FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2022

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DIBARTOLOMEO, McBEE, HARTLEY & BARNES, P.A.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors Tradition Community Development District 1 Port St. Lucie, Florida

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Tradition Community Development District 1, ("District") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and

comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated July 31, 2023, on our consideration of the Tradition Community Development District 1's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, rules, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

We have also issued our report dated July 31, 2023 on our consideration of the District's compliance with requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, as required by Rule 10.556(10) of the Auditor General of the State of Florida. The purpose of that report is to provide an opinion based on our examination conducted in accordance with attestation Standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

DiBartolomeo, MiBee, Hartly : Barres

DiBartolomeo, McBee, Hartley & Barnes, P.A.

Fort Pierce, Florida July 31, 2023

TRADITION COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT 1 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The Tradition Community Development District 1 (the "District") discussion and analysis is designed to (a) assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, (b) provide an overview of the District's financial activity and financial statements, (c) identify changes in the District's financial position, (d) identify any material deviations from the District's budget, and (e) identify individual fund issues or concerns.

Since the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is designed to focus on the current year's activities, resulting changes and currently known facts, please read it in conjunction with the Auditor's Report (beginning on page 1) and the District's financial statements (beginning on page 8.)

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Expenses exceeded revenues by (\$1,333,121) in the governmental funds, general fund decreased (\$680,000).
- Net position increased \$1,962,606, included in the increase is the recording of depreciation in the amount of \$1,580,720.
- Total costs of all programs were \$5,624,987 in 2022 compared to \$5,040,453 in 2021.
- The District expended \$3,952,044 towards debt service for governmental activities.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities (pages 8 & 9) provide information about the activities of the District as a whole and present a longer-term view of the District's finances. Fund Financial Statements begin on page 10. For governmental activities, these Statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund Financial Statements also report the District's operations in more detail by providing information about the District's most significant funds.

REPORTING THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Our analysis of the District as a whole begins on page 8. One of the most important questions asked about the District's finances is, "Is the District as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the District as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These Statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used in most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two Statements report the District's net position and changes in them. You can think of the District's net position – the difference between assets and liabilities – as one way to measure the District's financial health, or financial position. Over time, *increases* or *decreases* in the District's net assets, is one indicator of whether its *financial* health is improving or deteriorating.

Tradition Community Development District 1 Statement of Net Position

	GOVERNMENT	AL ACTIVITIES	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES		TOT	ΓAL	
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	
Current assets	\$ 7,328,925	\$ 8,725,579	\$ 2,012,214	\$ 1,961,007	\$ 9,341,139	\$10,686,586	
Non-current assets	1,114,177	1,177,789	-	-	1,114,177	1,177,789	
Capital assets	34,983,611	34,019,780	4,334,492	4,485,080	39,318,103	38,504,860	
Total Assets	43,426,713	43,923,148	6,346,706	6,446,087	49,773,419	50,369,235	
Deferred outflows of resources	105,733	120,144	-	-	105,733	120,144	
Current liabilities	3,699,268	3,726,124	373,634	373,528	4,072,902	4,099,652	
Long-term liabilities	35,324,636	37,709,036	5,592,103	5,753,786	40,916,739	43,462,822	
Total Liabilities	39,023,904	41,435,160	5,965,737	6,127,314	44,989,641	47,562,474	
Net assets							
Net investment in capital assets	(2,406,389)	(5,670,220)	(1,419,295)	(1,268,706)	(3,825,684)	(6,938,926)	
Restricted for debt service/							
Capital projects	5,784,628	6,488,081	519,007	513,971	6,303,635	7,002,052	
Unrestricted	1,130,303	1,790,271	1,281,257	1,073,508	2,411,560	2,863,779	
Total Net Assets	\$ 4,508,542	\$ 2,608,132	\$ 380,969	\$ 318,773	\$ 4,889,511	\$ 2,926,905	

The District assets are made up of primarily capital assets of \$39,318,103 and liabilities are mainly long-term debt in the amount of \$40,916,739.

Governmental Activities

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of an entity's financial position. In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the District has one activity. The changes in net position of governmental activities and business-type activities were \$1,962,606, as reflected below.

