(A Component Unit of the City of Miami, Florida)

Basic Financial Statements

September 30, 2022

(With Independent Auditor's Report Thereon)

(A Component Unit of the City of Miami, Florida)

September 30, 2022

Table of Contents

| | Pages |
|---|--------------|
| Independent Auditor's Report | 1-2 |
| Basic Financial Statements: | |
| Government-wide Financial Statements: | |
| Statement of Net Position | 3 |
| Statement of Activities | 4 |
| Fund Financial Statements: | |
| Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds | 5 |
| Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the | |
| Statement of Net Position | 6 |
| Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – | |
| Governmental Funds | 7 |
| Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in | |
| Fund Balances - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities | 8 |
| Notes to Basic Financial Statements | 9-18 |
| Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited): | |
| Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Special Revenue Fund | 19 |
| Note to Required Supplementary Information | 20 |
| Other Reports: | |
| Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and | |
| on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements | |
| Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards | 21-22 |
| Management letter in Accordance with the Rules of the Auditor General of the | |
| State of Florida | 23-24 |
| Independent Accountant's Report on Compliance with Sections 163.387(6) and (7), | |
| Florida Statutes | 25 |





Sanson, Kline, Jacomino & Tandoc, LLP 5805 Blue Lagoon Drive | Suite 145 | Miami, FL 33126 Tel: (305) 269-8633 | Fax: (305) 265-0652 | www.skjtllp.com

Independent Auditor's Report

The Board of Directors City of Miami Omni Community Redevelopment Agency:

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the City of Miami Omni Community Redevelopment Agency (the Agency), a component unit of the City of Miami, Florida, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Agency's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Agency as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Agency, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Agency's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
 are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness
 of the Agency's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Agency's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 19, 2023 on our consideration of the Agency's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Agency's internal control over financial reporting.

Sanson Kline Jacomino & Jandoc, LLP

Miami, Florida January 19, 2023



(A Component Unit of the City of Miami, Florida)

Statement of Net Position

September 30, 2022

| | Governmental Activities | |
|--|-------------------------|------------|
| Assets | | |
| Current assets: | | |
| Cash | \$ | 36,074,091 |
| Restricted cash equivalents | | 12,368,801 |
| Interest receivable | | 50,504 |
| Lease receivable | | 99,535 |
| Non-current assets: | | |
| Lease receivable | | 1,166,673 |
| Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation): | | |
| Land | | 11,447,103 |
| Infrastructure | | 14,659,033 |
| Total assets | | 75,865,740 |
| Liabilities Current liablities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | | 1,020,549 |
| Non-current liabilities: | | |
| Due within one year | | |
| Notes payable | | 2,140,000 |
| Due in more than one year: | | |
| Notes payable | | 14,745,000 |
| Compensated absences | | 208,457 |
| Total liabilities | | 18,114,006 |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources | | |
| Lease | | 1,222,442 |
| Net Position | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | | 26,106,136 |
| Restricted for redevelopment projects | | 9,842,706 |
| Restricted for debt service | | 2,521,095 |
| Unrestricted | | 18,059,355 |
| Total net position | \$ | 56,529,292 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

(A Component Unit of the City of Miami, Florida)

Statement of Activities

Year ended September 30, 2022

| | | | Program Revenues | | | | |
|---|----|--|---------------------|------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|---|
| | | Expenses | | harges for Services | Gı | perating rants and atributions | Net Revenue (Expense) and Changes in Net Position |
| Expenses: | | | | | | | |
| General government Community redevelopment Interest on long-term obligations Total expenses | \$ | 1,477,744 17,083,443 760,196 19,321,383 | \$ <u>\$</u> | 341,937 - - 341,937 | \$ | 114,723 - 114,723 | \$ (1,135,807) (16,968,720) (760,196) (18,864,723) |
| General revenues: Tax increment revenue Other Investment income (loss) Total general revenues Change in net position Net position - beginning of the year | | | | | 32,024,597 58,762 (83,803) 31,999,556 13,134,833 43,394,459 | | |
| | Ne | t position - end | of th | e year | | | \$ 56,529,292 |

(A Component Unit of the City of Miami, Florida)

Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds

September 30, 2022

| | Special revenue | Redevelopment projects | Debt service | Total governmental funds |
|--|-----------------|------------------------|--------------|--------------------------------|
| Assets | | | | |
| Cash | \$ 36,079,091 | - | (5,000) | 36,074,091 |
| Restricted cash equivalents | - | 9,842,706 | 2,526,095 | 12,368,801 |
| Interest receivable | 50,504 | - | - | 50,504 |
| Lease receivable | 1,266,208 | | | 1,266,208 |
| Total assets | \$ 37,395,803 | 9,842,706 | 2,521,095 | 49,759,604 |
| Liabilities | | | | |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | \$ 1,020,549 | | | 1,020,549 |
| Deferred inflows of resources | | | | |
| Leases | 1,222,442 | | | 1,222,442 |
| Fund balances | | | | |
| Non spendable: | | | | |
| Lease receivable | 43,766 | - | - | 43,766 |
| Spendable: | | | | |
| Restricted | - | 9,842,706 | 2,521,095 | 12,363,801 |
| Committed | 35,109,046 | | | 35,109,046 |
| Total fund balances | 35,152,812 | 9,842,706 | 2,521,095 | 47,516,613 |
| Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources | | | | |
| and fund balances | \$ 37,395,803 | \$ 9,842,706 | \$ 2,521,095 | \$ 49,759,604 |

