

**OLD PLANTATION WATER CONTROL DISTRICT
PLANTATION, FLORIDA**

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Supervisors
Old Plantation Water Control District
Plantation, Florida

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of Old Plantation Water Control District, Plantation, Florida ("District") as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, and each major fund of the District as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The District's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information, schedule of changes in the District's net OPEB liability and related ratio, schedules of proportionate share of net pension liability, and schedule of District's pension plan contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information Included in the Financial Report

Management is responsible for the other information included in the financial report. The other information comprises the information for compliance with FL Statute 218.39 (3) (c), but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 22, 2023, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



February 22, 2023

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Our discussion and analysis of the Old Plantation Water Control District, Plantation, Florida, ("District") provides a narrative overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. Please read it in conjunction with the District's Independent Auditor's Report, basic financial statements, accompanying notes and supplementary information to the basic financial statements themselves.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets plus deferred outflows of resources of the District exceeded its liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year resulting in a net position balance of \$2,677,108.
- The change in the District's total net position in comparison with the prior fiscal year was \$240,219, an increase. The key components of the District's net position and change in net position are reflected in the table in the government-wide financial analysis section.
- At September 30, 2022, the District's governmental fund reported ending fund balance of \$1,879,542, an increase of \$243,018 in comparison with the prior fiscal year. The total fund balance is non-spendable for prepaid items and inventory, assigned to subsequent year's expenditures, renewal and replacement of equipment, operational fund, contingencies, and the remainder is unassigned fund balance which is available for spending at the District's discretion.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as the introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

1) Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources with the residual amount being reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements include all governmental activities that are principally supported by assessments. The District does not have any business-type activities. The governmental activities of the District include the water control function.

2) Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The District has one fund category, governmental funds.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains one governmental fund for external reporting. Information is presented in the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, which is a major fund.

The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

3) Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of an entity's financial position. In the case of the District, assets plus deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

Key components of the District's net position are reflected in the following table:

	NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30,	
	2022	2021
Current and other assets	\$ 1,941,011	\$ 1,637,705
Capital assets, net of depreciation	1,362,007	1,438,173
Total assets	<u>3,303,018</u>	<u>3,075,878</u>
Deferred outflow s of resources related to pension	243,666	235,605
Current liabilities	1,546	1,181
Long-term liabilities	779,190	461,504
Total liabilities	<u>780,736</u>	<u>462,685</u>
Deferred inflow s of resources related to pension and lease	88,840	411,909
Net position		
Investment in capital assets	1,362,007	1,438,173
Unrestricted	1,315,101	998,716
Total net position	<u>\$ 2,677,108</u>	<u>\$ 2,436,889</u>

The District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, land improvements, and infrastructure) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. These assets are used to provide services to residents; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

The remaining balance of unrestricted net position may be used to meet the District's other obligations.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (Continued)

The District's net position increased during the most recent fiscal year. The increase represents the extent to which ongoing program revenues exceeded the cost of operations and depreciation expense.

Key elements of the change in net position are reflected in the following table:

	CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30.	
	2022	2021
Revenues:		
Program revenues		
Charges for services	\$ 1,319,251	\$ 1,126,550
General revenues		
Net investment earnings	18,365	2,450
Rents and leases	50,568	54,970
Miscellaneous income	2,852	-
Gain on sale of capital asset	-	7,564
Total revenues	<u>1,391,036</u>	<u>1,191,534</u>
Expenses:		
Personnel services	514,357	560,080
Operations	636,460	630,978
Total expenses	<u>1,150,817</u>	<u>1,191,058</u>
Change in net position	240,219	476
Net position - beginning	2,436,889	2,436,413
Net position - ending	<u>\$ 2,677,108</u>	<u>\$ 2,436,889</u>

As noted in the table above and in the statement of activities, the cost of all government activities during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, was \$1,150,817. The costs of the District's activities were funded by program revenues consisting primarily of assessments. The same held true for the prior fiscal year. Program revenues increased from the prior fiscal year due mostly to an increase in license agreement fees collected. Expenses decreased from the prior fiscal year due mostly to decrease in repairs of pumps and engines.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

An operating budget was adopted and maintained by the governing board for the District pursuant to the requirements of Florida Statutes. The budget is adopted using the same basis of accounting that is used in preparation of the fund financial statements. The legal level of budgetary control, the level at which expenditures may not exceed budget, is in the aggregate. Any budget amendments that increase the aggregate budgeted appropriations must be approved by the Board of Supervisors. Actual expenditures did not exceed appropriations for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

CAPITAL ASSETS

At September 30, 2022, the District had \$2,987,237 invested in capital assets for its governmental activities. In the government-wide financial statements depreciation of \$1,625,230 has been taken, which resulted in a net book value of \$1,362,007. More detailed information about the District's capital assets is presented in the notes of the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND OTHER EVENTS

The District has begun implementation of significant projects affecting the pump stations and office. These projects are structured to be completed over a five-year period beginning with subsequent fiscal year.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the financial resources it manages and the stewardship of the facilities it maintains. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Old Plantation Water Control District at 8800 N. New River Canal Road, Plantation, Florida 33318.

**OLD PLANTATION WATER CONTROL DISTRICT
PLANTATION, FLORIDA
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
SEPTEMBER 30, 2022**

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash	\$ 183,660
Investments	1,630,560
Accounts receivable	34,829
Lease receivable	56,273
Chemical inventory	35,689
Capital assets:	
Nondepreciable	235,632
Depreciable, net	1,126,375
Total assets	3,303,018
 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
FRS Pension	243,666
Total deferred outflows of resources	243,666
 LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	1,546
Non-current liabilities:	
Net FRS pension liability	667,288
Net OPEB liability	76,298
Compensated absences	35,604
Total liabilities	780,736
 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Lease	59,923
FRS Pension	28,917
Total deferred inflows of resources	88,840
 NET POSITION	
Investment in capital assets	1,362,007
Unrestricted	1,315,101
Total net position	\$ 2,677,108