Tradition Community Development District 1 Changes in Net Position

	GOVERNMENT.	OVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES TOT.			CAL	
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
Program Revenues						
Charges for services	\$ 6,098,999	\$ 5,481,886	\$ 1,942,741	\$ 1,983,672	\$ 8,041,740	\$ 7,465,558
General Revenues						
Investment earnings	6,131	11,326	7,959	462	14,090	11,788
Other income	101,086	-	-	-	101,086	-
Equity transfer	(569,323)				(569,323)	
Total Revenues	5,636,893	5,493,212	1,950,700	1,984,134	7,587,593	7,477,346
Expenses						
General government	681,014	415,861	1,637,779	1,202,590	2,318,793	1,618,451
Physical environment	1,441,748	1,437,408	-	-	1,441,748	1,437,408
Interest on long-term debt	1,613,721	1,729,269	250,725	255,325	1,864,446	1,984,594
Total Expenses	3,736,483	3,582,538	1,888,504	1,457,915	5,624,987	5,040,453
Change in Net Assets	1,900,410	1,910,674	62,196	526,219	1,962,606	2,436,893
Net assets - beginning of year	2,608,132	697,458	318,773	(207,446)	2,926,905	490,012
Net assets - end of year	\$ 4,508,542	\$ 2,608,132	\$ 380,969	\$ 318,773	\$ 4,889,511	\$ 2,926,905

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Governmental funds – all of the District's services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps one determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs.

Governmental Type Funds

As of year-end, the governmental funds (as presented on page 10) reported a combined fund balance of \$6,509,517 compared to the beginning of the year \$7,842,638. Several of the governmental fund expenditures are capital expenditure related and, therefore, may reflect capital expenditures (which are reflected in the current financial resource-based Fund Financial Statements) as a spending of a portion of available net assets or an increase in net assets from unspent net position. The General Fund experienced a net decrease of (\$680,000).

Proprietary Fund

The District maintains one type of proprietary fund, an enterprise fund. An enterprise fund is used to report the same function presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The District uses an enterprise fund to account for the operations of the irrigation system within the District.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

During the fiscal year 2021-2022 the District continues to maintain infrastructure projects to support the Tradition master planned community. As of September 30, 2022, the District had \$34,983,611 invested in land, infrastructure and construction in progress. The District's business-type activities reported net capital assets of \$4,334,492.

Debt

At September 30, 2022, the District had \$37,554,636 Bonds outstanding for its governmental activities and \$5,753,787 Bonds and note payable outstanding for its business-type activities. The District's debt represents bonds secured by a special revenue source. Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in the notes to financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS, NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND OTHER INFORMATION

For the fiscal year 2023, the District anticipates that the cost of general operations will remain fairly constant. In connection with the District's future infrastructure maintenance and replacement plan, the District Board has included in the budget, an estimate of those anticipated future costs and has assigned a portion of current available resources for that purpose. For the irrigation system, it is anticipated that any future growth would come from commercial and residential development.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens and members with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact the District Finance Department at 2501A Burns Road, Palm Beach Gardens, Florida 33410.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION September 30, 2022

	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES					TOTAL
ASSETS								
Cash	\$	1,753,964	\$	1,121,795	\$	2,875,759		
Accounts receivable, net	•	177,363	•	228,054	•	405,417		
Assessments receivable		18,995		-		18,995		
Due from other funds		-		17,900		17,900		
Deposits		200		95		295		
Restricted								
Investments		5,378,403		644,370		6,022,773		
Prepaid bond insurance (net of amortization)		1,114,177		´-		1,114,177		
Capital assets								
Depreciable		16,279,688		3,754,309		20,033,997		
Non-depreciable		18,703,923		580,183		19,284,106		
TOTAL ASSETS		43,426,713		6,346,706		49,773,419		
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES								
Deferred charge on refunding (net of amortization)		105,733				105,733		
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES		105,733				105,733		
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	191,875	\$	75,197	\$	267,072		
Accrued interest payable	*	649,860	7	125,363	7	775,223		
Due to other governments		25,225		-		25,225		
Due to other funds		17,900		_		17,900		
Deferred revenue				10,000		10,000		
Deposits		584,408		1,390		585,798		
Non-current liabilities		,)		,		
Due with one year		2,230,000		161,684		2,391,684		
Due in more than one year		35,324,636		5,592,103		40,916,739		
TOTAL LIABILITIES		39,023,904		5,965,737		44,989,641		
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets		(2,406,389)		(1,419,295)		(3,825,684)		
Restricted for debt service/capital projects		5,784,628		519,007		6,303,635		
Unrestricted		1,130,303		1,281,257		2,411,560		
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	4,508,542	\$	380,969	\$	4,889,511		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended September 30, 2022

