PARKSIDE COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY

(A Blended Component Unit of Charlotte County, FL)

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

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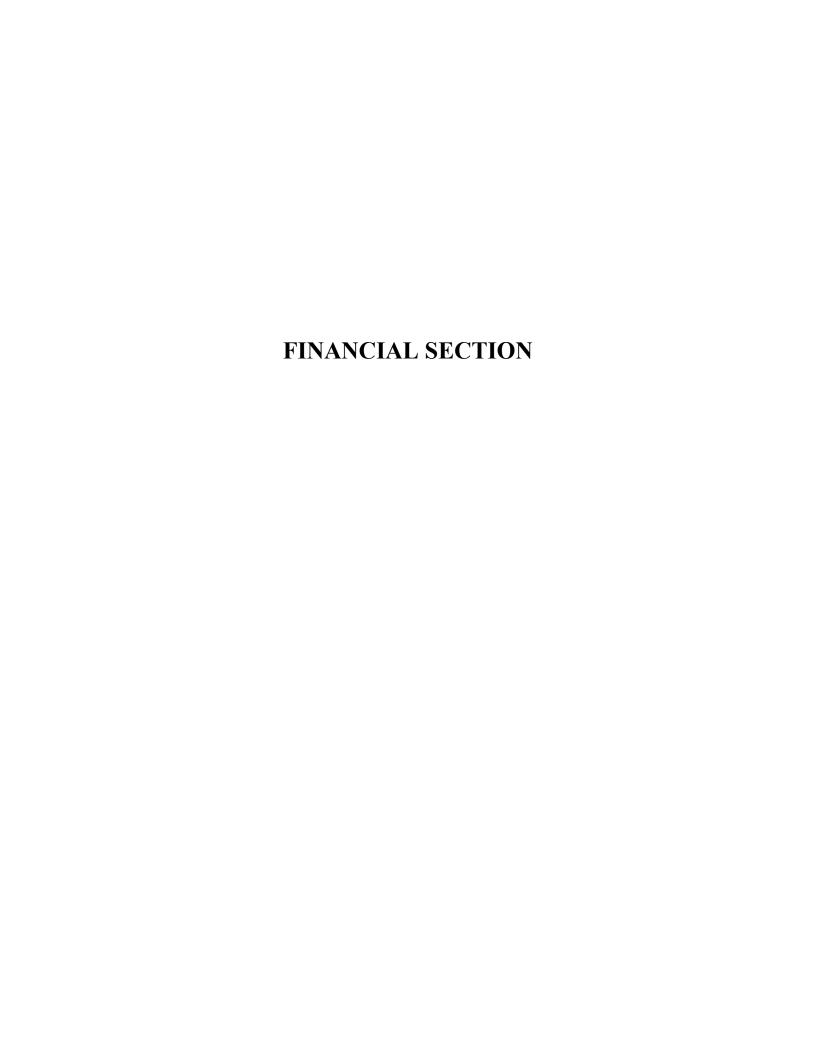
PREPARED BY:

ROGER D. EATON
CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT AND
COUNTY COMPTROLLER

SUSAN GERVAIS FINANCE DIRECTOR

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Report of Independent Auditor

To the Honorable Board of Parkside Community Redevelopment Agency Port Charlotte, Florida

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the General Fund of Parkside Community Redevelopment Agency (the "CRA"), a component unit of Charlotte County, Florida, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the CRA's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the General Fund of the CRA, as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of the CRA, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the CRA's ability to continue as a going concern for one year beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

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In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of
 the CRA's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the CRA's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the required supplementary information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 23, 2023, on our consideration of the CRA's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the CRA's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the CRA's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Cherry Beleaset LLP
Orlando, Florida
March 23, 2023

Parkside Community Redevelopment Agency Charlotte County, Florida

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The Parkside Redevelopment Agency (CRA) management's discussion and analysis offers readers of the CRA's financial statements a narrative overview and analysis of the financial activity for the year ended September 30, 2022. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that has been furnished in the financial statements and notes to the financial statements.

The CRA is a blended component unit of Charlotte County, Florida (County) and the financial information detailed in this report is also contained in the Charlotte County, Florida Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

At the close of business September 30, 2022, the CRA's net position was \$2.8 million (assets exceeded liabilities). All of this amount is net investment in capital assets or is unrestricted funds that will be used for revitalization projects located within the boundaries of the CRA.

The net position of the CRA increased by \$198 thousand, compared to the previous year.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management's discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the CRA's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements consist of entity-wide financial statements, fund financial statements and also include notes to the financial statements that provide more detail regarding information in the financial statement.

