FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2023



The report accompanying this deliverable was issued by Warren Averett, LLC.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND

SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board Members Community Redevelopment Agency Escambia County, Florida

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the General Fund of the Escambia County, Florida Community Redevelopment Agency (the "CRA"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the CRA's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the General Fund of September 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the County and to meet our ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relation to our audit. We believe the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the CRA's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exits.

The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the CRA's internal control. Accordingly, no
 such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the CRA's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the budgetary comparison schedule, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated February 21, 2024, on our consideration of the CRA's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the CRA's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Pensacola, Florida

Warren averett, LLC

February 21, 2024



This Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") presents the readers of the financial statements a narrative overview of the financial activities of the Community Redevelopment Agency ("CRA") of Escambia County, Florida for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that has been furnished in the Notes to the financial statements.

The Escambia County CRA districts are reported as a blended component unit of Escambia County, Florida (primary government). Pursuant to Florida Statutes Section 163 Part III, the Community Redevelopment Act of 1969 authorized government to use tax increment financing as means for community redevelopment.

Capital improvements within the individual CRA districts are recorded as assets of the primary government.

The CRA was established to account for the operations of the community redevelopment initiatives. There are nine established redevelopment districts which are funded by tax increment financing (TIF) portions of property taxes for each respective district. At the end of fiscal year 2023 restricted fund balance was \$9,336,461. The fund balance increased \$1,986,981. While the TIF funding from Escambia County remained at 75%, this rate remained constant primarily due to more projects expenditures within the TIF districts in order to expedite cleaner, safer neighborhoods and increase property values.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the CRA district exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$9,336,461 (net position).
- The CRA's total net position increased by \$1,986,981 governmental activities which was attributable to an increase in tax increment financing revenues.

Overview of Financial Statements

The discussion and analysis provided here are intended to serve as an introduction to the CRA's basic financial statements which are comprised of the 1) government-wide financial statements 2) fund financial statements 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information intended to furnish additional detail to support the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The CRA's government-wide financial statements provide readers with a broad overview of the CRA's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business. In addition, the government-wide statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting.

The Statement of Net Position represents information on the CRA's assets, liabilities and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the differences between them reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the CRA is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the CRA's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in revenue are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the time of related cash flows. Expenses are reported as incurred. Therefore, revenue and expenses for some items will only result in cash inflows/outflows in future fiscal periods.

The CRA's government-wide financial statements present functions of the CRA that are principally supported by tax increment revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the CRA include general government activities and community development. The CRA has no business-type activities.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The CRA, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The CRA utilizes nine funds for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023, which are operating funds for each of the following districts: *Brownsville, Warrington, Palafox, Barrancas, Englewood, Cantonment, Ensley, Atwood* and *Oakfield.* All funds utilize tax increment revenues, and all funds of the Districts are governmental funds.

Governmental Fund - General Fund

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in assessing a government's near-term financing requirement.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statements of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The CRA maintains nine individual governmental funds for each of CRA district, adopting an annual appropriated budget for each of these funds to demonstrate compliance with the budget and provide an analysis of significant budgetary variances.

Government-wide Overall Financial Analysis

The following is a summary of the CRA's governmental activities net position for the current year and prior year:

	2023		2022		 Change
ASSETS					
Current and other assets	\$	9,548,610	\$	7,481,295	\$ 2,067,315
Total Assets		9,548,610		7,481,295	 2,067,315
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities		212,149		131,815	 80,334
Total Liabilities		212,149		131,815	80,334
NET POSITION Restricted to:					
Community Development		9,336,461		7,349,480	 1,986,981
Total net position	\$	9,336,461	\$	7,349,480	\$ 1,986,981

The 27.04% increase in net position is primarily due to a 26.68% increase in property tax revenues.

The following is a summary of the changes in the CRA's governmental activities net position for the current year and prior year:

	2023 2022		Change	
REVENUES				
Program revenues: Operating grants & contributions General revenues:	\$	17,000	\$ 17,000	\$ -
Tax increment revenues		5,497,985	4,340,086	1,157,899
Investment & miscellaneous		462,132	 (76,005)	 538,137
	\$	5,977,117	\$ 4,281,081	\$ 1,696,036
EXPENSES				
General government	\$	3,990,136	\$ 2,688,656	\$ 1,301,480
Total Liabilities	\$	3,990,136	\$ 2,688,656	\$ 1,301,480
Changes in net position		1,986,981	1,592,425	394,556
Net position, beginning		7,349,480	 5,757,055	 1,592,425
Net position, ending	\$	9,336,461	\$ 7,349,480	\$ 1,986,981

A 13% increase in property valuations compared to the base year resulted in a 26.68% increase in incremental property tax. This increase in revenue resulted in a 27.04% increase in net position.

