(A Component Unit of the City of Miami, Florida)

Basic Financial Statements

September 30, 2022

(With Independent Auditor's Report Thereon)

(A Component Unit of the City of Miami, Florida)

September 30, 2022

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Independent Auditor's Report

The Board of Directors
City of Miami Midtown Community
Redevelopment Agency:

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of the City of Miami Midtown Community Redevelopment Agency (the Agency), a component unit of the City of Miami, Florida, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Agency's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the major fund of the Agency as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Agency, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Agency's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
 are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness
 of the Agency's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Agency's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 16, 2022 on our consideration of the Agency's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Agency's internal control over financial reporting.

Sanson Kline Jacomino & Tandoc, LLP



(A Component Unit of the City of Miami, Florida)

Governmental Fund Balance Sheet/Statement of Net Position

September 30, 2022

	Special revenue fund		Adjustments	Statement of net position	
Assets					
Equity in pooled cash Interest receivable	\$	15,785,838 1,390	<u>-</u>	15,785,838 1,390	
Total assets		15,787,228		15,787,228	
Fund balance / net position					
Spendable:	Ф	15 707 220		15 707 220	
Restricted	\$	15,787,228		15,787,228	

(A Component Unit of the City of Miami, Florida)

Statement of Governmental Fund Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance/Statement of Activities

Year ended September 30, 2022

	Special revenue fund	Adjustments	Statement of activities
Expenditures/expenses:			
General government	\$ 114,723	-	114,723
Community redevelopment	4,697,106		4,697,106
Total expenditures/expenses	4,811,829		4,811,829
General revenues:			
Tax increment revenue	11,472,336	-	11,472,336
Investment income (loss)	(46,444)		(46,444)
Total general revenues	11,425,892	-	11,425,892
Excess of revenues over expenditures /			
change in net position	6,614,063	-	6,614,063
Fund balance/net position - beginning of the year	9,173,165		9,173,165
Fund balance/net position - end of the year	<u>\$ 15,787,228</u>		15,787,228

(A Component Unit of the City of Miami, Florida)

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

September 30, 2022

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

This summary of the City of Miami Midtown Community Redevelopment Agency (the Agency) significant accounting policies is presented to assist the reader in interpreting the basic financial statements. The policies are considered essential and should be read in conjunction with the basic financial statements.

The accounting policies of the Agency conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to governmental units. This report, the accounting systems and classification of accounts conform to standards of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), which is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

A. Reporting Entity

The Agency was established in 2005 by the City of Miami, Florida (the City) under the provisions of Section 163, Florida Statutes. The purpose of the Agency is to eliminate blight and slum conditions within the redevelopment area of the agency pursuant to the redevelopment plans of the Agency for new residential and commercial activity of the Midtown area. The board of directors of the Agency are comprised of the five members of the City commission and are separate, distinct and independent from the governing body of the City.

On June 30, 2005, the Agency entered into an Interlocal Cooperation Agreement (the Original Agreement) with the City, Miami-Dade County (the County), and the Midtown Community Development District (the "District"), whereby tax increment revenues collected by the City and County would be paid to Midtown and used in accordance with the approved budget and redevelopment plan and terms and conditions of the Original Agreement. In accordance with the redevelopment plan, the Agency pledged the tax increments revenues received from the City and County to the repayment of the debt service of bonds issued by the District, which bonds were issued on July 28, 2004, and refinanced in 2014. In accordance with the Original Agreement, any shortfalls in the debt service are to be paid by the District, not the Agency. However, the terms of the Original Agreement were amended significantly on September 23, 2008 (the Amended Agreement), whereby the Agency is now responsible for any shortfall of the tax increment revenues pledged for the repayment of the annual debt service requirements. Any funds remaining after payment of the current year's debt service, such amounts should be applied to reduce any historical cumulative shortages occurred in prior years. If the tax increment revenues exceed the debt service coupled with the debt service shortfall, said surplus shall be paid to the property owners of record in the district.

For financial reporting purposes, the Agency is a component unit of the City and is thus included in the City's comprehensive annual financial report as a blended component unit.

B. Reporting Model

Government-wide financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the financial activities of the Agency. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The Agency does not have any *business-type activities*.

(A Component Unit of the City of Miami, Florida)

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

September 30, 2022

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

B. Reporting Model (continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues*, if any, include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund financial statements

The accounts of the Agency are reported as a special revenue fund, which is a governmental fund. The special revenue fund is the Agency's only fund and thus the Agency's only major fund. The governmental fund statements includes reconciliations, where applicable, with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for the governmental fund.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Agency considers revenues available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting.

Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all tax increment revenues, net of distribution remittances to the District.

D. Equity in Pooled Cash

The Agency's cash is pooled together with the City's cash. All such cash is reflected as equity in pooled cash on the Agency's governmental fund balance sheet / statement of net position.