REQUIRED BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The entity-wide financial statements report information about the CRA in a manner similar to a private-sector business, and are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the CRA's finances. The statement of net position presents information on all of the CRA's assets and liabilities, and provides information about the nature and amounts of investments in resources (assets) and obligations (liabilities).

The statement of activities presents information showing the CRA's current year revenues and expenses. The difference between revenues and expenses is reported as the change in net position during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, expenses are reported in this statement for some items where the related cash outflow will occur in future fiscal periods.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The statement of net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a CRA's financial position. The balance of net position, or the difference between assets and liabilities, is one indicator which can be used to determine if the CRA's financial position is improving or deteriorating. At September 30, 2022, the CRA's assets exceed liabilities by \$2.8 million, representing an increase in total net position for the year amounting to \$198 thousand.

The table below presents a summary of the CRA's statement of net position over the last two fiscal years:

Parkside Community Redevelopment Agency Summary of Net Position September 30, 2022 and 2021

	2022	2021
Current Assets	\$ 563,283	\$ 1,012,043
Capital Assets	7,899,796	8,079,634
Total Assets	8,463,079	9,091,677
Short-term liabilities	1,029,462	1,034,057
Long-term liabilities	4,589,869	5,411,875
Total Liabilities	5,619,331	6,445,932
Net Position		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	2,971,412	3,679,802
Unrestricted	(127,664)	(1,034,057)
Total Net Position	\$ 2,843,748	\$ 2,645,745

Current assets are comprised of cash and cash equivalents.

The changes in net position displayed below shows the activities during the previous two fiscal years. The change in net position for each year represents the extent to which revenues exceeded expenses during the year.

Parkside Community Redevelopment Agency Summary of Revenues and Expenses Year Ended September 30, 2022 and 2021

	2022	2021
General revenues		
Taxes	\$ 846,758	\$ 811,626
Total revenues	846,758	811,626
Program expenses		
Contract/professional services	-	2,598
Purchased services	175	175
Depreciation expense	648,580	642,781
Total program expenses	648,755	645,554
Change in net position	198,003	166,072
Net position, October 1	2,645,745	2,479,673
Net position, September 30	\$ 2,843,748	\$ 2,645,745

The CRA is financed through a portion of the countywide millage assessed on the taxable value of the property located within the boundaries of the CRA. As the taxable value increased during the year ended September 30, 2022, the portion allocated to the CRA also increased by \$ 35 thousand when compared to 2021. There was a slight increase in expenses of \$5.8 thousand for depreciation off set by a \$2.6 thousand decrease in professional services.

CAPITAL ASSETS

The CRA's investment in capital assets as of September 30, 2022 was \$7.9 million (net of accumulated depreciation). The investment in capital assets includes land, improvements other than buildings and infrastructure. Overall the CRA's capital assets decreased approximately 2% for the current fiscal year compared to the prior year. The construction project for a Multi-Use Path within the CRA was completed this year for an increase of \$468.7 thousand; offset by increase in depreciation of \$648.6 thousand; resulting in net decrease in capital assets of \$179.9 thousand. The enhancements are consistent with the Parkside Master Trails and Greenways Plan. The CRA's capital assets are geared toward achieving their redevelopment goals by enhancing the community.

Parkside Community Redevelopment Agency Capital Assets September 30, 2022 and 2021

	2022		 2021	
Capital assets not depreciated:			 _	
Land	\$	64,687	\$ 64,687	
Construction in progress		-	1,618,838	
Total assets not depreciated		64,687	1,683,525	
Capital assets depreciated:				
Infrastructure		2,186,190	2,186,190	
Improvements other than buildings		7,786,658	5,699,078	
		9,972,848	7,885,268	
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Infrastructure		374,724	301,851	
Improvements other than buildings		1,763,015	1,187,308	
		2,137,739	1,489,159	
Total depreciable capital assets, net		7,835,109	6,396,109	
Total capital assets	\$	7,899,796	\$ 8,079,634	

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS

As noted above, the CRA is primarily financed through a portion of the countywide millage assessed. For the next fiscal year, the taxable value of property located within the boundaries of the CRA has increased approximately 13.1%, which will result in an increase in the net incremental revenue allocated to the CRA in Fiscal Year 2022.

