# Midtown Miami Community Development District

# **ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT**

**September 30, 2022** 

# **Midtown Miami Community Development District**

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Certified Public Accountants PL

600 Citrus Avenue Suite 200 Fort Pierce, Florida 34950

772/461-6120 // 461-1155 FAX: 772/468-9278

#### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

To the Board of Supervisors Midtown Miami Community Development District Miami Dade County, Florida

#### **Report on Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities and each major fund of Midtown Miami Community Development District (the "District"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities and each major fund of Midtown Miami Community Development District as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS), and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for one year beyond the financial statement date, including currently known information that may raise substantial doubt thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users made on the basis of these financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
  due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks.
   Such procedures include examining on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and
  disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
  expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly,
  no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgement, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.



#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the *Governmental Accounting Standards Board* who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated June 28, 2023 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations and contracts.

The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Midtown Miami Community Development District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Berger, Toombs, Elam, Gaines & Frank Certified Public Accountants PL

Fort Pierce, Florida

June 28, 2023

Management's discussion and analysis of Midtown Miami Community Development District's (the "District") financial performance provides an objective and easily readable analysis of the District's financial activities. The analysis provides summary financial information for the District and should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The District's basic financial statements comprise three components; 1) Government-wide financial statements, 2) Fund financial statements, and 3) Notes to financial statements. The Government-wide financial statements present an overall picture of the District's financial position and results of operations. The Fund financial statements present financial information for the District's major funds. The Notes to financial statements provide additional information concerning the District's finances.

The Government-wide financial statements are the **statement of net position** and the **statement of activities**. These statements use accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. Emphasis is placed on the net position of governmental activities and the change in net position. Governmental activities are primarily supported by special assessments.

The **statement of net position** presents information on all assets and liabilities of the District, with the difference between assets and liabilities reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories; 1) net investment in capital assets, 2) restricted and 3) unrestricted. Assets, liabilities, and net position are reported for all Governmental activities.

The **statement of activities** presents information on all revenues and expenses of the District and the change in net position. Expenses are reported by major function and program revenues relating to those functions are reported, providing the net cost of all functions provided by the District. To assist in understanding the District's operations, expenses have been reported as governmental activities. Governmental activities financed by the District include general government, physical environment and interest on long term debt.

Fund financial statements present financial information for governmental and enterprise funds. These statements provide financial information for the major funds of the District. Governmental fund financial statements provide information on the current assets and liabilities of the funds, changes in current financial resources (revenues and expenditures), and current available resources. The enterprise funds financial statements provide information on all asset and liabilities of these funds, changes in economic resources (revenues and expenses) and total economic resources.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

Fund financial statements include a balance sheet and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for all governmental funds. A statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances – budget and actual, is provided for the District's General Fund. For enterprise funds a statement of net position, a statement of revenues and expenses, and changes in fund net position and a statement of cash flows are presented. Fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's activities. Individual funds are established by the District to track revenues that are restricted to certain uses or to comply with legal requirements.

The government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements provide different pictures of the District. The government-wide financial statements provide an overall picture of the District's financial standing. These statements are comparable to private-sector companies and give a good understanding of the District's overall financial health and how the District paid for the various activities, or functions, provided by the District. All assets of the District, including capital assets, are reported in the **statement of net position**. All liabilities, including principal outstanding on bonds are included. Transactions between the different functions of the District have been eliminated in the **statement of activities** in order to avoid "doubling up" the revenues and expenses. The fund financial statements provide a picture of the major funds of the District. In the case of governmental activities, outlays for long lived assets are reported as expenditures and long-term liabilities, such as general obligation bonds, are not included in the fund financial statements. To provide a link from the fund financial statements to the government-wide financial statements, a reconciliation is provided from the fund financial statements to the government-wide financial statements.

Notes to financial statements provide additional detail concerning the financial activities and financial balances of the District. Additional information about the accounting practices of the District, investments of the District, capital assets, and long-term debt are some of the items included in the *notes to financial statements*.

#### **Financial Highlights:**

The following are the highlights of financial activity for the year ended September 30, 2022.

- The District's total liabilities exceeded total assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$(9,147,020) (net position). Total net position was \$1,981,338 for governmental activities and \$(11,128,358) for business-type activities. Unrestricted net position for governmental activities was \$2,587,229 and business-type activities was \$6,541,151. Restricted net position for governmental activities was \$1,935,306. Net investment in capital assets for governmental activities was \$(2,541,197) and for business-type activities was \$(17,669,509).
- Governmental activities revenues and transfers totaled \$6,146,208 while governmental activities expenses totaled \$4,465,385. Business-type activities revenues totaled \$8,972,363 while business-type activities expenses and transfers totaled \$9,485,304.

## **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

#### **Financial Analysis of the District**

The following schedule provides a summary of the assets, liabilities and net position of the District. It is not intended to be a complete presentation of government-wide financial activity.

#### **Net Position**

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-typ	oe Activities	Total			
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021		
Current assets	\$ 3,279,220	\$ 2,308,500	\$ 6,544,239	\$ 7,557,990	\$ 9,823,459	\$ 9,866,490		
Restricted assets	2,801,246	1,984,077	1,482,911	1,534,610	4,284,157	3,518,687		
Capital assets	16,535,694	17,529,455	30,446,634	32,069,987	46,982,328	49,599,442		
Total Assets	22,616,160	21,822,032	38,473,784	41,162,587	61,089,944	62,984,619		
Deferred outflows			98,857	105,636	98,857	105,636		
Current liabilities	1,524,390	1,488,341	3,556,931	3,503,122	5,081,321	4,991,463		
Non-current liabilities	19,110,432	20,033,176	46,144,068	48,380,519	65,254,500	68,413,695		
Total Liabilities	20,634,822	21,521,517	49,700,999	51,883,641	70,335,821	73,405,158		
Net investment in								
capital assets	(2,541,197)	(2,430,180)	(17,669,509)	(18,234,377)	(20,210,706)	(20,664,557)		
Net position - restricted	1,935,306	568,593	-	-	1,935,306	568,593		
Net position - unrestricted	2,587,229	2,162,102	6,541,151	7,618,960	9,128,380	9,781,062		
Total Net Position	\$ 1,981,338	\$ 300,515	\$ (11,128,358)	\$ (10,615,417)	\$ (9,147,020)	\$ (10,314,902)		

The decrease for current assets for business type activities is related to the decrease in internal balances in the current year.

