

Financial Report

September 30, 2024

University Square Community Development District

	<u>Page</u>
I. Financial Section:	
Independent Auditor's Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3
Financial Statements:	
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	6
Statement of Activities	7
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	8
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	9
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	10
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - General Fund	11
Notes to Financial Statements	12
II. Compliance Section:	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	21
Management Letter	22
Independent Accountant's Report on Compliance with the Requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes	24

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Supervisors
University Square Community Development District

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, and each major fund of the *University Square Community Development District* (the "District"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, and each major fund of the District as of September 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards (GAS)*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The District's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and GAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and GAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgement, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis starting on page 3, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 30, 2025, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

McDermitt Davis

Orlando, Florida
May 30, 2025

Our discussion and analysis of the *University Square Community Development District's* (the "District") financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2024 and 2023. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements which immediately follow this discussion.

Financial Highlights

The following are the highlights of financial activity for the year ended September 30, 2024:

- The District's total assets exceeded its liabilities at September 30, 2024 by \$2,219,627, an increase in net position of \$512,934 in comparison with the prior year.
- At September 30, 2024, the District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$629,521, an increase of \$8,808 in comparison with the prior year.

Using the Annual Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities on pages 6-7 provide information about the activities of the district as a whole and present a longer-term view of the District's finances. Fund financial statements start on page 8. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the District's most significant funds.

Reporting the District as a whole

Our analysis of the District as a whole begins on page 4. One of the most important questions asked about the District's finances is, "Is the District as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the District as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in net position. You can think of the District's net position - the difference between assets and liabilities - as one way to measure the District's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. You will need to consider other nonfinancial factors; however, such as changes in the District's assessment base and the condition of the District's infrastructure, to assess the overall health of the District. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 6-7 of this report.

Reporting the District's most significant funds

Our analysis of the District's major funds begins on page 5. The fund financial statements begin on page 8 and provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the District as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. All of the District's funds are governmental fund-types.

All of the District's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities and governmental funds in a reconciliation with the fund financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

The following table reflects the condensed government-wide statements of net position as of September 30, 2024 and 2023:

	September 30, 2024	September 30, 2023
Assets, excluding capital assets	\$ 630,908	\$ 621,095
Capital assets, net of depreciation	11,371,890	11,701,180
Total assets	12,002,798	12,322,275
Deferred outflows of resources	85,067	91,368
Liabilities, excluding long-term liabilities	158,238	171,950
Long-term Liabilities	9,710,000	10,535,000
Total liabilities	9,868,238	10,706,950
Net Position:		
Net investment in capital assets	1,746,957	1,257,548
Restricted for debt service	318,240	268,152
Restricted for capital projects	102,511	97,575
Unrestricted	51,919	83,418
Total net position	\$ 2,219,627	\$ 1,706,693

The following is a summary of the District's governmental activities for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2024 and 2023.

	2024	2023
Revenues:		
Program revenues	\$ 1,356,810	\$ 1,346,254
General revenues	17	18
Total revenues	1,356,827	1,346,272
Expenses:		
General government	77,608	78,492
Maintenance and operations	362,939	363,881
Interest on long-term debt	403,346	437,881
Total expenses	843,893	880,254
Change in net position	512,934	466,018
Net position, beginning	1,706,693	1,240,675
Net position, ending	\$ 2,219,627	\$ 1,706,693

Governmental activities for the year ended September 30, 2024 increased the District's net position by \$512,934 as reflected in the table above.

The District's Funds

As the District completed the year, its governmental funds (as presented in the balance sheet on page 8) reported a combined fund balance of \$629,521 which is an increase of \$8,808 from last year's balance that totaled \$620,713. The increase is primarily attributed to assessments exceeding debt service fund expenditures and general fund maintenance and operations expenditures for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024.

The fund balance of the Debt Service Fund increased by \$35,371 because current year assessments exceeded debt service expenditures. The fund balance of the Capital Projects Fund increased \$4,936 due to receiving investment income revenue. The fund balance of the General Fund decreased by \$31,499 because expenditures exceeded special assessment revenue. At September 30, 2024, the District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$629,521. Of this total, \$577,602 is restricted and \$51,919 is assigned.