The current approved redevelopment plan is focused on the Citizens Master Plan adopted in 2011. The public purpose statement for this CRA: Parkside is a community that celebrates and promotes active, healthy living throughout all of life's stages. It is a place that promotes a sense of community and celebration. It is a great destination; a great place to live, work and play. The following objectives will help to make this vision real. The district is to be:

- Safe and Attractive
- Known for Great Public Spaces
- Livable and Walkable
- An Identifiable Destination
- Urban in Character
- Fostering Community
- Supporting Sustainable Economic Growth

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the CRA's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information, contact the Comptroller Division, Charlotte County Clerk of the Circuit Court, 18500 Murdock Circle, Port Charlotte, Florida 33948.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

PARKSIDE COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

ASSETS	Governmental Activities
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 563,283
Capital Assets	
Land	64,687
Improvements other than buildings	7,786,658
Infrastructure	2,186,190
Less accumulated depreciation	(2,137,739)
Total capital assets	7,899,796
Total assets	8,463,079
LIABILITIES	
Contracts payable	127,664
Advances from Charlotte County, short-term	901,798
Advances from Charlotte County, long-term	4,589,869
Total liabilities	5,619,331
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	2,971,412
Unrestricted	(127,664)
Total net position	\$ 2,843,748

PARKSIDE COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities	
Program expenses		
Purchased services	\$	175
Depreciation		648,580
Total program expenses		648,755
General revenues Taxes Total general revenues		846,758 846,758
Change in net position		198,003
Net position - beginning		2,645,745
Net position - ending	\$	2,843,748

PARKSIDE COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY BALANCE SHEET - GENERAL FUND September 30, 2022

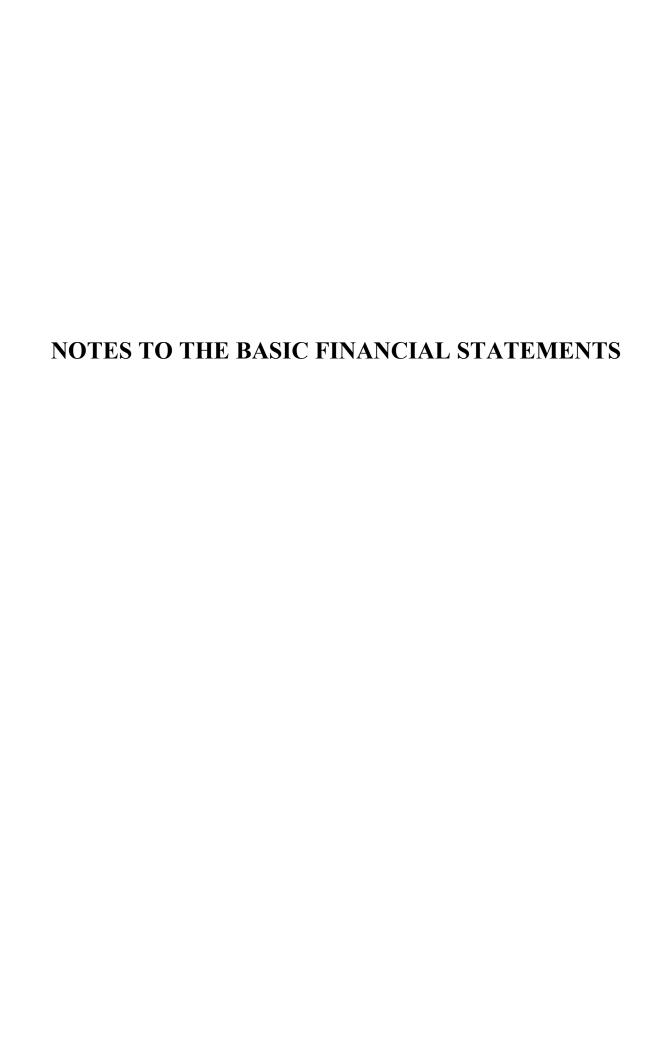
Assets

Cash and cash equivalents	\$	563,283
Total assets	\$ \$	563,283
Liabilities and Fund Balance		
Liabilities		
Contracts payable	\$	127,664
Total liabilities		127,664
Fund Balance		
Restricted		435,619
Total fund balance		435,619
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	563,283
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position - General Fund		
Amounts reported in the statement of net position differ from amounts reported above as follows:		
Fund balance - General Fund	\$	435,619
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial		
resources and therefore are not reported above		7,899,796
Certain liabilities are not due and payable in the current period		
and therefore are not reported above		(5,491,667)
Net position of governmental activities	\$	2,843,748