E. Fund Balance / Net Position

Fund balance

GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, establishes criteria for classifying fund balances into specifically defined classifications and clarifies definitions for governmental fund types. Fund balances for governmental funds are reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent, as follows:

(A Component Unit of the City of Miami, Florida)

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

September 30, 2022

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

E. Fund Balance / Net Position (continued)

- Nonspendable fund balance amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted fund balance amounts that are restricted to specific purposes when constraints placed on the use of resources are either by (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislations.
- Committed fund balance amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority.
- Assigned fund balance amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed.
- Unassigned fund balance amounts that have not been assigned to other funds and that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purpose within the general fund.

When both restricted and unrestricted amounts are available for use, it is the Agency's practice to use restricted resources first. Additionally, the Agency would first use committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance.

Net position

The government-wide financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position can be categorized as net investment in capital assets, restricted, or unrestricted. The first category consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Restricted net position results when constraints placed on the use of the net position are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors and the like, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Unrestricted net position consists of the remaining net position that does not meet the previously listed criteria.

F. Tax Increment Revenues

The Agency's primary source of revenue is tax increment funds. This revenue is computed by applying the operating tax rate for the City and the County, multiplied by the increased value of property located within the boundaries of the redevelopment areas of the Agency, over the base property value, minus 5%. Both the City and the County are required to fund this amount annually without regard to tax collections or other obligations. As noted in note 1(A) above, in accordance with the redevelopment plan of the Agency, the Agency has pledged the tax increments revenues received from the City and County to the repayment of the debt service of bonds issued by the District, which bonds were issued on July 28, 2004, and refinanced in 2014. In accordance with the Amended Agreement, the Agency is responsible for any shortfall of tax the increment revenues pledged for the repayment of the annual debt service requirements. Any funds remaining after payment of the current year's debt service, such amounts should be applied to reduce any historical cumulative shortages occurred in prior years. If the tax increment revenues exceed the debt service, up to the amount of the debt service shortfall, said surplus shall be paid to the property owners of record within the District.

(A Component Unit of the City of Miami, Florida)

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

September 30, 2022

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

F. Tax Increment Revenues (continued)

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, the Agency remitted a total of \$3,406,593 to the District. As of September 30, 2022, the remaining fund balance in the amount of \$15,787,228 is restricted for the payment of the shortfall of the annual debt service, and if applicable, any surplus payments to the property owners of record within the District, as described above.

G. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Although these estimates are based on management's knowledge of current events and actions it may undertake in the future, they may ultimately differ from actual results.

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

As of September 30, 2022, the Agency has \$15,785,838 in equity in pooled cash. The Agency's fund participates in the City's pool on a dollar equivalent and daily transaction basis. Interest income (which includes unrealized gains and losses) is distributed monthly based on a monthly average balance.

Custodial Credit Risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Agency's deposits may not be returned to it. In addition to insurance provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), deposits are held in banking institutions approved by the State of Florida, State Treasurer to hold public funds. Under the Florida Statutes Chapter 280, "Florida Security for Public Deposits Act", the State Treasurer requires all qualified public depositories to deposit with the Treasurer or another banking institution eligible collateral. In the event of a failure of a qualified public depository, the remaining public depositories would be responsible for covering any resulting losses.

3. Risk Management

The Agency is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft or damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Agency purchases commercial insurance for the risks of loss to which it is exposed. Policy limits and deductibles are reviewed by management and established at amounts to provide reasonable protection from significant financial loss. There were no losses or claims incurred during the current fiscal year, and there were no settlements that exceeded insurance coverage during the past three fiscal years.

4. New Pronouncements Issued

The following pronouncements were recently issued, but were not yet effective for the Agency's fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. Management will evaluate the effect that the pronouncements will have on its financial statements:

- GASB Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations
- GASB Statement No. 94, Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements
- GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements

(A Component Unit of the City of Miami, Florida)