See notes to the financial statements

**OLD PLANTATION WATER CONTROL DISTRICT
PLANTATION, FLORIDA
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022**

<u>Functions/Programs</u>	<u>Expenses</u>	<u>Program Revenues Charges for Services</u>	<u>Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities</u>
Primary government:			
Governmental activities:			
Water control:			
Personnel services	\$ 514,357	\$ 514,357	\$ -
Operations	636,460	804,894	168,434
Total governmental activities	<u>1,150,817</u>	<u>1,319,251</u>	<u>168,434</u>
General revenues:			
Net investment earnings			18,365
Rents and leases			50,568
Miscellaneous income			<u>2,852</u>
Total general revenues			<u>71,785</u>
Change in net position			240,219
Net position - beginning			<u>2,436,889</u>
Net position - ending			<u><u>\$ 2,677,108</u></u>

See notes to the financial statements

OLD PLANTATION WATER CONTROL DISTRICT
PLANTATION, FLORIDA
BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUND
SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	General	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS		
Cash	\$ 183,660	\$ 183,660
Investments	1,630,560	1,630,560
Accounts receivable	34,829	34,829
Lease receivable	56,273	56,273
Chemical Inventory	35,689	35,689
Total assets	\$ 1,941,011	\$ 1,941,011
 LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES		
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 1,546	\$ 1,546
Total liabilities	1,546	1,546
 Deferred inflows of resources:		
Lease related	59,923	59,923
Total deferred inflows of resources	59,923	59,923
 Fund balance:		
Nonspendable:		
Inventory	35,689	35,689
Assigned to:		
Subsequent years expenditures	120,000	120,000
Operational fund	150,000	150,000
Renewal and replacement of equipment	650,000	650,000
Contingencies	180,000	180,000
Unassigned	743,853	743,853
Total fund balance	1,879,542	1,879,542
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balance	\$ 1,941,011	\$ 1,941,011

See notes to the financial statements

**OLD PLANTATION WATER CONTROL DISTRICT
PLANTATION, FLORIDA
RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
SEPTEMBER 30, 2022**

Fund balance - governmental fund \$ 1,879,542

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in the governmental funds. The statement of net position includes those capital assets, net of any accumulated depreciation, in the net position of the government as a whole.

Cost of capital assets	2,987,237	
Accumulated depreciation	<u>(1,625,230)</u>	1,362,007

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are recorded in the statement of net position.		243,666
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Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are recorded in the statement of net position.		(28,917)
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Liabilities not due and payable from current available resources are not reported as liabilities in the governmental fund statements. All liabilities, both current and long-term, are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

Net pension liability	(667,288)	
Net OPEB liability	(76,298)	
Accrued compensated absences	<u>(35,604)</u>	<u>(779,190)</u>

Net position of governmental activities		<u>\$ 2,677,108</u>
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See notes to the financial statements

OLD PLANTATION WATER CONTROL DISTRICT
PLANTATION, FLORIDA
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
GOVERNMENTAL FUND
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	General	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES		
Assessments	\$ 1,045,744	\$ 1,045,744
Permits and fees	248,971	248,971
Charges for services	24,536	24,536
Interest income	18,365	18,365
Rents and leases	50,568	50,568
Miscellaneous income	2,852	2,852
Total revenues	1,391,036	1,391,036
EXPENDITURES		
Current:		
Water control:		
Personnel services	587,724	587,724
Operating	428,534	428,534
Capital outlay	131,760	131,760
Total expenditures	1,148,018	1,148,018
Excess of revenues over expenditures	243,018	243,018
Fund balance - beginning	1,636,524	1,636,524
Fund balance - ending	\$ 1,879,542	\$ 1,879,542

See notes to the financial statements

**OLD PLANTATION WATER CONTROL DISTRICT
PLANTATION, FLORIDA
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN
FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022**

Net change in fund balances - governmental fund	\$	243,018
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; however, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is eliminated and capitalized as capital assets.		13,130
Depreciation on capital assets is not recognized in the governmental fund financial statements but is reported as an expense in the statement of activities.		(88,067)
Expenses reported in the statement of activities that do not require the use of current financial resources are not reported as expenditures in the funds. The details of the differences are as follows:		
Change in compensated absences		(7,287)
Pension related expenses		(21,982)
Change in net OPEB liability		102,636
Loss on disposal of capital assets		(1,229)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	<u>240,219</u>

See notes to the financial statements

**OLD PLANTATION WATER CONTROL DISTRICT
PLANTATION, FLORIDA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

NOTE 1 – NATURE OF ORGANIZATION AND REPORTING ENTITY

Old Plantation Water Control District, Plantation, Florida ("District") was created November 19, 1946 by judicial decree number 11878 of the Broward County Circuit Court under the provisions of Section 298, Florida Statutes for the purpose of constructing and maintaining systems of drainage and flood control within the boundaries of the District. The District's enabling act is 1999 Florida Senate Bill SB 2688 which codified and repealed all previous enactments relating to the District.

The District is governed by the Board of Supervisors ("Board"), which is composed of three members. All Supervisors are elected on a one acre one vote basis by the landowners within the District.

The Board has the final responsibility for:

1. Assessing and levying taxes and assessments.
2. Approving budgets.
3. Exercising control over facilities and properties.
4. Controlling the use of funds generated by the District.
5. Approving the hiring and firing of key personnel.
6. Financing improvements.

The financial statements were prepared in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statements. Under the provisions of those standards, the financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the District is considered to be financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that, if excluded, the financial statements of the District would be considered incomplete or misleading. There are no entities considered to be component units of the District; therefore, the financial statements include only the operations of the District.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The basic financial statements include both government-wide and fund financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Other items not restricted to a particular program are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement* focus and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Assessments are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and any claims or judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Assessments

Assessments are non-ad valorem assessments on certain land within the District. Assessments are levied each November 1 on property of record as of the previous January 1. The fiscal year for which annual assessments are levied begins on October 1 with a maximum discount available for payments through November 30 and become delinquent on April 1. The assessments are billed and collected by the County Tax Assessor/Collector on behalf of the District. The amounts remitted to the District are net of applicable discounts or fees.

Assessments, lease revenue, charges for services and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period.

The District reports the following major governmental fund:

General Fund

The general fund is the general operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first for qualifying expenditures, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity

Restricted Assets

These assets represent cash and investments set aside pursuant to debt covenants or other contractual restrictions.

Deposits and Investments

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand and demand deposits (interest and non-interest bearing).

The District has elected to proceed under the Alternative Investment Guidelines as set forth in Section 218.415 (17) Florida Statutes. The District may invest any surplus public funds in the following:

- a) The Local Government Surplus Trust Funds, or any intergovernmental investment pool authorized pursuant to the Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act;
- b) Securities and Exchange Commission registered money market funds with the highest credit quality rating from a nationally recognized rating agency;
- c) Interest bearing time deposits or savings accounts in qualified public depositories;
- d) Direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury.