PARKSIDE COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GENERAL FUND

Year Ended September 30, 2022

Taxes \$ 846,7 Total revenues 846,7 Expenditures: Current Purchased services 1 Conveyance to Charlotte County 846,7 Capital outlay 468,7 Total expenditures 1,315,6 Change in fund balance (468,9)	75 75 75 758 742 675
Expenditures: Current Purchased services Conveyance to Charlotte County Capital outlay Total expenditures Expenditures: 1 468,7 1,315,6	75 758 742 375
Current Purchased services Conveyance to Charlotte County Capital outlay Total expenditures 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	758 742 675
Conveyance to Charlotte County 846,7 Capital outlay 468,7 Total expenditures 1,315,6	758 742 675
Capital outlay 468,7 Total expenditures 1,315,6	742 675
Total expenditures 1,315,6	375
Change in fund balance (468,9	17)
Fund balance, October 1, 2021 904,5	36
Fund balance, September 30, 2022 \$ 435,6	19
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of the General Fund to the Statement of Activities Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Net change in fund balance - General Fund \$ (468,9)	17)
Capital outlay, reported as expenditures in governmental fund, is shown as capital assets in the Statement of Net Position 468,7	'42
Depreciation expense on governmental capital assets included in the Statement of Activities (648,5	80)
Certain liability payments are presented as expenditures in governmental funds but not in governmental activities 846,7	'58
Change in net position of government activities \$ 198,0	



Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The following is a summary of the significant accounting principles and policies:

(a) Defining the Governmental Reporting Entity

Parkside Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA) is a blended component unit of Charlotte County, Florida (County) and was established by County Ordinance 2010-054 and Resolution 2011-259, pursuant to Chapter 163. Part III of the Florida Statutes. The purpose of this special district is to direct redevelopment in the Parkside area of the County. Blended component units are legally separate entities that are in substance part of the County's operations, as they either have governing bodies that are substantially the same as the Charlotte County Board of County Commissioners (Board) or there is a financial benefit or burden relationship between the Board and the blended component unit, or they provide their services exclusively or almost exclusively to the County. The governing body of the CRA is the Board, which provides substantial funding of operations and adopts the budget for the CRA.

Effective for the fiscal year 2020, the State of Florida Legislature enacted Chapter 2019-163 Laws of Florida, which amended section 163.387(8), Florida Statutes, to require a CRA that has revenues or a total of expenditures and expenses in excess of \$100,000, to have performed a separate audit. In accordance with Florida Auditor General Rule 10.557(3), the CRA audit report must include basic financial statements, notes to the financial statements and management's discussion and analysis and other required supplementary information.

The accompanying basic financial statements present the financial position and results of operations of the Parkside Community Redevelopment Agency.

(b) Basic Financial Statements

The basic financial statements consist of the government-wide financial statements and fund financial statements. The government-wide financial statements include a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities. The Statement of Net Position reports all financial and capital resources of CRA activities. It is presented in a net position format (assets less liabilities equal net position) and shown with three components: net investment in capital assets; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position. The Statement of Activities reports functional categories of programs provided by the CRA and demonstrates how, and to what degree, those programs are supported by program revenue.

The CRA reports the following Major Governmental Fund:

The General Fund is the CRA's primary operating fund. It accounts for the operations of the Parkside CRA.

(c) Fund Accounting

The accounts of the CRA operations are organized on the basis of a fund. The operations of the fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures, or expenses, as appropriate. Resources are allocated to, and accounted for, based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Polices (continued)

(d) Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The budget is adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, from the perspective of inclusion as a blended component unit in the County's financial statements. Because advances from the County are included as a blended component unit, conveyances to the County are not budgeted. Estimated beginning fund balances are considered in the budgetary process, but are not included in the basic financial statements as budgeted revenue.

(e) Measurement Focus

Parkside Community Redevelopment Agency complies with accounting principles generally accepted (GAAP) in the United States. GAAP includes all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements, and other accounting and financial reporting literature codified by the GASB.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. With the economic resources measurement focus, all assets and liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the Statement of Net Position. Government-wide financial statements show increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net position. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows.

(f) Basis of Accounting

Governmental fund financial statements are presented using the current financial resources and modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds show increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual, that is, when they become both measurable and available to pay liabilities of the current period. The CRA considers all revenues available if they are collected within sixty (60) days after year end, with the exception of insurance and grant proceeds, for which the period is six months. Primary revenues, such as taxes, are treated as susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized.

(g) Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded as a reservation of fund balance, is employed as an extension of the statutorily required budgetary process under Florida Statutes. Appropriations, even if encumbered, lapse at fiscal year-end. It is the CRA's intention to substantially honor these lapsed appropriations under authority provided in the subsequent year's budget.

