Plantation Acres Improvement District

Financial Statements
For the Year Ended September 30, 2022



Plantation Acres Improvement District

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Commissioners
Plantation Acres Improvement District

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Plantation Acres Improvement District (the "District"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund and and aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibility of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

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BEST PLACES TO WORK

Auditor's Responsibilities for Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
 due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks.
 Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and
 disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
 an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such
 opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the schedules relating to pensions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 25, 2023, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

KEEFE McCULLOUGH

Keefe McCullough

Fort Lauderdale, Florida May 25, 2023

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS



Our discussion and analysis of Plantation Acres Improvement District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the years ended September 30, 2022 and 2021. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this discussion.

Financial Highlights

The following are the highlights of financial activity for the year ended September 30, 2022:

- The District's total assets exceeded its liabilities at September 30, 2022 by \$1,656,272 (net position).
- The District's total revenues for the year ended September 30, 2022 were \$ 1,564,197 \$ 1,561,562 from program revenues and \$ 2,635 from interest and other income. The District's expenses for the year ended September 30, 2022 were \$ 973,013 resulting in an increase in net position of \$ 591,184.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to basic financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements: The government-wide financial statements, which consist of the following two statements, are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on Pages 8 and 9 of this report.

Fund financial statements: A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District has the following fund types: the governmental fund and a custodial fund.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the statement of revenues, expenditures, and change in fund balance provide reconciliations to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 10 through 14 of this report.

Custodial funds are used to account for assets held by the District as an agent for other funds or entities. Custodial funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of this fund are not available to directly support the District's programs.

The custodial fund financial statement can be found on pages 15 and 16 of this report.

Notes to basic financial statements: The notes provide additional information that is essential for a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to basic financial statements can be found on pages 17 through 28 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, statement of net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of financial position. The following table reflects the condensed government-wide statements of net position as of September 30, 2022 and 2021:

Plantation Acres Improvement District Statements of Net Position

	2022	_	2021
Current and other assets Capital assets Deferred outflows	\$ 1,523,468 527,952 76,339	\$	1,017,883 313,219 70,649
Total assets and deferred outflows	2,127,759		1,401,751
Current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities Deferred inflows	177,815 276,522 17,150		54,101 128,957 153,605
Total liabilities and deferred inflows	471,487		336,663
Net Position: Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	527,952 1,128,320		313,219 751,869
Total net position	\$ 1,656,272	\$	1,065,088

Governmental activities: Governmental activities for the year ended September 30, 2022, increased the District's net position by \$ 591,184, as reflected in the table below:

Plantation Acres Improvement District Statements of Activities

		2022	_	2021
Revenues: Program revenues: Non-ad valorem assessments Plat and permit fees	\$	1,420,743 132,669	\$	1,220,406 56,568
Licenses and fees General revenue: Interest and miscellaneous income		8,150 2,635		7,942 2,563
Total revenues		1,564,197	-	1,287,479
Expenses: Physical environment General government		467,571 505,442		577,641 444,259
Total expenses	,	973,013	_	1,021,900
Change in net position		591,184		265,579
Net Position, October 1	·	1,065,088	_	799,509
Net Position, September 30	\$	1,656,272	\$_	1,065,088

Analysis of the Governmental Funds

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. The General Fund comprises the total governmental funds.

The District's governmental fund reported ending fund balance of \$1,345,653, an increase of \$381,871 from the prior year.

Capital Assets

The District's investment in capital assets, less accumulated depreciation, for its governmental activities as of September 30, 2022, amounts to \$527,952 and consists of land, buildings and machinery and equipment.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Actual revenues were approximately \$62,000 lower than budgeted in the current year. Actual expenditures were under budget by approximately \$319,000.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

Expenditures for the fiscal year 2022-2023 adopted budget for the General Fund total approximately \$ 1,525,000, which is approximately a 2% increase from the amounts budgeted for the 2021-2022 budget year. For the coming year, the District will maintain the maintenance assessment tax rate at \$ 875 per acre.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Plantation Acres Improvement District's finances for all those with an interest. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Plantation Acres Improvement District; 13833 Wellington Trace, E-4 Box 307; Wellington, Florida 33414.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