Governmental Funds Budgetary Highlights

An operating budget was established by the government board for the District pursuant to the requirements of the Florida Statutes. The budget to actual comparison for the general fund, including the original budget and final adopted budget, is shown on page 11.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At September 30, 2024, the District had approximately \$11.4 million invested in capital assets. This amount represents a net decrease of \$329,290 for current year depreciation.

<u>September 30,</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>Change</u>
Capital assets not being depreciated	\$ 7,593,312	\$ 7,593,312	\$ -
Capital assets being depreciated	10,741,922	10,719,086	22,836
Total, prior to depreciation	18,335,234	18,312,398	22,836
Accumulated depreciation	(6,963,344)	(6,611,218)	(352,126)
Net Capital Assets	<u>\$ 11,371,890</u>	<u>\$ 11,701,180</u>	<u>\$ (329,290)</u>

More information about the District's capital assets is presented in Note 4 to the financial statements.

Debt

At September 30, 2024, the District had \$9.7 million in bonds outstanding. This amount represents a net decrease of \$825,000 from the prior fiscal year.

<u>September 30,</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>Change</u>
Series 2012 Bonds	\$ 2,535,000	\$ 2,970,000	\$ (435,000)
Series 2017 Notes	7,175,000	7,565,000	(390,000)
	<u>\$ 9,710,000</u>	<u>\$ 10,535,000</u>	<u>\$ (825,000)</u>

Additional information on the District's long-term debt is presented in Note 5 to the financial statements.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the funds it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the *University Square Community Development District's*, Finance Department at 2300 Glades Road, Suite 410W, Boca Raton, Florida 33431.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

University Square Community Development District
Statement of Net Position
September 30, 2024

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Cash	\$ 53,144
Assessments receivable	2,257
Restricted assets:	
Temporarily restricted investments	575,507
Capital assets:	
Capital assets not being depreciated	7,593,312
Capital assets being depreciated, net	3,778,578
Total assets	12,002,798
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred charge on refunding	85,067
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	1,387
Accrued interest payable	156,851
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Due within one year	865,000
Due in more than one year	8,845,000
Total liabilities	9,868,238
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	1,746,957
Restricted for debt service	318,240
Restricted for capital projects	102,511
Unrestricted	51,919
Total net position	\$ 2,219,627

University Square Community Development District
Statement of Activities
Year Ended September 30, 2024

Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Program Revenue		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
			Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	
					Governmental Activities
Governmental activities:					
General government	\$ 77,608	\$ 14,047	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (63,561)
Maintenance and operations	362,939	65,694	-	-	(297,245)
Interest on long-term debt	403,346	1,242,804	29,329	4,936	873,723
Total governmental activities	843,893	1,322,545	29,329	4,936	512,917
General Revenues:					
Investment income					17
Total general revenues					17
Change in net position					512,934
Net position, beginning					1,706,693
Net position, ending					\$ 2,219,627

University Square Community Development District
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds
September 30, 2024

	<u>General</u>	<u>Debt Service</u>	<u>Capital Projects</u>	<u>Total Governmental Funds</u>
Assets				
Cash	\$ 53,144	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 53,144
Investments	-	472,996	102,511	575,507
Assessments receivable	162	2,095	-	2,257
Total assets	<u>\$ 53,306</u>	<u>\$ 475,091</u>	<u>\$ 102,511</u>	<u>\$ 630,908</u>
Liabilities and Fund Balances				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 1,387	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,387
Total liabilities	<u>1,387</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,387</u>
Fund Balances:				
Restricted for debt service	-	475,091	-	475,091
Restricted for capital projects	-	-	102,511	102,511
Assigned for disaster recovery	51,919	-	-	51,919
Total fund balances	<u>51,919</u>	<u>475,091</u>	<u>102,511</u>	<u>629,521</u>
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$ 53,306</u>	<u>\$ 475,091</u>	<u>\$ 102,511</u>	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:				
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.				11,371,890
Deferred charge on refunding, which are expenditures in the fund statements, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds.				85,067
Liabilities not due and payable from current available resources are not reported in governmental fund statements. All liabilities, both current and long-term, are reported in the government-wide statements.				
Accrued interest payable		(156,851)		
Bonds and notes payable		<u>(9,710,000)</u>		<u>(9,866,851)</u>
Net position of governmental activities				<u>\$ 2,219,627</u>