(h) Cash and Cash Equivalents

All funds of the CRA are invested with the Board's cash and investment pool, which consists of the Board's cash and investments and that of the component unit redevelopment agencies. There are no restrictions on the CRA's ability to withdraw funds from the Board's pool, so all amounts

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Polices (continued)

are considered cash and cash equivalents. All cash equivalents are stated at fair value, based on the CRA's investment portion of the fair value of the Board's pooled investments. The Board's investment pool is not rated.

(i) Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements other than buildings, construction in progress, and infrastructure assets. Infrastructure assets are defined as public domain capital assets such as roads, bridges, curbs and gutters, streets and sidewalks, drainage systems, lighting systems, and similar assets that are immovable and of value only to the governmental unit. Capital assets are reported in the government-wide financial statements. The CRA has a threshold for capitalizing capital assets of \$5,000, except as it relates to capitalizing infrastructure, for which the threshold is \$100,000. Constructed or purchased assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated assets are recorded at the estimated acquisition value on the date of donation.

Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the related assets.

The ranges of the useful lives are as follows:

<u>Asset</u>	<u>Years</u>
Infrastructure	20-40
Improvements other than Buildings	10-45

(j) Net Position/Fund Balance Classification

The Governmental fund reports fund balance as either nonspendable or spendable. Spendable fund balances are further classified as restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned, based on the extent to which there are external or internal constraints on the spending of these fund balances.

Nonspendable fund balances include amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The CRA does not have any nonspendable fund balance.

Spendable Fund Balances:

Restricted Fund Balance: Amounts that are restricted to specific purposes, and are restricted through enabling legislation and are legally enforceable. The legislation that creates the revenue stream must also stipulate the purposes for which that revenue can be used.

Committed Fund Balance: Amounts that are committed for specific purposes by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority which, dependent on the nature of the matter, may be in the form of county ordinance, resolution, or agreement, in which are equally binding. These amounts are not subject to legal enforceability as in restricted; however, those amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government removes or changes the limitation by taking the same form of action it employed to previously impose the limitation.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Polices (continued)

Assigned Fund Balance: Amounts that are intended by the government to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent should be expressed by (a) the governing body itself, or (b) a subordinate high-level body or official possessing the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes.

Unassigned Fund Balance: Is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, limited, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

Government-wide statements utilize an economic resources measurement focus and categorize net position among the following components:

<u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> - indicates that portion of net position which represents the CRA's equity in capital assets, less the amount of related debt.

<u>Restricted Net Position</u> - indicates that portion of net position which is segregated due to external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Unrestricted Net Position</u> - indicates that portion of net position which is available for general operations.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted amounts are available, expenditures will be applied first to restricted fund balance and then to unrestricted fund balance.

(k) Use of Estimate

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, as applicable to governmental units, requires management to make use of estimates that affect the reported amounts in the financial statements. Actual results could differ from estimates.

Note 2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Deposits

All CRA depositories are banks or savings institutions designated by the State Treasurer as qualified public depositories. Chapter 280 of the Florida Statutes (Florida Security for Public Deposits Act) provides procedures for public deposits to insure deposits in banks and savings and loans are collateralized as public funds.

Financial institutions qualifying as public depositories shall deposit with the Treasurer eligible collateral having a fair value equal to or in excess of the average daily balance times the depository collateral – pledging the level required pursuant to Chapter 280 as computed and reported monthly or 25 percent of the average monthly balance, whichever is greater. The Public Deposit Security Trust Fund has a procedure to allocate and recover losses in the event of a default or insolvency. When public deposits are made in accordance with Chapter 280, no public depositor shall be liable for any loss thereof. Chapter 280 defines deposits as time deposit accounts, demand deposit accounts, and certificates of deposit. The bank balance of deposits insured by Federal Depository Insurance or pursuant to Chapter 280 of the Florida Statutes was \$180,358 as of September 30, 2022.