The State Board of Administration's ("SBA") Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund ("Florida PRIME") is a "2a-7 like" pool. A "2a-7 like" pool is an external investment pool that is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") as an investment company, but nevertheless has a policy that it will, and does, operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a-7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940, which comprises the rules governing money market funds. Thus, the pool operates essentially as a money market fund. The District has reported its investment in Florida PRIME at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Securities listed in paragraph c and d shall be invested to provide sufficient liquidity to pay obligations as they come due.

The District records all interest revenue related to investment activities in the respective funds. Investments are measured at amortized cost or reported at fair value as required by generally accepted accounting principles.

Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. The District uses a first-in first-out method to determine costs.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the government activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$2,500 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant and equipment of the District are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Equipment		5-54
Infrastructure		50-84
Buildings		65

In the governmental fund financial statements, amounts incurred for the acquisition of capital assets are reported as fund expenditures. Depreciation expense is not reported in the governmental fund financial statements.

Unearned Revenue

Governmental funds report unearned revenue in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned.

Compensated Absences

It is the District's policy to permit employees to accumulate, within certain limits, earned but unused sick pay and vacation pay benefits, which will be paid in cash to employees at retirement. Sick and vacation pay is accrued when earned in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for those amounts is reported in the governmental funds if they have matured as a result of employee resignations, termination or retirements. In the current year, liability for accrued compensated absences of the governmental activities is not reported in the balance sheet of the governmental funds and, accordingly, represents a reconciling item between the fund and government-wide presentations.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Fund Equity/Net Position

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report non spendable and restricted fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Assignments of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

The District can establish limitations on the use of fund balance as follows:

Committed fund balance – Amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action (resolution) of the Board of Supervisors. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by the Board of Supervisors taking the same formal action (resolution) that imposed the constraint originally. Resources accumulated pursuant to stabilization arrangements sometimes are reported in this category.

Assigned fund balance – Includes spendable fund balance amounts established by the Board of Supervisors that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted nor committed. The Board may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover differences in estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Assignments are generally temporary and normally the same formal action need not be taken to remove the assignment.

The District first uses committed fund balance, followed by assigned fund balance and then unassigned fund balance when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Net position is the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position in the government-wide financial statements are categorized as net investment in capital assets, restricted or unrestricted. Net investment in capital assets represents net position related to infrastructure and property, plant and equipment. Restricted net position represents the assets restricted by the District's Bond covenants or other contractual restrictions. Unrestricted net position consists of the net position not meeting the definition of either of the other two components.

Other Disclosures

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 3 – BUDGETARY INFORMATION

The District is required to establish a budgetary system and an approved Annual Budget. Annual Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the general fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a) Each year the Treasurer submits to the District Board a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1.
- b) Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- c) Prior to October 1, the budget is legally adopted by the District Board.
- d) All budget changes must be approved by the District Board.
- e) The budget is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.
- f) Unused appropriations for annually budgeted funds lapse at the end of the year.

NOTE 4 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits

The District's cash balances were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by a collateral pool pledged to the State Treasurer. Florida Statutes Chapter 280, "Florida Security for Public Deposits Act", requires all qualified depositories to deposit with the Treasurer or another banking institution eligible collateral equal to various percentages of the average daily balance for each month of all public deposits in excess of any applicable deposit insurance held. The percentage of eligible collateral (generally, U.S. Governmental and agency securities, state or local government debt, or corporate bonds) to public deposits is dependent upon the depository's financial history and its compliance with Chapter 280. In the event of a failure of a qualified public depository, the remaining public depositories would be responsible for covering any resulting losses.

Investments

The District's investments were held as follows at September 30, 2022:

	<u>Amortized cost</u>	<u>Credit Risk</u>	<u>Maturities</u>
Florida PRIME	\$ 1,630,560	S&PAAA m	Weighted average of the
Total Investments	<u>\$ 1,630,560</u>		fund portfolio: 21 days

Credit risk – For investments, credit risk is generally the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Investment ratings by investment type are included in the preceding summary of investments.

Concentration risk – The District places no limit on the amount the District may invest in any one issuer.

Interest rate risk – The District does not have a formal policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Fair Value Measurement – When applicable, the District measures and records its investments using fair value measurement guidelines established in accordance with GASB Statements. The framework for measuring fair value provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques.

These guidelines recognize a three-tiered fair value hierarchy, in order of highest priority, as follows:

- *Level 1:* Investments whose values are based on unadjusted quoted prices for identical investments in active markets that the District has the ability to access;
- *Level 2:* Investments whose inputs - other than quoted market prices - are observable either directly or indirectly; and,
- *Level 3:* Investments whose inputs are unobservable.

NOTE 4 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

The fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the entire fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used should maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

For external investment pools that qualify to be measured at amortized cost, the pool's participants should also measure their investments in that external investment pool at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes. Accordingly, the District's investments have been reported at amortized cost above.

External Investment Pool – With regard to redemption gates, Chapter 218.409(8)(a), Florida Statutes, states that "The principal, and any part thereof, of each account constituting the trust fund is subject to payment at any time from the moneys in the trust fund. However, the Executive Director may, in good faith, on the occurrence of an event that has a material impact on liquidity or operations of the trust fund, for 48 hours limit contributions to or withdrawals from the trust fund to ensure that the Board can invest moneys entrusted to it in exercising its fiduciary responsibility. Such action must be immediately disclosed to all participants, the Trustees, the Joint Legislative Auditing Committee, the Investment Advisory Council, and the Participant Local Government Advisory Council. The Trustees shall convene an emergency meeting as soon as practicable from the time the Executive Director has instituted such measures and review the necessity of those measures. If the Trustees are unable to convene an emergency meeting before the expiration of the 48-hour moratorium on contributions and withdrawals, the moratorium may be extended by the Executive Director until the Trustees are able to meet to review the necessity for the moratorium. If the Trustees agree with such measures, the Trustees shall vote to continue the measures for up to an additional 15 days. The Trustees must convene and vote to continue any such measures before the expiration of the time limit set, but in no case may the time limit set by the Trustees exceed 15 days." With regard to liquidity fees, Florida Statute 218.409(4) provides authority for the SBA to impose penalties for early withdrawal, subject to disclosure in the enrollment materials of the amount and purpose of such fees. At present, no such disclosure has been made.