		Progra	m Revenues		es and ion	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business- Type Activities	Total
Governmental Activities						
General government	\$ 681,014	\$ 681,014	4 \$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Maintenance & operations	1,441,748	1,861,423	3 1,942,841	2,362,516	-	2,362,516
Interest on long-term debt	1,613,721	1,613,721	-			
Total Governmental Activities	3,736,483	4,156,158	3 1,942,841	2,362,516	_	2,362,516
Business-Type Activities						
Irrigation expenses	1,637,779	1,942,741	-	-	304,962	304,962
Interest on long-term debt	250,725	-	-		(250,725)	(250,725)
Total Business-Type Activities	1,888,504	1,942,741	-		54,237	54,237
	General Reven	ues:				
	Investment e	arnings		6,131	7,959	14,090
	Other Incom	e		101,086	-	101,086
	Equity transfer			(569,323)		(569,323)
	Total Gene	eral Revenues		(462,106)	7,959	(454,147)
	Change	in Net Position		1,900,410	62,196	1,962,606
	Net Position - 0	October 1, 2021		2,608,132	318,773	2,926,905
	Net Position -	September 30, 2	2022	\$ 4,508,542	\$ 380,969	\$ 4,889,511

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement

BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2022

	MAJOR	TOTAL	
	GENERAL	CAPITAL	GOVERNMENTAL
	FUND	PROJECTS	ACTIVITIES
<u>ASSETS</u>			
Cash	\$ 1,753,964	\$ -	\$ 1,753,964
Accounts receivable	177,363	-	177,363
Assessments receivable	284	18,711	18,995
Due from other funds	-	475,130	475,130
Deposits	200	-	200
Restricted			
Investments		5,378,403	5,378,403
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,931,811	\$ 5,872,244	\$ 7,804,055
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY			
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	\$ 191,875	\$ -	\$ 191,875
Due to other governments	25,225	-	25,225
Due to other funds	396,052	96,978	493,030
Deposits	584,408		584,408
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,197,560	96,978	1,294,538
FUND EQUITY			
Nonspendable			
Deposits	200	-	200
Restricted			
Debt service	-	3,221,462	3,221,462
Capital projects	-	1,534,119	1,534,119
Unassigned	734,051	1,019,685	1,753,736
TOTAL FUND EQUITY	734,251	5,775,266	6,509,517
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY	\$ 1,931,811	\$ 5,872,244	\$ 7,804,055

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES September 30, 2022

Total Governmental Fund Balances in the Balance Sheet	\$ 6,509,517
Amount reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital asset used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds:	
Governmental capital assets	69,519,263
Less accumulated depreciation	(34,535,652)
Deferred charges on refunding of long-term debt are shown as deferred outflows of resources in the government-wide financial statements: however, this amount is not reported in the governmental financial statements.	105,733
Governmental funds record bond insurance costs as expenditures when these costs are first incurred. Prepaid bond insurance is amortized over the term of the refunding bonds in the government-wide financial statements.	1,114,177
Certain liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:	
Accrued interest payable	(649,860)
Governmental bonds payable	(37,554,636)

Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ 4,508,542

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended September 30, 2022

	MAJOR FUNDS				TOTAL	
		ENERAL		PITAL		ERNMENTAL
		FUND	PRO	DJECTS	A	CTIVITIES
REVENUE						
Stormwater fees	\$	11,023	\$	-	\$	11,023
Engineering revenue fees		21,292		-		21,292
On-roll assessments		47,240	4	,076,603		4,123,843
Developer contributions		1,942,841		-		1,942,841
Other income		101,086		-		101,086
Interest income		5,811		320		6,131
TOTAL REVENUES		2,129,293	4	,076,923		6,206,216
EXPENDITURES						
General government		612,391		-		612,391
Capital outlay		1,627,579		778,000		2,405,579
Debt service:						
Principal		-	2	,300,000		2,300,000
Interest			1	,652,044	1	1,652,044
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		2,239,970	4	,730,044		6,970,014
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER EXPENDITURES		(110,677)		(653,121)		(763,798)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES):						
Equity transfer		(569,323)		-		(569,323)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES)		(569,323)		-		(569,323)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES		(680,000)		(653,121)		(1,333,121)
FUND BALANCE						
Beginning of year		1,414,251	6	,428,387		7,842,638
End of year	\$	734,251	\$ 5	,775,266	\$	6,509,517

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended September 30, 2022

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ (1,333,121)
Amount reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the	
statement of net assets.	2,300,000
Current year provision for depreciation	(1,441,748)
Capital outlay	2,405,579
Certain items reported in the Statement of Activities do not require	
the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported	
expenditures in the governmental funds:	
Change in accrued interest payable	38,323
Provision for amortization of bond premium	9,401
Provision for amortization of deferred charges	(14,411)
Provision for amortization of bond insurance	(63,612)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 1,900,411

$\begin{array}{c} {\rm STATEMENT\ OF\ NET\ POSITION-ENTERPRISE\ FUND}\\ {\rm September\ 30,\,2022} \end{array}$