(A Component Unit of the City of Miami, Florida)

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position

September 30, 2022

| Total fund balance - governmental funds | | \$ | 47,516,613 |
|--|--------------|----|--------------|
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net | | | |
| position consist of: | | | |
| Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources | | | |
| and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. | | | 26,106,136 |
| Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and | | | |
| therefore are not reported in the funds: | | | |
| Notes payable | (16,885,000) | | |
| Compensated absences | (208,457) | _ | (17,093,457) |
| Net position of governmental activities | | \$ | 56,529,292 |

(A Component Unit of the City of Miami, Florida)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

Governmental Funds

Year ended September 30, 2022

| | | | | Total |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|
| | Special | Redevelopment | | governmental |
| | revenue | projects | Debt servicce | funds |
| Revenues: | | | | |
| Tax increment | \$ 32,024,597 | - | - | 32,024,597 |
| Intergovernmental | 114,723 | - | - | 114,723 |
| Lease | 341,937 | - | - | 341,937 |
| Investment income (loss) | (96,126) | 9,803 | 2,520 | (83,803) |
| Other | 58,762 | | | 58,762 |
| Total revenues | 32,443,893 | 9,803 | 2,520 | 32,456,216 |
| Expenditures: | | | | |
| Current: | | | | |
| General government | 1,472,724 | - | 5,020 | 1,477,744 |
| Community redevelopment | 15,743,315 | 998,282 | - | 16,741,597 |
| Debt service: | | | | |
| Principal | - | - | 2,055,000 | 2,055,000 |
| Interest and other charges | | | 760,196 | 760,196 |
| Total expenditures | 17,216,039 | 998,282 | 2,820,216 | 21,034,537 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over | | | | |
| (under) expenditures | 15,227,854 | (988,479) | (2,817,696) | 11,421,679 |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | | |
| Lease liability issued | - | - | - | - |
| Transfers in | - | - | 2,815,196 | 2,815,196 |
| Transfers out | (2,815,196) | | | (2,815,196) |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | (2,815,196) | | 2,815,196 | |
| Net change in fund balances | 12,412,658 | (988,479) | (2,500) | 11,421,679 |
| Fund balances - beginning | 22,740,154 | 10,831,185 | 2,523,595 | 36,094,934 |
| Fund balances - ending | \$ 35,152,812 | 9,842,706 | 2,521,095 | 47,516,613 |

(A Component Unit of the City of Miami, Florida)

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year ended September 30, 2022

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ 11,421,679

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

The governmental funds reported capital outlays as expenditures, however, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives:

Depreciation expense

(491,448)

Items reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources, and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:

Decrease in compensated absences

149,602

The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amount are deferred and amortized on the statement of activities.

Principal payments on long-term obligations:

Notes payable

2,055,000

2,055,000

Change in net position of governmental activities

\$ 13,134,833

(A Component Unit of the City of Miami, Florida)

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

September 30, 2022

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

This summary of the City of Miami Omni Community Redevelopment Agency (the Agency) significant accounting policies is presented to assist the reader in interpreting the basic financial statements. The policies are considered essential and should be read in conjunction with the basic financial statements.

The accounting policies of the Agency conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to governmental units. This report, the accounting systems and classification of accounts conform to standards of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), which is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

A. Reporting Entity

The Agency was established in 1986 by the City of Miami, Florida (the City) under the provisions of Section 163, Florida Statutes. The purpose of the Agency is to eliminate blight and slum conditions within the redevelopment area of the agency pursuant to the redevelopment plans of the Agency for new residential and commercial activity of the Omni area. The board of directors of the Agency are comprised of the five members of the City commission and are separate, distinct and independent from the governing body of the City.

The City entered into an Interlocal Cooperation Agreement on June 24, 1996 with Miami-Dade County, Florida (the County) whereby tax increment revenue collected by the parties would be paid to the Agency and used in accordance with the approved budgets of the redevelopment plans and terms and conditions of the Interlocal Agreement for the benefit of the Agency. In addition, on March 13, 2000, the Agency entered into an Interlocal Agreement with the City. As stated on the agreement, the City has agreed to provide financial support to the Agency for the planning, development, program management, technical assistance, coordination, monitoring and other services needed for the projects. In addition, the City has agreed to provide personnel and other resources including the use of the City attorney, which shall serve as counsel and the City Clerk, which will serve as the official custodian of records.

