# Pompano Beach Community Redevelopment Agency

(A Component Unit of the City of Pompano Beach, Florida)

**Basic Financial Statements** 

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

(With Independent Auditor's Report Thereon)

Prepared by the Finance Department

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# **FINANCIAL SECTION**



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors and CRA Director Pompano Beach Community Redevelopment Agency Pompano Beach, Florida

#### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the City of Pompano Beach Community Redevelopment Agency (the "Agency"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Agency's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Agency as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Agency, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Agency's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

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# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Agency's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

# **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, as listed on the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

# **Supplementary Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Agency's basic financial statements. The accompanying budgetary comparison schedule is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the budgetary comparison schedule is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

# Other Reports Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report June 6, 2023, on our consideration of the Agency's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Agency's internal control over financial reporting.

Keefe McCullough

KEEFE MCCULLOUGH

Fort Lauderdale, Florida June 6, 2023

# (A Component Unit of the City of Pompano Beach, Florida) Management Discussion and Analysis for the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022 (Unaudited)

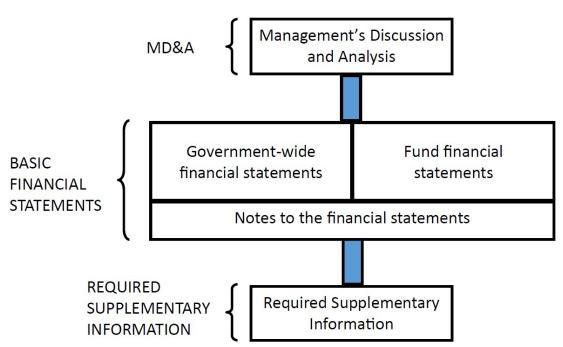
The Pompano Beach Community Redevelopment Agency (the "Agency") offers readers of its financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Agency for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the financial statements.

# **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This annual report follows a format consisting of three parts – Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section), the Basic Financial Statements and Required Supplementary Information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the Agency.

- The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the Agency's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the Agency, reporting the Agency's financial position and activity with a short-term focus and in more detail than the government-wide statements.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of Required Supplementary Information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Figure 1 shows how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and relate to one another.



# FIGURE 1

# **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

The assets of the Agency exceeded its liabilities at the close of the fiscal year by \$67.2 million. The Agency's total net position increased by \$8.2 million, The increase noted was primarily due to the issuance of the Agency (NW CRA District) Tax Increment Revenue Bonds, Series 2022.

(A Component Unit of the City of Pompano Beach, Florida) Management Discussion and Analysis for the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022 (Unaudited)

At the close of the current fiscal year, the Agency's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$86.0 million, representing an increase of \$18.9 million from the previous fiscal year. The increase is primarily due to the issuance of the Agency (NW CRA District) Tax Increment Revenue Bonds, Series 2022.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Agency's finances, in a manner similar to private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the Agency's assets/deferred outflows and liabilities/deferred inflows, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Agency is improving or deteriorating. The statement of activities presents information showing how the Agency's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Both government-wide financial statements present functions of the Agency that are principally supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues and various user fees and charges (governmental activities). The primary governmental activity of the Agency is economic environment.

The government-wide financial statements include only the financial activities of the Agency. However the Agency is considered a component unit of the City of Pompano Beach, Florida (the "City"), and as such, the financial activities of the Agency are included in the City's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report in each fiscal year.

#### FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The governmental fund financial statements are prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting. Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Financial Statements to the Government-wide Financial Statements are provided within the Basic Financial Statements to explain the differences between the governmental fund financial statements and the government-wide financial statements.

(A Component Unit of the City of Pompano Beach, Florida) Management Discussion and Analysis for the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022 (Unaudited)

#### **Governmental-wide Financial Analysis**

The following table provides a summary of the Agency's net position for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

#### TABLE 1

# SUMMARY OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 and 2021

	<b>Governmental Activities</b>				
	2022	2021			
Current and other assets	\$ 88,896,155	\$ 68,868,644			
Capital assets	4,208,006	329,904			
Total assets	93,104,161	69,198,548			
Long-term liabilities	24,271,211	10,014,056			
Other liabilities	608,364	196,252			
Total liabilities	24,879,575	10,210,308			
Deferred inflows of resources	1,064,087	<u> </u>			
Net position Net investment in capital assets Restricted for community	226,713	282,408			
redevelopment	66,933,786	58,705,832			
Total net position	\$ 67,160,499	\$ 58,988,240			

At September 30, 2022 and 2021, the Agency is able to report positive balances in each category of net position.

**Governmental Activities** – There was an increase of \$20.0 million in current and other assets for governmental activities. The increase is due to an increase in cash and cash equivalents/investments due to issuance of the Agency (NW CRA District) Tax Increment Revenue Bonds, Series 2022.

There was an increase of \$3.9 million in capital assets. The increase noted was primarily due to the net effect of the current fiscal year capital asset activity (as discussed in more detail on page 9) and the recognition of current fiscal year depreciation expense.

The increase of \$14.3 million in long-term liabilities is primarily the result of the issuance of the Agency (NW CRA District) Tax Increment Revenue Bonds, Series 2022.

(A Component Unit of the City of Pompano Beach, Florida) Management Discussion and Analysis for the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022 (Unaudited)

# Analysis of the Agency's Operations

The following table provides a summary of the Agency's changes in net position for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

# TABLE 2

# SUMMARY OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 and 2021

	Governmental Activities				
	2022		2021		
Revenues					
Program Revenues: Charges for services Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions		,735 \$ ,000 ,000	137,763 - 5,110,000		
General Revenues: Taxes Gain from sale of capital assets Investment earnings (loss) Other revenue Total revenues	9,193 (203,3 51 12,518	- 281) ,296	8,566,340 5,106 (65,703) 46,209 13,799,715		
Expenses Economic environment Interest Total expenses Transfers Change in net position Net position - beginning Net position - ending	3,695 (650,0 8,172 58,988	.910 .770 .000) .259 .240	9,230,660 361,585 9,592,245 4,207,470 54,780,770 58,988,240		
Net position - enaing	<u>\$67,160</u>	<u>,499 </u> \$	58,988,240		

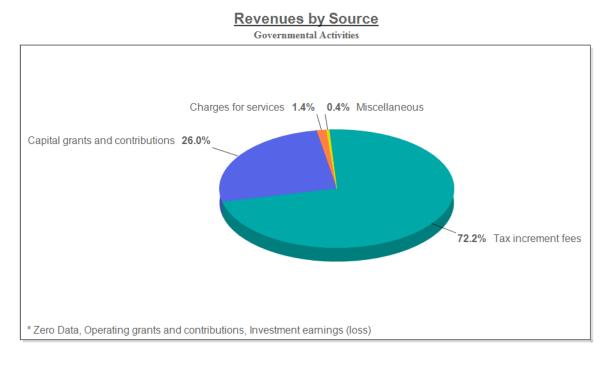
**Governmental Activities** – Governmental activities increased the Agency's net position by \$8.2 million.

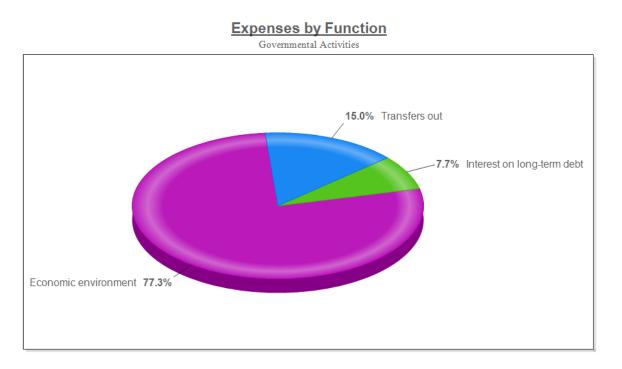
Capital Grants and Contributions decreased by approximately \$1.8 million, primarily due to the interlocal settlement agreement between the City whereby project funding was reduced.