Cash Equivalents

The Parkside Community Redevelopment Agency is authorized to invest directly in the following, or through the Board's investment pool, which is authorized to invest in the following:

- (1) The Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund, the State Investment Pool administered by the State Board of Administration.
- (2) The Florida Local Government Investment Trust, administered by the Florida Association of Court Clerks and Comptrollers and the Florida Association of Counties.
- (3) Negotiable direct obligations of, or obligations of which the principal and interest are unconditionally guaranteed by, the United States Government.
- (4) The Florida Fixed Income Trust administered by Water Walker Investments.
- (5) Bonds, debentures, notes or other evidence of indebtedness issued or guaranteed by United States Government agencies, provided such obligations are backed by the full faith and credit of the United States Government.
- (6) Bonds, debentures, notes or other evidence of indebtedness, including collateralized mortgage obligations and structured notes, issued or guaranteed by United States Government agencies (Federal Instrumentalities) which are not full-faith and credit agencies.
- (7) Non-negotiable interest-bearing time certificates of deposit, money market accounts or savings accounts in banks/savings and loan associations organized under the laws of the United States, doing business and situated in the State, provided that any such deposits are secured by the Florida Security for Public Deposits Act, Chapter 280, Florida Statutes.
- (8) Repurchase agreements (for purchase and subsequent sale) for any of the investments authorized in numbers 3 and 5 above.

Note 2. Cash and Cash Equivalents (continued)

- (9) State and/or local government taxable and tax-exempt debt, General Obligation and/or Revenue Bonds rated at least "Aa" by Moody's and "AA" by Standard & Poor's for long-term debt, or rated at least MIG-2 by Moody's and SP2 by Standard & Poor's for short-term debt.
- (10) Mutual funds comprised of only those investment instruments as authorized in numbers 3, 5, and 8 above.

Note 3. Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the year ended September 30, 2022 are as follows:

		Balance					Balance
	C	October 1,				Se	eptember 30,
		2021		Additions	Deletions		2022
Capital assets not depreciated:			_				
Land	\$	64,687	\$	-	\$ -	\$	64,687
Construction in progress		1,618,838		-	1,618,838		-
Total assets not depreciated		1,683,525			 1,618,838		64,687
Capital assets depreciated:							
Infrastructure		2,186,190		-	-		2,186,190
Improvements other than buildings		5,699,078		2,087,580	-		7,786,658
		7,885,268		2,087,580	-		9,972,848
Less depreciation:							
Infrastructure		301,851		72,873	-		374,724
Improvements other than buildings		1,187,308		575,707	-		1,763,015
		1,489,159		648,580	-		2,137,739
Total depreciable capital assets, net		6,396,109		1,439,000	-		7,835,109
Total capital assets	\$	8,079,634	\$	1,439,000	\$ 1,618,838	\$	7,899,796

Note 4. Taxes

The CRA funding is determined each year and the funding amount is 95% of the difference between the amount of ad valorem taxes levied in the base year within the district boundaries and the amount of ad valorem taxes which is levied in the most recent assessment roll.

Note 5. Expenditures in Excess of Appropriations

For the year ended September 30, 2022, there were no expenditures in excess of appropriations, at the legal level of budgetary control.

Note 6. Advances from Charlotte County

The CRA received advances from the County to fund improvements in its redevelopment area. It is the intent of the CRA to reimburse the County using the Tax Increment Funding that is received on an annual basis. As of September 30, 2022, the advance amounted to \$5,491,667, of which \$901,798 is considered payable in the next fiscal year. The conveyance to Charlotte County presented on the General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance represents the current year amount the CRA reimbursed the County using Tax Increment Funding.

	Balance October 1, 2021	Ad	ditions_	·	Deletions	Balance September 30, 2022	Due within one year
Advance from Charlotte County	\$ 6,338,425	\$	_	\$	846,758	\$ 5,491,667	\$ 901,798

