SANIBEL PUBLIC LIBRARY DISTRICT FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Commissioners Sanibel Public Library District Sanibel, Florida

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the general fund of the Sanibel Public Library District (District) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the general fund of the District as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and the budgetary comparison of the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Sanibel Public Library District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 25, 2023, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Fort Myers, Florida August 25, 2023

The discussion and analysis of the Sanibel Public Library District (District) financial statements is designed to introduce the basic financial statements and provide an analytical overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. The basic financial statements are comprised of the government-wide financial statements, the general fund financial statements, and notes. The information presented in this MD&A should be considered in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

District Highlights

- The District is an independent special district which operates under Chapter 2005-336 Florida Statutes and is governed by an elected seven-member Board of Commissioners (Board). The Commissioners are elected for a four-year term (except for the first term where four members were elected for two years to allow for staggering the terms of the members).
- As of September 30, 2022, the District had nine full-time employees and nine part-time employees.
- At close of fiscal year 2022, the District's assets exceeded its liabilities, resulting in net position of \$11,641,414.
- The unrestricted net position of \$3,052,452 can be used to meet ongoing obligations of the District and fund projects designated by the Board.

Government-wide Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements (statement of net position and statement of activities found on pages 8 and 9) are intended to allow a reader to assess a government's operational accountability. Operational accountability is defined as the extent to which the government has met its operation objectives efficiently and effectively, using all resources available for that purpose, and whether it can continue to meet its objectives for the foreseeable future. Government-wide financial statements concentrate on the District as a whole and do not emphasize fund types.

The statement of net position (page 8) presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. The District's capital assets (land, building, and equipment) are included in this statement and reported net of their accumulated depreciation, when applicable.

The statement of activities (page 9) presents revenue and expense information showing how the District's net position changed during the fiscal year. Both statements are measured and reported using the economic resource measurement focus (revenues and expenses) and the accrual basis of accounting (revenue recognized when earned and expenses recognized when a liability is incurred).

Fund Financial Statements

The accounts of the District are organized on the basis of governmental funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The District currently has only one fund, the general fund.

Fund financial statements (found on pages 10 and 12) are prepared on the modified accrual basis using the current financial resources measurement focus. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available as net current assets.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in the preceding statements and begin on page 15. These notes are essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

The government-wide financial statements were designed so the user could determine if the District is in better or worse financial condition from the prior year.

The following is a condensed summary of net position for the primary government as of September 30:

	2022	2021
ASSETS Current and Other Assets Capital Assets (Net)	\$ 3,291,540 8,619,542	\$ 2,922,309 9,384,430
Total Assets	11,911,082	12,306,739
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities	233,396	173,273
Noncurrent Liabilities	36,272	41,296
Total Liabilities	269,668	214,569
NET POSITION		
Investment in Capital Assets	8,588,962	9,384,430
Unrestricted	3,052,452	2,707,741
Total Net Position	\$ 11,641,414	\$ 12,092,171

Current and other assets represent 27% of total assets. Current assets include unrestricted cash and cash equivalents of \$3,202,087.

The net investment in capital assets is comprised of the building, equipment, and lending collections net of accumulated depreciation, and related liabilities incurred to acquire the capital assets.

The following schedule reports the revenues and expenses of the District for fiscal years ended September 30:

	2022	2021
REVENUES		
General Revenues:		
Property Taxes	\$ 2,298,598	\$ 2,225,534
Interest	 6,133	 6,133
Total General Revenues	2,304,731	2,231,667
Program Revenues:		
Operating Grants	37,120	30,774
Contributions	22,817	111,830
Charges for Services	27,164	19,365
Fines and Fees	6,511	 6,685
Total Program Revenues	 93,612	 168,654
Total Revenues	2,398,343	2,400,321
EXPENSES		
Personal services	1,335,202	1,212,246
Operating	594,994	562,087
Interest	680	-
Depreciation	422,741	413,280
Loss on Disposition of Capital Assets	6,989	-
Loss on Impairment of Capital Assets	 488,494	 -
Total Expenses	 2,849,100	 2,187,613
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	\$ (450,757)	\$ 212,708

Total general revenues increased over prior year due to an increase in real estate values compared to the prior fiscal year. The millage rate of 0.4350 mills remained consistent from 2020-21 to 2021-22.