University Square Community Development District
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in the Fund Balances
Governmental Funds
Year Ended September 30, 2024

	<u>General</u>	<u>Debt Service</u>	<u>Capital Projects</u>	<u>Total Governmental Funds</u>
Revenues				
Special assessments	\$ 79,741	\$ 1,242,804	\$ -	\$ 1,322,545
Investment income	17	29,329	4,936	34,282
Total revenues	<u>79,758</u>	<u>1,272,133</u>	<u>4,936</u>	<u>1,356,827</u>
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government	77,608	-	-	77,608
Maintenance and operations	33,649	-	-	33,649
Debt service:				
Interest	-	411,762	-	411,762
Principal	-	825,000	-	825,000
Total expenditures	<u>111,257</u>	<u>1,236,762</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,348,019</u>
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Over Expenditures	<u>(31,499)</u>	<u>35,371</u>	<u>4,936</u>	<u>8,808</u>
Net change in fund balances	(31,499)	35,371	4,936	8,808
Fund balances, beginning of year	83,418	439,720	97,575	620,713
Fund balances, end of year	<u>\$ 51,919</u>	<u>\$ 475,091</u>	<u>\$ 102,511</u>	<u>\$ 629,521</u>

University Square Community Development District
**Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of
 Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities**
 Year Ended September 30, 2024

Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Net Change in Fund Balances - total governmental funds	\$	8,808
--	----	-------

Governmental funds report outlays for capital assets as expenditures because such outlays use current financial resources; however, in the statement of net position the cost of those assets is recorded as capital assets. Depreciation on capital assets is not recognized in the governmental fund statement, however, depreciation is reported as an expense in the statement of net position.

Capital Outlay	22,836	
Depreciation	(352,126)	(329,290)

The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of principal on long-term debt uses current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction however has any effect on net position.

Repayment of bonds payable		825,000
----------------------------	--	---------

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Change in accrued interest	14,717	
Amortization of deferred charge on refunding	(6,301)	8,416

Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ 512,934
--	--	-------------------

University Square Community Development District
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
Budget and Actual - General Fund
Year Ended September 30, 2024

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		
Revenues				
Special assessments	\$ 79,582	\$ 79,606	\$ 79,741	\$ 135
Investment income	150	14	17	3
Total revenues	79,732	79,620	79,758	138
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government	75,732	80,259	77,608	2,651
Maintenance and operations	4,000	40,000	33,649	6,351
Total expenditures	79,732	120,259	111,257	9,002
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Over				
Expenditures	-	(40,639)	(31,499)	9,140
Net change in fund balance	-	(40,639)	(31,499)	9,140
Fund balance, beginning	83,418	83,418	83,418	-
Fund balance, ending	\$ 83,418	\$ 42,779	\$ 51,919	\$ 9,140

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 NATURE OF ORGANIZATION

The University Square Community Development District (the "District") was established on August 10, 1998, pursuant to the Uniform Community Development District Act of 1980, otherwise known as Chapter 190 of the Florida Statutes, by Lee County Ordinance No. 98-14. The Act provides, among other things, the power to manage basic services for community development, the power to borrow money and issue bonds, and to levy and assess non-ad valorem assessments for the financing and delivery of capital infrastructure.

The District was established for the purposes of financing and managing the acquisition, construction, maintenance and operation of a portion of the infrastructure necessary for community development within the District.

The District is governed by a Board of Supervisors (the "Board"), which is composed of five members. The Supervisors are elected on an at large basis by the owners of the property within the District. During the reporting period, all Supervisors were affiliated with the Developer of the District, Miromar Development Corporation. The District is economically dependent on the Developer. The Board of Supervisors of the District exercises all powers granted to the District pursuant to Chapter 190, Florida Statutes.