Economic environment expenses decreased by \$5.9 million primarily due to the completion of non-capital projects in the prior fiscal year.

(A Component Unit of the City of Pompano Beach, Florida) Management Discussion and Analysis for the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022 (Unaudited)

The following pie charts depict the breakdown of actual receipts by revenue source and expenses by function for the Agency, for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022:





### (A Component Unit of the City of Pompano Beach, Florida) Management Discussion and Analysis for the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022 (Unaudited)

#### The Community Redevelopment Agency Northwest District Fund

The fund balance of the Northwest CRA District Fund increased by \$17.9 million primarily due to the issuance of a Tax Increment Revenue Bonds, Series 2022, to fund improvements to Dixie/Atlantic Segment 2, Streetscape Improvements.

#### The Community Redevelopment Agency East District Fund

The fund balance of the East CRA District Fund increased by \$1.0 million primarily due to an increase in tax increment revenue (a function of the increase in assessed values within the districts from the base year formation and each taxing district's operating millage rate).

#### Final budget compared to actual

#### The Community Redevelopment Agency Northwest District Fund

Economic environment expenditures were \$1.0 million less than the final budget primarily due to less than anticipated expenditures for various miscellaneous operating expenditures.

Capital outlay expenditures were \$24.4 million lower than the final budget primarily due to the timing of capital outlays for the Downtown Pompano Infrastructure and the Dixie/Atlantic Segment 2, Streetscape Improvement project.

Debt service principal expenditures were \$1.4 million lower than the final budget as the new Tax Increment Revenue Bonds, Series 2022 principal payment was not due as of September 30, 2022.

#### The Community Redevelopment Agency East District Fund

Capital outlay expenditures were \$3.7 million lower than the final budget primarily due to the timing of capital outlay not yet completed in the current fiscal year.

#### **Capital Assets**

The Agency's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of September 30, 2022, amounts to \$3.8 million, net of accumulated depreciation. This investment in capital assets includes construction in progress, improvements, and machinery and equipment.

# TABLE 3CAPITAL ASSETS(NET OF ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION)September 30, 2022 and 2021

	Governmental Activities 2022 2021				
Construction in progress Improvements	\$ 3,453,606 296,101	\$	310,713		
Machinery and equipment TOTAL	\$ 12,617 3,762,324	\$	19,191 329,904		

(A Component Unit of the City of Pompano Beach, Florida) Management Discussion and Analysis for the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022 (Unaudited)

### TABLE 4

# RIGHT TO USE LEASED ASSETS (NET OF ACCUMULATED AMORTIZATION) September 30, 2022 and 2021

	Governmental Activities				
	 2022				
Land	\$ 39,814	\$	-		
Buildings TOTAL	\$ 405,868 445,682	\$			

Additional information on the Agency's capital assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements, Note II (C).

#### **Outstanding Debt**

At the end of the current fiscal year the Agency had total debt of \$22,670,000 outstanding compared to \$8,490,000 last year, a 167% increase, due to the issuance of Tax Increment Revenue Bonds, Series 2022.

# TABLE 5 - OUTSTANDING DEBTSeptember 30, 2022 and 2021

	<b>Governmental Activities</b>				
	2022 2021			2021	
Tax increment revenue bonds	\$	22,670,000	\$	8,490,000	

Additional information on the Agency's long-term debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements, Note II (G).

# ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET RATES

#### The Community Redevelopment Agency Northwest District Fund

Projected tax increment for fiscal year 2023 is based on taxable values provided by the Broward County Property Appraiser and an estimate of contributing taxing authorities millage rates. Taxable value growth for fiscal year 2023 totals 13% with the Residential market segment (39% growth) being the primary growth driver.

The Northwest District's adopted budget for fiscal year 2023 is \$34,414,300. The primary source of revenue for the District is derived from tax increment revenues received from the City. For fiscal year 2023 tax increment revenues for the District is anticipated as follows:

City of Pompano Beach \$6,105,462

# The Community Redevelopment Agency East District Fund

Projected tax increment for fiscal year 2023 is based on taxable values provided by the Broward County

(A Component Unit of the City of Pompano Beach, Florida) Management Discussion and Analysis for the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022 (Unaudited)

Property Appraiser and an estimate of contributing taxing authorities millage rates. Taxable value growth for fiscal year 2023 totals 12% with the Residential market segment (58% growth) being the primary growth driver.

The East District's adopted budget for fiscal year 2023 is \$9,067,221. The primary source of revenue for the District is derived from tax increment received from the City, County and North Broward Hospital District. The fiscal year 2023 tax increment revenues for the District are anticipated as follows:

City of Pompano Beach	\$2,069,929
Broward County	2,172,080
North Broward Hospital District	630,724
Total	\$4,872,733

(A Component Unit of the City of Pompano Beach, Florida) Management Discussion and Analysis for the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022 (Unaudited)

### CONTACTING THE AGENCY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the Agency's finances and to show the Agency's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need any additional financial information, contact the Agency's Finance Department, at the City of Pompano Beach, 100 W. Atlantic Boulevard, Pompano Beach, Florida 33060.

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# **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

(A Component Unit of the City of Pompano Beach, Florida) STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Unrestricted investments Restricted cash and cash equivalents Interest receivable Notes receivable Lease receivables, short term Lease receivables, long term Prepaids Assets held for resale and redevelopment Capital assets:	\$ 1,683,066 31,517,744 15,036,147 131,123 50,000 248,223 836,800 280,000 39,113,052
Capital assets. Construction in progress Capital assets net of accumulated depreciation Leased assets Total assets	3,453,606 308,718 445,682 93,104,161
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued interest payable Deposits Unearned revenue Noncurrent liabilities:	506,299 53,131 44,434 4,500
Due within one year: Bonds payable Lease liability Advances from City Due in more than one year: Bonds payable Lease liability Total liabilities	1,625,000 126,323 1,189,955 21,045,000 <u>284,933</u> 24,879,575
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows - lease revenue Total deferred inflows of resources	1,064,087 1,064,087
NET POSITION Net Investment in capital assets Restricted for: Community Redevelopment Total net position	226,713 66,933,786 \$ 67,160,499

(A Component Unit of the City of Pompano Beach, Florida) STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

		Р	rogram Revenues		Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Functions/Programs Governmental Activities: Economic environment Interest on long-term debt	\$ 3,359,860 \$ 335,910	175,735 5	\$ 1,000	\$ 3,300,000	\$ 116,875 (335,910)
Total governmental activities	\$ 3,695,770 \$	175,735 \$	\$ 1,000	\$ 3,300,000	

#### **General Revenues:**

Tax increment fees - Community Redevelopment Agency	9,193,279
Investment earnings (loss)	(203,281)
Miscellaneous revenue	51,296
Transfers	(650,000)
Total general revenues and transfers	8,391,294
Change in net position	8,172,259
Net position - beginning	58,988,240
Net position - ending	\$ 67,160,499

(A Component Unit of the City of Pompano Beach, Florida) BALANCE SHEET SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Northwest Community Redevelopment District		East Community Redevelopment District		Total	Governmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Unrestricted investments Restricted cash and cash equivalents Interest receivable Notes receivable Leased assets receivables, net Prepaids Assets held for resale and redevelopment Total assets	\$	924,255 26,564,403 15,024,866 112,735 50,000 896,508 - 34,067,817 77,640,584	\$	758,811 4,953,341 11,281 18,388 - 188,515 280,000 5,045,235 11,255,571	\$	$\begin{array}{r} 1,683,066\\ 31,517,744\\ 15,036,147\\ 131,123\\ 50,000\\ 1,085,023\\ 280,000\\ 39,113,052\\ 88,896,155\end{array}$
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable Advances from City Deposits Unearned revenue Total liabilities	\$	368,890 1,189,955 31,124 4,500 1,594,469	\$	137,409 - 13,310 - 150,719	\$	506,299 1,189,955 44,434 4,500 1,745,188
Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenue Deferred inflows - lease revenue Total deferred inflows of resources	_	50,000 847,461 897,461		216,626 216,626		50,000 <u>1,064,087</u> 1,114,087
Fund balances: Nonspendable Restricted Total fund balances		49,047 75,099,607 75,148,654		280,000 10,608,226 10,888,226		329,047 85,707,833 86,036,880
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	77,640,584	\$	11,255,571	\$	88,896,155