	Governmental Activities
Assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,519,445
Prepaids	4,023
Capital assets:	
Non-depreciable	70,000
Depreciable, net	457,952
Total assets	2,051,420
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred pension outflows	76,339
Total assets and deferred outflows	2,127,759
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	168,969
Unearned revenue	8,846
Net pension liability	276,522
Total liabilities	454,337
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred pension inflows	17,150
Total liabilities and deferred inflows	471,487
Net Position:	
Net investment in capital assets	527,952
Unrestricted	1,128,320
Total net position	\$ 1,656,272

	Expenses	Charges for Services	Program Revenue Operating Grants and Contributions	es Capital Grants and Contributions	Activities Net Revenues (Expenses) and Change in Net Position
Functions/Programs: Primary government: Governmental activities: Physical environment	\$ 467,571 \$	1,265,429	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 797,858
General government	505,442	296,133			(209,309)
Total governmental activities		1,561,562	\$	\$	588,549
	General revenues: Interest income Other income				2,584 51
	Total general	revenues			2,635
	Change in	net position			591,184
	Net position, Octo	ber 1, 2021			1,065,088
	Net position, Septe	ember 30, 20	22		\$ 1,656,272

	General Fund
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Prepaids	\$ 1,519,445 4,023
Total assets	\$ 1,523,468
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Unearned revenue	\$ 168,969 8,846
Total liabilities	177,815
Fund Balance: Nonspendable for prepaids Unassigned	4,023 1,341,630
Total fund balance	1,345,653
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 1,523,468

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:

Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Total fund balance - governmental fund in the balance sheet	\$	1,345,653
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental fund:		
Governmental capital assets		1,395,089
Less accumulated depreciation		(867,137)
Certain funds related to pension assets and liabilities are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Deferred outflows, relating to the net pension liability		76,339
Deferred inflows, relating to the net pension liability		(17,150)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Net pension liability	_	(276,522)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ _	1,656,272

	_	General Fund
Revenues: Maintenance tax assessments	\$	1,420,743
Plat and permit fees Licenses and fees	Υ	132,669
Interest income		8,150 2,584
Other income	_	51
Total revenues	_	1,564,197
Expenditures:		
Current operating: Physical environment		444,137
General government Capital outlay		499,337 238,852
	-	<u> </u>
Total expenditures	_	1,182,326
Change in fund balance		381,871
Fund Balance, October 1, 2021	_	963,782
Fund Balance, September 30, 2022	\$ =	1,345,653

Plantation Acres Improvement District Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance -Governmental Fund to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

Net Change In Fund Balance - Governmental Fund	\$	381,871
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are difference because:		
The governmental fund reports capital outlays as expenditures; in the statement of activities, these costs are allocated over their estimated useful lives as provision for depreciation.		
Expenditures for capital assets		238,852
Less current year provision for depreciation		(24,119)
Certain changes related to pension assets and liabilities are not reported in the net change in the governmental funds.		
Change in deferred outflows		5,690
Change in deferred inflows		136,455
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities require the use of current financial resources and therefore not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.		
Change in the net pension liability	_	(147,565)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	591,184

	Origir Budg		Final Budget	_	Actual	-	Favorable (Unfavorable) Variance
Revenues:							
Maintenance tax assessments Plat and permit fees	\$ 1,492,	-	1,492,750	\$	1,420,743 132,669	\$	(72,007) 132,669
Licenses and fees Interest income Other income	,	150 900 -	8,150 900 -		8,150 2,584 51		- 1,684 51
Total revenues	1,501,	800	1,501,800	_	1,564,197		62,397
Expenditures: Current:							
Physical environment	523,	485	523,485		444,137		79,348
General government	284,		284,800		499,337		(214,537)
Capital outlay/reserves	693,	515	693,515	_	238,852	_	454,663
Total expenditures	1,501,	800	1,501,800	_	1,182,326	-	319,474
Change in fund balance	\$	<u>-</u> \$	-		381,871	\$	381,871
Fund Balance, October 1, 2021				_	963,782		
Fund Balance, September 30, 2022				\$_	1,345,653		

Plantation Acres Improvement District Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Fund September 30, 2022

Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$_	415,667
Total assets	_	415,667
Net Position: Restricted for individuals and organizations	_	415,667
Total net position	\$ _	415,667

Plantation Acres Improvement District Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

Additions: Escrow deposits collected	\$_	50,236
Total additions	_	50,236
Deductions: Escrow deposits returned	_	95,632
Total deductions	_	95,632
Change in net position		(45,396)
Net Position, October 1, 2021	_	461,063
Net Position, September 30, 2022	\$ _	415,667

Note 1 - Organization and Operations

Plantation Acres Improvement District (the "District") was formerly known as the Dixie Drainage District, which was originally created in 1963. The District was formed in 1982 by House Bill 1982-967 and codified by 2002-367. The District has the authority to administer road improvement and drainage projects within the boundaries of the District and to promote and create favorable conditions for the development of the land within the District.