The decrease in restricted assets for business type activities is related to the decrease in reserve account investments in the current year.

The decrease in capital assets for governmental activities and business-type activities was primarily due to current year depreciation.

The decrease in governmental and business-type activities total liabilities is primarily the result of principal payments made in the current year.

# **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

#### <u>Financial Analysis of the District</u> (Continued)

The following schedule provides a summary of the changes in net position of the District and is presented at the government-wide level for comparison purposes. It is not intended to be a complete presentation of District-wide financial activity.

**Change in Net Position** 

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Tot	als		
	2022	2021	2022	2021 2022		2021		
Program Revenues								
Charges for services	\$ 4,748,758	\$ 3,812,523	\$ 4,325,595	\$ 3,918,232	\$ 9,074,353	\$ 7,730,755		
Operating grants								
and contributions	-	-	4,697,106	4,698,906	4,697,106	4,698,906		
General Revenues								
Intergovernmental revenues	1,590	1,590	-	-	1,590	1,590		
Investments earnings	(32,636)	(2,510)	(51,026)	(3,787)	(83,662)	(6,297)		
Miscellaneous revenues	2,002	4,566	688	752	2,690	5,318		
Total Revenues	4,719,714	3,816,169	8,972,363	8,614,103	13,692,077	12,430,272		
Expenses								
General government	201,303	189,274	-	-	201,303	189,274		
Physical environment	3,214,865	3,102,764	-	-	3,214,865	3,102,764		
Interest and other charges	1,049,217	1,086,688	-	-	1,049,217	1,086,688		
Parking garage	-	-	8,058,810	7,942,361	8,058,810	7,942,361		
Total Expenses	4,465,385	4,378,726	8,058,810	7,942,361	12,524,195	12,321,087		
Transfers	1,426,494	974,788	(1,426,494)	(974,788)	-	-		
Change in Net Position	1,680,823	412,231	(512,941)	(303,046)	1,167,882	109,185		
Net Position - Beginning of Year	300,515	(111,716)	(10,615,417)	(10,312,371)	(10,314,902)	(10,424,087)		
0 0				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Net Position - End of year	\$ 1,981,338	\$ 300,515	\$ (11,128,358)	\$ (10,615,417)	\$ (9,147,020)	\$ (10,314,902)		

The increase in transfers is related to the increased budget deficit in the debt service fund.

The increase in parking garage expenses is related to more credit card fees and repairs in the current year.

The increase in governmental activities physical environment is related to increased maintenance expenses in the current year.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

#### **Capital Assets Activity**

The following schedule provides a summary of the District's capital assets as of September 30, 2022.

Description	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Infrastructure	\$ 951,346	\$ -	\$ 951,346
Machinery and equipment	244,630	820,759	1,065,389
Building and improvements Less: accumulated depreciation	30,743,784	63,555,028	94,298,812
	(15,404,066)	(33,929,153)	(49,333,219)
Total Capital Assets (Net)	\$ 16,535,694	\$ 30,446,634	\$ 46,982,328

The current year activity for governmental activities was equipment additions of \$72,856, and depreciation of \$1,066,617. In business-type activities, depreciation was \$2,145,606 and additions to equipment were \$522,253.

# **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

Actual expenditures were less than the budget primarily due to lower security services and consulting services expenditures than anticipated.

The September 30, 2022 budget was not amended.

#### **Debt Management**

Governmental Activities debt includes the following:

• In May 2014, the District issued \$26,970,000 Special Assessment Refunding Bonds Series 2014B. These bonds were issued to refund the Series 2004B Bonds. The balance outstanding at September 30, 2022 was \$20,380,000.

# **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

#### **Debt Management (Continued)**

Business-type Activities debt includes the following:

• In May 2014, the District issued \$64,875,000 Series 2014A Special Assessment and Revenue Refunding Bonds to refund the Series 2004 Bonds. The balance outstanding at September 30, 2022 was \$49,215,000.

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget**

Midtown Miami Community Development District does not expect any economic factors to have a significant effect on the financial position or results of operations of the District in fiscal year 2023.

### **Request for Information**

The financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Midtown Miami Community Development District's finances for all those with an interest. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Midtown Miami Community Development District, Wrathell, Hunt and Associates, LLC, 2300 Glades Road, Suite 410W, Boca Raton, Florida 33431.

# Midtown Miami Community Development District STATEMENT OF NET POSITION September 30, 2022

	Governmental I Activities		Business-type Activities		Total
ASSETS					
Current Assets					
Cash	\$	4,441,931	\$	4,169,422	\$ 8,611,353
Accounts receivable		1,661		18,224	19,885
Assessments receivable		735,465		-	735,465
Prepaid expenses		58,997		393,459	452,456
Deposits		4,300		-	4,300
Internal balances		(1,963,134)		1,963,134	 
Total Current Assets		3,279,220		6,544,239	 9,823,459
Non-Current Assets					
Restricted assets					
Investments		2,801,246		1,482,911	4,284,157
Capital assets, being depreciated		0=4040			
Infrastructure		951,346		-	951,346
Buildings and improvements		30,743,784		63,555,028	94,298,812
Machinery and equipment		244,630		820,759	1,065,389
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(15,404,066)		(33,929,153)	 (49,333,219)
Total Non-Current Assets		19,336,940		31,929,545	 51,266,485
Total Assets		22,616,160		38,473,784	 61,089,944
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred amount on refunding, net				98,857	 98,857
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities					
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		160,763		251,028	411,791
Due to developer		75			75
Unearned revenues		-		5,215	5,215
Bonds payable		945,000		2,290,000	3,235,000
Accrued interest		418,552		1,010,688	1,429,240
Total Current Liabilities		1,524,390	-	3,556,931	5,081,321
Non-Current Liabilities		, ,		, ,	,
Bonds payable, net		19,110,432		46,144,068	65,254,500
Total Liabilities		20,634,822		49,700,999	70,335,821
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets		(2,541,197)		(17,669,509)	(20,210,706)
Restricted for debt service		1,935,306			1,935,306
Unrestricted		2,587,229		6,541,151	 9,128,380
Total Net Position	\$	1,981,338	_\$_	(11,128,358)	\$ (9,147,020)