(A Component Unit of the City of Pompano Beach, Florida) RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Fund Balances - total governmental funds			\$	86,036,880
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:				
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds: Governmental capital assets Less accumulated depreciation Assets - right of use Accumulated amortization - right of use	\$	4,006,950 (244,626) 544,485 (98,803)		4,208,006
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are reported as unavailable revenue in the governmental funds financial statements:				
ETA NU Education Foundation		50,000		50,000
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds: Tax increment revenue bonds Financing arrangements payable Accrued interest payable	(	(22,670,000) (411,256) (53,131)	_(	23,134,387)
Net position of governmental activities			\$	67,160,499

(A Component Unit of the City of Pompano Beach, Florida)) STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Ċ	lorthwest ommunity levelopment District		st Community development District	Total	Governmental Funds
Revenues	<u>,</u>	E 4 40 000	•		•	0 400 070
Taxes	\$	5,148,986 3,300,000	\$	4,044,293	\$	9,193,279
Intergovernmental Charges for services		3,300,000 118,269		- 57,466		3,300,000 175,735
Donations		1,000		57,400		1,000
Investment earnings (loss)		(176,686)		(26,595)		(203,281)
Miscellaneous		43,321		7,975		51,296
Total revenues		8,434,890		4,083,139		12,518,029
EXPENDITURES						
Current: Economic environment		2 220 257		899,509		3,219,866
Debt Service:		2,320,357		699,509		3,219,000
Principal		133,229		820,000		953,229
Interest		49,772		281,184		330,956
Capital outlay		3,534,208		463,883		3,998,091
Total expenditures		6,037,566		2,464,576		8,502,142
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
(under) expenditures		2,397,324		1,618,563		4,015,887
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers out		-		(650,000)		(650,000)
Issuance of debt		15,000,000		-		15,000,000
Issuance of debt for leases		544,485		-		544,485
Total other financing sources (uses)		15,544,485		(650,000)		14,894,485
Net change in fund balances		17,941,809		968,563		18,910,372
Fund balances - beginning		57,206,845		9,919,663		67,126,508
Fund balances - ending	\$	75,148,654	\$	10,888,226	\$	86,036,880

(A Component Unit of the City of Pompano Beach, Florida) RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	\$	8 18,910,372
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets are capitalized and depreciated over their estimated useful lives.		
Expenditures for capital assets Less depreciation Loss disposal of capital assets Less amortization of right-to-use assets	\$ 3,453,606 (21,185) (1) (98,803)	3,333,617
Some revenues and expenses reported in the statement of activities are not reported in the funds because they have no effect on current financial resources.		
Change in unavailable revenue Change in accrued interest	 (20,000) (4,959)	(24,959)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. However, neither transaction has any effect on net position.		
Proceeds from financing related to leases Proceeds from debt Principal payments	133,229 (15,000,000) <u>820,000</u>	(14,046,771)
Change in net position - governmental activities	<u>9</u>	8,172,259

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# **Pompano Beach Community Redevelopment Agency** (A Component Unit of the City of Pompano Beach, Florida)

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# **NOTE III - OTHER INFORMATION**

A. Deposits to and withdrawals from the Agency

### (I) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

This summary of the Pompano Beach Community Redevelopment Agency (the "Agency") Significant Accounting Policies is presented to assist the reader in interpreting the financial statements and other data in this report. These policies are considered essential and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

# (A) Financial Reporting Entity

The City of Pompano Beach, Florida (the "City") was delegated by the Broward County Board of County Commissioners (the "County"), the authority to exercise the powers of the Community Redevelopment Act by a resolution passed on October 14, 1980.

On March 17, 1981, by Resolution No. 81-139, the City Commission determined the existence of slum or blighted conditions within a portion of the City, which was then the Community Development Block Grant Target Area and designated such area as appropriate for community redevelopment. This area was generally bounded by Copans Road on the north, Powerline Road on the west, Atlantic Boulevard on the south, and the F.E.C. Railroad on the east.

An additional declaration of blight was made by the City Commission on December 13, 1988, by Resolution No. 89-45. This finding expanded the original redevelopment area to include areas annexed to the City subsequent to the original resolution.

Upon the proper delegation of authority from the County and upon a further finding that it is necessary in the public interest for a community redevelopment agency to be formed to function in the City, the City Commission may create a public body corporate and politic to be known as a "Community Redevelopment Agency" and prepare a Community Redevelopment Plan to carry out the Community Redevelopment purposes outlined in Florida Statutes Chapter 163, Part III.

The Community Redevelopment Agency is a separate legal entity which is comprised of a Northwest District and an East District. Each District does not constitute a separate legal entity unto itself. The Northwest District which was created by the City in 1988 (Ordinance No. 89-27) and the East District which was created by the City in 2001 (Resolution No. 2002-12), collectively referred to as the Agency, were charged with preparing a Community Redevelopment Plan that would meet the requirements of the appropriate state statutes to eliminate blight and slum conditions within the redevelopment areas of the Agency pursuant to the redevelopment plans of the Districts for new residential and commercial activity in the redevelopment area.

As the City and the Agency are separate legal entities, the parties also share the mutual goal of redeveloping the Community Redevelopment Agency areas. The City provides administrative support services in the same manner as provided by the City in the conduct of its own affairs or as otherwise provided by the Agency Plans or By-Laws. The Agency is charged by the City for the provision of these administrative support services in accordance with the Interlocal Agreement between the City and Agency.

The Agency has adopted GASB Statement No. 61, The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus - an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34, for the purpose of

evaluating whether it has any component units. Based on the criteria therein, the Agency has determined that there are no component units that meet criteria for inclusion in the Agency's financial statements.

The Board of Directors of the Agency (the "Board") is governed by five members of the City Commission and the Mayor. Management of the City has operational responsibility for the Agency. The City is considered to be financially accountable for the Agency; the Agency is considered to be a blended component unit in the City's annual comprehensive financial report.

The following is a summary of significant accounting policies of the Agency.

#### (B) Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The basic financial statements consist of the government-wide financial statements and fund financial statements. The government-wide financial statements report information on all of the activities of the Agency, using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the Agency. The statement of activities represents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the Agency's governmental activities. Program revenues derive directly from a program itself. The Agency reports rental revenue and donations as program revenue. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The Agency reports donated assets held for resale and redevelopment as program revenue-operating contributions. Incremental property taxes and other items, not properly included as program revenue are reported instead as general revenue. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Incremental property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Agency's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Their operating statements present sources (revenue and other financing sources) and uses (expenditures and other financing uses) of available spendable resources during the period. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available when collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Agency considers revenue to be available if it is collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Incremental property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Rental revenue, proceeds from the sale of property and investment earnings associated with the current fiscal periods are all considered to be measurable and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period, if available. All other revenue is considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Agency or property has legally transferred to the Agency. Expenditures, other than debt service are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting.

Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide financial statements, reconciliations are necessary to explain the adjustments needed to transform the fund-based financial statements into the governmental activities column of the government-wide presentation.

The Agency reports the Northwest and East Districts as major governmental funds in the accompanying financial statements. The Northwest and East District funds account for the activity of the Agency, which uses tax-increment financing to encourage development in the Northwest and East community redevelopment areas.

# (C) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, time and demand deposits and short term investments with original maturity dates within three months of the date acquired by the Agency.