The District is located within the City of Plantation in Broward County, Florida with boundaries of N.W. 28th Court to the north, the C-42 canal just east of Hiatus Road to the east, the North New River Canal to the south, and Flamingo Road to the west. The District has the authority to manage services for this community and to levy and assess non-ad valorem taxes and assessments for the financing and maintenance of improvements.

The District is governed by a Board of Commissioners. The Board of Commissioners exercises all powers granted to the District and is responsible for:

Assessing and levying maintenance taxes and special assessments Approving budgets
Exercising control over facilities and properties
Controlling the use of funds generated by the District
Approving the hiring and termination of key personnel
Financing improvements

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The District's more significant accounting policies are described below:

The financial reporting entity: The criteria used for including component units consist of identification of legally separate organizations for which the Board of Commissioners of the District are financially accountable. This criteria also includes identification of organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that their exclusion would cause the reporting entity's basic financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Based upon this review, there were no potential component units or related organizations of the District.

Basis of presentation: Financial Statements – Government-Wide Statements. The District's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the District as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the District's major fund). Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type. All of the District's activities are classified as governmental activities.

In the government-wide statement of net position, the governmental activities column is presented on a consolidated basis, if applicable, and is reported on a full-accrual, economical resource basis, which recognizes all noncurrent assets and receivables as well as all noncurrent debt and obligations, when and if applicable.

The government-wide statement of activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the District's functions. The net costs, by function, are also supported by general revenues, other revenue, etc. The statement of activities reduces gross expenses by related program revenues, operating and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflect capital-specific grants. For the year ended September 30, 2022, the District had program revenues of \$ 1,561,562.

This government-wide focus is more on the ability to sustain the District as an entity and the change in the District's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

Fund financial statements: The accounts of the District are organized on the fund basis. The operations of the funds are accounted for with separate self-balancing accounts that comprise their assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures.

The District reports the following major governmental fund:

General Fund - This fund is used to account for all operating activities of the District. At this time, revenues are derived principally from non-ad valorem tax assessments.

The District also reports a custodial fund which is used to account for assets held by the District as an agent for other entities. These funds are custodial in nature and do not measure results of operations.

Measurement focus, basis of accounting and financial statement presentation: Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues or expenditures/expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the basic financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made regardless of the measurement focus applied. Governmental funds use the current financial resources measurement focus and the government-wide statements use the economic resources measurement focus.

Governmental activity in the government-wide financial statements is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

The governmental fund financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting under which revenue is recognized in the accounting period in which it becomes susceptible to accrual (i.e., when it becomes both measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within sixty days of the end of the current year.

Budget: A budget is adopted for the General Fund on an annual basis. Appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. Changes or amendments to the total budgeted expenditures of the District must be approved by the District Board of Commissioners.

The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a. Each year the District Accountant submits to the District Board of Commissioners a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1.
- b. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- c. Prior to October 1, the budget is legally adopted by the District Board of Commissioners.
- d. The budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

The level of control, the level at which expenditures may not exceed the budget, is at the total fund level. The District may transfer budgeted amounts within and among accounts and departments.

Cash and cash equivalents: Cash and cash equivalents are defined as demand deposits, money market accounts, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Prepaid expenses/expenditures: Certain payments reflect costs applicable to a future accounting period and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Capital assets: Capital assets, which include land, a building and machinery and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. The District defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$ 1,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Depreciation on all capital assets is charged to operations using the straight-line method over the assets' estimated service lives, ranging from 5 to 50 years.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources: In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. At September 30, 2022, the District had deferred outflows of \$76,339, which is related to the net pension liability.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. At September 30, 2022, the District had deferred inflows of \$ 17,150, which is related to the net pension liability.

Unearned revenue: Unearned revenue arises only when the District receives resources before it has a legal claim to them.