Revenues remained relatively consistent for 2021-22 as compared to 2020-21. Total revenues decreased slightly from \$2,400,321 in 2020-21 to \$2,398,343 for 2021-22, decrease of \$1,978 year over year. Program expenses increased from \$2,187,613 in 2020-21 to \$2,849,100 for 2021-22, increase of \$661,487 year over year. The increase in expenses for the current year is primarily due to impairment loss recorded for capital assets in the amount of \$488,494 due to Hurricane lan damage in addition to increases in payroll and operating costs year over year.

Budgetary Highlights

The District adopts an annual budget for its funds as required by Florida Statute. There were no budget amendments during the fiscal year. See page 14 for more information.

Debt and Lease Obligations

As of September 30, 2022, the District had an outstanding lease payable in the amount of \$30,580 for lease of three copier machines in addition to amounts outstanding for compensated absences. See Note 4 for more information.

Capital Assets

Nondepreciable capital assets include land and improvements, and art and shell collections. Depreciable assets include buildings, equipment, and the lending collection. The following is a schedule of the District's capital assets as of September 30, 2022:

CAPITAL ASSETS Land and Items not being Depreciated Capital Assets being Depreciated: Building and Improvements Furniture and Equipment Right-to-Use Equipment Lending Collection	\$ 9,259,303 617,567 38,180 2,056,199	\$ 584,244
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated		11,971,249
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION		
Buildings and Improvements	(2,409,883)	
Furniture and Equipment	(229,884)	
Right-to-Use Equipment	(8,037)	
Lending Collection	(1,288,147)	
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(3,935,951)
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated, Net		8,035,298
Total Capital Assets, Net		\$ 8,619,542

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget Rates

The factors taken into consideration when preparing the budget for fiscal year 2022-23 were:

• The Board approved the millage rate for fiscal year 2022-23 in the amount of .4150 mills, which decreased from .4350 mills for the 2021-22 fiscal year.

Request for Information

The financial report is designed to provide the reader an overview of the Sanibel Public Library District. Questions regarding any information provided in this report should be directed to: Sanibel Public Library, 770 Dunlop Road, Sanibel, Florida 33957, or by calling 239-472-2483.

SANIBEL PUBLIC LIBRARY DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,743,328
Investments	1,458,759
Taxes Receivable	12,603
Prepaid Items	76,850
Capital Assets:	
Non-depreciable	584,244
Depreciable, Net	8,035,298
Total Assets	11,911,082
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	49,738
Accrued Liabilities	23,835
Retirement Contribution Payable	137,757
Compensated Absences:	,
Expected to be Paid in One Year	14,313
Expected to be Paid After One Year	13,445
Lease Obligation Payable:	,
Expected to be Paid in One Year	7,753
Expected to be Paid After One Year	22,827
Total Liabilities	269,668
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	8,588,962
Unrestricted	3,052,452
Total Net Position	\$ 11,641,414

SANIBEL PUBLIC LIBRARY DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

EXPENSES

Culture/Recreation - Library:		
Personal Service	\$	1,335,202
Operating		594,994
Interest		680
Depreciation		422,741
Loss on Disposal of Capital Assets		6,989
Loss on Impairment of Capital Assets		488,494
Total Program Expenses		2,849,100
PROGRAM REVENUES		
Operating Grants and Contributions		59,937
Charges for Services		27,164
Fines and Fees		6,511
Total Program Revenues		93,612
NET PROGRAM EXPENSES		(2,755,488)
GENERAL REVENUES		
Property Taxes		2,298,598
Investment Earnings	_	6,133
Total General Revenues		2,304,731
DECREASE IN NET POSITION		(450,757)
Net Position - Beginning of Year		12,092,171
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$	11,641,414