#### (D) Investments

Investments in participating interest-earning contracts that have a remaining maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less are reported at amortized cost. All other investments are reported at fair value or amortized cost. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The Agency categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles.

# (E) Capital Assets

Capital assets recorded in the government-wide statements are stated at historical cost or estimated historical cost and include buildings, improvements other than buildings and machinery and equipment. Contributed capital assets are recorded at acquisition value when received.

Depreciation on all assets meeting the Agency's capitalization threshold of \$1,000 including those obtained through contributions is charged to operations.

Depreciation is provided using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets. Estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings	15-50 Years
Improvements other than buildings	5-50 Years
Machinery and equipment	3-15 Years

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. The City records impairment losses on long lived assets used in operations when events or circumstances indicate the assets might be impaired. No impairment losses have been recorded.

In governmental fund financial statements, the cost associated with the acquisition or construction of capital assets are shown as capital outlay expenditures. Capital assets are not shown on the governmental fund balance sheets and no depreciation expense is recognized in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances.

# (F) Leases

Leases are defined by the general government as the right to use an underlying asset. As lessee, the Agency recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-of-use lease asset at the beginning of a lease unless the lease is considered a short-term lease or transfers ownership of the underlying asset. Right-of-use lease assets are measured based on the net present value of the future lease payments at inception, using the weighted average cost of capital, which approximates the incremental borrowing rate. Re-measurement of a lease liability occurs when there is a change in the lease term and/or other changes that are likely to have a significant impact on the lease liability. The Agency calculates the amortization of the discount on the lease liability and reports that amount as outflows of resources. Payments are allocated first to accrued interest liability and then to the lease liability. Variable lease payments based on the usage of the underlying assets are not included in the lease liability calculations, but are recognized as outflows of resources in the period in which the obligation was incurred.

As lessor, the Agency recognizes a lease receivable. The lease receivable is measured using the net present value of future lease payments to be received for the lease term and deferred inflow of receivables at the beginning of the lease term. Periodic amortization of the discount on the receivable are reported as interest revenue for that period. Deferred inflows of resources are recognized as inflows on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. This recognition does not apply to short-term leases, contracts that transfer ownership, leases of assets that are investments, or certain regulated leases. Any initial direct costs are reported as an outflow of resources for that period. Re-measurement of lease receivables occur when there are modifications, including but not limited to changes in the contract price, lease term, and adding or removing an underlying asset to the lease agreements. In the case of a partial or full lease termination, the carrying value of the lease receivable and the related deferred inflow of resources will be reduced and will include a gain or loss for the difference. For lease contracts that are short-term, the Agency recognizes short-term lease payments as inflows of resources (revenues) based on the payment provisions of the lease contract. Liabilities are only recognized if payments are received in advance, and receivables are only recognized if payments are received subsequent to the reporting period.

#### (G) Deferred Inflows of Resources

The governmental funds financial statements includes a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent the acquisition of net assets applicable to future periods and will not be recognized as revenue until the future period to which it applies.

# (H) Risk Management

The City's risk management funds charge the Agency insurance premiums. The amount of the annual premium charged to the Agency by the City represents the maximum liability of the Agency for any related losses incurred for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. Consequently, the Agency does not retain its own liability on outstanding cases or claims against it beyond the maximum premium paid.

The City, which includes the Agency, is self-insured for automobile liability, general liability, including public official's liability and property damage claims pursuant to Florida Statute Section 768.28 (Waiver of Sovereign Immunity in Tort Actions; Recovery Limits; Limitation on Attorney Fees; Statute of Limitations; Exclusions; Indemnification; Risk Management Programs). Per Florida Statute Section 768.28, the City has statutory limits for general and automobile liability of up to \$200,000 per person and \$300,000 per occurrence. The City is also self-insured for workers' compensation claims, in accordance with Florida Statute Section 440. Workers' compensation claims are self-insured up to \$350,000 per occurrence and property damage (buildings and contents) up to \$100,000 per occurence, with property damage claims, related to named hurricane/windstorm, having a 5% of total location value deductible. Excess insurance policies apply above these self-insured levels.

### (I) Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts and gain/loss on bond refunding are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method, which is not materially different than the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the unamortized amount of the applicable bond premium/discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed as incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Payments on debt are recorded as expenditures. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Debt issuance costs, except any portion related to prepaid insurance costs, are recognized as an expense in the period incurred in government-wide statements. Prepaid insurance costs are reported as an asset and recognized as an expense over the duration of the related debt.

#### (J) Unearned/Unavailable Revenue

Resources that do not meet revenue recognition requirements (not earned) are recorded as unearned revenue in the government-wide and the governmental fund financial statements. These amounts represent rent deposits. In addition, amounts related to governmental fund receivables that are measurable, but not available (not received within 60 days from fiscal year end), are recorded as unavailable (a deferred inflow of resources)

in the governmental fund financial statements.

# (K) Advances to/from City

Activity between the City and Agency that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "Advances To City" or "Advances From City" as applicable.

# (L) Fund Equity/Net Position

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance classifications are as follows:

 Restricted Fund Balance - amounts that are restricted to specific purposes when constraints placed on the use of resources are either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

The government-wide financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is categorized as follows:

- Net Investment in Capital Assets consists of capital assets and right-to-use leased assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of bonds, notes, or other obligations that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, or improvement of those assets or related obligations are also included in this component of net position.
- Restricted Net Position amounts that are restricted to specific purposes when constraints placed on the use of resources are either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation's.

# (M) Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, deferred inflows/outflows and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

#### (N) Implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements

New Accounting Pronouncements: In June 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases.* This statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by

requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. The requirements of this statement are effective for financial statements for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021. The City has implemented GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases* in this annual report.

# (II) DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

### (A) Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments

The following are components of the Agency's cash, cash equivalents and investments at September 30, 2022:

	Unrestricted			Restricted				
		h and cash uivalents	Investments	Cash and equivaler		Investments		Total cash, cash equivalents and investments
Governmental activities:								
Northwest Community								
Redevelopment District	\$	924,255	\$ 26,564,403	\$ 15,02	4,866 \$	; .	- \$	42,513,524
East Community								
Redevelopment District		758,811	4,953,341	1	1,281	-		5,723,433
Total governmental	\$	1,683,066	§ 31,517,744	\$ 15,03	5,147 \$		- \$	48,236,957

#### Public Deposits:

At September 30, 2022, the book balance of the Agency's deposits was \$16,719,213. Deposits whose balance exceeds the limits of federal depository insurance are collateralized pursuant to Florida Statutes, Chapter 280, Florida Security for Public Deposits Act (the Act). Under this Act, financial institutions which are qualified as public depositories place with the State Board of Administration ("SBA"), securities which have a market value equal to 50 percent of the average daily balance for each month of all public deposits in excess of applicable deposit insurance. The Public Deposit Security Trust Funds have a procedure to allocate and recover losses in the event of default or insolvency. When public deposits are made in accordance with Chapter 280, no public depositor shall be liable for any loss thereof. It is the Agency's practice to ensure that all its public deposits are maintained with a qualified depository and as a result, all Agency depositories at fiscal year end were designated as qualified public depositories in accordance with Florida Statute. Therefore, all deposits are insured or collateralized.

#### Investment Authorization:

The Agency's investment program is established in accordance with the Agency's investment policy, which was adopted via resolution by the Board, and Florida State Statute Chapter 218.415, Local Government Investment Policies, which establishes investment plan guidelines for local governments in Florida. Authorized investments include Florida Local Government Surplus Trust Fund, United States Government securities, United States Government Agency securities with the full faith and credit of the United States Government, Federal Instrumentalities (Government Sponsored Enterprises), Repurchase Agreements, Commercial Paper, Corporate Notes, Asset Backed Securities, Banker Acceptances, State and/or Local Government Taxable and/or Tax-Exempt Debt, Money Market Mutual Funds, Intergovernmental Investment Pools and Savings Accounts of financial institutions that are Qualified Public Depositories, in accordance with Florida State Statute Chapter 280.01, Security for Public Deposits.