The following is a summary of the CRA's change in fund balance by district for the current year and prior year:

	2023		2022			Change
Brownsville CRA	\$ 614,787	\$	677,064		\$	(62,277)
Warrington CRA	2,791,438		2,136,610			654,828
Palafox CRA	740,176		1,210,707			(470,531)
Barrancas CRA	853,808		547,896			305,912
Englewood CRA	536,675		487,395			49,280
Cantonment CRA	775,359		503,693			271,666
Ensley CRA	1,946,619		1,168,951			777,668
Atwood CRA	605,056		376,821			228,235
Oakfield CRA	 472,543		240,343	_		232,200
	\$ 9,336,461	\$	7,349,480		\$	1,986,981

Virtually all districts increased in fund balance as a result of increased revenues provided by higher property values.

Budgetary Comparison

	<u>Orig</u>	inal Budget	<u>Fi</u>	nal Budget			
Taxes Intergovernmental	\$	5,497,985 17,000	\$	5,497,985 17,000	\$	-	
mergovernmentar	\$	5,514,985	\$	5,514,985	\$	<u>-</u>	
EXPENDITURES							
				Actual			
	<u>Fir</u>	nal Budget	Ex	<u>penditures</u>	<u>\</u>	<u>/ariance</u>	
Administrative	\$	555,461	\$	469,095	\$	86,366	16%
Operating		2,242,744		1,483,579	\$	(759,165)	-34%
Grant and Aid		1,246,161		680,994	\$	565,167	45%
Capital Outlay		2,106,840		1,356,468	\$	750,372	36%
Total Expenditures	\$	6,151,206	\$	3,990,136	\$	642,740	10%

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

One of the primary focuses of the Board of County Commissioners during the budget process is to continue the enhancement of neighborhood services throughout the county. The Board provided direction to maintain the TIF increment at 75% and will generate roughly \$5.5 million in funding within the TIF Districts. Escambia County has a total of 22 TIF Districts for budgeting purposes. The TIF Districts fund a variety of Community Redevelopment Areas (CRA) and projects in the county. These funds are used to pay for infrastructure improvements in these districts, neighborhood programs, safety initiatives, street lighting and are intended to alleviate the blight felt in these communities as well as increasing property values in the affected areas.

As Escambia County continues to grow, the commitment to promoting activities and programs designed to improve the quality of life for citizens and build a sustainable, livable community is essential. Escambia County's Comprehensive Plan plays a part in this process by encouraging economic growth and development using the Tax Increment Financing (TIF) to pay for infrastructure improvements and to alleviate blight in designated Community Redevelopment Areas (CRA's).

Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported as assets of the primary government, and as such are not reportable assets of the individual community redevelopment districts.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Escambia County CRA's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Escambia County CRA office at 221 Palafox Place, Suite 305, Pensacola, Florida 32502.



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AND GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

	General Fund	Adjusti	ments	Statement of Net Position		
ASSETS						
Cash and Investments	\$ 9,548,610	\$		\$	9,548,610	
Total Assets	\$ 9,548,610				9,548,610	
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable	178,464		-		178,464	
Contracts Payable	20,472		-		20,472	
Accrued Liabilities	13,165		-		13,165	
Due to Other Governments	 48_		<u> </u>		48	
Total Liabilities	212,149		-		212,149	
FUND BALANCE/NET POSITION:						
Fund Balance						
Restricted - Economic & Community Development	9,336,461	(9,33	36,461)			
Total Fund Balance	9,336,461	(9,33	36,461)			
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 9,548,610					
Net Position						
Restricted - Economic & Community Development		9,33	36,461		9,336,461	
Total Net Position		\$	-	\$	9,336,461	

ESCAMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY

(A Component Unit of Escambia County, Florida) STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