SANIBEL PUBLIC LIBRARY DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET – GENERAL FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

ASSETS

Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Taxes Receivable Prepaid Items	\$ 1,743,328 1,458,759 12,603 76,850
Total Assets	\$ 3,291,540
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	\$ 49,738
Accrued Liabilities	23,835
Retirement Contribution Payable	 137,757
Total Liabilities	211,330
FUND BALANCES	
Nonspendable:	
Prepaid Items	76,850
Committed to:	
Capital Improvements/Projects	700,000
Emergencies	620,000
Self Insurance - Flood	500,000
Insurance - Deductibles	400,000
Insurance - Unemployment	50,000
Technology	10,000
Unassigned	 723,360
Total Fund Balances	 3,080,210
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 3,291,540

SANIBEL PUBLIC LIBRARY DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Fund Balance - General Fund	\$ 3,080,210
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are, therefore, not reported on the general fund balance sheet.	8,619,542
Compensated absences are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as a liability on the general fund balance sheet.	(27,758)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the fund. Lease Payable	 (30,580)
Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$ 11,641,414

SANIBEL PUBLIC LIBRARY DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

REVENUES Ad Valorem Taxes Contributions Intergovernmental Charges for Services Fines and Fees Interest Total Revenues	\$ 2,298,598 22,817 37,120 27,164 6,511 6,133 2,398,343
EXPENDITURES	
Current:	
Culture/Recreation - Library:	
Personal Service	1,348,740
Operating Expenditures	594,994
Capital Outlay	153,335
Debt Service:	7 000
Principal	7,600
Interest	 680
Total Expenditures	 2,105,349
Excess Revenue Over Expenditures	292,994
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	
Leases	38,180
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	 331,174
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	 2,749,036
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 3,080,210

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

SANIBEL PUBLIC LIBRARY DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Net Change in Fund Balance - General Fund		\$ 331,174
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
The general fund reports capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Transactions involving capital assets are summarized below:		
Capital Outlay	\$ 153,335	
Depreciation Loss on Disposal of Capital Assets	(422,741) (6,989)	
Loss on Impairment of Capital Assets	 (488,494)	(704.000)
		(764,889)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the general fund. This represents the change in		
compensated absences.		13,538
Issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transactions, however, has any effect on net position.		
Proceeds from Leases	\$ (38,180)	
Principal Payments	 7,600	(20 590)
		 (30,580)
Change in Net Position - Governmental Activities		\$ (450,757)

SANIBEL PUBLIC LIBRARY DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES		U		U
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$ 2,474,810	\$ 2,474,810	\$ 2,298,598	\$ (176,212)
Contributions	80,000	80,000	22,817	(57,183)
Intergovernmental	30,000	30,000	37,120	7,120
Charges for Services	24,000	24,000	27,164	3,164
Fines and Fees	4,000	4,000	6,511	2,511
Interest	5,000	5,000	6,133	1,133
Total Revenues	2,617,810	2,617,810	2,398,343	(219,467)
EXPENDITURES Current:				
Culture/Recreation - Library:				
Personal Services:				
Personal Service	1,026,803	1,026,803	1,058,833	(32,030)
Personal Services Benefits	295,000	295,000	289,907	5,093
Operating Expenditures:				
Travel	11,450	11,450	7,736	3,714
Utilities	86,700	86,700	105,993	(19,293)
Insurance	129,468	129,468	110,880	18,588
Promotional Activities	11,500	11,500	10,355	1,145
Printing	6,500	6,500	4,164	2,336
Professional Services	71,500	71,500	68,373	3,127
Repairs and Maintenance	137,300	137,300	101,044	36,256
Office Supplies	23,740	23,740	22,119	1,621
Other Operating Expenditures	319,725	319,725	164,330	155,395
Capital Outlay	234,600	234,600	153,335	81,265
Debt Service:	,		,	- ,
Principal	-	-	7,600	(7,600)
Interest	-	-	680	(680)
Total Expenditures	2,354,286	2,354,286	2,105,349	248,937
	2,001,200	2,001,200	2,100,010	210,001
Excess Revenues Over				
Expenditures	263,524	263,524	292,994	29,470
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
Leases			38,180	(38,180)
EXCESS REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER				
EXPENDITURES	263,524	263,524	331,174	(8,710)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	2,749,036	2,749,036	2,749,036	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 3,012,560	\$ 3,012,560	\$ 3,080,210	\$ 29,470