The Agency's investment policy stipulates the following maximum portfolio percentages:

Authorized Investments	Maximum % Portfolio Composition	Maximum % Individual Issuers	Maximum % Individual Sectors
Florida Local Government Surplus Funds	25%		
Trust Fund	25%	NA	NA
U.S. Government Securities	100% <sup>(1)</sup>	NA	NA
U.S. Government Agencies	50%	10%	NA
U.S. Sponsored Agencies	80%	25%	NA
Interest Bearing Time Deposit	10%	10%	NA
Repurchase Agreements	20% <sup>(2)</sup>	5%	NA
Commercial Paper	25%	2%	10%
Corporate Notes	25%	2%	10%
Asset Backed Securities	10%	2%	5%
Bankers' Acceptances State/Local Government Taxable/Tax	15%	5%	NA
Exempt General Obligation Bonds State/Local Government Taxable/Tax	25%	NA	NA
Exempt Revenue/Excise Tax Bonds	10%	NA	NA
Money Market Mutual Funds	35%	15%	NA
Intergovernmental Investment Pools	25%	NA	NA

<sup>(1)</sup> 10% for treasury strips

<sup>(2)</sup> excludes one (1) business day agreements and overnight sweep agreements NA-not applicable

# Security:

The Agency has a third party custodial arrangement with certain financial institutions to accept securities on a delivery vs. payment basis for direct purchase agreements. Securities purchased in the Agency's name are registered in the name of the Agency by an agent of these entities and are confirmed with safekeeping statements.

#### Fair Value Measurement

The Agency categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure fair value of the assets. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in an active market for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The Intergovernmental Investment Pool invests mainly in US government and agency securities and asset-backed securities. The underlying securities have level 1 quoted

pricing inputs or level 2 significant other observable pricing inputs. Most of the security prices were obtained from a pricing service, Interactive Data Corporation (IDC). While the underlying asset values are based on quoted prices or market-corroborated inputs, the net asset value of the portfolio is not publicly quoted. As such, this is reported as level 2, since the value is based on market-corroborated data. The Agency does not value any of its investments using level 1 or level 3 inputs.

The Agency has the following recurring fair value measurements as of September 30, 2022:

		Fair Value Hierarchy				
Investments by fair value level	Reported Value	Quotes Price in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)			Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
U.S. Treasury Notes	\$ 5,423,313	/	-	\$	5,423,313	
U.S. Sponsored Agencies	18,701,787		-		18,701,787	-
Corporate Bonds	 7,392,644		-		7,392,644	
Total investments by fair value						
level	31,517,744	\$	_	\$	31,517,744	<u>\$</u>
Demand Deposits	14,793,823					
Money Market Mutual Funds						
(Exempt)	 1,925,390					
Total Government-wide	\$ 48,236,957					

#### **Risk Disclosures:**

*Interest Rate Risk* – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates.

The Agency employs multiple investment duration and investment management strategies which seek to minimize the Agency's portfolio interest rate risk. The Agency maintains sixty days or more of liquidity in overnight investments and remaining assets are invested in short term securities with maturity and diversification limitations to further minimize changes in market price, as interest rates change.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the Agency's investments to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the Agency's investments by maturity at September 30, 2022:

	Remaining Maturity (in years)				
		Reported			
Investment Type		Value	Less than 1	1 to 2	
U.S. Treasury Notes	\$	5,423,313	\$ 5,025,622	\$ 397,691	
U.S. Sponsored Agencies		18,701,787	14,525,211	4,176,576	
Corporate Bonds		7,392,644	4,516,123	2,876,521	
Money Market Mutual Funds		1,925,390	1,925,390	-	
	\$	33,443,134	\$ 25,992,346	\$ 7,450,788	
Breakdown Government-wide Investments					
(subject to interest rate risk)	\$	33,443,134			
Deposits					
(not subject to interest rate risk) Demand Deposits		14,793,823			
Total Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments	\$	48.236.957			
11176311161113	$\varphi$	40,230,937			

*Credit Risk* – This is the risk that a security or a portfolio will lose some or all of its value due to a real or perceived change in the ability of the issuer to repay its debt. One measure of the perceived credit risk of an issuer is the credit rating. The Agency's investment policy provides strict guidelines and limits investments to highly rated securities with minimum ratings of AAA for money market funds, AA for corporate notes, A-1 for commercial paper and AAA for U.S. Agencies and U.S. Treasuries. To further minimize credit risk the Agency's investment policy also provides asset allocation limits for each security type. Issuer limits are also provided for certain investment types. Corporate notes limits (25%) and commercial paper limits (25%) are established with additional asset allocation limits for the sector (10%) and issuer (2%). Asset backed securities (10%) are established with additional asset allocation limits for the sector (5%) and issuer (2%). There were no individual investments in a single issuer that exceeded 5% of the investments. The following table discloses composite credit ratings by investment type for the Agency as rated by Moody's or Standard & Poor's (Fitch for LGIP) at September 30, 2022:

	Rating at September 30, 2022					
	Reported			Aaa/AAA/Aa		
Investment Type	Value	AAAm	P-1	A/AA/A-1		
U.S. Treasury Notes	\$ 5,423,313	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,423,313		
U.S. Sponsored Agencies	18,701,787	-	4,709,077	13,992,710		
Corporate Bonds	7,392,644	-	-	7,392,644		
Money Market Mutual Funds	1,925,390	1,925,390				
Total Investments						
with Credit Risk	33,443,134	<u>\$ 1,925,390</u>	\$4,709,077	<u>\$ 26,808,667</u>		
Demand Deposits	14,793,823					
Total Agency Portfolio	\$ 48,236,957					

#### (B) Receivables and Other Assets, net

Receivables at fiscal year-end for the Agency's governmental individual major funds are as follows:

Governmental	NW CRA		 East CRA		Total	
Leased assets ETA NU Foundation Note	\$	896,508 50,000	\$ 188,515 -	\$	1,085,023 50,000	
Total	\$	946,508	\$ 188,515	\$	1,135,023	

On May 15, 2018 the Agency provided a \$150,000 economic development loan to the ETA NU Education Foundation. The loan is non-interest bearing as it was provided to carry out the objectives for the Agency.

The loan payments are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	Р	rincipal	Interest		Total
2022	\$	20,000	\$	- \$	20,000
2023		20,000		-	20,000
2024		10,000		-	10,000
Total	\$	50,000	\$	- \$	50,000

#### <u>Mortgages</u>

The Northwest Community Redevelopment District (the Northwest District) provided qualified individuals with loans/grants to build new homes at the Canal Point (10 year amortization period), Sabal Chase (30 year amortization period), and Ortanique Estates (30 year amortization period) subdivisions which were reported as community redevelopment expenses/expenditures. In addition, the Northwest District also provided similar grants for various infill housing projects during the current fiscal year. The Northwest District has placed a mortgage lien on these new homes with a covenant that the owner must reside at the property for the respective period of time in order to remain eligible for the grant. The Northwest District's reasonable assumption is that the homeowner will reside at the home for the stipulated period. The Northwest District maintains a memorandum record of the outstanding mortgage amounts related to these grants. These amounts are reduced ratably over the 10 year period as it relates to the grants for the Canal Point subdivision and the infill housing projects. Should the homeowner move, sell or refinance, the Northwest District is paid a prorated amount of the initial grant. After the 10 year period the amounts relating to these mortgages are forgiven. As it relates to the Sabal Chase and Ortanique Estates grants, these amounts are not amortized over the 30 year period. After the 30 year period the amounts relating to these mortgages are forgiven. During fiscal year 2022, no one defaulted on the terms

of the grants and consequently, the Northwest District did not receive any repayments related to these grants. At September 30, 2022 the unamortized amount outstanding related to these grants was \$569,848. Due to the reasonable assumption made above of expected homeowner residence for the grant period, a receivable has not been recorded.