Maintenance tax assessments: Maintenance tax assessments are determined by the Board of Commissioners. Owners of real property are assessed on a county-wide basis by the Broward County Property Appraiser as of January 1 each year. The District levies a maintenance tax per acre which will provide resources required for the fiscal year beginning October 1. Maintenance taxes levied by the District, and all other taxing authorities within the County, are centrally billed and collected by Broward County, with a monthly remittance to the District of their proportionate share of collected taxes. Taxes for the fiscal year beginning October 1 are billed in the month of November, subject to a 1% per month discount for the period November through February and are due no later than March 31. On April 1, unpaid amounts become delinquent with interest and penalties added thereafter. Beginning July 1, tax certificates representing delinquent amounts are sold by Broward County, with a remittance to the District for its share of those receipts.

The maintenance assessment tax rate to finance general governmental operations for the year ended September 30, 2022 was \$ 875 an acre on approximately 1,710 taxable acres.

Net position: Net position is classified three categories. The general meaning of each is as follows:

- Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets including restricted capital
 assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any
 bonds or other borrowings, if any, that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or
 improvement of those assets.
- Restricted net position consists of net assets with constraints placed on the use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position all other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

Fund balance: The District follows GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. This statement requires that governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

- Nonspendable: This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they
 are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be
 maintained intact. The District classifies prepaid items and deposits as nonspendable
 since they are not expected to be converted to cash or are not expected to be converted
 to cash within the next year.
- Restricted: This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

- Committed: This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the District Board of Commissioners (the "Board"). These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance or resolution) that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.
- Assigned: This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the District's
 intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This
 intent can be expressed by the Board or through the Board delegating this responsibility
 to the District manager through the budgetary process. This classification also includes
 the remaining positive fund balance for all governmental funds except for the General
 Fund. The District classifies existing fund balance to be used in the subsequent year's
 budget for elimination of a deficit as assigned.
- Unassigned: This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund.

The District would typically use restricted fund balances first, followed by committed fund balances, and then assigned fund balances.

Date of management review: Subsequent events have been evaluated through May 25, 2023, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Note 3 - Deposits

The District's deposits must be placed with banks and savings and loans which are qualified as public depositories prior to receipt of public monies under Chapter 280, Florida Statutes. As of September 30, 2022, all deposits are insured by the FDIC up to \$ 250,000. Monies deposited in amounts greater than the insurance coverage are secured by the banks' pledging securities with the State Treasurer in the collateral pool. At year end, the carrying amount of the District's deposits, including those held in the Custodial Fund, was \$ 1,935,112 and the bank balance was \$ 1,966,881.

Note 4 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2022 was as follows:

		Balance, October 1, 2021		Additions		Deletions	Balance, September 30 2022
Governmental Activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated:	_		•	7 to dire. o. i.o.	-	Deletions	
Land	\$_	70,000	\$		\$_		\$ 70,000
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	_	70,000	-		_	_	70,000

Note 4 - Capital Assets (continued)

	Balance, October 1, 2021	Additions	Deletions	Balance, September 30, 2022
Capital assets, being depreciated:	790 074	220 052		1.010.920
Machinery and equipment Buildings	780,974 305,263	238,852		1,019,826 305,263
Total capital assets, being depreciated	1,086,237	238,852		1,325,089
Total capital assets	1,156,237	238,852		1,395,089
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Machinery and equipment	747,061	18,014	-	765,075
Buildings	95,957	6,105		102,062
Total accumulated depreciation	843,018	24,119		867,137
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	243,219	214,733		457,952
Governmental activities capital assets, net \$	313,219	\$ 214,733	\$	\$ 527,952

Provision for depreciation was charged to functions as follows:

Governmental activities:	
Physical environment	\$ 18,014
General government	 6,105
	\$ 24,119

Note 5 - Florida Retirement System

As provided by Chapters 121 and 112, Florida Statutes, the Florida Retirement System ("FRS") provides two cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit plans administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, including the FRS Pension Plan ("Pension Plan") and the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy ("HIS Plan"). As a general rule, membership in the FRS is compulsory for all employees working in a regularly established position for a state agency, county government, district board, state university, community college, or a participating city or special district within the State of Florida. The FRS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefits are established by Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, and Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code. Amendments to the law can be made only by an act of the Florida State Legislature.