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Defining the Governmental Reporting Entity

The Sanibel Public Library District (District) is an independent special district created to provide public library services within the boundaries of the City of Sanibel. The District was created pursuant to Chapter 2005-336, Laws of Florida. The District's first Board of Commissioners (Board) was elected on March 7, 2006. The Board's first official meeting was on March 17, 2006. Operations of the District effectively commenced on April 1, 2006.

The business and affairs of the District are governed by a board of seven commissioners, who serve on a staggered four-year term basis.

The Financial Reporting Entity Standard requires the financial statements of the District (the primary government) to include its component units, if any. A component unit is a legally separate organization for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. There are no component units required to be included in the District's financial statements.

Basic Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements consist of a statement of net position and a statement of activities that report information about the District as a whole. The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of the District's program are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific program. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given program, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund financial statements are presented to report additional and detailed information about the District. Fund financial statements accompany the government-wide financial statements and present a summary reconciliation to explain differences between the data reported in the general fund and the data reported for the corresponding governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements have been met.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

<u>Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation</u> (Continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments are recorded only when such liabilities have matured.

Ad valorem property taxes are recorded as revenues in the fiscal year in which the taxes are due and collected within 60 days of fiscal year-end. Intergovernmental revenues are recognized at the time of receipt. Investment earnings are recognized when earned. All other revenue items are recognized when cash is received by the District, as any potential receivable amounts are not significant.

Fund Accounting

The accounts of the District are organized on the basis of a fund which is accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund balance, revenue, and expenditures, as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in the fund based upon the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The following governmental fund is used by the District and is reported as major in the financial statements:

<u>General Fund</u> – The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District. All financial resources, which are not specifically restricted or designated as to use, are recorded in the General Fund.

Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. The District utilizes the consumption method of accounting for prepaid items, which provides that the expenditures are initially reported as assets and the recognition of the expenditures are deferred until consumed.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported only in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are those acquired for general government purposes with an initial, individual cost equal to or more than \$1,000 and an estimated useful life of more than one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated assets are recorded at their estimated acquisition value at the date of the donation. The cost of all lending collection assets is recorded at date of purchase. Maintenance, repairs, and minor renovations are not capitalized.

Capital assets of the District are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	39 Years
Land and Building Improvements	10 Years
Furniture and Equipment	5 to 10 Years

The lending collection is depreciated 10% of remaining balance per year for books and 20% for all other lending materials.

Capital assets not being depreciated consist of land, work in process, art, and shell collections.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Per Florida state statutes, the following procedures are followed by the District in establishing its budget:

- 1. During the summer, the executive director submits to the Board for their consideration a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing on October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. Prior to October 1, the budget is adopted through a resolution by the Board.
- 4. Budget transfers and amendments can be made throughout the year by approval of the Board.
- 5. The budget for the General Fund is adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.
- 6. The level of control for appropriations is exercised at the fund level.

Compensated Absences

The District's employees accumulate sick and annual vacation leave based on years of continuous service. Upon termination of employment, employees can receive payment for accumulated vacation leave only if they meet certain criteria.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Compensated Absences (Continued)

The amount of compensated absences recorded as expenditures in the General Fund is the amount accrued during the year that would normally be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. Only compensated absences due and payable at September 30, 2022, are recorded on the balance sheet of the General Fund. Both the current and noncurrent portion of compensated absences are reported in the statement of net position.

Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Fund balance is reported in five components: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

<u>Nonspendable Fund Balance</u> – Amounts that are (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. "Not in spendable form" includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash (such as inventories and prepaid amounts) and items such as long-term amount of loans and notes receivable, as well as property acquired for resale. The corpus (or principal) of a permanent fund is an example of an amount that is legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted Fund Balance</u> – Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes stipulated by (a) external resource providers such as creditors (by debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed Fund Balance</u> – Amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action (resolution) of the District's Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by the Board taking the same formal action (resolution) that imposed the constraint originally. Resources accumulated pursuant to stabilization arrangements sometimes are reported in this category.

<u>Assigned Fund Balance</u> – Includes spendable fund balance amounts established by the library director that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted or committed.

<u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u> – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund. Unassigned fund balance may also include negative balances for the General Fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed, or assigned for those specific purposes.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fund Balance (Continued)

The District expends restricted amounts first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available unless there are legal documents that prohibit doing this, such as in grant agreements requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the District would first use committed fund balance, followed by assigned fund balance, and then unassigned fund balance when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Minimum Fund Balance Policy

The District's policy is to maintain an adequate General Fund unassigned fund balance to provide liquidity to meet seasonal shortfalls in cash flow, and reduce susceptibility to emergency or unanticipated expenditures and/or revenue shortfalls. The District adopted a financial standard to maintain a General Fund minimum unassigned fund balance of approximately four months' worth of operating expenses.

Adoption of New Accounting Standards

In June 2017, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. This standard requires the recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and as inflows of resources or outflows of resources recognized based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this standard, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset. The District adopted GASB 87 during 2022, effective October 1, 2021.

NOTE 2 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

<u>Deposits</u>

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. In accordance with its policy, all District depositories are banks designated by the Florida State Treasurer as qualified public depositories. Chapter 280 of the Florida Statutes, "Florida Security for Public Deposits Act," provides procedures for public depositories to ensure public monies in banks and saving and loans are collateralized with the Treasurer as agent for the public entities. Chapter 280 defines deposits as demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts, and nonnegotiable certificates of deposit.

Financial institutions qualifying as public depositories shall deposit with the Treasurer eligible collateral having a market value equal to or in excess of the average daily balance of public deposits times the depository collateral pledging level required, pursuant to Chapter 280, as computed and reported monthly, or 125% of the average monthly balance, whichever is greater. The Public Deposit Security Trust Fund has a procedure to allocate and recover losses in the event of a default or insolvency. When public deposits are made in accordance with Chapter 280, no public depositor shall be liable for any loss thereof and, therefore, the District is not exposed to custodial credit risk.

NOTE 2 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (CONTINUED)

Deposits (Continued)

As of September 30, 2022, the District's deposits consisted of the following:

Deposits at Financial Institutions	\$ 240,561
Money Market	1,502,767
Nonnegotiable Certificates of Deposit	 1,458,759
Total Deposits	\$ 3,202,087

NOTE 3 CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2022 is as follows:

	Balance October 1, 2021	Increases	Decreases	Balance September 30, 2022		
Capital Assets not being Depreciated: Land	\$ 511,955	\$-	\$-	\$ 511,955		
Art and Shell Collections	72,289	-	·	72,289		
Total Capital Assets not being Depreciated	584,244	_	_	584,244		
being Depresided	507,277	_	_	504,244		
Capital Assets being Depreciated:						
Buildings and Improvements	9,671,010	-	(488,494)	9,182,516		
Land Improvements	76,787	-	-	76,787		
Furniture and Equipment	625,784	4,878	(13,095)	617,567		
Right-to-Use Equipment	-	38,180	-	38,180		
Lending Collections	1,957,922	110,277	(12,000)	2,056,199		
Total Capital Assets being			/- /			
Depreciated	12,331,503	153,335	(513,589)	11,971,249		
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:						
Buildings and Improvements	2,153,192	241,555	-	2,394,747		
Land Improvements	12,778	2,358	-	15,136		
Furniture and Equipment	174,812	61,178	(6,106)	229,884		
Right-to-Use Equipment	-	8,037	-	8,037		
Lending Collections	1,190,534	109,613	(12,000)	1,288,147		
Total Accumulated Depreciation	3,531,316	422,741	(18,106)	3,935,951		
Total Capital Assets being						
Depreciated, Net	8,800,187	(269,406)	(495,483)	8,035,298		
Total Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$ 9,384,431</u>	\$ (269,406)	<u>\$ (495,483)</u>	\$ 8,619,542		

NOTE 4 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The District entered into a five year right-to-use lease obligation for lease of three copier machines. The principal balance outstanding under this lease is recorded as a liability in the basic financial statements of the District (statement of net position). The change in the lease obligation is as follows:

Balance, October 1, 2021	\$ -
Lease Proceeds	38,180
Principal Retirements	 (7,600)
Balance, September 30, 2022	\$ 30,580

The lease is payable in 57 monthly payments of \$690, including interest at a fixed rate of 2.00%, beginning October 1, 2021. Final payment is due on July 1, 2026.

The annual debt service requirements at September 30, 2022 for lease obligations were as follows:

	Principal	Interest	Total		
<u>Fiscal Year Ending Sept 30.</u>	Payments Payments		Payments		
2023	\$ 7,753	\$ 527	\$ 8,280		
2024	7,909	371	8,280		
2025	8,069	211	8,280		
2026	6,849	51	6,900		
Total	\$ 30,580	\$ 1,160	\$ 31,740		

NOTE 5 COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The following is a summary of changes in the District's compensated absences liability for the year ended September 30, 2022:

	Be	ginning					E	inding	Due	e Within
	Ba	alance	Ad	ditions	De	ecreases	Ba	alance	On	ie Year
Governmental Activities										
Compensated Absences	\$	41,296	\$	38,126	\$	(51,664)	\$	27,758	\$	13,445

NOTE 6 PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied after formal adoption of the District's budget and become due and payable on November 1 of each year. Discounts are allowed for payment of property taxes before March 1 of the following year. On April 1, any unpaid taxes become delinquent. If the taxes are still unpaid in May, tax certificates are then offered for sale to the general public.

The Lee County, Florida Tax Collector performs the billing and collection of all property taxes for the District. Taxes are recognized as revenue when levied to the extent that they result in current receivables.

Key dates in the property tax cycle (latest date, where appropriate) are as follows:

July 1	•	Assessment roll validated
September 30	•	Millage resolution approved and taxes levied following certification of assessment roll
October 1	•	Beginning of fiscal year for which tax is to be levied
November 1	•	Property taxes due and payable (levy date) with various discount provisions through March 1
April 1	•	Taxes become delinquent
Prior to June 1	•	Tax certificates sold by Lee County

The Board levied ad valorem taxes at a millage rate of \$0.4350 per \$1,000 of the 2022 net taxable value of real property located within the District. The amount of tax revenue recorded by the District for the year ended September 30, 2022 was \$2,298,598.

NOTE 7 RETIREMENT PLAN

The District maintains a Simplified Employee Pension or "SEP" plan for all eligible employees. Eligible employees are defined as employees who are at least 21 years of age and have at least two years of service. Under the terms of Section 408(k) of the Internal Revenue Code, the District makes contributions in each calendar year to the Individual Retirement Accounts or Individual Annuities of all eligible employees. The contributions are based on a discretionary percentage of the employee's salary. In the current fiscal year, the approved percentage was 16%. Retirement plan expense for the year ended September 30, 2022 was \$137,757.