The Board has a final responsibility for:

- Assessing and levying special assessments
- Approving budgets
- Exercising control over facilities and property
- Controlling the use of funds generated by the District
- Approving the hiring and firing of key personnel
- Financing improvements

In evaluating how to define the government, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include or exclude a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth by Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). The primary criteria for including organizations within the District's reporting entity, as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements No. 14, 39 and 61. The District is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and (a) a separately elected governing board, (b) a governing board appointed by a higher level of government, or a jointly appointed board. Based on the foregoing criteria, no potential component units were found.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the District conform to Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) as applicable to governments in accordance with those promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The following is a summary of the District's more significant accounting policies:

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The basic financial statements include both government-wide and fund financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by assessments, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The business-type activities are reported separately in government-wide financial statements; however, at September 30, 2024, the District did not have any significant business-type activities. Therefore, no business-type activities are reported. Assessments and other items not properly included as program revenues (i.e., charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods or services) are reported as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Assessments are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and other similar items are to be recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

The District's Assessments are included on the property tax bill that all landowner's receive, all property within the District is classified as commercial. The Florida Statutes provide that special assessments may be collected by using the Uniform Method. Under the Uniform Method, the District's Assessments will be collected together with County and other taxes. These Assessments will appear on a single tax bill issued to each landowner subject to such. The statutes relating to enforcement of County taxes provide that County taxes become due and payable on November 1 of the year when assessed or as soon thereafter as certified tax roll is received by the Tax Collector and constitute a lien upon the land from January 1 of such year until paid or barred by operation of law. Such taxes (together with any assessments, being collected by the Uniform Method) are to be billed, and landowners in the District are required to pay all such taxes and assessments, without preference in payment of any particular increment of the tax bill, such as the increment owing for the District's Assessments. Upon any receipt of moneys by the Tax Collector from the Assessments, such moneys will be delivered to the District.

All city, county, school and special district ad valorem taxes, non-ad valorem special assessments and voter-approved ad valorem taxes levied to pay principal of and interest on bonds, including the District Assessments, that are collected by the Uniform Method are payable at one time. If a taxpayer does not make complete payment of the total amount, he or she cannot designate specific line items on his or her tax bill as deemed paid in full and such partial payment is not to be accepted and is to be returned to the taxpayer, provided, however that a taxpayer may contest a tax assessment pursuant to certain conditions in Florida Statutes and other applicable law.

Under the Uniform Method, if the Assessments are paid during November when due or at any time within thirty (30) days after mailing of the original tax notice or during the following three months, the taxpayer is granted a variable discount equal to 4% in November and decreasing one percentage point per month to 1% in February. March payments are without discount. Pursuant to Section 197.222, Florida Statutes, taxpayers may elect to pay estimated taxes, which may include non-ad valorem special assessments such as the District's Assessments in quarterly installments with a variable discount equal to 6% on June 30 decreasing to 3% on December 31, with no discount on March 31. All unpaid taxes and assessments become delinquent on April 1 of the year following assessment, and the Tax Collector is required to collect taxes prior to April 1 and after that date to institute statutory procedures upon delinquency to collect assessed taxes. Delay in the mailing of the notices to taxpayers may result in a delay throughout this process.

Collection of Delinquent Assessments under the Uniform Method is, in essence, based upon the sale by the Tax Collector of "tax certificates" and remittance of the proceeds of such sale to the District for payment of the Assessment due.

Assessments and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in other funds.

Debt Service Fund - The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for the annual payment of principal and interest on long-term debt.

Capital Project Fund - The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for the financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major infrastructure within the District.

For the year ended September 30, 2024, the District does not report any proprietary funds.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

Cash, Deposits and Investments

The District maintains deposits with "Qualified Public Depositories" as defined in Chapter 280, Florida Statutes. All Qualified Public Depositories must place with the Treasurer of the State of Florida securities in accordance with collateral requirements determined by the State's Chief Financial Officer. In the event of default by a Qualified Public Depository, the State Treasurer will pay public depositors all losses. Losses in excess of insurance and collateral will be paid through assessments between all Qualified Public Depositories.

Under this method, all the District's deposits are fully insured or collateralized at the highest level of security as defined by *Governmental Accounting Standards Board, Statement Number 40, Deposits and Investment Disclosures (An Amendment of Governmental Accounting Standards Board, Statement Number 3)*.

Investments of the District are reported at fair value and are categorized within the fair value hierarchy established in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. The District's investments consist of investments authorized in accordance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes.

Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Assessments Receivable

Assessments receivable are reported net of an allowance for uncollectible.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include primarily infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, sidewalks, water management systems and similar items), are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial/individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost and estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Infrastructure	15 - 50
Improvements other than buildings	10 - 25

In the governmental fund financial statements, amounts incurred for the acquisition of capital assets are reported as fund expenditures. Depreciation expense is not reported in the governmental fund financial statements.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of premiums or discounts. Bond issuance costs are expensed.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category for the year ended September 30, 2024. It is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding resulted from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District does not have any item that qualifies for reporting in this category for the year ended September 30, 2024.

