,181
2048-2050	 932,500		174,663	 1,107,163
Total	\$ 6,255,000	\$	9,337,261	\$ 15,592,261

NOTE 10 - BONDS PAYABLE (Continued)

Series 2019B Bonds debt service requirements on bonds payable are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	Principal		Interest		 Total
2023	\$	175,000	\$	422,620	\$ 597,620
2024		215,000		416,128	631,128
2025		220,000		409,258	629,258
2026		215,000		401,915	616,915
2027		220,000		394,173	614,173
2028-2032		1,215,000		1,836,589	3,051,589
2033-2037		1,440,000		1,551,832	2,991,832
2038-2042		1,785,000		1,186,180	2,971,180
2043-2047		2,135,000		727,741	2,862,741
2048-2051		1,805,000		182,730	 1,987,730
Total	\$	9,425,000	\$	7,529,166	\$ 16,954,166

Series 2019C Bonds debt service requirements on bonds payable are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	Principal Interest		 Total	
2023	\$	-	\$ 114,373	\$ 114,373
2024		-	114,373	114,373
2025		-	114,373	114,373
2026		-	114,373	114,373
2027		-	114,373	114,373
2028-2032		-	571,867	571,867
2033-2037		-	571,867	571,867
2038-2042		-	571,867	571,867
2043-2047		-	571,867	571,867
2048-2050		3,812,444	 457,493	4,269,937
Total	\$	3,812,444	\$ 3,316,826	\$ 7,129,270

NOTE 10 - BONDS PAYABLE (Continued)

Series 2016A Bonds debt service requirements on bonds payable are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	Principal		Principal Interest			Total
2023	\$	1,325,598	\$	100,193	\$	1,425,791
2024	Ψ	-	Ψ	100,193	Ψ	100,193
2025		-		100,193		100,193
2026		-		100,193		100,193
2027		-		100,193		100,193
2028-2032		_		500,966		500,966
2033-2037		-		500,966		500,966
2038-2039		2,189,955		208,736		2,398,691
Total	\$	3,515,553	\$	1,711,633	\$	5,227,186

Series 2014B Bonds debt service requirements on bonds payable are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	Principal		Interest		 Total	
2023	\$	188,317	\$	35,655	\$ 223,972	
2024		-		35,655	35,655	
2025		-		35,655	35,655	
2026		-		35,655	35,655	
2027		-		35,655	35,655	
2028-2032		-		178,275	178,275	
2033-2037		-		178,275	178,275	
2038-2042		-		178,275	178,275	
2043-2044		952,644		101,023	 1,053,667	
Total	\$	1,140,961	\$	814,123	\$ 1,955,084	

The principal amounts for the year ending September 30, 2022 are based on both known and estimated amounts and assuming no principal prepayments on the mortgage loans (i.e., which underlie the mortgage-backed certificates) in the calculation of the estimated amounts. While portions of the Bonds are expected to be mandatorily redeemed subsequent to the year ending September 30, 2022, no such amounts have been estimated and included in the above schedules.

At September 30, 2022 and 2021, all of the Bonds were rated Aaa by Moody's Investors Service.

NOTE 10 - BONDS PAYABLE (Continued)

Optional Redemptions:

Series 2019A Bonds are subject to redemption from any source of available funds, at the option of the Authority, in whole or in part on the first business day of any month, on or after October 1, 2028, at the redemption prices equal to the principal amount being so redeemed, together with accrued interest to the date of redemption. If in part, such Series 2019A Bonds will be selected for redemption in the order described in the Supplemental Trust Indenture pertaining to the Series 2019A Bonds.

Series 2019B Bonds are subject to redemption from any source of available funds, at the option of the Authority, in whole or in part on the first business day of any month, on or after April 1, 2029, at the redemption prices equal to the principal amount being so redeemed, together with accrued interest to the date of redemption. If in part, such Series 2019B Bonds will be selected for redemption in the order described in the Supplemental Trust Indenture pertaining to the Series 2019B Bonds.

Series 2019C Bonds are subject to redemption from any source of available funds, at the option of the Authority, in whole or in part on the first business day of any month, on or after April 1, 2029, at the redemption prices equal to the principal amount being so redeemed, together with accrued interest to the date of redemption. If in part, such Series 2019C Bonds will be selected for redemption in the order described in the Supplemental Trust Indenture pertaining to the Series 2019C Bonds. An optional redemption effected when the Series 2019C Bonds are held in the Depository Trust Company ("DTC") book-entry only system is expected to be made as a "pro-rata pass-through distribution of principal" by DTC.

Series 2016A Bonds are subject to redemption from any source of available funds, at the option of the Authority, in whole but not in part on any date on or after October 1, 2025, at the redemption prices equal to the principal amount being so redeemed, together with accrued interest to the date of redemption. An optional redemption effected when the Series 2016A Bonds are held in the DTC book-entry only system is expected to be made as a "pro-rata pass-through distribution of principal" by DTC.

The Series 2014B Bonds are subject to optional redemption from any source of available funds, at the option of the Authority, in whole or in part on any date on or after June 1, 2024, at the redemption prices equal to the principal amount being so redeemed, together with accrued interest to the date of redemption. If in part, such Series 2014B Bonds will be selected for redemption in the order described in the Supplemental Trust Indenture pertaining to the Series 2014B Bonds. An optional redemption effected when the Series 2014B Bonds are held in the DTC book-entry only system is expected to be made as a "pro-rata pass-through distribution of principal" by DTC.

NOTE 10 - BONDS PAYABLE (Continued)

Optional Redemptions (Continued):

The Bonds may, at the direction of the Authority, be redeemed in whole or in some circumstances in part on any date on or after October 1, 2028 (Series 2019A Bonds), April 1, 2029 (Series 2019B Bonds), April 1, 2029 (Series 2019C Bonds), October 1, 2025 (Series 2016A Bonds), or June 1, 2024 (Series 2014B Bonds), at the redemption prices equal to the principal amount being so redeemed, together with accrued interest to the date of redemption, if proceeds of the sale of all or a portion of the Bonds' mortgage-backed certificates, together with other available moneys on deposit with the Trustee will be sufficient, as determined by or on behalf of the Authority and confirmed with the Trustee, to redeem the applicable Bonds to be so redeemed in accordance with the Trust Indentures and to pay redemption premiums, if any, expenses of such redemption, and any unpaid trustee fees, rebate analyst fees, and expenses and rebate requirement.

The Supplemental Trust Indentures for each Series of the Bonds stipulate that certain financial analyses are required for optional redemptions of less than all of the outstanding Bonds.

Mandatory Redemptions:

The Series 2019A Bonds are subject to mandatory redemption and mandatory sinking fund redemption prior to their stated maturities as a whole or in part at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount thereof, plus accrued interest thereon to the date of redemption, without premium, on any interest payment date, and at any time at the written direction of the Authority, on or after October 1, 2019, from prepayments of principal for the mortgage loans underlying the mortgage certificates or from certain surpluses. The Series 2019A Bonds so redeemed must be called in the order specified in the Trust Indenture relating to the Series 2019A Bonds.

Series 2019A Bonds mandatory redemptions totaling \$2,355,000 and \$6,060,000 were paid during the years ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. These mandatory redemptions were redeemed from moneys representing regularly scheduled repayments of the mortgage certificates and prepayments of principal for the mortgage loans underlying the mortgage certificates.

The Series 2019B Bonds are subject to mandatory redemption and mandatory sinking fund redemption prior to their stated maturities as a whole or in part at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount thereof, plus accrued interest thereon to the date of redemption, without premium, on any interest payment date, and at any time at the written direction of the Authority, on or after April 1, 2020, from prepayments of principal for the mortgage loans underlying the mortgage certificates or from certain surpluses. The Series 2019B Bonds so redeemed must be called in the order specified in the Supplemental Trust Indenture relating to the Series 2019B Bonds.

NOTE 10 - BONDS PAYABLE (Continued)

Mandatory Redemptions (Continued):

The Series 2019B Bonds are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption in the amounts specified in the Supplemental Trust Indenture relating to the Series 2019B Bonds.

Series 2019B Bonds mandatory redemptions totaling \$1,860,000 and \$2,715,000 were paid during the years ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. These mandatory redemptions were redeemed from moneys representing regularly scheduled repayments of the mortgage certificates and prepayments of principal for the mortgage loans underlying the mortgage certificates.

The Series 2019C Bonds are subject to mandatory redemption prior to their stated maturity in whole or in part by the Trustee at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount thereof; plus accrued interest thereon to the date of redemption, without premium, on the first day of each month, commencing December 1, 2019, to the extent there are regularly scheduled repayments of the mortgage certificates and prepayments of principal for the mortgage loans underlying the mortgage certificates, received in the immediately preceding calendar month. A mandatory redemption effected when the bonds are held in the DTC book-entry only system is expected to be made as a "pro-rata pass-through distribution of principal" by DTC. The Series 2019C Bonds are not subject to mandatory sinking fund redemptions.

Series 2019C Bonds mandatory redemptions totaling \$963,444 and \$968,303 were paid during the years ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. These mandatory redemptions were redeemed from moneys representing regularly scheduled repayments of the mortgage certificates and prepayments of principal for the mortgage loans underlying the mortgage certificates.