	General Fund	Δdius	stments	Statement of Activities			
REVENUES	 				1011711100		
Intergovernmental:							
Tax increment revenues	\$ 5,497,985	\$	-	\$	5,497,985		
Grants	17,000		-		17,000		
Investment Income (loss)	459,622		-		459,622		
Miscellaneous Revenues	 2,510				2,510		
Total Revenues	 5,977,117				5,977,117		
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General Government							
Administrative	469,095		-		469,095		
Operating	1,483,579		-		1,483,579		
Grant and Aid	680,994		-		680,994		
Operating - capital	 1,356,468	-	_		1,356,468		
Total Expenditures/expenses	 3,990,136				3,990,136		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures	 1,986,981	(1	,986,981)				
Change in Net Position					1,986,981		
Net Change in Fund Balance	1,986,981						
Fund Balance/Net Position - Beginning	7,349,480				7,349,480		
Fund Balance/Net Position- Ending	\$ 9,336,461			\$	9,336,461		

ESCAMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY (A Component Unit of Escambia County, Florida) NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Reporting entity

Pursuant to Florida Statutes section 163 Part III, the Community Redevelopment Act of 1969 authorized governments to use tax increment financing as a means for community redevelopment. The primary purpose of this Act is to provide local governments with a source of funds to revitalize the deteriorated portions of their communities. In 1995, the Board of County Commissioners (BOCC) adopted Ordinance No. 95-6 which established the Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA) of Escambia County. The BOCC serves as the CRA Board and has all rights, powers, duties, privileges and immunities authorized by the Act. Included under the CRA jurisdiction are the following redevelopment areas referred to by location as Warrington, Brownsville, Atwood, Englewood, Ensley, Oakfield, Palafox, Barrancas and Cantonment. All activities within the redevelopment areas are reported in a special revenue fund as a collective "CRA."

For financial reporting purposes, the CRA is a blended component unit of the primary government of Escambia County, Florida (the County), and therefore, is included as such in the Escambia County, Florida, Comprehensive Annual Financial Report as a special revenue fund.

The following is a summary of the significant principles and policies used in the preparation of these financial statements.

B. Basis of presentation – government-wide and fund financial statements

The CRA's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

The statement of net position reports the CRA's financial position as of the end of the fiscal year. In this statement, the CRA's net position is restricted. The CRA does not have any capital assets or long-term obligations.

The statement of activities reports functional categories of programs are provided by the CRA and demonstrate how and to what degree those programs are supported by specific revenue. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on external fees and charges for support. The CRA has no business-type activities.

The CRA's financial records and accounts are maintained in accordance with the principles of "fund accounting," whereby resources are classified for accounting and reporting purposes into funds to ensure compliance with any special restrictions or limitations on the use of such resources. The financial transactions of the CRA are recorded in an individual special revenue fund. Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

ESCAMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY (A Component Unit of Escambia County, Florida) NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies – (Continued)

C. Measurement focus and basis of accounting

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures generally are recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the fund liability is incurred.

D. Funding

The primary source of revenue for the CRA is tax increment financing (TIF), whereby a portion of the difference between the amounts of ad-valorem tax levied each year within the CRA's redevelopment areas and the amounts which would have been produced by the same levy on the assessed values of taxable real property in the redevelopment areas' base year is restricted for redevelopment purposes. Only the taxes levied by the BOCC, City of Pensacola and the Downtown Improvement Board are subject to the TIF.

E. Property Tax

Under Florida law, the assessments of all properties and the collections of all county, municipal, and school board property taxes are consolidated in the offices of the Property Appraiser and the Tax Collector. The laws of the state regulating tax assessments are also designed to assure a consistent property valuation method statewide. Florida Statutes generally permit counties to levy ad valorem taxes on real and tangible personal property at a rate not to exceed 10 mills for countywide purposes. All property is assessed at 100% of just value.

For the fiscal year 2023, the countywide operating millage rate assessed was 6.6165 mills and the CRA tax increment of that millage rate was 75.0% for the Brownsville, Warrington, Palafox, Barrancas, Englewood, Cantonment, Ensley, Atwood, and Oakfield CRAs.

All property is assessed by the Property Appraiser according to its fair market value on January 1st of each year. The certified assessment roll is delivered by the Property Appraiser to the Tax Collector.

ESCAMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY (A Component Unit of Escambia County, Florida) NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies – (Continued)

E. Property Tax – (Continued)

The tax levy is established by the BOCC prior to October 1st of each year and the Tax Collector incorporates the millage into the total tax levy, which includes the municipalities, special districts, and the School Board tax requirements and produces the tax bill.

All property taxes are billed in arrears and become due and payable on November 1st of each year. All unpaid taxes become delinquent on April 1st following the year which they are assessed. The legal lien date is January 1st of each year. Discounts are allowed for early payment.

F. Capital Assets

The CRA does not have title to any capital assets as any improvements made with its funding sources are contributed to the BOCC. These assets are capitalized at cost and depreciated in Escambia County's government-wide financial statements.

2. Cash and Investments

The CRA participates in the County maintained cash and investment pool, as are all other funds in the County unless prohibited. Interest income is distributed to the appropriate funds monthly. The County's cash deposits are held by banks that qualify as public depositories under the Florida Security for Public Deposits Act as required by Chapter 280, Florida Statutes. At September 30, 2023, the reported amount of the CRA's cash and investment accounts was approximately \$9.5 million and consisted of \$7.8 million of cash deposits in qualified public depositories and investments of approximately \$1.7 million.

Investment Portfolio

All investments are held within the County's investment portfolio. The County's investment portfolio consists of \$91,673,759, CRA's share \$374,164, in direct obligations of United States Treasury Securities, Federal Instruments, Commercial Paper, Corporate Notes, State and/or Local Government debt, and Local Government Investment Pool funds which are reported at fair value in accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools, and GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. The County had the following investment types by issuer and effective duration presented in terms of years:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2. Cash and Investments – (Continued)

Investment Portfolio – (Continued)

Investment Portfolio

Security Type	Fair Value		Weighted Average <u>Duration (Years)</u>	Credit <u>Rating</u>	•
Short Term Investments:					
United States Treasury Securities Federal Instruments	\$	1,238,859 -	0.96 0.00	Credit AA+	1.35% 0.00%
Commercial Paper State and/or Local Government Debt Corporate Notes		749,658 6,869,527	0.00 0.67 0.77	A-1+ AA- A	0.00% 0.82% 7.49%
Asset-Backed Security Total short term investments		4,634,072 13,492,116	0.70	AAA	5.05% 14.72%
Long Term Investments:		10,432,110		•	14.7270
United States Treasury Securities Federal Instruments State and/or Local Government Debt Corporate Notes Asset-Backed Security Total long term investments Total Fair Value	\$ 	34,486,017 5,004,810 2,034,783 22,672,915 13,983,118 78,181,643 91,673,759	1.92 2.07 1.51 2.00 1.64	AA+ AA+ AA A+ AAA	37.62% 5.46% 2.22% 24.73% 15.25% 85.28%
	Ψ	01,010,100	1.73	;	100.0070
Portfolio Weighted Average Duration			1./3		

Fair Value of Investments

Escambia County measures and records its investments using fair value measurement guidelines established by generally accepted accounting principles. These guidelines recognize a three-tiered fair value hierarchy, as follows:

- Level 1: Quoted prices for identical investments in active markets;
- Level 2: Observable inputs other than quoted market prices: and
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