Net Position Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted - net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted - net position to have been depleted before unrestricted-net position is applied.

Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fund Balance Policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The District itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification includes fund balance amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. The Board of Supervisors is the highest level of decision-making authority for the government that can, by adoption of an ordinance or resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance or resolution remains in place until a similar action is taken to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The Board of Supervisors has authorized the District Manager to assign amounts for specific purposes. The Board of Supervisors may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

Other Disclosures

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the U.S. requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

New Accounting Standards Issued

In fiscal year 2024, the District has not implemented any new accounting standards with a material effect on the District's financial statements.

Budgets

Budgetary Information

The District is required to establish a budgetary system and an approved annual budget. Annual budgets are legally adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the general fund. Any revision to the budget must be approved by the District Board. The budgets are compared to actual expenditures. In instances where budget appropriations and estimated revenues have been revised during the year, budget data presented in the financial statements represent final authorization amounts.

The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- Each year the District Manager submits to the District Board a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1.
- A public hearing is conducted to obtain comments.
- Prior to October 1, the budget is legally adopted by the District Board.
- Certain budget changes must be approved by the District Board.
- Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

NOTE 3 INVESTMENTS

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset, or paid to transfer a liability, in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset.

Under GASB 72, assets or liabilities are classified into one of three levels. Level 1 is the most reliable and is based on quoted prices for identical assets, or liabilities, in an active market. Level 2 uses significant other observable inputs when obtaining quoted prices for identical or similar assets, or liabilities, in markets that are not active. Level 3 is the least reliable, and uses significant unobservable inputs that uses the best information available under the circumstances, which includes the District's own data in measuring unobservable inputs.

Instead of establishing a written investment policy, the District elected to limit investments to those approved by Florida Statutes and the District Trust Indenture. Authorized District investments include, but are not limited to:

1. The Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund (SBA);
2. Securities and Exchange Commission Registered Money Market Funds with the highest credit quality rating from a nationally recognized rating agency;
3. Interest-bearing time deposits or savings accounts in qualified public depositories;
4. Direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury.

The District has the following recurring fair value measurements as of September 30, 2024:

- Money market mutual funds of \$412,858 are valued using Level 2 inputs.

The following is a summary of the District's investments:

<u>Investment Type</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>	<u>Credit Rating</u>	<u>Weighted Average Maturity</u>
First American Government Obligation Fund Y	\$ 412,858	AAAm	31 days
Florida Community Bank MMA	162,649	N/A	N/A
	<u>\$ 575,507</u>		

Custodial credit risk

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that the District will not be able to recover the value of the investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District has no formal policy for custodial risk. At September 30, 2024, all investments, except for investments in money market funds, were held in custodial accounts in the District's name by an independent custodial bank.

Concentration risk

The District does not have a formal policy for addressing interest rate risk; however, investments are made with discretion, to see reasonable returns, preserve capital, and in general, avoid speculative investments. The District manages its exposure to declines in fair values from interest rate changes by reviewing the portfolio on an ongoing basis for changes in effective yield amounts.

Interest rate risk

Florida Statutes provide that the investment portfolio be structured in such a manner as to provide sufficient liquidity to pay obligations as they come due. The District complies with the requirements of the Florida Statutes.

NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2024 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance October 1, 2023	Additions	Disposals	Balance at September 30, 2024
Governmental Activities				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 7,593,312	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,593,312
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	7,593,312	-	-	7,593,312
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Infrastructure	9,652,960	-	-	9,652,960
Improvements other than buildings	1,066,126	22,836	-	1,088,962
Total capital assets being depreciated	10,719,086	22,836	-	10,741,922
Total capital assets	18,312,398	22,836	-	18,335,234
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Infrastructure	(5,791,223)	(326,455)	-	(6,117,678)
Improvements other than buildings	(819,995)	(25,671)	-	(845,666)
Total accumulated depreciation	(6,611,218)	(352,126)	-	(6,963,344)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	4,107,868	(329,290)	-	3,778,578
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 11,701,180	\$ (329,290)	\$ -	\$ 11,371,890

Depreciation of \$352,126 was allocated to maintenance and operations in the Statement of Activities.