The Series 2016A Bonds are subject to mandatory redemption prior to their stated maturity in whole or in part by the Trustee at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount thereof; plus accrued interest thereon to the date of redemption, without premium, on the first day of each month, commencing June 1, 2016, to the extent there are regularly scheduled repayments of the mortgage certificates and prepayments of principal for the mortgage loans underlying the mortgage certificates, received in the immediately preceding calendar month. A mandatory redemption effected when the bonds are held in the DTC book-entry only system is expected to be made as a "pro-rata pass-through distribution of principal" by DTC. The Series 2016A Bonds shall be mandatorily redeemed in minimum denominations of one dollar. The Series 2016A Bonds are not subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption.

Series 2016A Bonds mandatory redemptions totaling \$2,144,198 and \$1,600,781 were paid during the years ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. These mandatory redemptions of the term bonds due November 1, 2038 were redeemed from moneys representing regularly scheduled repayments of the mortgage certificates and prepayments of principal for the mortgage loans underlying the mortgage certificates.

NOTE 10 - BONDS PAYABLE (Continued)

Mandatory Redemptions (Continued):

The Series 2014B Bonds are subject to mandatory redemption prior to their stated maturity in whole or in part by the Trustee at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount thereof, plus accrued interest thereon to the date of redemption, without premium, on the first day of each month, commencing October 1, 2014, to the extent there are regularly scheduled repayments of the GNMA certificate and prepayments of principal for the mortgage loans underlying the GNMA certificate, received in the immediately preceding calendar month. The bonds are to be mandatorily redeemed in minimum denominations of one dollar. The Series 2014B Bonds are not subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption.

Series 2014B Bonds mandatory redemptions totaling \$231,685 and \$697,039 were paid during the years ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Those mandatory redemptions of the term bonds due August 1, 2044 were redeemed from moneys representing regularly scheduled repayments of the GNMA certificate and prepayments of principal for the mortgage loans underlying the GNMA certificate.

NOTE 11 - LEASE LIABILITY

The Authority entered into a five-year lease agreement for the use of office space. An initial lease liability was retroactively recorded in the amount of \$358,012 as of October 1, 2020 to adopt GASB Statement No. 87. As of September 30, 2022, the balance of the lease liability was \$259,859. The Authority is required to make monthly principal and interest payments of \$5,014. Monthly principal and interest payments increase by 3% every February of the lease term. The lease has an interest rate of 3.25%.

The future principal and interest lease payment liabilities for the year ended September 30, 2022, is as follows:

Year Ending										
September 30,]	Principal		Principal		Principal Interest		Total Payments		
2023	\$	53,720	\$	7,656	\$	61,376				
2024		57,361		5,857		63,217				
2025		61,178		3,936		65,114				
2026		65,178		1,889		67,067				
2027		22,423		152		22,575				
Total	\$	259,859	\$	19,491	\$	279,350				

NOTE 11 - LEASE LIABILITY (Continued)

The following table shows changes to the lease liability for the years ended September 30, 2022 and 2021:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	 Payment	Ending Balance	mounts Due Within One Year
Year ended September 30, 2022	\$ 310,107	\$ 	\$ (50,248)	\$ 259,859	\$ 53,720
Year ended September 30, 2021	\$ 358,012	\$ 	\$ (47,905)	\$ 310,107	\$ 50,248

Lease expense for the right-to-use asset for the year ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, was as follows:

Lease expense:	2022	2021
Amortization expense by class of underlying asset:		
Office space	\$ 56,528	\$ 56,528
Interest on lease liability	 9,341	 9,948
Total	\$ 65,869	\$ 66,476

NOTE 12 - PENSION OBLIGATIONS

Florida Retirement System:

As provided by Chapters 121 and 112, Florida Statutes, the Florida Retirement System ("FRS") provides two cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plans administered by the Florida Department of Management Services Division of Retirement, including the FRS Pension Plan ("Pension Plan") and the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy ("HIS Plan") for participating public employees.

The State of Florida Retirement System issues a publicly available stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, Research and Education Section, P.O. Box 9000, Tallahassee, Florida, 32315-9000 or calling 1-850-488-5706; or at the Florida Department of Management Services Division of Retirement website: (http://www.dms.myflorida.com/workforce_operations/retirement/publications).

NOTE 12 - PENSION OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

Pension Plan:

<u>Plan Description</u> - The Pension Plan is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The Pension Plan was amended in 1998 to add the Deferred Retirement Option Program ("DROP") and amended in 2000 to provide a defined contribution plan alternative for FRS members.

Benefits Provided - Authority employees are covered by the Pension Plan unless they have elected to participate in the FRS Investment Plan in lieu of the Pension Plan. Employees who retire with 30 years of credited service or at age 62 with 6 years of credited service are entitled to a benefit, payable monthly for life, equal to 1.6 percent of their average final compensation for each year of credited service. Average final compensation is the employee's average salary for the five highest years of salary earned during covered employment. Benefits fully vest on reaching 6 years of credited service for employees hired through June 30, 2011, and on reaching 8 years of credited service for employees hired after that date. If hired before July 1, 2011, vested employees may retire before age 62 or 30 years of credited service and receive reduced retirement benefits or 65 or 33 years of credited service, if hired after that date. The Pension Plan also provides death and disability benefits.

The DROP permits employees eligible for normal retirement under the Pension Plan to defer receipt of monthly benefit payment while continuing employment with an FRS participating employer. An employee may participate in the DROP for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate. During the period of DROP participation, deferred monthly benefits are held in the Florida Retirement System Trust Fund and accrue interest.

<u>Contributions</u> - The Authority is required by State statute to make contributions to the Pension Plan equal to a certain percent of covered employees' salaries. Authority employees are members of the regular class. The employer and employee contribution rates at September 30, 2022 were 11.91% and 3%, respectively.

The Authority's contributions to the Pension Plan totaled \$51,250, \$45,554, and \$38,075 for the years ended September 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020, respectively.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension – At September 30, 2022 and 2021, the Authority reported net pension liability of \$423,489 and \$90,438, respectively, for its proportionate share of the Pension Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2022 and 2021, respectively. The Authority's proportionate share of net pension liability was based on the Authority's fiscal year contributions relative to the fiscal year contributions of all participating members. On June 30, 2022 and 2021, the Authority's proportionate share was 0.001138165% and 0.001197240%, respectively.

NOTE 12 - PENSION OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

For the years ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, the Authority recognized pension expense of \$71,509 and \$14,125, respectively, related to the Pension Plan.

In addition, the Authority reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources for the years ended September 30, 2022 and 2021:

	(Deferred Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
September 30, 2022:					
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	20,113	\$	-	
Change of assumptions		52,154		-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings					
on Pension Plan investments		27,963			
Changes in proportion and differences between Authority Pension Plan					
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		38,372		13,265	
Authority Pension Plan contributions subsequent to the measurement date		13,176		-	
Total	\$	151,778	\$	13,265	
	(Deferred Outflows Resources		Deferred Inflows Resources	
September 30, 2021:					
•					
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	15,501	\$	-	
Differences between expected and actual experience Change of assumptions	\$	15,501 61,882	\$	-	
	\$		\$	-	
Change of assumptions	\$		\$	315,515	
Change of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings	\$		\$	315,515	
Change of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on Pension Plan investments	\$		\$	315,515	
Change of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on Pension Plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between Authority Pension Plan	\$	61,882	\$	·	
Change of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on Pension Plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between Authority Pension Plan contributions and proportionate share of contributions	\$ 	61,882 - 53,710	\$ 	·	

NOTE 12 - PENSION OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

Pension Plan (Continued):

The deferred outflows of resources related to the Pension Plan totaling \$13,176 resulting from Authority contributions to the Pension Plan subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending		
September 30		
2023	\$	10,974
2024		30,584
2025		1,444
2026		76,055
2027		4,913
Thereafter		1,367
Total	<u>\$</u>	125,337

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u> - The total pension liability in the July 1, 2022 and 2021 actuarial valuations was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.40%
Salary increases	3.25%, average, including inflation

The investment rates of return used in the July 1, 2022 and 2021 valuations were 6.70% and 6.80%, respectively.

Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 base table projected generationally with scale MP-2018 details

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2022 and 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2018.

The long-term expected rate of return on Pension Plan investments was not based on historical returns, but instead is based in a forward-looking capital market economic model. The allocation policy's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption.

NOTE 12 - PENSION OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

Pension Plan (Continued):

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic and geometric real rates of return for each major class are summarized in the following table:

			Compound	
		Annual	Annual	
	Target	Arithmetic	(Geometric)	Standard
	Allocation (1)	Return	Return	Deviation
Cash	1.00%	2.60%	2.60%	1.10%
Fixed income	19.80%	4.40%	4.40%	3.20%
Global equity	54.00%	8.80%	7.30%	17.80%
Real estate	10.30%	7.40%	6.30%	15.70%
Private equity	11.10%	12.00%	8.90%	26.30%
Strategic investments	3.80%	6.20%	5.90%	7.80%
	100.00%			
Assumed inflation - Mean			2.40%	1.30%

Note: (1) As outlined in the Pension Plan's investment policy.

<u>Discount Rate</u> - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.70% and 6.80% for the July 1, 2022 and 2021 valuations, respectively. The Pension Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return.