#### Assets Held for Resale and Redevelopment

The Agency acquires and develops property in economically depressed areas, for the intention of rendering the property suitable for economic development and then reselling it to private sector purchasers meeting certain criteria. Since these properties are acquired with the express intent of resale and development, they are reported at lower of cost/donated value or net realizable value. Assets donated from the City or other related entities are recorded at the carrying value of the donor entity. Donated assets from other sources are recorded at lower of cost/donated value or net realizable value. The cost basis of assets held for resale and development include costs incurred to acquire the asset and prepare the asset for resale and development, such as purchase price, closing fees, surveys, lot clearing, demolition, judgments levied through suits, costs of construction, permits etc. These assets include land, land improvements and buildings. Upon the sale of these assets, a gain or loss is recognized. When the net realizable amount is less than the carrying amount, a loss would be recognized. Gains are recorded as a gain from sale of capital assets in the government-wide statements and proceeds from sale of capital assets in the fund financial statements and losses are recorded as economic environment expenses/expenditures.

Assets held for resale and redevelopment activity for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Assets held for resale and	¢ 20.442.052	¢	<u></u>	¢ 20.442.052
redevelopment	<u>\$ 39,113,052</u>	<u>&gt;                                    </u>	<u> </u>	<u>\$ 39,113,052</u>

#### (C) Capital Assets and Construction Commitments

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
<b>Governmental activities:</b> Capital assets, not being depreciated Construction in progress*	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 3,453,606	\$	\$ 3,453,606
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Improvements other than buildings	355,604	-	-	355,604
Machinery and equipment	200,290		2,550	197,740
Total capital assets being depreciated	555,894		2,550	553,344
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Improvements other than buildings	44,891	14,612	-	59,503
Machinery and equipment	181,099	6,573	2,549	185,123
Total accumulated depreciation	225,990	21,185	2,549	244,626
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	329,904	(21,185)	1	308,718
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 329,904	\$ 3,432,421	<u>\$1</u>	\$ 3,762,324

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the Agency as follows:

Governmental activities:	
Economic environment	\$ 21,185
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 21,185

The Agency has active construction projects as of September 30, 2022. Significant projects that were ongoing as of September 30, 2022 for governmental activities with significant commitments, were as follows:

Project	Expended through Remaining September 30, 2022 Commitments				
CRA Downtown Drainage	\$	236,976 \$	465,924		
Pier Street West Street		813,535	1,197,769		
	\$	1,050,511 \$	1,663,693		

#### (D) Leases

#### Lessor

For the year ended September 30, 2022, the financial statements include the adoption of GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The primary objective of this statement is to enhance the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. This statement establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. A lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. For additional information, refer to the disclosures below.

The Agency entered into 13 building leases and 1 land lease. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$1,318,306. As of September 30, 2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$1,085,023. The lessees are required to make annual fixed payments of \$240,369. The leases have interest rates from 0.43% - 3.00%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of September 30, 2022 was \$1,064,087, and the Agency recognized lease revenue of \$254,218 during the fiscal year.

Governmental Activities							
Term Range Lease Receivable as of Lease Receivable as							
Classification	in Months	Comr	nencement Date	of September 30, 2022	2		
Buildings	24-120	\$	1,217,541	\$ 984,25	8		
Land	60		100,765	100,76	5		
Total lease receivable		\$	1,318,306	\$ 1,085,02	3		

#### **Receipts Forecast**

	Governmental Activities					
Year Ending	Principal and Interest Expected to Maturity					
September 30	<u>Principal</u> Interest Tot					
2023	\$	248,222	\$ 24,537	\$	272,759	
2024		231,212	14,924		246,136	
2025		177,185	31,532		208,717	
2026		134,099	12,501		146,600	
2027		96,758	8,952		105,710	
2028-2032		197,547	10,380		207,927	
Total	\$	1,085,023	\$ 102,826	\$	1,187,849	

Covernmental Astivities

#### Lessee

For the year ended September 30, 2022, the financial statements include the adoption of GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The primary objective of this statement is to enhance the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. This statement establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset.

For additional information, refer to the disclosures below.

The Agency entered into 10 leases related to Governmental Activities for the use of various buildings and land. The terms range from 60 months to 132 months beginning on the contract commencement date. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$544,485. As of September 30, 2022, the value of the lease liability is \$411,256. The Agency is required to make annual payments ranging from \$237 to \$40,063 through the terms of the leases. The leases have an interest rate of 3.00%. The value of the right to use asset as of September 30, 2022 of \$544,485 with accumulated amortization of \$98,803 and is included with buildings and land on the Lease Class activities table found below.

The following is a summary of leased asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2022:

Governmental activities:	Beginnir Balance	•	In	creases	Decre	ases	Total
Leased assets							
Land - right to use	\$	-	\$	54,298	\$	- \$	54,298
Buildings - rights to use		-		490,187		-	490,187
Total leased assets		-		544,485			544,485
Accumulated Amortization							
Land - right to use		-		14,484		-	14,484
Buildings - rights to use		-		84,319		-	84,319
Total accumulated amortization		-		98,803			98,803
Total leased assets, net	\$	-	\$	445,682	\$	- \$	445,682
			_				

#### **Amortization Expense**

Amortization expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Governmental activities:		
Community development	<u>\$</u>	98,803
Total amortization expense	\$	98,803

Total future minimum lease payments under lease agreements are as follows:

Year Ending	Governmental Activities					
September 30	Principal	Interest	Total			
2023	\$ 126,322	\$ 12,412	\$ 138,734			
2024	43,416	8,622	52,038			
2025	43,620	7,367	50,987			
2026	46,479	6,020	52,499			
2027	49,449	4,606	54,055			
2028-2032	101,970	4,678	106,648			
Total	\$ 411,256	\$ 43,705	\$ 454,961			

#### (E) Unearned/Unavailable Revenue

Unearned/Unavailable revenue at fiscal year end for the Agency's governmental individual major funds are as follows:

Governmental Activities	 NW CRA		ast CRA	Total	
Unearned revenue: Prepaid Rent	\$ 4,500	\$	-\$	4,500	
Total unearned revenue	\$ 4,500	\$	- \$	4,500	
Unavailable revenue: Deferred Lease Revenue ETA NU foundation Total unavailable revenue	\$ 847,461 50,000 897,461	\$	216,626\$	1,064,087 50,000 1,114,087	

#### (F) Advances to/from City and Transfers to/from City

The composition of advances from City as of September 30, 2022, is as follows:

Advances From City		Amount				
General Fund	\$	1,189,955				

This amount represents a long-term payable to the Agency to cover the purchase of two (2) properties that would enable the development of a 30 acre Commerce Park at the northeast quadrant of Atlantic Boulevard and Interstate 95. The loan has a fixed annual interest rate of 2.91%, amortized over a 20 year term.

The annual requirements to pay on the advance from the City to the NW CRA District Fund are as follows:

	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 343,824	\$ 36,568	\$ 380,392
2024	353,829	26,562	380,391
2024	364,125	16,266	380,391
2025	128,177	5,670	133,847
	<u>\$ 1,189,955</u>	\$ 85,066	\$ 1,275,021

I ransfers in/out are as follows:	
	Transfers
	ln:
	Parking
Transfers out	Fund
East District Fund*	\$ 650,000

e ...

\*Transfer from East CRA District to the Parking Fund was due to an Interlocal Agreement between the City and the CRA to contribute to the Oceanside Project located at 109 North Ocean Boulevard.

#### (G) Long-term Obligations

. . .

Summarized below is the Agency's debt issued to finance the acquisition of properties for community development and capital projects, which were outstanding at September 30, 2022.