For financial reporting purposes, the Agency is a component unit of the City and is thus included in the City's comprehensive annual financial report as a blended component unit.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all the nonfiduciary activities of the Agency. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business—type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The Agency does not have any business-type activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

(A Component Unit of the City of Miami, Florida)

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

September 30, 2022

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (continued)

Separate financial statements are provided for the governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resource measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Agency considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Tax increment revenue, intergovernmental revenues, lease revenue, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The Agency reports the following major governmental funds:

- The *Special Revenue Fund* accounts for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted for specified purposes. Specifically, this fund reports tax increment revenue collected from the City, County and The Children's Trust; and
- The *Redevelopment Projects Fund* accounts for construction of certain redevelopment projects funded by the Tax Increment Revenue Notes, Tax-exempt Series 2018A and Taxable Series 2018B.
- The *Debt Service Fund* accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, bond principal and interest on the Tax Increment Revenue Notes, Tax-exempt Series 2018A and Taxable Series 2018B.

D. Equity in Pooled Cash

The Agency participates in the City's pool on a dollar equivalent and daily transaction basis. Investment income (which includes interest and unrealized gains and losses) is distributed monthly based on a monthly average balance. All such cash is reflected as equity in pooled cash on the Agency's governmental fund balance sheet and statement of net position.

E. Restricted Cash Equivalents

Unspent proceeds from the Tax Increment Revenue Notes, Tax-exempt Series 2018A and Taxable Series 2018B are considered restricted because their use is limited by the applicable bond indenture, and currently consists of money market funds that have an original maturity of three months or less from the date of purchase.

(A Component Unit of the City of Miami, Florida)

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

September 30, 2022

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

F. Lease Receivable

The Agency's lease receivable is measured at the present value of lease payments expected to be received during the lease term. A deferred inflow of resources is recorded for the lease. The deferred inflow of resources is recorded at the initiation of the lease in an amount equal to the initial recording of the lease receivable. The deferred inflow of resources is amortized on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

G. Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the Agency as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation, unless donated by a related entity (e.g. the City). Capital assets donated by a related entity are recorded at the net book value of the related entity at the time of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Capital assets of the Agency are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

| Assets | <u>Y ears</u> |
|-------------------------|---------------|
| Furniture and equipment | 5 |
| Infrastructure | 5-35 |

H. Deferred Inflows of Resources

The statement of financial position reports a separate section of deferred inflows of resources which represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and is not recognized an inflow of resources or revenue until that time. The Agency has one type of resource, which occurs under a modified accrual basis of accounting in this category, leases, reported in the governmental fund balance sheet. The Special Revenue fund reports unavailable revenue from leases. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of revenue in the period that the amounts become available.

I. Fund Balance / Net Position

Fund balance

GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, establishes criteria for classifying fund balances into specifically defined classifications and clarifies definitions for governmental fund types. Fund balances for governmental funds are reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent, as follows:

- Non spendable fund balance amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted fund balance amounts that are restricted to specific purposes when constraints placed on the use of resources are either by (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislations.

(A Component Unit of the City of Miami, Florida)

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

September 30, 2022

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

I. Fund Balance / Net Position (continued)

- Committed fund balance amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority.
- Assigned fund balance amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed.
- Unassigned fund balance amounts that have not been assigned to other funds and that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purpose within the general fund.

When both restricted and unrestricted amounts are available for use, it is the Agency's practice to use restricted resources first. Additionally, the Agency would first use committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance.

Net position

The government-wide financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position can be categorized as net investment in capital assets, restricted, or unrestricted. The first category represents capital assets, less accumulated depreciation and net of any outstanding debt associated with the acquisition of capital assets. Restricted net position represents amounts that are restricted by requirement of debt indenture or enabling legislation. Unrestricted net position represents the net position of the Agency which are not restricted for any project or purpose.

J. Tax Increment Revenues

The Agency's primary source of revenue is tax increment funds. This revenue is computed by applying the operating tax rate for the City and the County, multiplied by the increased value of property located within the boundaries of the redevelopment areas of the Agency, over the base property value, minus 5%. Both the City and the County are required to fund this amount annually without regard to tax collections or other obligations.

On June 24, 1996, the City and County entered into an Interlocal Cooperation Agreement with the Agency, whereby the Agency will receive over a three-year period, commencing on the date of the Agreement, a total of \$1.2 million of tax increment revenue contributed by the City and County. If within the three-year period the Agency receives more than \$1.2 million in tax increment revenue, the excess shall be remitted to the County for the Performing Arts Center Project. Thereafter, the Agency shall remit to the County tax increment funds received up to, but no more than \$1.43 million per year. The obligation to pay the \$1.43 million each year shall cease at such time that the County has no Performing Arts Center construction bonds outstanding.