NOTE 12 - PENSION OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

Pension Plan (Continued):

<u>Rate</u> - The following table presents the Authority's proportionate share of net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.70% as well as what the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower (5.70%) or 1% higher (7.70%) than the current rate:

		1% Decrease		Current		1%	
				Discount Rate		Increase	
		(5.70%)		(6.70%)		(7.70%)	
Authority's proportionate share of							
the net pension liability	\$	732,395	\$	423,489	\$	165,207	

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u> - Detailed information about the Pension Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State-Administered Systems Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

<u>Payables to the Pension Plan</u> - At September 30, 2022 and 2021, the Authority reported payables of \$4,889 and \$3,965, respectively, for the outstanding amount of contributions to the Pension Plan required for the years ended September 30, 2022 and 2021.

HIS Plan:

<u>Plan Description</u> - The HIS Plan is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established under Section 112.363, Florida Statutes, and may be amended by the Florida Legislature at any time. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of the State-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs and is administered by the Division of Retirement within the Florida Department of Management Services.

Benefits Provided - For the years ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment of \$5 for each year of creditable service completed at the time of retirement, with a minimum payment of \$30 and a maximum payment of \$150 per month pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive a HIS Plan benefit, a retiree under a State-administered retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which includes Medicare.

NOTE 12 - PENSION OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

HIS Plan (Continued):

<u>Contributions</u> - The HIS Plan is funded by required contributions from FRS participating employers as set by the Florida Legislature. Employer contributions are a percentage of gross compensation for all active FRS members. At September 30, 2022 and 2021, the contribution rate was 1.66%. The Authority contributed 100% of its statutorily required contributions for the current and preceding three years. HIS Plan contributions are deposited in a separate trust fund from which payments are authorized. HIS Plan benefits are not guaranteed and are subject to annual legislative appropriation. In the event the legislative appropriation or available funds fail to provide full subsidy benefits to all participants, benefits may be reduced or cancelled.

The Authority's contributions to the HIS Plan totaled \$9,906, \$9,952, and \$10,330 for the years ended September 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020, respectively.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - At September 30, 2022 and 2021, the Authority reported a net pension liability of \$169,919 and \$209,261, respectively, for its proportionate share of the HIS Plan's net pension liability. Actuarial valuations for the HIS Plan are conducted biennially. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2022 and 2020, respectively. The Authority's proportionate share of net pension liability was based on the Authority's fiscal year contributions relative to the fiscal year contributions of all participating members. On June 30, 2022 and 2021, the Authority's proportionate share was 0.001604278% and 0.001705958%, respectively.

NOTE 12 - PENSION OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

For the years ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, the Authority recognized pension expense of \$12,560 and \$19,771, respectively, related to the HIS Plan. In addition, the Authority reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources for the years ended September 30, 2022 and 2021:

Sector 1 or 20, 2022	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
September 30, 2022:	¢.	5 157	Φ	740
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	5,157	\$	748
Change of assumptions		9,740		26,286
Net difference between projected and actual earnings		246		
on HIS Plan investments		246		-
Changes in proportion and differences between Authority HIS Plan				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		11,485		19,679
Authority contributions subsequent to the measurement date		2,531		
Total	\$	29,159	\$	46,713
		Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows
	of Resources		of Resources	
September 30, 2021:	- 01	resources		resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	7,002	\$	88
Change of assumptions	•	16,443		8,622
Net difference between projected and actual earnings		-, -		- , -
on HIS Plan investments		218		_
Changes in proportion and differences between Authority HIS Plan				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		19,592		12,435
Authority contributions subsequent to the measurement date		2,199		,
· 1				
Total	\$	45,454	\$	21,145

NOTE 12 - PENSION OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

HIS Plan (Continued):

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions totaling \$2,531 resulting from Authority contributions to the HIS Plan subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2023.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the HIS Plan will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	
September 30	
2023	\$ (12,649)
2024	(9,901)
2025	(2,320)
2026	5,139
2027	(2,825)
Thereafter	2,471
Total	\$ (20,085)

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u> - The total pension liability in the July 1, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.40%
Salary increases	3.25%, average, including inflation

The municipal bond rate used for the June 30, 2022 and 2021 measurement dates was 3.54% and 2.16%, respectively.

Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 with Projection Scale MP-2018.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2018.

NOTE 12 - PENSION OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

HIS Plan (Continued):

<u>Discount Rate</u> - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability on June 30, 2022 and 2021 was 3.54% and 2.16%, respectively. In general, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the single rate equivalent to discounting at the long-term expected rate of return for benefit payments prior to the projected depletion date. Because the HIS benefit is essentially funded on a pay-asyou-go basis, the depletion date is considered to be immediate, and the single equivalent discount rate is equal to the municipal bond rate selected by the HIS Plan sponsor. The Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index was adopted as the applicable municipal bond index.

Sensitivity of the Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table presents the Authority's proportionate share of net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.54% as well as what the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1%-point lower (2.54%) or 1%-point higher (4.54%) than the current rate:

	1%		Current		1%	
	 Decrease (2.54%)		Discount Rate (3.54%)		Increase (4.54%)	
Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 194,401	\$	169,919	\$	149,660	

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u> - Detailed information about the HIS Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State-Administered Systems Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

<u>Payables to the Pension Plan</u> - At September 30, 2022 and 2021, the Authority reported payables of \$866 and \$863, respectively, for the outstanding amount of contributions to the HIS Plan required for the years ended September 30, 2022 and 2021.

Florida Retirement System Investment Plan:

The Authority contributes to the FRS Investment Plan ("Investment Plan"), a defined contribution pension plan, for its eligible employees electing to participate in the Investment Plan. The Investment Plan is administered by the SBA and is reported in the SBA's annual financial statements and in the State of Florida Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. As provided in Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of the FRS Pension Plan. Authority employees participating in DROP are not eligible to participate in the Investment Plan. Authority board members who all serve on a voluntary, non-compensated basis are not eligible to enroll in the FRS.

NOTE 12 - PENSION OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

Florida Retirement System Investment Plan (Continued):

Service retirement benefits are based upon the value of the member's account upon retirement. Employer and employee contributions, including amounts contributed to individual member's accounts, are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Investment Plan are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Investment Plan is funded utilizing the uniform basis (blended rate) as required by Part III of Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, which uses the same total employer and employee contribution rates that are based on salary and membership class as the FRS Pension Plan. Authority employees are members of the Regular Class. A portion of the contributions are directed to individual member accounts, and individual members allocate those contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. Allocations to the investment members' accounts during the years ended September 30, 2022 and 2021 were as follows:

	Percent of C	Gross Salary
Class	Employee	Employer
Florida Retirement System, Regular	3.00	6.30

For all membership classes, employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and are vested after one year of service for employer contributions and investment earnings. Nonvested employer contributions are placed in a suspense account for up to five years. If the employee does not return within the five-year period, the employee will forfeit the accumulated account balance. Costs of administering the Investment Plan, including the FRS Financial Guidance Program, were funded through an employer contribution of a percentage of payroll and by forfeited benefits of Investment Plan members. The employer contribution rate for administration, as a percentage of payroll, was 0.06% during the years ended September 30, 2022 and 2021.

NOTE 12 - PENSION OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

Florida Retirement System Investment Plan (Continued):

After termination and applying to receive benefits, the member may rollover vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the Investment Plan, receive a lump sum distribution, leave the funds invested for future distribution, or any combination of these options. Disability coverage is provided; the member may either transfer the account balance to the FRS Pension Plan when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the FRS Pension Plan or remain in the Investment Plan and rely upon that account balance for retirement income.

The Authority's FRS Investment Plan contributions and pension expense totaled \$4,717, \$5,234, and \$6,143 for the years ended September 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020, respectively. Employee contributions totaled \$4,289 and \$4,758 for the years ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Payables to Pension Plan:

Included in the amounts reported as "Salaries and related benefits" and "Accounts payable and accrued expenses" is \$7,783 and \$7,186 payable to the Florida Retirement System as of September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. The amounts are for legally required contributions (based on September 2022 and 2021 payroll) not remitted to the plan until October 2022 and 2021, respectively.

NOTE 13 - DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLANS

The Authority participates in two deferred compensation plans ("DCP" or collectively "DCPs") available under Internal Revenue Code Section 457(b). Each DCP's assets are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of the DCP participants and their beneficiaries. DCP participation is voluntary and DCP participants select their individual level of contribution (not to exceed maximum contribution limits established by the Internal Revenue Service) and investments. The Authority has agreed to serve as coordinator under the DCPs but makes no contributions to the DCPs.

NOTE 14 - NET POSITION

Restricted Net Position:

Restricted net position consisted of the following on September 30:

	2022		2021
S	5,000,000	\$	5,000,000
	1,174,102		2,073,365
	(713,503)		1,012,033
	(116,892)		503,158
	(71,505)		521,467
	(16,363)		150,472
5	5,255,839	\$	9,260,495
		5,000,000 1,174,102 (713,503) (116,892) (71,505) (16,363)	5,000,000 \$ 1,174,102 (713,503) (116,892) (71,505) (16,363)

Certain funds are restricted as to their use, pursuant to official action of the Authority and/or the various financing documents governing the First Time Homebuyer Program. These amounts were restricted and available to provide funds for the purchase and temporary holding (pending sale to the Authority's counterparty) of mortgage-backed securities. The restricted assets are classified as cash and cash equivalents.