	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	
	ENTERPRISE FUND	
<u>ASSETS</u>		
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash	\$	1,121,795
Accounts receivable, net		228,054
Due from other funds		17,900
Deposits		95
Restricted Investments		644,370
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	-	2,012,214
NONCURRENT ASSETS		
Capital assets		
Land		580,183
Equipment & furniture		544,458
Infrastructure		2,220,365
Plant		1,705,146
		5,050,152
Less accumulated depreciation		715,660
Total capital assets (net of depreciation)		4,334,492
TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS		4,334,492
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	6,346,706
<u>LIABILITIES</u>		
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	75,197
Accrued interest payable		125,363
Deposits		1,390
Deferred revenue		10,000
Current portion long term liabilities		161,684
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		373,634
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES		
Long-term liabilities		5,592,103
TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES		5,592,103
TOTAL LIABILITIES		5,965,737
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets		(1,419,295)
Restricted for debt service		519,007
Unrestricted		1,281,257
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	380,969

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION – ENTERPRISE FUND Year Ended September 30, 2022

	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES		
	ENTERPRISE		
	FUND		
OPERATING REVENUES			
Irrigation services	\$	1,886,550	
Miscellaneous revenue		56,191	
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES		1,942,741	
OPERATING EXPENSES			
General & administrative		1,498,807	
Depreciation		138,972	
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		1,637,779	
OPERATING INCOME		304,962	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			
Interest income		7,959	
Interest expense		(250,725)	
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		(242,766)	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		62,196	
NET POSITION			
Beginning of year		318,773	
End of year	\$	380,969	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – ENTERPRISE FUND Year Ended September 30, 2022

		SINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES
	F	ENTERPRISE
		FUND
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Ф	1.764.077
Receipts from customers & users	\$	1,764,977
Payments for goods & services		(1,501,401)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		263,576
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Principal paid on capital debt		(156,683)
Interest paid on capital debt		(253,028)
NET CASH USED IN CAPITAL AND RELATED		
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(409,711)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of investments		(2,733)
Disposal of fixed assets		11,616
Interest income		7,959
NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES		16,842
NET DECREASE IN CASH		(129,293)
CASH		
Beginning of Year		1,251,088
End of Year	\$	1,121,795
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET		
CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Operating income	\$	304,962
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net		
cash provided by operating activities		
Depreciation		138,972
(Increase) Decrease in:		(1.50.0.64)
Accounts receivable		(159,864)
Due from other funds		(17,900)
Increase (Decrease) in:		(4(2)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses Due to other funds		(462)
		(2,132)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	263,576

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2022

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Tradition Community Development District 1 (the "District") conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The District was formerly known as Westchester Community Development District 1 and lawfully changed its name to Tradition Community Development District 1 effective August 14, 2006. The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

Reporting Entity

The District is an independent unit of special-purpose local government of the State of Florida created by law and established in accordance with the Uniform Community Development District Act of 1980, Chapter 190, Florida Statutes, as amended by ordinance of St. Lucie County, Florida, effective on August 21, 2001 as amended. The Act provides for a five member Board of Supervisors to serve as the governing body of the District. The District has no component units. Its purpose is to manage and finance basic community development systems, facilities and services, including capital infrastructure.

Basis of Presentation

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> - Government-wide financial statements, including the statement of net assets and statement of activities, present information about the District as a whole. These statements include the non-fiduciary financial activity of the primary government and its component units.

Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are thereby clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues, with certain exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function or business segment is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

The effects of inter-fund activity have been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2022

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Basis of Presentation (continued)

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District in the governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is reported in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and reported in a single column. Because the focus of governmental fund financial statements differs from the focus of government-wide financial statements, the reconciliation is presented with each of the governmental fund financial statements.

Major Governmental Fund Types

General Fund - The general fund is the general operating fund of the District. All general tax revenue and other receipts that are not allocated by law or contractual agreement to another fund are accounted for in this fund. The general operating expenditures, fixed charges and capital improvement costs that are not paid through other funds are paid from the general fund.

Capital Project Fund - Capital project funds are established to provide common infrastructure to support the master planned community.

Major Proprietary Fund Types

Irrigation Fund - The irrigation fund accounts for the irrigation operations of the District that are financed and supported primarily by user charges.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District's enterprise fund are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses of the enterprise fund include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Assessments

Assessments are non-ad valorem assessments on benefited lands within the District. Assessments are levied to pay for the operations and maintenance of the District. The fiscal year for which annual assessments are levied begins on October 1 with discounts available for payments through February 28 and become delinquent on April 1. The District's annual assessments for operations are billed and collected by the County Tax Collector. The amounts remitted to the District are net of applicable discounts or fees and include interest on monies held from the day of collection to the day of distribution.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2022

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

<u>Irrigation Fees</u>

Irrigation fees received are available for the payment of debt service on the District's bonds and for costs associated with the operation and maintenance of existing system. These fees are included in restricted investments on the Enterprise Fund Statement of Net Position until spent for the designated purpose.