The State of Florida annually issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the FRS. The latest available report may be obtained by writing to the State of Florida Division of Retirement, Department of Management Services, P.O. Box 9000, Tallahassee, Florida 32315-9000, or from the Web site: www.dms.myflorida.com/workforce operations/retirement/publications.

Pension Plan:

<u>Plan Description</u> - The Pension Plan is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, with a Deferred Retirement Option Program ("DROP") for eligible employees.

Benefits Provided - Benefits under the Pension Plan are computed on the basis of age, average final compensation, and service credit. For Pension Plan members enrolled before July 1, 2011, Regular class members who retire at or after age 62 with at least six years of credited service or 30 years of service regardless of age are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life, equal to 1.6% of their final average compensation based on the five highest years of salary, for each year of credited service. Vested members with less than 30 years of service may retire before age 62 and receive reduced retirement benefits. Special Risk Administrative Support class members who retire at or after age 55 with at least six years of credited service or 25 years of service regardless of age are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life, equal to 1.6% of their final average compensation based on the five highest years of salary, for each year of credited service. Special Risk class members (sworn law enforcement officers, firefighters, and correctional officers) who retire at or after age 55 with at least six years of credited service, or with 25 years of service regardless of age, are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life, equal to 3.0% of their final average compensation based on the five highest years of salary for each year of credited service. Senior Management Service class members who retire at or after age 62 with at least six years of credited service or 30 years of service regardless of age are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life, equal to 2.0% of their final average compensation based on the five highest years of salary for each year of credited service. Elected Officers' class members who retire at or after age 62 with at least six years of credited service or 30 years of service regardless of age are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life, equal to 3.0% (3.33% for judges and justices) of their final average compensation based on the five highest years of salary for each year of credited service.

For Plan members enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the vesting requirement is extended to eight years of credited service for all these members and increasing normal retirement to age 65 or 33 years of service regardless of age for Regular, Senior Management Service, and Elected Officers' class members, and to age 60 or 30 years of service regardless of age for Special Risk and Special Risk Administrative Support class members. Also, the final average compensation for all these members will be based on the eight highest years of salary.

As provided in Section 121.101, Florida Statutes, if the member is initially enrolled in the Pension Plan before July 1, 2011, and all service credit was accrued before July 1, 2011, the annual cost-of living adjustment is three percent per year. If the member is initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, and has service credit on or after July 1, 2011, there is an individually calculated cost-of-living adjustment. The annual cost-of-living adjustment is a proportion of three percent determined by dividing the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by three percent. Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will not have a cost-of-living adjustment after retirement.

In addition to the above benefits, the DROP program allows eligible members to defer receipt of monthly retirement benefit payments while continuing employment with a FRS employer for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate. Deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest. There are no required contributions by DROP participants.

Contributions - Effective July 1, 2011, all enrolled members of the FRS, other than DROP participants, are required to contribute three percent of their salary to the FRS. In addition to member contributions, governmental employers are required to make contributions to the FRS based on state-wide contribution rates established by the Florida Legislature. These rates are updated as of July 1 of each year. The employer contribution rates by job class for the periods from October 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022 and from July 1, 2022 through September 30, 2022, respectively, were as follows: Regular - 10.82% and 11.91%; Special Risk Administrative Support - 37.76% and 38.65%; Special Risk - 25.89% and 27.83%; Senior Management Service - 29.01% and 31.57%; Elected Officers' - 51.42% and 57.00%; and DROP participants - 18.34% and 18.60%. These employer contribution rates include 1.66% HIS Plan subsidy for both the periods October 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022 and from July 1, 2022 through September 30, 2022.

HIS Plan:

<u>Plan Description</u> - The HIS Plan is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established under Section 112.363, Florida Statutes, and may be amended by the Florida legislature at any time. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of State-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs and is administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement.

Benefits Provided - For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022 eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment of \$ 5 for each year of creditable service completed at the time of retirement, with a minimum HIS payment of \$ 30 and a maximum HIS payment of \$ 150 per month. To be eligible to receive these benefits, a retiree under a State-administered retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which may include Medicare.