NOTE 8 RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Insurance coverage for such risk of loss is purchased from commercial insurance companies. The financial impact of the District's risk management activities are reported in the accompanying financial statements. For 2022, the District paid \$110,880 in premiums for policies to insure for these risks. In addition, the Board has committed a portion of the District's unassigned fund balance to meet potential deductible amounts and provide funds in case of excess wind damage.

NOTE 9 ASSET IMPAIRMENT

During 2022, the District reported a capital asset impairment loss of \$488,494 as a result of damage to the library building caused by Hurricane Ian. The library building incurred damage as a result of storm surge flood waters was temporarily closed until February 2023. The loss is reported in the District's financial statements as an operating expense on the Statement of Activities.

NOTE 10 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The District has entered into construction contracts with Interstate Restoration LLC (dba First Onsite) for building repair and restoration due to damages sustained during Hurricane lan in the amount of approximately \$735,000 subsequent to year-end. The District received reimbursements from insurance policies in the amount of \$171,000 for hurricane-related damage claims submitted to date.



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

Board of Commissioners Sanibel Public Library District Sanibel, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and the general fund of the Sanibel Public Library District (District) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated August 25, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Fort Myers, Florida August 25, 2023



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MANAGEMENT LETTER

Board of Commissioners Sanibel Public Library District Sanibel, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the Sanibel Public Library District (District), as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, and have issued our report thereon dated August 25, 2023.

Auditors' Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards,* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, and Independent Accountants' Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated August 25, 2023, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding financial audit report. There were no findings and recommendations made in the preceding financial audit report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. This information has been included in the notes to the basic financial statements.

Financial Condition and Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the District has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the District did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the District. It is management's responsibility to monitor the District's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)(2). Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Special District Component Units

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.d., Rules of the Auditor General, requires, if appropriate, that we communicate the failure of a special district that is a component unit of a county, municipality, or special district, to provide financial information necessary for proper reporting of the component unit within the audited financial statements of the county, municipality, or special district in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statutes. The District does not have any special district component units.

Special District Specific Information

As required by Section 218.39(3)(c), Florida Statutes, and Section 10.554(1)(i)6, Rules of the Auditor General, the Sanibel Public Library District reported:

- a. The total number of district employees compensated in the last pay period of the district's fiscal year as: 15.
- b. The total number of independent contractors to whom nonemployee compensation was paid in the last month of the district's fiscal year as: None.
- c. All compensation earned by or awarded to employees, whether paid or accrued, regardless of contingency as: \$1,343,553.
- d. All compensation earned by or awarded to nonemployee independent contractors, whether paid or accrued, regardless of contingency as: None
- e. Each construction project with a total cost of at least \$65,000 approved by the district that is scheduled to begin on or after October 1 of the fiscal year being reported, together with the total expenditures for such project as: None.
- f. A budget variance based on the budget adopted under Section 189.016(4), Florida Statutes, before the beginning of the fiscal year being reported if the district amends a final adopted budget under Section 189.016(6), Florida Statutes, as: See page 13 of the financial statements.

As required by Section 218.39(3)(c), Florida Statutes, and Section 10.554(1)(i)7, Rules of the Auditor General, the Sanibel Public Library District reported:

- a. The mileage rate or rates imposed by the district as: .4350 mills.
- b. The total amount of ad valorem taxes collected by or on behalf of the district as: \$2,298,598.
- c. The total amount of outstanding bonds issued by the district and the terms of such bonds as: None.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Board, and applicable management, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Fort Myers, Florida August 25, 2023



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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Board of Commissioners Sanibel Public Library District Sanibel, Florida

We have examined Sanibel Public Library District's (District) compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, regarding the investment of public funds, during the year ended September 30, 2022. Management of the District is responsible for the District's compliance with the specified requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance with the specified requirements based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the District complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the District complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

We are required to be independent and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to the engagement.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, regarding the investment of public funds during the year ended September 30, 2022.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the District and the Auditor General, state of Florida, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Fort Myers, Florida August 25, 2023

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