Receivables and Payables

Accounts receivable and revenues for the enterprise fund are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible amounts. For irrigation system accounts receivable, there was no allowance recorded as of September 30, 2022.

Equity Classifications

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report non spendable and restricted fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Assignments of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change. Under GASB 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, fund balances are required to be reported according to the following classifications:

Non-Spendable Fund Balance – Amounts that are (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. "Not in spendable form" includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash (such as inventories and prepaid amounts) and items such as long-term amount of loans and notes receivable, as well as property acquired for resale. The corpus (or principal) of a permanent fund is an example of an amount that is legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted Fund Balance</u> – Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes stipulated by (a) external resource providers such as creditors (by debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed Fund Balance</u> – Amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action (resolution) of the Board of Supervisors. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by the Board of Supervisors taking the same formal action (resolution) that imposed the constraint originally. Resources accumulated pursuant to stabilization arrangements sometimes are reported in this category.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2022

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Equity Classifications (continued)

<u>Assigned Fund Balance</u> – Includes spendable fund balance amounts established by the Board of Supervisors that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted nor committed.

<u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u> – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. Unassigned fund balance may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed, or assigned for those specific purposes.

The District first uses committed fund balance, followed by assigned fund balance and then unassigned fund balance when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Florida Statutes require state and local governmental units to deposit monies with a financial institution classified as a "Qualified Public Depository," which is a state insurance pool for banks and other financial institutions. The pool requires each bank to render as collateral a percentage of all state and local monies on deposit. Upon default of a particular financial institution within the pool, the pooled collateral is used to reinstate the state and local government deposits. This pool is additional insurance above the federal depository insurance. The District has cash deposits only with qualifying institutions as of September 30, 2022.

Deposits and Investments

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand and demand deposits (interest and non-interest bearing).

The District has elected to proceed under the Alternative Investment Guidelines as set forth in Section 218.415 (17) Florida Statutes. The District may invest any surplus public funds in the following:

- a) The Local Government Surplus Trust Funds, or any intergovernmental investment pool authorized pursuant to the Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act;
- b) Securities and Exchange Commission registered money market funds with the highest credit quality rating from a nationally recognized rating agency;
- c) Interest bearing time deposits or savings accounts in qualified public depositories;
- d) Direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2022

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Deposits and Investments (continued)

Securities listed in paragraph c and d shall be invested to provide sufficient liquidity to pay obligations as they come due. In addition, surplus funds may be deposited into certificates of deposit which are insured.

The District records all interest revenue related to investment activities in the respective funds and reports investments at fair value.

	Fair Value		Credit Risk	Maturities
Money Market Mutual Funds - First American				Weighted average of the
Government Obligation Fund CL Y	\$	644,370	S&P AAAm	fund portfolio: 18 days
				Weighted average of the
US Bank N/A Open Monthly Commercial Paper		5,378,403	S&P A-1+	Open ended
	\$	6,022,773		

Credit Risk:

Florida Statutes require the money market mutual funds held by the District to have the highest credit quality rating from a nationally recognized rating agency.

Interest Rate Risk:

Florida Statutes state that the investment portfolio be structured in such manner as to provide sufficient liquidity to pay obligations as they come due. All holdings are currently invested to meet current obligations.

Concentration of Credit Risk:

The District places no limit on the amount the District may invest in any one issuer. More than 5% of the District's investments are with one issuer.

Custodial Credit Risk:

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At September 30, 2022, the District is exempt from this requirement.

Fair Value Measurement - When applicable, the District measures and records its investments using fair value measurement guidelines established in accordance with GASB Statements. The framework for measuring fair value provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2022

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Custodial Credit Risk: (continued)

These guidelines recognize a three-tiered fair value hierarchy, in order of highest priority, as follows:

- Level 1: Investments whose values are based on unadjusted quoted prices for identical investments in active markets that the District has the ability to access;
- Level 2: Investments whose inputs other than quoted market prices are observable either directly or indirectly; and,
- Level 3: Investments whose inputs are unobservable.

The fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the entire fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used should maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land and land improvements, buildings and improvements, infrastructure, machinery and equipment, are reported in the governmental activities column.

The District defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. The valuation basis for all assets is historical cost.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend its useful life are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Depreciation of capital assets is computed and recorded by utilizing the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives of the various classes of depreciable capital assets are as follows:

Buildings and improvements 7-39 years
Infrastructure 20-40 years
Machinery and equipment 5-10 years

Unearned Revenue

Governmental funds report unearned revenue in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2022

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the Bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of applicable premiums or discounts. Bond issuance costs are expensed when incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

The statement of net position reports, as applicable, a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to future reporting period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until that time. For example, the District would record deferred outflows of resources related to debit amounts resulting from current and advance refundings resulting in the defeasance of debt (i.e. when there are differences between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt).