<u>Contributions</u> - The HIS Plan is funded by required contributions from FRS participating employers asset by the Florida Legislature. Employer contributions are a percentage of gross compensation for all active FRS members. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, the HIS contribution for the period October 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022 and from July 1, 2022 through September 30, 2022 was 1.66% for both periods. The District contributed 100% of its statutorily required contributions for the current and preceding three years. HIS Plan contributions are deposited in a separate trust fund from which payments are authorized. HIS Plan benefits are not guaranteed and are subject to annual legislative appropriation. In the event legislative appropriation or available funds fail to provide full subsidy benefits to all participants, benefits may be reduced or cancelled.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - At September 30, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$ 202,399 for its proportionate share of the FRS Plan's net pension liability and \$ 74,123 for the HIS Plan's net pension liability for a total net pension liability of \$ 276,522 The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2022. At June 30, 2022, the District's proportion was .000543966 percent for the FRS Plan and .00069983 for the HIS Plan, which was an decrease of .0000495400 and .0000134330, respectively from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021.

For the year ended September 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$30,845 for the FRS Plan and \$2,909 for the HIS Plan for a total pension expense of \$33,754.

At September 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferi	red O	utflows of R	lesou	rces
	_	FRS Plan		HIS Plan	_	Total
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan	\$	9,613 24,926	\$	2,250 4,249	\$	11,863 29,175
investments Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and		13,364		107		13,471
proportionate share of contributions District contributions subsequent to		12,070		1,683		13,753
the measurement date	-	6,945	_	1,132		8,077
Total	\$_	66,918	\$_	9,421	\$_	76,339
	_		rred I	nflows of Re	esour	ces
	_	FRS Plan	_	HIS Plan	_	Total
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and	\$	- -	\$	326 11,467	\$	326 11,467
proportionate share of contributions	-	2,913	_	2,444	_	5,357
Total	\$_	2,913	\$_	14,237	\$_	17,150

Deferred outflows of resources related to the Pension Plan, totaling \$8,077 related to employer contributions paid subsequent to the measurement date and prior to the employer's fiscal year end will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent reporting period ending September 30, 2022.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the pension plan will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

_	Year Ended September 30,	-	FRS Plan	_	HIS Plan		Total
	2023 2024 2025 2026 2027	\$ \$ \$ \$	13,993 6,714 (1,392) 36,048 1,697	\$ \$ \$ \$	(1,240) (878) (472) (817) (1,729)	\$\$\$\$\$	12,753 5,836 (1,864) 35,231 (32)
	Thereafter	\$	-	\$	(812)	\$	(812)

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u> - The Florida Retirement System Actuarial Assumption Conference is responsible for setting the assumptions used in the funding valuations of both pension plans pursuant to section 216.136 (10), Florida Statutes. The Pension Plan's valuation is performed annually. The HIS Plan has a valuation performed biennially that is updated for GASB reporting in the year a valuation is not performed. The most recent experience study for the Pension Plan was completed in 2019 for the period July 1, 2013, through June 30, 2018. Because the HIS Plan is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, no experience study has been completed for that program. The actuarial assumptions that determined the total pension liability for the HIS Plan were based on certain results of the most recent experience study for the Pension Plan. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	FRS Plan	HIS Plan
Inflation	2.40%	2.40%
Salary increases	3.25%, average, including inflation	3.25%, average, including inflation
Investment rate	6.70%, net of pension plan investment	N/A
of return	expense, including inflation	
Actuarial cost method	Individual entry age	Individual entry age
Mortality table	PUB2010 base table projected	Generational RP-2000 with
	generationally with Scale MP-2018	Project Scale BB tables

<u>Long-term Expected Rate of Return</u> - The long-term expected rate of return on Pension Plan investments was not based on historical returns, but instead is based on a forward-looking capital market economic model. The allocation policy's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic and geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Note 5 - Florida Retirement System (continued)

Asset Class	Target Allocation (1)	Annual Arithmetic Return	Compound Annual (Geometric) Return	Standard Deviation
Cash	1.0%	2.6%	2.6%	1.1%
Fixed income	19.8%	4.4%	4.4%	3.2%
Global equity	54.0%	8.8%	7.3%	17.8%
Real estate	10.3%	7.4%	6.3%	15.7%
Private equity	11.1%	12.0%	8.9%	26.3%
Strategic investments	3.8%	6.2%	5.9%	7.8%
Total	100.00%			
Assumed Inflation - Mean		2.40%		1.3%

⁽¹⁾ As outlined in the Pension Plan's investment policy

<u>Discount Rate</u> – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.70% for the FRS Plan. The Pension Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculation of the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return.