The restricted net position related to the Bonds is comprised of the accumulated net earnings/loss from operating revenues and expenses. The Bonds' Trust Indentures provide for the payment of issuer fees to the Authority for administration fees and reimbursement of costs associated with the administration of the bond programs. Otherwise, pursuant to the provisions of the Trust Indentures, the assets and net position are retained to satisfy bond debt service obligations and pay program expenses.

Designated Unrestricted Net Position:

The Authority has adopted, at its discretion, certain designations of unrestricted net position. These designations are not binding and may be changed by the Authority at any time.

At September 30, 2022 and 2021, designated unrestricted net position related to the Multi-Family Development Initiative Program totaled \$3,700,000. As of September 30, 2022 and 2021, these amounts were designated and available to provide funds for the acquisition and development of properties suitable for multi-family affordable housing, to provide low-cost capital to incentivize qualified small local builders to develop and construct scattered site infill housing, to provide capital to incentivize qualified builders and non-profits to develop and construct mini homes, and to provide capital to fund construction of homes on lots owned and/or provided to the Authority by the City of Pensacola (the "City") and/or Escambia County in partnership with the City and/or County, for low-, moderate-, and middle-income persons.

NOTE 14 - NET POSITION (Continued)

Designated Unrestricted Net Position (Continued):

See below for a summary of the Multi-Family Designated funds:

	 2022	 2021
Multi-Family development expenses	\$ 500,000	\$ 500,000
Urban Infill participating builders revolving loans	3,000,000	3,000,000
Mini Homes expenses	 200,000	 200,000
Total	\$ 3,700,000	\$ 3,700,000

At September 30, 2022 and 2021, designated unrestricted net position related to the First Time Homebuyer Program totaled \$1,500,000. These amounts were designated and available to provide funding for down payment and closing cost assistance.

NOTE 15 - FIRST TIME HOMEBUYER SINGLE FAMILY MORTGAGE LOAN PROGRAM

Since the Authority was created, the Authority has offered a First Time Homebuyer Single Family Mortgage Loan Program in Escambia County and in other counties that have joined with Escambia County by interlocal agreements or other official action of their governing Boards. Participating lenders work with the Authority to originate single family mortgages for qualifying first time homebuyers throughout the Authority's area of operation. The Authority establishes parameters for qualifying income, qualifying sales price, and acceptable mortgage terms and provides down payment and closing cost assistance to eligible homebuyers.

During the year ended September 30, 2013, the Authority transitioned its First Time Homebuyer Program from a traditional program financed by tax-exempt bonds to a program primarily financed through the sale of GNMA mortgage-backed securities on a TBA basis. The TBA method of finance involves the pooling of qualified mortgages into MBS, which are then sold into the public financial markets. GNMA MBS evidence the guarantee by GNMA of monthly principal and interest on qualifying mortgage loans insured or guaranteed by FHA, VA, or RD. The First Time Homebuyer Program was branded as the "Big Splash Single Family (Multi-County) Program."

NOTE 15 - FIRST TIME HOMEBUYER SINGLE FAMILY MORTGAGE LOAN PROGRAM (Continued)

In 2013, the Authority entered into a servicing agreement with U.S. Bank National Association (the "Master Servicer"), whereby the Master Servicer agreed to purchase and pool the Authority's mortgage loans into mortgage-backed securities for the subsequent purchase and resale (i.e., resale to occur when feasible) by the Authority. The Servicing Agreement was amended and updated effective March 22, 2019.

During the year ended September 30, 2017, the Authority added a conventional option permitting acquisition and sale of Freddie Mac MBS. Freddie Mac MBS evidence the guarantee by Freddie Mac of monthly principal and interest on qualifying mortgage loans insured or guaranteed by Freddie Mac. During fiscal year 2017, the Authority's First Time Homebuyer Program began to be offered in two distinct formats: the Single-Family Governmental Program Option ("Government Program Option") and the Freddie Mac Housing Finance Agency Advantage Conventional Program Option ("Conventional Program Option"). After suspending the Conventional Program Option in March 2020, the Conventional Program Option was reinstated in August 2021. All program loans continued to be available for eligible first-time homebuyers with competitive interest rates and down payment assistance ("DPA"), which could be in the form of loans in such amounts and upon such terms established by the Authority from time to time.

In November 2018, after many years of operating and financing the First Time Homebuyer Program only on a TBA basis, the Authority determined that it could best address the needs of its constituents by using bonds to finance its Governmental Program Option. At that point, the Governmental Program Option was changed to a bond-financed program. The Conventional Program Option continued to be financed on a traditional TBA basis until June 18, 2019, at which time the traditional TBA program was updated to a Best Efforts TBA Structure. Once all proceeds of the Series 2019B and 2019C Bonds were originated, the Governmental Program Option was also moved to the Best Efforts TBA Structure.

In February 2022, the Authority was authorized to purchase up to \$4 million of MBS backed by bond-qualified mortgage loans. These MBS will enhance the efficiencies of the Big Splash Single Family (Multi-County) Program. As of September 30, 2022, the Authority purchased \$2,230,602 of MBS. With the approximately \$2.2 million, eleven mortgages were secured and \$105,000 in down payment and closing cost assistance was provided.

NOTE 15 - FIRST TIME HOMEBUYER SINGLE FAMILY MORTGAGE LOAN PROGRAM (Continued)

Governmental Program Option:

As discussed in Note 1, Series 2019B Bonds and Series 2019C Bonds were issued during fiscal year ended September 30, 2020. The Series 2019C Bonds were fully originated at issuance in November 2019. At the time of closing the 2019B Bonds, \$700,000 of 2019B Bonds proceeds were set aside for the purchase of zero interest MBS to blend down the yield on the MBS portfolio purchased to secure the 2019B Bonds. However, instead of purchasing \$700,000 zero interest MBS, the Authority decided to purchase 1.5% MBS ("Reduced Rate MBS") in a greater amount. Accordingly, in December 2020, the Delivery Period for the 2019B Bonds was extended for an additional period, and the Trustee was directed to use the \$704,788 balance on deposit in the Acquisition Account, together with \$465,585 then on deposit in the 2019B Prepayments Account to purchase Reduced Rate MBS. In addition, the Trustee was directed to establish a 2019B Recycling Account and to deposit therein up to \$1,000,000 additional prepayments to be used for such purposes. In the spring of 2021, the Authority proceeded to originate 2.00% interest rate mortgages for first time homebuyers in Escambia County to pool into the Reduced Rate MBS. In August 2021, the Trustee purchased \$1,094,486 principal amount Reduced Rate MBS and in September 2021, the Trustee acquired an additional \$674,882 principal amount of Reduced Rate MBS with proceeds in the Acquisition Account and the Recycling Account. The Reduced Rate MBS were deposited into the 2019B Revenue Account and the 2% mortgage origination offer was closed. After additional yield calculations were performed, the Authority's investment banker advised that an additional \$64,233 in Reduced Rate MBS should be purchased to comply with applicable yield restrictions. The Authority purchased and warehoused a portion of the Reduced Rate MBS pooled in September 2021 for this purpose. Following receipt of a ratings confirmation letter, the additional \$64,233 par amount of Reduced Rate MBS was sold to the Trustee for deposit in the 2019B Revenue Account on November 30, 2021. A letter establishing the end of the Delivery Period for the 2019B Bonds as November 30, 2021, was filed with the Trustee on December 8, 2021.

Accordingly, on September 30, 2021, the Series 2019B Bonds were fully originated, except for the additional \$64,233 held in the 2019B Recycling Account to purchase Reduced Rate MBS, which was expended November 30, 2021. As of September 30, 2021, \$340,597 of bond premium from the sale of the Series 2019B Bonds had been applied to purchase DPA loans related to bond-financed first mortgages. The remainder of the bond premium, together with \$1,421 from the Capitalized Interest Account, was applied in November 2021 to purchase an additional \$20,824 DPA loans related to bond-financed first mortgages.

NOTE 15 - FIRST TIME HOMEBUYER SINGLE FAMILY MORTGAGE LOAN PROGRAM (Continued)

Governmental Program Option (Continued):

The Government Program Option had no activity during fiscal year 2022. During the year ended September 30, 2021, the Governmental Program Option had the following activity:

BE MBS (par value) purchased	\$ 64,580
BE MBS (par value) sold and/or principal remittances collected	\$ -
BE income recognized in connection with the FTH Program	\$ 1,317
BE expenses incurred in connection with the FTH Program	\$ 1,655

The Best Efforts TBA Structure:

In June 2019, following a competitive selection process, the Authority entered a Master Trade Confirmation agreement with Hilltop Securities, Inc. ("HTS") pursuant to which HTS was engaged as Administrator to provide a range of services with respect to the Authority's FTH Program, including: agreeing to purchase MBS backed by eligible single family mortgage loans ("Mortgage Loan(s)") at predetermined prices; managing and hedging the Authority's Mortgage Loan pipeline; monitoring the Mortgage Loan pipeline and fallout providing training and information to Authority staff on the means to manage, hedge and monitor the Authority's Mortgage Loan pipeline; and sell and arrange delivery of MBS to investors. HTS operates both the Conventional Program Option and the Governmental Program Option on the Best Efforts TBA Structure.