On December 31, 2007, the City and County entered into an Interlocal Agreement with the Agency (the "Global Agreement"), whereby in addition to the \$1.43 million per year described above for the Performing Arts Center project, the Agency shall remit on March 31, 2010 and every March 31st thereafter ending on March 31, 2012 an amount equal to 35% of the amount by which the increment revenue exceeds \$1.43 million, and on March 31, 2013 and every March 31st thereafter until March 31, 2027, including any additional time extensions beyond March 31, 2027, an amount equal to the greater of \$1.43 million or 35% of the increment revenue, provided that the mounts remitted by the Agency do not exceed \$25 million in any fiscal year. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, the Agency remitted a total of \$10,910,982 to the County.

(A Component Unit of the City of Miami, Florida)

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

September 30, 2022

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

J. Tax Increment Revenues (continued)

On August 6, 2007, the City, County and The Children's Trust (the Trust) entered into an Interlocal Agreement with the Agency, whereby the Agency would receive from the Trust, on an annual basis, tax increment revenues derived from the imposition of a half-mil tax levied by the Trust against real property located within the redevelopment district (referred to as Trust revenues). The Agency agreed to use the Trust revenues for debt service on, and other obligations relating to, existing debts of the Agency only after all other available tax increment revenues have been exhausted for such purpose, and to remit to the Trust on the last day of the Agency's fiscal year, all of the Trust revenues that are not needed for debt service on, or other obligations relating to, existing debts of the Agency. For the fiscal year September 30, 2022, the Agency remitted a total \$1,277,066 to the Trust.

K. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Although these estimates are based on management's knowledge of current events and actions it may undertake in the future, they may ultimately differ from actual results.

2. Cash and Restricted Cash Equivalents

At September 30, 2022, the Agency's cash and restricted cash equivalents consist of the following:

Cash:

Pooled cash \$ 36,074,091

Restricted cash equivalents:

Money market funds \$ 12,368,801

Custodial Credit Risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Agency's deposits may not be returned to it. In addition to insurance provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), deposits are held in banking institutions approved by the State of Florida, State Treasurer to hold public funds. Under the Florida Statutes Chapter 280, "Florida Security for Public Deposits Act", the State Treasurer requires all qualified public depositories to deposit with the Treasurer or another banking institution eligible collateral. In the event of a failure of a qualified public depository, the remaining public depositories would be responsible for covering any resulting losses.

3. Lease Receivable

In January 2014, the Agency, entered into a lease agreement with a company for certain restaurant facilities, which was amended in January 2022. Under the amended lease agreement, the company pays the Agency \$14,400 per month, with an 8.5% increase every two years, for a total of 105 months. The lease receivable is measured as the present value of the future minimum rent payments expected to be received during the lease term at a discount rate of 6%, which is the Agency's incremental borrowing rate

In fiscal year 2022, the Agency recognized \$114,604 of lease revenue and \$58,762 of interest revenue under the lease agreement.

(A Component Unit of the City of Miami, Florida)

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

September 30, 2022

3. Lease Receivable (continued)

As of September 30, 2022, future minimum lease payments to be received on the lease are as follows:

| Fiscal Year(s) | Principal | Interest | Total |
|----------------|-----------------|----------|-----------|
| 2023 | \$ 99,535 | 73,265 | 172,800 |
| 2024 | 116,913 | 66,903 | 183,816 |
| 2025 | 127,984 | 59,504 | 187,488 |
| 2026 | 148,072 | 51,368 | 199,440 |
| 2027 | 161,393 | 42,032 | 203,425 |
| 2028-2030 | 612,311 | 59,583 | 671,894 |
| | \$ 1,266,208 | 352,655 | 1,618,863 |

4. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022 was as follows:

| | | Balance 9/30/2021 | Transfers / Additions | Transfers / Deletions | Balance 9/30/2022 |
|--|----|-------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|
| Capital assets, not being depreciated: | • | 11,447,103 | Additions | Detetions | 11,447,103 |
| Land | Φ_ | 11,447,103 | | | 11,447,103 |
| Capital assets, being depreciated: | | | | | |
| Infrastructure | | 18,053,865 | - | - | 18,053,865 |
| Furniture and equipment | | 22,407 | - | - | 22,407 |
| Total capital assets, being depreciated | | 18,076,272 | - | - | 18,076,272 |
| Less accumulated depreciation for: | | | | | |
| Infrastructure | | 2,904,061 | 490,771 | - | 3,394,832 |
| Furniture and equipment | _ | 21,730 | 677 | = | 22,407 |
| Total accumulated depreciation | _ | 2,925,791 | 491,448 | - | 3,417,239 |
| Total capital assets, being depreciated, net | _ | 15,150,481 | (491,448) | = | 14,659,033 |
| Total capital assets (net of accumulated | | | | | |
| depreciation) | \$ | 26,597,584 | (491,448) | = | 26,106,136 |

During fiscal year 2022, depreciation expense in the amount of \$491,448 was charged to Community Redevelopment.