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

# Midtown Miami Community Development District STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

	Program Revenues				Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position						
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities			Total
Primary government							,				
Governmental Activities											
General government	\$ (201,303)	\$	236,145	\$	-	\$	34,842	\$	-	\$	34,842
Physical environment	(3,214,865)		2,688,594		-		(526,271)		-		(526,271)
Interest and other charges	(1,049,217)		1,824,019				774,802				774,802
Total Governmental Activities	(4,465,385)		4,748,758				283,373		_		283,373
Business-type Activities Parking garage	(8,058,810)		4,325,595		4,697,106		_		963,891		963,891
									•		
Total Primary Government	<u>\$ (12,524,195)</u>	\$	9,074,353	\$	4,697,106		283,373		963,891		1,247,264
	General Revenues	and <sup>·</sup>	Transfers								
	Miscellaneous rev	enue	·s				2,002		688		2,690
	Intergovernmenta	l reve	enues				1,590		_		1,590
	Investment earnin						(32,636)		(51,026)		(83,662)
	Transfers	ge					1,426,494		(1,426,494)		(00,002)
							, -, -		(, -, -, -		_
	Total General Rev	/enue	es and Transfe	rs			1,397,450		(1,476,832)		(79,382)
	Change in Net	Posi	tion				1,680,823		(512,941)		1,167,882
	Net Position - Octob	oer 1,	2021				300,515		(10,615,417)	(	10,314,902)
	Net Position - Septe	mber	30, 2022			\$	1,981,338	\$	(11,128,358)	\$	(9,147,020)

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

# Midtown Miami Community Development District BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2022

	General	De	2014 ebt Service	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS				
Cash	\$ 4,441,931	\$	-	\$ 4,441,931
Accounts receivable	1,661		-	1,661
Assessments receivable	633,113		102,352	735,465
Due from other funds	-		428,801	428,801
Prepaid expenses	58,997		-	58,997
Deposits	4,300		-	4,300
Restricted assets				
Investments, at fair value	-		2,801,246	2,801,246
Total Assets	\$ 5,140,002	\$	3,332,399	\$ 8,472,401
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 160,763	\$	-	\$ 160,763
Due to other funds	2,391,935		-	2,391,935
Due to developer	 75			75
Total Liabilities	 2,552,773		-	2,552,773
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable revenues	634,230		94,230	728,460
Chavallable revenues	 001,200		01,200	720,100
Fund Balances				
Nonspendable-prepaid expenses/deposits	63,297		_	63,297
Restricted - debt service	, -		3,238,169	3,238,169
Unassigned	1,889,702		-	1,889,702
Total Fund Balances	1,952,999		3,238,169	5,191,168
	-		•	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows				
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 5,140,002	\$	3,332,399	\$ 8,472,401

# Midtown Miami Community Development District RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES September 30, 2022

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$	5,191,168
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets, infrastructure, \$951,346, buildings and improvements, \$30,743,784, and machinery and equipment, \$244,630, net of accumulated depreciation, \$(15,404,066) used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and; therefore, are not reported at the governmental fund level.		16,535,694
Certain special assessment receivables were not collected within 60 days of year end and thus, are not current financial resources in the current period and; therefore, are reported as deferred inflows of resources at the governmental fund level.		728,460
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and; therefore, are not reported at the governmental fund level.	(	(20,380,000)
Bond discount, \$510,035, net of accumulated amortization, \$(185,467), are recorded as expenditures at the fund level, and are netted against bonds payable and amortized over the life of the bonds at the government wide level.		324,568
Accrued interest expense for long-term debt is not a current financial use and; therefore, is not reported at the governmental fund level.		(418,552)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	1,981,338

# Midtown Miami Community Development District STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

	General	D	2014 ebt Service	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues			_	
Special assessments	\$ 2,199,285	\$	1,824,019	\$ 4,023,304
Intergovernmental revenues	1,590		-	1,590
Miscellaneous revenues	5		-	5
Investment earnings	 815		(33,451)	(32,636)
Total Revenues	 2,201,695		1,790,568	3,992,263
Expenditures				
Current				
General government	188,685		12,618	201,303
Physical environment	2,148,248		-	2,148,248
Capital outlay	72,856		-	72,856
Debt service				
Principal	-		905,000	905,000
Interest	 _		1,042,987	1,042,987
Total Expenditures	 2,409,789		1,960,605	4,370,394
Excess of revenues over/(under)				
expenditures	 (208,094)		(170,037)	(378,131)
Other Financing Sources/(Uses)				
Insurance proceeds	1,997		_	1,997
Transfers in	-		1,426,494	1,426,494
Total Other Financing Sources/(Uses)	1,997		1,426,494	1,428,491
Net Change in Fund Balances	 (206,097)		1,256,457	1,050,360
Fund Balances - October 1, 2021	2,159,096		1,981,712	4,140,808
Fund Balances - September 30, 2022	\$ 1,952,999	\$	3,238,169	\$ 5,191,168

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

# Midtown Miami Community Development District RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 1,050,360
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures at the fund level. However, at the government-wide level the cost of those assets is allocated over the estimated useful lives as depreciation. This is the amount that depreciation, \$(1,066,617), exceeded capital outlay, \$72,856 in the current year.	(993,761)
In the Statement of Activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds; whereas in governmental funds, interest expenditures are reported when due. This is the change in accrued interest from the prior year.	16,026
Bond discount is amortized over the life of the debt at the government-wide level.  This is the accumulated amortization in the current period.	(22,256)
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are reported as deferred inflows of resources at the fund level. This is the change in deferred inflows of resources in the current period.	725,454
Repayments of bond principal are expenditures in the governmental funds, but the repayments reduce long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.	 905,000
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 1,680,823