NOTE 5 BONDS AND NOTES PAYABLE

Taxable Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2012 - Public Offering

On September 30, 2012, the District issued \$6,735,000 Series 2012 Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds. The Series 2012 Bonds bear interest of 5% and mature in May 2029. Interest is paid semi-annually on each May 1 and November 1. The Bonds were issued to redeem and refund the Series 1999 Bonds and are secured by the pledge of revenues derived from the collection of non-ad valorem special assessments. The cash flow requirements required to service the Series 2012 Refunding Bonds is \$246,008 less than the cash flow requirements required to service the Series 1999 Refunded Bonds.

The bonds are subject to mandatory redemption at par on a schedule of annual redemptions from May 2013 through May 2029, the maturity dates. The District is required to redeem the bonds at par prior to schedule from the proceeds of any assessments prepaid or if certain events occur as outlined in the Bond Indenture. The bonds are subject to redemption at the option of the District on or after May 1, 2018.

NOTE 5 BONDS AND NOTES PAYABLE (CONTINUED)

The Bond Indentures have certain restrictions and requirements relating principally to the use of proceeds to pay for the infrastructure improvements and the procedures to be followed by the District on assessments to property owners. The District agreed to levy special assessments in annual amounts adequate to provide payment of debt service. The District is in compliance with the requirements of the Bond Indentures.

For the current fiscal year, \$148,500 of interest and \$435,000 of principal was paid on these bonds. Total special assessment revenue was \$585,218 in the current year. Principal and interest remaining on these bonds at September 30, 2024 totals \$2,927,750.

In the event of default, all principal and interest of the Bond may become immediately due and payable.

Special Assessment Revenue Notes, Series 2017 - Private Placement

On March 10, 2017, the District issued \$9,595,000 Series 2017 Special Assessment Revenue Notes. The Series 2017 Notes bear interest of 3.48% and mature in May 2038. Interest is paid semi-annually on each May 1 and November 1. The Notes were issued to refund the Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2007, pay for certain issuance costs and construction of certain improvements for the benefit of the property within the District. The Notes are secured by the pledge of revenues derived from the collection of non-ad valorem special assessments.

The Notes are subject to mandatory redemption at par on a schedule of annual redemptions from May 2009 through and May 2038, the maturity dates. The District is required to redeem the Notes at par prior to schedule from the proceeds of any assessments prepaid or if certain events occur as outlined in the Note Indenture. The Notes are subject to redemption at the option of the District on or after May 1, 2018.

The Note Indentures have certain restrictions and requirements relating principally to the use of proceeds to pay for the infrastructure improvements and the procedures to be followed by the District on assessments to property owners. The District agreed to levy special assessments in annual amounts adequate to provide payment of debt service. The District is in compliance with the requirements of the Note Indentures.

For the current fiscal year, \$263,262 of interest and \$390,000 of principal was paid on these notes. Total special assessment revenue was \$657,586 in the current year. Principal and interest remaining on these notes at September 30, 2024 totals \$9,187,658.

The Note Indenture requires that the District maintain adequate funds in a reserve account to meet the debt service reserve requirements as defined in the Indenture. The requirement has been met for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024.

In the event of default, all principal and interest of the Note may become immediately due and payable.

Long-term liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2023 was as follows:

	Balance October 1, 2023	Additions	Reductions	Balance September 30, 2024	Due Within One Year
Special Assessment Revenue Bonds, Series 2012	\$ 2,970,000	\$ -	\$ (435,000)	\$ 2,535,000	\$ 460,000
Special Assessment Revenue Notes, Series 2017	7,565,000	-	(390,000)	7,175,000	405,000
Total	\$ 10,535,000	\$ -	\$ (825,000)	\$ 9,710,000	\$ 865,000

NOTE 5 BONDS AND NOTES PAYABLE (CONTINUED)