5. Long-Term Obligations

The changes in the long-term obligations for the year ended September 30, 2022 are as follows:

| | | Balance 9/30/2021 | Additions | Deletions | Balance 9/30/2022 | Amount due within one year |
|-----------------------------|-----|-------------------|-----------|-------------|-------------------|----------------------------|
| Tax Increment Revenue Note, | | | | | | |
| Tax-Exempt Series 2018A | | 7,275,000 | - | (810,000) | 6,465,000 | 835,000 |
| Tax Increment Revenue Note, | | | | | | |
| Taxable Series 2018B | _ | 11,665,000 | _ | (1,245,000) | 10,420,000 | 1,305,000 |
| Total notes payable | _ | 18,940,000 | - | (2,055,000) | 16,885,000 | 2,140,000 |
| Compensated absences | _ | 358,059 | | (149,602) | 208,457 | |
| Total long-term obligations | \$_ | 19,298,059 | - | (2,204,602 | 17,093,457 | 2,140,000 |

(A Component Unit of the City of Miami, Florida)

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

September 30, 2022

5. Long-Term Obligations (continued)

Notes Payable

At September 30, 2022, a description of each revenue note payable is as follows:

On March 6, 2018, the Agency issued Tax Increment Revenue Note, Tax-exempt Series 2018A, in the aggregate principal amount of \$10,000,000, maturing through September 1, 2029, at an interest rate of 3.25% payable semi-annually on March 1 and September 1. The note is secured by a pledge of tax increment revenue amounts received for the Omni Community Redevelopment area. Pledged revenues on the note includes all tax increment funds accruing within the redevelopment area, after amounts deducted for any payments of the Interlocal Agreement obligations and to payment on a parity therewith of other outstanding authorized notes. The proceeds of the note are to be used to finance a portion of the 2009 amended Omni Area Community Redevelopment Plan, including support of affordable housing, acquisition of real estate and other capital projects (the "2017 Project").

\$ 6,465,000

Amount

On July 13, 2018, the Agency issued Tax Increment Revenue Note, Taxable Series 2018B, in the aggregate principal amount of \$15,000,000, maturing through September 1, 2029, at an interest rate of 4.49% payable semi-annually on March 1 and September 1. The note is secured by a pledge of tax increment revenue amounts received for the Omni Community Redevelopment area. Pledged revenues on the note includes all tax increment funds accruing within the redevelopment area, after amounts deducted for any payments of the Interlocal Agreement obligations and to payment on a parity of the 2018A Note. The proceeds of the note are to be used to finance a portion of the 2009 amended Omni Area Community Redevelopment Plan, including support of affordable housing, acquisition of real estate and other capital projects (the "2017 Project").

10,420,000

Total notes payable

\$ 16,885,000

Debt service requirements of notes payable outstanding as of September 30, 2022, are as follows:

| Fiscal Year(s) | | Principal | Interest | Total |
|----------------|----|------------|-----------|------------|
| 2023 | \$ | 2,140,000 | 677,970 | 2,817,970 |
| 2024 | | 2,225,000 | 592,239 | 2,817,239 |
| 2025 | | 2,310,000 | 503,062 | 2,813,062 |
| 2026 | | 2,405,000 | 410,441 | 2,815,441 |
| 2027 | | 2,500,000 | 313,865 | 2,813,865 |
| 2028-2029 | _ | 5,305,000 | 321,263 | 5,626,263 |
| | \$ | 16,885,000 | 2,818,840 | 19,703,840 |

6. Fund Balances

At September 30, 2022, the Agency reported the following governmental fund balances:

- Non spendable fund balance portion of fund balance that is not an available resource because it
 represents the fiscal year-end balance of the lease receivable in excess of the deferred inflow of
 resources for the lease receivable, which is not a spendable resource.
- Restricted fund balance these amounts are restricted to specific purposes stipulated by the Tax Increment Revenue Notes, Tax-exempt Series 2018A and Taxable Series 2018B.

(A Component Unit of the City of Miami, Florida)

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

September 30, 2022

6. Fund Balances (continued)

 Committed fund balance - these amounts can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by the Board of the Agency. The items cannot be removed unless the Board removes it in the same manner it was implemented.