# Midtown Miami Community Development District STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Special assessments	\$ 2,827,689	\$ 2,827,689	\$ 2,199,285	\$ (628,404)
Intergovernmental revenues	-	-	1,590	1,590
Miscellaneous revenues	-	-	5	5
Interest earnings	708	708	815	107
Total Revenues	2,828,397	2,828,397	2,201,695	(626,702)
Expenditures Current				
General government	288,353	288,353	188,685	99,668
Physical environment	2,402,044	2,402,044	2,148,248	253,796
Capital outlay	138,000	138,000	72,856	65,144
Total Expenditures	2,828,397	2,828,397	2,409,789	418,608
Excess of revenues over/(under)			(000,004)	(000.004)
expenditures			(208,094)	(208,094)
Other Financing Sources/(Uses)				
Insurance proceeds			1,997	1,997
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	-	(206,097)	(206,097)
Fund Balance - October 1, 2021			2,159,096	2,159,096
Fund Balance - September 30, 2022	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,952,999	\$ 1,952,999

# Midtown Miami Community Development District STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PARKING GARAGE FUND September 30, 2022

ASSETS		
Current Assets		
Cash	\$	4,169,422
Accounts receivable		18,224
Due from other funds		1,963,134
Prepaid expenses		393,459
Total Current Assets		6,544,239
Non-Current Assets		
Restricted Assets		
Investments		1,482,911
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated		
Buildings and improvements		63,555,028
Machinery and equipment		820,759
Less: accumulated depreciation		(33,929,153)
Total Non-Current Assets		31,929,545
Total Assets		38,473,784
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		00.057
Deferred amount on refunding		98,857
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		251,028
Accrued interest		1,010,688
Unearned revenues		5,215
Bonds payable		2,290,000
Total Current Liabilities		3,556,931
Non-Current Liabilities		
Bonds payable, net		46,144,068
Total Liabilities		49,700,999
		, ,
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets		(17,669,509)
Unrestricted		6,541,151
Total Net Position	<u>\$</u>	(11,128,358)

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

# Midtown Miami Community Development District STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - PARKING GARAGE FUND For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

Operating Revenues:	
Charges for services	
Parking	\$ 4,325,595
Operating Expenses:	
General and administrative expenses	438,599
Parking garage	2,934,208
Depreciation	2,145,606
Total Operating Expenses	5,518,413
Operating Income/(Loss)	(1,192,818)
Non-Operating Revenues/(Expenses):	
Intergovernmental revenues	4,697,106
Interest expense	(2,540,397)
Investment earnings	(51,026)
Miscellaneous revenues	688
Total Non-Operating Revenues/(Expenses)	2,106,371
Income/(loss) before contributions and transfers	913,553
Transfers	
Transfers out	(1,426,494)
Change in Net Position	(512,941)
Net Position - October 1, 2021	(10,615,417)
Net Position - September 30, 2022	\$ (11,128,358)

# Midtown Miami Community Development District STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PARKING GARAGE FUND For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Receipts from customers	\$ 4,335,129
Payments to suppliers for goods and services	(1,426,861)
Payments to employees for services	(438,599)
Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities	2,469,669
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Purchases of capital assets	(522,253)
Bond principal payments	(2,195,000)
Bond interest payments	(2,518,937)
Net Cash Used By Capital and Related Financing Activities	(5,236,190)
CASH FLOWS FROM NON CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	4 607 704
Receipts from intergovernmental revenues  Transfers	4,697,794
	(1,426,494) 3,271,300
Net Cash Provided by Non Capital Financing Activities	3,271,300
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Sale of investments	3,539,831
Purchase of investments	(3,488,132)
Investment earnings	(51,026)
Net Cash Provided By Investing Activities	673
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	505,452
Cash and equivalents - October 1, 2021	3,663,970
Cash and equivalents - September 30, 2022	\$ 4,169,422

# Midtown Miami Community Development District STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PARKING GARAGE FUND For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

# RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Operating income/(loss)	\$ (1,192,818)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to	
net cash provided by operating activities:	
Depreciation expense	2,145,606
Increase in accounts receivable	9,534
Increase in prepaid expenses	3,071
Decrease in accounts payable and accrued expenses	(2,322)
Decrease in due from other funds	1,506,598
Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities	\$ 2,469,669

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### 1. Reporting Entity

The District was established on December 26, 2003, pursuant to the Uniform Community Development District Act of 1980, Chapter 190, Florida Statutes, as amended (the "Act"), by Ordinance 03-271 of the Board of County Commissioners of Miami-Dade County, as a Community Development District. The District was established for the purposes of financing and managing the acquisition, construction, maintenance and operation of the infrastructure necessary for community development within its jurisdiction. The District is authorized to issue bonds for the purpose, among others, of financing, funding, planning, establishing, acquiring, constructing district roads, landscaping, and other basic infrastructure projects within or outside the boundaries of the Midtown Miami Community Development District. The District is governed by a five-member Board of Supervisors who are elected for four year terms. The District operates within the criteria established by Chapter 190, Florida Statutes.

As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the Midtown Miami Community Development District (the primary government) as a stand-alone government. The reporting entity for the District includes all functions of government in which the District's Board exercises oversight responsibility including, but not limited to, financial interdependency, selection of governing authority, designation of management, significant ability to influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters.

Based upon the application of the above-mentioned criteria as set forth in Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 61, The Financial Reporting Entity, the District has identified no component units.

#### 2. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The basic financial statements of the District are composed of the following:

- Government-wide financial statements
- Fund financial statements
- Notes to financial statements

#### NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### 2. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

#### a. Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Government-wide financial statements report all non-fiduciary information about the reporting government as a whole. These statements include all the governmental activities of the primary government. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

Governmental activities are supported by special assessments and interest. Program revenues include charges for services, and payments made by parties outside of the reporting government's citizenry if that money is restricted to a particular program. Program revenues are netted with program expenses in the statement of activities to present the net cost of each program.