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 3.54% for the HIS Plan. In general, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the single rate equivalent to discounting at the long-term expected rate of return for benefit payments prior to the projected depletion date. Because the HIS benefit is essentially funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, the depletion date is considered to be immediate, and the single equivalent discount rate is equal to the municipal bond rate selected by the HIS Plan sponsor. The Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index was adopted as the applicable municipal bond index.

<u>rate</u> - The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The sensitivity analysis, below, shows the impact of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability if the discount rate was 1.00% lower or 1.00% higher than the current discount rate at June 30, 2023.

	_	1% Decrease (5.70%)	_	Current Discount Rate (6.70%)	1% Increase (7.70%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for FRS Plan	\$	350,035	\$	202,399	78,958
	_	1% Decrease (2.54%)	_	Current Discount Rate (3.54%)	1% Increase (4.54%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for HIS Plan	\$	84,803	\$	74,123	65,286

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u> - Detailed information regarding the Pension Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State-Administered Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Note 6 - Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District places all insurance risk, less nominal deductibles, in the hands of commercial carriers. Certain claims resulting from these risks have been settled for amounts in excess of the insurance deductibles or coverage amounts in the past.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



Plantation Acres Improvement District
Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability
Florida Retirement System Pension Plan
Last 10 Fiscal Years *
(Unaudited)

2022	0.000543966%	202,399	256,386	78.94%	82.89%
ı	0	↔	↔		
2021	0.054892000%	41,465	254,454	16.30%	96.40%
'		↔	↔		
2020	0.000490155%	212,440	198,571	106.98%	78.85%
ı		↔	↔		
2019	0.000500542%	172,380	198,571	86.81%	82.61%
1		↔	↔		
2018	0.000504604%	151,989	228,993	66.37%	84.26%
ı		₩	↔		
2017	0.000509551%	150,722	233,873	64.45%	83.89%
		↔	❖		
2016	0.00049440%	124,836	215,370	57.96%	84.88%
'		↔	↔		
2015	0.00051763%	66,859	214,551	31.16%	92.00%
'		↔	↔		
	Proportion of the net pension liability	Proportionate share of the net pension liability	Covered-employee payroll	Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its coveredemployee payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of 9/30.

Note 1: This schedule is intended to present information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, the pension plan will present information for those years for which the information is available.

Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program Plantation Acres Improvement District Last 10 Fiscal Years* (Unaudited)

	l	2015		2016		2017	I	2018	I	2019	I	2020	ı	2021	I	2022	
Proportion of the net pension liability	0	0.00068531%		0.00070233%		0.00071740%		0.00071004%		0.00070947%		0.00069504%		0.00071326%		0.00069983%	
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	↔	69,891	\$	81,854	↔	76,708	\$	75,152	₩.	79,383	❖	84,863	↔	87,492	↔	74,123	
Covered-employee payroll	↔	214,551	❖	215,370	↔	233,873	↔	228,993	↔	198,571	↔	198,571	↔	254,454	↔	256,386	
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its coveredemployee payroll		32.58%		38.01%		32.80%		32.82%		39.98%		42.74%		34.38%		28.91%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		0.50%		0.97%		1.64%		2.15%		2.63%		3.00%		3.56%		4.81%	

 $^{^{\}ast}$ The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of 9/30.

This schedule is intended to present information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, the pension plan will present information for those years for which the information is available. Note 1:

Plantation Acres Improvement District Schedule of Contributions -Florida Retirement System Pension Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years * (Unaudited)

	ı	2015		2016	l	2017	I	2018	I	2019		2020	I	2021	I	2022
Contractually required contribution	↔	12,715	↔	12,119	↔	13,823	↔	14,408 \$		15,927 \$ 17,245 \$	↔	17,245	↔	21,620	❖	24,228
Contributions in related to the required contribution contractually	↔	(12,715)	φ'	\$ (12,715) \$ (12,119)	↔	\$ <u>(13,823)</u> \$ <u>(14,408)</u> \$ <u>(15,927)</u> \$ <u>(17,245)</u> \$ <u>(21,620)</u> \$ <u>(24,228)</u>	V	(14,408)	↔	(15,927)	↔	(17,245)	↔	(21,620)	۰	(24,228)
Contribution deficiency (excess)		1	٠٠ اا		۰	1		1	∏	1	∏	1	⊹	'	∏	1
Covered-employee payroll	❖	214,551	↔	214,551 \$ 215,370	↔	233,873 \$		228,993 \$ 198,571 \$ 198,571 \$	↔	198,571	↔	198,571	❖	254,454	❖	256,386
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		5.93%		2.63%		5.91%		6.29%		8.02%		8.68%		8.50%		9.45%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of 6/30.