Below is a table of fund balance categories and classifications, by fund, at September 30, 2022:

| | | Special Revenue | Redevelopment Projects | Debt Service |
|---------------------------------------|----|--------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|
| Non spendable: | | · | | |
| Lease receivable | \$ | 43,766 | - | - |
| Spendable: | | | | |
| Restricted for redevelopment projects | | - | 9,842,706 | - |
| Restricted for debt service | | - | = | 2,521,095 |
| Committed to community redevelopment | _ | 35,109,046 | <u> </u> | |
| Total | \$ | 35,152,812 | 10,831,185 | 2,523,595 |

7. 401(a) Deferred Compensation Plan

All employees, including executives and general employees, of the Agency are eligible, after one year of service, to join the ICMA Retirement Trust 401(a) Deferred Compensation Plan (the Plan). The Plan agreement requires the Agency to contribute 8% of each executive employee's earnable compensation, and 5% of each general employee's earnable compensation. Contributions by executive and general employees are not required. Participants may withdraw funds at retirement or upon separation based on a variety of payout options. The following information relates to the Agency's participation in the 401(a) Deferred Compensation Plan:

| | _ | Executives | General |
|---------------------------------------|----|------------|---------|
| Current year's payroll | \$ | 698,000 | 334,500 |
| Current year's employer contributions | \$ | 44.616 | 10.374 |

8. Risk Management

The Agency is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft or damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Agency purchases commercial insurance for the risks of loss to which it is exposed. Policy limits and deductibles are reviewed by management and established at amounts to provide reasonable protection from significant financial loss. There were no losses or claims incurred during the current fiscal year, and there were no settlements that exceeded insurance coverage during the past three fiscal years.

9. Commitment and Contingencies

(a) In accordance with an Economic Incentive Agreement entered into between the Agency and MNR Max Miami, LLC (the "Developer"), upon completion of the development of the MAX Miami mixed-use project (the "Project"), the Agency agreed to reimburse the Developer for the actual tax increment generated by the Project, with a maximum payout of \$812,500 up to and through the year 2030 for a total amount not to exceed \$9,000,000.

(A Component Unit of the City of Miami, Florida)

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

September 30, 2022

9. Commitment and Contingencies (continued)

- (b) In accordance with the Global Agreement entered into between the Agency, the County, and the City, the Agency is committed to provide an annual contribution of \$2,000,000 to Museum Park's capital expenditure fund, payable commencing on the date of substantial completion of the park component of the project through 2030. During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, the Agency made the annual contribution of \$3,000,000.
- (c) Also as part of the Global Agreement, the Agency agreed to fund the City's portion of the Port Tunnel project upon substantial completion. On October 25, 2012, the Agency's Board authorized the issuance of an annual grant to the City, in an amount equal to the total principal (up to \$50 million) and interest on the debt issued by the City to fund its portion of the Port Tunnel project, and further authorized the Executive Director to execute a Port Tunnel Interlocal and Grant Agreement with the City. Payments on the grant started in fiscal year 2013 and will continue through fiscal year 2030, and are pledged by tax increment funds. During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, payments made on the grant to the City totaled \$4,086,000.
- (d) On October 30, 2019, the Board passed a resolution authorizing the Agency to rebate to a grantee the tax increment finance ("TIF") revenues generated only from the development by the grantee of the 17th Street Apartment Project in an amount not to exceed 95% of the TIF collected from the project annually or \$420,000 annually, whichever is less, per year until 2030, or until 2047 if the life of the Agency is extended to 2047, for a total amount not to exceed \$8,471,238, with payment to commence upon substantial completion of the project. As of September 30, 2022, the project was not substantially complete.
- (e) On September 24, 2020, the Board passed a resolution authorizing the Agency to rebate to a grantee the TIF revenues generated by the development of the grantee's project in an amount not to exceed 95% of the TIF collected from the project annually until 2030, or until 2047 if the life of the Agency is extended to 2047, for a total amount not to exceed \$12,935,675, with payment to commence upon substantial completion of the project. Additionally, on the same date, an award in the amount of \$1,100,000 was approved for a mixed-use development project. As of September 30, 2022, the project was not substantially complete and \$1,100,000 was disbursed to the developer accordingly.
- (f) On September 24, 2020, the Board passed a resolution approving a project grant in the amount of \$9,900,000 with a developer, derived from the Series 2018B Loan and the Agency's fiscal year 2020/2021 mandatory affordable housing budget subject to a reverter. As of September 30, 2020, the grant had not yet been paid to the developer.
- (g) On October 28, 2021, the Board passed a resolution approving a project grant in the amount of \$15,000,000 with a developer to develop a mixed-use development project (the 14th Street Apartment Project). The project funding is subject to availability of funds and subject to the Agency being able to successfully secure funding for the project.
- (h) On October 28, 2021, the Board passed a resolution authorizing the Agency to rebate to a grantee the tax increment finance ("TIF") revenues generated only from the development by the grantee of the 14th Street Apartment Project in an amount not to exceed 95% of the TIF collected from the project annually or \$816,731 annually, whichever is less, per year until 2047 if the life of the Agency is extended to 2047, for a total amount not to exceed \$13,600,000, with payment to commence upon substantial completion of the project and project receiving a certificate of occupancy, subject to the rents being restricted until 2047. As of September 30, 2022, the project was not substantially complete.