#### **Governmental Activities Debt:**

On April 23, 2013 the Pompano Beach Community Redevelopment Agency Board authorized the issuance of tax increment revenue bonds – Series 2013A and B (collectively known as the Series 2013 bonds). The Series 2013 bonds were subsequently issued on June 20, 2013. The Series 2013A bonds were issued at a fixed rate of 3.48%, with a final maturity of February 1, 2030, for the purpose of refunding and redeeming the Agency's outstanding tax increment revenue bonds, Series 2010A, which bore an interest rate of 5.13% and had an outstanding balance of \$9,055,000. As a result of the refunding the Series 2010A bonds are considered fully refunded and the outstanding balance has been removed from the financial statements. The Series 2013B bonds were issued at a fixed interest rate of 2.83% and a final maturity of February 1, 2030, to finance the cost of community projects in the East District Redevelopment Area and to cover related costs of issuance in the original aggregate principal amount of \$5,000,000. This Bond and the interest hereon is payable solely from and secured by a lien upon a pledge of the Pledged Tax Increment Revenues.

At September 30, 2022, the Agency had \$7,670,000 outstanding related to this obligation. Principal and interest paid for the current fiscal year and total tax increment revenues were \$1,101,184 and \$4,044,293, respectively. At September 30, 2022, total principal and interest remaining on the bonds is \$8,786,906 payable through February 2030.

• On June 28,2022 the Pompano Beach Community Redevelopment Agency Board

#### POMPANO BEACH COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY

(A Component Unit of the City of Pompano Beach, Florida)

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

authorized the issuance of tax increment revenue bonds – Series 2022. The Series 2022 were subsequently issued on July 6, 2022. The Series 2022 bonds were issued at a fixed rate of 3.00%, with a final maturity of August 1, 2037. The Series 2022 Bonds were issued in order to finance the improvements to Dlxie Highway from SW 2nd Street to NE 10th Street and along Atlantic Boulevard from NW 7th Avenue to Cypress Road within the public rights-of-way. This Bond and the interest hereon is payable soley from and secured by a lien upon a pledge of the Pledged Tax Increment Revenues.

At September 30, 2022, the Agency had \$15,000,000 outstanding related to this obligation. Principal and interest paid for the current fiscal year and total tax increment revenues were \$0 and \$5,148,986, respectively. At September 30, 2022, total principal and interest remaining on the bonds is \$18,883,850 payable through August 1, 2037.

#### Changes in long-term liabilities

	Beginning Balance		0 0		Reductions		 Ending Balance		Due Within One Year	
Governmental activities:					_					
Direct borrowings and direct placements										
Bonds payable:										
Tax increment revenue bonds-East District	\$	8,490,000	\$	-	. \$	\$ 820,000	\$ 7,670,000	\$	845,000	
Tax increment revenue bonds-NW District		-		15,000,000		-	 15,000,000		780,000	
Total bonds payable		8,490,000		15,000,000		820,000	22,670,000		1,625,000	
Total long-term liabilities	\$	8,490,000	\$	15,000,000	\$	\$ 820,000	\$ 22,670,000	\$	1,625,000	

#### **Direct borrowings and direct placements**

The Agency's outstanding liabilities from direct borrowings and direct placements related to governmental activities was \$22,670,000 as of September 30, 2022.

The Series 2013 tax increment revenue bonds are secured by a lien on tax increment revenues generated within the Agency's East District's Redevelopment Area on parity with the 2013A Bonds. The bond resolution contains events of default provisions such as payment defaults; and breaches of bond covenant, agreements and provisions in the bonds. The occurrence of a material adverse effect and certain bankruptcy events provides the bondholders the authority to pursue action in court to enforce collection, however it is not construed as granting the Bondholder to any lien on any real property of the City.

The Series 2022 tax increment revenue bonds are secured solely by the Pledged Revenues generated within the Agency's Northwest District Redevelopment Area. The bond resolution contains events of default provisions such as payment defaults; and breaches of bond covenant, agreements and provisions in the bonds. The occurrence of a material adverse effect and certain bankruptcy events provides the bondholders the authority to pursue action in court to enforce collection, however it is not construed as granting the Bondholders a lien on any real property of the City.

The Agency has no lines of credit. The annual requirements to pay principal and interest on the bonds at September 30, 2022 are as follows:

Govermental Actitivites Direct Borrowings and Direct Placement Activities

#### Bonds:

#### Northwest (NW) CRA District - Series 2022 East CRA District - Series 2013 Tax **Tax Increment Revenue Bond Increment Revenue Bond** Total Subtotal NW Subtotal Governmental Principal Interest District Principal Interest East District Activities 2023 780,000 \$ 481,250 1,261,250 \$ 845,000 \$ 252,213 2,358,463 \$ \$ \$ 1,097,213 \$ 426,600 2024 835,000 1,261,600 875,000 222,285 1,097,285 2,358,885 2025 855,000 401,550 1,256,550 905,000 191,313 1,096,313 2,352,863 2026 375,900 1,260,900 940,000 159,210 1,099,210 2,360,110 885,000 2027 349,350 1,259,350 975,000 125,889 1,100,889 2,360,239 910,000 2028 - 2032 165,996 1,320,750 6,295,750 3,130,000 3,295,996 9,591,746 4,975,000 2033 - 2037 5,760,000 528,450 6,288,450 6,288,450 15,000,000 3,883,850 18,883,850 7,670,000 1,116,906 8,786,906 27,670,756

#### (H) Incremental Property Tax Revenue

The Agency's primary source of revenue is tax-increment funds. This revenue is computed by applying the respective operating tax rates for the City, the County, the Children's Service Council and the North Broward Hospital District, multiplied by the increased value of property located within the boundaries of the redevelopment areas of the Agency in excess of the base property value, minus 5%. The City, the County, the Children's Service Council and the North Broward Hospital District are required to fund this amount annually without regard to tax collections or other obligations.

#### (III) OTHER INFORMATION

Supplies Miscellaneous

Total

Capital outlay Transfers out

#### (A) Deposits to and withdrawals from the Agency

Pursuant to Florida Statute 163.387, listed below is a summary of the sources and amounts of deposits to, and the purpose and amounts of withdrawals from, the Agency for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022:

	NW CR	RA
	Deposits	Withdrawals
Sources of deposits:		
Tax increment revenues	\$ 5,148,986	
Issuance of debt	15,000,000	
Investment earnings (loss)	(176,686)	
Facility rentals & concessions	118,269	
Grants/Contributions	3,300,000	
Leased assets	544,485	
Miscellaneous	44,321	
Purpose of withdrawals:		
Debt service - principal	\$	133,229
Debt service - interest	,	49,772
Professional services		728,438
Reimbursement for services		800,912
Administrative and overhead		323,104
Rentals and leases		4,105
Insurance premiums		24,374
Economic development		385,246
Advertising		651
Supplies		3,463
Capital outlay		2,989,723
Miscellaneous		2,989,725
Leased assets		544,485
Total	\$ 23,979,375 \$	6,037,566
	 East Cl	
	 Deposits	Withdrawals
Sources of deposits:		
Tax increment revenues	\$ 4,044,293	
Investment earnings (loss)	(26,595)	
Facility rentals & concessions	57,466	
Miscellaneous	7,975	
Purpose of withdrawals:		
Debt service - principal	\$	820,000
Debt service - interest		281,184
Professional services		300,046
Reimbursement for services		308,385
Administrative and overhead		80,632
Rentals and leases		4,609
Insurance premiums		12,051
Economic development		183,356
Advertising		1,204
Supplies		3 700