Amounts paid to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets, rather than reported as an expenditure. Proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as liabilities in the government-wide financial statements, rather than as another financing source.

Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness of the reporting government are reported as a reduction of the related liability, rather than as an expenditure.

#### b. Fund Financial Statements

The underlying accounting system of the District is organized and operated on the basis of separate funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Fund financial statements for the primary government's governmental funds are presented after the government-wide financial statements. These statements display information about major funds individually.

#### NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### 2. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

#### b. Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

#### **Governmental Funds**

The District classifies fund balance according to Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 54 – Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. The Statement requires the fund balance for governmental funds to be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. The classifications include non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

The District has various policies governing the fund balance classifications.

Nonspendable Fund Balance – This classification consists of amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation.

Assigned Fund Balance – This classification consists of the Board of Supervisors' intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The assigned fund balances can also be assigned by the District's management company.

Unassigned Fund Balance – This classification is the residual classification for the government's general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. Unassigned fund balance is considered to be utilized first when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Fund Balance Spending Hierarchy – For all governmental funds except special revenue funds, when restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balances are combined in a fund, qualified expenditures are paid first from restricted or committed fund balance, as appropriate, then assigned and finally unassigned fund balances.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. Interest associated with the current fiscal period is considered to be an accrual item and so has been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period.

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### 2. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

#### b. Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

#### **Governmental Funds (Continued)**

Under the current financial resources measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The reported fund balance is considered to be a measure of "available spendable resources". Governmental fund operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Accordingly, they are said to present a summary of sources and uses of "available spendable resources" during a period.

Because of their spending measurement focus, expenditure recognition for governmental fund types excludes amounts represented by non-current liabilities. Since they do not affect net current assets, such long-term amounts are not recognized as governmental fund type expenditures or fund liabilities.

Amounts expended to acquire capital assets are recorded as expenditures in the year that resources are expended, rather than as fund assets. The proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as an other financing source rather than as a fund liability.

Debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

#### **Enterprise Funds**

In the fund financial statements, the enterprise fund is presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are earned and expenses are recognized when the related goods or services are delivered.

#### NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### 2. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

#### b. Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

## **Enterprise Funds (Continued)**

In the fund financial statements, enterprise funds are presented using the economic resources measurement focus. This means that all assets and all liabilities (whether current or non-current) associated with their activity are included on their balance sheets. Enterprise fund operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position. Enterprise fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as investment earnings, result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities. Amounts paid to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets in the fund financial statements, rather than reported as expenditures. Proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as a liability in the fund financial statements, rather than as other financing sources.

Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness are reported as a reduction of the related liabilities, rather than as an expense.

#### 3. Basis of Presentation

#### a. Governmental Major Funds

<u>General Fund</u> – The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Debt Service Fund 2014B</u> – Accounts for debt service requirements to retire the special assessment refunding bonds which were issued to refund and retire the Series 2004B bonds. The bonds are secured by a pledge of the pledged revenues, consisting of all revenue received by the District from special assessments levied and collected on all or a portion of the District lands with respect to the Series 2014B Bonds

#### NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### 3. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

#### b. Enterprise Major Fund

<u>Parking Garage Fund</u> – The Parking Garage Fund accounts for the operations of the parking garages, which are funded by proceeds from operations of these facilities, including parking fees.

#### c. Non-current Governmental Assets/Liabilities

GASB Statement 34 requires that non-current governmental assets, such as land and improvements, and non-current governmental liabilities, such as general obligation bonds and due to developer be reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide Statement of Net Position.

#### 4. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity

#### a. Cash and Investments

Florida Statutes require state and local governmental units to deposit monies with financial institutions classified as "Qualified Public Depositories," a multiple financial institution pool whereby groups of securities pledged by the various financial institutions provide common collateral from their deposits of public funds. This pool is provided as additional insurance to the federal depository insurance and allows for additional assessments against the member institutions, providing full insurance for public deposits.

The District is authorized to invest in those financial instruments as established by Section 218.415, Florida Statutes. The authorized investments consist of:

- 1. Direct obligations of the United States Treasury;
- 2. The Local Government Surplus Funds Trust or any intergovernmental investment pool authorized pursuant to the Florida Interlocal Cooperative Act of 1969;
- 3. Interest-bearing time deposits or savings accounts in authorized qualified public depositories;
- 4. Securities and Exchange Commission, registered money market funds with the highest credit quality rating from a nationally recognized rating agency.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash equivalents include time deposits, certificates of deposit and all highly liquid debt instruments with original maturities of three months or less and held in a qualified public depository as defined by Chapter 280.02, Florida Statutes.

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# 4. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

#### b. Restricted Assets

Certain net position of the District is classified as restricted assets on the statement of net position because their use is limited either by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation; or by restrictions imposed externally by creditors. In a fund with both restricted and unrestricted assets, qualified expenses are considered to be paid first from restricted net position and then from unrestricted net position.

#### c. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include buildings and improvements, equipment and construction in progress, are reported in the governmental activities column.

The District defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. The valuation basis for all assets is historical cost.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend its useful life are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Depreciation of capital assets is computed and recorded by utilizing the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives of the various classes of depreciable capital assets are as follows:

Buildings and improvements 30 years
Infrastructure 30 years
Machinery and equipment 6-20 years

#### d. Unamortized Bond Discount

Bond discounts are presented on the government-wide financial statements. The costs are amortized over the life of the bonds using the method of accounting. For financial reporting, the unamortized bond discount is netted against the applicable long-term debt.

#### e. Budgets

Budgets are prepared and adopted after public hearings for the governmental funds, pursuant to Chapter 190, Florida Statutes. The District utilizes the same basis of accounting for budgets as it does for revenues and expenditures in its various funds. The legal level of budgetary control is at the fund level. All budgeted appropriations lapse at year end. Formal budgets are adopted for the general and debt service funds. As a result, deficits in the budget columns of the accompanying financial statements may occur.

#### NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

- 4. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity (Continued)
  - f. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position/fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District only has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. It is the deferred amount on refunding reported on the Statement of Net Position. A deferred amount on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future reporting period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until then. The District only has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Unavailable revenues are reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. This amount is unavailable and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that amounts become available.