(A Component Unit of the City of Miami, Florida)

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

September 30, 2022

9. Commitment and Contingencies (continued)

- (i) On September 13, 2021, the Board passed a resolution approving funds for an emergency shoring of the Citizens Bank Building located at 1367 North Miami Avenue in the amount of \$5,800,000. As of September 30, 2022, this project is underway and expected to be completed by April 2023.
- (j) On June 9, 2022, the Board passed resolutions authorizing the Agency to rebate, to K-P 1900 Biscayne JV, LLC and K-P 2000 Biscayne JV, LLC, revenues generated only from the development in an amount not to exceed 95% of the TIF collected from the project annually until 2030, or until 2047 if the life of the Agency is extended to 2047.
- (k) On October 27, 2021, the Board passed a resolution authorizing the Agency to award a grant in an amount not to exceed \$1.3M to CAPROCK 123, LLC in the form of a forgivable loan with a term of 30 years with two (2) 10-year extensions, subject to a covenant being recorded on the Property.

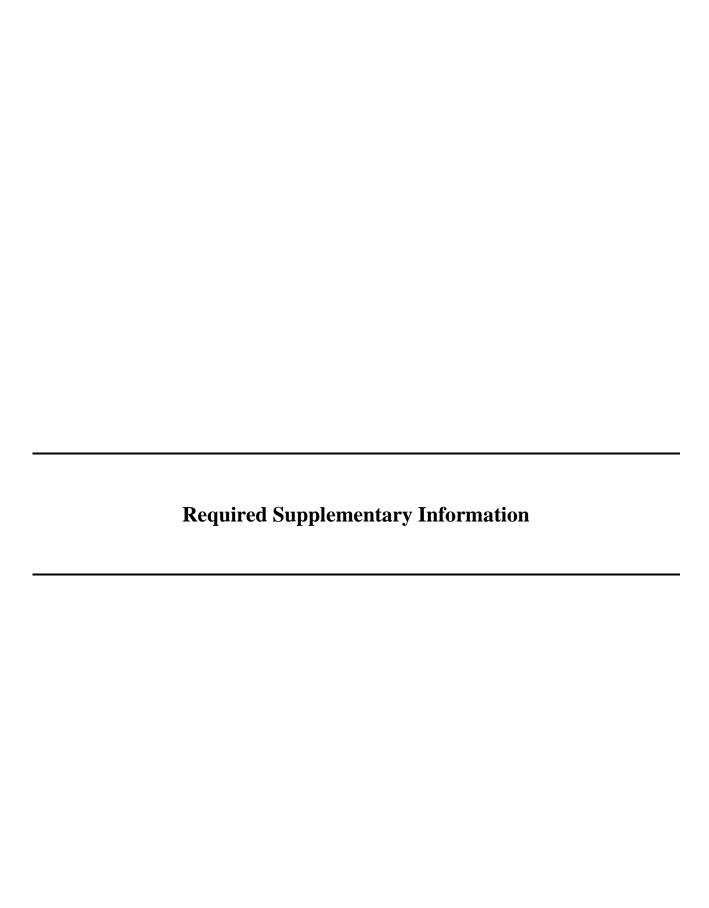
10. New Pronouncements Issued

The following pronouncements were recently issued, but were not yet effective for the Agency's fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. Management will evaluate the effect that the pronouncements will have on its financial statements:

- GASB Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations
- GASB Statement No. 94, Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements
- GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements
- GASB Statement No. 99, Omnibus 2022
- GASB Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62
- GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences

11. Subsequent events

The Agency evaluated subsequent events through January 19, 2023, the date the financial statements were available to be issued, and does not believe that there are any such events or transactions that require disclosure.



(A Component Unit of the City of Miami, Florida)

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Special Revenue Fund

(Required Supplementary Information - Unaudited)

Year ended September 30, 2022

| | Budgeted | amounts | | Variance with final budget - positive |
|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------------------------------|
| | Original | Final | Actual | (negative) |
| Revenues: | | | | |
| Tax increment | \$ 31,898,092 | \$ 31,898,092 | 32,024,597 | 126,505 |
| Intergovernmental | 114,723 | 114,723 | 114,723 | - |
| Lease | 100,000 | 100,000 | 341,937 | 241,937 |
| Investment income | - | - | (96,126) | (96,126) |
| Other | | | 58,762 | 58,762 |
| Total revenues | 32,112,815 | 32,112,815 | 32,443,893 | 331,078 |
| Expenditures: Current: | | | | |
| General government | 1,553,420 | 1,553,420 | 1,472,724 | 80,696 |
| Community redevelopment | 40,334,374 | 40,334,374 | 15,743,315 | 24,591,059 |
| Total expenditures | 41,887,794 | 41,887,794 | 17,216,039 | 24,671,755 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures | (9,774,979) | (9,774,979) | 15,227,854 | 25,002,833 |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | | |
| Transfers out | (2,815,196) | (2,815,196) | (2,815,196) | - |
| Net carryover fund balance | 12,590,175 | 12,590,175 | | (12,590,175) |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | 9,774,979 | 9,774,979 | (2,815,196) | (12,590,175) |
| Net change in fund balance | \$ - | | 12,412,658 | 12,412,658 |
| Fund balances - beginning | | | 22,740,154 | |
| Fund balances - ending | | | \$ 35,152,812 | |