This schedule is intended to present information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, the pension plan will present information for those years for which the information is available. Note 1:

Plantation Acres Improvement District Schedule of Contributions -Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program Last 10 Fiscal Years * (Unaudited)

	Ī	2015		2016	I	2017	I	2018	I	2019	ļ	2020		2021		2022
Contractually required contribution	❖	2,946 \$	↔	3,576	↔	3,883	↔	3,803	↔	4,008	↔	3,997	↔	2,007	↔	4,256
Contributions in related to the contractually required contribution	۰	\$ (2,946)	۰	(3,576)	٠ ا	(3,883)	V	(3,803)	V	(4,008)	N	(3,997)	٠ ا	(3,883) \$ (3,803) \$ (4,008) \$ (3,997) \$ (2,007) \$	٠ ا	(4,256)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	⊹	ı	∏	1	⊹	1	}	1	⊹	1	⊹	1		1	ۍ اا	ı
Covered-employee payroll	↔	\$ 214,551 \$	↔	215,370	->-	233,873	↔	228,993	<>	198,571	↔	198,571	❖	254,454	↔	256,386
Contributions as a percentage covered payroll		1.37%		1.66%		1.66%		1.66%		2.02%		2.01%		0.79%		1.66%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of 9/30.

This schedule is intended to present information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, the pension plan will present information for those years for which the information is available. Note 1:

OTHER REPORTS OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Commissioners
Plantation Acres Improvement District

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Plantation Acres Improvement District (the "District") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated May 25, 2023.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's basic financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

KEEFE McCULLOUGH

Keefe McCullough

Fort Lauderdale, Florida May 25, 2023



MANAGEMENT LETTER IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA

To the Board of Commissioners Plantation Acres Improvement District

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of Plantation Acres Improvement District (the "District"), as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, and have issued our report thereon dated May 25, 2023.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and Independent's Auditor's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with AICPA *Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated May 25, 2023, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The name or official title and legal authority of the District is disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The District has no component units.



Financial Condition and Management

Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.a, and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the District has met one of more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identification of the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the District did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)(5).b. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the District. It is management's responsibility to monitor the District's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Specific Information

As required by Section 218.39(3)(c), Florida Statutes, and Section 10.554(1)(i)7, Rules of the Auditor General, the District reported the specific information in Exhibit 1 accompanying this report. The information for compliance with Section 218.39(3)(c), Florida Statutes and Section 10.554(1)(i)7, Rules of the Auditor General, has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate noncompliance with provisions of contract or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

KEEFE McCULLOUGH

Keefe McCullough

Fort Lauderdale, Florida May 25, 2023 Data Element Comments

Number of district employees compensated at 9/30/2022	11 *
Number of independent contractors compensated in September 2022	1
Employee compensation for FYE 9/30/2022 (paid/accrued)	\$272,464
Independent contractor compensation for FYE 9/30/2022 (paid/accrued)	\$1,825
Each construction project to begin on or after October 1; (>\$65K)	None in this audit cycle
Budget variance report	Page 14
Ad valorem taxes:	
Millage rate FYE 9/30/2022	Not applicable
Ad valorem taxes collected FYE 9/30/2022	Not applicable
Non ad valorem special assessments:	
Special assessment rate FYE 9/30/2022	\$ 875 per acre
Special assessments collected FYE 9/30/2022	\$1,420,743
Outstanding Bonds	None

^{*} includes commissioners



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 218.415, FLORIDA STATUTES

To the Board of Commissioners Plantation Acres Improvement District

We have examined Plantation Acres Improvement District's (the "District") compliance with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, *Local Government Investment Policies*, during the year ended September 30, 2022. Management is responsible for the District's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the District complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the District complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with the specified requirements.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2022.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management and the State of Florida Auditor General and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

KEEFE McCULLOUGH

Keefe McCullough

Fort Lauderdale, Florida May 25, 2023



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