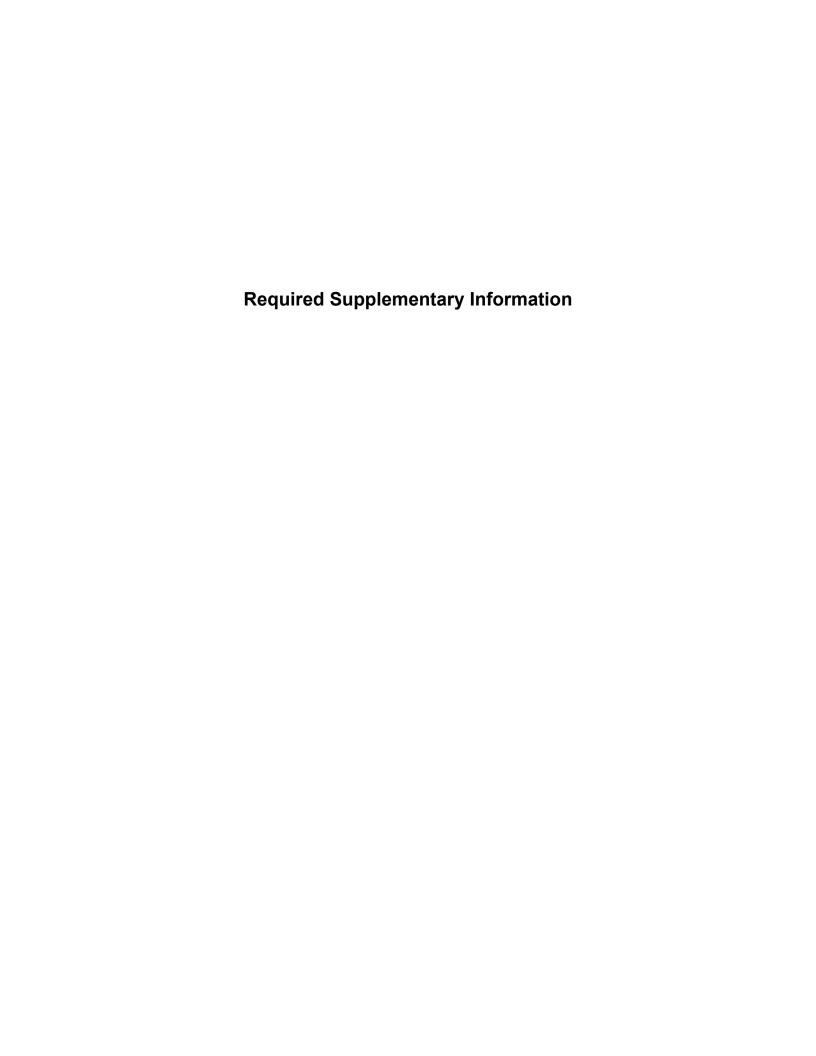
2. Cash and Investments – (Continued)

At September 30, 2023, Escambia County had the following recurring fair value measurements:

		9/30/2023	Leve	el 1	Level 2	Lev	el 3	CR	A'S Share
Investments by fair value level									
Debt Securities									
Corporate Notes - Long Term	\$	22,672,915	\$	-	\$ 22,672,915	\$	-	\$	92,539
Corporate Notes - Short Term		6,869,527		-	6,869,527		-		28,038
United States Treasury Securities - Long Term		34,486,016		-	34,486,016		-		140,754
United States Treasury Securities - Short Term		1,238,859		-	1,238,859		-		5,056
Federal Instruments - Long Term		5,004,810		-	5,004,810		-		20,427
State and/or Local Government Debt - Long Term		2,034,783		-	2,034,783		-		8,305
State and/or Local Government Debt - Short Term		749,658		-	749,658		-		3,060
Asset Backed Securities - Long Term		13,983,119		-	13,983,119		-		57,072
Asset Backed Securities - Short Term		4,634,072		-	4,634,072		-		18,914
Total debt securities	\$	91,673,759	\$	-	\$ 91,673,759	\$	-	\$	374,164
Investments (cash equivalents) measured at the	net	asset value (NAV)						
LGIP - FL Prime		170,917,375							697,594
LGIP - FL FIT		45,237,605							184,636
LGIP - FLCLASS		79,631,228							325,012
LGIP - FL TRUST		35,448,476							144,682
Total investments measured at the NAV		331,234,684							1,351,924
Total investments measured at fair value	\$	422,908,443	ı					\$	1,726,088

3. Litigation

In the opinion of management, based on the advice of legal counsel, there are no lawsuits or claims outstanding which could have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the CRA.



ESCAMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY

(A Component Unit of Escambia County, Florida) STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE **BUDGET AND ACTUAL SEPTEMBER 30, 2023**

	Budgeted	Amounts	_	Mada a di
	Original Final		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Over (Under)
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 5,497,985	\$ 5,497,985	\$ 5,497,985	\$ -
Intergovernmental	17,000	17,000	17,000	-
Investment Income (loss) Miscellaneous Revenues	-	- -	459,622 2,510	459,622 2,510
Total Revenues	5,514,985	5,514,985	5,977,117	462,132
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General Government				
Administrative	555,461	555,461	469,095	86,366
Operating	2,238,249	2,242,744	1,483,579	759,165
Grant and Aid	1,152,105	1,246,161	680,994	565,167
Operating - capital	1,686,058	2,106,840	1,356,468	750,372
Total Expenditures	5,631,873	6,151,206	3,990,136	2,161,070
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	(116,888)	(636,221)	1,986,981	2,623,202
Net Change in Fund Balance	(116,888)	(636,221)	1,986,981	2,623,202
Fund Balance - Beginning	116,888	636,221	7,349,480	6,713,259
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,336,461	\$ 9,336,461