(A Component Unit of the City of Miami, Florida)

Note to Required Supplementary Information

September 30, 2022

1. Budgetary Policy

The Agency adopts an annual budget for the operations of the Special Revenue Fund. In accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, budgetary comparison information is disclosed for the Special Revenue Fund.

The budget is adopted on a basis consistent with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Budgetary control is maintained at the fund level.





Sanson, Kline, Jacomino & Tandoc, LLP 5805 Blue Lagoon Drive | Suite 145 | Miami, FL 33126 Tel: (305) 269-8633 | Fax: (305) 265-0652 | www.skjtllp.com

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

The Board of Directors City of Miami Omni Community Redevelopment Agency:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of the City of Miami Omni Community Redevelopment Agency (the Agency) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Agency's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 19, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Agency's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses and significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Agency's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Sanson Kline Jacomino & Tandoc, LLP

Miami, Florida January 19, 2023



Sanson, Kline, Jacomino & Tandoc, LLP 5805 Blue Lagoon Drive | Suite 145 | Miami, FL 33126 Tel: (305) 269-8633 | Fax: (305) 265-0652 | www.skjtllp.com

Management Letter in Accordance with the Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida

The Board of Directors City of Miami Omni Community Redevelopment Agency:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the City of Miami Omni Community Redevelopment Agency (the Agency), a Component Unit of the City of Miami, Florida, as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, and have issued our report dated January 19, 2023.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Florida Auditor General.

Other Report Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Reports on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. Disclosures in that reports, which is dated January 19, 2023, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. Corrective action has been taken to address the finding and recommendation that was reported in the preceding annual financial audit report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. Such disclosures are made in note 1 to the Agency's financial statements.

Financial Condition and Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we report the results of our determination as to whether or not the Agency has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identification of the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the Agency did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.c. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures as of September 30, 2022. It is management's responsibility to monitor the Agency's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Specific Information

As required by Section 218.39(3)(a), Florida Statutes, and Section 10.554(1)(i)6, Rules of the Auditor General, the Agency reported:

- a. A total of 11 employees compensated in the last pay period of the Agency's fiscal year.
- b. A total of 2 independent contractors to whom nonemployee compensation was paid in the last month of the Agency's fiscal year.
- c. Compensation earned by or awarded to employees, whether paid or accrued, regardless of contingency totaled \$895,527 for the fiscal year.
- d. Compensation earned by or awarded to nonemployee independent contractors, whether paid or accrued, regardless of contingency totaled \$55,200 for the fiscal year.
- e. The following is a list of construction projects with a total cost of at least \$65,000 approved by the Agency that is scheduled to begin on or after October 1 of the fiscal year being reported:

| Project Name | Project Expenditures for FYE 9/30/2022 |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Historic Citizens Bank Building | \$ 3,528,942 |

f. A budget variance based on the budget adopted under Section 189.016(4), Florida Statutes, before the beginning of the fiscal year being reported if the Agency amends a final adopted budget under Section 189.016(6), Florida Statutes – is not applicable, as the Agency did not amend a final adopted budget under Section 189.016(6), Florida Statutes.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Florida Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, and the Board of Directors and management of the Agency, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Sanson Kline Jacomino & Tandoc, LLP

Miami, Florida January 19, 2023



Sanson, Kline, Jacomino & Tandoc, LLP 5805 Blue Lagoon Drive | Suite 145 | Miami, FL 33126 Tel: (305) 269-8633 | Fax: (305) 265-0652 | www.skjtllp.com

Independent Accountant's Report on Compliance with Sections 163.387(6) and (7), Florida Statutes

The Board of Directors City of Miami Omni Community Redevelopment Agency:

We have examined the City of Miami Omni Community Redevelopment Agency (the Agency), a Component Unit of the City of Miami, Florida compliance with Sections 163.387(6) and (7), Florida Statutes regarding the redevelopment trust fund during the year ended September 30, 2022. Management is responsible for the Agency's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Agency's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Agency's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Agency's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Agency complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2022.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Florida Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, and the Board of Directors and management of the Agency, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Sanson Kline Jacomino & Tandoc, LLP

Miami, Florida January 19, 2023