NOTE 15 - FIRST TIME HOMEBUYER SINGLE FAMILY MORTGAGE LOAN PROGRAM (Continued)

The Best Efforts TBA Structure (Continued):

The agreement with HTS provides that HTS will operate the FTH Program on a Best Efforts basis, assuming the risk of:

- Potential borrowers not closing on Mortgage Loans,
- Mortgage Loans not being acquired by or on behalf of the Authority,
- Mortgage Loans acquired by or on behalf of the Authority that are determined after purchase to be ineligible for a Freddie Mac guarantee, or are otherwise ineligible for pooling into a TBA Deliverable Security, and
- Fluctuations in market interest rates.

Although the HTS agreement involves pooling loans into MBS and selling MBS into the market, the Authority is not required to enter into MBS Forward Contracts or to otherwise be responsible for interest rate risk.

During the years ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, the Best Efforts TBA Structure had the following activity:

	2022	 2021
TBA MBS (par value) purchased	\$ 12,689,179	\$ 32,950,289
TBA MBS (par value) sold and/or principal remittances collected	\$ 12,689,179	\$ 32,950,289
TBA income recognized in connection with the FTH Program	\$ 992,590	\$ 2,952,772
TBA expenses incurred in connection with the FTH Program	\$ 377,637	\$ 984,746

NOTE 15 - FIRST TIME HOMEBUYER SINGLE FAMILY MORTGAGE LOAN PROGRAM (Continued)

First Time Homebuyer Program:

Participating lenders for the Authority's First Time Homebuyer Program originated mortgage loans bearing interest (the interest rate is periodically adjusted to reflect market changes) at rates ranging from 4.00% to 6.50% during the year ended September 30, 2022 and 2.00% to 4.375% during the year ended September 30, 2021, combined with 0% non-amortizing second mortgages at amounts periodically established by the Authority to qualified homebuyers in the Authority's 21 participating counties, the Assistance Program. The Authority's Assistance Program is governed by a separate Resolution which approved a Master Down Payment Assistance Program to provide funding of down payment and related assistance to borrowers utilizing the Authority's mortgage loan programs. Because of the long-term deferred repayment of such second mortgage loans, the Authority accounts for the funding as a current operating expense and repayments are recognized as revenue when received.

Since inception of the Big Splash Single Family (Multi-County) Program through September 30, 2022, mortgage totaled \$253,848,096. This includes both mortgage loans financed with bonds and through the TBA method. Since inception through September 30, 2022, the Authority had provided a total of \$14,230,691 of closing costs and down payment assistance loans to first-time homebuyers and \$9,410,860 of down payment assistance second mortgage loans were outstanding.

NOTE 16 - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The Authority categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The Authority's mortgage-backed securities are classified in Level 2 and are valued using quoted prices for identical securities in markets that are not active.

NOTE 17 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. These risks are covered through the purchase of commercial insurance with minimal deductibles. Settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the last three years. There were no significant reductions in coverage compared to the prior year.

NOTE 18 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

An Authority board member is employed by Hancock Whitney Bank. During the years ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, the Authority utilized banking accounts with Hancock Bank. As a Hancock Bank employee, the Authority member exercises no control over these accounts.



ESCAMBIA COUNTY HOUSING FINANCE AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS* (UNAUDITED)

	2022		2021		_	2020	 2019	_	2018	_	2017	_	2016	_	2015	_	2014
Escambia County Housing Finance Authority's proportion of net pension liability	0	.001138165%		0.001197240%		0.001091582%	0.001014681%		0.000950714%		0.000922412%		0.000781111%		0.000820960%		0.000862490%
Escambia County Housing Finance Authority's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$	423,489	\$	90,438	\$	473,108	\$ 349,442	\$	286,360	\$	272,844	\$	197,232	\$	106,038	\$	52,625
Escambia County Housing Finance Authority's covered-employee payroll	\$	453,815	\$	440,879	\$	436,111	\$ 404,400	\$	342,339	\$	338,508	\$	272,608	\$	269,876	\$	282,393
Escambia County Housing Finance Authority's proportionate share of net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		93.32%		20.51%		108.48%	86.41%		83.65%		80.60%		72.35%		39.29%		18.64%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		82.89%		96.40%		78.85%	82.61%		84.26%		83.89%		84.88%		92.00%		96.09%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30. Covered-employee payroll includes defined benefit plan activities, investment plan members, and members in DROP because total employee contributions are determined on a uniform basis (blended rate) as required by Part III of Chapter 121, Florida Statutes. GASB 68 requires information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is accumulated, information is provided for only those years available.

ESCAMBIA COUNTY HOUSING FINANCE AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY HEALTH INSURANCE SUBSIDY PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS* (UNAUDITED)

	2022 2021		2021	2020			2019	_	2018	_	2017	 2016	_	2015	2014	
Escambia County Housing Finance Authority's proportion of net pension liability	0.	001604278%		0.001705958%		0.001814495%		0.001840464%		0.001695319%		0.001670050%	0.001459322%		0.001246330%	0.001349721%
Escambia County Housing Finance Authority's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$	169,919	\$	209,261	\$	221,547	\$	205,930	\$	179,434	\$	178,569	\$ 170,078	\$	127,106	\$ 126,202
Escambia County Housing Finance Authority's covered-employee payroll	\$	596,767	\$	599,491	\$	622,270	\$	619,400	\$	564,514	\$	551,160	\$ 469,233	\$	400,710	\$ 369,519
Escambia County Housing Finance Authority's proportionate share of net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		28.47%		34.91%		35.60%		33.25%		31.79%		32.40%	36.25%		31.72%	34.15%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		4.81%		3.56%		3.00%		2.63%		2.15%		1.64%	0.97%		0.50%	0.99%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30. Covered-employee payroll includes defined benefit plan activities, investment plan members, and members in DROP. GASB 68 requires information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is accumulated, information is provided for only those years available.

ESCAMBIA COUNTY HOUSING FINANCE AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS* (UNAUDITED)

		2022	2021		2020		 2019	 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014
Contractually required contribution	\$	51,250	\$	45,554	\$	38,075	\$ 33,734	\$ 28,173	\$ 25,500	\$ 19,886	\$ 20,115	\$ 18,532
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	_	(51,250)		(45,554)		(38,075)	 (33,734)	(28,173)	(25,500)	(19,886)	 (20,115)	 (18,532)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$	<u>-</u>	\$		\$ 	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$
Escambia County Housing Finance Authority's covered-employee payroll	\$	453,815	\$	440,879	\$	436,111	\$ 404,400	\$ 342,339	\$ 338,508	\$ 272,608	\$ 269,876	\$ 282,393
Contribution as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		11.29%		10.33%		8.73%	8.34%	8.23%	7.53%	7.29%	7.45%	6.56%

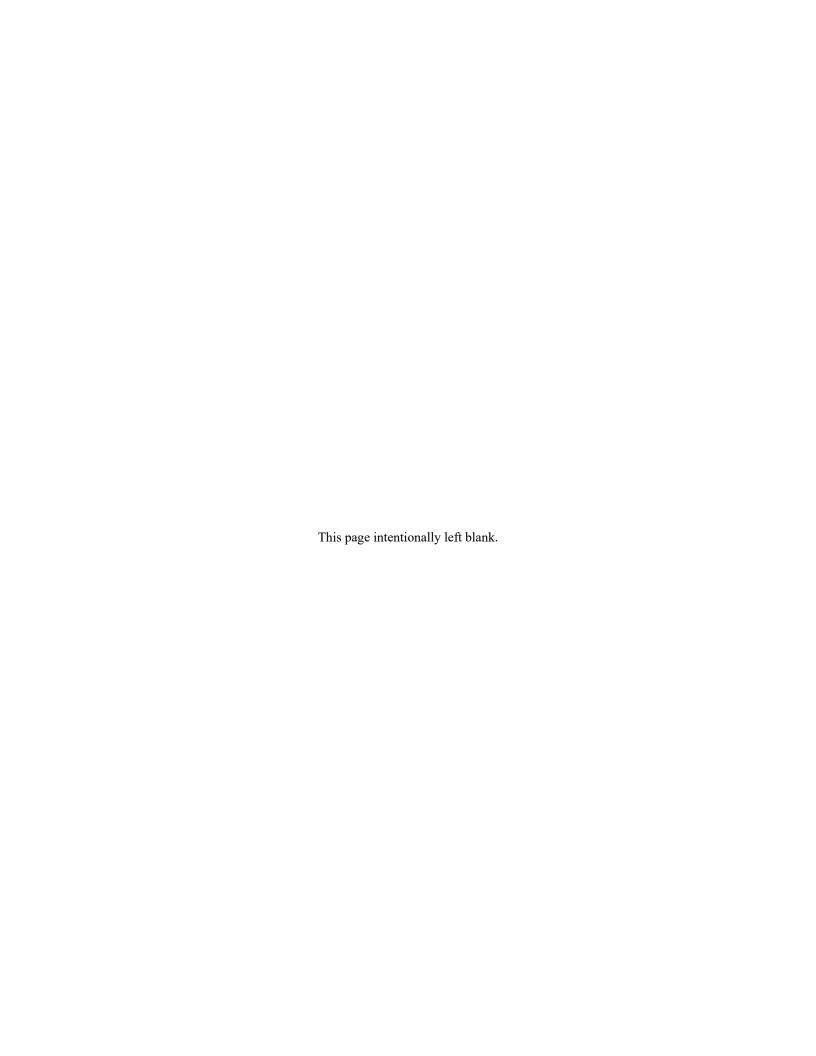
^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30. Covered-employee payroll includes defined benefit plan activities, investment plan members, and members in DROP because total employee contributions are determined on a uniform basis (blended rate) as required by Part III of Chapter 121, Florida Statutes. GASB 68 requires information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is accumulated, information is provided for only those years available.