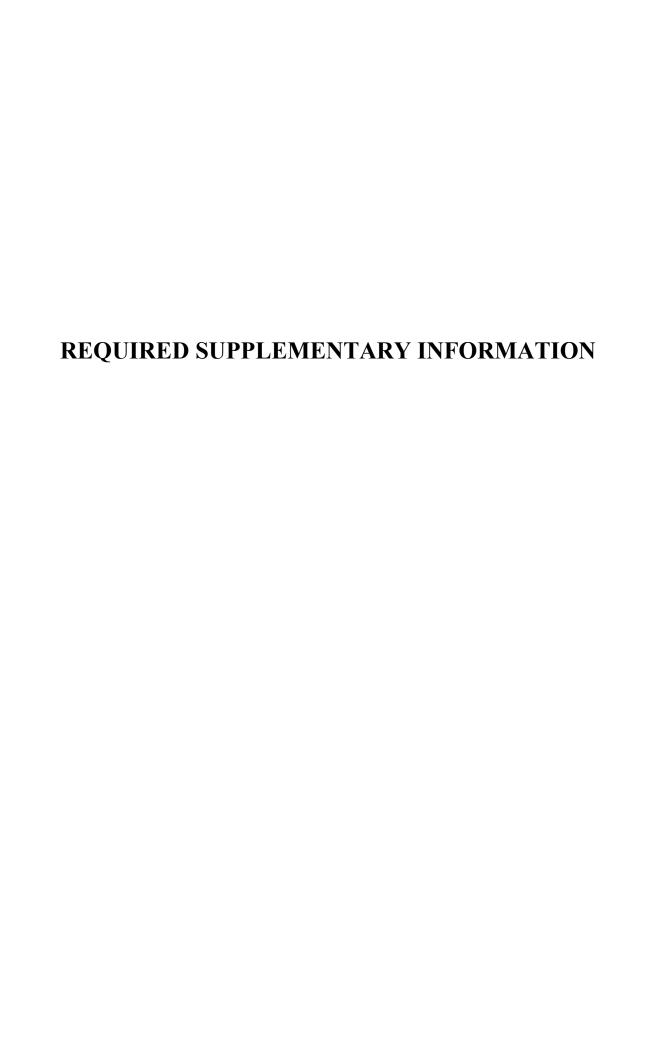
Note 7. Related Party Transactions

As explained in Note 1, the CRA is a blended component unit of Charlotte County, FL and is presented as a nonmajor special revenue fund in the County's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. As required by Florida Statute, additional information regarding the CRA's financial activity during the year ended September 30, 2022 is as follows:

Source of Deposits	 Parkside CRA		
County tax increment funds Accrued payables	\$ 846,758 20,157		
Total deposits	\$ 866,915		
Purpose of withdrawals			
Administration fees Advance repayment Multi use trail/path	\$ 175 846,758 468,742		
Total withdrawals	\$ 1,315,675		

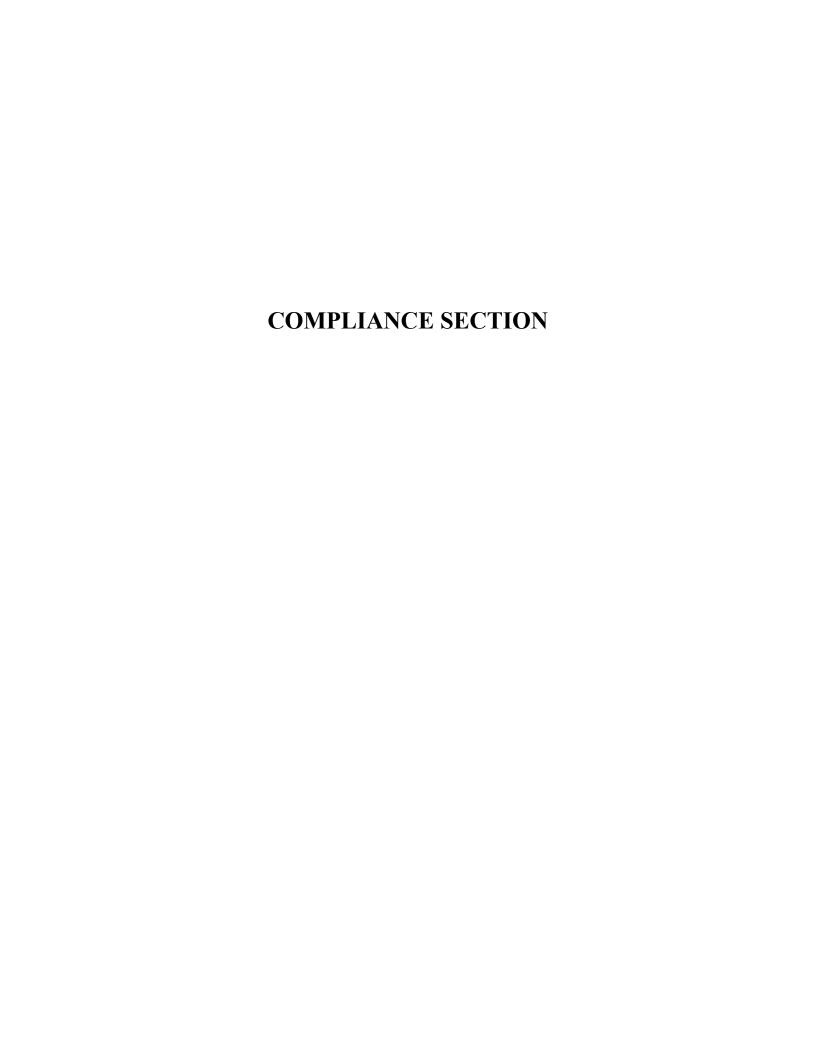
Indebtedness

The CRA does not have pledged incremental revenues or incurred any debt to carry out its activities.