\$

4,083,139 \$

3,700

5,526 463,883

650,000

3,114,576

## **REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

#### POMPANO BEACH COMMUNITY REDEVELPOMENT AGENCY

(A Component Unit of the City of Pompano Beach, Florida) REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE (UNAUDITED) - BUDGETARY BASIS NORTHWEST COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT DISTRICT FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Budgeted	Amounts		
	Original	Final	Actual (Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES Taxes	\$ 5.154.932	\$ 5.154.932	\$ 5.148.986	¢ (E 046)
Intergovernmental	\$ 5,154,932 3.300.000	\$ 5,154,932 3.300.000	\$ 5,148,986 3.300.000	\$ (5,946)
Charges for services	3,300,000 57,447	57,447	3,300,000	- 60,822
Investment earnings (loss)	12,500	12,500	(176,686)	(189,186)
Miscellaneous	20,000	21,000	44,321	23,321
Total revenues	8,544,879	8,545,879	8,434,890	(110,989)
EXPENDITURES				
Current:	2 425 025	4 040 000	2 200 404	4 044 500
Economic environment	3,425,035	4,219,992	3,208,464	1,011,528
Capital outlay Debt service:	7,957,500	28,758,158	4,381,925	24,376,233
Principal	1,489,101	1,489,101	133,229	1,355,872
Interest & other charges	46,291	46,291	49,772	(3,481)
Total expenditures	12,917,927	34,513,542	7,773,390	26,740,152
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		0.10.000.0	.,,	
over (under) expenditures	(4,373,048)	(25,967,663)	661,500	26,629,163
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	1,475,000	1,475,000	-	(1,475,000)
Issuance of debt	-	-	15,000,000	15,000,000
Issuance of debt for leases			544,485	544,485
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,475,000	1,475,000	15,544,485	14,069,485
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ (2,898,048)</u>	<u>\$(24,492,663)</u>	16,205,985	<u>\$ 40,698,648</u>
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING			53,288,966	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING			\$ 69,494,951	

The above schedule reflects certain adjustments to actual expenditures to present data on a basis comparable to the adopted budget. See notes to required supplementary information.

#### POMPANO BEACH COMMUNITY REDEVELPOMENT AGENCY

(A Component Unit of the City of Pompano Beach, Florida) REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE (UNAUDITED) - BUDGETARY BASIS EAST COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT DISTRICT FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Budgeted	Amounts				
	Original	Final	Actual (Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget		
<b>REVENUES</b> Taxes Charges for services Investment earnings (loss) Miscellaneous Total revenues	\$ 4,026,858 78,090 26,100 - 4,131,048	\$ 4,026,858 78,090 26,100 - - 4,131,048	\$ 4,044,293 57,466 (26,595) 7,975 4,083,139	\$ 17,435 (20,624) (52,695) 7,975 (47,909)		
EXPENDITURES Current:						
Economic environment Debt service:	1,427,953	1,622,846	1,030,014	592,832		
Principal Interest & other charges	820,000 281,184	820,000 281,184	820,000 281,184	-		
Capital outlay Total expenditures	<u>1,745,000</u> 4,274,137	<u>5,434,596</u> 8,158,626	<u>1,774,774</u> 3,905,972	<u>3,659,822</u> 4,252,654		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(143,089)	(4,027,578)	177,167	4,204,745		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out	(650,000)	(650,000)	(650,000)			
Total other financing sources (uses) Net change in fund balance FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING FUND BALANCE - ENDING	(650,000) (650,000) \$ (793,089)	(650,000) (650,000) \$ (4,677,578)	(650,000) (650,000) (472,833) 9,403,419 \$ 8,930,586	\$ 4,204,745		

The above schedule reflects certain adjustments to actual expenditures to present data on a basis comparable to the adopted budget. See notes to required supplementary information.

#### POMPANO BEACH COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY (A Component Unit of the City of Pompano Beach) NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (Unaudited) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

#### **Budgetary Information**

The Agency is required to establish a budgetary system and an approved annual budget for the Northwest District Fund and East District Fund. The Agency's budgeting process is based on estimates of cash receipts and cash expenditures which are approved by the Board.

The Agency adopts an annual budget for each District. The budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, except the budgets for each district includes encumbrances as the equivalent of expenditures. A budgetary comparison schedule is presented for each District. Expenditures may not exceed the budget and are controlled at the fund level.

Any budget amendments that increase the aggregate budgeted appropriations must by approved by the Board. The reported budgetary data represents the final approved budget after amendments adopted by the Board.

Adjustments necessary to convert the Northwest District and East District Fund's results of operations and change in fund balances at September 30, 2022 from the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") basis of accounting to the budget basis are as follows:

	Revenues/ her Financing Sources	Expenditures/ Other Financing Uses	Change in Fund Balances
Northwest Community <u>Redevelopment District</u> GAAP Basis Encumbrances	\$ 23,979,375	\$	\$
Budgetary Basis	\$ 23,979,375	\$ 7,773,390	<b>_</b>
East Community <u>Redevelopment District</u> GAAP Basis Encumbrances	\$ 4,083,139 	\$	\$
Budgetary Basis	\$ 4,083,139	\$ 4,555,972	<u>\$ (472,833)</u>

# COMPLIANCE REPORT and MANAGEMENT LETTER



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors and CRA Director Pompano Beach Community Redevelopment Agency Pompano Beach, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the City of Pompano Beach Community Redevelopment Agency (the "Agency") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise the Agency's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 6. 2023.

#### **Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Agency's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that were not identified.

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#### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Agency's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Keefe McCullough

KEEFE McCULLOUGH

Fort Lauderdale, Florida June 6, 2023

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO AGENCY MANAGEMENT

To the Board of Directors and CRA Director Pompano Beach Community Redevelopment Agency Pompano Beach, Florida

#### **Report on Financial Statements**

We have audited the financial statements of the Pompano Beach Community Redevelopment Agency (a component unit of the City of Pompano Beach, Florida) (the "Agency"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and have issued our report thereon dated June 6, 2023.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

#### **Other Reporting Requirements**

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and Independent Accountant's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated June 6, 2023, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

#### **Prior Audit Findings**

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no findings or recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

#### **Official Title and Legal Authority**

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The City of Pompano Beach Community Redevelopment Agency (a component unit of the City of Pompano Beach, Florida) was established May 5, 1988 by the City of Pompano Beach Council Ordinance No. 88-23, pursuant to the laws of the State of Florida. The Agency does not have any component units.

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### Financial Condition and Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we apply appropriate procedures and report the results of our determination as to whether or not the Agency has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the Agency did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the Agency. It is management's responsibility to monitor the Agency's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

#### Specific Information

As required by Section 218.39(3)(c), Florida Statutes, and Section 10.554(1)(i)6, Rules of the Auditor General, the Agency is required to report certain specific information, as the Agency is a dependent special district of the City of Pompano Beach, Florida. This information can be found in the City of Pompano Beach, Florida's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the year ended September 30, 2022.

#### **Additional Matters**

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but warrants attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

#### **Purpose of this Letter**

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Board of Directors and CRA Director and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Keefe McCullough

KEEFE McCULLOUGH

Fort Lauderdale, Florida June 6, 2023



#### INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 218.415, FLORIDA STATUTES AND SECTIONS 163.387(6) AND 163.387(7), FLORIDA STATUTES

To the Board of Directors and CRA Director Pompano Beach Community Redevelopment Agency Pompano Beach, Florida

We have examined City of Pompano Beach Community Redevelopment Agency (a component unit of the City of Pompano Beach, Florida) (the "Agency") compliance with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, *Local Government Investment Policies*, and Sections 163.387(6) and (7), Florida Statutes, *Redevelopment Trust Fund*, during the year ended September 30, 2022. Management is responsible for the Agency's compliance with those specific requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Agency's compliance with those specific requirements based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Agency complied, in all material respects, with the specific requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the Agency complied with the specific requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Agency's compliance with the specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Agency complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2022.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the State of Florida Auditor General, the Board of Directors and CRA Director and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Keefe McCullough

**KEEFE McCULLOUGH** 

Fort Lauderdale, Florida June 6, 2023

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