ESCAMBIA COUNTY HOUSING FINANCE AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS HEALTH INSURANCE SUBSIDY PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS* (UNAUDITED)

	 2022	 2021		2020		2019	 2018		2017	 2016	 2015		2014
Contractually required contribution	\$ 9,906	\$ 9,952	\$	10,330	\$	10,282	\$ 9,371	\$	9,149	\$ 7,789	\$ 5,449	\$	4,481
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(9,906)	(9,952)		(10,330)		(10,282)	(9,371)	_	(9,149)	(7,789)	(5,449)	_	(4,481)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$		\$ 	\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$	
Escambia County Housing Finance Authority's covered-employee payroll	\$ 596,767	\$ 599,491	\$	622,270	\$	619,400	\$ 564,514	\$	551,160	\$ 469,233	\$ 400,710	\$	369,519
Contribution as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	1.66%	1.66%		1.66%		1.66%	1.66%		1.66%	1.66%	1.36%		1.21%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30. Covered-employee payroll includes defined benefit plan activities, investment plan members, and members in DROP. GASB 68 requires information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is accumulated, information is provided for only those years available.





ESCAMBIA COUNTY HOUSING FINANCE AUTHORITY COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

(with comparative totals for September 30, 2021)

ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS

		Operating		Series 2019A Bond Program		Series 2019B Bond Program	_	Series 2019C Bond Program	 Series 2016A Bond Program	 Series 2014B Bond Program	nterfund minations	2022 Combined Total		Restated) 2021 Combined Total
Current Assets:														
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	7,179,543	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,179,543	\$	6,039,639
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted		5,000,000		608,539		697,503		25,148	42,300	27,258	-	6,400,748		6,734,551
Accrued interest and other receivables		102,077		-		-		-	-	-	-	102,077		119,453
Issuer fees receivable		37,051		-		-		-	-	-	(19,230)	17,821		13,378
Interest income receivable		-		27,222		23,242		12,896	13,950	3,792	-	81,102		107,917
Investments		345,997		-		-		-	-	-	-	345,997		222,383
Investments - restricted		-		288,919		1,146,485		76,563	203,439	39,333	-	1,754,739		5,910,334
Bank participation agreements		12,000		-		-		-	-	-	-	12,000		12,000
First mortgages receivable		637,135		-		-		-	-	-	-	637,135		629,123
Amortizing second mortgages receivable	_	35,983		-		-		-	 -	 -	 -	 35,983	_	25,688
Total current assets	_	13,349,786		924,680		1,867,230	_	114,607	 259,689	 70,383	 (19,230)	 16,567,145	_	19,814,466
Noncurrent Assets:														
Investments		3,293,365		-		-		-	-	-	-	3,293,365		3,768,855
Investments - restricted		-		6,632,375		6,996,084		3,594,490	3,198,400	1,058,016	-	21,479,365		28,625,348
Bank participation agreements		89,543		-		-		-	-	-	-	89,543		101,543
Amortizing second mortgages receivable,														
net of allowance for loan losses		107,035		-		-		-	-	-	-	107,035		173,345
Depreciable capital assets, net of														
accumulated depreciation		1,982		-		-		-	-	-	-	1,982		4,991
Leased right-to-use asset, net of														
accumulated amortization		244,956		-		-		-	-	-	-	244,956		301,484
Non-depreciable capital assets,														
net of land valuation allowance		581,274		-		-		-	-	-	-	581,274		569,843
Total noncurrent assets		4,318,155		6,632,375		6,996,084		3,594,490	3,198,400	1,058,016	-	25,797,520		33,545,409
Total assets		17,667,941		7,557,055		8,863,314		3,709,097	3,458,089	1,128,399	(19,230)	42,364,665		53,359,875
Deferred Outflows of Resources:														
Pensions	_	180,937	_	-	_	-	_		 -	 -	 	 180,937		187,441
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows	\$	17,848,878	\$	7,557,055	\$	8,863,314	\$	3,709,097	\$ 3,458,089	\$ 1,128,399	\$ (19,230)	\$ 42,545,602	\$	53,547,316

LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND NET POSITION

		Operating		Series 2019A Bond Program		Series 2019B Bond Program		Series 2019C Bond Program		Series 2016A Bond Program		Series 2014B Bond Program		Interfund liminations		2022 Combined Total		Restated) 2021 Combined Total
Current Liabilities:																		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	217,361	\$	6,005	\$	6,151	\$	4,014	\$	5,692	\$	830	\$	(19,230)	\$	220,823	\$	240,221
Net pension liability		171		-		-		-		-		-		-		171		1,145
Lease liability		53,720		-		-		-		-		-		-		53,720		50,248
Bonds payable		-		155,000		175,000		-		1,325,598		188,317		-		1,843,915		1,941,424
Bond interest payable	_	-	_	121,948		145,666	_	9,531	_	8,349	_	2,971		-	_	288,465		369,018
Total current liabilities	_	271,252	-	282,953	_	326,817	_	13,545	_	1,339,639	-	192,118		(19,230)		2,407,094		2,602,056
Noncurrent Liabilities: Net pension liability		593,237								_		_				593,237		298,554
Lease liability		206,139				-		_		-		-		-		206,139		259,859
Bonds payable		200,139		6,100,000		9,250,000		3,812,444		2,189,955		952,644		-		206,139		259,859
Total noncurrent liabilities	_	799,376	_	6,100,000	_	9,250,000	_	3,812,444	_	2,189,955	_	952,644	_		_	23,104,419	_	30,320,274
Total liabilities	_	1,070,628	_	6,382,953		9,576,817	_	3,825,989	_	3,529,594		1,144,762		(19,230)	_	25,511,513		32,922,330
Deferred Inflows of Resources:																		
Pensions	_	59,978	_	-	_	-	_	-	_				_		_	59,978		337,011
Net Position:																		
Net investment in capital assets		828,212		-		-		-		-		-		-		828,212		876,318
Restricted		5,000,000		1,174,102		(713,503)		(116,892)		(71,505)		(16,363)		-		5,255,839		9,260,495
Unrestricted		10,890,060		-		-		-		-		-		-		10,890,060		10,151,162
Total net position	_	16,718,272	_	1,174,102		(713,503)	_	(116,892)	_	(71,505)	_	(16,363)	_	-		16,974,111	_	20,287,975
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Net Position	\$	17,848,878	\$	7,557,055	\$	8,863,314	\$	3,709,097	\$	3,458,089	\$	1,128,399	\$	(19,230)	\$	42,545,602	\$	53,547,316

ESCAMBIA COUNTY HOUSING FINANCE AUTHORITY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

(with comparative totals for the year ended September 30, 2021)

			eries 2019A		eries 2019B		ries 2019C		eries 2016A		eries 2014B
Operating Revenues:	Operating	B	ond Program	В	ond Program	Во	nd Program	Во	nd Program	Во	ond Program
Fees and other income	\$ 772,965	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
FTH Program income, net of expenses	593,378	э	-	Ф	-	Ф	-	Ф	-	Ф	-
Non-amortizing second mortgage repayments	1,260,557		-		-		-		-		-
Multi-Family Development Initiative expenses,	1,200,337		_		_		_		_		-
net of expenses	21,863										
Reduction to loan losses	16,744		-		-		-		-		-
Total operating revenues	2,665,507	_	-								
Operating Expenses:											
Salaries and related benefits	867,385		_		_		_		_		_
Legal, accounting, advisory, and consulting fees	123,397		_		_		_		_		_
General operating and administrative	68,511		_		_		_		_		_
Travel, lodging, and meal costs	27,322		_		_		_		_		_
Depreciation and amortization	59,537		_		_		_		_		_
Memberships, dues, and subscriptions	13,368		_		_		_		_		_
Educational conference fees and training costs	27,400		_		_		_		_		_
Bond issuance and monitoring costs	10,667		_		_		_		_		_
Non-amortizing second mortgage loan funding	606,993		_		_		-		_		-
Issuer fees	-		10,474		9,605		49,974		85,502		10,124
Total operating expenses	1,804,580		10,474		9,605		49,974		85,502		10,124
Operating Income (Loss)	860,927		(10,474)		(9,605)		(49,974)		(85,502)		(10,124)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):											
Interest income	175,939		-		-		-		-		-
Interest income - restricted	-		443,272		377,444		175,231		206,140		47,316
Other expense	-		(22,486)		(208,307)		-		(38)		(6)
Net decrease in fair value of investments	(346,074)		-		-		-		-		-
Net decrease in fair value of investments - restricted	-		(1,025,683)		(1,561,627)		(612,654)		(584,431)		(166,054)
Interest on bonds			(283,890)		(323,442)		(132,654)		(129,141)		(37,967)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses), net	(170,135)		(888,787)		(1,715,932)		(570,077)		(507,470)		(156,711)
Change in Net Position	690,792		(899,261)		(1,725,537)		(620,051)		(592,972)		(166,835)
Net Position - Beginning of Year	16,027,480		2,073,363		1,012,034		503,159		521,467		150,472
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 16,718,272	\$	1,174,102	\$	(713,503)	\$	(116,892)	\$	(71,505)	\$	(16,363)