ESCAMBIA COUNTY, FLORIDA COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY (A Component Unit of Escambia County, Florida) NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

The CRA operates under budget procedures applicable to counties pursuant to Florida Statutes. An annual budget is legally adopted for the CRA on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is at the fund level.

The CRA's tentative budget is prepared by the BOCC for the ensuing fiscal year. As required by Florida Statutes, the proposed budget contains balanced statements of estimated revenues and proposed expenditures.

After public hearings, a final budget is prepared and adopted no later than September 30th. The CRA budget, which is included in Escambia County's budget, is legally enacted through passage of a resolution.

The County Budget Department is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within and between departments of the fund; however, the Board of County Commissioners must approve any revisions that alter the total expenditures of the fund.

The budgets presented in the accompanying schedule are as originally adopted, or as legally amended, by the BOCC during the year ended September 30, 2023.







INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board Members Community Redevelopment Agency Escambia County, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and general fund of the Escambia County, Florida Community Redevelopment Agency (the "CRA"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the CRA's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 21, 2024.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the CRA's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of CRA's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the CRA's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the CRA's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements.

However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Pensacola, Florida February 21, 2024

Warren averett, LLC



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON EXAMINATION OF COMPLIANCE REQUIREMENTS IN ACCORDANCE WITH CHAPTER 10.550, RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL

Board Members Community Redevelopment Agency Escambia County, Florida

We have examined the Escambia County, Florida Community Redevelopment Agency (the "CRA") compliance with the following requirements for the year ended September 30, 2023:

- (1) Florida Statute 218.415 in regard to investments
- (2) Florida Statutes 163.387(6) and (7) in regard to community redevelopment agencies

Management is responsible for the CRA's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the CRA's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the CRA complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the CRA complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

We are required to be independent and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to the examination engagement.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the CRA's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the CRA has complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2023.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the CRA and the Auditor General, State of Florida, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Pensacola, Florida February 21, 2024

Warren averett. LLC





MANAGEMENT LETTER

Board Members Community Redevelopment Agency Escambia County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the Escambia County, Florida Community Redevelopment Agency (the "CRA"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2023, and have issued our report thereon dated February 21, 2024.

Auditors' Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550 *Rules of the Florida Auditor General*.

Other Reports Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; and Independent Accountant's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated February 21, 2024, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. No findings were reported in the audit of the CRA in the prior year.

Financial Condition and Management

Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), *Rules of the Auditor General*, require that we apply appropriate procedures and report the results of our determination as to whether or not the CRA has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identification of the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the CRA did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), *Rules of the Auditor General*, we applied financial condition assessment procedures. It is management's responsibility to monitor the CRA's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Specific Information

As required by Section 218.39(3)(c), Florida Statutes, and Section 10.554(1)(i)6, Rules of the Auditor General, the CRA reported:

- a. The total number of CRA employees compensated in the last pay period of the CRA's fiscal year was 0.
- b. The total number of independent contractors to whom nonemployee compensation was paid in the last month of the CRA's fiscal year was 0.
- c. All compensation earned by or awarded to employees, whether paid or accrued regardless of contingency was \$0.
- d. All compensation earned by or awarded to nonemployee independent contractors, whether paid or accrued, regardless of contingency was \$0.
- e. The CRA does not have any construction project with a total cost of at least \$65,000 approved by the CRA that is scheduled to begin on or after October 1 of the fiscal year being reported.
- f. A budget variance based on the budget adopted under Section 189.016(4), Florida Statutes, before the beginning of the fiscal year being reported if the CRA amends a final adopted budget under Section 189.016(6), Florida Statutes, as included in the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance- Budget to Actual reported on page 14.

The specific information reported in the previous paragraph has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554 (1)(i)3., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material, but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Warren averett. LLC

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, and applicable management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Pensacola, Florida February 21, 2024