# NOTE B - RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Explanation of Differences Between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-wide Statement of Net Position

"Total fund balances" of the District's governmental funds, \$5,191,168, differs from "net position" of governmental activities, \$1,981,338, reported in the Statement of Net Position. This difference primarily results from the long-term economic focus of the Statement of Net Position versus the current financial resources focus of the governmental fund balance sheet. The effect of the differences is illustrated below.

#### Capital related items

When capital assets (construction in progress) are purchased or constructed, the cost of those assets is reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, the Statement of Net Position included those capital assets among the assets of the District as a whole.

Infrastructure	\$ 951,346
Buildings and improvements	30,743,784
Machinery and equipment	244,630
Accumulated depreciation	(15,404,066)
Total	\$ 16,535,694

# NOTE B - RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

1. Explanation of Differences Between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-wide Statement of Net Position (Continued)

#### **Deferred inflows of resources**

Deferred inflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position differ from the amount reported in the government in the governmental funds due to special assessment receivables. Governmental funds financial statements report revenues which are measurable but not available as deferred inflows of resources. However, unavailable revenues in governmental funds are susceptible to full accrual on government-wide financial statements.

Unavailable revenues

\$ 728,460

#### Long-term debt transactions

Long-term liabilities applicable to the District's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities (both current and long-term) are reported in the Statement of Net Position. Balances at September 30, 2022 were:

Bonds payable

\$ (20,380,000)

#### **Bond discount**

Bond discount, net of accumulated amortization, are recorded as expenditures at the fund level, and are netted against bonds payable and amortized over the life of the bonds.

Bond discount	\$ 510,035
Accumulated amortization	 (185,467)
Net bond discount	\$ 324,568

#### **Accrued interest**

Accrued liabilities in the Statement of Net Position differ from the amount reported in governmental funds due to the accrued interest on bonds.

Accrued interest

\$ (418,552)

# NOTE B - RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

# 2. Explanation of Differences Between the Governmental Fund Operating Statements and the Statement of Activities

The "net change in fund balances" for government funds, \$1,050,360, differs from the "change in net position" for governmental activities, \$1,680,823, reported in the Statement of Activities. The differences arise primarily from the long-term economic focus of the Statement of Activities versus the current financial resources focus of the governmental funds. The effect of the differences is illustrated below.

#### Capital related items

When capital assets that are to be used in governmental activities are purchased or constructed, the resources expended for those assets are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, in the Statement of Activities, the costs of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation. As a result, fund balances decrease by the amount of financial resources expended, whereas net position decrease by the amount of depreciation charged for the year.

Depreciation	\$ (1,066,617)
Capital outlay	 72,856
Total	\$ (993,761)

#### **Long-term debt transactions**

Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Net change in accrued interest payable \$\frac{16,026}{}

Bond discount is amortized as a component of interest expense over the life of the debt at the government wide level. This is the current year amortization.

Bond discount amortization \$ (22.256)

Repayments of bond principal are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds and, thus, have the effect of reducing fund balance because current financial resources have been used.

#### **Deferred inflows of resources**

Deferred inflows of resources reported at the fund level are recognized as revenues in the Statement of Activities.

Net change in deferred inflows of resources \$ 725,454

#### **NOTE C - CASH AND INVESTMENTS**

All deposits are held in qualified public depositories and are included on the accompanying balance sheet as cash and investments.

#### Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a formal deposit policy for custodial credit risk. The District does, however, follow the provisions of Chapter 280, Florida Statutes regarding deposits and investments. As of September 30, 2022, the District's bank balances were \$8,933,115 and the carrying values were \$8,609,353. Exposure to custodial credit risk was as follows. The District maintains all deposits and certificates of deposit in a qualified public depository in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 280, Florida Statutes, which means that all deposits are fully insured by Federal Depositors Insurance or collateralized under Chapter 280, Florida Statutes.

#### Investments

As of September 30, 2022, the District had the following investments and maturities:

Investment	<u>Maturities</u>	Fair Value
First American Government Obligation Certificates of Deposit	14 Days * 4/2024-6/2024	\$ 2,577,700 1,706,457
Total		\$ 4,284,157
* Weighted Average Maturity		

The District categorizes its fair value measurement within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset, or paid to transfer a liability, in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. The District uses a market approach in measuring fair value that uses prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or similar assets, liabilities, or groups of assets and liabilities.

Assets or liabilities are classified into one of three levels. Level 1 is the most realizable and is based on quoted price for identical assets, or liabilities, in an active market. Level 2 uses significant other observable inputs when obtained quoted prices for identical or similar assets, or liabilities, in markets that are not active. Level 3 is the least reliable and uses significant unobservable inputs that use the best information available under the circumstances which includes the District's own data in measuring unobservable inputs.

The investments in First American Government Obligation and Certificates of Deposit listed above are level 1 assets.

The District's investment policy allows management to invest funds in investments permitted under Section 218.415, Florida Statutes.

#### NOTE C - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### Investments (Continued)

The District's investment policy allows management to invest funds in investments permitted under Section 218.415, Florida Statutes.

#### **Interest Rate Risk**

The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

#### Credit Risk

The District's investments in are limited by state statutory requirements and bond compliance. The District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. The First American Government Obligation was rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

#### Concentration of Credit Risk

The District places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one fund. The investment in First American Government Obligation represents 40% of the District's total investments and the investments in Certificates of Deposit represent 60%.

The types of deposits and investments and their level of risk exposure as of September 30, 2022 were typical of these items during the fiscal year then ended.

#### **NOTE D - CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital Asset activity for governmental activities for the year ended September 30, 2022 was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
		September 30,		
	2021	Additions	Deletions	2022
Governmental Activities:				
Capital assets				
Infrastructure	\$ 951,346	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 951,346
Building and improvements	30,743,784	-	-	30,743,784
Machinery and equipment	171,774	72,856	-	244,630
Total Capital Assets	31,866,904	72,856		31,939,760
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Infrastructure	(10,570)	(31,712)	-	(42,282)
Building improvements	(14,232,908)	(1,024,792)	_	(15,257,700)
Machinery and equipment	(93,971)	(10,113)	-	(104,084)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(14,337,449)	(1,066,617)		(15,404,066)
Governmental activities capital assets	\$ 17,529,455	\$ (993,761)	\$ -	\$ 16,535,694

Depreciation of \$1,066,617 was charged to physical environment.