As of September 30, 2022, there were no redemption fees or maximum transaction amounts, or any other requirements that serve to limit a participant's daily access to 100% of their account value.

NOTE 5 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
<u>Governmental activities</u>				
Capital assets, not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 10,082	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,082
Infrastructure - Canals	225,550	-	-	225,550
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	235,632	-	-	235,632
Capital assets, being depreciated				
Buildings	164,485	-	-	164,485
Equipment	1,498,741	13,130	(10,890)	1,500,981
Infrastructure	1,086,139	-	-	1,086,139
Total capital assets, being depreciated	2,749,365	13,130	(10,890)	2,751,605
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	84,887	2,530	-	87,417
Equipment	875,876	63,021	(9,661)	929,236
Infrastructure	586,061	22,516	-	608,577
Total accumulated depreciation	1,546,824	88,067	(9,661)	1,625,230
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	1,202,541	(74,937)	(1,229)	1,126,375
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 1,438,173	\$ (74,937)	\$ (1,229)	\$ 1,362,007

Depreciation expense was charged to the operations function.

NOTE 6 – LONG TERM LIABILITIES

Changes in long-term liability activity for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022 were as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
<u>Governmental activities</u>					
Compensated absences	\$ 28,317	\$ 30,869	\$ (18,197)	\$ 40,989	\$ 5,385
Governmental activity long-term liabilities	\$ 28,317	\$ 30,869	\$ (18,197)	\$ 40,989	\$ 5,385

NOTE 7 – RENTAL INCOME

The District currently has two lease agreements which allow communication companies Nextel and Verizon to construct and operate signal towers on the District's land. The agreements are cancellable, by the lessees, in the event circumstances arise which would inhibit or prevent the intended use of the property. The agreements are cancellable by the District if the lessee defaults and fails to cure the default. Both leases are structured in five-year terms, with options for (4) four renewal terms which are also five-year periods. Automatic rent increases are 10% for Nextel and 20% for Verizon for each renewal term. They original Verizon agreement 25-year term ran out in prior fiscal year and an annual renewal option is in effect through fiscal year 2025 with a 4% annual increase. The Nextel agreement runs out in 2025. Total rental income for the fiscal year was \$55,568.

NOTE 8 – LEASE

The District is a lessor for a noncancellable lease of land. The District recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources in the financial statements.

At the commencement of a lease, the District initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term.

NOTE 8 – LEASE (Continued)

Key estimates and judgements include how the District determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease receipts to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease receipts.

- The District uses its estimated borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease receipts included in the measurement of the lease receivable is composed of fixed payments from the lessee.

The District monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease, and will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable.

Lease receivable

In 2000, the District began leasing land to T-Mobile. The lease is structured in five-year terms, with option for (4) four renewal terms which are also five-year periods. As of fiscal year 2020, the District is to receive \$29,868 payment per year. The District recognized \$24,796 in lease revenue and \$2,748 in interest revenue during the current fiscal year related to this lease. As of September 30, 2022, the District's receivable for lease payments was \$59,084. Also, the District has a deferred inflow of resources associated with this lease that will be recognized as revenue over the lease term. As of September 30, 2022, the balance of the deferred inflow of resources was \$59,923.

Maturity Analysis

At September 30, 2022, the scheduled lease requirements on the long-term lease were as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending September 30,	Principal	Interest	Total Receipts
2023	\$ (27,575)	\$ (2,293)	\$ (29,868)
2024	(28,698)	(1,169)	(29,867)
Total Future Receipts	\$ (56,273)	\$ (3,462)	\$ (59,735)

NOTE 9 – FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM (FRS)

General Information about the FRS

The FRS was created in Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, to provide a defined benefit pension plan for participating public employees. The FRS was amended in 1998 to add the Deferred Retirement Option Program under the defined benefit plan and amended in 2000 to provide a defined contribution plan alternative to the defined benefit plan for FRS members effective July 1, 2002. This integrated defined contribution pension plan is the FRS Investment Plan. Chapter 112, Florida Statutes, established the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, to assist retired members of any state-administered retirement system in paying the costs of health insurance.

All regular employees of the District are eligible to enroll as members of the FRS. Provisions relating to the FRS are established by Chapters 121 and 122, Florida Statutes; Chapter 112, Part IV, Florida Statutes; Chapter 238, Florida Statutes; and FRS Rules, Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code; wherein eligibility, contributions, and benefits are defined and described in detail. Such provisions may be amended at any time by further action from the Florida Legislature. The FRS is a single retirement system administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, and consists of the two cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plans and other nonintegrated programs. A comprehensive annual financial report of the FRS, which includes its financial statements, required supplementary information, actuarial report, and other relevant information, is available from the Florida Department of Management Services' website (www.dms.myflorida.com).

NOTE 9 – FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM (FRS) (Continued)

General Information about the FRS (Continued)

The District's pension expense totaled \$112,671 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

FRS Pension Plan

Plan Description – The FRS Pension Plan (Plan) is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, with a Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) for eligible employees. The classes of membership within the District are as follows:

- Regular Class – Member of the FRS who do not qualify for membership in another class.
- Senior Management Service Class – Members in senior management level positions.
- Elected Local Officers Class – Members who hold specific elective offices in local government.

Employees enrolled in the Plan prior to July 1, 2011, vest at six years of creditable service and employees enrolled in the Plan on or after July 1, 2011, vest at eight years of creditable service. All vested members, enrolled prior to July 1, 2011, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 62 or at any age after 30 years of service. All members enrolled in the Plan on or after July 1, 2011, once vested, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 65 or any time after 33 years of service. Members of the Plan may include up to four years of credit for military service toward creditable service. The Plan also includes an early retirement provision; however, there is a benefit reduction for each year a member retires before his or her normal retirement date. The Plan provides retirement, disability, death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments to eligible participants.

DROP, subject to provisions of Section 121.091, Florida Statutes, permits employees eligible for normal retirement under the Plan to defer receipt of monthly benefit payments while continuing employment with an FRS employer. An employee may participate in DROP for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate. During the period of DROP participation, deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest. The net pension liability does not include amounts for DROP participants, as these members are considered retired and are not accruing additional pension benefits.