PARKSIDE COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -GENERAL FUND - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:									
Taxes	\$	894,252	\$	894,252	\$	846,758	\$	(47,494)	
Total revenues		894,252		894,252		846,758		(47,494)	
Expenditures: Current									
Contract/professional services		6,200		6,200		_		6,200	
Purchased services		104,179		104,179		175		104,004	
Intergovernmental expenditure		894,252		894,252		-		894,252	
Capital outlay		113,478		478,836		468,742		10,094	
Total expenditures		1,118,109		1,483,467		468,917		1,014,550	
Change in fund balance		(223,857)		(589,215)		377,841		967,056	
Fund balance, October 1, 2021		331,934		904,538		(5,433,889)		(6,338,427)	
Fund balance, September 30, 2022	\$	108,077	\$	315,323	\$	(5,056,048)	\$	(5,371,371)	
Change in fund balance - blended component unit perspective Conveyance to Charlotte County Change in fund balance - separate entity perspective					\$	377,841 (846,758) (468,917)			





Report of Independent Auditor on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Honorable Board of Parkside Community Redevelopment Agency Port Charlotte, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and the General Fund of Parkside Community Redevelopment Agency (the "CRA"), a component unit of Charlotte County, Florida, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the CRA's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 23, 2023.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the CRA's internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the CRA's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the CRA's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the CRA's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

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Purpose of this Report

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The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the CRA's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the CRA's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Orlando, Florida March 23, 2023



Independent Auditor's Management Letter

To the Honorable Board of Parkside Community Redevelopment Agency Port Charlotte, Florida

Report of the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and the General Fund of Parkside Community Redevelopment Agency (the "CRA"), a component unit of Charlotte County, Florida, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and have issued our report thereon dated March 23, 2023.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Report of Independent Auditor on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards, and Report of Independent Accountant on Compliance with Local Government Investment Policies and Community Redevelopment Agency Requirements. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated March 23, 2023, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. No findings or recommendations were made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. Such disclosure is included in the notes to the financial statements. There were no component units related to the CRA.

Financial Condition and Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the CRA has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, the results of our tests did not indicate the CRA met any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the CRA. It is management's responsibility to monitor the CRA's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

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Specific Information

As required by Section 218.39(3)(c), Florida Statutes, and Section 10.554(1)(i)6, Rules of the Auditor General, the CRA reported:

- a. The total number of CRA employees compensated in the last pay period of the CRA's fiscal year as zero.
- b. The total number of independent contractors to whom nonemployee compensation was paid in the last month of the CRA's fiscal year as zero.
- c. All compensation earned by or awarded to employees, whether paid or accrued, regardless of contingency as zero.
- d. All compensation earned by or awarded to nonemployee independent contractors, whether paid or accrued, regardless of contingency as zero.
- e. Each construction project with a total cost of at least \$65,000 approved by the CRA that is scheduled to begin on or after October 1 of the fiscal year being reported, together with the total expenditures for such project as none.
- f. A budget variance based on the budget adopted under Section 189.016(4), Florida Statutes, before the beginning of the fiscal year being reported if the CRA amends a final adopted budget under Section 189.016(6), Florida Statutes, as \$365,358.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Cherry Bekaert LLP

The purpose of this management letter is to communicate certain matters prescribed by Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Accordingly, this management letter is not suitable for any other purpose.

Orlando, Florida March 23, 2023



Report of Independent Accountant on Compliance with Local Government Investment Policies and Community Redevelopment Agency Requirements

To the Honorable Board of Parkside Community Redevelopment Agency Port Charlotte, Florida

We have examined Parkside Community Redevelopment Agency's (the "CRA") compliance with the local government investment policy requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, and the community redevelopment agency requirements of Section 163.387, Florida Statutes, during the year ended September 30, 2022. Management of the CRA is responsible for the CRA's compliance with the specified requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the CRA's compliance with the specified requirements based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the CRA complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the CRA complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgement, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe the evidence obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

We are required to be independent and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to the engagement.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the CRA's compliance with the specified requirements.

The purpose of this report is to comply with the audit requirements of Sections 218.415 and 163.387, Florida Statutes, and Rules of the Auditor General.

In our opinion, the CRA complied, in all material respects, with the local investment policy requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, and the community redevelopment agency requirements of Section 163.387, Florida Statutes, during the year ended September 30, 2022.

Orlando, Florida March 23, 2023

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