The statement of net position reports, as applicable, a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to future reporting period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For example, when an asset is recorded in the governmental fund financial statements, but the revenue is not available, the District reports a deferred inflow of resources until such times as the revenue becomes available.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Management Company

The District has contracted with a management company to perform management advisory services, which include financial and accounting advisory services. Certain employees of the management company also serve as officers (Board appointed non-voting positions) of the District. Under the agreement, the District compensates the management company for management, accounting, financial reporting, and other administrative costs.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2022

NOTE B - BUDGETARY INFORMATION

The District is required to establish a budgetary system and an approved Annual Budget. Annual Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the general fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

- a) Each year the District Manager submits to the District Board a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1.
- b) Public hearings are conducted to obtain public comments.
- c) Prior to October 1, the budget is legally adopted by the District Board.
- d) All budget changes must be approved by the District Board.
- e) The budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.
- f) Unused appropriation for annually budgeted funds lapse at the end of the year.

NOTE C – ASSET PURCHASE

On August 10, 2017, the District entered into an asset purchase agreement with Tradition Irrigation Company, LLC. As a result the District created an enterprise fund to account for the transactions of the irrigation system. As part of the agreement the District services the developments known as Tradition and Southern Groves, supplying quality water service under a Franchise Agreement with the City of Port St. Lucie, Florida. The District issued \$6,095,000 in Irrigation System Revenue Bonds in order to finance the purchase. The District received \$5,051,151 in capital assets including \$580,183 in land.

NOTE D - RESTRICTED ACCOUNTS

At September 30, 2022, the District reported the following restricted asset accounts:

	Enterprise				
	Funds				
Investments					
Reserve account - bond compliance	\$	371,025			
Interest account - bond compliance		127,039			
Sinking fund - bond compliance		129,170			
Maintenance reserve - bond compliance		17,136			
Total restricted investments		644,370			

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2022

NOTE E – PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

A summary of changes in general fixed assets follows:

	September 30, 2021	Increases	Decreases	September 30, 2022
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land and improvements	\$ 12,861,574	\$ 778,000	\$ -	\$ 13,639,574
Construction in progress	3,436,770	1,627,579		5,064,349
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	16,298,344	2,405,579		18,703,923
Capital assets, being depreciated				
Infrastructure	25,692,842	-	-	25,692,842
Improvements other				
than buildings	25,122,498	-	-	25,122,498
Total capital assets, being				
depreciated	50,815,340			50,815,340
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Infrastructure	11,841,406	867,534	-	12,708,940
Improvements other		ŕ		
than buildings	21,252,498	574,214	-	21,826,712
Total accumulated depreciation	33,093,904	1,441,748		34,535,652
Total capital assets, being				
depreciated - net	17,721,436	(1,441,748)		16,279,688
Governmental activities capital				
assets - net	\$ 34,019,780	\$ 963,831	\$ -	\$ 34,983,611

Depreciation expense recorded in governmental activities was \$1,441,748 for 2022.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2022

NOTE E – PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)

A summary of changes on proprietary fixed assets follows:

	September 30, 2021	Increases	Decreases	September 30, 2022
Business-type activities	2021	Increases	Decreases	
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 580,183	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 580,183
Construction in progress	11,616	<u>-</u>	(11,616)	-
Total capital assets, not being	11,010		(11,010)	
depreciated	591,799		(11,616)	580,183
Capital assets, being depreciated				
Plant	1,705,146	-	-	1,705,146
Equipment & furniture	544,458	-	-	544,458
Infrastructure	2,220,365	-	-	2,220,365
Total capital assets, being				
depreciated	4,469,969			4,469,969
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Plant	235,450	56,838	-	292,288
Equipment & furniture	111,294	26,625	-	137,919
Infrastructure	229,944	55,509	-	285,453
Total accumulated depreciation	576,688	138,972		715,660
Total capital assets, being				
depreciated - net	3,893,281	(138,972)		3,754,309
Governmental activities capital				
assets - net	\$ 4,485,080	\$ (138,972)	\$ (11,616)	\$ 4,334,492

Depreciation expense recorded in business-type activities was \$138,972 for 2022.