Benefits Provided – Benefits under the Plan are computed on the basis of age and/or years of service, average final compensation, and service credit. Credit for each year of service is expressed as a percentage of the average final compensation (AFC). For members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the AFC is the average of the five highest fiscal years' earnings; for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the AFC is the average of the eight highest fiscal years' earnings. The total percentage value of the benefit received is determined by calculating the total value of all service, which is based on the retirement class to which the member belonged when the service credit was earned. Members are eligible for in-line-of-duty or regular disability and survivors' benefits.

The following chart shows the percentage value for each year of service credit earned:

Class, Initial Enrollment, and Retirement Age/Years of Service	% Value
Regular Class members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011	
Retirement up to age 62 or up to 30 years of service	1.60
Retirement at age 63 or with 31 years of service	1.63
Retirement at age 64 or with 32 years of service	1.65
Retirement at age 65 or with 33 years of service	1.68
Regular Class members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011	
Retirement up to age 65 or up to 33 years of service	1.60
Retirement at age 66 or with 34 years of service	1.63
Retirement at age 67 or with 35 years of service	1.65
Retirement at age 68 or with 36 years of service	1.68
Senior Management Service Class	2.00
Elected Local Officers	3.00

NOTE 9 – FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM (FRS) (Continued)

FRS Pension Plan (Continued)

Per Section 121.101, Florida Statutes, if the member is initially enrolled in the FRS before July 1, 2011, and all service credit was accrued before July 1, 2011, the annual cost-of-living adjustment is 3% per year. If the member is initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, and has service credit on or after July 1, 2011, there is an individually calculated cost-of-living adjustment. The annual cost-of-living adjustment is a proportion of 3% determined by dividing the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by 3%. Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will not have a cost-of-living adjustment after retirement.

Contributions – The Florida Legislature establishes contribution rates for participating employers and employees. Contribution rates during the 2022 fiscal year were as follows:

Class	Percent of Gross Salary October 1, 2021 to June 30, 2022		Percent of Gross Salary July 1, 2022 to September 30, 2022	
	Employee	Employer (1)	Employee	Employer (1)
FRS, Regular	3.00	10.82	3.00	11.91
FRS, Elected Officials	3.00	51.42	3.00	57.00
FRS, Senior Management Service Class	3.00	29.01	3.00	31.57
DROP, Applicable to all members in the above classes	0.00	18.34	0.00	18.60

(1) Employer rates include a postemployment HIS contribution rate of 1.66%. Also, employer rates include 0.6% for administrative costs of the investment plan.

The District's contribution to the Plan totaled \$54,636 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. This excludes the HIS defined benefit pension plan contributions.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions – At September 30, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$550,434 for its proportionate share of the Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2022. The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the District's contributions for the year ended June 30, 2022 relative to the contributions made during the year ended June 30, 2022 of all participating members. At June 30, 2022, the District's proportionate share was .0015%, which did not significantly change compared to its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2021.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022 the District recognized pension expense of \$86,066 related to the Pension Plan. In addition, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Description	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 26,142	\$ -
Change of assumptions	67,788	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on FRS pension plan investments	36,345	-
Changes in proportion and differences between District FRS contributions and proportionate share of FRS contributions	72,351	(4,489)
District FRS contributions subsequent to the measurement date	16,876	-
Total	<u>\$ 219,502</u>	<u>\$ (4,489)</u>

NOTE 9 – FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM (FRS) (Continued)

FRS Pension Plan (Continued)

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, totaling \$16,876, resulting from District contributions to the Plan subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending September 30,	Amount
2023	\$ 47,164
2024	31,259
2025	8,769
2026	106,071
2027	4,874
Thereafter	-
Total	<u>\$ 198,137</u>

Actuarial Assumptions – The total pension liability in the July 1, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.40%
Salary increases	3.25%, average, including inflation
Investment rate of return	6.70%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 base table, with variations by member category and sex, projected generationally with Scale MP-2018.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2022, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013, through June 30, 2018.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was not based on historical returns, but instead is based on a forward-looking capital market economic model. The allocation policy's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic and geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation (1)	Arithmetic Return	Geometric Return	Standard Deviation
Cash	1.0%	2.6%	2.6%	1.1%
Fixed income	19.8%	4.4%	4.4%	3.2%
Global equity	54.0%	8.8%	7.3%	17.8%
Real estate (property)	10.3%	7.4%	6.3%	15.7%
Private equity	11.1%	12.0%	8.9%	26.3%
Strategic investments	3.8%	6.2%	5.9%	7.8%
Total	<u>100.0%</u>			
Assumed inflation - mean			2.4%	1.3%

(1) As outlined in the Plan's investment policy

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.70%. The Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return.

NOTE 9 – FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM (FRS) (Continued)

FRS Pension Plan (Continued)

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Position Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.70%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.70%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.70%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase
	5.70%	6.70%	7.70%
District's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 951,937	\$ 550,434	\$ 214,729

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Detailed information about the Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the FRS Pension Plan and Other State Administered Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

HIS Pension Plan

Plan Description – The HIS Pension Plan (HIS Plan) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established under section 112.363, Florida Statutes, and may be amended by the Florida Legislature at any time. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of State-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs and is administered by the Division of Retirement within the Florida Department of Management Services.

Benefits Provided – For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment of \$5 for each year of creditable service completed at the time of retirement, with a minimum HIS payment of \$30 and a maximum HIS payment of \$150 per month, pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive a HIS Plan benefit, a retiree under a State-administered retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which may include Medicare.

Contributions – The HIS Plan is funded by required contributions from FRS participating employers as set by the Florida Legislature. Employer contributions are a percentage of gross compensation for all active FRS members. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, the contribution rate was 1.66% of payroll from October 1, 2021 through September 30, 2022 pursuant to section 112.363, Florida Statutes. The District contributed 100 percent of its statutorily required contributions for the current and preceding three years. HIS Plan contributions are deposited in a separate trust fund from which payments are authorized. HIS Plan benefits are not guaranteed and are subject to annual legislative appropriation. In the event the legislative appropriation or available funds fail to provide full subsidy benefits to all participants, benefits may be reduced or canceled.