Interfund Eliminations	2022 Combined Total	(Restated) 2021 Combined Total
¢ (255.215)	d 207.640	A 121 275
\$ (375,317)		\$ 121,275
-	593,378	1,966,816
-	1,260,557	1,193,220
_	21,863	45,091
-	16,744	15,463
(375,317)	2,290,190	3,341,865
-	867,385	796,018
-	123,397	115,342
-	68,511	85,405
-	27,322	120
-	59,537	59,537
-	13,368	20,366
-	27,400	20,480
-	10,667	11,750
-	606,993	1,487,643
(165,679)		
(165,679)	1,804,580	2,596,661
(209,638)	485,610	745,204
	175.020	125 072
(22.006)	175,939	135,873
(22,096)		1,555,340
230,270	(567)	(10,789)
-	(346,074) (3,950,449)	(41,685) (927,458)
1,464	(905,630)	(1,195,254)
209,638	(3,799,474)	(483,973)
209,038	(3,733,474)	(403,973)
-	(3,313,864)	261,231
	20,287,975	20,026,744
\$ -	\$ 16,974,111	\$ 20,287,975

ESCAMBIA COUNTY HOUSING FINANCE AUTHORITY SINGLE FAMILY MORTGAGE REVENUE BONDS (MULTI-COUNTY PROGRAM) SERIES 2019A (NON-AMT)

SCHEDULE OF GUARANTEED MORTGAGE SECURITIES ASSOCIATED WITH THE SERIES 2019A BONDS GOVERNMENT NATIONAL MORTGAGE ASSOCIATION (GNMA) CONTRIBUTED MORTGAGE-BACKED SECURITIES

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

Program Type	Pass-Through Rate	Mortgage Loan Rate	Original Principal Amount		Principal Amount at Par Value as of September 30, 2022	
GNMA II #443894	6.05%	6.58%	\$	8,665,880	\$	68,918
GNMA II #443963	6.05%	6.68%		2,218,253		40,092
GNMA II #443970	6.05%	7.55%		1,846,584		21,435
GNMA II #454085	6.05%	6.55%		1,129,399		12,713
GNMA II #454396	6.05%	6.55%		1,240,500		23,314
GNMA II #454409	6.05%	6.98%		1,718,116		28,707
GNMA II #454418	5.80%	6.30%		1,664,366		32,340
GNMA II #454591	5.80%	6.54%		1,313,620		23,482
GNMA II #549019	5.35%	5.85%		817,311		27,533
Weighted Average GNMA	5.93%	6.60%	\$	20,614,029	\$	278,535

Weighted Average Remaining Term (Months)

54___

ESCAMBIA COUNTY HOUSING FINANCE AUTHORITY SINGLE FAMILY MORTGAGE REVENUE BONDS (MULTI-COUNTY PROGRAM) SERIES 2019A (NON-AMT) SCHEDULE OF GUARANTEED MORTGAGE SECURITIES ASSOCIATED WITH THE SERIES 2019A BONDS FEDERAL NATIONAL MORTGAGE ASSOCIATION (FNMA) CONTRIBUTED MORTGAGE-BACKED SECURITIES SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

Program Type	Pass-Through Rate	Mortgage Loan Rate		Original Principal Amount	Principal Amount at Par Value as of September 30, 202	
FNMA #432059	5.80%	6.770%	\$	590,622	\$	15,882
FNMA #395801	6.05%	6.550%		1,672,467		14,862
FNMA #439859	6.05%	6.550%		644,097		22,033
Weighted Average FNMA	5.97%	6.62%	\$	2,907,186	\$	52,777
Weighted Average Remaining	g Term (Months)	50	_			

ESCAMBIA COUNTY HOUSING FINANCE AUTHORITY SINGLE FAMILY MORTGAGE REVENUE BONDS (MULTI-COUNTY PROGRAM) SERIES 2019A (NON-AMT) SCHEDULE OF GUARANTEED MORTGAGE SECURITIES ASSOCIATED WITH THE SERIES 2019A BONDS GOVERNMENT NATIONAL MORTGAGE ASSOCIATION (GNMA) SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

Program Type	Pass-Through Rate	Mortgage Loan Rate	Original Principal Amount	Principal Amount at Par Value as of September 30, 2022
GNMA II #6466	5.00%	5.375%	\$ 834,355	\$ 372,449
GNMA II #6700	5.00%	5.375%	1,354,030	613,990
GNMA II #6755	5.00%	5.375%	1,363,922	651,058
GNMA II #6915	4.50%	5.125%	1,016,321	107,429
GNMA II #1745	5.00%	5.375%	748,277	590,919
GNMA II #1754	4.50%	5.125%	1,220,078	327,789
GNMA II #1862	4.50%	5.125%	1,592,862	430,007
GNMA II #1885	4.50%	5.125%	1,399,595	638,198
GNMA II #2136	4.50%	5.125%	1,457,464	1,022,101
GNMA II #2135	4.50%	5.000%	1,709,639	737,455
GNMA II #2303	4.00%	4.625%	1,278,802	705,580
GNMA II #7746	3.50%	4.000%	1,040,291	586,285
Weighted Average GNMA	4.53%	5.04%	\$ 15,015,636	\$ 6,783,261

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Weighted Average Remaining Term (Months)

ESCAMBIA COUNTY HOUSING FINANCE AUTHORITY SINGLE FAMILY MORTGAGE REVENUE BONDS (MULTI-COUNTY PROGRAM) SERIES 2019B (NON-AMT) SCHEDULE OF GUARANTEED MORTGAGE SECURITIES ASSOCIATED WITH THE SERIES 2019B BONDS GOVERNMENT NATIONAL MORTGAGE ASSOCIATION (GNMA) SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

Program Type	Pass-Through Rate	Mortgage Loan Rate	Original Principal Amount	Principal Amount at Par Value as of September 30, 2022	
GNMA II #7747	3.50%	4.00%	\$ 1,044,309	\$ 768,272	
GNMA II #7788	3.50%	4.00%	1,459,347	1,093,066	
GNMA II #7912	3.50%	4.00%	1,346,683	833,537	
GNMA II #7996	3.50%	4.00%	2,911,388	1,138,786	
GNMA II #8101	3.50%	4.00%	2,155,146	798,441	
GNMA II #7745	4.13%	4.63%	109,301	103,963	
GNMA II #3794	3.50%	4.00%	198,458	189,960	
GNMA II #3651	3.50%	4.00%	763,990	414,957	
GNMA II #3743	3.50%	4.00%	242,820	110,235	
GNMA II #3652	3.25%	3.75%	397,667	378,238	
GNMA II #3744	3.25%	3.75%	1,245,514	886,892	
GNMA II #7746	3.50%	4.00%	1,040,291	586,285	
GNMA II #3967	1.50%	2.00%	610,302	657,297	
GNMA II #3741	1.50%	2.00%	1,094,486	1,064,635	
Weighted Average GNMA	3.09%	3.59%	\$ 14,619,702	\$ 9,024,564	
Weighted Average Remaining	g Term (Months)	330	_		

ESCAMBIA COUNTY HOUSING FINANCE AUTHORITY SINGLE FAMILY MORTGAGE REVENUE BONDS (MULTI-COUNTY PROGRAM) **SERIES 2019C (FEDERALLY TAXABLE PASS-THROUGH)** SCHEDULE OF GUARANTEED MORTGAGE SECURITIES ASSOCIATED WITH THE SERIES 2019C BONDS GOVERNMENT NATIONAL MORTGAGE ASSOCIATION (GNMA) **SEPTEMBER 30, 2022** (UNAUDITED)

Program Type	Pass-Through Rate	Mortgage Loan Rate	Original Principal Amount		Principal Amount at Par Value as of September 30, 2022	
GNMA II #2473	4.50%	5.00%	\$	1,219,633	\$	507,919
GNMA II #2474	4.00%	4.61%		3,146,502		2,236,117
GNMA II #7266	4.00%	4.63%		1,747,619		844,845
GNMA II #7529	4.00%	4.63%	_	373,924		216,396
Weighted Average GNMA	4.07%	4.67%	\$	6,487,678	\$	3,805,277
Weighted Average Remaining	g Term (Months)	318				

ESCAMBIA COUNTY HOUSING FINANCE AUTHORITY SINGLE FAMILY MORTGAGE REVENUE BONDS (MULTI-COUNTY PROGRAM) SERIES 2016A (FEDERALLY TAXABLE PASS-THROUGH) SCHEDULE OF GUARANTEED MORTGAGE SECURITIES ASSOCIATED WITH THE SERIES 2016A BONDS FEDERAL HOME LOAN MORTGAGE CORPORATION (FHLMC) SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