# NOTE D - CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

The following is a summary of changes in the Parking Garage Fund capital assets for the year ended September 30, 2022.

	Balance October 1,			Balance September 30,
	2021	Additions	Deletions	2022
Business-type Activities:				
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Building and improvements	\$ 63,555,028	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 63,555,028
Machinery and equipment	298,506	522,253	-	820,759
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	63,853,534	522,253		64,375,787
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Building and improvements	(31,664,901)	(2,118,501)	-	(33,783,402)
Machinery and equipment	(118,646)	(27,105)	<u> </u>	(145,751)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(31,783,547)	(2,145,606)		(33,929,153)
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	\$ 32,069,987	\$ (1,623,353)	\$ -	\$ 30,446,634

Depreciation of \$2,145,606 was charged to parking garage.

## NOTE E – LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of debt activity for the District for the year ended September 30, 2022:

	Balance October 1,			Balance September 30,
	2021	Additions	Reductions	2022
Governmental Activites:				
Bonds payable:				
Series 2014B	\$ 21,285,000	\$ -	\$ (905,000)	\$ 20,380,000
Series 2014B Bond Discount	(346,824)		22,256	(324,568)
Bonds Payable, Net	\$ 20,938,176	\$ -	\$ (882,744)	\$ 20,055,432
Business-Type Activites:				
Bonds payable:				
Series 2014A	\$ 51,410,000	\$ -	\$ (2,195,000)	\$ 49,215,000
Series 2014A Bond Discount	(834,482)		53,550	(780,932)
Bonds Payable, Net	\$ 50,575,518	\$ -	\$ (2,141,450)	\$ 48,434,068

#### NOTE E - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Long-term debt for Governmental Activities is comprised of the following:

#### **Special Assessment Bonds**

\$26,970,000 Special Assessment Refunding, Series 2014B due in annual principal installments, beginning May 1, 2016. Interest is due semi-annually on May 1 and November 1, beginning November 1, 2014, at rates of 4.25% to 5%.

\$ 20,380,000

The annual requirements to amortize the principal and interest of bonded debt outstanding as of September 30, 2022 are as follows:

#### **Governmental Activities**

Year Ending					
September 30,	Principal		 Interest		Total
2023	\$	945,000	\$ 1,004,526	\$	1,949,526
2024		985,000	964,362		1,949,362
2025		1,035,000	922,500		1,957,500
2026		1,085,000	870,750		1,955,750
2027		1,145,000	816,500		1,961,500
2028-2032		6,650,000	3,164,250		9,814,250
2033-2037		8,535,000	 1,322,750		9,857,750
Totals	\$ 2	20,380,000	\$ 9,065,638	\$	29,445,638

<u>Depository Funds</u> – The bond resolution establishes certain funds and determines the order in which revenues are to be deposited into these funds. A description of the significant funds, including their purposes, is as follows:

 Reserve Fund – The 2014B Reserve Account is funded from the proceeds of the Series 2014B Bond in an amount equal to the lesser of 10% of the outstanding principal amount of the Bonds or the total principal and interest payments for the calendar year. Monies held in the reserve accounts will be used only for the purposes established in the Trust Indenture. Reserve fund requirements as of September 30, 2022 are as follows:

	Reserve			Reserve		
	Balance		alance Requireme		quirement	
Special Assessment Bonds, Series 2014B	\$	966,741		\$	978,541	

#### NOTE E - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Long-term debt for Business-type Activities is comprised of the following:

#### **Special Assessment and Revenue Bonds**

\$64,875,000 Special Assessment and Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2014A due in annual principal installments, beginning May 1, 2015. Interest is due semi-annually on May 1 and November 1, beginning November 1, 2014, at rates of 4.25% to 5%.

\$ 49,215,000

The annual requirements to amortize the principal and interest of bonded debt outstanding as of September 30, 2022 are as follows:

## **Business-type Activities**

Year Ending	<b>5</b>				<b>-</b>
September 30,	 Principal In		Interest	Total	
2023	\$ 2,290,000	\$	2,425,650	\$	4,715,650
2024	2,390,000		2,328,325		4,718,325
2025	2,500,000		2,226,750		4,726,750
2026	2,630,000		2,101,750		4,731,750
2027	2,765,000		1,970,250		4,735,250
2028-2032	16,060,000		7,631,750		23,691,750
2033-2037	 20,580,000		3,190,000		23,770,000
			_	' <u>-</u>	_
Totals	\$ 49,215,000	\$	21,874,475	\$	71,089,475

#### NOTE E - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

### SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT BONDS RESOLUTION TERMS AND COVENANTS

<u>Depository Funds</u> – The bond resolution establishes certain funds and determines the order in which revenues are to be deposited into these funds. A description of the significant funds, including their purposes, is as follows:

 Reserve Fund – The 2014A Reserve Account is funded from the proceeds of the Series 2014A Bond in an amount equal to the lesser of 10% of the outstanding principal amount of the Bonds or the total principal and interest payments for the calendar year. Monies held in the reserve accounts will be used only for the purposes established in the Trust Indenture. Reserve fund requirements as of September 30, 2022 are as follows:

	Reserve Balance	Reserve Requirement
Special Assessment and Revenue Bonds, Series 2014A	\$ 1,000,190	\$1,000,000

#### NOTE F - ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY AND RELATED PARTIES

Part of the District's special assessment revenue comes from the Developers. A change in developers may have a materially adverse effect on the District's operations unless replaced with a developer of equal or greater credit worthiness. At September 30, 2022, the developers held the majority of the assessable property located within District boundaries.

In addition to the aforementioned economic dependency, the Board of Supervisors include employees of the Developers. During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, payments to the developers totaled \$535.