The District's contributions to the HIS Plan totaled \$4,662 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions – At September 30, 2022, the District reported a net pension liability of \$116,854 for its proportionate share of the HIS Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021 with update procedures to June 30, 2022. The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the year ended June 30, 2022 contributions relative to the year ended June 30, 2021 contributions of all participating members. At June 30, 2022, the District's proportionate share was .0011%, which did not significantly change compared to its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2021.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$7,527 related to the HIS Plan. In addition, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

NOTE 9 – FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM (FRS) (Continued)

HIS Pension Plan (Continued)

Description	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 3,547	\$ (514)
Change of assumptions	6,698	(18,077)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on HIS pension plan investments	169	-
Changes in proportion and differences between District HIS contributions and proportionate share of FRS contributions	12,038	(5,837)
District HIS contributions subsequent to measurement date	1,712	-
Total	\$ 24,164	\$ (24,428)

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, totaling \$1,712, resulting from District contributions to the HIS Plan subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending September 30.	Amount
2023	\$ (164)
2024	793
2025	1,007
2026	413
2027	(2,493)
Thereafter	(1,532)
Total	\$ (1,976)

Actuarial Assumptions – The total pension liability in the July 1, 2021, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.40%
Salary increases	3.25% average, including inflation
Investment rate of return	3.54%

Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 base table, with variations by member category and sex, projected generationally with Scale MP-2018. Because the HIS program is on a pay-as-you-go basis no actuarial experience study has been completed for the program.

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 3.54%. In general, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the single rate equivalent to discounting at the long-term expected rate of return for benefit payments prior to the projected depletion date. Because the HIS benefit is essentially funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, the depletion date is considered to be immediate, and the single equivalent discount rate is equal to the municipal bond rate selected by the HIS Plan sponsor. The Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index was adopted as the applicable municipal bond index.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.54%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.54%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.54%) than the current rate:

NOTE 9 – FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM (FRS) (Continued)

HIS Pension Plan (Continued)

	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase
	2.54%	3.54%	4.54%
District's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 133,691	\$ 116,854	\$ 102,922

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Detailed information about the HIS Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the FRS Pension Plan and Other State Administered Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

FRS Defined Contribution Pension Plan

The District contributes to the FRS Investment Plan (Investment Plan), a defined contribution pension plan, for its eligible employees electing to participate in the Investment Plan. The Investment Plan is administered by the SBA, and is reported in the SBA's annual financial statements and in the State of Florida Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. Service retirement benefits are based upon the value of the member's account upon retirement.

As provided in Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of the FRS defined-benefit plan. District employees participating in DROP are not eligible to participate in the Investment Plan. Employer and employee contributions, including amounts contributed to individual member's accounts, are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Investment Plan are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Investment Plan is funded with the same employer and employee contribution rates that are based on salary and membership class (Regular Class, Elected Local Officers, etc.), as the FRS defined benefit plan. Contributions are directed to individual member accounts, and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices.

Allocations to the investment member's accounts during the 2022 fiscal year were as follows:

Class	Percent of Gross Compensation
FRS, Regular	9.30%
FRS, Elected Officials	14.34%
FRS, Senior Management Service Class	10.67%

For all membership classes, employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and are vested after one year of service for employer contributions and investment earnings. If an accumulated benefit obligation for service credit originally earned under the FRS Pension Plan is transferred to the Investment Plan, the member must have the years of service required for FRS Pension Plan vesting (including the service credit represented by the transferred funds) to be vested for these funds and the earnings on the funds. Nonvested employer contributions are placed in a suspense account for up to five years. If the employee returns to FRS covered employment within the five year period, the employee will regain control over their account. If the employee does not return within the five year period, the employee will forfeit the accumulated account balance. Costs of administering the Investment Plan, including the FRS Financial Guidance Program, are funded through an employer contribution of 0.06 percent of payroll and by forfeited benefits of Investment Plan members.

After termination and applying to receive benefits, the member may rollover vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the Investment Plan, receive a lump-sum distribution, leave the funds invested for future distribution, or any combination of these options. Disability coverage is provided; the member may either transfer the account balance to the FRS Pension Plan when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the FRS Pension Plan, or remain in the Investment Plan and rely upon that account balance for retirement income.

The District's Investment Plan pension expense totaled \$19,078 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

NOTE 10 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS ("OPEB")

Plan Description

Pursuant to Section 112.081, Florida Statutes, the District is required to permit eligible retirees and their spouses to participate in the District's health insurance program at a cost to the retiree that is no greater than the cost at which coverage is available for active employees. These retirees pay 100% of the premium. Because the blended rate paid by retirees is greater than a plan including active employees only and less than that of a plan including retirees only, the amount the District expends for active employees includes an implicit subsidy for participating retirees.

At this time the District has opted to pay as you go rather than fund a portion or the entire net OPEB liability. Calculations are based on the benefits provided under the terms of the substantive plan in effect at the time of each valuation and on the pattern of sharing costs between the District and plan members to that point.

At September 30, 2021, the actuarial valuation date, the following employees were covered by benefit terms:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	1
Inactive plan members entitled to, but not yet receiving benefits	-
Active plan members	<u>9</u>
	<u>10</u>

The net OPEB liability at September 30, 2021 was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Measurement date	September 30, 2021
Actuarial valuation date	September 30, 2021
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Cost Method (Level % of Pay)
Actuarial assumptions:	
Discount Rate	2.43%
Inflation	2.5% per year.
Salary Increases	2.5% per year.
Mortality	PubG-2010 Mortality Table projected to valuation date using MP-2019.
Health Care Participation	<u>Superintendent</u> : 100% participation assumed with no spouse election. <u>All Others</u> : 20% participation assumed with 50% electing spouse coverage
Retirement Rates	100% at age 62
Health Care Inflation	7.50% in fiscal 2022, grading down to ultimate rate of 4% in 20

Discount Rate: Given the District's decision not to fund the program, all future benefit payments were discounted using a high-quality municipal bond rate of 2.43%. The high-quality municipal bond rate was based on the measurement date of the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index as published by S&P Dow Jones Indices. The S&P Municipal 20 Year High Grade Rate Index consists of bonds in the S&P Municipal Bond Index with a maturity of 20 years. Eligible bonds must be rated at least AA by Standard and Poor's Ratings Services, Aa2 by Moody's or AA by Fitch. If there are multiple ratings, the lowest rating is used.