NOTE F – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Governmental Activities Debt

<u>\$53,170,000</u> Special Assessment Refunding Bonds, Series 2014 — On April 9, 2014, the District issued \$53,170,000 Special Assessment Refunding Bonds, Series 2014. The Bonds are payable in annual principal installments through May 2035. The bond bears interest ranging from 2.0% to 4.5% payable semi-annually on the first day of each May and November. Principal is due serially each May 1, commencing May 2015. The bonds are collateralized through pledged liens on approximately 3,100 acres of residential and commercial land.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2022

NOTE F – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

The following is a summary of the changes in long-term obligations for the year ended September 30, 2022:

	Ending	Due Within					
	Balance	A	dditions	Reductions	Balance	One Year	
Special Assessment							
Refunding Bonds, Series							
2014	\$ 39,690,000	\$	-	\$ 2,300,000	\$37,390,000	\$	2,230,000
	39,690,000		-	2,300,000	37,390,000		
Unamortized bond premium	174,036		-	9,400	164,636		-
	\$ 39,864,036	\$	-	\$ 2,309,400	\$37,554,636	\$	_

The debt service requirements for the long-term obligations is as follows:

September 30,	Principal			Interest		_	Total		
2023	\$	2,230,000		\$	1,562,234	\$	3,792,234		
2024		2,335,000			1,479,231		3,814,231		
2025		2,430,000			1,385,831		3,815,831		
2026		2,530,000			1,288,631		3,818,631		
2027		2,635,000			1,187,431		3,822,431		
2028-2032		14,900,000			4,252,381		19,152,381		
2033-2035		10,330,000			945,956		11,275,956		
	\$	37,390,000	,	\$	12,101,695	\$	49,491,695		

Business-Type Activities Debt

<u>\$6,095,000 Irrigation System Revenue Bonds (Existing System), Series 2017</u> – On August 1, 2017, the District issued \$6,095,000 Irrigation System Revenue Bonds (Existing System), Series 2017. The Bonds are payable in annual principal installments through October 2047. The bond bears interest ranging from 4.0% to 4.5% payable semi-annually on the first day of each April and October. Principal is due serially each October 1, commencing October 2018.

Note Payable

The District is obligated under a settlement agreement with the City of Port St. Lucie, to make quarterly payments of \$10,421 (bearing no interest) through October 2024.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2022

NOTE F – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Business-Type Activities Debt (continued)

The following is a summary of transactions of long-term obligations in the enterprise fund for the year ended September 30, 2022:

	Beginning Balance	1	ditions	D.	eductions	Ending Balance	ue Within one Year
	Dalance	Au	unons	Reductions		Dalance	 ilc i cai
Irrigation System Revenue							
Bonds (Existing System),							
Series 2017	\$ 5,775,000	\$	-	\$	115,000	\$ 5,660,000	\$ 120,000
Note Payable	135,470		-		41,683	93,787	41,684
	\$ 5,910,470	\$	-	\$	156,683	\$ 5,753,787	\$ 161,684

The debt service requirements for the long-term obligations is as follows:

September 30,		Principal		Interest		_	Total			
2023	\$	161,684		\$	248,325		\$ 410,009			
2024		166,684			243,425		410,109			
2025		140,419		238,325			378,744			
2026		135,000		233,025			368,025			
2027		140,000		227,525			367,525			
2028-2032		805,000		805,000		805,000 1,039,700		1,039,700		1,844,700
2033-2037		1,005,000			837,113		1,842,113			
2038-2042		1,260,000		583,425			1,843,425			
2043-2047		1,580,000			265,050		1,845,050			
2048		360,000			8,100	_	368,100			
	\$	5,753,787		\$	3,924,013	_	\$ 9,677,800			

NOTE G - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; natural disasters; and environmental remediation. The District has obtained commercial insurance from independent third parties to mitigate the costs of these risks; coverage may not extend to all situations. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage over the past three years.

NOTE H – DEPENDENCY ON SUPPORT

The District receives the majority of its funding from local tax revenue. A reduction in the level of advances would have a substantial effect on the District's projects and activities.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND

Year Ended September 30, 2022

	ORIGINAL BUDGET		FINAL SUDGET	A	CTUAL	VARIANCE FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)		
REVENUE								
Stormwater fees	\$	9,365	\$ 11,023	\$	11,023	\$	-	
Engineering revenue fees		-	-		21,292		21,292	
On-roll assessments		28,701	133,207		47,240		(85,967)	
Developer contributions		-	-]	1,942,841		1,942,841	
Other income		1,113,700	2,069,739		101,086		(1,968,653)	
Interest income					5,811		5,811	
TOTAL REVENUES		1,151,766	2,213,969	213,969 2,129,29			(84,676)	
EXPENDITURES								
Administrative		19,423	53,421		91,101		(37,680)	
Maintenance		419,136	456,189		521,290		(65,101)	
Capital outlay		720,000	1,642,679		1,627,579		15,100	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		1,158,559	2,152,289		2,239,970		(87,681)	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER								
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(6,793)	61,680		(110,677)		(172,357)	
Surplus/(Deficit) (Notes to RSI)		6,793	 -		-		-	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER								
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$		\$ 61,680	\$	(110,677)	\$	(172,357)	

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

The District is required to establish a budgetary system and an approved Annual Budget for the general fund. The District's budgeting process is based on estimates of cash receipts and cash expenditures which are approved by the Board. The budget approximates a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (generally accepted accounting principles).