At September 30, 2024, the scheduled debt service requirements on long-term debt were as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	Bonds - Public Offering		Notes - Private Placement		Total
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	
2025	460,000	126,750	405,000	249,690	1,241,440
2026	480,000	103,750	420,000	235,596	1,239,346
2027	505,000	79,750	435,000	220,980	1,240,730
2028	530,000	54,500	450,000	205,842	1,240,342
2029	560,000	28,000	465,000	190,182	1,243,182
2030-2034	-	-	2,585,000	696,522	3,281,522
2035-2039	-	-	2,415,000	213,846	2,628,846
2040	-	-	-	-	-
	<u>\$ 2,535,000</u>	<u>\$ 392,750</u>	<u>\$ 7,175,000</u>	<u>\$ 2,012,658</u>	<u>\$ 12,115,408</u>

NOTE 6 RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The District maintains commercial insurance coverage to mitigate the risk of loss. Coverage may not extend to all situations. Management believes such coverage is sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses to the District. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in the previous three years.

NOTE 7 MANAGEMENT COMPANY

The District has contracted with a management company to perform management consulting services, which include financial consulting and accounting services. Certain employees of the management company also serve as officers (Board appointed non-voting positions) of the District. Under the agreements, the District compensates the management company for management, accounting, financial reporting and other administrative costs.

NOTE 8 CONCENTRATION

A significant portion of the District's activity is dependent upon the continued involvement of the Developer, the loss of which could have a material adverse effect on the District's operations.

During the year ended September 30, 2024, the Developer paid approximately \$1,270,000, representing 96% of total assessment revenue for the year.

COMPLIANCE SECTION

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR’S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE
AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH
GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS**

To the Board of Supervisors
University Square Community Development District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (Government Auditing Standards), the financial statements of the governmental activities, and each major fund of the *University Square Community Development District* (the “District”) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District’s basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 30, 2025.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District’s internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District’s internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District’s internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity’s financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District’s financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity’s internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity’s internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

McDermitt Davis

Orlando, Florida
May 30, 2025

MANAGEMENT LETTER

Board of Supervisors
University Square Community Development District

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the *University Square Community Development District* (the "District"), as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024, and have issued our report thereon dated May 30, 2025.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and Independent Accountant's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated May 30, 2025, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)1., Rules of the Auditor General, require that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding financial audit report. There were no such findings in the preceding financial audit report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. This information has been disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

Financial Condition and Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the District has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identification of the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the District did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the District. It is management's responsibility to monitor the District's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Specific Information (Unaudited)

As required by Section 218.39(3)(c), Florida Statutes, and Section 10.554(1)(i)7, Rules of the Auditor General, the District reported:

- a. The total number of district employees compensated in the last pay period of the district's fiscal year as 0.
- b. The total number of independent contractors to whom nonemployee compensation was paid in the last month of the district's fiscal year as 1.
- c. All compensation earned by or awarded to employees, whether paid or accrued, regardless of contingency as 0.
- d. All compensation earned by or awarded to nonemployee independent contractors, whether paid or accrued, regardless of contingency as \$54,653.

- e. The District did not have any construction project with a total cost of at least \$65,000 approved by the district that is scheduled to begin on or after October 1 of the fiscal year being reported.
- f. A budget variance based on the budget adopted under Section 189.016(4), Florida Statutes, before the beginning of the fiscal year being reported if the district amends a final budget under Section 189.016(6), Florida Statutes, as disclosed in the general fund budget statement.

As required by Section 218.39(3)(c), Florida Statutes, and Section 10.554(1)(i)9, Rules of the Auditor General, the district reported:

- a. The rate or rates of non-ad valorem special assessments imposed by the district as:
O&M- \$771.54 - \$30,951.63
Debt Service- \$3,986.90 - \$435,495.36
- b. The total amount of special assessments collected by or on behalf of the district as \$1,322,545.
- c. The total amount of outstanding bonds issued by the district and the terms of such bonds as disclosed in the notes.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Board of Supervisors, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

McDermitt Davis

Orlando, Florida
May 30, 2025



1800 Pembroke Drive, Suite 170
Orlando, Florida 32810
407-843-5406
www.mcdermittdavis.com

**INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH
THE REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 218.415, FLORIDA STATUTES**

Board of Supervisors
University Square Community Development District

We have examined University Square Community Development District's (the "District") compliance with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, during the year ended September 30, 2024. Management is responsible for the District's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the standards applicable to attestation engagements contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2024.

McDermitt Davis

Orlando, Florida
May 30, 2025