Changes in the net OPEB liability during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 were as follows:

	<u>Total OPEB Liability</u>	<u>Fiduciary Net Position</u>	<u>Net OPEB Liability</u>
Balance as of September 30, 2020	\$ 178,934	\$ -	\$ 178,934
Changes due to:			
Service cost	4,416	-	4,416
Interest	3,924	-	3,924
Assumption changes	(110,013)	-	(110,013)
Difference between Expected and Actual Experience	(963)	-	(963)
Balance as of September 30, 2021	<u>\$ 76,298</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 76,298</u>

NOTE 10 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS ("OPEB") (Continued)

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate and health-care cost trend rates- The following presents the net OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.43%) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.43%) than the current discount rate for the fiscal year end September 30, 2021:

1% Decrease (1.43%)	Current Discount Rate (2.43%)	1% Increase (3.43%)
\$ 78,507	\$ 76,298	\$ 74,233

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to the changes in the healthcare cost trend rates- The following presents the net OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (6.5 percent decreasing to 3.0 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.5 percent decreasing to 5.0 percent) than the current healthcare cost trend rates for the fiscal year end September 30, 2021:

1% Decrease 3.00% - 6.50%	Healthcare Cost Trend Rates - 4.00% - 7.50%	1% Increase 5.00% - 8.50%
\$ 74,970	\$ 76,298	\$ 77,714

NOTE 11 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The District has obtained commercial insurance from independent third parties to mitigate the costs of these risks; coverage may not extend to all situations. There were no settled claims during the past three years.

**OLD PLANTATION WATER CONTROL DISTRICT
PLANTATION, FLORIDA
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN
FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022**

	Budgeted Amounts Original & Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES			
Assessments	\$ 1,044,838	\$ 1,045,744	\$ 906
Permits and fees	30,000	248,971	218,971
Charges for services	25,000	24,536	(464)
Net investment income	1,500	18,365	16,865
Rents and leases	55,000	50,568	(4,432)
Miscellaneous income	500	2,852	2,352
Total revenues	1,156,838	1,391,036	234,198
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
Water control:			
Personal services	577,519	587,724	(10,205)
Operations	548,329	428,534	119,795
Capital outlay	150,990	131,760	19,230
Total expenditures	1,276,838	1,148,018	128,820
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(120,000)	243,018	363,018
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES			
Use of fund balance	120,000	-	(120,000)
Total other financing sources	120,000	-	(120,000)
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	243,018	\$ 243,018
Fund balance - beginning		1,636,524	
Fund balance - ending		\$ 1,879,542	

See notes to required supplementary information

**OLD PLANTATION WATER CONTROL DISTRICT
PLANTATION, FLORIDA
NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

The District is required to establish a budgetary system and an approved Annual Budget for the general fund. The District's budgeting process is based on estimates of cash receipts and cash expenditures which are approved by the Board. The budget approximates a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (generally accepted accounting principles).

The legal level of budgetary control, the level at which expenditures may not exceed budget, is in the aggregate. Any budget amendments that increase the aggregate budgeted appropriations must be approved by the Board of Supervisors. Actual expenditures did not exceed appropriations for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

**OLD PLANTATION WATER CONTROL DISTRICT
PLANTATION, FLORIDA
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2022**

	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB Liability				
Beginning balance	\$ 178,934	\$ 158,643	\$ 149,505	\$ 140,367
Service cost	4,416	3,266	3,149	3,149
Interest	3,924	5,469	5,224	5,224
Assumption changes	(110,013)	11,556	765	765
Differences between expected and actual experience	(963)	-	-	-
Ending balance	<u>\$ 76,298</u>	<u>\$ 178,934</u>	<u>\$ 158,643</u>	<u>\$ 149,505</u>
Plan Fiduciary Net Position				
Beginning balance	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Service cost	-	-	-	-
Interest	-	-	-	-
Assumption changes	-	-	-	-
Ending balance	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Net OPEB Liability				
Beginning balance	\$ 178,934	\$ 158,643	\$ 149,505	\$ 140,367
Service cost	4,416	3,266	3,149	3,149
Interest	3,924	5,469	5,224	5,224
Assumption changes and experience differences	(110,976)	11,556	765	765
Ending balance	<u>\$ 76,298</u>	<u>\$ 178,934</u>	<u>\$ 158,643</u>	<u>\$ 149,505</u>
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Covered employee payroll	\$ 349,345	\$ 204,229	\$ 199,248	\$ 199,248
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered employee	21.84%	87.61%	79.62%	75.03%

**OLD PLANTATION WATER CONTROL DISTRICT
PLANTATION, FLORIDA
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SEPTEMBER 30, 2022**

Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability
Florida Retirement System Pension Plan
Last 10 Years (Measurement Date)*

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the FRS net pension liability	0.001479341%	0.001482397%	0.001126694%	0.001125286%	0.001125200%	0.001129202%	0.001505659%	0.001666736%
District's proportionate share of the FRS net pension liability	550,434	111,978	488,326	387,533	338,916	334,010	380,180	215,281
District's covered payroll	294,963	376,148	340,839	310,715	302,501	287,765	280,207	299,501
Liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	186.61%	29.77%	143.27%	124.72%	112.04%	116.07%	135.68%	71.88%
FRS plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	82.89%	96.40%	78.85%	82.61%	84.26%	83.89%	84.88%	92.00%

Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability
Health Insurance Subsidy Pension Plan
Last 10 Years (Measurement Date)*

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the FRS net pension liability	0.001103272%	0.001159867%	0.001017824%	0.001014774%	0.001022033%	0.000989682%	0.000991559%	0.001004169%
District's proportionate share of the FRS net pension liability	116,854	142,275	124,275	113,543	108,173	105,821	115,562	102,409
District's covered payroll	294,963	376,148	340,839	310,715	302,501	287,765	280,207	299,501
Liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	39.62%	37.82%	36.46%	36.54%	35.76%	36.77%	41.24%	34.19%
FRS plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	4.81%	3.56%	3.00%	2.63%	2.15%	1.64%	0.97%	0.50%

* Measurement date is June 30th of each year
Information is not available for periods prior to 2015

**OLD PLANTATION WATER CONTROL DISTRICT
PLANTATION, FLORIDA
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SEPTEMBER 30, 2022**

Schedule of District Contributions
Florida Retirement System Pension Plan
Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required FRS contribution	\$ 54,636	\$ 58,597	\$ 39,519	\$ 35,028	\$ 31,994	\$ 29,079	\$ 37,676	\$ 50,219
FRS contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(54,636)	(58,597)	(39,519)	(35,028)	(31,994)	(29,079)	(37,676)	(50,219)
FRS contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's covered employee payroll	\$ 280,861	\$ 373,836	\$ 339,335	\$ 319,751	\$ 335,611	\$ 286,691	\$ 281,212	\$ 299,501
FRS contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	19.45%	15.67%	11.65%	10.95%	9.53%	10.14%	13.40%	16.77%

Schedule of District Contributions
Health Insurance Subsidy Pension Plan
Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required FRS contribution	\$ 4,662	\$ 6,206	\$ 5,633	\$ 5,308	\$ 5,571	\$ 4,759	\$ 4,759	\$ 4,661
HIS contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(4,662)	(6,206)	(5,633)	(5,308)	(5,571)	(4,759)	(4,759)	(4,661)
HIS contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's covered employee payroll	\$ 280,861	\$ 373,836	\$ 339,335	\$ 319,751	\$ 335,611	\$ 286,691	\$ 281,212	\$ 299,501
HIS contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	1.66%	1.66%	1.66%	1.66%	1.66%	1.66%	1.69%	1.56%

*Information is not available for periods prior to 2015.