#### **NOTE G - RISK MANAGEMENT**

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the District carries commercial insurance. For the year ended September 30, 2022, the District held insurance policies with aggregate general liability coverage of \$1,000,000. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage over the past three years.

#### **NOTE H - INTERFUND ACTIVITY**

Interfund balances at September 30, 2022, consisted of the following:

Payable Funds		
Governmental Funds:		
General Fund		
•		
\$	428,801	
	1,963,134	
\$	2,391,935	

Due from General Fund to Enterprise Fund is mostly related to TIF funds collected by the General Fund on behalf of the Enterprise Fund. Due from General Fund to Debt Service Fund is related to tax collection revenue received by the General Fund on behalf of the Debt Service Fund.

Interfund transfers for the year ended September 30, 2022, consisted of the following:

	<b>Transfers Out</b>		
	<b>Proprietary Fund</b>		
	Parking		
Transfers In	Ga	Garage Fund	
Governmental Fund:			
Debt Service Fund	\$	1,426,494	

Transfers from the Enterprise Fund to the Debt Service Fund is related to estimated expenditures exceeding estimated revenues in the Debt Service Fund.



Certified Public Accountants PL

600 Citrus Avenue Suite 200 Fort Pierce, Florida 34950

772/461-6120 // 461-1155 FAX: 772/468-9278

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Supervisors Midtown Miami Community Development District Miami Dade County, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements, as listed in the table of contents, of Midtown Miami Community Development District, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 28, 2023.

#### Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Midtown Miami Community Development District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Midtown Miami Community Development District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Midtown Miami Community Development District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

Fort Pierce / Stuart



#### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Midtown Miami Community Development District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Berger, Toombs, Elam, Gaines & Frank Certified Public Accountants PL

Fort Pierce, Florida

June 28, 2023

Certified Public Accountants PL

600 Citrus Avenue Suite 200 Fort Pierce, Florida 34950

772/461-6120 // 461-1155 FAX: 772/468-9278

#### MANAGEMENT LETTER

To the Board of Supervisors Midtown Miami Community Development District Miami Dade County, Florida

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the financial statements of the Midtown Miami Community Development District as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and have issued our report thereon dated June 28, 2023.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Florida Auditor General.

#### Other Reports and Schedule

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and our Independent Auditor's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with AICPA Professionals Standards, AT-C Section 315 regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in that report, which is dated June 28, 2023, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

#### **Prior Audit Findings**

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been made to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding financial audit report. The following finding was made in the prior financial audit report.

#### Finding 2012-01

Finding: The District continues to report a net position deficit in the Enterprise Fund for which sufficient resources were not available to cover the deficit.



Management Response: The net position deficit is attributable to the fact that depreciation occurs at a faster rate than the current principal reduction payments on the bonds. As well, the District has a strong cash position as revenues substantially exceed expenses less depreciation, which is a non-cash item.

Current Status: There is still a net position deficit at September 30, 2022.

#### **Financial Condition**

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not Midtown Miami Community Development District has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific conditions met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the Midtown Miami Community Development District did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial conditions assessment procedures as of September 30, 2022 for the Midtown Miami Community Development District. It is management's responsibility to monitor the Midtown Miami Community Development District's financial condition; our financial condition assessment was based in part on the representations made by management and the review of the financial information provided by the same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.



#### **Specific Information**

The information provided below was provided by management and has not been audited; therefore, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information.

As required by Section 218.39(3)(c), Florida Statutes, and Section 10.554(1)(i)6, Rules of the Auditor General, the Midtown Miami Community Development District reported:

- 1) The total number of district employees compensated in the last pay period of the District's fiscal year: 7
- 2) The total number of independent contractors to whom nonemployee compensation was paid in the last month of the District's fiscal year: 14
- 3) All compensation earned by or awarded to employees, whether paid or accrued, regardless of contingency: \$291,657
- 4) All compensation earned by or awarded to nonemployee independent contractors, whether paid or accrued, regardless of contingency: \$1,002,898
- 5) Each construction project with a total cost of at least \$65,000 approved by the District that is scheduled to begin on or after October 1, 2021, together with the total expenditures for such project: The District had no construction projects.
- 6) A budget variance based on the budget adopted under Section 189.016(4), Florida Statutes, before the beginning of the fiscal year being reported if the District amends a final adopted budget under Section 189.016(6), Florida Statutes: The budget was not amended.

As required by Section 218.39(3)(c), Florida Statutes, and Section 10.554(1)(i)8, Rules of the Auditor General, the Midtown Miami Community Development District reported:

- 7) The rate or rates of non-ad valorem special assessments imposed by the District: The General Fund, \$0.22 \$866.88, and the Debt Service Fund, \$0.15 \$497.66.
- 8) The amount of special assessments collected by or on behalf of the District: Total special assessments collected was \$4,023,304.
- 9) The total amount of outstanding bonds issued by the District and the terms of such bonds: Governmental Activities Series 2014 Bonds, \$20,380,000, maturing May 2037 and Business Type Activities Series 2014 Bonds, \$49,215,000, maturing May 2037.



#### **Additional Matters**

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

#### **Purpose of this Letter**

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Board of Supervisors, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Berger, Toombs, Elam, Gaines & Frank

Certified Public Accountants PL

Fort Pierce, Florida

June 28, 2023



Certified Public Accountants PL

600 Citrus Avenue Suite 200 Fort Pierce, Florida 34950

772/461-6120 // 461-1155 FAX: 772/468-9278

# INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT/COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 218.415, FLORIDA STATUTES

To the Board of Supervisors Midtown Miami Community Development District Miami-Dade County, Florida

We have examined Midtown Miami Community Development District's compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes during the year ended September 30, 2022. Management is responsible for Midtown Miami Community Development District's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Midtown Miami Community Development District's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about Midtown Miami Community Development District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on Midtown Miami Community Development District's compliance with the specified requirements.

In our opinion, Midtown Miami Community Development District complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements during the year ended September 30, 2022.

Berger, Toombs, Elam, Gaines & Frank Certified Public Accountants PL

Fort Pierce, Florida

June 28, 2023