An operating budget was adopted and maintained by the governing board for the District pursuant to the requirements of Florida Statutes. The budget is adopted using the same basis of accounting that is used in preparation of the fund financial statements. The legal level of budgetary control, the level at which expenditures may not exceed budget, is in the aggregate. Any budget amendments that increase the aggregate budgeted appropriations must be approved by the Board of Supervisors. Actual general fund expenditures exceeded appropriations for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

The variance between budgeted and actual general fund revenues is considered significant. The actual general fund expenditures for the current fiscal year were higher than budgeted amounts due primarily to costs being higher than anticipated.



DIBARTOLOMEO, McBEE, HARTLEY & BARNES, P.A.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Directors Tradition Community Development District 1 Port St. Lucie, Florida

We have audited in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Tradition Community Development District 1, as of September 30, 2022 and for the year ended, which collectively comprise the Tradition Community Development District 1's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated July 31, 2023.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

This report is intended solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

DiBartolomes, U.Bu, Hartly: Barres

DiBartolomeo, McBee, Hartley & Barnes, P.A.

Fort Pierce, Florida

July 31, 2023



DIBARTOLOMEO, McBEE, HARTLEY & BARNES, P.A.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 218.415, FLORIDA STATUTES, REQUIRED BY RULE 10.556(10) OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA

Board of Directors Tradition Community Development District 1 Port St. Lucie, Florida

We have examined the District's compliance with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes with regards to the District's investments during the year ended September 30, 2022. Management is responsible for the District's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2022.

DiBartolomes, MiBe, Hortly & Barres

DiBartolomeo, McBee Hartley & Barnes, P.A. Fort Pierce, Florida July 31, 2023

DMHB

DIBARTOLOMEO, McBEE, HARTLEY & BARNES, P.A.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Management Letter

Board of Directors Tradition Community Development District 1 Port St. Lucie, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the Tradition Community Development District 1 ("District") as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, and have issued our report thereon dated July 31, 2023.

Auditors' Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards and Independent Accountants' Report on an examination conducted in accordance with AICPA Professional Standards, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those report, which are dated July 31, 2023, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no findings or recommendations made in the preceding annual audit report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The information required is disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

Financial Condition and Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the District has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the District did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the District. It is management's responsibility to monitor the District's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Specific Information

As required by Section 218.39(3)(c), Florida Statutes, and Section 10.554(1)(i)6, Rules of the Auditor General, the Tradition Community Development District 1 reported:

- a. The total number of district employees compensated in the last pay period of the District's fiscal year as N/A.
- b. The total number of independent contractors to whom nonemployee compensation was paid in the last month of the district's fiscal year as 12.
- c. All compensation earned by or awarded to employees, whether paid or accrued, regardless of contingency as N/A.
- d. All compensation earned by or awarded to nonemployee independent contractors, whether paid or accrued, regardless of contingency as \$447,704.
- e. The District does not have any construction projects with a total cost of at least \$65,000 that are scheduled to begin on or after October 1 of the fiscal year being reported.
- f. The District did not amend its final adopted budget under Section 189.016(6), Florida Statutes.

As required by Section 218.39(3)(c), Florida Statutes, and Section 10.554(1)(i)7, Rules of the Auditor General, the Tradition Community Development District 1 reported:

- a. The rate or rates of non-ad valorem special assessments imposed by the District range from \$832 to \$1,018 per residential unit.
- b. The total amount of special assessments collected by or on behalf of the District as \$4,123,843.
- c. The total amount of outstanding bonds issued by the district as \$43,050,000.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did note the following such finding:

2022-01

Finding: The District did not submit the completed annual financial report by June 30, 2023 as required by Section 218.32(d) Florida Statutes and Rules of the Auditor General.

Management Response: The District will ensure that going forward the audit is completed by the June 30th deadline.

2022-02

Finding: Actual expenditures exceeded appropriations in the general fund for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

Management Response: Management amended the year end budget, however, additional adjustments resulted in an excess of expenditures over budget. Management will monitor throughout the year in order to alleviate this from occurring in future years.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Board of Supervisors, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

DiBartolomeo, MiBe, Hortly & Barres

DiBartolomeo, McBee, Hartley & Barnes, P.A.

Fort Pierce, Florida July 31, 2023