**OLD PLANTATION WATER CONTROL DISTRICT
 PLANTATION, FLORIDA
 OTHER INFORMATION – DATA ELEMENTS
 REQUIRED BY FL STATUTE 218.39(3)(C)
 UNAUDITED**

<u>Element</u>	<u>Comments</u>
Number of district employees compensated at 9/30/2022	6
Number of independent contractors compensated in September 2022	1
Employee compensation for FYE 9/30/2022 (paid/accrued)	\$389,018.58
Independent contractor compensation for FYE 9/30/2022	\$28,519.00
Construction projects to begin on or after October 1; (>\$65K)	NA
Budget variance report	See page 29
Ad Valorem taxes;	Not applicable
Non ad valorem special assessments;	
Special assessment rate FYE 9/30/2022	Operations and maintenance - \$180.49/acre
Special assessments collected FYE 9/30/2022	\$1,045,744.30
Outstanding Bonds;	not applicable



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Commissioners
Old Plantation Water Control District
Plantation, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of Old Plantation Water Control District, Plantation, Florida ("District") as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our opinion thereon dated February 22, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

B *Law + Associates*

February 22, 2023



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**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH THE
REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 218.415, FLORIDA STATUTES, REQUIRED BY
RULE 10.556(10) OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA**

To the Board of Commissioners
Old Plantation Water Control District
Plantation, Florida

We have examined Old Plantation Water Control District, Plantation, Florida's ("District") compliance with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, in accordance with Rule 10.556(10) of the Auditor General of the State of Florida during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. Management is responsible for the District's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the District complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced in Section 218.415, Florida Statutes. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the District complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, management, and the Board of Supervisors of Old Plantation Water Control District, Plantation, Florida and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Grau & Associates

February 22, 2023



**MANAGEMENT LETTER PURSUANT TO THE RULES OF
THE AUDITOR GENERAL FOR THE STATE OF FLORIDA**

To the Board of Commissioners
Old Plantation Water Control District
Plantation, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of Old Plantation Water Control District, Plantation, Florida ("District") as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, and have issued our report thereon dated February 22, 2023.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Florida Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; and Independent Auditor's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated February 22, 2023, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Purpose of this Letter

The purpose of this letter is to comment on those matters required by Chapter 10.550 of the Rules of the Auditor General for the State of Florida. Accordingly, in connection with our audit of the financial statements of the District, as described in the first paragraph, we report the following:

- I. Current year findings and recommendations.**
- II. Status of prior year findings and recommendations.**
- III. Compliance with the Provisions of the Auditor General of the State of Florida.**

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, as applicable, management, and the Board of Commissioners of Old Plantation Water Control District, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We wish to thank the District and the personnel associated with it, for the opportunity to be of service to them in this endeavor as well as future engagements, and the courtesies extended to us.


Grau & Associates

February 22, 2023

REPORT TO MANAGEMENT

I. CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

None

II. PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

None

III. COMPLIANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA

Unless otherwise required to be reported in the auditor's report on compliance and internal controls, the management letter shall include, but not be limited to the following:

1. A statement as to whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

There were no significant findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.

2. Any recommendations to improve the local governmental entity's financial management.

There were no such matters discovered by, or that came to the attention of, the auditor, to be reported for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

3. Noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance.

There were no such matters discovered by, or that came to the attention of, the auditor, to be reported, for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

4. The name or official title and legal authority of the District are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.
5. The District has not met one or more of the financial emergency conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.
6. We applied financial condition assessment procedures and no deteriorating financial conditions were noted. It is management's responsibility to monitor financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.
7. Management has provided the specific information required by Section 218.39(3)(c) in the Other Information section of the financial statements on page 34.



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February 22, 2023

To the Board of Supervisors
Old Plantation Water Control District, Florida

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund, of the Old Plantation Water Control District, Plantation, Florida ("District") for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards and, as applicable, *Government Auditing Standards*, as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. We have communicated such information in our letter to you dated June 30, 2021.

Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit. We have also examined the District's compliance with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, in accordance with Rule 10.556(10) of the Auditor General of the State of Florida during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, which was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

Significant Audit Findings

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by the District are described in Note 2 to the financial statements. We noted no transactions entered into by the District during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimate affecting the financial statements was:

Management's estimate of the useful lives of capital assets and estimate of allowance for uncollectible receivables in the utility fund are based on information obtained from the experience of other governments as adapted for differences in application and environment. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the useful lives of capital assets and allowance for uncollectible amounts in determining that they are reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Certain financial statement disclosures are particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial statement users. The most sensitive disclosure affecting the financial statements was:

The FRS and HIS pension plan disclosure in Note 9 pertaining to the net pension liability, deferred inflows and outflows of resources and pension expense related to the plan.

The OPEB plan disclosure in Note 10 pertaining to the net OPEB liability, deferred inflows and outflows of resources and OPEB expense related to the plan.

The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent, and clear.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are clearly trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, a disagreement with management is a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated February 22, 2023.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the District's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the District's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

Other Matters

We applied certain limited procedures to the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, pension related disclosures, and OPEB disclosures which are required supplementary information (RSI) that supplements the basic financial statements. Our procedures consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We did not audit the RSI and do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

We were not engaged to report on the data elements required by FL Statute 218.39 (3) (c) which accompany the financial statements but are not RSI. We did not audit or perform other procedures on this other information and we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Restriction on Use

This information is intended solely for the use of the Council and management of the District and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours,



Grau & Associates