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

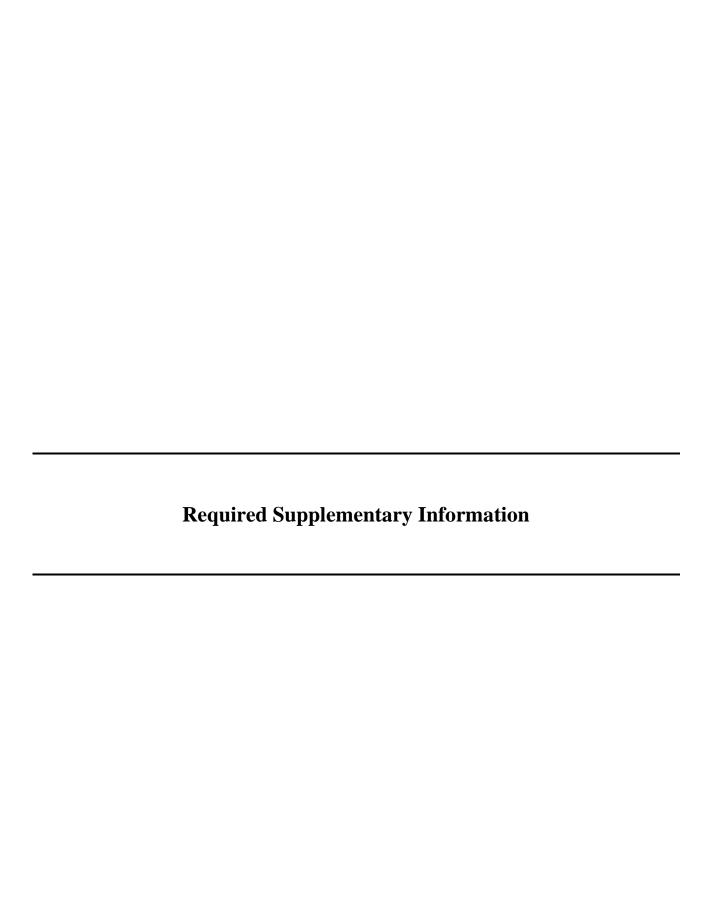
September 30, 2022

4. New Pronouncements Issued (continued)

- GASB Statement No. 99, *Omnibus* 2022
- GASB Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62
- GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences

5. Subsequent events

The Agency evaluated subsequent events through December 16, 2022, the date the financial statements were available to be issued, and does not believe that there are any such events or transactions that require disclosure.



(A Component Unit of the City of Miami, Florida)

Budgetary Comparison Schedule (Required Supplementary Information - Unaudited)

For the year ended September 30, 2022

	Budgeted amounts				Variance with final budget - positive
		Original	Final	Actual	(negative)
Revenues: Tax increment revenue Investment income (loss)	\$	11,472,336	9,846,673	11,472,336 (46,444)	1,625,663 (46,444)
Total revenues		11,472,336	9,846,673	11,425,892	1,579,219
Expenditures: Current:					
General government Community redevelopment		114,723 20,523,695	98,467 15,180,679	114,723 4,697,106	(16,256) 10,483,573
Total expenditures		20,638,418	15,279,146	4,811,829	10,467,317
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(9,166,082)	(5,432,473)	6,614,063	12,046,536
Other financing sources:					
Net carryover fund balance		9,166,082	5,432,473		(5,432,473)
Total other financing sources		9,166,082	5,432,473		(5,432,473)
Net change in fund balance	\$		-	6,614,063	6,614,063
Fund balance - beginning of the year				9,173,165	
Fund balance - end of the year				\$ 15,787,228	

(A Component Unit of the City of Miami, Florida)

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

September 30, 2022

1. Budgetary Policy

As set forth in the Interlocal Cooperation Agreement between the Agency and the City, the Agency adopts an annual budget for the Special Revenue Fund. The budget is adopted on a basis consistent with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Budgetary control is maintained at the fund level.





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Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

The Board of Directors
City of Miami Midtown Community
Redevelopment Agency:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of the City of Miami Midtown Community Redevelopment Agency (the Agency) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Agency's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 16, 2022.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Agency's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Agency's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Sanson Kline Jacomino & Tandoc, LLP



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Management Letter in Accordance with the Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida

The Board of Directors
City of Miami Midtown Community
Redevelopment Agency:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the City of Miami Midtown Community Redevelopment Agency (the Agency), a Component Unit of the City of Miami, Florida, as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, and have issued our report dated December 16, 2022.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Florida Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Reports on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. Disclosures in that report, which is dated December 16, 2022, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no findings or recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. Such disclosures are made in note 1 to the Agency's financial statements.

Financial Condition and Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we report the results of our determination as to whether or not the Agency has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identification of the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the Agency did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.c. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures as of September 30, 2022. It is management's responsibility to monitor the Agency's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Specific Information

As required by Section 218.39(3)(a), Florida Statutes, and Section 10.554(1)(i)6, Rules of the Auditor General, the Agency reported:

- a. No employees compensated in the last pay period of the Agency's fiscal year.
- b. No independent contractors to whom nonemployee compensation was paid in the last month of the Agency's fiscal year.
- c. No compensation earned by or awarded to employees, whether paid or accrued, regardless of contingency.
- d. No compensation earned by or awarded to nonemployee independent contractors, whether paid or accrued, regardless of contingency for the fiscal year.
- e. There were no construction projects with a total cost of at least \$65,000 approved by the Agency that is scheduled to begin on or after October 1 of the fiscal year being reported.
- f. A budget variance based on the budget adopted under Section 189.016(4), Florida Statutes, before the beginning of the fiscal year being reported if the Agency amends a final adopted budget under Section 189.016(6), Florida Statutes is not applicable, as the Agency did not amend a final adopted budget under Section 189.016(6), Florida Statutes.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Florida Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, and the Board of Directors and management of the Agency, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Sanson Kline Jacomino & Tandoc, LLP



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Independent Accountant's Report on Compliance with Sections 163.387(6) and (7), Florida Statutes

The Board of Directors City of Miami Midtown Community Redevelopment Agency:

We have examined the City of Miami Midtown Community Redevelopment Agency (the Agency), a Component Unit of the City of Miami, Florida compliance with Sections 163.387(6) and (7), Florida Statutes regarding the redevelopment trust fund during the year ended September 30, 2022. Management is responsible for the Agency's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Agency's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Agency's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Agency's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Agency complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2022.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Florida Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, and the Board of Directors and management of the Agency, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Sanson Kline Jacomino & Tandoc, LLP