Program Type	Pass-Through Rate	Mortgage Loan Rate	Original Principal Amount	at P	Principal Amount at Par Value as of September 30, 2022	
FHLMC# T30131	4.69%	5.19%	\$ 1,653,881	\$	390,280	
FHLMC# T30183	4.69%	5.19%	786,760		179,075	
FHLMC# T30207	4.69%	5.19%	373,697		99,903	
FHLMC# T30272	4.69%	5.19%	431,577		104,866	
FHLMC# T30477	4.69%	5.19%	211,889		163,473	
FHLMC# U32044	4.69%	5.19%	79,282		63,892	
FHLMC# U30446	4.89%	5.39%	203,269		140,595	
FHLMC# T30216	4.89%	5.39%	256,743		63,680	
FHLMC# T30282	4.89%	5.39%	961,140		236,371	
FHLMC# U30738	4.89%	5.39%	196,853		150,915	
FHLMC# T30474	4.89%	5.39%	823,724		144,745	
FHLMC# U32102	4.89%	5.39%	67,737		54,010	
Weighted Average FHLMC	4.78%	5.28%	\$ 6,046,552	\$	1,791,806	
Weighted Average Remaining	Term (Months)	170	_			

ESCAMBIA COUNTY HOUSING FINANCE AUTHORITY SINGLE FAMILY MORTGAGE REVENUE BONDS (MULTI-COUNTY PROGRAM) SERIES 2016A (FEDERALLY TAXABLE PASS-THROUGH) SCHEDULE OF GUARANTEED MORTGAGE SECURITIES ASSOCIATED WITH THE SERIES 2016A BONDS GOVERNMENT NATIONAL MORTGAGE ASSOCIATION (GNMA) SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

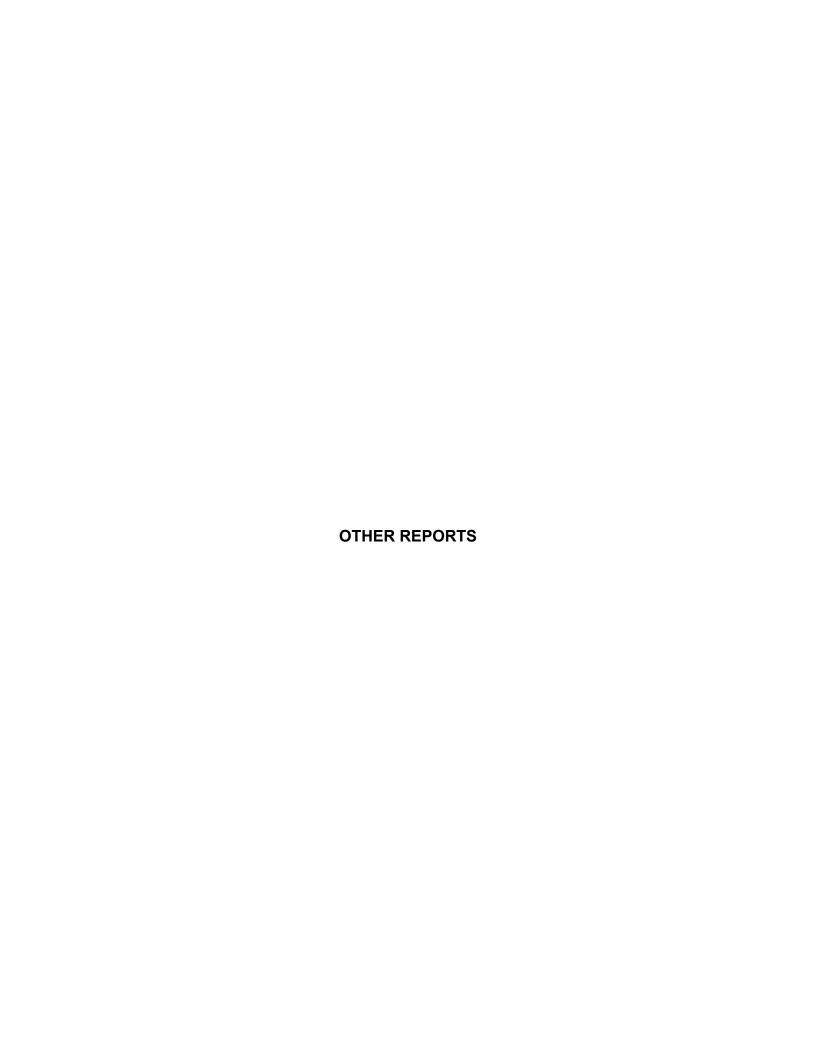
Program Type	Pass-Through Rate	Mortgage Loan Rate	Original Principal Amount		Principal Amount at Par Value as of September 30, 2022	
GNMA# 606281	4.69%	5.19%	\$	1,944,732	\$	283,121
GNMA# 612253	4.69%	5.19%		956,998	·	76,806
GNMA# 672320	4.69%	5.19%		297,322		50,543
GNMA# 599532	4.69%	5.19%		511,079		208,679
GNMA# 672501	4.69%	5.19%		371,505		189,931
GNMA# 612148	4.89%	5.39%		813,393		56,068
GNMA# 672491	4.89%	5.39%		319,407		128,258
GNMA# 618672	4.89%	5.39%		944,814		166,410
GNMA# 599531	4.89%	5.39%		1,675,181		424,147
GNMA# 672554	4.89%	5.39%		312,381		46,904
Weighted Average GNMA	4.79%	5.29%	\$	8,146,812	\$	1,630,868
Weighted Average Remaining	Term (Months)	162	_			

ESCAMBIA COUNTY HOUSING FINANCE AUTHORITY SINGLE FAMILY MORTGAGE REVENUE BONDS (MULTI-COUNTY PROGRAM) SERIES 2016A (FEDERALLY TAXABLE PASS-THROUGH) SCHEDULE OF GUARANTEED MORTGAGE SECURITIES ASSOCIATED WITH THE SERIES 2016A BONDS FEDERAL NATIONAL MORTGAGE ASSOCIATION (FNMA) SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

				Weighted		
				Average		
		Mortgage	Original	Remaining	Princ	cipal Amount
Program	Pass-Through	Loan	Principal	Term	at Pa	r Value as of
Type	Rate	Rate	Amount	(Months)	Septe	mber 30, 2022
FNMA	4.89%	5.39%	\$ 385,075	182	\$	74,709

ESCAMBIA COUNTY HOUSING FINANCE AUTHORITY SINGLE FAMILY MORTGAGE REVENUE BONDS (MULTI-COUNTY PROGRAM) SERIES 2014B (NON-AMT) GUARANTEED MORTGAGE SECURITIES ASSOCIATED WITH THE SERIES 2014B BONDS GOVERNMENT NATIONAL MORTGAGE SECURITIES (GNMA) SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

				Weighted Average		
		Mortgage	Original	Remaining	Prin	ncipal Amount
Program	Pass-Through	Loan	Principal	Term	at P	ar Value as of
Type	Rate	Rate	Amount	(Months)	Septe	ember 30, 2022
GNMA	4.00%	4.25%	\$ 4,330,894	247	\$	1,137,538





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Directors Escambia County Housing Finance Authority Pensacola, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Escambia County Housing Finance Authority (the "Authority"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 22, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

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Board of Directors Escambia County Housing Finance Authority

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

Saltmarsh Cleandand & Gund

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Authority's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Pensacola, Florida February 22, 2023



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 218.415, FLORIDA STATUTES

Board of Directors Escambia County Housing Finance Authority Pensacola, Florida

Saltmarch Cleanland & Gund

We have examined the Escambia County Housing Finance Authority's (the "Authority's") compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, regarding the investment of public funds during the year ended September 30, 2022. Management is responsible for the Authority's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Authority's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Authority's compliance is in accordance based on the criteria, in all material respects. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about the Authority's compliance. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Authority's compliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis of our opinion.

In our opinion, the Authority complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2022.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Authority and the Auditor General, State of Florida, and is not intended and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Pensacola, Florida February 22, 2023

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MANAGEMENT LETTER

Board of Directors Escambia County Housing Finance Authority Pensacola, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of Escambia County Housing Finance Authority (the "Authority") as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, and have issued our report thereon dated February 22, 2023.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and our Independent Accountant's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated February 22, 2023, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding financial audit report. No such matters were reported in the preceding financial report.

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Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in the management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. This information is included in the notes to the financial statements. There are no component units.

Financial Condition and Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the Authority has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the Authority did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the Authority. It is management's responsibility to monitor the Authority's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Specific Information - Independent Special District

As required by Section 218.39(3)(c), Florida Statutes, and Section 10.554(1)(i)6, Rules of the Auditor General, the Authority reported:

- a. The total number of district employees compensated in the last pay period of the district's fiscal year as seven (7).
- b. The total number of independent contractors to whom nonemployee compensation was paid in the last month of the district's fiscal year as one (1).
- c. All compensation earned by or awarded to employees, whether paid or accrued, regardless of contingency as \$867,385.
- d. All compensation earned by or awarded to nonemployee independent contractors, whether paid or accrued, regardless of contingency as \$5,812.
- e. There were no construction projects with a total cost of at least \$65,000 approved by the district that are scheduled to begin on or after October 1 of the fiscal year being reported.
- f. A budget variance based on the budget adopted under Section 189.016(4), Florida Statutes, before the beginning of the fiscal year being reported if the district amends a final adopted budget under Section 189.016(6), Florida Statutes, as a favorable variance of \$1,329,315.

Board of Directors Escambia County Housing Finance Authority

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Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Board of Directors, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Pensacola, Florida

February 22, 2023